

Plant Varieties Journal - Optimised for Screen Viewing



Plant Varieties Journal

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Plant Varieties Journal

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Part 1 General Information

Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, Important Changes etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 20 Issue 2) are listed below:

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Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr_ivds/) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

In the beginning of April 2005, all QPs have officially been notified of this new system giving them access to IVDS with their individual user name and password. The main purpose of the system is to harmonise variety descriptions at both national and international level and make the PBR application process as smooth and efficient as possible.

The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The IVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. Finally, it allows QPs to lodge the completed variety descriptions on-line. There is a minimum typing involved in the process.

The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

Objections and revocations

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

Objections to Applications

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate reasons why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

- · a Grant
- · a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- · a grant of PBR; or
- · a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse affect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

Report on Breeding Issues

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>final report</u> of the expert panel is available now.

Use of Overseas Data

Overseas Testing/Data

The PBR Act allows DUS data produced in other countries (overseas data) be used in lieu of conducting a comparative trial in Australia provided certain conditions are met; relating to the filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally. Briefly the overseas data could be considered where:

- The first PBR application relating to the candidate variety has been lodged overseas, and
- the variety has previously been test grown in a UPOV member country using official UPOV test guidelines and test procedures, (i.e. equivalent to a comparative trial in Australia) and
- either, all the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial, or
- the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all the Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted, and
- sufficient data and descriptive information is available to publish a description of the variety in an accepted format in Plant Varieties Journal; and to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

Taxa that must be trailled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

Solanum tuberosum Potato

The Qualified Person, in consultation with the agent/applicant, and perhaps other specialists and taxonomists, will need to evaluate the overseas data, test report and photographs to see if the application does fulfil all PBR Office requirements, and then advise the agent/applicant:

- either, to submit Part 2 incorporating a description for publication, any additional data and photographs and to pay the examination fee;
- or, to conduct a DUS trial in Australia, recommending to the applicant/agent which additional varieties of common knowledge to include;

• or, submit Part 2 including additional data (information about similar varieties in Australia to show that they are clearly distinct from the candidate variety that a further DUS test growing including the similar varieties is not warranted and that the variety displays the distinctive characteristics when grown in Australia)

Please note that the PBR office does not obtain overseas DUS test reports on behalf of applicants. It is the sole responsibility of the applicants to obtain these reports directly from the relevant overseas testing authorities. Where applicants already have the report they are advised to submit a certified true copy of the report with the Part 1 application. Applicants, or those duly authorised, may certify the copy.

If you do not have the test report available at the time of Part-1 application then you are advised to submit the Part-1 application without the test report. However, you should make arrangements to procure the DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority. When the report becomes available, a certified copy should be supplied to the QP and the PBR office.

When the trial is based on an UPOV technical guideline and test report in an official UPOV language (English, German or French), it can be lodged in support of the application. In other cases the test reports must be in English.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

If a description is based on an overseas test report, Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the DUS test is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas data rests with the PBR office.

PBR Infringement

Grantees should be aware of recent revisions to infringement provisions of the <u>Plant</u> <u>Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (see section 54) and related provisions of the Federal Court Rules (see order 58 rule 27) both of which can be found at the <u>ComLaw site</u>

On-line Database for PBR Varieties

The PBR Office has a comprehensive service for Internet users ~ a searchable database for all Australian PBR varieties, both past and present. The database features a detailed description and image for every variety granted full rights and basic information for other PBR varieties. Searches by genus, species, common name, variety name and titleholder are some of its many advantages. Varieties for which an application has been lodged but not yet accepted in the PBR scheme are not included in this database. Please browse the Plant Breeder's Rights on-line database and provide your feedback.

Cumulative Index to Plant Varieties Journal

The cumulative index to the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> has been updated to include variety information from all hardcopy versions up to volume 16 issue 3. After that issue the Plant Varieties Journal is only published in the electronic format and there is no need for a cumulative index, as the variety information can be easily searched in the PBR <u>online database</u> and also by downloading the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> electronically.

The final updated version of the cumulative index is available in PBR website. This document has information up to Plant Varieties Journal volume 16 issue 3. The PBR office recommends use its PBR online database to get most updated information on variety registration. The online database is updated on a weekly basis.

Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

Applications are accepted from the original breeder of a new variety (from their employer if the breeder is an employee) or from a person who has acquired ownership from the original breeder. Overseas breeders need to appoint an agent to represent their interests in Australia. Interested parties should contact the PBR office and an accredited Qualified Person experienced in the plant species in question.

Steps in Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

- Obtain from the breeder a signed Authorisation to act as their agent in Australia for the variety in question if your role is as the Australian agent of an overseas breeder;
- Complete Part 1 of the application form, supplying a photograph of the new variety, paying the application fee, nominating an accredited 'Qualified Person' and, if the variety is an Australian species, despatch as soon as possible a herbarium specimen;
- Engage the services of the nominated accredited 'Qualified Person' to plan and supervise the <u>comparative growing trial</u>;
- Conduct a comparative growing trial to demonstrate Distinctness, Uniformity
 and Stability (<u>DUS</u>), complete <u>Part 2</u> of the application form and paying the
 examination fee;
- Deposit propagating material in a Genetic Resources Centre.
- Examination of the application by the PBR Office, which may include a field examination of the comparative growing trial; and including
- Publication of a description and photograph comparing the new variety with similar varieties in Plant Varieties Journal, followed by a six-month period for objection or comment.
- Upon successful completion of all the requirements, resolution of objections (if any) and payment of <u>certificate fee</u>, the applicant(s) receive a Certificate of Plant Breeder's Rights.

Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

UPOV Developments

The UPOV Convention provides the international legal framework for the granting of plant breeders' rights which are a key element in encouraging breeders to pursue and enhance their search for improved varieties with benefits such as higher yield and quality and better resistance to pests and diseases. Plant breeders' rights thereby help to enhance sustainable agriculture, productivity, income, international trade and economic development in general.

The members of UPOV are (as of June 16, 2007):

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, European Community, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Vietnam. (Total 64).

On May 16, 2007 Dominican Republic deposited with the Office of the Union its instrument of accession to the 1991 Act of the UPOV Convention. The 1991 Act will enter into force for Dominican Republic on June 16, 2007.

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at http://www.upov.int

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at

http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

European Developments

Community plant variety rights within the European Union are administered by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) in Angers, France. With more than 2,600 applications per year, the CPVO receives the highest number of requests for variety protection among the 63 members of UPOV. The CPVO provides for one application, one examination and one title of protection that is valid and enforceable in all 25 members of the European Union.

The potential applicants for Plant Variety Rights within European Union are requested to consult <u>Notes for Applicants</u> published by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO). This note aims to answer legal, administrative and financial questions that one may have when requesting Community plant variety rights. Further information is available from CPVO website.

Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994* (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

Instructions to Qualified Persons

Instruction to Qualified Persons: Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) for Preparing Detailed Description for Plant Varieties Journal

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr_ivds/) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

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The detailed descriptions are accepted only in the IVDS format.

Also, please note that the after finalising the description through IVDS, the QPs will still need to submit the signed hardcopies of the Part 2 documentations in order to complete the application process. Please contact the PBRO (pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au) for further information.



Discovery House, Phillip ACT 2606 PO Box 200, Woden ACT 2606 Australia

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International Callers: +61-2 6283 2999 Facsimile: +61-2 6283 7999 Email: assist@ipaustralia.gov.au

Website: www.ipaustralia.gov.au

Official Notice

Intellectual Property Legislation Amendment Regulations 2007 (No. 1)

On 27 March 2007, the remaining Schedules to the *Intellectual Property Laws Amendment Act 2006* ('Amendment Act') commenced. These are Schedules 1, 2, 3 (Part 2), 4, 10 and 12—which will make various amendments to the Designs Act 2003, the Olympic Insignia Protection Act 1987, the Patents Act 1990, the Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 (PBR Act) and the Trade Marks Act 1995.

Among other things, Schedule 12 to the Amendment Act inserted new section 76A into the Plant Breeder's Rights Act clarifying the effect of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBR Office) and its State sub-offices not being open for business ('the close down provisions').

On 22 March 2007 the Federal Executive Council made the Intellectual Property Legislation Amendment Regulations 2007 (No. 1)—'the amendment regulations'. The amendment regulations have been registered in the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments and will appear on ComLaw (www.comlaw.gov.au). Generally, the amendment regulations have effect from 27 March 2007.

Schedule 5 to the amendment regulations amended the *Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations 1994*:

- prescribing the levels of employees to whom the Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights, the Minister for Industry, Technology and Resources and the Secretary of the Department of Industry, Technology and Resources can delegate their powers and functions under the PBR legislation; and
- prescribing several matters required under the close-down provisions—details of how the closedown provisions will operate are provided below.

The amendment regulations will also amend the Designs Regulations 2004, the Olympic Insignia Protection Regulations 1993, the Patents Regulations 1991 and the Trade Marks Regulations 1995. For further information on the other amendments, please see the 2007 Official Notices for Designs, Patents and Trade Marks, each titled Intellectual Property Legislation Amendment Regulations 2007 (No. 1), available at http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/resources/officialnotices.shtml.

IP Australia **Contact:** Phone: 1300 651 010 Fax: +61 2 6283 7999

E-mail: assist@ipaustralia.gov.au Web: www.ipaustralia.gov.au

How the new close-down provisions in the PBR legislation will operate

On 27 March 2007, the new close-down provisions in the PBR legislation came into effect. These are new section 76A of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994* ('PBR Act') and new regulations 3E to 3G of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations 1994* ('PBR Regulations'). The close-down provisions address the following situation:

- there is some period provided in the PBR Act or PBR Regulations ('the PBR legislation') for you to do some action at the PBR Office in Canberra ('the Canberra office') or the State suboffices of the PBR Office ('the State offices'); and
- on the last day of that period, the Canberra office or a State office is not open for business.

Generally, the close-down provisions will let you do that action at the Canberra office or State office that was not open for business—on the next day that the particular office <u>is</u> open for business—and still be in time.

In practical terms, IP Australia expects that the close-down provisions will result in minimal changes for you. The principal difference is that you will not be substantially disadvantaged by the Canberra office and the State offices being closed for the period between Christmas Day and New Year's Day. Also, you will not be substantially disadvantaged by the Canberra office or any of the State offices being closed unexpectedly (e.g. owing to bushfires or power failure). Several examples of how the close-down provisions can help you are set out at the end of this notice.

In addition, even when the Canberra office is closed, IP Australia will continue to provide facilities for receiving electronic communications through IP Australia's secure corporate fax number (02 6283 7999) and by e-mail to IP Australia's general e-mail address assist@ipaustralia.gov.au. See the news item of 3 January 2007, available at www.ipaustralia.gov.au/resources/news_new.shtml#2, announcing the revised Electronic Business Rules and providing a link to them.

When will the Canberra office and the State offices be closed?

As is currently the case, the Canberra office and the State offices will not be open for several national and local public holidays. Soon the Director General of IP Australia will declare the days on which the Canberra office and State offices will not be open for business during the 2007 Calendar year. This declaration will be published promptly on the *Whats New* and *Official Notices* pages of IP Australia's website (at www.ipaustralia.gov.au/resources/officialnotices.shtml respectively). The declaration will also be published in the *Plant Variety Journal*, which is available for down-loading at http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr/journal_download.shtml.

Also, if the Canberra office or any State office is closed unexpectedly, then the Director General will also declare the particular days for the Canberra office or particular State office affected. The declaration will also be published on the *Whats New* and *Official Notice* pages of IP Australia's website, and in the Official Journal.

What actions will *not* be governed by the new close-down provisions?

Actions that are *not* done at the Canberra office or the State offices will not be governed by the close-down provisions. These are actions done in relation to proceedings in a court or a tribunal. For these actions, the previous position will continue unchanged. To find out when you can do these actions, you will need to continue looking at the legislation governing the court or tribunal—e.g. the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975* or the Federal Court Rules. You should note that subsection 77 (2) of the PBR Act limits the power of the Administrative Appeals Tribunal to extend the time making an application for review of some decisions under the PBR legislation.

Please e-mail <u>assist@ipaustralia.gov.au</u> or contact our Customer Services Network on 1300 651 010 with any inquiries on these matters.

Hypothetical examples of how the close-down provisions can help you

Weekends and other days on which the Canberra office and all the State offices are closed

Example 1—lodging a copy of a foreign application from which you claim priority

On 28 September 2006, a person lodges at the Plant Variety Rights (PVR) Office of New Zealand an application for grant of PVR for a new variety—the first application for protection of that variety anywhere. Under section 29 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994* (PBR Act), the New Zealand applicant has 12 months to lodge an application for <u>Plant Breeder's Rights</u> (PBR) in Australia claiming a right of priority from the New Zealand filing. The New Zealand applicant lodges the application at the Canberra office by post received on the last day of that 12-month period—on 28 September 2007.

To have the benefit of the right of priority from the New Zealand application, the New Zealand applicant must also obtain a certified copy of that application from the New Zealand PVR Office and lodge it at the Australian PBR Office. The certified copy must be lodged at the Canberra office or a State office within 3 months of lodging the Australian application (see subsection 29 (3) of the PBR Act). So the New Zealand applicant has until 28 December 2007 to lodge the certified copy of the New Zealand application.

The Canberra office and all State offices will close for the Christmas period on the afternoon of Monday 24 December 2007, and will not re-open for business until the morning of Wednesday

2 January 2008. During that period, the applicant could file the certified copy of the foreign application at the Canberra office—by fax to IP Australia's secure corporate fax number (02 6283 7999), or by e-mail to IP Australia's general e-mail address assist@ipaustralia.gov.au.

On Wednesday 2 January 2008, the New Zealand applicant could file the certified copy at the Canberra office—in person, by receipt of post, by fax to IP Australia's corporate fax number (see above) or by e-mail to assist@ipaustralia.gov.au. The certified copy could also be filed at any of the State offices in person (i.e. by the New Zealand's local agent) or by receipt of post. If the certified copy is filed on that Wednesday by any of those means, the Australian application still has the right of priority based on the New Zealand application.

State or local public holidays affecting a State office but not the Canberra office

Example 2—Payment of Registration fee

In 2005 an application for PBR is accepted and its acceptance is notified in the *Plant Varieties Journal*. The applicant files the detailed description of the plant variety in November 2006. On 15 February 2007, the detailed description is published in the *Plant Varieties Journal*. Under subsection 35(1) of the Act, a person whose commercial interests would be affected by the grant of PBR in the variety has six months from that date to lodge written objection under subsection 35 (1) of the PBR Act. That six-month period ends on 15 August 2007.

The Queensland office in Brisbane is closed for the Royal Queensland Show day, a public holiday observed in the Brisbane metropolitan area—in 2007 on Wednesday 15 August. The Canberra office and the other State offices are open for business. On that Wednesday, the objection can be lodged at the Canberra office—in person, by receipt of post, by fax to IP Australia's corporate fax number (see above) or by e-mail to assist@ipaustralia.gov.au. The objection could also be lodged at the other State offices—in person or by receipt of post.

On Thursday 16 August 2007, the objection could be lodged in time at the Queensland office—in person or by receipt of post. The objection could *not* be lodged in time at the Canberra office or at any of *other* State offices, which were open on the Wednesday. This would also *exclude* lodging the objection by fax or by e-mail, since the receiving fax machine and computer are both located *in Canberra*.

Public holidays affecting the Canberra office but not the State offices

Example 3—Notifying the Registrar of assignment of PBR

On 14 February 2008, the holder of PBR (the assignor) assigns the PBR to another person (the assignee) by executing a written instrument of assignment signed by both the assignor and the assignee. Under subsection 21 (1) of the PBR Act, the new owner of the PBR (i.e. the assignee) is required to inform the Registrar of PBR in writing of the change of ownership within 30 days after acquiring the PBR. That 30-day period ends on Saturday 15 March 2008.

The Canberra Day holiday is celebrated on a Monday in March each year—in 2008 on 17 March. So the Canberra office does not re-open for business after the weekend until Tuesday 18 March 2008.

Over the weekend of 15-16 March 2008, the notification of the change of ownership could be given by fax to the IP Australia's corporate fax number (see above) or by e-mail to assist@ipaustralia.gov.au.

On Canberra Day, Monday 17 March 2008, the notification of the change of ownership could be given in time at the Canberra office—by fax to the IP Australia's corporate fax number (see above) or by e-mail to assist@ipaustralia.gov.au. Also, the information could be given in time at any of the State offices—by filing the notification in person or by receipt of post.

On Tuesday 18 March 2008, the notification of the change of ownership could *only* be given in time at the Canberra office—by filing the notification in person, by receipt of post, by fax to IP Australia's corporate fax number (see above) or by e-mail to assist@ipaustralia.gov.au. On that Tuesday, the request could not be filed in time at any of the State offices, which were open on the Monday.

Unexpected closure of the Canberra office or a State office

Example 4—Payment of renewal fee for PBR

The holder of each PBR is required to pay a renewal fee of \$300 (as at 1 March 2007) for the annual maintenance of the PBR. The fee is due on the anniversary of the date the particular PBR was granted. If the renewal fee is not paid within a month of its due date, IP Australia writes to the holder advising that the holder has 30 days to pay the fee or the Registrar will commence revocation action under section 50 of the PBR Act.

The annual renewal fee for a PBR falls due on 20 October 2007, but is not paid. On 14 November 2007, IP Australia writes to the holder advising that the holder has until Friday 14 December to pay the renewal fee or the Registrar will commence revocation action.

As it happens, on Thursday and Friday 14 and 14 December 2007, the Canberra office is closed because of the hazard of bushfires near Canberra. The Canberra office re-opens on Monday 17 December 2007. On that Monday, the Director General of IP Australia declares that the Canberra office was not open for business on the Thursday and Friday.

On Monday 17 December 2007, the renewal fee can be paid in time at the Canberra office—in person, by receipt of post or by faxing credit card details to IP Australia's corporate fax number (see above). On that Monday, the renewal fee cannot be paid in time at any of the State offices, which were open on the Thursday and Friday.

Contact: IP Australia **Phone:** 1300 651 010 **Fax:** +61 2 6283 7999

E-mail: assist@ipaustralia.gov.au

Current PBR Forms

As part of a comprehensive review of PBR forms, several are now available in fillable WORD format and can be completed electronically and saved. Currently, only the Part 1 Application, Supplementary Pages to Part 1 Application, Authorisation of Agent and Nomination of Qualified Person forms are available in fillable WORD.

We are endeavouring to have all forms in both fillable WORD and fillable PDF in the near future and will continue to update this list. Please check regularly for updates.

The remainder of the forms and publications are static PDFs and may be viewed using Acrobat Reader. The electronic forms are available from the IP Australia Website at http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr/forms.shtml

Please Do Not Use Old Forms

To avoid processing delays, it is recommended that the most recent version of a form be submitted. Refer to the <u>PBR website</u> for the latest version of the forms. Please note applications submitted on old forms will be returned so they can be submitted on current forms for assessment.



Part 2 Public Notices (Acceptances, Descriptions, Grants, Variations etc)

This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants, Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 20 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Home
- Acceptances
- Variety Descriptions
- Grants
- Denomination Changed
- Synonym Added
- Assignment of Rights
- Change of Agent
- Grants Surrendered
- Applications Withdrawn
- Corrigenda

ACCEPTANCES

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance

Actinidia chinensis

KIWIFRUIT

'Hongyang'

Application No: 2006/311 Accepted: 3 April, 2007 Applicant: **Sun Rising Development (Agriculture) Ltd.** Agent: **Crop & Nursery Services**, Kincumber, NSW.

'S600'

Application No: 2007/100 Accepted: 4 May, 2007

Applicant: **Donald Alfred Skelton**.

Agent: Global Plant IP Pty Ltd, Goondiwindi, QLD.

'W47'

Application No: 2007/104 Accepted: 21 May, 2007

Applicant: **Donald Alfred Skelton**.

Agent: Global Plant IP Pty Ltd, Goondiwindi, QLD.

'X60'

Application No: 2007/103 Accepted: 17 May, 2007

Applicant: Donald Alfred Skelton.

Agent: Global Plant IP Pty Ltd, Goondiwindi, QLD.

'Y118'

Application No: 2007/102 Accepted: 9 May, 2007

Applicant: **Donald Alfred Skelton**.

Agent: Global Plant IP Pty Ltd, Goondiwindi, QLD.

'Y368'

Application No: 2007/101 Accepted: 9 May, 2007

Applicant: **Donald Alfred Skelton**.

Agent: Global Plant IP Pty Ltd, Goondiwindi, QLD.

Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

'Zalsachic' syn Chicago

Application No: 2007/119 Accepted: 13 June, 2007

Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B.V..

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Zalsaden' syn Denver

Application No: 2007/121 Accepted: 13 June, 2007

Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B.V..

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Zalsadon' syn Snowdon

Application No: 2007/120 Accepted: 13 June, 2007

Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B.V..

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Zalsalan' syn Avalange

Application No: 2007/118 Accepted: 13 June, 2007

Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B.V..

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Zalsamon' syn Lemon

Application No: 2007/122 Accepted: 13 June, 2007

Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B.V..

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Arachis hypogaea

PEANUT, GROUND NUT

'Georgia - 02C' syn Cook

Application No: 2007/086 Accepted: 18 May, 2007

Applicant: The University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc. Agent: Peanut Company of Australia Limited, Kingaroy, QLD.

Avena sativa

OATS

'Monty'

Application No: 2007/150 Accepted: 26 June, 2007

Applicant: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited.

Agent: Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW.

Calibrachoa hybrid

CALIBRACHOA

'Sunbelsafu' syn Blue Chimes

Application No: 2007/068 Accepted: 3 May, 2007

Applicant: Suntory Flowers Limited.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Chrysocephalum apiculatum

YELLOW BUTTONS, COMMON EVERLASTING

'FLOCHRDEF'

Application No: 2007/140 Accepted: 17 June, 2007

Applicant: Floreta Intellectual Property Pty Ltd as Trustee for the Chrysocephalum Trust, Capalaba, QLD.

Dianella caerulea var. assera

BLUE FLAX-LILY, UMBRELLA DRACAENA

'Little Russ'

Application No: 2007/064 Accepted: 27 April, 2007

Applicant: Russell and Sharon Costin, Limpinwood, NSW.

Dianella longifolia

SMOOTH FLAX-LILY, PALE FLAX-LILY

'AU22'

Application No: 2007/135 Accepted: 6 June, 2007 Applicant: Goldfields Collections Pty Ltd. Agent: World Select Plants, Cranbourne, VIC.

Dianella revoluta

SPREADING FLAX-LILY, BLUEBERRY LILY, BLACK-ANTHER FLAX-LILY, BLUE FLAX LILY

'AU21'

Application No: 2007/134 Accepted: 6 June, 2007 Applicant: **Goldfields Collections Pty Ltd**. Agent: **World Select Plants**, Cranbourne, VIC.

'DR2007'

Application No: 2007/108 Accepted: 26 April, 2007 Applicant: **Maribeth Berger**, The Patch, VIC.

Dianella tasmanica

FLAX LILY

'AU20'

Application No: 2007/133 Accepted: 6 June, 2007 Applicant: **Goldfields Collections Pty Ltd**. Agent: **World Select Plants**, Cranbourne, VIC.

'TAS300'

Application No: 2007/097 Accepted: 26 April, 2007

Applicant: **Wyeena Nurseries Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Richmond, NSW.

Grevillea rosmarinifolia x Grevillea alpina

GREVILLEA

'Entrée'

Application No: 2007/123 Accepted: 4 June, 2007

Applicant: Austraflora Pty Ltd.

Agent: Bill Molyneux, Yarra Glen, VIC.

Leucaena leucocephala ssp glabrata

LEUCAENA

'Wondergraze'

Application No: 2007/129 Accepted: 18 May, 2007 Applicant: **Leucaena Research and Consulting Pty Ltd**.

Agent: Scott Dalzell, Ashgrove, QLD.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

'Argentina'

Application No: 2006/364 Accepted: 27 June, 2007 Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.**.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

'Belladonna'

Application No: 2006/362 Accepted: 27 June, 2007 Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.**.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

'Catalonie'

Application No: 2006/363 Accepted: 27 June, 2007 Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.**.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

'Fenice'

Application No: 2006/360 Accepted: 27 June, 2007 Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.**.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

'Giacondo'

Application No: 2006/361 Accepted: 27 June, 2007 Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.**.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

Lolium hybridum

HYBRID RYEGRASS

'Helix'

Application No: 2007/015 Accepted: 24 May, 2007

Applicant: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd.

Agent: Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW.

Lolium multiflorum

ITALIAN RYEGRASS

'Maximus'

Application No: 2007/138 Accepted: 21 June, 2007

Applicant: **Barenbrug USA**.

Agent: Heritage Seeds Pty. Ltd., Howlong, NSW.

Lomandra confertifolia

MATT RUSH

'Silver Grace'

Application No: 2007/105 Accepted: 9 May, 2007

Applicant: Michael Wood.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Lomandra confertifolia ssp. pallida

MATT RUSH

'Bunyip'

Application No: 2007/063 Accepted: 27 April, 2007

Applicant: Russell and Sharon Costin, Limpinwood, NSW.

Lomandra filiformis

LOMANDRA

'AU1'

Application No: 2007/131 Accepted: 6 June, 2007 Applicant: Goldfields Collections Pty Ltd. Agent: World Select Plants, Cranbourne, VIC.

'AU2'

Application No: 2007/132 Accepted: 6 June, 2007 Applicant: **Goldfields Collections Pty Ltd**. Agent: **World Select Plants**, Cranbourne, VIC.

Lomandra hystrix

SPINY HEADED MAT RUSH

'Little Trixie'

Application No: 2007/065 Accepted: 27 April, 2007

Applicant: Russell and Sharon Costin, Limpinwood, NSW.

Malus domestica

APPLE

'Co-op 39'

Application No: 2007/144 Accepted: 17 June, 2007

Applicant: Purdue Research Foundation.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

'Sweet Ruby'

Application No: 2007/116 Accepted: 21 May, 2007

Applicant: Dane Randall Griggs, Brett Andrew Griggs, Huonville, Tas.

Mangifera indica

MANGO

'R10/8'

Application No: 2007/096 Accepted: 21 June, 2007 Applicant: **Kenneth Rayner**, Katherine, NT.

'RA/17'

Application No: 2007/094 Accepted: 17 June, 2007 Applicant: **Kenneth Rayner**, Katherine, NT.

'RA/36'

Application No: 2007/095 Accepted: 26 June, 2007 Applicant: **Kenneth Rayner**, Katherine, NT.

'Rayner 1'

Application No: 2007/091 Accepted: 21 May, 2007 Applicant: **Kenneth Rayner**, Katherine, NT.

'Rayner 2'

Application No: 2007/092 Accepted: 21 May, 2007 Applicant: **Kenneth Rayner**, Katherine, NT.

'Rayner 3'

Application No: 2007/093 Accepted: 17 June, 2007 Applicant: **Kenneth Rayner**, Katherine, NT.

Medicago sativa

LUCERNE

'PacL 501'

Application No: 2006/312 Accepted: 18 June, 2007

Applicant: The University of Queensland, Grains Research and Development Corporation.

Agent: Pacific Seeds Pty Ltd, Toowoomba, QLD.

'SuperSiriver II' syn Australis II

Application No: 2007/125 Accepted: 4 June, 2007 Applicant: **Seed Genetics Australia Pty Ltd**, Keith, SA. Melia azedarach

WHITE CEDAR

'Caroline'

Application No: 2007/128 Accepted: 5 June, 2007 Applicant: **Fleming's Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Monbulk, VIC.

Pennisetum clandestinum

KIKUYU GRASS

'RK19'

Application No: 2007/130 Accepted: 17 June, 2007 Applicant: **Future Turf Pty Ltd**, Mt Hawthorn, WA.

Prunus avium

SWEET CHERRY

'Glenoia'

Application No: 2006/348 Accepted: 12 April, 2007

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica

PEACH

'Ivory Queen'

Application No: 2006/346 Accepted: 12 April, 2007

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Snow Angel'

Application No: 2007/142 Accepted: 17 June, 2007

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

'Spring Princess'

Application No: 2006/340 Accepted: 12 April, 2007

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'AUSHOMER'

Application No: 2007/099 Accepted: 18 May, 2007

Applicant: David Austin Roses Ltd.

Agent: Siebler Publishing Services, Hartwell, VIC.

'AUSTANGO'

Application No: 2007/098 Accepted: 11 April, 2007

Applicant: David Austin Roses Ltd.

Agent: Siebler Publishing Services, Hartwell, VIC.

'FRYcentury' syn Daybreaker

Application No: 2007/077 Accepted: 24 April, 2007

Applicant: Gareth Fryer.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACadyna' syn High Society

Application No: 2007/073 Accepted: 11 April, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACamite' syn Blaze of Glory

Application No: 2007/069 Accepted: 3 May, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACepirt'

Application No: 2007/074 Accepted: 27 April, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACshlav'

Application No: 2007/075 Accepted: 1 May, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACthain' syn Tuscan Sun

Application No: 2007/070 Accepted: 11 April, 2007

Applicant: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc..

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACtourn'

Application No: 2007/072 Accepted: 27 April, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACtwist' syn Flirtatious

Application No: 2007/071 Accepted: 11 April, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACweave' syn Social Climber

Application No: 2007/076 Accepted: 27 April, 2007 Applicant: **Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKbecfoj' syn Soaring Spirits

Application No: 2007/079 Accepted: 1 May, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKhilpurnil' syn Neptune

Application No: 2007/080 Accepted: 26 April, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKmorfis' syn Route 66

Application No: 2007/083 Accepted: 17 April, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKosupalz' syn About Face

Application No: 2007/084 Accepted: 17 April, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKsacsoul' syn Be Bop

Application No: 2007/082 Accepted: 24 April, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKsproulses' syn Honey Dijon

Application No: 2007/081 Accepted: 3 May, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKsunvoye' syn Sunstruck

Application No: 2007/078 Accepted: 3 May, 2007 Applicant: **Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.**.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

Schlumbergera truncata

CHRISTMAS CACTUS

'Chelsea'

Application No: 2007/107 Accepted: 24 April, 2007

Applicant: Tillington House Pty Limited, Coffs Harbour, NSW.

Stenotaphrum secundatum

BUFFALO GRASS, ST AUGUSTINE GRASS

'Aussie-Gold' syn Strike-of-Gold

Application No: 2007/042 Accepted: 3 April, 2007

Applicant: Stampede Enterprises Pty Ltd, Young, NSW.

Strelitzia reginae

BIRD OF PARADISE

'Tiny Bird' syn Baby Bird

Application No: 2007/109 Accepted: 3 May, 2007

Applicant: Brian Peter Dale and Marjorie Joan Dale, Highvale, QLD.

Strobilanthes anisophyllus

'Goldust'

Application No: 2007/111 Accepted: 1 May, 2007 Applicant: **Valdis and Solveiga Schutz**, Arcadia, NSW.

Trifolium repens

WHITE CLOVER

'Storm'

Application No: 2007/139 Accepted: 17 June, 2007 Applicant: **Department of Primary Industries**. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty. Ltd.**, Howlong, NSW.

'SuperHaifa II' syn WinterWhite II

Application No: 2007/124 Accepted: 4 June, 2007 Applicant: **Seed Genetics Australia Pty Ltd**, Keith, SA.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

'Axe'

Application No: 2007/117 Accepted: 18 May, 2007

Applicant: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Urrbrae, SA.

'LongReach Crusader' syn LRPB Crusader

Application No: 2007/127 Accepted: 17 May, 2007

Applicant: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

'LongReach Dakota' syn LRPB Dakota

Application No: 2007/126 Accepted: 17 May, 2007

Applicant: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

'Peake'

Application No: 2007/110 Accepted: 17 May, 2007 Applicant: **Nugrain Pty Ltd**, Laverton, VIC.

Verbena xhybrida

GARDEN VERBENA

'USBENA5002'

Application No: 2007/055 Accepted: 26 June, 2007

Applicant: Plant 21 LLC.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD.

'USBENA5117'

Application No: 2007/054 Accepted: 26 June, 2007

Applicant: Plant 21 LLC.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD.

Zantedeschia hybrid

CALLA LILY

'Hot Blooded BLZ'

Application No: 2007/113 Accepted: 5 June, 2007

Applicant: **BLOOMZ Ltd**.

Agent: Rural Funds Management Flower Fund, Nurioopta, SA.

Zantedeschia hybrid

CALLA LILY

'Hot Cherry BLZ'

Application No: 2007/112 Accepted: 5 June, 2007

Applicant: **BLOOMZ Ltd**.

Agent: Rural Funds Management Flower Fund, Nurioopta, SA.

'Merlot BLZ'

Application No: 2007/114 Accepted: 5 June, 2007

Applicant: **BLOOMZ Ltd**.

Agent: Rural Funds Management Flower Fund, Nurioopta, SA.

Variety Descriptions

Click on the column headings to re-sort the matches in alphanumeric order by that particular column.

Common (Genus Species)	<u>Variety</u>	Title Holder
Agapanthus (Agapanthus africanus)	Hinag	Hines Horticulture Inc.
<u>Peanut (Arachis</u> <u>hypogaea)</u>	Walter	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation
<u>Peanut (Arachis</u> <u>hypogaea)</u>	Sutherland	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation
<u>Peanut (Arachis</u> <u>hypogaea)</u>	Ashton	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation
Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum frutescens)	OHAR 01240	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited
Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum hybrid)	OHMADCAMA	Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd

Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum hybrid)	OHMADSACA	Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd
Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum hybrid)	OHMADSAVI	Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd
Oats (Avena sativa)	Yallara	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation
Everlasting Daisy (Bracteantha bracteata)	OHB00-37.90	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited
Caper bush (Capparis spinosa subsp. Rupestris)	Eureka	Brian Noone
Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)	90-4194	Syngenta Seeds, Inc
Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)	SP-1	Syngenta Seeds, Inc
Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)	Side Kick	Harris Moran Seed Company
Cocksfoot (Dactylis glomerata)	Megatas	University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right of the State of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment
Strawberry (Fragaria xananassa)	Driscoll Sanibel	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc
Strawberry (Fragaria xananassa)	Driscoll Osceola	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Dictator 2	New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited

Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Vertess	University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right of the State of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment
<u>Lettuce (Lactuca</u> sativa)	PS 6545691	Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	PS 6545701	Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	Freedom	Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)	Bealey	New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd
Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora)	Kay Parris	Gilbert's Nursery, Inc.
Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora)	STRGRA	Edward & Patricia Strauss & Leo Koelewyn
Apple (Malus hybrid)	Nicogreen	Better3Fruit n.v.
Apple (Malus hybrid)	Nicoter	Better3Fruit n.v.
French bean (Phaseolus vulgaris)	BN 155	Syngenta Seeds, Inc
Spurflower (Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus)	K111201	Gert J Brits (Dr)

1		
Spurflower (Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus)	K011101	Gert J Brits (Dr)
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Glenoia	Lowell G. Bradford
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Glenrock	Lowell G. Bradford
Peach (Prunus persica)	Snowfall	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Peach (Prunus persica)	Sierra Snow	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Peach (Prunus persica)	Sugar Time	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Peach (Prunus persica)	Spring Princess	Lowell G. Bradford
Peach (Prunus persica)	Candyprincess	Lowell G. Bradford
Peach (Prunus persica)	Ivory Queen	Lowell G. Bradford
Peach (Prunus persica)	Bright Princess	Lowell G. Bradford
Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)	Grand Bright	Lowell G. Bradford
Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)	Western Sweet	Lowell G. Bradford
Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)	August Bright	Lowell G. Bradford
Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)	Rose Bright	Lowell G. Bradford
	,	,

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)	Dulcita	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc
Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)	Francesca	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc
Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)	RAFZAQU	Promo-Fruit AG SA Ltd
(Stromanthe sanguinea)	Valmic	GEBR. VALSTAR BEHEER BV
Lilly Pilly (Syzygium luehmannii)	Lulu	Jo Barber and Chris Barber
Swamp Cypress (Taxodium distichum)	Cascade Falls	DJ and NM Sampson
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Correll	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd and The University of Adelaide
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Sentinel 3R	C.C. Benoist S.A.S.
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	BARHAM	Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	YENDA	Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	QAL1064	Value Added Wheat CRC Limited
Wheat (Triticum aesvitum)	Bolac	Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains Research and Development Corporation
Common Vetch (Vicia sativa)	Rasina	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation

Grape (Vitis vinifera)	Sweet Scarlet	The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture
Grape (Vitis vinifera)	Autumn King	The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture
<u>Grape (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	Summer Royal	The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture
Grape (Vitis vinifera)	Princess	The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture
Grape (Vitis vinifera)	Scarlet Royal	The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

(Stromanthe sanguinea)

Variety: 'Valmic'

Synonym: Magic Star

Application _{2007/049}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

07-Feb-2007

Accepted:

26-Feb-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: GEBR. VALSTAR BEHEER BV

Futura Promotions Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0732071563 Fax: 07732074295



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Agapanthus (Agapanthus africanus)

Variety: 'Hinag' Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/010}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Jan-2006

Accepted:

29-Apr-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

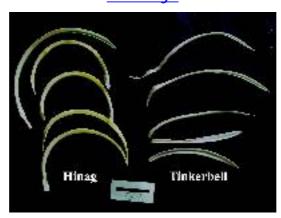
'Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Hines Horticulture Inc.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0732067676 Fax: 0732068922



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Apple (Malus hybrid)

Variety: 'Nicogreen'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/318}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 26-Nov-2004

Accepted: 23-Dec-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

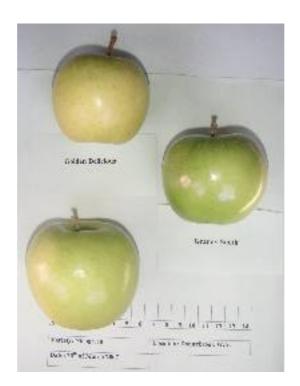
Varieties Journal:

'Title Holder: Better3Fruit n.v.

Agent: **Garry Langford**

Telephone: 0362664344 Fax: 0362664023

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Apple (Malus hybrid)

Variety: 'Nicoter'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/319}

no:

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received: 26-Nov-2004

Accepted: 23-Dec-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

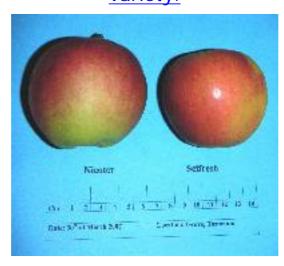
Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Better3Fruit n.v.

Garry Langford Agent:

Telephone: 0362664344 Fax: 0362664023



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'Dictator 2'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/159}

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

22-Jun-2006

Received: Accepted:

30-Jun-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Heritage Seeds Pty. Ltd. Agent:

Telephone: 0395619272

Fax: 0395619333

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'Vertess'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/326}

no:

status:

Current

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

25-Oct-2005

Accepted:

20-Dec-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right

of the State of Tasmania through the

Department of Primary Industries, Water and

Environment

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0363365234 Fax: 0363449814

View the detailed description of this





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Caper bush (Capparis spinosa subsp. Rupestris)

Variety: 'Eureka'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/061

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

03-Apr-2006

Received: Accepted:

30-May-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Brian Noone

Agent: N/A Telephone: N/A

Fax: 0884494107

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Cocksfoot (Dactylis glomerata)

Variety: 'Megatas'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/197}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

22-Jun-2005

Accepted:

15-Aug-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right

of the State of Tasmania through the

Department of Primary Industries, Water and

Environment

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0363365234 Fax: 0363449814

View the detailed description of this





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Common Vetch (Vicia sativa)

Variety: 'Rasina'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/175} no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 30-Jun-2006 Accepted: 05-Oct-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

·in Plant Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries and

Grains Research and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039616 0883039403 Fax:





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Everlasting Daisy (Bracteantha bracteata)

Variety: 'OHB00-37.90'

Synonym: Dreamtime Large Yellow

Application _{2004/206}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 13-Jul-2004

Accepted: 29-Nov-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0247541422 Fax: 0147544260



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

French bean (Phaseolus vulgaris)

Variety: 'BN 155'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2003/272}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 02-Oct-2003 Accepted: 19-Jan-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

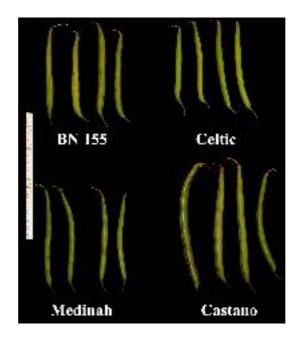
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Syngenta Seeds, Inc

Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397063033 Fax: 0397063182

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grape (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Sweet Scarlet'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/054}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Feb-2004

Accepted: 24-Mar-2004

Granted: N/A

Description .published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The United States of America, as represented by

the Secretary of Agriculture

Agent: Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys

Telephone: (03) 9288 1819 (03) 9288 1567 Fax:







Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grape (Vitis vinifera)

'Autumn King' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/293}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted: 26-Aug-2005

20-Dec-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

. Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: The United States of America, as represented by

the Secretary of Agriculture

Agent: Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys

Telephone: (03) 9288 1819

(03) 9288 1567 Fax:





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grape (Vitis vinifera)

'Summer Royal' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/002}

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

no:

no:

N/A

Received: 05-Jan-2004 Accepted: 24-Mar-2004

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The United States of America, as represented by

the Secretary of Agriculture

Agent: Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys

Telephone: (03) 9288 1819 (03) 9288 1567 Fax:





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grape (Vitis vinifera)

Variety: 'Princess'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/001}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no: Received:

05-Jan-2004

Accepted:

24-Mar-2004

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: The United States of America, as represented by

the Secretary of Agriculture

Agent: Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys

Telephone: (03) 9288 1819

Fax: (03) 9288 1567





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grape (Vitis vinifera)

'Scarlet Royal' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/292}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

26-Aug-2005

Accepted:

20-Dec-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description .published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The United States of America, as represented by

the Secretary of Agriculture

Agent: Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys

Telephone: (03) 9288 1819 (03) 9288 1567 Fax:



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'PS 6545691'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/172}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

26-May-2004

Received: Accepted:

19-Aug-2004

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.

Blake Dawson Waldron Agent:

Telephone: 0396793065 Fax: 0396793111



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'PS 6545701'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/173}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

26-May-2004

Accepted:

16-Aug-2004

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.

Blake Dawson Waldron Agent:

Telephone: 0396793065 Fax: 0396793111





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Freedom'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/313}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

12-Oct-2005

Accepted:

20-Dec-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description

'published in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.

Blake Dawson Waldron Agent:

Telephone: 0396793065 Fax: 0396793111



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lilly Pilly (Syzygium luehmannii)

Variety: 'Lulu' Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/262}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

25-Jul-2005

Received:

Accepted: 20-Dec-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Jo Barber and Chris Barber

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0754988643 Fax: 0754988643



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum frutescens)

'OHAR 01240' Variety: Santa Maria Synonym:

Application _{2004/107}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 25-Mar-2004

Accepted: 31-Aug-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0247541422 Fax: 0147544260



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum hybrid)

'OHMADCAMA' Variety:

Synonym: Camara

Application 2006/106

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

15-May-2006 Received:

Accepted: 07-Jun-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 6445683878 Fax: 6445683878



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum hybrid)

'OHMADSACA' Variety: Synonym: Santa Catarina

Application _{2006/108}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

15-May-2006 Received: Accepted: 07-Jun-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 6445683878 Fax: 6445683878



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Marguerite Daisy (Argyranthemum hybrid)

'OHMADSAVI' Variety: Synonym: Sao Vicente

Application _{2006/107}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

15-May-2006

Accepted:

07-Jun-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 6445683878 Fax: 6445683878



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)

Variety: 'Grand Bright'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/341

Current

no:

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

18-Dec-2006

Received: Accepted:

12-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

'Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)

Variety: 'Western Sweet'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/349}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted: 18-Dec-2006

Granted:

12-Mar-2007

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)

Variety: 'August Bright'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/345}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 18-Dec-2006 Accepted: 12-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

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Volume 20, Issue 2

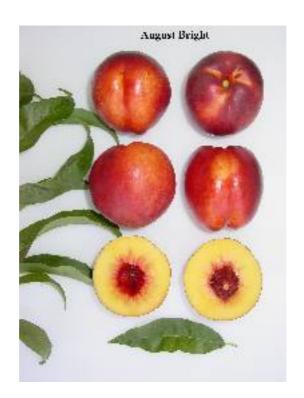
Varieties Journal:

•Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Nectarine (Prunus persica var. nucipersica)

Variety: 'Rose Bright'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/344

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 18-Dec-2006 Accepted: 12-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

.Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Oats (Avena sativa)

Variety: 'Yallara'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/048}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Feb-2007

Accepted:

13-Mar-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

. Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries and

Grains Research and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039616

0883039403 Fax:



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

Variety: 'Snowfall'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2003/369} no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 25-Dec-2003 Accepted: 05-May-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

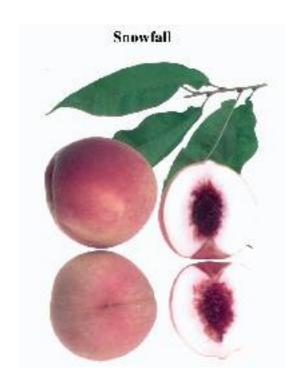
Varieties Journal:

'Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397566105 Fax: 0397520005

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

Variety: 'Sierra Snow'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2003/368}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 25-Dec-2003 Accepted: 05-May-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397566105 Fax: 0397520005

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Sugar Time' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2003/367}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

25-Dec-2003

Accepted:

05-May-2004

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

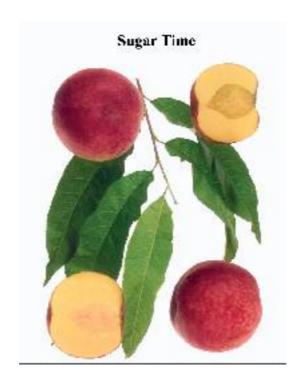
Varieties Journal:

'Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397566105 Fax: 0397520005

View the detailed description of this





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Spring Princess' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/340}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 18-Dec-2006

Accepted:

12-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

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Volume 20, Issue 2

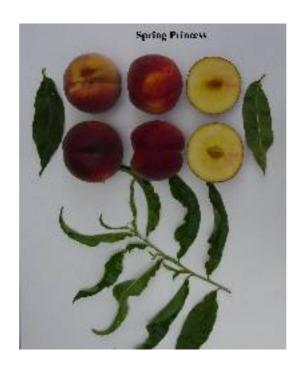
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Buchanan's Nursery Agent:

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Candyprincess' Variety: Synonym: Grand Princess

Application _{2006/342}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Dec-2006 Accepted: 12-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

.Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Buchanan's Nursery Agent:

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Ivory Queen' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/346

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Dec-2006

Accepted: 12-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

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Volume 20, Issue 2

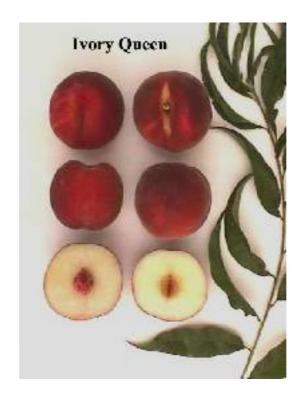
Varieties Journal:

•Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Buchanan's Nursery Agent:

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

Variety: 'Bright Princess'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/347}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Dec-2006

Accepted: 12-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Buchanan's Nursery Agent:

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)

Variety: 'Walter'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/067}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

10-Apr-2006 Received:

27-Jun-2006 Accepted:

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

·Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0746398832 Fax: 0746398800



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)

Variety: 'Sutherland'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/066

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

Received:

10-Apr-2006

Accepted:

27-Jun-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

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Volume 20, Issue 2

·Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0746398832 Fax: 0746398800



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peanut (Arachis hypogaea)

Variety: 'Ashton'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/065}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

10-Apr-2006

Received: Accepted:

27-Jun-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

·Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0746398832 Fax: 0746398800



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)

'Bealey' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/040}

no:

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received:

24-Jan-2007

Accepted:

05-Mar-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd

Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260265288 Fax: 0260265268

View the detailed description of this

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)

Variety: 'Dulcita'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2003/336

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

27-Nov-2003 Received:

Accepted: 05-Mar-2004

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

·Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: (03) 9614 1944 (03) 9614 1867 Fax:



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)

Variety: 'Francesca'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2003/337}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Nov-2003

Accepted: 05-Mar-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: (03) 9614 1944 (03) 9614 1867 Fax:



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)

Variety: 'RAFZAQU'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2005/116

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

29-Apr-2005 Received: Accepted: 13-Jul-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published

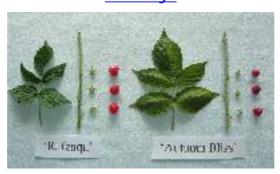
in Plant Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Promo-Fruit AG SA Ltd

Agent: **Davies Collison Cave**

Telephone: 0292622611 Fax: 0292621080





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora)

'Kay Parris' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/264}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Jul-2005 Accepted: 08-Jun-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Gilbert's Nursery, Inc.

Agent: Leo Koelewyn Telephone: 0397566668 Fax: 0397520266



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora)

Variety: 'STRGRA'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{1999/364}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

14-Dec-1999

Received: Accepted:

12-Jan-2000

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Edward & Patricia Strauss & Leo Koelewyn

Agent: Leo Koelewyn **Telephone**: 0397566668 Fax: 0397520266



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Spurflower (Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus)

Variety: 'K111201'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/276

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 13-Oct-2006

Accepted: 12-Dec-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Gert J Brits (Dr)

Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397519933

Fax: 0397566948

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Spurflower (Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus)

Variety: 'K011101'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/275

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

13-Oct-2006

Accepted:

12-Dec-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Gert J Brits (Dr)

Agent:

Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0397519933

Fax:

0397566948

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Strawberry (Fragaria xananassa)

Variety: 'Driscoll Sanibel'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/075}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

19-Apr-2006 Received: Accepted: 30-May-2006

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant Volume 20, Issue 2

 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: (03) 9614 1944 (03) 9614 1867 Fax:



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Strawberry (Fragaria xananassa)

Variety: 'Driscoll Osceola'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/076}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

19-Apr-2006

Received: Accepted:

30-May-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: (03) 9614 1944 (03) 9614 1867 Fax:



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Swamp Cypress (Taxodium distichum)

Variety: 'Cascade Falls'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/055}

no:

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received: 19-Feb-2004 Accepted: 09-Apr-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: DJ and NM Sampson

Agent: Leo Koelewyn **Telephone**: 0397566668 Fax: 0397520266



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

'Glenoia' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/348}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

18-Dec-2006

Accepted:

12-Apr-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Buchanan's Nursery Agent:

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

'Glenrock' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/343}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 18-Dec-2006

Accepted:

12-Mar-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lowell G. Bradford

Buchanan's Nursery Agent:

Telephone: 0746152182 Fax: 0746152183

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)

Variety: '90-4194'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/017}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Jan-2004

Accepted:

01-Mar-2004

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Syngenta Seeds, Inc

Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397063033 Fax: 0397063182

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)

'SP-1' Variety: Synonym: N/A

Application _{2004/016}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

19-Jan-2004

Accepted:

01-Mar-2004

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Syngenta Seeds, Inc

Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397063033 Fax: 0397063182

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)

Variety: 'Side Kick'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/034}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Mar-2006 27-Mar-2006 Accepted:

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

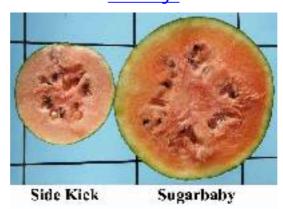
. Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Harris Moran Seed Company

Agent: VF Solutions - postal address for service of

notices on the applicant

Telephone: 0244738465 Fax: 0244738465



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Correll'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/048}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Mar-2006

Accepted: 30-May-2006

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

·Title Holder: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd and The

University of Adelaide

Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0883037835 0883037964 Fax:

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Sentinel 3R'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/130} no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

08-Jun-2006

Accepted:

05-Oct-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

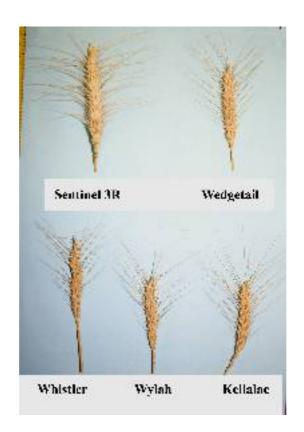
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: C.C. Benoist S.A.S.

Agent: LongReach Plant Breeder's Manangement Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0394793214 Fax: 0394553808

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'BARHAM'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/205} no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 28-Jul-2006

Accepted: 10-Aug-2006

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

. Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains

Research and Development Corporation

Australian GrainTechnologies Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0883036862 Fax: 0883036865





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'YENDA'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/207}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

28-Jul-2006

Accepted:

10-Aug-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

. Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains

Research and Development Corporation

Australian GrainTechnologies Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0883036862

Fax: 0883036865



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'QAL1064'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/291

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 08-Nov-2006 Accepted: 15-Dec-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Value Added Wheat CRC Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0294908488 Fax: 0294908503



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aesvitum)

Variety: 'Bolac' Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/303}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Nov-2006 Accepted: 22-Dec-2006

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 2

. Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd and Grains

Research and Development Corporation

Australian GrainTechnologies Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0883036862 Fax: 0883036865



Application Number 2007/049 **Variety Name** 'Valmic'

Genus Species Stromanthe sanguinea

Common Name Nil

Synonym Magic Star **Accepted Date** 26 Feb 2007

Applicant GEBR. VALSTAR BEHEER BV, Herenlaan, The

Netherlands

Agent Futura Promotions Pty Ltd, Wellington Point, QLD

Qualified Person Deo Singh

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Marlborough Nursery, Wellington Point, QLD.

Descriptor Stromanthe (*Stromanthe*) PBR STRO

Period Mar 2006 to Jun 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted under normal polyhouse conditions.

Trial Design 180mm pot of same age were chosen and were put in a

Randomized complete block design with fifteen plants of

each in three blocks for observation.

Measurements Measurements were taken when the plants were of saleable in

180mm pots.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: a new Stromanthe was discovered by the breeder in a controlled environment in Honselersdijk, The Netherlands in 1999, as a naturally-occurring whole plant mutation of *Stromanthe sanguinea* 'Stripestar'. It was observed as a single flowering plant within a population of plants of the cultivar Stripestar. The selection of this plant was based on its unique foliage coloration. Asexual reproduction of the new Stromanthe by divisions in a controlled environment since 1999 has shown that the unique features of this new Stromanthe are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations. Breeder: Oscar Valstar, Honselersdijk, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Leaf variegation present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Triostar'	The only other variegated <i>Stromanthe</i> known in commerce and is
	similar in certain aspects

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Varieties	varieties of Common knowledge lacitimed and subsequently excluded			
Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety	
'Stripestar	'Leaf variegation	present	absent	Parental variety plain
				green, hence, excluded.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Valmic'	'Triostar'
☐ New leaf: base colour of upper side	greyed-green RHS N189A	greyed-green RHS N189A
New leaf: secondary colour of upper side	greyed-green RHS 189C	greyed-green RHS 189C
New leaf: tertiary colour of upper side	yellow-green RHS 145D	yellow-green RHS 145D
New leaf: quaternary colour of upper side	absent	greyed-yellow ca. RHS 161C
☐ New leaf: mid veinal stripe colour	greyed-green ca. RHS 189C	greyed-green ca. RHS 189C
New leaf: mid vein colour on upper side	greyed-green RHS 189B	white RHS 155C
New leaf: base colour of lower side	purple RHS N79A	purple RHS N79A
New leaf: secondary colour of lower side	red-purple ca. RHS61C	red-purple ca. RHS 61C
☐ New leaf: veinal stripe	absent	absent
New leaf: mid vein colour on lower side	greyed orange RHS 166B	greyed-orange RHS 166B
☐ New leaf: petiole colour	greyed-orange RHS 166A	greyed-orange RHS 166B
Mature leaf: base colour of upper side	greyed green RHS N189A	greyed-green RHS N189A
Mature leaf: secondary colour of upper side	greyed-green RHS 189C	greyed-green RHS 189C
Mature leaf: tertiary colour of upper side	greyed-green RHS 192A	greyed-green RHS 192A
Mature leaf: quaternary colour of upper side	absent	red-purple RHS 65D
Mature leaf: colour of mid veinal stripe	greyed-green RHS 189B	greyed-green RHS 189C
Mature leaf: mid vein colour	Greyed green RHS 189B	white RHS 155A
Mature leaf: base colour of lower side	purple RHS N79A	purple RHS N79A
☐ Mature leaf: secondary colour of lower side	red-purple RHS 63A	red-purple RHS 63A
Mature leaf: veinal stripe	absent	absent
Mature leaf: mid rib colour	greyed-orange RHS 166A	greyed-orange RHS 166A
Petiole: colour of lower side	greyed-yellow RHS 166A	greyed-yellow RHS 166B
Petiole wing: colour	greyed-purple RHS 186B	greyed-purple RHS 186A
Leaf: variegation pattern	speckled	distinct patches
Prior Applications and Sales	_	•

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2003	Withdrawn	'Valmic'
USA	2004	Granted	'Valmic'

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2003. First Australian sale Apr 2006.

Description: Deo Singh, Ormiston, QLD.

Application Number 2006/010 Variety Name 'Hinag'

Genus Species Agapanthus africanus

Common Name Agapanthus

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Apr 2006

Hines Horticulture Inc., Irvine, CA, USA **Applicant** Agent Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD

Qualified Person Deo Singh

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD. Agapanthus (Agapanthus) PBR AGAP **Descriptor**

Period Mar 2006 to Jun 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted under hail netting using normal nursery

practises.

Randomized block design. **Trial Design**

Measurements were taken from 140mm pots when the plants Measurements

reached saleable stage. Since the variegation was the main

feature only leaf colour was used in comparison.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled self-pollination: The new cultivar originated from a self-pollination of Agapanthus africanus 'Peter Pan' made by the breeder. The new Agapanthus was selected by the breeder from the progeny of this cross in a controlled environment in Santa Ana, CA, USA in 1986. Plants of the new Agapanthus differ from plants of the parent cultivar in its variegated foliage as foliage of plants of the cultivar 'Peter Pan' is solid green in colour. In addition, plants of the new Agapanthus are more compact and have a slower growth rate than plants of the cultivar 'Peter Pan'. Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by divisions taken has shown that the unique features of this new Agapanthus are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations. Breeder: Mr. Ramon Alaniz Mendoza, Santa Ana, CA, USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context **State of Expression in Group of Varieties**

Leaf variegation present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name **Comments**

The only other similar variety known in the market place which is somewhat similar. 'Tinkerbell'

absent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Distinguishing **State of Expression State of Expression in Comments** Variety

Characteristics in Candidate Variety Comparator Variety 'Peter Pan' Leaf variegation present

Parental variety plain green, hence, excluded. $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Hinag'	'Tinkerbell'
Plant: habit	upright then outwardly arching	upright and g spreading
Leaf: shape	linear	linear
Leaf: apex	acute	acute
Leaf: base	sessile	sessile
Leaf: variegation	present	present
Leaf: colour of margin on upper side (RHS)	11A and 11B	155D changing to 8D with age
Leaf: colour of centre on upper side (RHS)	147B	147B
Leaf: colour of margin on lower side (RHS)	11C	11D
Leaf: colour of centre on lower side (RHS)	147AB	148D
Prior Applications and Sales		

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	1997	Granted	'Hinag'
New Zealand	2001	Withdrawn	'Hinag'
South Africa	2004	Applied	'Hinag'

First sold in USA in Apr 2002.

Description: Deo Singh, Ormiston, QLD.

Application Number 2004/318 Variety Name 'Nicogreen' **Genus Species** Malus hybrid

Common Name Apple Nil **Synonym**

Accepted Date 23 Dec 2004

Applicant Better3Fruit n.v., Hevelee, Belgium Agent Garry Langford, Grove, TAS

Qualified Person Garry Langford

Details of Comparative Trial

PVR Office United Kingdom **Overseas Testing**

Authority

Overseas Data AFP 9/274

Reference Number

Location National Fruit Collections, Brogdale, Faversham, Kent, UK

Apple (fruit varieties) (Malus) TG/14/8 **Descriptor**

Period 2002-2003

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Nicogreen' originated as a controlled cross between 'Delcorf' (seed parent) and 'Granny Smith' (pollen parent). It most closely resembles 'Granny Smith' in appearance, although fruit of 'Nicogreen' matures approximately 6 weeks before 'Granny Smith'. The new variety has been asexually propagated by T-budding and bench grafting onto 'M27' and 'MM111' rootstocks, and has been demonstrated to remain true to type through successive generations. Selection criteria: fruit quality, firmness and eating quality. Breeder: n.v. Johan Nicolai, Belgium.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	type	ramified
Leaf blade	attitude in relation to	outwards
	shoot	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTILLE	various of common time vicage identified	(/ ()
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Granny Smith'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu Characte	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Jim Brian'	Fruit	shape	obloid	conical	
'Jim Brian'	Fruit	colour of flesh	cream	greenish	

^{&#}x27;Golden Delicious'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nicogreen'	'Golden Delicious'	'Granny Smith'
Tree: vigour	medium to strong	very weak to weak	medium to strong
*Tree: type	ramified	ramified	ramified
*Tree: habit (varieties with ramified tree type only)	spreading	spreading	weeping
Tree: type of bearing	on spurs only	on spurs and long shoots	
One-year-old shoot: thickness	thick	thin to medium	
*One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium	short to medium	
One-year-old shoot: pubescence	strong	absent or very weak to weak	
*One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	few	few to medium	
*Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	outwards	outwards	
*Leaf blade: length	long	short to medium	
□ *Leaf blade: width	medium	very narrow to narrow	
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	small to medium	
☐ Leaf blade: incisions of margin	serrate type 1	serrate type 1	
*Petiole: length	medium	short to medium	
*Flower: predominant colour at balloon stage	dark pink	light pink	
*Flower: diameter with petals pressed into horizontal position	large	medium	
□ *Flower: arrangement of petals	overlapping	intermediate	
*Fruit: size	medium to large	small to medium	medium
*Fruit: ratio height/diameter	large	small to medium	
*Fruit: general shape	obloid	ovoid	globose
Fruit: ribbing	absent or weak	moderate	
Fruit: crowning at calyx end	moderate	moderate	moderate
Fruit: length of sepal	medium to long	short to medium	
*Fruit: bloom of skin	absent or weak	moderate	absent or weak
Fruit: greasiness of skin	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Fruit: ground colour	yellow green	whitish yellow	green

*Fruit: relative a	area of over	absent or very small	absent or very smal to small	1
*Fruit: hue of or bloom removed	ver colour with	orange red		
□ *Fruit: intensity	of over colour	very light to light	light to medium	
*Fruit: pattern o	f over colour	only solid flush	solid flush with strongly defined stripes	
*Fruit: area of restalk attachment	usset around	absent or small	medium	
Fruit: area of rus	sset on cheeks	absent or small	medium	
*Fruit: area of rebasin	usset around eye	absent or small	absent or small	
Fruit: size of len	nticels	small to medium	very small to small	
*Fruit: length of	f stalk	long	very short to short	
*Fruit: thickness	s of stalk	medium	very thin to thin	
*Fruit: depth of	stalk cavity	deep	shallow to medium	
*Fruit: depth of	eye basin	deep	very shallow to shallow	
□ *Fruit: width of	eye basin	medium to broad		
*Fruit: firmness	of flesh	firm	very soft to soft	firm
*Fruit: colour of	f flesh	cream	cream	greenish
*Fruit: aperture	of locules	closed or slightly open	closed or slightly open	
*Time of: begin flowering	ning of	medium	very early to early	
Time of maturity consumption	y for	medium	very early to early	late
Prior Applications Country EU USA Switzerland	Year 2001 2002 2004	Current Statu Granted Granted Granted	Name Applie 'Nicogreen' 'Nicogreen' 'Nicogreen'	d

First sold in Belgium in Dec 2001.

Description: Garry Langford, Grove, TAS

Application Number2004/319Variety Name'Nicoter'Genus SpeciesMalus hybrid

Common Name Apple **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 23 Dec 2004

ApplicantBetter3Fruit n.v., Hevelee, BelgiumAgentGarry Langford, Grove, TAS

Qualified Person Garry Langford

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing PVR Office United Kingdom

Authority

Overseas Data AFP 9/280

Reference Number

Location National Fruit Collections, Brogdale, Faversham, Kent, UK

Descriptor Apple (fruit varieties) (Malus) TG/14/8

Period 2003-2004

Trial Design CPVO - Test Protocols TP/14/1

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Nicoter' originated as a controlled cross between 'Gala' (seed parent) and 'Braeburn' (pollen parent). It most closely resembles 'Gala' in appearance, although fruit of 'Nicoter' is less conical in shape than that of 'Gala', and the coloration of 'Nicoter' is more pink and less red than 'Gala'. The new variety 'Nicoter' has been asexually propagated by T-budding and bench grafting onto 'M27' and 'MM111' rootstocks in Sint-Truiden, Belgium, and has demonstrated that the combination of characteristics as herein disclosed for the new variety are firmly fixed and remain true to type through successive generations of asexual reproduction. Selection criteria: fruit quality, firmness and eating quality. Breeder: n.v. Johan Nicolai, Belgium.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	type	ramified
Fruit	general shape	globose
Fruit	bloom of skin	absent
Fruit	intensity of over colour	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTILLE	varieties of common time vieuge lacinimea ()
Name	Comments

'Scifresh'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting Charac	0	State of Expression in Candidate Varie	Comparator Variety	Comments
'Scigold'	Fruit	intensity of over colour	medium	very light	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Nicoter'	'Scifresh'		
	Tree: vigour	medium	weak to medium		
	*Tree: type	ramified	ramified		
	*Tree: habit (varieties with ramified tree type only)	spreading	upright		
	Tree: type of bearing	on spurs only			
	Dormant one-year-old shoot: pubescence	- C	medium to strong		
	Dormant one-year-old shoot: thickness	medium	medium to thick		
	*Dormant one-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium	short to medium		
	*Dormant one-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium			
	*Unopened flower: colour	dark pink			
	*Flower: size	medium			
	*Petals: relative position of margins	touching			
~	*Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	outwards	upwards		
	*Leaf blade: length	long	medium		
	*Leaf blade: width	medium	narrow to medium		
	*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	large		
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	serrate type 1	crenate		
	*Petiole: length	medium to long	medium		
	*Flower: arrangement of petals	intermediate			
	*Fruit: size	medium to large	medium		
	*Fruit: ratio height/width	medium	medium		
	*Fruit: general shape	globose	globose		
	Fruit: ribbing	absent or weak	moderate		
	Fruit: crowning at calyx end	moderate	moderate		
	*Fruit: aperture of eye	fully open			
	*Fruit: size of eye	medium	small		
	Fruit: length of sepal	medium	medium		
	*Fruit: depth of eye basin	medium	medium		
	Fruit: width of eye basin	medium to broad			
	*Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium		
	*Fruit: length of stalk	medium to long	medium		
	*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium		
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium			
	*Fruit: bloom of skin	absent or weak	absent or weak		
	Fruit: greasiness of skin	absent or weak	absent or weak		
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow	green		

*Fruit: relat	tive area of over colour		large to very larg	ge large to very large
□ *Fruit: hue	of over colour with bloc	om removed	red	red
*Fruit: inte	nsity of over colour		medium	medium
*Fruit: patte	ern of over colour		only solid flush	solid flush with weakly defined stripes
*Fruit: amo	ount of russet around eye	e basin		wabsent or very low
☐ Fruit: amou	nt of russet on cheeks		absent or very lo	Wabsent or very low
*Fruit: amo	ount of russet around sta	lk cavity	absent or very lo	wabsent or very low
□ *Fruit: size	of lenticels		medium	
*Fruit: firm	ness of the flesh		firm	
□ *Fruit: colo	our of the flesh		cream	
*Fruit: aper	ture of locules		closed	
□ *Time of: b	eginning of flowering		medium	medium
Time of maturity for consumption			late	medium to late
Prior Applicat	•			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applie
EU	2001	Granted	'Nicoter'
USA	2002	Granted	'Nicoter'
Switzerland	2004	Granted	'Nicoter'

First sold in Belgium in Jan 2002.

Description: Garry Langford, Grove, TAS

Application Number 2006/159
Variety Name 'Dictator 2'
Genus Species Hordeum vulgare

Common Name Barley **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 30 Jun 2006

Applicant New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited,

Christchurch, New Zealand

Agent Heritage Seeds Pty. Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Qualified Person Allen Newman

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Howlong, NSW.

Descriptor Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) TG/19/10

Period Jun – Dec 2006

Conditions Trial was sown into a red-brown soil with reasonable

moisture levels at 65kg/ha with 100kg/ha DAP fertiliser. Irrigation was applied during the spring as natural rainfall was

insufficient.

Trial Design Randomised plots 1.2m x 5m in 3 replicates.

Measurements 15-20 plants randomly selected per replicate from a total of

approximately 1,000 plants.

RHS Chart - edition nil

Origin and Breeding

Recurrent phenotypic selection: In 1998, ears selected in Australia from 'Dictator' bulk and sent to New Zealand to be grown out in quarantine. Individual plants selected for desirable traits and bulked, sown back in glasshouse in flats. In 1999, plants selected for desirable traits and single ears harvested, sown back in the glasshouse as single seed decent. Plants selected based on desirable characteristics (vigour, growth, leafiness, awnless, black seed) and grain harvested. In 2000, plant rows evaluated in the field. Eight heads were selected from selection number 6/53. In 2001 the eight head rows were sown out in small field plots, numbered 100-108. Plot 104 selected for uniformity and forage yield potential. In 2002, Line 104 sent to Australia for inclusion in an open plot quarantine nursery. Selection criteria: dry matter production, uniformity, hooded, black seed, 2-row. Propagation: seed. Breeder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Lowest leaves	hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent
Awns	anthocyanin coloration of tips	absent
Ear	presence of awns	absent
Grain	colour	black
Grain	hairiness of ventral furrow	absent
Plant	seasonal type	spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Dictator'	Awnless, 6-row, black grain, tall, forage variety.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

organ/Plant Part: Context	'Dictator 2'	'Dictator'
	intermediate	intermediate
*Plant: growth habit *Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent	absent
	present	absent
Tag lear, anthocyanin colouration of auticles	weak to medium	aosent
Trag lear. Intensity of anthocyanin colouration of autreies		
Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	strong
*Time of: ear emergence	early	very early to early
*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	absent	absent
*Ear: glaucosity	weak	very weak to weak
Ear: attitude	erect	erect
*Plant: length	medium to long	long to very long
*Ear: number of rows	two	more than two
Ear: shape	parallel	fusiform
*Ear: density	lax	very dense
Ear: length	long	medium
Rachis: length of first segment	short to medium	short to medium
Rachis: curvature of first segment	weak to medium	very weak to weak
*Sterile spikelet: attitude	parallel to weakly divergent	
*Grain: rachilla hair type	short	short
*Grain: husk	present	present
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	strongly coloured	strongly coloured
*Season: type	spring type	spring type
Statistical Table	(D. 1.1. A.	(D
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Dictator 2'	'Dictator'
Plant: height (cm)	(25.20	97670
Mean Std. Deviation	625.30 56.17	876.70 54.14
LSD/sig	45.68	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: width (cm)	13.00	1 20.01
Mean	1.50	1.60
Std. Deviation	0.059	0.272
LSD/sig	0.1	ns
☐ Flag leaf : length (cm)		
Mean	14.60	13.50
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	14.60 1.51 1.1	13.50 1.15 ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Allen Newman, Heritage Seeds Pty. Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Application Number 2005/326 **Variety Name** 'Vertess'

Genus Species *Hordeum vulgare*

Common Name Barley **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

Applicant University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right of the State

of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries,

Water and Environment

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Stuart Smith

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mt Pleasant Laboratories, Launceston, TAS.

Descriptor Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) TG/19/10

Period Jul 2005 to Jan 2007

Conditions Sown direct by hand as seed into rows. Fertilised at sowing

with DAP at 120kg/ha. Herbicide was applied as required and

the trial irrigated as necessary.

Trial Design Randomised complete block, 4 treatments, 4 reps, 400 plants

per plot.

Measurements Measured plants were chosen at random. 20 plants were

measured for awn length. All plants were observed for

qualitative characteristics.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: In 1996 a cross was made using 'Franklin' as the seed parent and 'Cooper' as the pollen parent. A doubled haploid population from this cross was constructed in 1997 in WA. All the double haploid lines were grown in 1998. Five lines from the double haploid cross and 14 lines from other crosses were selected for a single plot yield trial sown in 1999. The trial was repeated in 2000. Seven lines were selected including T98-189 which were sown in a replicated trial in autumn 2001. Two lines were selected from this trial including T98-189 and sown in 2002 in the Long Season Interstate Barley Variety Trials, which included three autumn sown trials and one spring sown trial. T98-189 started to show yield potential. In 2003 T98-189 was further tested against other Tasmanian and Australian lines in autumn and spring sown trials. T98-189 was found to have greater yield potential for spring sowing. In 2004 T98-189 was planted in two spring sown trials and four large scale yield trials. T98-189 showed significantly higher yield than control varieties and was selected for release. Selection criteria: growth type, plant height, grain yield, grain size and maturity. Propagation: seed. Breeders: Wayne Vertigan Department of Primary industries and Water, Tas, Meixue Zhou and Stewart Salter, Tasmanian Institute of Agricultural Research.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Lower leaves	hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent
Awns	anthocyanin coloration of tips	present
Ear	number of rows	two
Grain	hairiness of ventral furrow	absent
Plant	seasonal type	spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

NameComments'Gairdner'standard variety'Franklin'seed parent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Cooper'	Plant time of ear emergence	late to very late	early

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	an/Plant Part: Context	'Vertess'	'Franklin'	'Gairdner' intermediate
~	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi erect	to semi prostrate
	*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent	absent	absent
auri	*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of cles	present	present	present
	*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of auricles	medium	strong	weak
	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved leaves	high to very high	high to very high	medium
~	Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	medium	medium
	*Time of: ear emergence	late to very late	very late	medium to late
	*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present
	*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of tips	weak	weak to medium	medium
	*Ear: glaucosity	weak	weak	weak
V	Ear: attitude	erect	erect	recurved
	*Plant: length	short	short	short
	*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two
	Ear: shape	parallel	parallel	parallel
	*Ear: density	lax	lax to medium	very lax to lax
	Ear: length	long	long	long

*Awn: length	medium to long	long	long	
Rachis: length of first segment	medium	medium	short	
Rachis: curvature of first segment	strong	weak	medium	
*Sterile spikelet: attitude	divergent	divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	
Median spikelet: length of glume and its awn relative to grain	equal	equal	equal	
*Grain: rachilla hair type	short	long	short	
*Grain: husk	present	present	present	
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerves of dorsal side of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent	absent	
Grain: disposition of lodicules	clasping	frontal	clasping	
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	weakly coloured	whitish		
*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Vertess'	'Franklin'	'Gairdner'	
Awn: length	medium	medium	long	
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Vertess'	'Franklin'	'Gairdner'	
Awn: length (mm)				
Mean Std. Davistics	112.54	110.50	120.98	
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	2.05 8.09	2.93 ns	6.37 P≤0.01	
100/016	0.07	110	1 =0.01	

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

 $Description: \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Stuart Smith}, Department of Primary Industries and Water, TAS and \textbf{Andrea Hurst}, Tasmanian Institute of Agricultural Research, TAS. \\ \end{tabular}$

Application Number 2006/061 **Variety Name** 'Eureka'

Genus Species Capparis spinosa subsp. rupestris

Common Name Caper bush

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

Applicant Brian Noone, Ethelton, SA

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Brian Noone

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Lot 156 Lyndon Rd., MacDonald Park, SA 5121. **Descriptor** PBR CAPE (*Capparis spinosa* ssp *rupestris*)

Period Jul 2006 – Apr 2007.

Conditions A planting of 80 caper plants (*Capparis spinosa rupestris*)

with general observations over a ten year period. Most planted in rows in full sun on Northern Adelaide Plains sandy loam. Standard pest and disease control measures. No

irrigation or watering after first 2-3 summers.

Trial Design Choice of two comparators most similar to the applicant, with

the development of a descriptor based on observations and

data from the comparative trial.

Measurements Initial 80 plants of *Capparis spinosa rupestris* with a wide

range of presentation. Measurement of 16 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollinated seedling selection: Initial propagation from overseas seeds, with a general title of Caper *Capparis spinosa rupestris*. Twenty-two plants were grown in a stock garden. Seeds collected and asexual propagation used to clone the new variety. About 80 plants were established in another garden from the original stock plants. Observations and measurements were taken over a 10 year period. This includes comparison with similar varieties. Selection criteria: growth habit, vigour, stem colour, time of spring shooting, amount of individual harvest of buds, length of harvest and number of branches. The new variety 'Eureka' stood out on a number of these factors, the most important being the volume of buds harvested, the length of the harvesting period and overall vigour. Propagation: the variety has been asexually propagated for a number of generations and found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Brian Noone, MacDonald Park, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stem	colour	greenish
Plant	width	broad
Petiole	reddish colouration	absent or very weak
Pistil	red-purple colouration	absent or very weak
Stem	reddish colouration early season	absent or very weak

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

	,	
Name	Comments	
'Octopus'		
'Champion'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	on in State of Expression in
	Characteristics	Candidate Variet	y Comparator Variety
'R2N3'	Stem colour	greenish	purple
'R2N9'	First shoots colour	greenish	yellow green
'R2N3'	Stems attitude	horizontal	upright

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Eureka'	'Champion'	'Octopus'
sho	Plant: timing of appearance of first oots	very early	medium	late
	Plant: attitude of shoots	horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal
	Plant: width	broad	broad	broad
~	Plant: time of appearance of first flower	early	medium	medium
~	Plant: number of buds per shoot	large	medium	small
~	Plant: time of end of flowering	late to very late	medium	medium
•	Shoot: branching	absent or very weak	medium	strong
	Shoot: main colour of stem	greenish	greenish	greenish
sea	Shoot: reddish colouration of stem (early son)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
▼ sea	Shoot: reddish colouration of stem (late son)	weak	medium	strong
	Young leaf: reddish colouration	absent or very weak	weak	weak
~	Leaf blade: position of broadest part	lower third	middle third	middle third
~	Leaf blade: shape of apex	obtuse	rounded	rounded
	Leaf blade: shape of base	cordate	cordate	cordate
	Petiole: reddish colouration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Flower bud: reddish colouration at apex	absent or very weak	weak	weak
~	Sepal: presence of reddish colouration	absent	present	present
	Sepal: intensity of reddish colouration	very weak	very weak	very weak
	Pistil: red-purple colouration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Stamens: number	many	many	many
	Stamen: red-purple colouration	weak	weak	weak
	Fruit: shape	obovate	obovate	obovate

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Brian Noone, MacDonald Park, SA.

Application Number 2005/197 **Variety Name** 'Megatas'

Genus Species Dactylis glomerata

Common Name Cocksfoot

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 15 Aug 2005

Applicant University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right of the State

of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries,

Water and Environment

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Andrea Hurst

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mt Pleasant Laboratories, Launceston, TAS. **Descriptor** Cocksfoot (*Dactylis glomerata* L.) TG/31/8.

Period May 2005 to Mar 2007.

Conditions Seed was germinated on pads 31 May 2005 and pricked into

64 cell Yates Rite-Gro Kwik trays 6 Jun 2005 and grown in glasshouse conditions under natural light. After 100 days the seedlings were transplanted into 200mm pots in a pine bark/loam based potting mix with premixed slow release fertiliser and transferred to an outside trial site under overhead irrigation. Plants were kept trimmed until end of autumn 2006. Plants were given soluble fertiliser as required. No pesticides or fungicides were used during the trial period.

Weeds were controlled by hand.

Trial Design Randomised block, 6 treatments, 8 replicates, 12 plants per

plot.

Measurements Measurements/observations: seedling growth habit was

measured from plants grown under glasshouse conditions at 100 days. All other characteristics and comparisons are from potted plants grown in the open. Emergence of inflorescence was measured from day 0 = 16 Oct 2006. The remaining measurements were taken at anthesis. Seed was harvested from potted plants to determine seed size. Ninety-six plants of

each variety were grown and measured.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Recurrent phenotypic selection: 4 cycles of recurrent phenotypic seedling selection for seedling vigour, early tillering of seedlings and a less erect growth habit within 'K2725' collected by the Margot Forde Germplasm Centre as seed in 1989 near Silva, Galicia, Spain. In 1995 16 seedlings selected for seedling vigour and planted in the field for characterisation. In 2001, 3 surviving plants from the original 16 plants were selected, transplanted into pots and inter-pollinated in isolation. 128 plants were grown in 2002 and selections were made for early tillering and a less erect growth habit. Early flowering plants were removed. Remaining plants were cross pollinated in isolation. A further selection was made in 2003 for early tillering and a less erect habit. Mode of propagation: seed. Breeder: Eric Hall and Andrea Hurst, Tasmanian Institute of Agricultural Research.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

time of inflorescence emergence late Plant Plant ploidy tetraploid

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTILITA	1/105t Similar + drifted or Common line (1/10ge latinizad (1/1011)				
Name	Comments				
'Wana'					
'Vision'					
'Porto'					
'K2725'	Parent material				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Variety Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in	State of Expression in
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Excel'	plant	time of inflorescence emergence	late	very late
'Tekapo'	plant	time of inflorescence emergence	late	early
'Currie'	plant	time of inflorescence emergence	late	early to medium
'Kara'	plant	time of inflorescence emergence	late	very late

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Megatas'	'K2725'	'Porto'	'Vision'	'Wana'
□ Ploidy:	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
Foliage: fineness	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Plant: tendency to form inflorescences	medium	weak	strong	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	late	late	late to very late	late	late
Plant: growth habit at inflorescence emergence	semi-upright	semi-upright	upright to semi-upright	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Stem: length of longest stem including inflorescence	medium to long	long	long to very long	long	medium
Stem: length of upper internode	medium to long	long	long	long	medium to long
☐ Inflorescence: length	medium	long	short to medium	medium to long	medium
*Flag leaf: length	short	long	medium	short to medium	short
*Flag leaf: width	medium to wide	wide to very wide	medium	medium	medium to wide

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Megatas'	'K2725'	'Porto'	'Vision'	'Wana'
Plant: growth habit at 100 days post germination	medium	medium to semi upright	semi upright to upright	semi upright	semi upright
Leaf: width	medium	wide	medium	medium	medium
Stem: thickness	medium	medium	thin	thin	medium
Inflorescence: rachis length	medium	long to very long	medium	medium	medium

Statistical Table

Statistical Table	<u>Statistical Table</u>					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Megatas'	'K2725'	'Porto'	'Vision'	'Wana'	
Plant: time of inflore	escence emerge	nce (days)				
Mean	29.60	29.40	34.02	30.66	30.82	
Std. Deviation	3.40	1.67	3.25	3.01	4.69	
LSD/sig	3.42	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	
Stem: length of uppe	er internode (mi	n)				
Mean	296.87	332.82	322.65	339.24	315.69	
Std. Deviation	17.96	14.61	15.86	9.35	21.63	
LSD/sig	21.30	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	
Flag leaf: length (mr	n)					
Mean	100.76	132.29	117.99	115.93	103.65	
Std. Deviation	8.75	15.23	9.21	15.22	18.90	
LSD/sig	16.38	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	
Inflorescence: rachis	length (mm)					
Mean	109.01	137.40	104.21	105.91	103.06	
Std. Deviation	9.74	12.94	4.98	12.12	18.89	
LSD/sig	14.70	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	
Leaf: width (mm)						
Mean	7.08	8.06	6.98	7.22	7.17	
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.58	0.67	0.38	0.43	
LSD/sig	0.87	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	
Stem: length of long	est stem includi	ing inflorescend	ce (mm)			
Mean	882.18	921.77	958.58	905.69	824.90	
Std. Deviation	45.25	50.59	43.58	23.43	48.26	
LSD/sig	55.29	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	
Stem: thickness (mm	n)					
Mean	1.21	1.29	1.09	1.10	1.19	
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.09	0.05	0.06	0.10	
LSD/sig	0.09	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Andrea Hurst and Eric Hall, Tasmanian Institute of Agricultural Research, TAS.

Application Number 2006/175
Variety Name 'Rasina'
Genus Species Vicia sativa
Common Name Common Vetch

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 5 Oct 2006

Applicant Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries, Adelaide, SA

and Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton,

ACT

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Rade Matic

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Kingsford, SA

Descriptor Common Vetch (*Vicia sativa*) UPOV TG/22/6

Period 31 May to 22 Nov 2006

Conditions Kingsford is SARDI's property, 75km north of Adelaide.

Kingsford site is medium rainfall (42mm/yr), with loamy clay soil. PBR rows contained single plants seeds from 2004 and 2005 for 'Rasina'. 'Rasina', 'Blanchefleur' and 'Morava' were planted on May 31, 2006. Precision seeder, 1.25m x 0.5m, planted seeds. Rows were sprayed by tank mix of Simazine 700g/ha + Sencor 480SC 350ml/ha, post plant pre

emergence.

Trial Design Involved 2 check varieties, 'Morava' and 'Blanchefleur' in

comparasion with 'Rasina'. 3 Reps x 32 space plants per row, seeds from 2004 and 05. Rows of 10m were randomised by

Agrobase.

Measurements 5 samples were taken for each observation. See results in the

statistical table.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: parental material 'Languedoc' is the earliest common vetch variety in Australia: 90-95 days from seeding to flowering. 'Languedoc' is very susceptible to rust and Ascochyta, with light purple flowers and beige seed cotyledons, hard seeds - 10-20%. 'Morava' is the late flowering common vetch variety: 110-115 days from seeding to flowering. 'Morva' is very resistant to rust and Ascochyta, with dark purple flowers, seed cotyledons are beige, hard seeds - 0%. 'Tadzhiskaya 60' is a landrace line from Tadzhiskaya region, Russia, and is a mid maturity line: 100-105 days from seeding to flowering, purple flowering. Breeding method: 'Rasina' emerged from conventional breeding of gene recombination, early generation elimination, and recombination of positive traits from derived families. Initial cross made between two varieties: 'Languedoc' x 'Morava' in 1995. In summer at glasshouse this cross-produced seeds of F₁. In March 1996, first generation was planted at glasshouse and F2 were harvested in June and re-crossed in December. Second offspring of, 'Languedoc' and 'Morava' was backcrossed with 'Tadzhiskaya 60' a Russian line. Line was marked as 95/34719 and after backcross as 95/34719a. From F₂ line was marked as SA/34719. F₂ was planted in glasshouse, F₃ in single

selection rows, $F_4 - F_7$ in double rows, and observation/replicated plots. In F_7 was selected single seed and multiplied twice per year in glasshouse, and later in Kingsford on the land where vetch did not planted for last 9 years. Selections were made for: grain yield in areas with <350mm of rain/yr., adoption to alkaline soils, early establishments, disease resistance, seed cotyledons colour, and maturity. Breeder: Rade Matic, SARDI, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Stem: hairiness of upper internodes absent

Pod hairiness absent or very weak

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Blanchefleur' is the oldest common vetch variety in Australia. This variety is characterised by white flowers and red/orange cotyledons. Mid maturity, 95-105 days

from seeding to full flowering, light brown seed coat.

'Morava' in early growth stage (2-6 nodes) has reddish shoots, later plant is dark

green. Later maturity, dark purple flowers, larger grain than any present variety, beige

cotyledons.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

'Rasina'	'Blanchefleur'	'Morava'
e absent	absent	present
medium green to dark green	light green	dark green to very dark green
early	medium	late
absent or very weak	weak	medium to strong
straight to concave	concave	concave to strongly concave
medium	medium	wide
very weak to weak	weak to medium	strong
medium violet	white	dark violet
medium	medium to long	long to very long
narrow to mediun	nnarrow to mediun	n wide to very wide
short to medium	medium	short
few to medium	medium	many
small to medium	medium	large to very large
grey-green	brown	blue-black
absent	absent	diffuse alone
	medium green to dark green early absent or very weak straight to concave medium very weak to weak medium violet medium narrow to medium short to medium few to medium small to medium grey-green	'Rasina' 'Blanchefleur' absent absent medium green to dark green early medium absent or very weak straight to concave medium medium very weak to weak medium violet white medium medium to long narrow to medium medium short to medium medium few to medium medium grey-green brown

Statistical Table

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rasina'	'Blanchefleur'	'Morava'		
Plant height: 28 days from seeding (mn	1)				
Mean	146.40	123.20	115.20		
Std. Deviation	4.16	5.36	3.77		
LSD/sig	5.8	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Number of shoots: 28 days from seeding	g				
Mean	3.80	4.80	7.00		
Std. Deviation	0.84	0.84	0.71		
LSD/sig	1.2	ns	P≤0.01		
Leaf: length (mm) - flower stage 3-5 no	ode				
Mean	63.20	66.20	73.40		
Std. Deviation	1.30	1.30	1.14		
LSD/sig	1.7	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Leaf: length (mm) - flower stage 7-10 m	ode (mm)				
Mean	66.00	67.60	82.40		
Std. Deviation	0.71	1.14	2.70		
LSD/sig	2.7	ns	P≤0.01		
Leaf: length (mm) - flower stage 11-14					
Mean	58.00	59.80	72.00		
Std. Deviation	5.20	1.30	2.24		
LSD/sig	5.3	ns	P≤0.01		
Plant: height(mm) - end of flowering (m					
Mean	704.20	727.00	807.40		
Std. Deviation	20.00	17.10	7.80		
LSD/sig	15.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Pod: length (mm) - full maturity					
Mean	62.20	63.20	58.20		
Std. Deviation	1.30	1.30	0.84		
LSD/sig	3.1	ns	ns		
Seed: weight (g/100 seeds)					
Mean	5.90	5.98	8.12		
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.13	0.16		
LSD/sig	0.21	ns	P≤0.01		
Toxin in mature grain: cyano-alanine (9	%)				
Mean	1.09	1.17	1.10		
Std. Deviation	0.03	0.04	0.02		
LSD/sig	0.04	P≤0.01	ns		

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Rade Matic, SARDI Plant Research Centre, Adelaide, SA.

Application Number 2004/206

Variety Name 'OHB00-37.90'

Genus Species Bracteantha bracteata
Common Name Everlasting Daisy

Synonym Dreamtime Large Yellow

Accepted Date 29 Nov 2004

Applicant Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW **Agent** Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Tim Angus

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Canada

Authority

Overseas Data 03-3639

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified under local conditions in

Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

Descriptor Strawflower (*Bracteantha*) TG/205/1

Period Dec 2006 to Apr 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in outside commercial production area,

rooted cuttings (propagated from stock plants grown at Winmalee) potted into 150mm standard pots in commercial potting mix, nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertilizer applications, plant protection treatments applied as necessary. No pinching or other plant shaping treatments

were applied.

Trial Design 10 plants of the candidate variety were grown to confirm

overseas test report data.

Measurements Taken at random from 10 plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Argyle Star' x pollen parents mixed pollen of 'NNB9821A', 'NNB9812AA', and 'NN-B9892' in a planned breeding program. Seed parent is characterised by Flower: type single, Involucre: colour white. Pollen parents are characterised by: 'NNB9821A' Involucre: colour cream and purple; 'NNB9812AA' Flower head: diameter small, Involucre: colour yellow orange (RHS 17A/23A, 2001edn); and 'NN-B9892' Involucre: colour cream. Selection criteria: Plant: habit, Foliage: colour, Flower: habit, Flower: colour. Selection was done at Winmalee, NSW, Australia in 2001. Propagation: by vegetative tip cuttings, no off types occurred in at least three successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. 'OHB00-37.90' will be commercially propagated by vegetative tip cuttings. Breeder: Dr Andrew Bernuetz, Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height of foliage	very short
Flower head	number of bracts	many
Involucre	main colour	yellow

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Widst Dillillar	varieties of common tenowicage identified (vertex)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Golden Beauty'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'OHB00-37.90' 'Golden Beauty'
*Plant: type	basal clusters
Plant: growth habit (bushy plant types only)	spreading
Plant: height including flowers	very short to short
Plant: height of foliage	very short
Plant: density	very dense
Stem: hairiness	medium
Leaf: length	short
Leaf: width	narrow to medium
Leaf: position of broadest part	upper third
Leaf: shape of apex	acute
*Leaf: variegation	absent
Leaf: main colour of upper side	medium green
Leaf: hairiness of upper side	strong
Leaf: hairiness of lower side	strong
Leaf: undulation of margin	absent or weak
Flowering shoot: length	very short to short
Flowering shoot: branching	absent or weak
Flower bud: profile of apex	rounded
Flower bud: main colour (RHS colour chart)	yellow RHS 6A RHS 9A
Flower head: predominant position in relation to foliage	far above
Flower head: diameter	medium small
Flower head: side view of lower part	flat convex
Flower head: side view of upper part	convex concave
Flower head: number of bracts	many
*Involucre: number of colours	only one
*Involucre: main colour	yellow yellow
Bract: length	short to medium

☐ Bract: width			narrow	
Bract: ratio leng	yth/width		three times as	
_			long as broad	
Bract: main colo of involucre (RHS of		bract from inner third	RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold of involucre (RHS of	our of middle third of colour chart)	f bract from inner third	l RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold of involucre (RHS of		bract from inner third	RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold of involucre (RHS of	our of lower third of colour chart)	bract from middle thir	^d RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold third of involucre (I	our of middle third of RHS colour chart)	f bract from middle	RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
,	our of upper third of	bract from middle thir	^d RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold of involucre (RHS of		bract from outer third	RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold of involucre (RHS of	our of middle third of colour chart)	f bract from outer third	l RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Bract: main cold of involucre (RHS)		bract from outer third	RHS 6A	RHS 9A-14B
Pappus: colour Statistical Table	,		yellow	
Organ/Plant Part:	Context		'OHB00-37.90'	
Leaf: length (mi				
Mean Mean	,		111.30	
Std. Deviation			14.80	
Leaf: width (mr	n)			
Mean	/		17.00	
Std. Deviation			2.10	
☐ Flower head: di	ameter (mm)			
Mean			42.80	
Std. Deviation			1.40	
Prior Applications	and Color			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
Canada	2003		OHB00-37.90'	
Japan	2005		OHB003790'	
EŪ	2002		OHD002700	
LC	2003	Granted	OHB003790'	

First sold in USA in Dec 2003. First Australian sale Mar 2004.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, NZ.

Application Number 2003/272 **Variety Name** 'BN 155'

Genus Species Phaseolus vulgaris

Common Name French bean

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 19 Jan 2004

Applicant Syngenta Seeds, Inc, Boise, Idaho, USA

Agent Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC

Qualified Person Richard Tuttleby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Forth, Tasmania, Australia.

Descriptor French Bean (new) (*Phaseolus vulgaris*) TG/12/9

Period 2004

Conditions Open field, standard agronomic practices.

Trial Design Two replications.

Measurements 10 plants per replicate were measured for pod length, beak

length, pod median width and pod transverse width.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'BN155' originated from a hand pollinated cross between Syngenta breeding lines HB357-6-1-5 and BK-101 in the greenhouse in 1990. The pedigree method selection was used in generations F₂ through F₅. The F₆ generation was bulked to supply a seed source for further increases. BN155 has been stable and uniform for many generations and free from any off-types and variants. Selection criteria: straight and round pods. Breeder: Dr. Paul Moser, Syngenta Seeds Inc., USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	dwarf
Plant	height	medium
Pod	median: transverse width ratio	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Name	Comments

'Celtic'

'Castano'

'Medinah'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BN 155'	'Castano'	'Celtic'	'Medinah'
*Plant: growth type	dwarf	dwarf	dwarf	dwarf
Plant: height (dwarf beans only)	medium	medium	medium	medium
☐ Inflorescences: position (dwarf bear only)	^{1S} intermediate			
*Pod: length (dwarf beans only)	medium to long	long	medium to long	medium to long
Pod: width	medium	medium to broad	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
Pod: thickness	medium	medium to broad	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
*Pod: shape in cross section	circular	circular	circular	circular
Pod: ratio thickness/width	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Pod: stringiness of ventral suture	present			
Pod: degree of curvature	very slight to weak			
□ *Pod: length of beak	medium	medium to long	short to medium	medium
Pod: texture of surface	smooth or slightly rough			
Pod: constrictions	absent or very weak	,		
*Seed: number of colours	two			
*Seed: main colour	white			
*Seed: secondary colour	beige			
*Time of: flowering	medium			
Statistical Table	(DN 155)	(Castana)	'Celtic'	(Madinah)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BN 155'	'Castano'	Centic	'Medinah'
Pod: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	126.25 13.17 8.16	146.00 9.81 P≤0.01	125.00 6.49 ns	124.50 8.72 ns
Pod: beak length (mm)	12.25	14.10	10.60	12.00
Mean Std. Deviation	12.25 3.55	14.10 2.90	10.60 2.64	12.90 3.73
LSD/sig	2.75	ns	ns	ns
Pod: median width (mm)	0.00	0.40		
Mean Std. Deviation	8.38 0.45	9.19 0.68	7.24 0.30	6.52 0.36
LSD/sig	0.43	0.08 P≤0.01	0.30 P≤0.01	0.30 P≤0.01
		-	-	-

Pod: transverse width (m	ım)			
Mean	8.61	9.37	7.88	6.77
Std. Deviation	0.55	0.81	0.62	0.47
LSD/sig	0.52	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Pod: median width /trans		0.00	0.02	0.07
Mean	0.98	0.98	0.92	0.97
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.06
LSD/sig	0.05	ns	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Oct 2002.

Description: Lauren O'Connor, Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC

Application Number 2004/054
Variety Name 'Sweet Scarlet'
Genus Species Vitis vinifera

Common Name Grape **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 24 Mar 2004

Applicant The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary

of Agriculture

Agent Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Wayne Farquhar

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Fresno, California.

Descriptor TG/50/8 **Period** 1999-2007.

Conditions A three cross arm T type trellis structure with the top cross

arm of 122cm in length set 189cm above the ground; a second cross arm of 102cm in length set 156cm above the ground; and a third cross arm 91cm in length set 125cm above the ground. The trellis structure had two wires per cross arm.

Water applied as needed by drip irrigation.

Trial Design Twenty five vines of 'Sweet Scarlet' planted in 1996 and five

vines each of 'Ruby Seedless' and 'Crimson Seedless'

planted in 1996 were observed.

Measurements Where dimensions, sizes, colours and other characteristics are

given, it is to be understood that such characteristics are approximations of averages set forth as accurately as

practicable.

RHS Chart - edition No colour chart used for these comparative descriptions.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the variety originated from a hand-pollinated cross of 'C33-30' (unpatented) and 'C103-141' (unpatented) made in 1989 at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Research Service, Postharvest Quality and Genetics Research Unit plots at California State University, Fresno, in Fresno, California. Both of the parents are hybrids of the grapevine genus and species *Vitis vinifera* L. Aborted seeds resulting from this controlled hybridization were developed further through in vitro tissue culture and germinated in the laboratory during the fall of 1989. The resulting seedlings were planted in the spring of 1990 in a vineyard at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service plots on the California State University, Fresno, California. The seedlings fruited in the summer of 1992 and one grapevine was selected for propagation. Propagation: 'Sweet Scarlet' was first asexually propagated in 1993, using hardwood cuttings.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour of skin	reddish
Plant	fruit maturity	mid to late season
Berry	formation of seed	rudimentary

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Ruby Seedless'	Red mid-season seedless grape.
'Crimson Seedless'	Red late season seedless grape.

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. **Organ/Plant Part: Context** 'Sweet Scarlet' 'Crimson Seedless' 'Ruby Seedless' *Time of: bud burst (varieties for medium medium medium fruit production only) *Young shoot: openness of tip fully open fully open fully open *Young shoot: density of prostrate absent or very medium sparse sparse hairs on tip *Young shoot: anthocyanin absent or very weak absent or very weak absent or very weak colouration of prostrate hairs on tip *Young leaf: colour of upper side light copper-red dark copper-red light copper-red of blade Young leaf: density of prostrate absent or very absent or very absent or very hairs between main veins on lower sparse sparse sparse side of blade absent or very Young leaf: density of erect hairs medium sparse on main veins on lower side of blade sparse erect erect erect Shoot: attitude Shoot: colour of dorsal side of green with red green with red completely red stripes stripes internode *Shoot: colour of ventral side of green with red completely green completely green stripes internode Shoot: density of erect hairs on absent or very absent or very absent or very sparse sparse sparse internodes Shoot: number of consecutive less than three less than three less than three tendrils very long very long very long Shoot: length of tendril fully developed stamens and stamens and stamens and gynoecium both gynoecium both *Flower: sexual organs reduced gynoecium fully developed fully developed medium to large *Adult leaf: size of blade medium large *Mature leaf: shape of blade orbicular orbicular pentagonal Mature leaf: profile in cross sectionundulate undulate undulate

Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	weak	weak
□ *Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	shallow	medium to deep	medium to deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses	closed	strongly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	slightly open	slightly open
Mature leaf: petiole sinus limited by veins	absent	absent	absent
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	large	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides straight	both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: anthocyanin colouration of main veins on upper side of blade	weak	weak	weak
*Mature leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	sparse	sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to middle vein	slightly shorter	slightly shorter	slightly shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening (varieties for fruit production only)	medium	late	medium
*Bunch: size	large	large	large
*Bunch: density	medium	medium	medium
*Bunch: length of peduncle	medium	medium	long to very long
*Berry: size	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: shape in profile	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Berry: colour of skin	red	rose	dark red violet
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	relatively easy	relatively easy	difficult
Berry: thickness of skin	thin	medium to thick	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
☐ Berry: firmness of flesh	firm	firm	slightly firm to soft
Berry: juiciness of flesh	slightly juicy	slightly juicy	slightly juicy
*Berry: particular flavour	muscat	none	none

*Berry: forma	ntion of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary
□ Woody shoot:	main colour	dark brown	dark brown	dark brown
Woody shoot:	relief of surface	smooth	smooth	smooth
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Par	t: Context	'Sweet Scarlet'	'Crimson Seedless	s' 'Ruby Seedless'
Fruit: sugar co				
Mean	,	20.70	19.4	20.20
Std. Deviation		0.64	0.79	0.48
LSD/sig		1.10	P≤0.05	ns
Leaf: petiole/	vein (ratio)			
Mean	, ,	0.65	0.80	0.81
Std. Deviation		0.06	0.07	0.06
LSD/sig		0.07	P≤0.05	P≤0.05
☐ Fruit: berry w	eight (g)			
Mean		5.30	4.60	3.00
Std. Deviation		0.88	0.20	0.48
LSD/sig		1.13	ns	P≤0.05
Fruit: berry le	ngth & width (ratio)			
Mean		1.24	1.30	1.10
Std. Deviation		0.02	0.03	0.02
LSD/sig		0.04	P≤0.05	P≤0.05
D.: A !: 4:	1 C-1			
Prior Applicatio	<u>ns and Saies</u> Year	Cummont States	Nama Annlied	
Country		Current Status	Name Applied	
Brazil Chile	2004 2005	Granted	'Sweet Scarlet'	
	2005	Granted	'Sweet Scarlet' 'Sweet Scarlet'	
Israel EU	2004	Applied Applied	'Sweet Scarlet'	
USA	2004	Granted	'Sweet Scarlet'	
Caralla Africa	2003	A1'1	Sweet Scarlet	

Applied

'Sweet Scarlet'

Prior sale nil.

South Africa

Description: Wayne Farquhar, South Australian Vine Improvement Incorporated, Gawler, SA.

2004

Application Number 2005/293
Variety Name 'Autumn King'
Genus Species Vitis vinifera

Common Name Grape **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

Applicant The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary

of Agriculture

Agent Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Wayne Farquhar

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Fresno, California.

Descriptor Grapevine (*Vitis*) TG/50/8

Period 2001-2007.

Conditions A three cross arm T type trellis structure with the top cross

arm of 122cm in length set 189cm above the ground; a second cross arm of 102cm in length set 156cm above the ground; and a third cross arm 91cm in length set 125cm above the ground. The trellis structure had two wires per cross arm.

Water applied as needed by drip irrigation.

Trial Design Twenty four vines of 'Autumn King' planted in 1998 and five

vines each of 'Thompson Seedless' and 'Autumn Seedless'

planted in 1996 were observed.

Measurements Where dimensions, sizes, colours and other characteristics are

given, it is to be understood that such characteristics are approximations of averages set forth as accurately as

practicable.

RHS Chart - edition No colour chart used for these comparative descriptions.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the variety originated from a hand-pollinated cross of 'A61-20' (unpatented) and 'B99-131' (unpatented) made in 1993 at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Research Service, San Joaquin Valley Agricultural Sciences Center plots at California State University, Fresno, in Fresno, California. Both of the parents are hybrids of the grapevine genus and species *Vitis vinifera* L. Aborted seeds resulting from this controlled hybridization were germinate in the greenhouse during the winter and spring of 1994. The resulting seedlings were planted in the spring of 1994 in a vineyard at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service plots on the California State University, Fresno, campus in Fresno, California. The seedlings fruited in the summer of 1996 and one grapevine as selected for propagation. Propagation: 'Autumn King' was first asexually propagated in 1997, using hardwood cuttings.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour of skin	yellow-green
Berry	formation of seed	rudimentary
Plant	fruit maturity	mid and late season

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Thompson Seedless'	mid-season white seedless
'Autumn Seedless'	late season white seedless

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

more of the comparators are marked with	i a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Autumn King'	'Autumn Seedless'	'Thompson Seedless'
*Time of: bud burst (varieties for fruit production only)	late	medium	medium
*Young shoot: openness of tip	fully open	fully open	fully open
□ *Young shoot: density of prostrate hairs on tip	medium	medium	sparse
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	yellow green	light copper-red	yellow green
Young leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: attitude	erect	erect	erect
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internode	completely green	green with red stripes	green with red stripes
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internode	completely green	completely green	completely green
Shoot: density of erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: number of consecutive tendrils	less than three	less than three	less than three
☐ Shoot: length of tendril	long	medium to long	long
*Flower: sexual organs	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed
*Adult leaf: size of blade	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	orbicular	orbicular
☐ Mature leaf: profile in cross section	undulate	undulate	flat to undulate
☐ Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of	weak	weak	weak

blade			
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	medium to deep	deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses	strongly overlapped	slightly overlapped	closed
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half overlapped	half open	closed
☐ Mature leaf: petiole sinus limited by veins	absent	absent	absent
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium to large	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides straight	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex
*Mature leaf: anthocyanin colouration of main veins on upper side of blade	f _{weak}	weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	sparse	sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to middle vein	slightly shorter	equal	slightly shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening (varieties for fruit production only)	very late	late	medium
*Bunch: size	medium	medium	large
*Bunch: density	medium to dense	medium	medium to dense
*Bunch: length of peduncle	medium	medium	medium to long
*Berry: size	very large	medium	medium
*Berry: shape in profile	oblong	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Berry: colour of skin	yellow-green	yellow-green	yellow-green
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	relatively easy	relatively easy
☐ Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium to thick	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	firm	slightly firm	slightly firm
Berry: juiciness of flesh	slightly juicy	slightly juicy	slightly juicy
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary
Woody shoot: main colour	yellowish brown	dark brown	dark brown
Woody shoot: relief of surface	smooth	smooth	smooth
,			

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Autumn King'	'Autumn Seedless'	'Thompson Seedless'	
Leaf: petiole/vein (ratio) 2007 data				
Mean	0.77	1.02	0.84	
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.13	0.09	
LSD/sig	0.12	ns	ns	
Fruit: berry weight (g)				
Mean	9.6	3.10	5.7	
Std. Deviation	0.66	0.16	0.17	
LSD/sig	0.69	P≤0.05	P≤0.05	
Fruit: berry length & width (ratio)	Fruit: berry length & width (ratio)			
Mean	1.33	1.35	1.51	
Std. Deviation	0.02	0.02	0.06	
LSD/sig	0.84	ns	P≤0.05	
Fruit: sugar content (brix)				
Mean	19.2	20.40	16.6	
Std. Deviation	1.38	n/a	0.36	
LSD/sig	1.47	n/a	P≤0.05	

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2004	Granted	'Autumn King'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Wayne Farquhar, South Australian Vine Improvement Incorporated, Gawler, SA.

Application Number 2004/002

Variety Name 'Summer Royal' Genus Species 'Vitis vinifera

Common Name Grape **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 24 Mar 2004

Applicant The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary

of Agriculture

Agent Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Wayne Farquhar

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Fresno, California.

Descriptor Grapevine (*Vitis*) TG/50/8

Period 1999-2007.

Conditions A three cross arm T type trellis structure with the top cross

arm of 122cm in length set 189cm above the ground; a second cross arm of 102cm in length set 156cm above the ground; and a third cross arm 91cm in length set 125cm above the ground. The trellis structure had two wires per cross arm.

Water applied as needed by drip irrigation.

Trial Design Twenty five vines of 'Summer Royal' planted in 1996, five

vines of 'Fantasy Seedless' planted in 1996 and two vines of

'Ribier' were observed.

Measurements Where dimensions, sizes, colours and other characteristics are

given, it is to be understood that such characteristics are approximations of averages set forth as accurately as

practicable.

RHS Chart - edition No colour chart used for these comparative descriptions.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The variety originated from a hand-pollinated cross of 'A69-190' (unpatented) and 'C20-149' (unpatented) made in 1985 at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Research Service, Horticultural Crops Research Laboratory plots at California State University, Fresno, in Fresno, California. Both of the parents are hybrids of the grapevine genus and species *Vitis vinifera* L. Seeds resulting from this controlled hybridisation were germinated in a greenhouse in the winter of 1985-86 laboratory. Resulting seedlings were planted in the spring of 1986 in an experimental vineyard at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service plots on the California State University, Fresno, campus at Fresno, California. The seedlings of the 'Summer Royal' produced fruit in the summer of 1990. Propagation: 'Summer Royal' was propagated asexually by rooting hardwood cuttings at Fresno, California in 1992 and a test planting of four vines was established at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service plots on the California State University, Fresno, campus at Fresno, California.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour of skin	blue-black
Berry	formation of seed	rudimentary or complete
Plant	fruit maturity	mid-season

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Fantasy Seedless'	mid-season black seedless.
'Ribier'	mid-season black seeded.

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. **Organ/Plant Part: Context** 'Summer Royal' 'Fantasy Seedless' 'Ribier' *Time of: bud burst (varieties for early early medium fruit production only) *Young shoot: openness of tip fully open wide open fully open *Young shoot: density of prostrate sparse medium dense hairs on tip *Young shoot: anthocyanin absent or very weak absent or very weak absent or very weak colouration of prostrate hairs on tip *Young leaf: colour of upper side green with yellow green light copper-red anthocyanin spots Young leaf: density of prostrate absent or very absent or very dense hairs between main veins on lower sparse sparse side of blade Young leaf: density of erect hairs absent or very absent or very sparse sparse on main veins on lower side of blade sparse erect erect erect Shoot: attitude Shoot: colour of dorsal side of green with red green with red green with red stripes stripes stripes internode *Shoot: colour of ventral side of green with red completely green completely green stripes internode Shoot: density of erect hairs on absent or very absent or very absent or very sparse sparse sparse internodes Shoot: number of consecutive less than three less than three less than three tendrils very long medium medium to long Shoot: length of tendril stamens and stamens and stamens and gynoecium both gynoecium both *Flower: sexual organs gynoecium both fully developed fully developed fully developed medium to large medium to large *Adult leaf: size of blade medium *Mature leaf: shape of blade orbicular orbicular pentagonal Mature leaf: profile in cross sectionundulate flat undulate

Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	absent or very weak	weak to medium
□ *Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium to deep	medium	medium to deep
☐ Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses		slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open to slightly open	half overlapped	half open
Mature leaf: petiole sinus limited by veins	absent	absent	absent
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	large	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex
*Mature leaf: anthocyanin colouration of main veins on upper side of blade	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	medium
*Mature leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	absent or very sparse	medium
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to middle vein	slightly shorter	slightly shorter	equal
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening (varieties for fruit production only)	medium	medium	medium
*Bunch: size	large	medium	medium to large
*Bunch: density	loose to medium	loose	dense
*Bunch: length of peduncle	medium to long	medium	medium
*Berry: size	large	large	very large
*Berry: shape in profile	circular	obtuse ovate	circular
*Berry: colour of skin	blue black	blue black	blue black
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	relatively easy	difficult
Berry: thickness of skin	medium to thick	medium	thick
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	firm	slightly firm	firm

Berry: juiciness	s of flesh	slightly juicy	slightly juicy	slightly juicy
*Berry: particul		none	none	none
*Berry: formati		rudimentary	rudimentary	complete
□ Woody shoot: r		dark brown	yellowish brown	dark brown
□ Woody shoot: r	relief of surface	smooth	striate	smooth
Statistical Table				
		'Summer Royal'	'Fantasy Seedless'	'Ribier'
Fruit: sugar con	ntent (brix)			
Mean	` ,	20.30	19.3	n/a
Std. Deviation		1.28	1.45	n/a
LSD/sig		2.00	ns	n/a
☐ Leaf: petiole/ve	ein (ratio)			
Mean		0.95	0.73	0.98
Std. Deviation		0.06	0.07	0.10
LSD/sig		0.13	P≤0.05	ns
☐ Fruit: berry wei	ight (g)			
Mean		6.10	6.6	n/a
Std. Deviation		0.16	0.57	n/a
LSD/sig		0.77	ns	n/a
Fruit: berry len	gth & width (ratio)			
Mean	_	1.10	1.37	n/a
Std. Deviation		0.06	0.05	n/a
LSD/sig		0.08	ns	n/a
	101			
Prior Applications		G	NT A 1° . 1	
Country Chile	Year 2004	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'Summer Royal'	
EU	2004	Applied	'Summer Royal'	
South Africa	2004	Applied	'Summer Royal'	
South Tillion	2003	1 ipplied	Summer Royar	

First sold in the USA on 1 Feb 1999 under the name 'Summer Royal'.

 $Description: \textbf{Wayne Farquhar}, South \ Australian \ Vine \ Improvement \ Incorporated, Gawler, SA.$

Application Number 2004/001 Variety Name 'Princess' Genus Species Vitis vinifera

Common Name Grape **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 24 Mar 2004

Applicant The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary

of Agriculture

Agent Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Wayne Farquhar

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Fresno, California.

Descriptor Grapevine (*Vitis*) TG/50/8

Period 1999-2007

Conditions A three cross arm T type trellis structure with the top cross

arm of 122cm in length set 189cm above the ground; a second cross arm of 102cm in length set 156cm above the ground; and a third cross arm 91cm in length set 125cm above the ground. The trellis structure had two wires per cross arm.

Water applied as needed by drip irrigation.

Trial Design Twenty five vines of 'Princess' and five vines of 'Thompson

Seedless' planted in 1996 were observed.

Measurements Where dimensions, sizes, colours and other characteristics are

given, it is to be understood that such characteristics are approximations of averages set forth as accurately as

practicable.

RHS Chart - edition No colour chart used for these comparative descriptions.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the variety originated from a hand-pollinated cross of 'Crimson Seedless' (unpatented) and 'B40-208' (unpatented) made in 1988 at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Research Service, San Joaquin Valley Agricultural Sciences Center plots at California State University, Fresno, in Fresno, California. Both of the parents are hybrids of the grapevine genus and species *Vitis vinifera* L. Aborted seeds resulting from this controlled hybridisation were developed further through invitro tissue culture and germinated in the laboratory during the fall of 1988. The resulting seedlings were planted in the spring of 1989 in a vineyard at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service plots on the California State University, Fresno, campus in Fresno, California. Propagation: 'Princess' was first asexually propagated in 1992, using hardwood cuttings.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour of skin	yellow-green
Berry	formation of seed	rudimentary
Plant	fruit maturity	mid-season

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wost Similar Varieties of Con	mion into wieuge identified (VEIL)	
Name	Comments	
'Thompson Seedless'	Mid season white seedless.	

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}$ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Princess'	'Thompson Seedless'
	*Time of: bud burst (varieties for fruit production only)	medium	medium
	*Young shoot: openness of tip	fully open	fully open
	*Young shoot: density of prostrate hairs on tip	sparse	sparse
on	*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	yellow green	yellow green
on	Young leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
sid	Young leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower e of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
	Shoot: attitude	erect	erect
	Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internode	green with red stripes	green with red stripes
	*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internode		completely green
	Shoot: density of erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
	Shoot: number of consecutive tendrils	less than three	less than three
	Shoot: length of tendril	very long	long
	*Flower: sexual organs	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed
~	*Adult leaf: size of blade	large	medium
	*Mature leaf: shape of blade	orbicular	orbicular
	Mature leaf: profile in cross section	undulate	flat to undulate
	Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	weak
	*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five
~	Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	deep
~	Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses	open	closed
	*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	slightly open	closed

☐ Mature leaf: petiole sinus limited by veins	absent	absent
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex
*Mature leaf: anthocyanin colouration of main veins on upper side of blade	weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	sparse
☐ Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to middle vein	slightly shorter	slightly shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening (varieties for fruit production only)	medium	medium
*Bunch: size	medium	large
*Bunch: density	medium	medium to dense
*Bunch: length of peduncle	medium	medium to long
*Berry: size	large	medium
*Berry: shape in profile	oblong	broad elliptic
*Berry: colour of skin	yellow-green	yellow-green
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	medium	relatively easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	firm	slightly firm
Berry: juiciness of flesh	slightly juicy	slightly juicy
*Berry: particular flavour	light muscat	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary
☐ Woody shoot: main colour	dark brown	dark brown
Woody shoot: relief of surface	smooth	smooth
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Princess'	'Thompson Seedless'
Fruit: sugar content (brix)		
Mean Std. Deviction	20.0	16.6
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.92 1.04	0.36 P≤0.05
Leaf: petiole/vein (ratio)	1.01	1 20.03
Mean	0.80	0.84
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.09

LSD/sig	0.10	ns
Fruit: berry weight (g)		
Mean	5.9	5.7
Std. Deviation	0.56	0.17
LSD/sig	0.62	ns
Fruit: berry length: width ratio		
Mean	1.30	1.51
Std. Deviation	0.05	0.06
LSD/sig	0.11	P<0.05

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2004	Applied	'Princess'
South Africa	2003	Applied	'Princess'

First sold in the USA on 1 Feb 1999 under the name 'Melissa'.

 $Description: \textbf{Wayne Farquhar}, South \ Australian \ Vine \ Improvement \ Incorporated, Gawler, SA.$

Application Number 2005/292
Variety Name 'Scarlet Royal'
Genus Species Vitis vinifera

Common Name Grape

Synonym

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

Applicant The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary

of Agriculture

Agent Freehills Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Wayne Farquhar

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Fresno, California

Descriptor Grapevine (*Vitis*) TG/50/8

Period 2001-2007.

Conditions A three cross arm T type trellis structure with the top cross

arm of 122cm in length set 189cm above the ground; a second cross arm of 102cm in length set 156cm above the ground; and a third cross arm 91cm in length set 125cm above the ground. The trellis structure had two wires per cross arm.

Water applied as needed by drip irrigation.

Trial Design Twenty four vines of 'Scarlet Royal' planted in 1997 and five

vines each of 'Ruby Seedless' and 'Crimson Seedless'

planted in 1996 were observed.

Measurements Where dimensions, sizes, colours and other characteristics are

given, it is to be understood that such characteristics are approximations of averages set forth as accurately as

practicable.

RHS Chart - edition No colour chart used for these comparative descriptions.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the variety originated from a hand-pollinated cross of 'C33-30' (unpatented) and 'C51-63' (unpatented) made in 1992 at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Research Service, Postharvest Quality and Genetics Research Unit plots at California State University, Fresno, in Fresno, California. Both of the parents are hybrids of the grapevine genus and species *Vitis vinifera* L. Aborted seeds resulting from this controlled hybridization were developed further through in vitro tissue culture and germinated in the laboratory during the fall of 1992. The resulting seedling population totalled 21 individual plants. All seedlings were planted in the spring of 1993 in a vineyard at the United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service plots on the California State University, Fresno, California. The seedlings fruited in the summer of 1995 and one grape vine was selected for propagations. Propagation: 'Scarlet Royal' was first asexually propagated in 1996, using hardwood cuttings.

or

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour of skin	reddish
Berry	formation of seed	rudimentary
Plant	fruit maturity	mid to late season

y					
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name	Comments				
'Crimson Seedless'	Red late season s	O I			
'Ruby Seedless'	Red mid-season	O I			
Variety Description and Distinctness		vnich distinguish th	e candidate from on		
more of the comparators are market Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Scarlet Royal'	'Crimson Seedless	''Ruhy Seedless'		
	·	Cimison Securess	raby becaress		
fruit production only)	medium	medium	medium		
*Young shoot: openness of tip	fully open	fully open	fully open		
*Young shoot: density of prostrate hairs on tip	sparse	medium	sparse		
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	light copper-red	dark copper-red	light copper-red		
Young leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		
Young leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	medium	sparse	absent or very sparse		
Shoot: attitude	erect	erect	erect		
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internode	green with red stripes	completely red	green with red stripes		
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internode	completely green	green with red stripes	completely green		
Shoot: density of erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		
Shoot: number of consecutive tendrils	less than three	less than three	less than three		
☐ Shoot: length of tendril	medium	very long	very long		
*Flower: sexual organs	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed	stamens and gynoecium both fully developed		
*Adult leaf: size of blade	medium	medium to large	medium		
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	orbicular	pentagonal		
Mature leaf: profile in cross section	-	undulate	undulate		
	weak	weak	weak		
Mature leaf: blistering of upper	weak	weak	weak		

-11611-1-			
side of blade *Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five
_	Tive	Tive	Tive
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	medium to deep	medium to deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses		strongly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	slightly open	slightly open
☐ Mature leaf: petiole sinus limited by veins	absent	absent	absent
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight & both sides convex	both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: anthocyanin colouration of main veins on upper side of blade	absent or very weak	weak	weak
*Mature leaf: density of prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: density of erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	medium	sparse	sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to middle vein	slightly shorter	slightly shorter	slightly shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening (varieties for fruit production only)	medium	late	medium
*Bunch: size	large	large	large
*Bunch: density	dense	medium	medium
*Bunch: length of peduncle	medium	medium	long to very long
□ *Berry: size	large	large	medium
*Berry: shape in profile	broad elliptic	elliptic	broad elliptic
*Berry: colour of skin	dark red violet	rose	dark red violet
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	relatively easy	relatively easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium to thick	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
☐ Berry: firmness of flesh	firm	firm	slightly firm to soft
Berry: juiciness of flesh	slightly juicy	slightly juicy	slightly juicy
J			

*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary
Woody shoot: main colour	yellowish brown	dark brown	dark brown
☐ Woody shoot: relief of surface	smooth	smooth	smooth
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Scarlet Royal'	'Crimson Seedless	''Ruby Seedless'
Fruit: sugar content (brix)			
Mean	23.0	19.4	20.20
Std. Deviation	1.16	0.79	0.48
LSD/sig	1.25	P≤0.05	P≤0.05
Leaf: petiole/vein (ratio)			
Mean	0.81	0.80	0.81
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.07	0.06
LSD/sig	0.09	ns	ns
☐ Fruit: berry weight (g)			
Mean	7.40	4.60	3.00
Std. Deviation	0.95	0.20	0.48
LSD/sig	1.25	P≤0.05	P≤0.05
Fruit: berry length & width (ratio)			
Mean	1.31	1.30	1.10
Std. Deviation	0.03	0.03	0.02
LSD/sig	0.05	ns	P≤0.05
B			
Prior Applications and Sales	a	N T 4 T 0 T	
Country Year USA 2004	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'Scarlet Royal'	

Prior sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Wayne Farquhar}, South \ Australian \ Vine \ Improvement \ Incorporated, Gawler, SA.$

Application Number 2004/172 **Variety Name** 'PS 6545691' **Genus Species** *Lactuca sativa*

Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 19 Aug 2004

Applicant Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc., Wageningen, The Netherlands

Agent Blake Dawson Waldron, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person John Oates

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Covino Farms Produce Pty Ltd, Seaspray Rd, Longford, VIC

38°17′ S, 147°07′ E.

Descriptor Lettuce (new) (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/10 **Period** Dec 2006 (Week 48) to Jan 2007 (Week 4).

Conditions Seedlings were grown in the field in sandy soil, raised beds

with overhead irrigation as required. The crop was subject to fluctuating cold/very hot temperatures and minimal rainfall.

Trial Design The candidate variety and the comparator were each grown in

6 blocks of 20 plants (4 rows x 5 plants).

Measurements were taken at random from plants in the

middle row of each replicate block. One measurement per

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The candidate variety, 'PS 6545691', was selected over 6 generations using a pedigree selection procedure from a cross involving, the female parent, 'PI 206964' and the male parent, 'Salinas 88'. The selection criteria were: Head: type Romaine; Inner leaf: density high, colour pale green-yellow, texture soft; also resistance to corky rot and LMV. The selection work was conducted at Arroyo Grande, California, USA. Genetic variants and off-types have not been observed since the seventh generation in 2000. Breeder: Dr William Waycott, Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Par	tContext	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	Cos Lettuce (Roman Lettuce)
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Leaf	hue of green colour of outer leaves	greyish
Head	shape in longitudinal section	narrow elliptic
Plant	fasciation	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

MOSt Sillina	varieties of common knowledge identified (very)	
Name	Comments	

'PS 6545701'

'Clemente'

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'PS 6545691'	'Clemente'	'PS 6545701'
*Seed: colour	black	white	black
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
Seedling: size of cotyledon	small	small to medium	small
Seedling: shape of cotyledon	very narrow elliptic to narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic to medium elliptic	very narrow elliptic to narrow elliptic
Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	erect to semi-erect	terect to semi-erec	t semi-erect
Leaf blade: division	entire	entire	entire
*Plant: diameter	small	small to medium	medium
*Plant: head formation	closed head	open head	closed head
Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves (varieties with closed head formation only)	weak to medium		weak to medium
Head: density	medium	loose	loose to medium
Head: size	medium to large	large	medium to large
*Head: shape in longitudinal section	narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic
Leaf: thickness	medium to thick	medium	medium to thick
Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	erect to semi-erect	terect to semi-erec	terect to semi-erect
*Leaf: shape	triangular	medium elliptic	broad obtrullate
Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded	rounded
*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	greyish	greyish	greyish
*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium	medium	medium
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Leaf: blistering	weak	weak to medium	weak
Leaf: size of blisters	small to medium	medium	small to medium
*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	medium to strong	very weak to weak	medium to strong
Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: venation	not flabellate	not flabellate	not flabellate
Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
☐ Time of: harvest maturity	early	early	early
*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	medium to late	medium to late	medium

Plant: height	medium	medium to tall	medium to tall	
Plant: fasciation	absent	absent	absent	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'PS 6545691'	'Clemente'	'PS 6545701'	

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'PS 6545691'	'Clemente'	'PS 6545701'
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	31.45	33.55	33.05
Std. Deviation	1.96	1.96	2.31
LSD/sig	1.42	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: diameter (cm)			
Mean	36.20	39.05	37.55
Std. Deviation	2.35	3.24	1.70
LSD/sig	1.89	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2004	Applied	'PS 6545691'
USA	2005	Granted	'PS 6545691'

Prior sale nil.

Description: John Oates, VF Solution, Tuross Head, NSW.

Application Number 2004/173 **Variety Name** 'PS 6545701' **Genus Species** *Lactuca sativa*

Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 16 Aug 2004

Applicant Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc., Wageningen, The Netherlands

Agent Blake Dawson Waldron, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person John Oates

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Covino Farms Produce Pty Ltd, Seaspray Rd, Longford, VIC

38°17′ S, 147°07′ E.

Descriptor Lettuce (new) (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/10 **Period** Dec 2006 (Week 48) to Jan 2007 (Week 4)

Conditions Seedlings were grown in the field in sandy soil, raised beds

with overhead irrigation as required. The crop was subject to fluctuating cold/very hot temperatures and minimal rainfall.

Trial Design The candidate variety and the comparator were each grown in

6 blocks of 20 plants (4 rows x 5 plants).

Measurements Were taken at random from plants in the

middle row of each replicate block. One measurement per

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The candidate variety, 'PS 6545701', was selected over 6 generations using a pedigree selection procedure from a cross involving, the female parent, 'PI 206964' and the male parent, 'Salinas 88'. The selection criteria were: Head: type Romaine; Inner leaf: density high, colour pale green-yellow, texture soft; also resistance to corky rot and LMV. The selection work was conducted at Arroyo Grande, California, USA. Genetic variants and off-types have not been observed since the seventh generation in 2000. Breeder: Dr William Waycott, Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	Cos Lettuce (Roman Lettuce)
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Leaf	hue of green colour of outer	greyish
	leaves	
Head	shape in longitudinal section	narrow elliptic
Plant	fasciation	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Tame Comments
anic

'Clemente'

	ore of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(DC < 444044	(C)
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'PS 6545701'	'Clemente'
~	*Seed: colour	black	white
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	Seedling: size of cotyledon	small	small to medium
~	Seedling: shape of cotyledon	very narrow elliptic to narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic to medium elliptic
	Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
	Leaf blade: division	entire	entire
	*Plant: diameter	medium	small to medium
	*Plant: head formation	open head	open head
(va	Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves arieties with closed head formation only)	weak to medium	
	Head: density	loose to medium	loose
	Head: size	medium to large	large
	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic
	Leaf: thickness	medium to thick	medium
	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	erect to semi-erect	terect to semi-erect
~	*Leaf: shape	broad obtrullate	medium elliptic
	Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded
	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	greyish	greyish
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium	medium
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	*Leaf: blistering	weak	weak to medium
	Leaf: size of blisters	small to medium	
~	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	medium to strong	very weak to weak
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: venation	not flabellate	not flabellate
	Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Time of: harvest maturity	early	early
	*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	medium	medium to late
	Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall
	Plant: fasciation	absent	absent
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'PS 6545701'	'Clemente'

Leaf : colour (RHS)		146A	ca146A	
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part	: Context		'PS 6545701'	'Clemente'
☐ Plant: height (o	cm)			
Mean			33.05	33.55
Std. Deviation			2.31	1.96
LSD/sig			1.407	ns
Plant: diameter (cm)				
Mean			37.55	39.05
Std. Deviation			1.70	3.24
LSD/sig		2.056	ns	
Prior Applications and Sales				
Country Canada	Year 2004	Current Status Applied	Name Applied 'PS 6545701'	

Prior sale nil.

Description: John Oates, VF Solution, Tuross Head, NSW.

Application Number 2005/313 **Variety Name** 'Freedom' **Genus Species** Lactuca sativa

Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

Applicant Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc., Wageningen, The Netherlands

Agent Blake Dawson Waldron, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person John Oates

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Covino Farms Produce Pty Ltd, Seaspray Rd, Longford, VIC

38°17′ S, 147°07′ E.

Descriptor Lettuce (new) (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/10 **Period** Dec 2006 (Week 48) to Jan 2007 (Week 4)

Conditions Seedlings were grown in the field in sandy soil, raised beds

with overhead irrigation as required. The crop was subject to fluctuating cold/very hot temperatures and minimal rainfall.

Trial Design The candidate variety and the comparator were each grown in

6 blocks of 20 plants (4 rows x 5 plants).

Measurements were taken at random from plants in the

middle row of each replicate block. One measurement per

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Self-pollination: An off-type of germplasm line LLF 88-612g was observed in 2001 at Nimes, France with characteristics: plant compact, habit middle erect and resistance to Downy Mildew BL1-BL24. The line has been propagated by self pollination through at least 6 generations will no observable off-types. Breeder: Alain Chiron, Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	Butterhead lettuce
Plant	head formation	open head
Seed	colour	black
Leaf	anthocyanin coloration	absent
Time of	beginning of bolting under long	early
	day conditions	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Silliai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	

'Kristine'

'Krizet'

'Basic'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Krizet'	plant	diameter	medium	small to medium
'Basic'	leaf margin	degree of undulation	strong	very strong

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Freedom'	'Kristine'
	*Seed: colour	black	black
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
~	Seedling: size of cotyledon	small to medium	large
~	Seedling: shape of cotyledon	broad elliptic to very broad elliptic	-
	Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	semi-erect	semi-erect
	Leaf blade: division	divided	divided
~	*Plant: diameter	medium	medium to large
	*Plant: head formation	open head	open head
	Head: density	medium	medium
	Head: size	medium to large	large
~	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	circular	broad elliptic
	Leaf: thickness	medium	medium
•	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	erect to semi-erect	semi-erect to horizontal
~	*Leaf: shape	circular	triangular
	Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded
	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	yellowish	yellowish
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	medium	light to medium
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium
	*Leaf: blistering	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
	Leaf: size of blisters	large	large
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: venation	flabellate	flabellate
	Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Time of: harvest maturity	early	early
	*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	early	early
~	Plant: height	medium	short to medium

☐ Plant: fasciation	absent	absent
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Freedom'	'Kristine'
Leaf: colour (RHS)	150A	151C

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Freedom'	'Kristine'	
Plant: diameter (cm)			
Mean	28.35	31.60	
Std. Deviation	1.79	1.39	
LSD/sig	0.98	P≤0.01	
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	22.05	19.95	
Std. Deviation	1.93	1.79	
LSD/sig	0.99	P≤0.01	

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2003	Applied	'Freedom'

First overseas sale Aug 2003. First Australian sale May 2005.

Description: John Oates, VF Solution, Tuross Head, NSW.

Application Number 2005/262 **Variety Name** 'Lulu'

Genus Species Syzygium luehmannii

Common Name Lilly Pilly

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

Applicant Jo Barber and Chris Barber, Meldale, QLD

Agent Nil

Qualified Person David Hockings

Details of Comparative Trial

Location108 Bullock Creek Road, Meldale, QLD 4510.DescriptorLilly Pilly (Acmena smithii/Syzygium sp) PBR LILL

Period Dec 05 – Mar 07

Conditions 200mm pots on bench in open conditions.

Trial Design 10 plants of each variety placed in random pattern.

Measurements Measurements from each plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1986

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seedling selected from a batch of seed from a private property in 1995. Seedlings observed as different from population at Bullock Creek Nursery in 1995-6. From original seedling batch, three generations of cuttings have been taken and no variation has been observed. Selection criteria: plant habit, plant height and leaf size. Propagation: cuttings. Breeder: Joanne Leslie Barber, Meldale, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

turiouj or common	1110 1110 00	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stem	internode length	short
Stem	basal diameter	narrow
Leaf	variegation	absent
Leaf	stiffness	medium
Leaf	shape of apex	obtuse
Leaf	shape of base	obtuse

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOSC SIIIIII V	arrettes of common time wreage rachtmea (v crit)
Name	Comments
S. luehmannii	normal seedling from parent tree
'Little Lucy'	similar growth habit narrower leaves

more of the comparators are marked with		(T '44) T	G 1 1 ···
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lulu'	'Little Lucy'	S. luehmannii
Plant: growth habit	spreading to bushy	bushy	upright to strongly upright
Plant: height	very short	short	tall
Plant: branch density	medium to dense	dense to very dense	very sparse to sparse
Stem: branch angle	45 degrees	50 degrees	50 degrees
Stem: internode length	short	short	short
Stem: basal diameter	narrow	narrow	narrow
☐ Stem: colour of mature stem (RHS colour chart)	199A	199B	199A
Stem: colour of new growth (RHS colour chart)	166B	182B	199A
Leaf: blade length	small	medium	medium
Leaf: blade width	medium	narrow	medium to broad
Leaf: petiole length	small	small	small
Leaf: shape of blade	lanceolate	narrow lanceolate	lanceolate
Leaf: shape of apex	obtuse	obtuse	obtuse
Leaf: shape of base	obtuse	obtuse	obtuse
Leaf: glossiness	strong to medium	medium to weak	medium
Leaf: shape of cross section	convex	convex	convex to flat
Leaf: shape of longitudinal section	convex	convex	flat
Leaf: stiffness	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: prominence of midrib on lower surface	not prominent	not prominent	prominent
Mature leaf: primary colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	147A	137A	174A
Mature leaf: primary colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	144A	143A	144A
Partly mature leaf: primary colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	164A	199A	199A
Partly mature leaf: primary colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	199C	152B	159A
Newly emerged: upper side (RHS colour chart)	¹ 184A	183A	185A
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: petiole colour (RHS colour chart)	146D	146C	146B

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lulu'	'Little Lucy'	S. luehmannii
Plant: height (mm)			
Mean	287.00	387.00	524.50
Std. Deviation	41.20	67.50	47.90
LSD/sig	66.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Internode: length (mm)			
Mean	21.80	28.00	23.80
Std. Deviation	6.18	8.86	6.30
LSD/sig	8.95	ns	ns
Leaf blade: length (mm)			
Mean	42.00	55.00	53.20
Std. Deviation	5.19	3.71	5.05
LSD/sig	5.82	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (mm)			
Mean	15.26	7.17	18.30
Std. Deviation	0.06	0.04	0.09
LSD/sig	0.085	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil

Description: David Hockings, Maleny, QLD.

Application Number 2004/107 **Variety Name** 'OHAR 01240'

Genus Species Argyranthemum frutescens

Common NameMarguerite DaisySynonymSanta MariaAccepted Date31 Aug 2004

ApplicantBonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSWAgentOasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Tim Angus

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Canada

Authority

Overseas Data 04-3998

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified under local conditions in

Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

Descriptor Argyranthemum (new) (*Argyranthemum frutescens*)

TG/222/1

Period Dec 2006 to Apr 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in outside commercial production area,

rooted cuttings (propagated from stock plants grown at Winmalee) potted into 150mm standard pots in commercial potting mix, nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertilizer applications, plant protection treatments applied as necessary. No pinching or other plant shaping treatments

were applied.

Trial Design 10 plants of the candidate variety were grown to confirm

overseas test report data.

Measurements Taken at random from 10 plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Cobeer' x pollen parent 'Holly Bell' in a planned breeding program. Seed parent is characterised by Foliage: colour medium green, Flower: type single. Pollen parent is characterised by Ray floret: main colour pink, Ray floret: colour base of upper side red purple. Selection criteria: plant habit, flower habit, flower colour. Selection was done at Winmalee, NSW, Australia in 2001. Propagation: by vegetative tip cuttings, no off types occurred in at least three successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. 'OHAR 01240' will be commercially propagated by vegetative tip cuttings. Breeder: Dr Andrew Bernuetz, Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Ray floret main colour of upper side red purple
Disc colour yellow orange

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wost Silmar varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)				
Name	Comments			
'Supaglow'				
'Supasat'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Summer Melody'	flower head type	single	double
'Cobsing'	ray floret main colour upper side	red purple	lighter pink

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'OHAR 01240'	'Supaglow'	'Supasat'
☐ Plant: growth habit	rounded		
*Plant: height	short to medium		long
☐ Plant: density	medium to dense		
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present		
*Leaf: length	medium	long	
*Leaf: width	narrow to mediun	n	
*Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green	blue green	
Lateral lobe: length	medium		
Lateral lobe: width	medium		
Lateral lobe: depth of marginal incision	_S medium		
Peduncle: length	medium		
*Flower head: type	single		semi double
*Flower head: diameter	medium		
Ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axi	_S reflexed		
*Ray floret: length	short to medium		
*Ray floret: width	medium		
*Ray floret: number of colours	one	two	
*Ray floret: main colour of upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	N74A-B	71A at base 70D at apex	
*Ray floret: secondary colour of upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	n/a	background colour 60C	

	eter (varieties with flowers) le; semi double; and anen			
like only)	,			
□ *Disc: main	colour (varieties with			
	e: single and semi double	e yellow orange	yellow orange	yellow orange
only)	C			
_	eginning of flowering	early		
Statistical Tab		J		
Organ/Plant P		'OHAR 01240'	•	
Leaf: width				
Mean Mean	(IIIII)	40.00		
Std. deviation		3.01		
☐ Plant: heigh	t (mm)			
Mean	tt (IIIII)	198.50		
Std. deviation		11.06		
Leaf: length	ı (mm)			
Mean Mean	i (iiiii)	65.50		
Std. deviation		4.69		
Ray floret: 1	enoth (mm)			
Mean	engui (iiiii)	15.50		
Std. deviation		1.08		
Ray floret:	width (mm)			
Mean	width (IIIII)	5.45		
Std. deviation		0.50		
☐ Flower head	l: diameter (mm)			
Mean	s. diameter (mm)	41.00		
Std. deviation		3.37		
☐ Disc: diame	eter (mm)			
Mean	(mm)	14.20		
Std. deviation		1.40		
Prior Applicat	-			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
Canada	2003	Granted	'OHAR01240'	
Japan	2005	Applied	'OHAR01240'	

First sold in USA in Dec 2002. First Australian sale Mar 2003.

2003

2003

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, NZ.

ΕŪ

USA

Surrendered

Granted

'OHAR01240'

'OHAR01240'

Application Number 2006/106

Variety Name 'OHMADCAMA' **Genus Species** Argyranthemum hybrid

Common Name Marguerite Daisy

Camara **Synonym Accepted Date** 7 Jun 2006

Applicant Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Agent **Qualified Person** Tim Angus

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Canada

Authority

Overseas Data 04-3999

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified under local conditions in

Winmalee, NSW, Australia

Argyranthemum **Descriptor** (new) *frutescens*) (Argyranthemum

TG/222/1

Period Dec 2006 to Apr 2007

Trial conducted in outside commercial production area, **Conditions**

rooted cuttings (propagated from stock plants grown at Winmalee) potted into 150mm standard pots in commercial potting mix, nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertilizer applications, plant protection treatments applied as necessary. No pinching or other plant shaping treatments

were applied.

Trial Design 10 plants of the candidate variety were grown to confirm

overseas test report data.

Taken at random from 10 plants. Measurements

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent proprietary breeding line 01-167 x pollen parent proprietary breeding line 01-19 in a planned breeding program. Seed parent is characterised by flower type semi double, flower colour pink. Pollen parent is characterised by plant habit very compact, flower type single. Selection criteria: plant habit, flower habit, flower colour. Selection was done at Winmalee, NSW, Australia in 2002. Propagation: by vegetative tip cuttings, no off types occurred in at least three successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. 'Ohmadcama' will be commercially propagated by vegetative tip cuttings. Breeder: Dr Andrew Bernuetz, Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Ray floret main colour of upper side white Flower type double

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE CITATION	, mileties of committee (, cir
Name	Comments
'Supalife'	white double

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing			State of Evpression i	n State of Expression in
variety	Characteri	O	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Summer Angel'	Flower	type	double	semi-double
'Supagem'	Leaf	size	smaller	larger
'Supagem'	Flower	diameter	larger	smaller
'White Blush'	Disc floret	colour	pale yellow	orange yellow
'Sugar Baby'	Plant	height	compact	tall

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'OHMADCAMA'	'Supalife'
Plant: growth habit	rounded	22 F 11 12 1
*Plant: height	short	medium to long
Plant: density	dense	
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent	
*Leaf: length	long	very long
*Leaf: width	medium	broad
*Leaf: colour of upper side	dark green	
Lateral lobe: length	short to medium	
☐ Lateral lobe: width	medium to broad	
Lateral lobe: depth of marginal incisions	medium	
Peduncle: length	medium	
*Flower head: type	double	
*Flower head: diameter	medium	
Flower head: number of ray florets (non single flower head type varieties only)	medium to many	
Ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis	reflexed	
*Ray floret: length	short to medium	
*Ray floret: width	medium	
*Ray floret: number of colours	one	
*Ray floret: main colour of upper side (RHS Colou Chart)	¹ 155D	
*Ray floret: secondary colour of upper side (RHS	na	

Colour Chart)	
Ray floret: main colour of lower side (RHS Colour Chart)	155D
*Disc: diameter (varieties with flower head type: single; semi double; and anemone like only)	small
*Disc: main colour (varieties with flower head type single and semi double only)	brown
*Time of: beginning of flowering	early
Drien Applications and Cales	

Prior Applications and Sales

1 1101 /Applica	nons and baies		
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2004	Granted	'OHMADCAMA'
USA	2004	Granted	'OHMADCAMA'
EU	2004	Granted	'OHMADCAMA'
Japan	2005	Applied	'OHMADCAMA'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'OHMADCAMA'

First sold in USA in Jan 2004.

 $Description: \textbf{Tim Angus,} \ Wellington, \ NZ.$

Application Number 2006/108

Variety Name'OHMADSACA'Genus SpeciesArgyranthemum hybridCommon NameMarguerite Daisy

Synonym Santa Catarina
Accepted Date 07 Jun 2006

Applicant Bonza Botanicals Pty Ltd, Winmalee, NSW

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** Tim Angus

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Community Plant Varieties Office (CPVO)

Authority

Overseas Data CHF 157

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified under local conditions in

Winmalee, NSW, Australia

Descriptor Argyranthemum (new) (Argyranthemum frutescens)

TG/222/1

Period Dec 2006 to Apr 2007

Conditions Trial conducted in outside commercial production area,

rooted cuttings (propagated from stock plants grown at Winmalee) potted into 150mm standard pots in commercial potting mix, nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertilizer applications, plant protection treatments applied as necessary. No pinching or other plant shaping treatments

were applied

Trial Design 10 plants of the candidate variety were grown to confirm

overseas test report data. Comparator information was taken

from Canadian published description.

Measurements Taken at random from 10 plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent proprietary breeding line $01\text{-}180 \times \text{pollen}$ parent 'Suparosa' in a planned breeding program. Seed parent is characterised by Flower head: diameter small, and Flower: colour light pink. Pollen parent is characterised by Flower head: type single. Selection criteria: Plant: habit; Flower: habit, colour. Selection was done at Winmalee, NSW, Australia in 2002. Propagation: by vegetative tip cuttings, no off types occurred in at least three successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. 'Ohmadsaca' will be commercially propagated by vegetative tip cuttings. Breeder: Dr Andrew Bernuetz, Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	short
Flower head	type	anemone
Leaf	colour of upper side	medium green
Ray floret	main colour of upper side	purple

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillilar	varieues of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
'Sunamon'	

^{&#}x27;Supamon'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context 'OHMADSACA' 'Supamon'

□ Plant: growth habit rounded

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'OHMADSACA'	'Supamon'
Plant: growth habit	rounded	
*Plant: height	short	
☐ Plant: density	medium to dense	
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present	
*Leaf: length	medium	
*Leaf: width	narrow to medium	l
*Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green	
Lateral lobe: length	medium to long	
Lateral lobe: width	medium	
Lateral lobe: depth of marginal incisions	shallow to medium	
Peduncle: length	medium	
*Flower head: type	anemone like	
*Flower head: diameter	medium to large	
Flower head: number of ray florets (non single flower head type varieties only)	few to medium	
Ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	reflexed
*Ray floret: length	short to medium	
*Ray floret: width	narrow to medium	l
*Ray floret: number of colours	one	one
*Ray floret: main colour of upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	76B	75A-B
Ray floret: main colour of lower side (RHS Colour Chart)	76C-D	75B
*Disc: diameter (varieties with flower head type: single; semi double; and anemone like only)	large	
*Disc floret: colour (varieties with anemone like flower head type only) (RHS Colour Chart)	purple 70A	yellow 6A
*Time of: beginning of flowering	early	

Organ/Plant P	art: Context		'OHMADSACA'
☐ Plant: heigh	t (mm)		
Mean	,		170.00
Std. Deviation			12.61
Leaf: length	(mm)		
Mean			61.30
Std. Deviation			3.71
Ray floret: v	width (mm)		
Mean			4.60
Std. Deviation			0.31
Leaf: width	(mm)		
Mean			36.30
Std. Deviation			3.65
Ray floret: 1	ength (mm)		
Mean			12.15
Std. Deviation			0.75
☐ Flower head	l: diameter (mm)		
Mean			38.70
Std. Deviation			2.21
Disc: diame	ter (mm)		
Mean			16.50
Std. Deviation			1.96
Prior Applicat			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2004	Granted	'OHMADSACA'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, NZ.

Application Number 2006/107

Variety Name 'OHMADSAVI'

Genus Species Argyranthemum hybrid

Common Name Marguerite Daisy
Synonym Sao Vicente
Accepted Date 7 Jun 2006

Applicant Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** Tim Angus

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Canada

Authority

Overseas Data 04-4003

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified under local conditions in

Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

Descriptor Argyranthemum (new) (Argyranthemum frutescens)

TG/222/1

Period Dec 2006 to Apr 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in outside commercial production area,

rooted cuttings (propagated from stock plants grown at Winmalee) potted into 150mm standard pots in commercial potting mix, nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertilizer applications, plant protection treatments applied as necessary. No pinching or other plant shaping treatments

were applied.

Trial Design 10 plants of the candidate variety were grown to confirm

overseas test report data.

Measurements Taken at random from 10 plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: the new variety was originated from an open-pollinated seed bulk collected from unnamed proprietary breeding lines during 2001 and 2002. 'OHMADSAVI' was selected from seed bulk in September 2002 at Winmalee, NSW, Australia. Propagation: by vegetative tip cuttings, no off types occurred in at least three successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. 'OHMADSAVI' will be commercially propagated by vegetative tip cuttings. Breeder: Dr Andrew Bernuetz, Winmalee, NSW, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower head	type	semi double
Ray floret	longitudinal axis	straight
Ray floret	main colour of upper side	purple
Ray floret	secondary colour of upper side	base of ray floret white
Disc	main colour	red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'OHAR01245'	variety with closest similarity to disc colour of candidate

		more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'OHMADSAVI'	'OHAR01245'				
Plant: growth habit	upright					
*Plant: height	medium to long	short				
Plant: density	sparse to medium					
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present					
*Leaf: length	long to very long	medium				
*Leaf: width	medium					
*Leaf: color of upper side	medium green					
Lateral lobe: length	long					
Lateral lobe: width	narrow to medium	1				
Lateral lobe: depth of marginal incisions	medium to deep					
Peduncle: length	medium					
*Flower head: type	semi double					
*Flower head: diameter	medium					
Flower head: number of ray florets (non single flower head type varieties only)	medium to many					
Ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight					
*Ray floret: length	medium					
*Ray floret: width	narrow to medium	1				
*Ray floret: number of colours	one					
*Ray floret: main colour of upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	61A with white base	64B-C white at base				
Ray floret: main colour of lower side (RHS Colour Chart)	59D	N74D with 64A-B streaks and white base				
*Disc: diameter (varieties with flower head type: single; semi double; and anemone like only)	medium					
*Disc: main colour (varieties with flower head type: single and semi double only)	red					

□ *Time of: beginning of flowering	early			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'OHMADSAVI'			
Plant: height (mm)				
Mean		287.00		
Std. Deviation		13.78		
Leaf: length (mm)				
Mean		90.40		
Std. Deviation		3.71		
Leaf: width (mm)				
Mean		36.30		
Std. Deviation		4.42		
Flower head: diameter (mm)				
Mean		41.00		
Std. Deviation		3.20		
Ray floret: length (mm)				
Mean		13.85		
Std. Deviation		1.41		
Ray floret: width (mm)				
Mean		4.40		
Std. Deviation		0.39		
Disc: diameter (mm)				
Mean		9.10		
Std. Deviation		1.29		
Prior Applications and Sales				
Country Year Current Status Name Applied				
Canada 2004	Granted	'OHMADSAVI'		

Granted

Applied

Applied

Applied

'OHMADSAVI'

'OHMADSAVI'

'OHMADSAVI'

'OHMADSAVI'

First sold in USA in Jan 2004.

2004

2005

2005

2006

EU

Japan

USA

South Africa

Description: Tim Angus, Wellington, NZ.

Application Number 2006/341 **Variety Name** 'Grand Bright'

Genus Species Prunus persica var. nucipersica

Common Name Nectarine

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP16,494

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352.

Descriptor Nectarine TG/53/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions were experienced but supplemental irrigation was used. There was little effect on the performance of the proposed variety and the comparator. Standard industry orchard management was

used for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and the comparator were

plant at orchard spacings of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Measurements Observations were made of the fruit and tree characteristics to

confirm that the proposed variety was true to type to the

original and that a suitable comparator could be selected.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety was hybridised by Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California in 1997. Grown as a seedling on its own roots in a greenhouse and then planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard of Bradford Farms. The variety was developed as a first generation cross using 'Ruby Diamond' yellow fleshed nectarine as the selected seed parent and an unnamed yellow fleshed clingstone nectarine as the selected pollen parent. A single tree from the stated cross was selected as the new variety. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety it was reproduced asexually by budding and grafting and such reproduction of fruit and plant characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	absent
Fruit	shape	round
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	acidity	high
Flowering	time of beginning	medium
Fruit	time of maturity	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Ruby Diamond'	parent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

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Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	s in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety	
'Ruby Sweet'	Fruit flavour	acid	sub-acid	excluded because of the distinct difference in flavour.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grand Bright'	'Ruby Diamond'
v	*Tree: size	large	medium
~	Tree: vigour	strong	medium
	*Tree: habit	spreading	semi-upright to spreading
	Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium
	Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	short to medium
	*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong
	*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium to dense	medium
	Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	isolated	isolated
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	dark pink
	*Petal: shape	round	broad elliptic
	*Petal: size	large to very large	large
	*Petals: number	five	five
	Stamens: position	below	below
	*Stigma: position	same level	same level

	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	absent	absent
	Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium
	*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium
	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
_	Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
_	Leaf blade: angle at base	approximately right angle	acute
	Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
	Petiole: length	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
~	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	more than two
~	*Fruit: size	large to very large	medium
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	weakly depressed
	Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: prominence of suture	weak to medium	weak to medium
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium to broad	medium
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow	orange yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	dark red	dark red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large to very large	large to very large
	*Fruit: pubescence	absent	absent
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm to very firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
V	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	strongly expressed	weakly expressed
<u>~</u>	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone		lstrongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous

	Fruit: sweetness	very high	medium to high		
	Fruit: acidity	high	high		
	*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium		
	*Stone: shape	elliptic	elliptic		
	Stone: intensity of brown colour	medium	light to medium		
	Stone: relief of surface	grooves	grooves		
	Stone: tendency of splitting	absent or very lov	vvery low to low		
~	*Stone: adherence to flesh	present	absent		
	Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	very strong			
	Time of: leaf bud burst	medium	medium		
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium		
	*Duration of: flowering	medium to long	medium		
	*Time of: maturity	medium	medium		
	Tendency to: pre-harvest drop	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
Pr	Prior Applications and Sales				

Country Name Applied 'Grand Bright' Year **Current Status** USA 2005 Granted

First sold in USA in Jan 2004. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2006/349

Variety Name 'Western Sweet'

Genus Species Prunus persica var. nucipersica

Common Name Nectarine

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP 15,055

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352.

Descriptor Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions were experienced but supplemental irrigation was used. There was little or no effect on the performance of the varieties. Standard industry orchard management was used for the

duration of the trial.

Trial DesignTen trees of the proposed variety and comparators were

planted at tree spacings of 2.5m x 5.0m

Measurements Observations were made of the fruit and tree characteristics to

check that it is true to type with the original and to select the

most appropriate comparators.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: In 1996 Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California, gathered fruit from an unnamed nectarine seedling that was yellow in flesh colour, sub-acid in flavour, and freestone in type. The seeds were removed and grown in a greenhouse on their own roots, then planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. During the fruit evaluation season of 1999 Glen Bradford selected the present variety as a single plant from the group described above. Specifically the variety was developed as a second generation cross using 'Red Glen' yellow fleshed nectarine as the selected seed parent and an unnamed white fleshed, freestone nectarine seedling as the selected pollen parent. However, the unnamed pollen parent was itself a first generation cross using 'August Red' yellow fleshed nectarine as the selected seed parent and 'Bradcrim' white fleshed nectarine as the selected pollen parent. Subsequent to the origination of the new nectarine variety it was asexually reproduced by budding and grafting and such reproduction of plant and fruit were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit firmness, flavour and maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	medium
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	absent
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	time of maturity	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

^{&#}x27;Grand Sweet'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety		guishing ecteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'August Red'	Fruit	Maturity	Mid season	Late season	Grand-parent
'August Red'	Fruit	Adherence of	Freestone	Clingstone	Grand-parent
-		flesh to stone		-	-

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Western Sweet'	'Grand Sweet'
	*Tree: size	medium	medium
	Tree: vigour	medium to strong	medium
	*Tree: habit	semi-upright	upright to semi- upright
	Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium
	Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	medium
	*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium to strong
	*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium	medium to dense
	Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	isolated	isolated
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	dark pink
	*Petal: shape	round	round
	*Petal: size	large	large
	*Petals: number	five	five
	Stamens: position	below	below
	*Stigma: position	above	same level
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present

		•	•
	*Ovary: pubescence	absent	absent
	Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium to long
	*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long
	*Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
	Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: angle at base	acute	acute
	Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	small to medium
	Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
	Petiole: length	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
~	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	more than two
~	*Fruit: size	large	medium
~	*Fruit: shape	ovate	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	weakly depressed
	Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: prominence of suture	medium	weak to medium
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium	narrow to medium
	*Fruit: ground colour	orange yellow	orange yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	dark red	dark red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large to very large	large to very large
	*Fruit: pubescence	absent	absent
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	· -
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weakly expressed	• •
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expressed	
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous
	Fruit: sweetness	high to very high	high to very high
	Fruit: acidity	very low to low	low
	Tidit delaity		

*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium
*Stone: shape	oblate	elliptic
Stone: intensity of brown colour	dark	medium
Stone: relief of surface	grooves	grooves
Stone: tendency of splitting	absent or very lo	wabsent or very low
*Stone: adherence to flesh	absent	present
☐ Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	very weak	very strong
Time of: leaf bud burst	medium	medium to late
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium to late
*Duration of: flowering	medium to long	medium to long
*Time of: maturity	medium	medium
Tendency to: pre-harvest drop	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Prior Applications and Sales		

Country Name Applied 'Western Sweet' Year **Current Status** USA 2002 Granted

First sold in USA in Jan 2003. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2006/345

Variety Name 'August Bright'

Genus Species Prunus persica var. nucipersica

Common Name Nectarine

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP15,143

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352.

Descriptor Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions were experienced, supplemental irrigation was required. There was little or no effect on the performance of the proposed variety or the comparators. Standard industry orchard management

was carried out for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and comparators were

planted at orchard spacings of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Measurements Observations were made of the fruit and tree characteristics to

confirm that the proposed variety was true to type to the

original and to select the most appropriate comparators.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety was hybridised by Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California in 1989. It was grown as a seedling on its own roots in a greenhouse and then planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. The variety was developed a first generation cross using 'August Red' yellow fleshed nectarine as the selected seed parent and 'Diamond Princess' yellow fleshed peach as the selected pollen parent. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety it was reproduced asexually by budding and grafting and such reproduction of fruit and plant characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	type	non-showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	absent
Fruit	shape	round
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	acidity	high
Flowering	time of beginning	medium
Stone	adherence to flesh	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	Comments
'August Red'	seed parent, matures 14 days later

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Diamond Princess'	Fruit pubescence	absent	present	'Diamond Princess' is a peach and the candidate variety is a nectarine.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'August Bright'	'August Red'	
	*Tree: size	medium	medium	
	Tree: vigour	medium to strong	medium to strong	
	*Tree: habit	upright to semi- upright	upright to semi- upright	
	Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium	
	Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	medium	
	*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present	present	
	*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong	
	*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium	medium to dense	
	Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	in groups of two or more	in groups of two or more	
	*Flower: type	non showy	non showy	
	*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	dark pink	
	*Petal: shape	narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic	
	*Petal: size	small	small	
	*Petals: number	five	five	
	Stamens: position	same level	same level	

_			
	*Stigma: position	above	above
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	absent	absent
	Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: length	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium to large	medium to large
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
	Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
~	Leaf blade: angle at base	approximately right angle	acute
	Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
	Petiole: length	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
~	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	more than two
	*Fruit: size	large	medium to large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	weakly depressed
	Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: prominence of suture	medium	weak to medium
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium to deep
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium to broad	medium
~	*Fruit: ground colour	orange yellow	yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	dark red	dark red
~	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	striped
~	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large to very large	medium to large
	*Fruit: pubescence	absent	absent
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium to thick
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	very strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm to very firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	· -
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh		absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expressed	lstrongly expressed

Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous	
Fruit: sweetness	medium to high	medium	
Fruit: acidity	high	high	
*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium	
*Stone: shape	elliptic	elliptic	
☐ Stone: intensity of brown colour	medium to dark	light to medium	
Stone: relief of surface	grooves	grooves	
☐ Stone: tendency of splitting	absent or very low very low to low		
*Stone: adherence to flesh	present	present	
☐ Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	very strong	very strong	
Time of: leaf bud burst	medium	medium	
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium	
*Duration of: flowering	medium to long	medium to long	
*Time of: maturity	medium to late	late to very late ¹	
Tendency to: pre-harvest drop	very weak to weak	weak to medium	

^{1 &#}x27;August Red' matures about 14 days later than 'August Bright'

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
France	2003	Applied	'August Bright'
EU	2003	Granted	'August Bright'
USA	2002	Granted	'August Bright'

First sold in USA in Jan 2002. First Australian sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Peter Buchanan}, Buchanan's \ Nursery, \ Hodgsonvale, \ QLD.$

Application Number 2006/344 **Variety Name** 'Rose Bright'

Genus Species Prunus persica var. nucipersica

Common Name Nectarine

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data US PP 15,845

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352

Descriptor Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions were experienced and supplemental irrigation was used. This had little or no effect on the performance of the proposed variety and the comparators. Standard industry orchard management

was used for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and comparators were

planted at an orchard spacing of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Measurements Observations were made of the fruit and tree characteristics to

confirm that the proposed variety was true to type with the original and that the most appropriate comparator could be

selected.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination followed by open-pollination: During the blooming season of 1990 Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California emasculated an entire tree of 'Red Diamond' nectarine and applied the pollen from 'Rose Diamond'. The fruit from this hybridization was gathered in the following summer and the seed was collected and germinated. These seeds were grown in a greenhouse on their own roots and then planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard of Bradford Farms. From that group of seedlings Glen Bradford selected one seedling that produced vellow fleshed nectarines with good qualities and designated it as '18P240'. During the spring of 1996 Glen Bradford gathered open pollinated seeds from '18P240', germinated the seeds and grew them in a greenhouse on their own roots. From there they were planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms and labelled '18P240' (OP). During the spring of 1999 the new variety was selected from the group of seedlings described above. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety it was reproduced asexually by budding and grafting and such reproduction of fruit and plant were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	round
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	absent
Fruit	shape	round
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	time of maturity	early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Rose Diamond'	Pollen parent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety		0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Red	Fruit	maturity	early	medium	Matures 30 days later
Diamond'					than the proposed variety.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rose Bright'	'Rose Diamond'		
*Tree: size	large	medium		
Tree: vigour	strong	medium		
*Tree: habit	semi-upright	spreading		
Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium		
Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	short to medium		
*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present	present		
*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong		
*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium to dense	dense to very dense		
Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	in groups of two or more	in groups of two or more		
*Flower: type	showy	showy		
*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	dark pink		
*Petal: shape	round	broad elliptic		
*Petal: size	large	large		
*Petals: number	five	five		
Stamens: position	below	same level		
*Stigma: position	same level	same level		
*Anthers: pollen	present	present		

	*Ovary: pubescence	absent	absent
	Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium
	*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium
	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
	Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: angle at base	acute	acute
	Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
	Petiole: length	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	round	round
~	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	more than two
v	*Fruit: size	large	medium
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	weakly depressed
	Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: prominence of suture	weak to medium	weak to medium
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow	orange yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	dark red	dark red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large to very large	very large
	*Fruit: pubescence	absent	absent
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	medium to firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expressed	• •
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous
	Fruit: sweetness	medium to high	high
~	Fruit: acidity	medium to high	low to medium

	*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium
	*Stone: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	Stone: intensity of brown colour	medium	medium
	Stone: relief of surface	grooves	grooves
	Stone: tendency of splitting	very low to low	very low to low
~	*Stone: adherence to flesh	present	absent
	Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	strong to very strong	
~	Time of: leaf bud burst	very early to early	y early
~	*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early to early	y early
	*Duration of: flowering	short to medium	short to medium
	*Time of: maturity	early	early
	Tendency to: pre-harvest drop	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Pr	ior Applications and Sales		

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied **Current Status** 'Rose Bright' USA 2003 Granted

First sold in USA in Jan 2003. First Australian sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Peter Buchanan}, Buchanan's \ Nursery, \ Hodgsonvale, \ QLD.$

Application Number 2007/048 **Variety Name** 'Yallara' **Genus Species** Avena sativa

Common Name Oats **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 13 Mar 2007

Applicant Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries, Adelaide, SA

and Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton,

ACT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Suzanne Hoppo

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Kingsford Research Centre, SA. **Descriptor** Oats (*Avena sativa*) TG/20/10

Period Jun – Dec 2006

Conditions Trial conducted in the field, sown on Jun 21, 2006 with

fertiliser, herbicides and insecticides applied as required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block design.

Measurements Heading date, plant height, stem rust resistance.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: In 1995, the variety 'Euro' was control pollinated to the North Dakota breeders line ND931075. F₂ seed of the cross was sown as populations at Kingsford Research Centre (near Gawler, SA) in 1996 and stem rust resistant panicles selected. The F₃ seed from these panicles was sown in the glasshouse in 1997 and stem rust resistant seedlings selected and backrossed to 'Euro' to form the cross 97001. BC₁F₂ seed was produced by sowing in the glasshouse at the Waite Research Precinct during the summer of 1997/98. Stem rust resistant panicles were selected from BC₁F₃ plots sown at Kingsford Research Centre in 1998. These were multiplied over summer to produce seed for BC₁F₅ plots sown at Kingsford in 1999. Stem rust resistant selections of SV97001-13 were sown as BC₁F₆ head hills in the bird proof enclosure at the Waite Institute over summer in 1999/2000. SV97001-13-4 was the fourth panicle selected from the cross SV97001-13 and was promoted to un-replicated trials in winter 2000. SV97001-13-4 was promoted to stage 2 un-replicated testing in 2001 and to stage 3 replicated trials in 2002 and stage 4 replicated trials in 2003. It has remained in stage 4 replicated trials since this time. Selection criteria: grain yield, grain quality and stem rust resistance. Propagation: seed. Breeder: Dr. Pamela, Zwer, SARDI oat breeding program, Adelaide, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Panicle	orientation of branches	equilateral
Panicle	attitude of branches	semi-erect
Panicle	attitude of spikelets	pendulous
Stem	hairiness of uppermost node	present
Primary grain	glaucosity of lemma	absent
Grain	colour of lemma	vellow

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	Comments
Tallic	Comments
'Mortlock'	

^{&#}x27;F'

'Euro'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	guishing Characteristics	-	State of Expression in
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Echidna'	Plant	length	medium	short
'Hotham'	Plant	time of panicle emergence	medium	early

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Yallara'	'Euro'	'Mortlock'
Plant: growth habit	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect	intermediate
Lowest leaves: hairiness of sheaths	weak	weak	weak
*Leaf blade: hairiness of margins of leaf below flag leaf	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low to medium	low to medium	medium
*Time of: panicle emergence	medium	medium	early
*Stem: hairiness of uppermost node	present	present	present
Stem: intensity of hairiness of uppermos node	t _{medium}	weak to medium	weak to medium
Panicle: orientation of branches	equilateral	equilateral	equilateral
Panicle: attitude of branches	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
Panicle: attitude of spikelets	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous
Glumes: glaucosity	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Glumes: length	medium	medium	medium to long
*Primary grain: glaucosity of lemma	absent	absent	absent
*Plant: length	medium	short to medium	medium
Panicle: length	medium	medium	medium
*Grain: husk	present	present	present
Primary grain: tendency to be awned	medium	weak	absent or very weak

Primary grain: length of lemma	short to medium	short to medium	medium
*Grain: colour of lemma	yellow	yellow	yellow
Primary grain: hairiness of back of lemma	absent	absent	absent
Primary grain: hairiness of base	absent or very weak	medium	absent or very weak
Primary grain: length of basal hairs	very short	medium to long	medium
Primary grain: length of rachilla	medium	medium	medium
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Yallara'	'Euro'	'Mortlock'
Plant: stem rust resistance	R	S	MS

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Suzanne Hoppo, SARDI, Adelaide, SA.

Application Number2003/369Variety Name'Snowfall'Genus SpeciesPrunus persica

Common Name Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 5 May 2004

Applicant Zaiger's Inc. Genetics, Modesto, CA, USA

Agent Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP 11,568

Reference Number

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Conditions Where possible the US plant patent data was verified under

local conditions in Yellingbo, VIC. The US plant patent data

was converted into the standard UPOV descriptors.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the present variety was developed by Zaiger's Inc. Genetics at their experimental orchard at Modesto California. The new variety originated as a first generation cross of the selected seedlings with field identification numbers, 103ED581 being the maternal parent and 258LC157 being the pollen parent. A large number of these first generation crosses were planted and observed growing on their own roots. The present variety displayed desirable fruiting characteristics and was chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation. Breeder: Zaiger Inc. Genetics., Modesto, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	variety of Common Amowicage				
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Tree	size	large			
Petiole	nectaries	present			
Fruit	chill units	high (approx. 900)			
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	white			
Stone	adherence to flesh	absent			
Fruit	flavour	sub-acid			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	Comn	nents
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^{&#}x27;September Snow'

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Snowfall'	'September Snow'
	*Tree: size	large	large
	*Tree: habit	upright	upright
~	*Flower: type	showy	non showy
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
~	*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink	medium pink
~	*Petal: size	large	medium
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
	*Leaf blade: length	long	long
	*Leaf blade: width	broad	broad
	Petiole: length	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
~	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	more than two	two
	*Fruit: size	large	large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
~	*Fruit: ground colour	pink white	cream white
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	light red	light red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	medium	medium
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	medium to strong	medium to strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	white	white
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	weakly expressed	weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expressed	strongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	fibrous	fibrous
	Fruit: sweetness	high	high
~	*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	large
	*Stone: shape	obovate	elliptic

☐ Stone: reli	ef of surface		pits and grooves	pits and grooves
*Stone: ac	lherence to flesh		absent	absent
□ *Time of:	beginning of flowering		early	early to medium
*Duration	of: flowering		short to medium	short to medium
*Time of: maturity			late to very late	late
Tendency	to: preharvest drop		absent or very wear	k
Prior Applications and Sales				
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
USA	1998	Granted	'Snowfall'	

First sold in USA in Oct 2000. First Australian sale July 2003.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nursery, Monbulk, VIC.

Application Number 2003/368 **Variety Name** 'Sierra Snow' **Genus Species** *Prunus persica*

Common Name Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 5 May 2004

Applicant Zaiger's Inc. Genetics, Modesto, CA, USA

Agent Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP 13,527

Reference Number

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Conditions Where possible the US plant patent data was verified under

local conditions in Monbulk VIC. The US plant patent was

converted into standard UPOV descriptors.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the present new variety was developed by Zaiger's Inc. Genetics at their experimental orchard at Modesto California as a first generation cross between the maternal parent 36EB86 and pollen parent 'Snowbrite' peach. A large number of these first generation crosses were planted and observed growing on their own roots. The present variety displayed desirable fruiting characteristics and was therefore chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation. Breeder: Zaiger Inc. Genetics., Modesto, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

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Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	large
Flower	type	showy
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	white
Stone	adherence to flesh	present
Plant	time of beginning of flowering	medium
Fruit	flavour	sub-acid

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Spring Snow'	Matures approximately 27 days earlier than 'Sierra Snow'.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Snowbrite'	fruit	chill units	850	1000
'Snowbrite'	stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sierra Snow'	'Spring Snow'
	*Tree: size	large	large
	Tree: vigour	medium to strong	medium to strong
	*Tree: habit	upright	upright
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
	*Petal: shape	round	
	*Petal: size	large	large
	*Petals: number	five	
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
	*Leaf blade: length	long	long
	*Leaf blade: width	broad	broad
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
~	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	more than two	two
	*Fruit: size	large	large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly pointed	
	*Fruit: ground colour	cream green	cream white
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	medium red	medium red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	medium	medium
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
~	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	medium to strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm

	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh		white	white				
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration dire	ctly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed				
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of f	lesh	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed				
V	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration arou	and stone	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed				
	Fruit: texture of the flesh		fibrous	fibrous				
	*Stone: size compared to fruit		large	large				
~	*Stone: shape		obovate	elliptic				
	Stone: relief of surface		pits and grooves	pits and grooves				
~	Stone: tendency of splitting		absent or very low	very low to low				
	*Stone: adherence to flesh		present	present				
	*Time of: beginning of flowering		medium	medium				
*Duration of: flowering			medium	short to medium				
~	*Time of: maturity		medium	early				
	Prior Applications and Sales							
Cot USA	A Year 2002	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'Sierra Snow'					

First sold in USA in Jan 2003. First Australian sale Sep 2003.

 $Description: \textbf{Lisa Corcoran}, Fleming's \ Nursery, \ Monbulk, \ VIC.$

Application Number 2003/367 **Variety Name** 'Sugar Time' **Genus Species** *Prunus persica*

Common Name Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 5 May 2004

Applicant Zaiger's Inc. Genetics, Modesto, CA, USA

Agent Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP 12,046

Reference Number

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Conditions Where possible the US plant patent data was verified under

local conditions in Yellingbo, VIC. The US plant patent data

was converted into the standard UPOV descriptors.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the present new variety was developed by Zaiger's Inc. Genetics at their experimental orchard at Modesto, California as a first generation cross between selected seedlings 45GA424 as the maternal parent and 7.5HB605 as the pollen parent. A large number of these first generation seedlings were planted and observed growing on their own roots. The present variety displayed desirable fruiting characteristics and was chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation. Breeder: Zaiger Inc. Genetics., Modesto, CA, USA.

hoice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	large
Flower	type	showy
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Stone	adherence to flesh	present
Plant	time of beginning of flowering	medium
Fruit	flavour	sub-acid

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Widdt Dillillai	varieties of common timowicage facilities (vert)
Name	Comments

'Sweet Gem'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sugar Time'	'Sweet Gem'
	*Tree: size	large	large
	Tree: vigour		medium to strong
	*Tree: habit	upright	upright
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	orange	orange
~	*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink	medium pink
	*Petal: shape	round	
	*Petal: size	large	large
	*Petals: number	five	
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
	*Leaf blade: length	long	long
	*Leaf blade: width	broad	broad
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	two
~	*Fruit: size	medium	large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	flat	
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow	yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	medium red	medium red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	mottled	
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	medium	
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	medium	CI.
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weakly expressed	
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	absent or very weakly expressed	

☐ Fruit: texture	of the flesh		fibrous	fibrous		
*Stone: size c	compared to fruit		large	medium		
*Stone: shape	,		elliptic	elliptic		
☐ Stone: relief of	of surface		pits and grooves	pits and grooves		
Stone: tenden	cy of splitting		very low to low	absent or very low		
□ *Stone: adher	ence to flesh		present	present		
*Time of: beg	ginning of flowering		medium	medium		
□ *Duration of:	flowering		medium	medium		
*Time of: ma	turity		medium	early to medium		
Prior Applications and Sales						
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied			
USA	2001	Granted	'Sugar Time'			

First sold in USA in Aug 2001. First Australian sale Aug 2003.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nursery, Monbulk, VIC.

Application Number 2006/340

Variety Name 'Spring Princess' Genus Species Prunus persica

Common Name Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Apr 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP17,750

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvle 4352.

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions Normal farming conditions experienced in the Hodgsonvale

district. Some drought conditions were experienced, irrigation meant that it had little effect on the performance of the variety and the comparator. Industry standard management practices

were used for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design 10 trees of the proposed variety and comparator variety

planted at a tree spacing of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Measurements During the trial observations were made of the characteristics

of the fruit and tree to confirm that it was true to type to the original. Also to determine which variety would be the best

comparator.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: During the Spring of 1998, open pollinated seeds were gathered from several unnamed peaches (unpatented) located in the breeder's experimental orchard at Le Grand, California. Using embryo culture techniques the seeds were geminated and grown as seedlings on their own roots in a greenhouse. The following winter they were planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. The group was labelled "Early Peach (OP)". During the spring of 2002 the present variety was selected from this group of seedlings. Subsequent to the selection of the present variety it was reproduced by budding and grafting and such reproduction of plant and fruit characteristics were true to the original plant in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	round
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	present
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	acidity	medium to high
Stone	adherence to flesh	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

WIOST DI	Wiest Similar Varieties of Common Milowieuge lachtmea (VCIX)								
Name				Comm	ents				
· ~ •					0 1				

'Crimson Lady Peach' Matures 8 days later from the candidate

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}$ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Spring Princess'	'Crimson Lady Peach'
*Tree: size	medium	medium to large
Tree: vigour	strong	medium to strong
*Tree: habit	semi-upright to spreading	semi-upright to spreading
Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium
Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	medium
*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong
*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium to dense	medium
Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	isolated	isolated
*Flower: type	showy	showy
*Calyx: colour of inner side	greenish yellow	orange
*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	medium pink
*Petal: shape	round	broad elliptic
*Petal: size	large	large
*Petals: number	five	five
Stamens: position	same level	below
*Stigma: position	above	above
*Anthers: pollen	present	present
*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long

	*Leaf blade: width	medium	broad
	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	flat	flat
	Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: angle at base	acute	approximately right angle
	Leaf blade: angle at apex	small to medium	small to medium
	Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
	Petiole: length	medium to long	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	round	round
	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	two
	*Fruit: size	medium to large	medium
~	*Fruit: shape	oblate	round
~	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	flat
	Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: prominence of suture	weak to medium	weak to medium
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	narrow to medium	medium
	*Fruit: ground colour	orange yellow	yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	dark red	dark red
~	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	mottled	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large to very large	large to very large
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	sparse to medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	very strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	medium to firm	firm to very firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
□ ski	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous
	Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium
	Fruit: acidity	medium to high	medium to high
	*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium to large	medium

*Stone: shape	round	elliptic
Stone: intensity of brown colour	light to medium	medium to dark
Stone: relief of surface	grooves	grooves
☐ Stone: tendency of splitting	very low to low	very low to low
*Stone: adherence to flesh	present	present
☐ Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	strong to very strong	strong
☐ Time of: leaf bud burst	very early to early	early to medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early to early	early to medium
*Duration of: flowering	short to medium	medium
*Time of: maturity	very early to early	early ¹
Tendency to: pre-harvest drop	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

¹ 'Crimson Lady Peach' matures about 8 days later than 'Spring Princess'

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2005	Granted	'Spring Princess'

First sold in USA in Jan 2005. First Australian sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Peter Buchanan}, Buchanan's \ Nursery, \ Hodgsonvale, \ QLD.$

Application Number 2006/342

Variety Name 'Candyprincess' Genus Species Prunus persica

Common Name Peach

Synonym Grand Princess **Accepted Date** 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP16,462

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale 4352.

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6.

Period 3 years.

Conditions Normal growth conditions for Hodgsonvale, Queensland.

Some drought conditions were experienced, but irrigation was supplied so there was no effect on the performance of the variety. Standard industry orchard management was carried

out for the length of the trial.

Trial Design 10 trees of the proposed variety were planted at 2.5 x 5.0m

tree spacings, as were the comparators.

Measurements Observations of the tree and fruit characteristics were made to

check that the proposed variety was true to type to the original and the most suitable comparators could be chosen.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety was hybridised in 1996 by Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California. It was grown as a seedling on its own roots in a greenhouse, and then transplanted to a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Braford Farms, California. The variety was developed as a first generation cross using 'Spring Bright' yellow fleshed nectarine as the selected seed parent and an unnamed peach as the selected pollen parent. A single tree from the stated cross was selected as the claimed variety. Subsequent to the origination of the proposed variety it was asexually reproduced by budding and grafting and such reproduction of plant and fruit characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	medium
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	present
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm to very firm
Stone	adherence to flesh	absent
Flowering	time of beginning	medium
Fruit	acidity	low

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Spring Candy'	matures 21 days earlier than the candidate variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Spring	Fruit pubescence	present	absent	
Bright'				
'Spring	Fruit flavour	sub-acid	acid	
Bright'				
'Spring	Seed adherence of	ffreestone	clingstone	seed parent, but is
Bright'	flesh			excluded because it is a
				nectarine, acid in flavour
				and clingstone.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Candyprincess'	'Spring Candy'
	*Tree: size	medium	medium
	Tree: vigour	medium	medium
	*Tree: habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
	Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium
	Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	medium
	*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong
	*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium to dense	medium to dense
	Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	isolated	in groups of two or more
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	dark pink
	*Petal: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic

*Petal: size	large	large
*Petals: number	five	five
Stamens: position	below	below
*Stigma: position	above	same level
*Anthers: pollen	present	present
*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long
*Leaf blade: width	medium	medium to broad
*Leaf blade: ratio	medium to large	medium
Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
Leaf blade: angle at base	acute	acute
Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	medium
Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
Petiole: length	medium	medium to long
*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	more than two
dett.	large	medium to large
*Fruit: size	large	medium to large
*Fruit: size *Fruit: shape	round	round
	round	_
*Fruit: shape	round	round
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end	round weakly depressed symmetric	round weakly depressed
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry	round weakly depressed symmetric	round weakly depressed symmetric
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red solid flush	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red solid flush very large	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: pubescence	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red solid flush very large present	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: pubescence *Fruit: density of pubescence	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red solid flush very large present sparse to medium medium strong	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present sparse medium strong
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: hue of over colour	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red solid flush very large present sparse to medium medium strong firm to very firm	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present sparse medium strong firm to very firm
*Fruit: shape *Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: textent of over colour *Fruit: adherence Fruit: density of pubescence Fruit: thickness of skin Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	round weakly depressed symmetric weak to medium medium medium to broad yellow present dark red solid flush very large present sparse to medium medium strong	round weakly depressed symmetric medium to strong medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present sparse medium strong

*Emits outhorsesin colouration of flock	absent or very	weakly expressed absent or very
*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	weakly expressed	weakly expressed
*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expressed	dstrongly expressed
Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous
Fruit: sweetness	high to very high	high
Fruit: acidity	low	low
*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium
*Stone: shape	elliptic	oblate
Stone: intensity of brown colour	dark	dark
Stone: relief of surface	grooves	pits and grooves
Stone: tendency of splitting	very low to low	low
*Stone: adherence to flesh	absent	absent
Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	very weak	very weak
Time of: leaf bud burst	medium	medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium
□ *Duration of: flowering	short to medium	short to medium
*Time of: maturity	medium	early to medium ¹
Tendency to: pre-harvest drop 1 'Spring Candy' matures about 21 days earlier than 'CandyPrincess'	very weak to weak	very weak to weak

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied **Current Status** 2005 'Candy Princess' USA Granted

First sold in USA in Jan 2004. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2006/346 Variety Name 'Ivory Queen' **Genus Species** Prunus persica

Common Name Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Apr 2007

Applicant Lowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USA Agent Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP13,496

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352.

Peach (Prunus persica) TG/53/6 **Descriptor**

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions experienced so supplemental irrigation was used. This had little or no effect on the performance of the proposed variety and the selected comparators. Standard industry orchard

management was carried out for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and comparators were

planted at an orchard spacing of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Observation of the fruit and tree characteristics were made to Measurements

confirm that the proposed variety is true to type to the original

and comparators could be selected.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled self-pollination: The new variety was germinated by Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California in 1996 using embryo culture techniques in his laboratory. From there it was grown on its own roots in a greenhouse and then planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. It was developed as a self pollinated seedling of 'Ivory Princess' white fleshed peach. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety it was asexually reproduced by budding and grafting and such reproduction of plant and fruit characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	medium
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	present
Fruit	shape	round
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	cream-white
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	acidity	low
Flowering	time of beginning	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Ivory Princess'	Parent variety matures 10 days earlier than the candidate
	variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	yComparator Variety	
'Crimson	Fruit flesh colour	white	yellow	Excluded because it is a
Lady'				yellow fleshed peach.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ivory Queen'	'Ivory Princess Peach'
*Tree: size	medium	medium
Tree: vigour	medium	medium
*Tree: habit	semi-upright to spreading	semi-upright to spreading
Flowering shoot: thickness	medium	medium
Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium	medium
*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration	present	present
*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong
*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium to dense	medium
	isolated	isolated
*Flower: type	showy	showy
*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink	dark pink
*Petal: shape	round	round
*Petal: size	large	large
*Petals: number	five	five
	*Tree: vigour *Tree: habit Flowering shoot: thickness Flowering shoot: length of internodes *Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration *Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration *Flowering shoot: density of flower buds Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower ds *Flower: type *Corolla: predominant colour *Petal: shape *Petal: size	*Tree: size medium Tree: vigour medium *Tree: habit semi-upright to spreading Flowering shoot: thickness medium *Flowering shoot: length of internodes medium *Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration *Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration medium to strong *Flowering shoot: density of flower buds medium to dense Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower is *Flower: type showy *Corolla: predominant colour dark pink *Petal: shape round *Petal: size

	Stamens: position	below	below
	*Stigma: position	same level	same level
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
	Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: length	medium	medium to long
	*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium to large	medium to large
	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
	Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: angle at base	acute	acute
	Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: colour	green	green
	Petiole: length	medium	medium
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	more than two	more than two
	*Fruit: size	medium to large	medium to large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	weakly depressed
	Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
	Fruit: prominence of suture	weak to medium	weak to medium
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	*Fruit: ground colour	cream	cream
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	dark red	dark red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	very large	very large
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	strong	strong
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	cream white	cream white
□ ski	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under n	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed

*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
Fruit: texture of the flesh	not fibrous	not fibrous
Fruit: sweetness	high to very high	high to very high
Fruit: acidity	low	low
*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium
*Stone: shape	elliptic	elliptic
Stone: intensity of brown colour	light to medium	light to medium
☐ Stone: relief of surface	grooves	grooves
Stone: tendency of splitting	absent or very low	absent or very low
*Stone: adherence to flesh	present	present
Stone: degree of adherence to flesh	strong to very strong	very strong
☐ Time of: leaf bud burst	medium	medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium
*Duration of: flowering	medium to long	medium to long
*Time of: maturity	early	very early to early ¹
Tendency to: pre-harvest drop 1 'Ivory Princess Peach' matures about 10 days earlier than 'Ivory Queen'	very weak to weak	absent or very weak

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
France	2003	Applied	'Ivory Queen'
USA	2001	Granted	'Ivory Queen'
Italy	2005	Applied	'Ivory Queen'

First sold in USA in Jan 2002. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2006/347

Variety Name 'Bright Princess' Genus Species Prunus persica

Common Name Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP14.695

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale. 4352

Descriptor Peach (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6.

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, Queensland. Some drought conditions were experienced but supplemental irrigation was provided so it had little or no effect on the performance of the proposed variety. Standard industry orchard management was carried

out for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and comparators were

planted at an orchard spacing of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Measurements Observations were made of the fruit and tree characteristics to

check that the proposed variety was true to type with the

original and to select the appropriate comparators.

RHS Chart - edition

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety was hybridised by Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California in 1996. It was grown as a seedling on its own roots in a greenhouse, and then transplanted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. The variety was developed as a first generation cross using 'Spring Bright' yellow fleshed nectarine as the selected seed parent and an unnamed peach as the selected pollen parent. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety of peach tree, it was asexually reproduced by budding and grafting, and such reproduction of fruit and plant characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	medium
Flower	type	showy
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	hue of over colour	dark red
Fruit	pubescence	present
Fruit	shape	round
Fruit	ground colour of flesh	yellow
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Stone	adherence to flesh	absent
Fruit	time of maturity	early to medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Name	Comments
'Spring Candy'	peach

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	-	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	yComparator Variety	
'Spring Bright'	Fruit pubescence	present	absent	excluded because it is a nectarine(no pubescence) and cling stone.
'Spring	Fruit adherence of	ffree	cling	
Bright'	flesh to			
	stone			

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bright Princess' 'Spring Candy'
*Tree: size	medium medium
Tree: vigour	medium medium
*Tree: habit	semi-upright to spreading upright
Flowering shoot: thickness	medium medium
☐ Flowering shoot: length of internodes	medium medium
*Flowering shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	present present
*Flowering shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong medium
*Flowering shoot: density of flower buds	medium to dense medium
Flowering shoot: general distribution of flower buds	in groups of two or more isolated
*Flower: type	showy showy
*Calyx: colour of inner side	greenish yellow
*Corolla: predominant colour	dark pink dark pink
*Petal: shape	broad elliptic round

*Petal: size	large	large
*Petals: number	five	five
Stamens: position	below	below
*Stigma: position	same level	above
*Anthers: pollen	present	present
*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
Young shoot: length of stipule	medium	medium
*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long
*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium
*Leaf blade: ratio	medium	medium
Leaf blade: shape in cross section	concave	concave
Leaf blade: recurvature of apex	absent	absent
Leaf blade: angle at base	approximately right angle	acute
Leaf blade: angle at apex	medium	medium
Leaf blade: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow
Petiole: length	medium	medium
*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	more than two
*Fruit: size	large	medium to large
*Fruit: shape	round	round
Tutt. Shape		
*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly depressed	weakly depressed
	weakly depressed symmetric	weakly depressed symmetric
*Fruit: shape of pistil end	· -	• •
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	symmetric
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture	symmetric medium	symmetric medium medium
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	symmetric medium medium	symmetric medium medium
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present dark red striped	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present dark red striped	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present dark red striped large to very large	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: pubescence	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present dark red striped large to very large present	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: pubescence *Fruit: density of pubescence	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present dark red striped large to very large present sparse	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present sparse to medium
*Fruit: shape of pistil end Fruit: symmetry Fruit: prominence of suture Fruit: depth of stalk cavity Fruit: width of stalk cavity *Fruit: ground colour Fruit: over colour Fruit: hue of over colour *Fruit: pattern of over colour *Fruit: extent of over colour *Fruit: pubescence *Fruit: thickness of skin	symmetric medium medium medium to broad orange yellow present dark red striped large to very large present sparse medium	symmetric medium medium medium orange yellow present dark red solid flush large to very large present sparse to medium medium

	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration direc	ctly under skin	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
V	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of fl	esh	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed
~	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration arou	nd stone	weakly expressed	strongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh		not fibrous	not fibrous
	Fruit: sweetness		medium to high	high
~	Fruit: acidity		high	low
	*Stone: size compared to fruit		medium	medium
	*Stone: shape		elliptic	elliptic
	Stone: intensity of brown colour		medium to dark	dark
	Stone: relief of surface		grooves	grooves
	Stone: tendency of splitting		absent or very low	absent or very low
	*Stone: adherence to flesh		absent	absent
	Stone: degree of adherence to flesh		very weak	very weak
~	Time of: leaf bud burst		early	medium
~	*Time of: beginning of flowering		early	medium
~	*Duration of: flowering		short	medium
	*Time of: maturity		early to medium	early to medium
	Tendency to: pre-harvest drop		absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Prior Applications and Sales				
US	untry Year A 2002	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'Bright Princess'	

First sold in USA in Jan 2002. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2006/067 **Variety Name** 'Walter'

Genus Species *Arachis hypogaea*

Common Name Peanut **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Jun 2006

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Alan Cruickshank

Details of Comparative Trial

Location DPI&F Research Station, Kingaroy QLD 4610.

Descriptor Peanut (*Arachis*) TG/93/3 **Period** Period 21 Dec 2006 to 25 May 2007.

Conditions The trial was grown in a Euchrozem soil typical of dryland

peanut production in QLD. It was provided supplemental irrigation but still experienced some moisture stress due to drought. Establishment was generally good (>10 plants per plot) though one plot of the 'Sutherland' candidate had only

two plants.

Trial Design The trial was a randomised complete block with four

replicates and twelve entries (this included two generations each of three candidate varieties: 'Ashton', 'Sutherland' and 'Walter'). Each replicate was 12 single row 5m plots 0.9m

apart.

Measurements Qualitative scores from the technical guideline were made on

plants, pods and kernels. Plant heights and widths were measured but not used, as qualitative ratings of habit will be more robust over environments. In addition, primary and secondary branches were counted on 'Menzies', 'TKG 19A'

and both generations of 'Walter'.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Cross D116 was made in 1998-99 between 'TKG 19A' and a high oleic F₂ plant 'D93-1-p8'. 'D93-1-p8' was a cross between 'TAG 24' and 'D76-1-p25'. Both 'TKG 19A' and 'TAG 24' come from a breeding program in Mumbai, India, which has used mutagenesis followed by intense pedigree selection to produce a suite of elite early maturing cultivars and germplasm. The cross proceeded along the normal pattern: F₁ in winter 1999, select F₂ plants 1999-2000, F_{2:3} rows in winter 2000, select F₄ plants within families 2000-01 and seed increase of F_{4:5} lines in winter 2001. Since then D116-p35-2 has been in multi-site evaluation, primarily in the dryland Burnett production system but with some trials at Kairi and Bundaberg. It has been selected as the most robust ultra-early maturing line from among its siblings and material from other ultra-early crosses. Breeder: Alan Cruickshank, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Kernel	oleic acid content	high
Plant	growth habit	prostrate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Menzies'	'Menzies' is unrelated but representative of prostrate commercial
	varieties with pink or tan (flesh) testa.
'TKG 19A'	This parent line does not have the high oleic characteristic, but has
	sparse branching like 'Walter'.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Walter'	'Menzies'	'TKG 19A'
*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	prostrate	erect
Main stem: growth habit (prostrate varieties only)	erect	erect	
Side branches: growth habit (prostrate varieties only)	tips slightly upturned	tips slightly upturned to tips moderately upturned	
Plant: branching	very sparse	medium	sparse
*Time of: maturity	very early	medium	early
Leaflet: size	small to medium	small to medium	medium
Leaflet: colour	light green to medium green	light green to medium green	medium green
*Flowering: general pattern	sequential	alternate	sequential
☐ Flowering: pattern of main stem	sequential	none	none
*Pod: constrictions	shallow	medium	medium
Pod: texture of surface	fine	fine	fine to medium
Pod: number of kernels	few	few to medium	few
□ *Pod: prominence of beak	inconspicuous to medium prominent	medium prominent	inconspicuous to medium prominent
*Pod: shape of beak	straight	curved	curved
*Kernel: colour of uncured mature testa	monochrome	monochrome	monochrome
*Kernel: colour of mature uncured testa (varieties with monochrome testa only)	flesh	pink	flesh
☐ Kernel: shape	spheroidal	spheroidal	spheroidal
Kernel: size	small to medium	medium	small to medium
*Kernel: weight per 1000 kernels	low to medium	medium	low to medium
*Kernel: dormancy period	very short to short	t medium	short

Kernel: percentage of shell	high	low	medium		
Resistance to: pod rot	present				
Resistance to: rust	absent	absent	absent		
Characteristics Additional to the Descr	riptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Walter'	'Menzies'	'TKG 19A'		
Kernel: oleic acid content	high	high	normal		
Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Walter'	'Menzies'	'TKG 19A'		
Plant: number of primary branches					
Mean	4.30	7.90	5.00		

Std. Deviation 0.59 2.25 0.58 LSD/sig 2.8 P≤0.01 ns Plant: number of secondary branches 0.30 4.50 18.00 Std. Deviation 0.46 5.85 1.58 LSD/sig 6.7 P≤0.01 ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Alan Cruickshank, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, QLD.

Application Number 2006/066
Variety Name 'Sutherland'
Genus Species Arachis hypogaea

Common Name Peanut **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Jun 2006

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Alan Cruickshank

Details of Comparative Trial

Location DPI&F Research Station, Kingaroy QLD 4610.

Descriptor Peanut (*Arachis*) TG/93/3 **Period** 21 Dec 2006 to 25 May 2007.

Conditions The trial was grown in a Euchrozem soil typical of dryland

peanut production in QLD. It was provided supplemental irrigation but still experienced some moisture stress due to drought. Establishment was generally good (>10 plants per plot) though one plot of the 'Sutherland' candidate had only

two plants.

Trial Design The trial was a randomised complete block with four

replicates and twelve entries (this included two generations each of three candidate varieties: 'Ashton', 'Sutherland' and 'Walter'). Each replicate was 12 single row 5m plots 0.9m

apart.

Measurements Qualitative scores from the technical guideline were made on

plants, pods and kernels. Plant heights and widths were measured but not used as qualitative ratings of habit will be

more robust over environments.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Cross 'D147' was made in 1999-2000 between 'D45-p37-102' and 'B155-6 L103'. 'D45-p37-102' is a high oleic foliar disease resistant line. 'B155-6 L103' is a normal oleic line with good foliar disease resistance and some CBR resistance. The F₁ was grown in winter 2000 and single F₂ plants selected for pod and kernel traits at Kingaroy in 2000-01. F2:3 families were compared and selected in an unsprayed foliar disease experiment with unequal replication in the 2001-02 summer. In the following summer F₄ plants were selected in a foliar disease nursery. The F_{4:5} rows were grown for seed increase in the 2003 winter nursery. In 2003-04 F_{4:6} lines were entered in a replicated foliar disease test at Kairi and in one or more yield tests throughout Queensland: 'D147-p3-6' was entered in just one yield trial at Bundaberg Research Station. 'D147-p3-6' had the highest yield in both the foliar disease experiment at Kairi and the Bundaberg yield trial. In 2004-05 'D147-p3-6' was evaluated in a replicated foliar disease experiment at Kairi, disease nurseries for CBR and Sclerotinia, and 7 variety trials across the state. It performed well at Bundaberg but was clearly not adapted to the extreme terminal drought experienced by the dryland trials this season. 'D147-p3-6' was released because it has good resistance to foliar fungal diseases and is satisfactory for all other traits. Breeder: Alan Cruickshank, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesKerneloleic acid contenthigh

Flowering general pattern alternate
Kernel colour of mature uncured testa red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'D45-p37-102' This line is a parent of 'Sutherland'. It shares the high oleic acid trait and res seed.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety	
'B155-6	Kernel oleic	high	normal	'Sutherland' also has better
L103'	acid			blanchability than this
	content			parent but the high oleic
				trait is the biggest single
				difference.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sutherland'	'D45-p37-102'				
*Plant: growth habit	prostrate	semi-erect				
Main stem: growth habit (prostrate varieties only)	erect					
☐ Side branches: growth habit (prostrate varieties only)	tips slightly upturned to tips moderately upturned					
Plant: branching	profuse	medium				
*Time of: maturity	late	medium				
Leaflet: size	small to medium	small to medium				
Leaflet: colour	medium green	medium green				
*Flowering: general pattern	alternate	alternate				
☐ Flowering: pattern of main stem	none	none				
*Pod: constrictions	medium to deep	medium				
Pod: texture of surface	medium to coarse	fine				
Pod: number of kernels	few to medium	medium				
*Pod: prominence of beak	medium prominent	medium prominent				
*Pod: shape of beak	curved	curved				
*Kernel: colour of uncured mature testa	monochrome	monochrome				
*Kernel: colour of mature uncured testa (varieties with monochrome testa only)	red	red				
Kernel: shape	spheroidal	spheroidal				
Kernel: size	medium to large	small to medium				

*Kernel: weight per 1000 kernels	medium to high	low to medium				
*Kernel: dormancy period	medium	medium				
Kernel: percentage of shell	low	medium to high				
Resistance to: rust	Resistance to: rust present					
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sutherland'	'D45-p37-102'				
☐ Kernel: oleic acid content	high	high				

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Alan Cruickshank, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, QLD.

Application Number 2006/065 Variety Name 2006/065

Genus Species Arachis hypogaea

Common Name Peanut **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Jun 2006

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Alan Cruickshank

Details of Comparative Trial

Location DPI&F Research Station, Kingaroy QLD 4610.

DescriptorPeanut (Arachis) TG/93/3**Period**21 Dec 2006 to 25 May 2007

Conditions The trial was grown in a Euchrozem soil typical of dryland

peanut production in QLD. It was provided supplemental irrigation but still experienced some moisture stress due to drought. Establishment was generally good (>10 plants per plot) though one plot of the 'Sutherland' candidate had only

two plants.

Trial Design The trial was a randomised complete block with four

replicates and twelve entries (this included two generations each of three candidate varieties: 'Ashton', 'Sutherland' and 'Walter'). Each replicate was 12 single row 5 m plots 0.9 m

apart.

Measurements Qualitative scores from the technical guideline were made on

plants, pods and kernels. Plant heights and widths were measured but not used as qualitative ratings of habit will be

more robust over environments.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross 'D57' was made in 1996-97 between 'Streeton' and a high oleic F₂ plant 'D49-1-p2'. 'D49-1-p2' was a cross between 'Streeton' and another high oleic F2 plant, 'D1 p52', in 1995-96. ('D1 p52' was a high oleic F2 plant from the cross 'D1: VA C 92R' x 'F435'.) So 'D57' was effectively a single backcross to 'Streeton'. The F₁ was grown at Kairi in winter 1997 and F₂s were grown as spaced plants at Kingaroy in the 1997-98 summer. Single F₂ plant selections (including D57 1 p2) were progressed in the 1998 winter as F_{2:3} rows. In 1998-99 summer single F₄ plants were selected and 'D57 1 p2 10' is a line descended from one of those plants. An F_{4:5} row was grown in the 1999 winter nursery and the F_{4:6} line selected in a 1999-2000 preliminary yield test. In 2000-01, 'D57 1 p2 10' was one of a group of lines from 'Streeton' crosses (including 'Middleton') tested in a trial designed to identify low aflatoxin risk material. From there it progressed to regional variety evaluation, initially in the South Burnett then across the state. Critical factors in deciding to propose the release of 'D57 1 p2 10' were: A high oleic line with good blanchability; its high resemblance to 'Streeton' including bush shape; and its yield performance compared to 'Middleton', particularly in the harsh 2005 summer. Breeder: Alan Cruickshank, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Kernel	commercial grouping	Virginia
Kernel	oleic acid content	high
Kernel	time of maturity	medium
Kernel	colour of mature uncured testa	pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

112000 0111111011 1 0	Trees of Common Line (100)
Name	Comments
'Middleton'	'Middleton' and 'Ashton' are both high oleic progeny of crosses with the popular 'Streeton' variety.
'Menzies'	'Menzies' does not resemble 'Ashton' to the degree that 'Middleton' does. It is included as a typical member of the Runner market type common in Australian production.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Streeton'	Kernel oleic acid content	high	normal

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ashton'	'Menzies'	'Middleton'
	*Plant: growth habit	erect	prostrate	semi-erect
	Plant: branching	medium	medium	sparse to medium
	*Time of: maturity	medium	medium	medium
	Leaflet: size	small to medium	small to medium	small to medium
~	Leaflet: colour	light green	medium green	medium green
	*Flowering: general pattern	alternate	alternate	sequential
	Flowering: pattern of main stem	none	none	none
	*Pod: constrictions	medium	medium	medium to deep
~	Pod: texture of surface	medium to coarse	fine	medium to coarse
~	Pod: number of kernels	medium to many	few	medium
~	*Pod: prominence of beak	prominent to very prominent	medium prominent	prominent
	*Pod: shape of beak	curved		curved
	*Kernel: colour of uncured mature testa	monochrome	monochrome	monochrome
	*Kernel: colour of mature uncured testa rieties with monochrome testa only)	pink	pink	pink
	Kernel: shape	cylindrical	spheroidal	cylindrical
	Kernel: size	medium to large	medium	large
	*Kernel: weight per 1000 kernels	medium to high	medium	high
	*Kernel: dormancy period	medium	medium	medium

Kernel: percentage of shell	low to medium	low	low to medium
Resistance to: rust	absent	absent	absent
Characteristics Additional to the Descrip	tor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ashton'	'Menzies'	'Middleton'

Description: Alan Cruickshank, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, QLD.

Application Number 2007/040 **Variety Name** 'Bealey'

Genus Species Common NameLolium perenne
Perennial Ryegrass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 5 Mar 2007

Applicant New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd, Christchurch, NZ **Agent** Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Qualified Person Allen Newman

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Plant Variety Rights Office, New Zealand

Authority

Overseas Data RYG070

Reference Number

Location N.Z. Inst. Crop & Food Research, Christchurch, NZ.

Descriptor Ryegrass (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/7

Period 2003-2005. (2003/04 data was used in the description)

Conditions Grown under normal agronomic practices

Trial Design The New Zealand trial was based on UPOV TG/4/7

Measurements From 60 plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Polyploidy followed by controlled pollination: plants from the variety 'Tolosa' were tested for root flourescence. Plants with low fluorescence were selected and recombined in isolation. Seeds of this population were treated with colchicine to double the chromosome number. C1 seed of these plants were multiplied in isolation to form C2 generation. This generation was selected for seed production, adaptability and herbage production. The harvested seed was used extensively for yield trials and other assessments. The variety is maintained through four generations by controlled pollination. Selection criteria: winter growth, dry matter yield, seed production. Propagation: seed. Breeder: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Quartet'	Flowers later than the candidate variety.
'Nevis'	Earlier flowering than the candidate.
'Pastoral'	Flowers a lot later than the candidate variety.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

111	or or the comparators are market	with a tick.			
Oı	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bealey'	'Nevis'	'Pastoral'	'Quartet'
	*Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
	Plant: growth in winter	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	medium to strong
	Plant: growth habit in late spring	semi-erect to medium	medium	semi-prostrate	semi-prostrate
	Plant: colour in spring	medium to dark	medium	very dark	very dark
~	Leaf: vegetative length	medium to long	medium	short	short to medium
~	Leaf: vegetative width	medium	broad	narrow	narrow to medium
em	*Plant: time of inflorescence dergence	medium	early	late to very late	medium to late
~	*Flag leaf: length	short to medium	long	medium	long
~	*Flag leaf: width	narrow to medium	very broad	medium	medium to broad
~	*Stem: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium	medium
~	Inflorescence: length	short to medium	long	medium	medium
~	Spikelet: length	medium	long	short to medium	short to medium
~	Spikelet: length of outer glume	short to medium	very long	short to medium	short to medium
~	Inflorescence: number of spikelets	medium	medium	medium	many
~	Inflorescence: rachis internode	medium	long	medium	medium

Statistical Table

20001201110011				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bealey'	'Nevis'	'Pastoral'	'Quartet'
Flag leaf: length (cm)				
Mean	15.70	20.40	17.70	19.80
Std. Deviation	2.79	4.47	3.11	3.34
LSD/sig	1.66	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: width (mm)				
Mean	6.92	10.10	7.95	8.42
Std. Deviation	1.08	2.35	1.00	1.19
LSD/sig	0.60	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stem: length (cm)				
Mean	80.00	78.40	70.00	74.40
Std. Deviation	10.95	9.73	10.25	10.09
LSD/sig	6.08	ns	P≤0.01	ns

Inflorescence: days to heading (days)

Mean	77.90	55.20	93.90	82.50
Std. Deviation	6.21	5.11	7.84	4.35
LSD/sig	2.41	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: vegetative length (cm)				
Mean	26.60	24.50	21.10	23.40
Std. Deviation	3.97	3.19	3.54	2.88
LSD/sig	2.3	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: vegetative width (mm)				
Mean	7.43	8.84	6.22	6.89
Std. Deviation	7.43	8.84	6.22	6.89
LSD/sig	0.65	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Plant: stem base to top node (cm)				
Mean	33.60	30.00	24.20	28.50
Std. Deviation	5.55	5.67	6.60	5.85
LSD/sig	3.87	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stem: upper internode length (cm)				
Mean	22.10	18.80	19.40	18.40
Std. Deviation	4.44	4.26	4.48	6.33
LSD/sig	3.04	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Spike: length (cm)				
Mean	24.30	29.40	26.30	27.50
Std. Deviation	4.29	4.68	3.35	3.13
LSD/sig	2.0	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Spikelet: length (mm)				
Mean	18.31	24.92	16.78	16.74
Std. Deviation	2.53	2.71	2.05	1.93
LSD/sig	4.26	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Glume: length (mm)				
Mean	11.08	19.14	11.13	11.14
Std. Deviation	1.92	1.95	1.36	1.52
LSD/sig	3.35	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Spikelet: spikelets per spike				
Mean	26.10	27.25	27.60	31.40
Std. Deviation	4.81	4.95	3.17	4.99
LSD/sig	2.49	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Rachis: internode length (cm)				
Mean	12.90	15.10	12.30	12.80
Std. Deviation	1.86	2.14	1.46	1.55
LSD/sig	1.13	P≤0.01	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedNew Zealand2003Granted'Bealey'

First sold in New Zealand in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Feb 2006.

Description: Allen Newman, Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW.

Application Number 2003/336
Variety Name 'Dulcita'
Genus Species Rubus idaeus
Common Name Raspberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 5 Mar 2004

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc, Watsonville, CA, USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing US Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP14,904

Reference Number

Location Watsonville, Monterey County, California USA Verified at

Stanthorpe, Qld, Australia.

Descriptor Raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*) TG/43/7

Period 1994-2001

Conditions Traditional cultural practices are rooted cuttings are planted into

raised ridges in soil in winter, the plants are then trellised and primocane harvest commences 7 months later in late summer and autumn. At the end of the primocane harvest plants are pruned and the floricane harvest commences in spring. Test plots for verification were planted in Sep 2006 at Stanthorpe, QLD and

verified May 2007.

Trial Design Comparative trial was conducted in open fields in full sunlight and

evaluated as both primocanes and floricanes. Root cuttings of new variety 'Dulcita' were planted in rows side by side with comparator 'Heritage' and 'Gloria'. All plants were subject to standard growing conditions typical of commercial raspberry

production in southern California USA.

Measurements Measurements of plant, flower and fruit characteristics were made

approximately nine months after planting for primocane production. All measurements were made in accordance with the UPOV Technical Guidelines and colours are described and most similar colour designations are provided from the Royal

Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour Chart

RHS Chart - edition 1995

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety of raspberry was developed from the hybridisation of the selection 'Gloria' (US Plant Patent No, PP11,067) as the seed parent with the selection 'N257.1' (an unpatented variety) as the pollen parent. The parents were crossed in 1994, whereafter fruit and seed were collected to produce seedlings for field planting in Watsonville, California in 1994. The new variety 'Dulcita' was selected from these seedlings in 1995 for its excellent fruit firmness, fruit structure and flavour. The new variety 'Dulcita' has been asexually propagated by in vitro shoot tip culture, root sucker division and root cuttings and has shown to maintain the desired distinguishing characteristics after propagation over several generations. Breeders: Carlos D Fear (Aptos, CA, USA) Richard E, Harrison (Aptos, CA, USA) Fred M Cook (Aptos, CA, USA) and Gavin Sills (Watsonville, CA USA) all employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc Watsonville, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, 41100) 01 00111111011 111	10 1110080	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	upright
Plant	spines	absent
Leaf	colour of upper side	dark green
Fruit	colour	medium red
Fruit	main bearing type	both primocane and floricane
Very young shoot	anthocyanin colouration of	present
	apex during rapid growth	
Current season's cane	bloom	weak

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DIFFERENCE	+ W1100100 01 0 011111011 11110 1110 111	
Name	Comments	
'Heritage'	Unpatented variety in most common use throughout the world.	
'Gloria'	Seed parent US PP 11067 used in hybridization of new variety.	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Dulcita'	'Gloria'	'Heritage'
Plant: habit	upright	upright	upright
*Plant: number of current season	's canes medium	many	medium
*Very young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid grow	present vth	present	present
*Very young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	ng medium	weak	medium
Current season's cane: bloom	weak		weak
*Dormant cane: colour (varieties fruit on previous season's cane in sur	DIOWII	brown	brownish purple
*Spines: presence	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf: green colour of upper side	dark	dark	dark
*Leaf: predominant number of lea	aflets five	equally three and five	equally three and five
Leaf: profile of leaflets in cross so	ection straight	straight	concave
*Leaf: rugosity	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: relative position of lateral le	eaflets overlapping	overlapping	free
Terminal leaflet: length	medium to long	short	long
Terminal leaflet: width	medium	narrow	narrow to medium
Flower: size	large	large	small to medium
Fruiting lateral: attitude (varieties fruit on previous year's cane in summ	s which erect	horizontal to drooping	horizontal to drooping
*Fruiting lateral: length (varieties fruit on previous year's cane in summ	s which long	medium to long	short
*Fruit: length	long	medium to long	short to medium
*Fruit: width	broad	narrow to mediun	nnarrow to medium
*Fruit: ratio length/width	small	medium	small to medium
*Fruit: general shape in lateral vio	ew circular	conical	circular
Fruit: size of single drupe	large	medium	small

	*F	medium red	medium red	medium red
	*Fruit: colour	weak	strong	medium
	Fruit: glossiness		_	
	*Fruit: firmness	medium to firm	firm	firm
	Fruit: adherence to plug	medium	weak to medium	medium
	*Fruit: main bearing type	both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn	both previous year's cone in not summer & curren year's cone in autumn	both previous year's cone in tsummer & current year's cone in autumn
(va	*Plant: time of vegetative bud burst rieties which fruit on previous year's e in summer)	medium	early	medium to late
whi	*Time of: cane emergence (varieties ich fruit on current year's cane in umn)	early	early	medium to late
pre	*Time of: beginning of flowering on vious year's cane (varieties which fruit previous year's cane in summer)	t medium	early to medium	medium
cur	*Time of: beginning of flowering on rent season's cane (varieties which fru current year's cane in autumn)	it early to medium	early	early to medium
pre	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening vious year's cane (varieties which fruit vious year's cane in summer)	on t ofearly to medium	early	medium
	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening rent year's cane (varieties which fruit or rent year's cane in autumn)		early	early to medium
yea	Length of: fruiting period on previous r's cane (varieties which fruit on vious year's cane in summer)	medium	medium to long	medium
yea yea	Length of: fruiting period on current r's cane (varieties which fruit on curre r's cane in autumn)	ent medium to long	medium	long to very long
	or Applications and Sales untry Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
US	•		'Driscoll Dulcita'	
EU	2003	Applied	'Dulcita'	

Prior sale nil.

Description: Margaret Zorin, 167 Collingwood Road, Birkdale Q4159.

Application Number2003/337Variety Name'Francesca'Genus SpeciesRubus idaeusCommon NameRaspberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 5 Mar 2004

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc, Watsonville, CA, USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing US Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP14,860

Reference Number

Location Watsonville, Monterey County, California USA and verified

Stanthoorpe, QLD Australia in May 2007.

Descriptor Raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*) TG/43/7

Period 1996-2004.

Conditions Traditional cultural practices include asexual propagation by in

vitro shoot tip culture, by root sucker division and by root cuttings at the Cassin Ranch in Santa Cruz County, California, and successive generations of plants have been shown to maintain the desired and distinguishing characteristics after propagation. Traditional commercial production of raspberries involve planting rooted cuttings in raised ridges of soil in winter, the plants are then trellised and primocane harvest commences approximately 7 months later in summer. At the end of the primocane harvest in autumn plants are pruned and

the floricane harvest commences in spring.

Trial Design Comparative trial was planted in open fields in Watsonville,

California in 2001 with 'Francesca' planted adjacent to 'Heritage' where observations were taken under similar conditions. 'Francesca' was evaluated as both primocanes and floricanes. All plants were subject to standard growing conditions typical of commercial raspberry production in

southern California USA.

Measurements Measurements of plant, flower and fruit characteristics were

made approximately nine months after planting for primocane production and approximately 17 months after planting for floricane production. All measurements were made in accordance with the UPOV Technical Guidelines and colours are described and most similar colour designations are provided from the Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour

Charts.

RHS Chart - edition 1995

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new raspberry variety 'Francesca' was developed by the hybridisation of the variety 'Tola' (US PP 11087) as the seed parent and 'Isabel' (an unpatented variety) as the pollen parent. The parents were crossed in 1996, and resulting seedlings planted out in the field in Oxnard, California in 1997, where 'Francesca' was selected for its excellent fruit size and flavour. Breeders: Carlos D. Fear (Aptos, CA, USA), Richard E. Harrison (Aptos, CA, USA), Fred M. Cook (Aptos, CA, USA) and Gavin Sills (Watsonville, CA, USA) all employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates Inc., Watsonville, CA USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common i	Micuge	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	spines	absent
Very young shoot	anthocyanin colouration of	present
	apex	
Current season's cane	e anthocyanin colouration	medium
Fruit	adherence of plug	medium
Fruit	colour	medium red 46A
Fruit	main bearing type	both primocane and floricane

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Heritage'	Unpatented variety in most common use throughout the world.
'Tola'	US PP11087 seed parent of 'Francesca' which has poor flavour

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Francesca'	'Heritage'	'Tola'
Plant: habit	semi-upright	upright	upright
*Plant: number of current season's cane	_S medium	medium	many
*Very young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	present	present	present
*Very young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	very weak to weak	medium	medium
Current season's cane: bloom	strong	weak	strong
Current season's cane: anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium	medium
Current season's cane: length of internode	short to medium	medium to long	medium to long
*Current season's cane: length (varieties which fruit on current season's cane in autumn)	medium to long		medium
*Dormant cane: colour (varieties which fruit on previous season's cane in summer)	brownish purple	brownish purple	brownish grey
*Spines: presence	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf: green colour of upper side	dark	dark	medium
*Leaf: predominant number of leaflets	equally three and five	equally three and five	five
*Leaf: rugosity	weak	medium	weak
Leaf: relative position of lateral leaflets	free	free	touching
Terminal leaflet: length	medium	long	short
Terminal leaflet: width	medium to broad	narrow to medium	medium to broad
Flower: size	medium	small to medium	small
Fruiting lateral: attitude (varieties which fruit on previous year's cane in summer)	semi-erect	horizontal to drooping	
*Fruit: length	long	short to medium	long to very long
*Fruit: width	medium to broad	narrow to medium	broad
*Fruit: ratio length/width	medium	small to medium	medium to large
*Fruit: general shape in lateral view	broad conical	circular	conical

				ant Varieties Journal Vol. 20 No.2
_	Fruit: size of single drupe	medium to large	small	small to medium
	*Fruit: colour	medium red	medium red	medium red
~	Fruit: glossiness	weak	medium	weak to medium
~	*Fruit: firmness	medium	firm	very firm
	Fruit: adherence to plug	medium	medium	medium
	*Fruit: main bearing type	both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn	both previous year's cone in summer & curren year's cone in autumn	both previous year's cone in t summer & current year's cone in autumn
(va	*Plant: time of vegetative bud burst rieties which fruit on previous year's the in summer)	early	medium to late	medium to late
wh	*Time of: cane emergence (varieties ich fruit on current year's cane in umn)	early	medium to late	medium
•	*Time of: beginning of flowering on vious year's cane (varieties which fruit previous year's cane in summer)	medium	medium	early to medium
	*Time of: beginning of flowering on rent season's cane (varieties which fruit current year's cane in autumn)	early	early to medium	very early to early
	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on vious year's cane (varieties which fruit of vious year's cane in summer)	fmedium to late	medium	early
	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on rent year's cane (varieties which fruit on rent year's cane in autumn)	early	early to medium	medium
yea	Length of: fruiting period on previous ar's cane (varieties which fruit on vious year's cane in summer)	medium	medium	medium to long
yea	Length of: fruiting period on current ar's cane (varieties which fruit on current ar's cane in autumn)	short to medium	long to very long	medium to long

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2002	Granted	'Driscoll Francesca'
EU	2003	Applied	'Driscoll Francesca'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Margaret Zorin, 167 Collingwood Road, Birkdale Q4159.

Application Number
Variety Name
Genus Species
Common Name

2005/116

'RAFZAQU'
Rubus idaeus
Raspberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Jul 2005

Applicant Promo-Fruit AG SA Ltd, Rafz, Switzerland

Agent Davies Collison Cave, Sydney, NSW

Qualified Person Zoee Maddox

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Community Plant Variety Office

Authority

Overseas Data 20001707

Reference Number

Location Prufstelle Wurzen

Descriptor Raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*) TG/43/7

Period 2002 - 2003

Conditions The information contained herein is based on overseas data

sourced from the European Union Community Certificate of Plant Variety Rights EU 1300B. Overseas data was verified under Australian conditions in Silvan, Victoria (Latitude 38°C, elevation approximately 205m) and expressed in accordance with standard UPOV characteristics for *Rubus*

varieties (TG/43/7).

Trial Design Australian data was collected from field grown plants with

ten plants selected at random from a row of 'Rafzaqu' and

'Autumn Bliss'.

Measurements Measurements were taken from 10 plants of each variety

randomly selected in the field plantings.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Autumn Bliss' x Himbo Queen var. 'Rafzeter'. The breeding occurred at Schrann 14, CH-8197 RAFZ, Switzerland. The mother variety 'Autumn Bliss' was castrated and then pollinated with the pollen of 'Rafzeter'. The emasculated flower heads were then covered with paper bags to collect the seed. The seed originating from this cross was then planted into the selection field and from this planting the selection of the most promising seedlings was made. One such seedling, being the present variety 'Rafzaqu' was selected due to its highly desirable characteristics of bright red fruit with a round-conical shape. Breeder: Mr. Peter Hauenstein.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of

Common I	(now	ledge	,
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Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varietie
Fruit	general shape in lateral view	broad conical
Current season's cane	bloom	medium to strong
Spines	presence	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Autumn Bliss'	Parent of 'Rafzaqu'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety		0	-	State of Expression in Comments yComparator Variety
'Zeva	Fruit	maturity	mid season	late season
Herbsternte'				
'Zeva	Fruit	shape	round to conical	long to conical
Herbsternte'				
'Polka'	Fruit	shape	round to conical	long to conical
'Polka'	Plant	height	very tall	medium to tall
'Dinkum'	Plant	height	very tall	medium
'Dinkum'	Plant	habit	upright	semi upright to
				spreading
'Dinkum'	Fruit	colour	bright red	medium to dark red
'Heritage'	Fruit	maturity	mid season	late season
'Heritage'	Plant	height	very tall	low to medium

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RAFZAQU'	'Autumn Bliss'
Plant: habit	upright	semi-upright
*Plant: number of current season's canes	medium	medium to many
*Very young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	present	present
*Very young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	medium	weak
Current season's cane: bloom	medium to strong	medium to strong
Current season's cane: anthocyanin colouration	medium	weak
Current season's cane: length of internode	short to medium	medium
Current season's cane: length of vegetative bud	short	short
*Spines: presence	present	present
*Spines: density (varieties with spines present only)	medium	dense to very dense
Spines: size of base (varieties with spines present only)	medium	large
Spines: length (varieties with spines present only)	short to medium	long
☐ Spines: colour (varieties with spines present only)	purple	brownish purple

*Leaf: green colour of upper side	medium to dark	light to medium
Leaf: profile of leaflets in cross section	concave	convex
*Leaf: rugosity	medium	medium
Leaf: relative position of lateral leaflets	free	overlapping
Terminal leaflet: length	medium	long
Terminal leaflet: width	medium	broad
Pedicel: number of spines	medium	many to very many
*Peduncle: presence of anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Peduncle: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	very weak
Flower: size	large	medium
*Fruit: length	medium	short
*Fruit: width	broad	medium
*Fruit: ratio length/width	medium	small
*Fruit: general shape in lateral view	broad conical	broad conical
Fruit: size of single drupe	large	medium
*Fruit: colour	medium red	dark red
Fruit: glossiness	medium to strong	weak
*Fruit: firmness	medium	soft
Fruit: adherence to plug	medium	weak
*Fruit: main bearing type	only on current year's cane in autumn	
*Time of: cane emergence (varieties which fruit on current year's cane in autumn)	early	
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on current year's cane (varieties which fruit on current year's cane in autumn)	medium	very early to early
Length of: fruiting period on current year's cane (varieties which fruit on current year's cane in autumn)	medium to long	

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Switzerland	2000	Granted	'RAFZAQU'
EU	2000	Granted	'RAFZAQU'

First sold in Switzerland in Oct 2004.

Description: Zoee Maddox, Emerald, VIC.

Application Number 2005/264 **Variety Name** 'Kay Parris'

Genus SpeciesMagnolia grandifloraCommon NameSouthern Magnolia

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 8 Jun 2006

Applicant Gilbert's Nursery, Inc., Chesnee, South Carolina, USA

Agent Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Paul Armitage

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk, VIC.

Descriptor Magnolia (*Magnolia*) PBR MAGN

Period Spring 2004 – Jan 2007.

Conditions Outdoor nursery conditions in full sun. Plants grown in

soilless potting mix and fed by controlled release fertilisers. Rooted cuttings were progressively potted up to 20cm, 30cm and final pot size of 40cm diameter pots. Plants were not

pruned during the trial period.

Trial Design 15 plants of each variety arranged in completely randomised

design.

Measurements 10 plants of each variety selected at random. 1 sample per

plant. Young leaf samples from the middle section of current season's growth. Mature leaf samples from the middle section

of the previous season's growth.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: of *Magnolia grandiflora* 'Little Gem'. Breeding took place in South Carolina USA. The seed parent is characterised by small tree form, dark glossy leaves and copper coloured indumentum. Seed was collected from 'Little Gem' in 1985, and seedlings raised. 'Kay Parris' selected on the basis compact form, dark glossy leaves with undulated margins, dense and uniformly coloured indumentum. Propagation: vegetative, Breeder: James Gilbert, Gilbert's Nursery, Inc., Chesnee, South Carolina, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesPlantsizesmall tree

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'STRGRA'

'Little Gem'

Varieties o	of Common	Knowledge	identified	and subsec	quently excluded
varieues u	ո Հաատա	Milowieuge	luenimeu	and subset	Juenuv excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteri	stics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Exmouth'	plant	size	small tree	medium tree

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kay Parris'	'Little Gem'	'STRGRA'
Plant: seasonality	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen
Plant: type	tree	tree	tree
Plant: growth habit	upright	spreading	bushy
Young leaf: main colour upper side	greenish	greenish	greenish
Leaf: length of blade	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: width of blade	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: shape of blade	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Leaf: main colour upper side	dark green	dark green	dark green
Mature leaf: density of hairs on the lower side	dense	medium	medium
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute	obtuse
Leaf: shape in profile	strongly convex	slightly convex	moderately convex
Leaf: undulation of margin	moderate	slight	moderate
Leaf: rugosity	absent to slight	absent to slight	moderate
Mature leaf: main colour of the lower side	RHS165A	RHS165A	RHS199B
Young leaf: density of hairs on the lowerside	er dense	medium	medium
Young leaf: colour of hairs on the lower side	RHS N199D	RHS N199D	RHS N190D

Statistical Table

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kay Parris'	'Little Gem'	'STRGRA'		
Leaf: length of blade including petiole	(mm)				
Mean	170.60	132.90	168.10		
Std. Deviation	13.52	8.14	9.63		
LSD/sig	12.45	P≤0.01	ns		
Leaf: length of blade not including petiole (mm)					
Mean	144.30	104.20	144.10		
Std. Deviation	8.63	14.12	10.41		
LSD/sig	13.82	P≤0.01	ns		
Leaf: width (mm)					
Mean	64.30	50.80	69.10		
Std. Deviation	4.67	4.96	6.49		

LSD/sig	5.29	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: length: width ratio			
Mean	2.60	2.64	2.42
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.17	0.29
LSD/sig	0.169	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in the USA in Aug 1999.

Description: Paul Armitage, Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd, Lilydale, VIC.

Application Number 1999/364 **Variety Name** 'STRGRA'

Genus SpeciesMagnolia grandifloraCommon NameSouthern Magnolia

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Jan 2000

Applicant Edward & Patricia Strauss, Uki, NSW and

Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk, VIC

Agent Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Paul Armitage

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk, VIC.

Descriptor Magnolia (*Magnolia*) PBR MAGN

Period Spring 2004 – Jan 2007.

Conditions Outdoor nursery conditions in full sun. Plants grown in

soilless potting mix and fed by controlled release fertilisers. Rooted cuttings were potted up progressively to 20cm, 30cm, and final pot size of 40cm diameter pots. Plants were not

pruned during the trial period.

Trial Design 15 plants of each variety arranged in completely randomised

design.

Measurements 10 plants of each variety selected at random. 1 sample per

plant. Young leaf samples from the middle section of the current season's growth. Mature leaf samples from the middle

section of the previous season's growth.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: In 1991, after three years of growth, one plant was observed as being distinct in a batch of magnolias grown from commercial seed. It flowered in its 2nd year and was very prolific over a long flowering season. It also had smaller leaves. It was a small multi-branched plant one-third of the size of its sister seedlings. Cuttings were taken from the original plant and these characteristics were found to be consistent and stable in the subsequent generations. Selection criteria: compact, miniature growth and prolific flowering. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Edward & Patricia Strauss, Uki, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	size	small tree

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Kay Parris'

'Little Gem'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick

more of the comparators are marked wit Organ/Plant Part: Context	'STRGRA'	'Little Gem'	'Kay Parris'
Plant: seasonality	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen
Plant: type	tree	tree	tree
Plant: growth habit	bushy	upright	upright
Young leaf: main colour upper side	greenish	greenish	greenish
Leaf: length of blade	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: width of blade	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: shape of blade	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Leaf: main colour upper side	dark green	dark green	dark green
Young leaf: density of hairs on the lowerside	er medium	medium	dense
Young leaf: colour of hairs on the lower side (RHS)	^r N190D	N199D	N199D
Mature leaf: density of hairs on the ower side	medium	medium	dense
Leaf: shape of apex	obtuse	acute	acute
Leaf: shape in profile	moderately convex	slightly convex	strongly convex
Leaf: undulation of margin	moderate	slight	moderate
Leaf: rugosity	moderate	absent to slight	absent to slight
Mature leaf: main colour of the lower side (RHS)	199B	165A	165A
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'STRGRA'	'Little Gem'	'Kay Parris'
Leaf: width (mm)			
Mean	69.10	50.80	64.30

'STRGRA'	'Little Gem'	'Kay Parris'			
69.10	50.80	64.30			
6.49	4.96	4.67			
5.29	P≤0.01	ns			
2.42	2.64	2.60			
0.29	0.17	0.13			
0.169	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
ole (mm)					
144.10	104.20	144.30			
10.41	14.12	8.63			
13.82	P≤0.01	ns			
Leaf: length of blade including petiole (mm)					
168.10	132.90	170.60			
9.63	8.14	13.52			
12.45	P≤0.01	ns			
	69.10 6.49 5.29 2.42 0.29 0.169 ble (mm) 144.10 10.41 13.82 (mm) 168.10 9.63	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2005	Applied	'STRGRA'
EU	2005	Applied	'STRGRA'
USA	2001	Granted	'STRGRA'

Prior sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Paul Armitage}, Proteaflora\ Enterprises\ Pty\ Ltd,\ Lilydale,\ VIC.$

Application Number 2006/276 **Variety Name** 'K111201'

Genus Species Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus

Common Name Spurflower

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2006

ApplicantGert J Brits (Dr), Stellenbosch, South AfricaAgentProteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Paul Armitage

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk, VIC

Descriptor Plectranthus (*Plectranthus*) PBR PLEC

Period Nov 2006 – Jun 2007

Conditions Covered nursery conditions. Plants grown under 50% shade

cloth. Cuttings propagated in Nov 2006 and potted to 14cm pots in Dec 2006. Grown in soilless potting mix and fed with

Controlled release fertilizers. Overhead irrigation.

Trial Design 15 plants of each variety in fully randomised design.

Measurements From 10 plants selected at random. One sample from each

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: from parent *Plectanthus saccatus* x *Plectranthus hilliardiae* 'P000603'. The parent is characterised by light pink coloured flowers, pink venation and anthocyanin blush on the underside of the leaf. 'K111201' was discovered as a white flowered stem mutation on the parent variety in Denmark in 2002. Initial trial of plants propagated by cuttings from the mutation were evaluated in 2003 with no off types observed. The variety has been propagated by cuttings at the breeders facility for 8 generations with no off types observed. Breeder: Gert J Brits (Dr), Stellenbosch, South Africa.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesFlowercolourwhite

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

THOSE DIFFINITION VILLE	thes of common time wreage identified (v Cit)	
Name	Comments	
'Gurus Choice'	Most similar white flowered variety.	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteri	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'P000603'	Flower	colour	white	pink
'Amanda'	Plant	growth habit	semi upright	prostrate

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'K111201'	'Gurus Choice'
		perennial	perennial
	Plant: type	upright to semi-	•
~	Plant: growth habit	upright	semi-prostrate
~	Plant: height	tall	short
~	Petiole: anthocyanin coloration of the lower side	absent or very weak	weak
~	Leaf blade: length	medium	short
	Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
~	Leaf blade: shape of base	broad acute	obtuse
	Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute
~	Leaf: shape in cross section	medium convex	slightly convex
~	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	light	medium
~	Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration of the lower side	absent or very weak	weak
	Leaf blade: colour of venation on lower side	green	green
	Leaf blade: margin	dentate	dentate
	Leaf blade: prominence of trichomes on upper side	very weak	
	Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration of margin	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Flowering branch: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Raceme: anthocyanin colouration of stem	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Flower bud: colour of apex (RHS colour chart)	RHS 155 D	RHS 155 D
~	Flower: length of corolla (tube)	medium	short
	*Flower: size	medium	medium
~	Flower: maximum width of corolla tube	medium	medium to broad
	Flower: shape of corolla tube	straight	straight
	*Flower: main colour	white	white
	Flower: colour of lower lip of corolla	white	white
•	Flower: purple spots on lips of corolla	present	absent
	Time of: flowering	medium	medium
	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'K111201'	'Gurus Choice'
Corolla tube: length		
Mean	19.90	14.80
Std. Deviation	1.20	0.79
LSD/sig	1.15	P≤0.01
Corolla tube: width		
Mean	5.40	6.35
Std. Deviation	0.52	0.58
LSD/sig	0.624	P≤0.01
Corolla upper lip: length		
Mean	10.50	14.20
Std. Deviation	0.85	1.14
LSD/sig	1.14	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2003	Granted	'K111201'
Canada	2003	Applied	'K111201'
EU	2004	Granted	'K111201'

First sold in Denmark in Nov 2002. First Australian sale Sep 2006.

Description: Paul Armitage, Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Application Number 2006/275 **Variety Name** 'K011101'

Genus Species Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus

Common Name Spurflower

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2006

ApplicantGert J Brits (Dr), Stellenbosch, South AfricaAgentProteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Paul Armitage

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk, VIC

Descriptor Plectranthus (*Plectranthus*) PBR PLEC

Period Nov 2006 – Jun 2007

Conditions Covered nursery conditions. Plants grown under 50% shade

cloth. Cuttings propagated in Nov 2006 and potted to 14cm pots in Dec 2006. Grown in soilless potting mix and fed with

controlled release fertilizers. Overhead irrigation.

Trial Design15 plants of each variety arranged in fully randomised design. **Measurements**From 10 plants selected at random. One sample from each

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: from parent plant *Plectranthus saccatus* x *Plectranthus hilliardiae* 'P000603' The parent is characterised by light pink flowers, pink venation and anthocyanin blush on the underside of the leaf. 'K011101' was discovered as a dark pink flowered stem mutation on the parent variety in Denmark in 2002. Initial trial of plants propagated by cuttings from the mutation evaluated in 2003, with no off-types observed. The variety has been propagated by cuttings for 8 generations at the breeder's facility with no off types observed. Breeder: Gert J Brits (Dr), Stellenbosch, South Africa.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesFlowercolourpurple

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'P000603'	Parent. Most similar variety.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Characteris	stics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Plepalila'	Flower	colour	pink	violet blue	
'P000607'	Flower	colour	pink	violet	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'K011101'	'P000603'		
Plant: type	perennial	perennial		
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright		
Plant: height	tall	tall		
Petiole: anthocyanin coloration of the lower side	strong	medium		
Leaf blade: length	medium	medium		
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium		
Leaf blade: shape of base	broad acute	broad acute		
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute		
Leaf: shape in cross section	medium convex	slightly convex		
Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	dark	medium		
Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration of the lower side	strong	medium		
Leaf blade: colour of venation on lower side	pink	pink		
Leaf blade: margin	dentate	dentate		
Leaf blade: prominence of trichomes on upper side	strong	medium		
Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration of margin	present	absent		
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	medium	medium		
Flowering branch: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very weak		
Raceme: anthocyanin colouration of stem	very strong	medium		
Flower bud: colour of apex (RHS colour chart)	RHS N79 C	RHS 70A-B		
Flower: length of corolla (tube)	medium	medium		
*Flower: size	medium	medium		
Flower: maximum width of corolla tube	medium	medium		
Flower: shape of corolla tube	straight	straight		
*Flower: main colour	purple	purple		
Flower: colour of lower lip of corolla	purple	purple		
Flower: purple spots on lips of corolla	present	present		
Time of: flowering	medium	medium		
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	(1104-1-10-1-	(D0007071		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'K011101'	'P000603'		
Leaf underside: colour of venation (RHS)	RHS N187A	RHS187A		
Corolla tube: colour (RHS)	RHS N78A	RHS 84B-C		
Raceme: colour of stem (RHS)	RHS N187A	RHS 187A		
Corolla upper lip: colour (RHS)	RHS N78A	RHS 84B-C		
Statistical Table				

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'K011101'
Corolla tube: length (mm)	
Mean	19.80
Std. Deviation	0.79
Corolla tube: width (mm)	
Mean	5.90
Std. Deviation	0.57
Corolla upper lip: length (mm)	
Mean	10.80
Std. Deviation	1.23

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2003	Granted	'K011101'
Canada	2003	Applied	'K011101'
EU	2004	Granted	'K011101'

First sold in Denmark in Nov 2002. First Australian sale Sep 2006.

 $Description: \textbf{Paul Armitage}, Proteaflora\ Enterprises\ Pty\ Ltd,\ Monbulk,\ VIC.$

Application Number 2006/075

Variety Name 'Driscoll Sanibel' Genus Species Fragaria xananassa

Common Name Strawberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc, Watsonville, CA, USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing US Patent and Trademark Office(USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP16,298

Reference Number

Location Hillsborough County, Florida, USA and verified at Woori Yallock,

VIC and Cleveland QLD Australia.

Descriptor Strawberry (*Fragaria*) TG/22/9.

Period 1999 – 2004.

Conditions Plants and comparators grown in raised beds side by side in full

sunlight in 2004. An observation trial was planted at Woori Yallock, VIC and another in Cleveland, QLD Australia in May

2006 and Mar 2007 respectively.

Trial Design Observations and measurements were taken from 'Driscoll

Sanibel', 'Biscayne' and 'Key Largo' in side-by-side comparison in 2003-2004 winter production season in Hillsborough, Florida. Plants for observation and measurement were grown in McArthur, California, harvested and held in refrigerated storage until planting in Hillsborough county, Florida in Oct 2003. Plants were grown in plastic covered raised beds of soil under conditions typical of

commercial strawberry production in central Florida.

Measurements Observations and measurements were taken of 'Driscoll Sanibel',

'Biscayne' and 'Key Largo' using UPOV guidelines and terminology; measurements of plant, flower, and fruit characteristics were made in Jan 2004. Colours are described and the most similar colour designations are provided from the Royal

Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour Charts.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety originated as a result of a controlled cross between the strawberry plants '10D213' (unpatented) and '88E94' (unpatented) in an ongoing breeding program and was discovered as a seedling in Hillsborough, Florida in 1999. Plants of 'Driscoll Sanibel' were subsequently asexually propagated by way of stolons and replanted for further testing each year for 3 years. This propagation and testing has demonstrated that the combination of traits disclosed herein which characterise the new variety are fixed and retained trueness to type through successive generations of asexual reproduction. Breeders: Kristie L. Gilford and Bruce D. Mowrey who were and remain employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates Inc of California U.S.A.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	density	medium
Leaf	glossiness	medium
Stolon	anthocyanin colouration	strong
Stolon	pubescence	medium
Fruit	predominant shape	conical
Fruit	external colour	red
Fruit	difference in shapes between	slight
	primary and secondary fruits	
Fruit	band without achenes	narrow
Fruit	glossiness	strong
Fruit	size of calyx in relation to fruit	larger
	diameter	
Fruit	adherence of calyx	strong
Fruit	distribution of flesh colour	marginal and central
Fruit	type of bearing	partially remontant
Terminal leaflet	shape of incisions of margin	crenate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Biscayne'	US PP12186 is considered to be closest variety to 'Driscoll Sanibel'.
'Key Largo'	US PP 8649 is also considered to be suitable comparator.
'10D213'	Female parent (unpatented) breeding line and not available as comparator.
'88E94'	Pollen parent (unpatented) breeding line and not available as comparator.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Driscoll Sanibel' 'Biscayne' 'Key Largo'				
	Plant: habit	flat	flat globose	globose	
	Plant: density	medium	medium	medium	
~	Plant: vigour	strong	strong	medium	
~	Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green	light green	light green	
~	Leaf: shape in cross section	slightly concave	strongly concave	slightly concave	
~	*Leaf: blistering	medium to strong	weak	weak	
	*Leaf: glossiness	medium	medium	medium	
~	*Terminal leaflet: length/width ratio	longer than broad	broader than long	longer than broad	
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of base	obtuse	rounded	acute	
	Terminal leaflet: shape of incisions of rgin	crenate	crenate	crenate	
~	Petiole: attitude of hairs	strongly outwards	strongly outwards	upwards	
~	Stipule: anthocyanin colouration	medium	strong		
~	*Stolons: number	few to medium	very many	medium to many	
	Stolon: anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong		

	Stolon: pubescence	medium	medium	
▽ foli	*Inflorescence: position relative to tage	beneath	level with	above
~	Flower: size	large to very large	large	medium to large
	*Flower: size of calyx	larger	larger	larger
pet	rimary nower. relative position of	touching	overlapping	overlapping
~	Petal: length/width ratio	much longer than broad		much longer than broad
~	*Fruit: ratio of length/width	much longer than broad	slightly longer than broad	much longer than broad
~	*Fruit: size	large to very large	large	medium to large
	*Fruit: predominant shape	conical	conical	conical
pri	Fruit: difference in shapes between mary and secondary fruits	slight	slight	slight
	Fruit: band without achenes	narrow	narrow	narrow
~	Fruit: unevenness of surface	strong	weak	weak
~	*Fruit: colour	orange red	red	red
~	Fruit: evenness of colour	even	even	slightly uneven
	Fruit: glossiness	strong	strong	strong
~	*Fruit: insertion of achenes	level with surface	level with surface	below surface
~	Fruit: insertion of calyx	with fruit level	with fruit level	above fruit
~	Fruit: attitude of the calyx segments	reflexed	spreading	reflexed
▽ dia	Fruit: size of calyx in relation to fruit meter	much larger	slightly larger	much larger
	Fruit: adherence of calyx	strong	strong	strong
~	Fruit: firmness	medium	firm	firm
~	Fruit: colour of flesh	orange red	medium red	medium red
~	Fruit: hollow centre	weakly expressed	strongly expressed	lweakly expressed
	Fruit: distribution of red colour of flesh	marginal and central	marginal and central	marginal and central
~	*Time of: flowering	very early to early	early	medium
~	Time of: ripening	very early	early to medium	medium to late
	*Type of: bearing	partially remontant	partially remontant	partially remontant
	aracteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context	<u>tor/TG</u> 'Driscoll Sanibel'	''Riscavne'	'Key Largo'
V	Fruiting truss: length	long	short	long
~	Fruiting truss: attitude at first picking	prostrate	prostrate	semi-erect
	1 1610115 11 600. utilitude at 1115t picking	1	1	

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2004	Granted	'Driscoll Sanibel'
Canada	2005	Applied	'Driscoll Sanibel'
EU	2005	Applied	'Driscoll Sanibel'

Prior sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Margaret Zorin}, 167\ Collingwood\ Road,\ Birkdale,\ Q4159.$

Application Number 2006/076

Variety Name 'Driscoll Osceola' Genus Species 'Fragaria xananassa

Common Name Strawberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc, Watsonville, CA, USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing US Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP 15,752

Reference Number

Location Hillsborough County, Florida USA with verification plots at Woori

Yallock, VIC and Cleveland, QLD Australia.

Descriptor Strawberry (*Fragaria*) TG/22/9.

Period 1999 – 2003.

Conditions The new variety 'Driscoll Osceola' was asexually propagated by

stolons and transferred to Hillsborough County, Florida where it underwent further testing for three years. This propagation and testing has demonstrated that the combination of traits disclosed herein which characterise the new variety are fixed and retained trueness to type through successive generations of asexual reproduction. Test plots were planted at Woori Yallock May 2006

and Cleveland Mar 2007 for confirmation of characteristics.

Trial Design The varieties believed to be closest in comparison to the new variety

'Driscoll Osceola' are 'Biscayne' (US Plant Patent 12186) and 'Madiera' (US Plant Patent 14109). Plants of these three varieties were multiplied asexually by stolons in Shasta County, California USA, cold stored and transferred to Hillsborough County, Florida USA to be planted in raised plastic covered beds side by side as standard practice under conditions typical of commercial strawberry production in central Florida USA Measurements and observations were made four months later during harvest period. Colour designations, colour descriptions, and other phenotypic descriptions may deviate from the stated values and descriptions depending upon variation in environmental, seasonal, climatic and cultural

conditions.

Measurements Observations and measurements using UPOV terminology and

guidelines were taken of 'Driscoll Osceola', 'Biscayne', and 'Madiera' on plants and fruit grown side by side in rows planted in Hillsborough County, Florida USA in 2002-2003. Colours are described and the most similar colour designations are provided from

the Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour Charts.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The new variety 'Driscoll Osceola' originated as a result of a controlled cross pollination between strawberry plants of 'Marathon' (maternal plant) and 'Sonora' (pollen parent) in an ongoing breeding program in Monterey County, California. This new variety 'Driscoll Osceola' was evaluated in Hillsborough County, Florida where it underwent further testing and evaluation for three years. Breeders: Kristie L. Gilford, Bruce D. Mowrey and JoAnne Coss who were and remain employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates Inc. of California USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Part		
Plant	habit	flat globose
Leaf	glossiness	medium
Inflorescence	size of calyx	larger
Inflorescence	spacing of petals	overlapping
Inflorescence	petal length width ratio	broader than long
Flower	size	large
Fruit	length width ratio	longer than broad
Fruit	difference in shape between primary	slight
	and secondary	
Fruit	unevenness of surface	weak
Fruit	glossiness	strong
Fruit	insertion of calyx	level
Fruit	adherence of calyx	strong
Fruit	distribution of flesh colour	marginal and central
Fruiting truss	attitude at first picking	prostrate
Plant	type of bearing	partially remontant

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Biscayne'	Considered to be closest variety of common knowledge (US Plant Patent 12186).
'Madeira'	Considered to be another close variety (US Plant Patent 14109).
'Marathon'	Maternal parent (US Plant Patent 12817) Plants not available for comparison having
	paler red fruit and poor shelf life.
'Sonora'	Pollen parent (US Plant Patent 13386) not considered as this variety is day neutral.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Driscoll Osceola'	'Biscayne'	'Madeira'
☐ Plant: habit	flat globose	flat globose	flat globose
Plant: density	open to medium	medium	medium
Plant: vigour	medium	strong	strong
Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green	light green	dark green
Leaf: shape in cross section	strongly concave to slightly concave	strongly concave	strongly concave
*Leaf: blistering	medium	weak	medium
*Leaf: glossiness	medium	medium	medium
*Terminal leaflet: length/width ratio	as long as broad	as long as broad	much longer than broad
*Terminal leaflet: shape of base	rounded	rounded	obtuse
Terminal leaflet: shape of incisions of margin	^S serrate	crenate	crenate
Petiole: attitude of hairs	strongly outwards	slightly outwards	strongly outwards
*Stolons: number	few	medium	medium
Stolon: anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	strong	strong to very strong
Stolon: pubescence	very strong	medium	medium

*Inflorescence: position relative to foliage	level with	level with	beneath
Flower: size	large	large	large
*Flower: size of calyx	larger	larger	larger
*Primary flower: relative position of petals	overlapping	overlapping	overlapping
Petal: length/width ratio	broader than long	broader than long	broader than long
*Fruit: ratio of length/width	slightly longer than broad	slightly longer than broad	slightly longer than broad
*Fruit: size	large	large	large
*Fruit: predominant shape	cordiform	conical	conical
Fruit: difference in shapes between primary and secondary fruits	slight	slight	slight
Fruit: band without achenes	very narrow to narrow	narrow	narrow
Fruit: unevenness of surface	weak	weak	weak
*Fruit: colour	dark red	red	dark red
Fruit: evenness of colour	slightly uneven	even	even
Fruit: glossiness	strong	strong	strong
*Fruit: insertion of achenes	below surface	level with surface	level with surface
Fruit: insertion of calyx	with fruit level	with fruit level	with fruit level
Fruit: attitude of the calyx segments	spreading	spreading	reflexed
Fruit: size of calyx in relation to fruit diameter	slightly larger	slightly larger	slightly smaller
☐ Fruit: adherence of calyx	strong	strong	strong
Fruit: firmness	soft to medium	firm	medium
Fruit: colour of flesh	orange red	medium red	medium red
Fruit: hollow centre	weakly expressed	strongly expressed	weakly expressed
Fruit: distribution of red colour of flesh	marginal and centra	lmarginal and centra	lmarginal and central
*Time of: flowering	very early	early	very early
Time of: ripening	early	early to medium	early
*Type of: bearing	partially remontant	partially remontant	partially remontant
Characteristics Additional to the De		(D:	(3.5.)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Driscoll Osceola'	•	'Madeira'
Fruiting truss: length	very long	medium	medium
Fruiting truss: attitude at first picking	prostrate	prostrate	prostrate

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2003	Granted	'Driscoll Osceola'
Canada	2004	Applied	'Driscoll Osceola'
EU	2005	Applied	'Driscoll Osceola'

Prior sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Margaret Zorin}, 167\ Collingwood\ Road,\ Birkdale,\ Q4159.$

Application Number 2004/055
Variety Name 'Cascade Falls'
Genus Species Taxodium distichum
Common Name Swamp Cypress

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 9 Apr 2004

Applicant DJ and NM Sampson, New Plymouth, New Zealand

Agent Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk

Qualified Person Paul Armitage

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk, VIC.

Descriptor Taxodium (*Taxodium distichum*) PBR TAXO

Period Spring 2005 – Jan 2007.

Conditions All plants in the trial were grafted onto *Taxodium distichum*

seedlings. Grafted plants were grown in outdoor nursery conditions in full sun. Grown in soilless potting mix and fed with controlled release fertilisers. Plants were progressively

potted up to 14cm and final pot size 20cm pots.

Trial Design 10 plants of each variety arranged in completely randomised

design.

Measurements From 9 plants. 1 sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1986

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: from *T. distichum*. Breeding conducted in Albany, New Zealand The species is characterised by upright growing habit. 'Cascade Falls' was identified from a group of seedlings on the basis of its prostrate-mounding habit. The variety has been propagated for more than 7 cycles by grafting onto *T. distichum* seedlings with no off types observed. Selection criteria: plant growth habit. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Graeme and Rosemary Platt, Auckland, New Zealand.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	shedding of branchlets	deciduous
Deciduous branchlets	shape of leaves	linear
Deciduous branchlets	arrangement of leaves	alternate-2 ranked

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Secrest'	compact spreading form of T. distichum

T. distichum Seedling Plants Included as reference point for the normal states for the species

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

more of the comparators are marked with	а иск.		T 1' 4' 1
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Cascade Falls'	'Secrest'	T. distichum Seedling Plants
Plant: type	tree	shrub	tree
Plant: shedding of branchlets	deciduous	deciduous	deciduous
Plant: habit	prostrate	spreading	upright
Plant: attiude of main branches	outward	upward	upward
Plant: rigidity of branches	weak	medium	medium
Branchlets of the second order: attitude	downwards	outwards	upwards
Branchlets of the first order: attitude	downwards	outwards	outwards
Branchlets of the first order: number	few	medium	many
Deciduous branchlets: arrangement of leaves	alternate-2 ranked	l alternate-2 ranked	l alternate-2 ranked
Deciduous branchlets: length of leaves	medium	short	medium
Deciduous branchlets: shape of leaves	linear	linear	linear
Deciduous branchlets: shape of apex of leaf	narrow-acute	narrow-acute	narrow-acute
Deciduous branchlets: shape of base of leaf	acute	acute	acute
Deciduous branchlets: angle of leaf to stem	oblique	oblique	oblique to perpendicular
Deciduous branchlets: density of leaves	medium	dense	medium
Deciduous branchlets: colour of leaves (RHS Colour Chart) Statistical Table	RHS 137A	RHS 137A	RHS 137A
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Cascade Falls'	'Secrest'	T. distichum Seedling Plants
Branchlets of the first order: number	0	10.00	
Mean Std. Deviation	4.70 1.73	13.00 4.70	21.30 5.54
LSD/sig	5.38	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Branchlets of the first order: length (cm)			
Mean	48.10	24.00	39.60
Std. Deviation	10.13	3.91	4.66
LSD/sig	2.55	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Deciduous branchlets: number of leaves	per cm of length		
Mean	8.10	11.70	9.70
Std. Deviation	0.57	1.16	1.34
LSD/sig	1.429	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Deciduous branchlets: length of leaves (11.10	14.60
Mean Std. Deviation	14.90	11.10	14.60 2.07
Siu. Devianon	3.18	1.73	2.07

LSD/sig	2.698	P≤0.01	ns
Main branch: length (cm)			
Mean	80.30	29.90	87.60
Std. Deviation	15.34	6.86	12.43
LSD/sig	4.31	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	1998	Granted	'Cascade Falls'
EU	2000	Granted	'Cascade Falls'
USA	1999	Granted	'Cascade Falls'

First sold in New Zealand in Jul 2000.

 $Description: \textbf{Paul Armitage,} \ Proteaflora \ Enterprises \ Pty \ Ltd, \ Monbulk, \ VIC.$

Application Number 2006/348
Variety Name 'Glenoia'
Genus Species Prunus avium
Common Name Sweet Cherry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Apr 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP15,157

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352.

Descriptor Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was grown under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions were experienced so supplemental irrigation was used. This had little or no effect on the performance of the proposed variety or the comparators. Standard industry orchard management

was used for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and comparators were

planted at an orchard tree spacing of 2.5m x 5.0m.

Measurements Observations were made of the tree and fruit characteristics to

confirm that the proposed variety was true to type to the original and that the most appropriate comparators could be

selected.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination: During the spring of 1993 Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California gathered fruit from several different unnamed cherry seedlings in his experimental orchard. The seeds form this fruit was removed, cracked, stratified, germinated, and grown as seedlings on their own roots in a greenhouse. From there they were planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. During the fruit evaluation season of 1997 Glen Bradford selected several cherry trees that exhibited desirable qualities. The proposed variety was selected as a single tree from the group described above. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety it was reproduced asexually by budding and grafting and such reproduction of plant and fruit characteristics was true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time and resistance to cracking. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	type	normal
Petiole	nectaries	present
Fruit	colour of skin	dark red
Fruit	firmness	firm to very firm
Fruit	shape	flat round
Fruit	acidity	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Glenred'	matures 10 days earlier	
'Tulare'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	yComparator Variety	
'Tulare'	Fruit colour	dark red	red	Excluded because of skin colour.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Glenoia' 'Glenred'
*Tree: type	normal normal
Tree: vigour	strong strong
*Tree: habit	upright to semi- upright
*Tree: branching	medium to strong strong to very strong
One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium medium
One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relat to shoot	tion slightly held out slightly held out
☐ Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium to strong medium
Leaf blade: length	medium medium
Leaf blade: width	medium medium
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium medium
Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	dark dark
*Leaf: length of petiole	medium medium
Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade	medium medium
*Petiole: nectaries	present present
Petiole: colour of nectaries	light red dark red
Flower: diameter of corolla	medium medium
Flower: shape of petal	broad elliptic broad elliptic
Flower: relative position of petal margins	touching touching

•	*Fruit: size	medium to large	large to very large
	*Fruit: shape	flat-round	flat-round
	Fruit: pistil end	depressed	depressed
	*Fruit: colour of skin	dark red	dark red
	Fruit: size of lenticels on skin	very small to small	very small to small
	Fruit: number of lenticels on skin	very few to few	very few to few
~	Fruit: colour of juice	pink	red
	Fruit: colour of flesh	red	red
	*Fruit: firmness	firm to very firm	firm to very firm
	Fruit: acidity	medium	medium
	Fruit: sweetness	high	high
	Fruit: juiciness	strong	strong
	*Fruit: length of stalk	medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium
	*Stone: size	medium	medium
	*Stone: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
	*Stone: size relative to fruit	medium	medium
	*Time of: flowering	early	very early to early
✓ ¹ 'Gl	*Time of: fruit maturity enred' matures about 10 days earlier than 'Glenoia'	early to medium	early ¹

Prior Applications and Sales

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2003Granted'Glenoia'

First sold in USA in Jul 2002. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2006/343
Variety Name 'Glenrock'
Genus Species Prunus avium
Common Name Sweet Cherry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Mar 2007

ApplicantLowell G. Bradford, Le Grand, CA, USAAgentBuchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD

Qualified Person Peter Buchanan

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP15,512

Reference Number

Location Buchanan's Nursery, 262 Breydon Rd, Hodgsonvale, 4352

Descriptor Cherry (*Prunus avium*) TG/35/6

Period 3 years.

Conditions The trial was conducted under normal growing conditions for

Hodgsonvale, QLD. Some drought conditions were experienced so supplemental irrigation was used. This had little or no effect on the performance of the proposed variety and the comparators. Standard industry orchard management

was used for the duration of the trial.

Trial Design Ten trees of the proposed variety and the comparators were

planted in an orchard spacing of 2.3m x 5.0m.

Measurements Observations were made of the fruit and plant characteristics

to confirm that it is true to type with the original and to select

the most appropriate comparators.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination: During the spring of 1990 Glen Bradford of Bradford Farms, California gathered fruit from several 'Tulare' cherry trees located in his experimental orchard. The seeds from this fruit was removed, cracked, stratified, germinated, and grown as seedlings on their own roots in a greenhouse. From there they were planted into a cultivated area of the experimental orchard at Bradford Farms. During the fruit evaluation season of 1995 Glen Bradford selected several cherry trees that exhibited desirable qualities. The present variety was selected as a single tree from the group described above. Subsequent to the origination of the new variety it was reproduced asexually by budding and grafting and such reproduction of fruit and plant characteristics were true to the original in all respects. Selection criteria: fruit quality, maturity time. Breeder: Glen Bradford, Bradford Farms.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	type	normal
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	colour of nectaries	dark red
Fruit	size	large
Fruit	colour of skin	dark red
Fruit	shape	flat round

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viost similar varieties of common in	no wreage rachinica (v err)
Name	Comments
'Glenred'	Flowering time 3 days earlier, maturity 9 days earlier

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	0	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
			y Comparator variety	
'Tulare'	Fruit skin colour	dark red	red	Parent; excluded because
				it has red skin colour and
				the candidate variety has
				dark red skin colour.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Glenrock'	'Glenred'
*Tree: type	normal	normal
Tree: vigour	strong	strong
*Tree: habit	upright	spreading
*Tree: branching	medium to strong	strong
One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium	medium
One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot	slightly held out	slightly held out
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium	medium
Leaf blade: length	medium	medium
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	dark	dark
*Leaf: length of petiole	medium	medium
Leaf: ratio length of petiole/length of blade	medium	medium
*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
Petiole: colour of nectaries	dark red	dark red
Flower: diameter of corolla	medium	medium
Flower: shape of petal	round	broad elliptic
Flower: relative position of petal margins	touching	touching

*Fruit: size	large	large
*Fruit: shape	flat-round	flat-round
Fruit: pistil end	flat	depressed
*Fruit: colour of skin	dark red	dark red
Fruit: size of lenticels on skin	very small to small	very small to small
Fruit: number of lenticels on skin	very few to few	very few to few
Fruit: colour of juice	pink	red
Fruit: colour of flesh	yellow	dark red
*Fruit: firmness	very firm	firm
Fruit: acidity	low to medium	medium
Fruit: sweetness	high	high
Fruit: juiciness	strong	strong
*Fruit: length of stalk	medium	medium
Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium
*Stone: size	medium	medium
*Stone: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Stone: size relative to fruit	medium	medium
*Time of: flowering	early	very early to early
*Time of: fruit maturity 'Glenred' matures about 9 days earlier than 'Glenrock'	early to medium	early ¹

Prior Applications and Sales

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2003Granted'Glenrock'

First sold in USA in Jan 2004. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Peter Buchanan, Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgsonvale, QLD.

Application Number 2004/017 **Variety Name** 2004/017 '90-4194'

Genus Species Citrullus lanatus
Common Name Watermelon

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 1 Mar 2004

Applicant Syngenta Seeds, Inc, Boise, Idaho, USA

Agent Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC

Qualified Person Richard Tuttleby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Woodland Research Station, California **Descriptor** Watermelon (*Citrullus lanatus*) TG/142/4

Period Spring-Summer 2005

Conditions Trial was sown on 5 Mar 2005 and transplanted on 24 May

2005. Conditions: open field, semi high beds at 2 metres apart, 0.6 m between plants. Irrigated using double drip tape.

Trial Design Non replicated.

Measurements Measurements were recorded from a minimum of 13 plants.

Fruit weight, fruit width, fruit length, rind thickness.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Polyploidy: Inbred '90-4194' was developed at the Syngenta Seeds Research Station in Woodland, CA, as a result of conversion of diploid inbred HD (a proprietary inbred line of Seoul Seeds of Syngenta Seeds, Inc.) to a tetraploid watermelon. The conversion from diploid (2X) to tetraploid (4X) was accomplished using an oryzalin protocol (a newly developed method) consisting of the following steps: 1. In Nov 1999, seeds of HD were seeded in a 50-cell plastic seedling tray in the greenhouse. One drop of 35 micro-M oryzalin was added to the meristem tip between 2 cotyledons each of the newly emerged seedlings. Treatment of all the seedlings with oryzalin was finished about 10 days after sowing. 2. Seedlings were watered and fertilized periodically. 3. In late Dec of 1999, putative tetraploids were transplanted into 2-gallon pots filled with Pro-Mix BX soil-less soil in the greenhouse. 4. During the course of plant development, diploid (not converted) plants and branches were removed based on leaf morphology and male flower characteristics. Propagation: seed. Breeder: Xingping Zhang, Syngenta Seeds Inc, Woodlands, California, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid
Fruit	ground colour of skin	green
Fruit	flesh colour	red to pinkish red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillina Val	iches of Common Knowledge identifica (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	
'4X Sugarbaby'	Tetraploid 'Sugarbaby'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expression	in State of Expression in
	Characte	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
' 90-4231'	Seed	size	very small	medium
' 90-4231'	Fruit	weight	very low	vry high

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'90-4194'	'4X Sugarbaby'
*Ploidy:	tetraploid	tetraploid
Cotyledon: shape	medium elliptic	
Cotyledon: size	medium	
Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	medium	
Cotyledon: spots	absent	
Leaf blade: length	medium	
Leaf blade: width	broad	
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	very small	
Leaf blade: colour	green	
Leaf blade: intensity of colour	medium	
*Leaf: degree of primary lobing	medium	
Leaf blade: blistering	weak	
*Leaf blade: marbling	absent or weak	
Petiole: length	medium	
Ovary: size	small	
Ovary: pubescence	medium	
*Fruit: weight	very low	high
*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	circular	broad elliptic
*Fruit: ground colour of skin	green	green
*Fruit: intensity of ground colour of skin	medium to dark	dark to very dark
Fruit: size of insertion of peduncle	medium	
Fruit: depression at base	shallow	
*Fruit: shape of apical part	rounded	
Fruit: depression at apex	shallow	
Fruit: size of pistil scar	large	
Fruit: distribution of grooves	absent	
*Fruit: stripes	absent	
Fruit: intensity of marbling	absent or very weak	
*Fruit: thickness of pericarp	thin	medium to thick
*Fruit: main colour of flesh	red	pinkish red

Fruit: intens	ity of main colour of flo	esh	medium	medium
Fruit: firmne	ess of flesh		firm	
Fruit: numbe	er of seeds		absent or few	
□ *Seed: size			small	
Seed: groun	d colour of testa		black	
_	dary colour of testa		absent	
Seed: patche	-		absent	
=	nale flowering		early	
Time of: ma			very early	medium
_	o: Fusarium oxysporun	af sp. niveum Race C	•	
_	o: Fusarium oxysporum			
Statistical Tabl		i 1. sp. miveum Race		
Organ/Plant Pa			'90-4194'	'4X Sugarbaby'
Fruit: rind th	nickness (cm)			
Mean			0.48	1.71
Std. Deviation			0.05	0.13
Method Used/si	g		t-test	P≤0.01
Fruit: width	(cm)			
Mean			13.38	20.92
Std. Deviation			0.67	1.00
Method Used/si	g		t-test	P≤0.01
Fruit: length	(cm)			
Mean	` '		13.61	20.69
Std. Deviation			0.78	1.36
Method Used/si	g		t-test	P≤0.01
Fruit: weigh	t (kg)			
Mean			1.20	4.55
Std. Deviation			0.12	0.76
Method Used/sig		t-test	P≤0.01	
Prior Applicati	ons and Sales			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
TICA	2001	C 4 1	(00 4104)	

Prior sale nil

USA

Israel

Description: Lauren O'Connor, Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC.

2001

2004

Granted

Applied

'90-4194'

'90-4194'

Application Number 2004/016 **Variety Name** 'SP-1'

Genus Species Citrullus lanatus **Common Name** Watermelon

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 1 Mar 2004

Applicant Syngenta Seeds, Inc, Boise, Idaho, USA

Agent Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC

Qualified Person Richard Tuttleby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Patumahoe, New Zealand.

Descriptor Watermelon (*Citrullus lanatus*) TG/142/4

Period Two seasons.

Conditions Open ground, standard agronomic practices for watermelons.

Trial Design Two replications.

Measurements Seed size, pericarp, fruit weight, internodes, cotyledon size,

petiole, leaf size.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The initial cross OW824 x OW823 was made during the summer of 2000 in California. The F₁ generation was grown in the glasshouse in the fall of 2000. The F₂ population was grown in Florida in the spring, and in California in the summer of 2001. Individuals with the set of traits required for the breeding goal were successfully identified and self-pollinated in F2 population grown in both locations. A total of 7 selections were made. The seven F₃ lines were grown in the field in Florida and the glasshouse in California in the fall of 2001 for further selection and evaluation. Three F₃ lines were identified to best meet the breeding goals and advanced to F₄ generation. They all have the set of traits required by the breeding goal. One line, N01F3203B is fixed for every traits concerned and observed. When the F₅ progeny were grown at Naples research station in the open field, and at Woodland research station in glasshouse, it was not only uniform but also stable from progeny to progeny for all traits concerned and observed. A bulk harvest of N02S4054B was conducted. This line was named as SP-1. SP-1 was used for stock increase at the Woodland research station and over 1,200 plants were observed and they were uniform. This also further confirms that SP-1 is genetically stable. Selection criteria: small leaves, lacy vine, multiple branched, small fruit, brittle rind, early and extended flowering period. Propagation: seed. Breeder: Xingping Zhang, Syngenta Seeds Inc, Woodlands, California, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· willety of commission	8-	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	diploid
Leaf blade	degree of primary lobing	strong
Fruit	shape in longitudinal section	circular
Fruit	ground colour of skin	green
Fruit	stripes	present
Fruit	thickness of pericarp	thick

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis	shing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Minilee'	Leaves	size	small	medium
'Sugar Baby'	Fruit	stripes	present	absent
'Charleston Grey'	Fruit	stripes	present	absent
'Cream of	Fruit	size	small	large
Saskatchewan'				
'Minilee'	Fruit	flesh colour	white	red

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SP-1'	'Crimson Sweet'
*Ploidy:	diploid	diploid
Cotyledon: shape	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
Cotyledon: size	medium	medium
Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Cotyledon: spots	absent	absent
Plant: length of internode	long	long
Leaf blade: length	short	medium
Leaf blade: width	narrow	medium
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
Leaf blade: colour	grey green	yellow green
Leaf blade: intensity of colour	medium	medium
*Leaf: degree of primary lobing	strong	strong
Leaf blade: degree of secondary lobing	strong	medium
*Leaf blade: marbling	absent or weak	absent or weak
Petiole: length	medium	long
Ovary: size	medium	medium
*Fruit: weight	low	high
*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Fruit: ground colour of skin	green	green
*Fruit: intensity of ground colour of skin	very light	very light to light
Fruit: size of insertion of peduncle	medium	medium
Fruit: depression at base	shallow	medium
*Fruit: shape of apical part	rounded	flat to rounded
Fruit: depression at apex	shallow	medium
Fruit: size of pistil scar	small	medium

^{&#}x27;Crimson Sweet'

Fruit: distribution of grooves	absent	at apical half
*Fruit: stripes	present	present
Fruit: type of stripes	diffused	clearly defined
*Fruit: intensity of colour of stripes	medium	dark
*Fruit: width of stripes	narrow	broad
Fruit: intensity of marbling	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Fruit: thickness of pericarp	thick	thick
*Fruit: main colour of flesh	white	pink
Fruit: intensity of main colour of flesh	light	medium
Fruit: number of seeds	many	medium
*Seed: size	medium to large	medium
Seed: ground colour of testa	black	brown
Seed: secondary colour of testa	absent	absent
☐ Seed: patches at hilum	absent	absent
Time of: female flowering	early	medium
Time of: maturity	early	late
Statistical Table	•	
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SP-1'	'Crimson Sweet'
Seed: length (mm)		
Mean	9.58	8.26
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.44 P. 60.01
LSD/sig	0.40	P≤0.01
Seed: width (mm)	6.09	5 61
Mean Std. Deviation	0.36	5.61 0.39
LSD/sig	0.31	P≤0.01
Seed: length: width ratio		
Mean	1.58	1.47
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.05
LSD/sig	0.05	P≤0.01
Pericarp: thickness (mm)		
Mean	10.60	10.75
Std. Deviation	1.47	1.74
LSD/sig	1.38	ns
Fruit: weight (kg)	1 (1	2.44
Mean Std. Deviation	1.61 0.29	3.44 1.25
LSD/sig	0.29	P≤0.01
Internode: length (mm)	0.70	1 _0.01
Mean	68.45	70.30
Std. Deviation	14.11	27.30
LSD/sig	18.63	ns
Cotyledon: length (mm)		

Mean	32.10	27.45
Std. Deviation	3.74	3.55
LSD/sig	3.12	P≤0.01
Cotyledon: width (mm)		
Mean	20.75	19.70
Std. Deviation	2.36	3.63
LSD/sig	2.62	ns
Cotyledon: length: width ratio		
Mean	1.56	1.41
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.19
LSD/sig	0.16	ns
Petiole: length (mm)		
Mean	86.65	104.90
Std. Deviation	16.12	31.09
LSD/sig	21.23	ns
Leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	116.85	138.65
Std. Deviation	29.30	39.73
LSD/sig	29.93	ns
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	93.30	112.55
Std. Deviation	19.66	29.34
LSD/sig	21.41	ns
Leaf: length: width ratio		
Mean	1.26	1.23
Std. Deviation	0.23	0.12
LSD/sig	0.16	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2002	Granted	'SP-1'
The Netherlands	2003	Surrendered	'SP-1'
EU	2004	Granted	'SP-1'
Israel	2004	Applied	'SENG 9082'
New Zealand	2005	Applied	'SP-1'

First sold in USA in Sep 2003.

Description: Lauren O'Connor, Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC.

Application Number 2006/034
Variety Name 'Side Kick'
Genus Species Citrullus lanatus
Common Name Watermelon

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 27 Mar 2006

Applicant Harris Moran Seed Company, Modesto, CA, USA

Agent VF Solutions - postal address for service of notices on the

applicant

Qualified Person John Oates

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 160 Watts Rd, Yowrie NSW 2550 36°20'S, 149°44'E.

Elevation 250m.

Descriptor Watermelon (*Citrullus lanatus*) TG/142/4

Period Nov 2006 to May 2007.

Conditions Light basalt soil. Raised beds, drip irrigation under black

plastic mulch.

Trial Design Seedlings transplanted in blocks of 5. Seven replicates of

applicant variety and comparator variety.

Measurements Internode length, leaf blade length and width, petiole length,

fruit weight, thickness outer layer of pericarp.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Side Kick' (proposed commercial name, breeder code HMBN), was developed from a mutant plant discovered in 1982 in Davis, California, USA in a breeding population developed from Hybrid No. 610, an F_1 variety, by self pollinating and selecting for shape and yield for four generations. In the F_5 generation a mutant plant was observed and an open pollinated fruit selected for further development. This selected line was then self pollinated for 5 generations and selected for plant type and prolific bloom each generation. The resulting F_5 line was then back-crossed to a fixed parent with a normal vine, and red fleshed, striped fruit and single plant selections for type were made. An additional three back crosses to the mutant parent were then made with single plant selection for the mutant vine, prolific bloom and striped fruit in each generation. This back-crossed line was then self-pollinated for nine generations to reach a homozygous line with the mutant vine, prolific bloom and striped fruit. Breeder: Brenda Lanini, Davis, California, USA .

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	diploid
Leaf blade	degree of primary lobing	strong
Fruit	shape in longitudinal section	circular
Fruit	main colour of flesh	pink
Seed	ground colour of testa	cream

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'SP-1'

'Companion'

'Sugar Baby'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis	hing Characteristics	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Companion'	Leaf blade	degree of primary lobing	strong	very weak	
'SP-1'	Flesh	colour	pink	white	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Side Kick'	'Sugar Baby'
	*Ploidy	diploid	diploid
	Cotyledon: shape	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
	Cotyledon: size	medium	medium
	Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
	Cotyledon: spots	absent	absent
~	Plant: length of internode	short	medium
	Leaf blade: length	medium	short to medium
	Leaf blade: width	medium	narrow to medium
	Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
~	Leaf blade: colour	green	yellow green
	Leaf blade: intensity of colour	light	light
	*Leaf: degree of primary lobing	strong	strong
~	Leaf blade: degree of secondary lobing	weak	weak
	Leaf blade: blistering	weak	weak
	*Leaf blade: marbling	absent or weak	absent or weak
~	Petiole: length	short	short
	Ovary: size	very small to small	very small to small
	Ovary: pubescence	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
~	*Fruit: weight	low	high
	*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	circular	circular
~	*Fruit: ground colour of skin	yellow	green
~	*Fruit: intensity of ground colour of skir	light to medium	dark to very dark
~	Fruit: size of insertion of peduncle	very small	medium
•	Fruit: depression at base	very shallow	very shallow
~	*Fruit: shape of apical part	flat to rounded	flat to rounded

	Fruit: depression at apex	very shallow	very shallow
~	Fruit: size of pistil scar	very small	small to medium
~	Fruit: distribution of grooves	absent	absent
✓	*Fruit: stripes	present	absent
~	Fruit: type of stripes	clearly defined	
~	*Fruit: intensity of colour of stripes	dark	
~	*Fruit: width of stripes	medium	
~	Fruit: intensity of marbling	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	*Fruit: thickness of pericarp	thin	medium
	*Fruit: main colour of flesh	pink	pink
	Fruit: intensity of main colour of flesh	light to medium	light to medium
~	Fruit: firmness of flesh	medium	medium
	Fruit: number of seeds	medium	medium
	*Seed: size	small to medium	small to medium
	Seed: ground colour of testa	cream	cream
	Seed: secondary colour of testa	present	present
tes	Seed: distribution of secondary colour o	f in dots only	in dots only
rel:	Seed: area of secondary colour in ation to that of ground colour	small to medium	large
	Seed: patches at hilum	present	present
~	Time of: female flowering	early to medium	early
~	Time of: maturity	late	medium to late
<u>Ch</u>	aracteristics Additional to the Descrip	tor/TG	
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Side Kick'	'Sugar Baby'
~	Fruit: ground colour	144A~145b	N189A
~	Fruit: colour of flesh (RHS)	27C	34B
	Cotyledon: colour (RHS)	137C	137B
~	Leaf blade: colour (RHS)	137B	146A
Ο.	accom/Dlant Dauts Contact	(Cida Viala)	(Cugan Dahar)
⊘ r	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Side Kick'	'Sugar Baby'
	Internode: length (mm)	67.50	82.25
	l. Deviation	9.71	9.26
	D/sig	1.64	P≤0.01
	Leaf blade: length (mm)		
Μe	_	115.94	90.85
Sto	l. Deviation	15.99	10.13
LS	D/sig	13.25	P≤0.01
	Leaf blade: width (mm)		

Mean	111.17	85.71
Std. Deviation	16.26	9.15
LSD/sig	4.31	P≤0.01
☐ Leaf blade: length/width ratio		
Mean	1.05	1.06
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.08
LSD/sig	0.03	ns
Petiole: length (mm)		
Mean	72.75	66.02
Std. Deviation	15.32	9.91
LSD/sig	8.42	ns
Fruit: weight (g)		
Mean	989.50	4505.00
Std. Deviation	154.46	931.98
LSD/sig	265.24	P≤0.01
Pericarp: thickness (mm)		
Mean	2.78	10.57
Std. Deviation	0.37	1.87
LSD/sig	0.14	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2004	Applied	'Side Kick'

First sold in USA in Jul 2005.

Description: John Oates, VF Solution, Tuross Head, NSW.

Application Number 2006/048 **Variety Name** 'Correll'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

Applicant Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd and The University of

Adelaide, Roseworthy Campus, SA

Agent Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy Campus, The University of Adelaide,

Roseworthy SA; Mintaro SA 2005.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

Period 2006 and 2005.

Conditions The area was canola in 2005. The trial was direct sown on 24

Jun into moist soil, but there was very little rain for the rest of the growing season. Plots were continually moisture stressed from early Aug. Heading times were contracted. This situation did not allow the genotypes in the trial to express their genetic potential for height nor the wide variability between them in heading times. Any significant differences for these characters in 2006 would be even more significant in a better year. Heads were smaller than usual but well formed and there was no tipping. Some Crown Rot caused premature death of some plants, otherwise there was little disease damage. Trial management: 18 Jun 800ml trifluarlin and 1.6L Avadex/ha incorporated with a prickle chain; 24 Jun sown with 120kg/ha DAP including 2.5% zinc; 19 Jul sprayed with 200g Hussar + 85ml Lontrel + 100ml Dimethoate + 1L Hasten per ha for weed and insect control; 27 Jul topdressed with 60kg/ha urea; 17 Aug sprayed 200ml Alpha Scud + 500ml Strikeout for earwig control; 20 Dec trial harvested. In 2005 the Mintaro trial area was prepared by spraying 1L/ha glyphosate, 1.6L/ha tri-allate and 1.5L/ha trifluralin on 17 Jun and the trial was immediately sown with 100kg/ha urea and 90kg/ha DAP as fertiliser. Further weed control occurred 12 Aug by spraying 600ml/ha MCPA+Diflufenican and 100ml/ha Clopyralid. A further 60kg/ha of urea was topdressed over the trial on 2 Sep. Although planted late the prolonged cool wet spring ensured that plots grew normally. Quantitative measurements on this trial were more meaningful than those taken in 2006.

Trial Design

The trials were randomized block designs of 3 blocks arranged in 12 ranges by 10 plots per range, block 1 being in all plots in ranges 1 to 4 inclusive and so on. Plots were 3.2m long with a 1.8m pathway along each end. Each plot was 6 rows 18 cm apart with a 36cm space between adjacent plots.

Sowing rate was approximately 1000 seeds per plot. The entries in the trial consisted of varieties of common knowledge appropriate to and with a number of potential new varieties.

Measurements

Measurements were scored on the tallest tiller from each of 5 randomly selected plants from each plot, these data being averaged for each plot before being subjected to spatial analyses using REML in GENSTAT. In no case was a spatial adjustment necessary. Measurements included heading dates, flag leaf length and width, peduncle length and exertion from the flag leaf sheath, plant glaucosity, plant height and spike density. Qualitative characters were scored on mature plants. For quantitative characters only those which were significantly different between 'Correll' and the comparators are presented.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross, 'RAC875'/Yitpi', was made in 1997, the F₂ population was grown in the field at Roseworthy in 1998 and selected heads were grown over summer at the Waite Institute as head hills. Selection for stem and leaf rust resistance was possible. Selections were grown in a single replicate yield trial at Roseworthy in 1999 and those surviving this first yield trial were assessed at 6 sites in South Australia in 2000. Further single plant selection was carried out in these plots and these selections were multiplied as head hills over summer. In 2001 a single was sown at Roseworthy and a selection designated (R875*C8MMDFm)/1/1 was further tested in replicated trials at 4 sites in SA in 2002. The seed of this line was transferred to AGT and entered into stage 3 trials at 16 locations in South Australia, Western Australia, Victoria and New South Wales in 2003. In 2004 it was promoted to stage 4 trials and trialed in 26 locations as well as disease progress nurseries. Having survived this extensive yield and disease testing exhaustive quality tests were carried out. In 2005 it was again trialed in AGT S4 trials and was also planted in the National Variety Trials, in all, at 35 locations. Trialing continued in 2006. Breeder: Dr. A J Rathjen and Dr. Andrew Barr, Adelaide, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowic	ugc	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	intermediate
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Ear	colour	white
Ear	time of emergence	early -medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Yitpi' The male parent.

'AGT Scythe' Sometimes strongly glaucous.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Frame'	Ear	Heading	early to medium (283.7	Mid to late (289.7 days) 2005 data, LSD 1%
		date	Julian days)		= 2.6 days
'Pugsley'	Flag leaf	Length	long (156.3mm)	Very long(190.9)	2005 data, LSD 1%
					= 23.4
'Pugsley'	HMW	allele	a u d	a c d	GluB1-u was
	glutenins	sexpression			previously
					designated GluB1-b

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Correll'	'AGT Scythe'	'Yitpi'
	*Plant: growth habit	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
aur	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of icles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	early	medium
~	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	medium	weak to medium
~	*Ear: glaucosity	strong	weak to medium	medium to strong
~	Culm: glaucosity of neck	strong	strong	medium
	*Plant: length	medium	short	medium
	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
	*Ear: density	medium	dense	medium to dense
	Ear: length	medium to long	medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium to long	short to medium	medium to long
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white
cor	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of evex surface	strong	absent or very weak	medium to strong
	Lower glume: shoulder width	broad	medium to broad	broad
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight	straight to elevated	straight to elevated
	Lower glume: beak length	short	short	short to medium
	Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved	straight
	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	medium	weak to medium	medium
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight to slightly	slightly curved	straight to slightly

	curved		curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white
☐ Grain: colouration with phenol	dark	dark	dark
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-A1	band 1	band 2	band 1
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-B1			bands 7+8
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-D1		bands 2+12	bands 5+10
Characteristics Additional to the Descript			,
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Correll'	'AGT Scythe'	'Yitpi'
	'Correll'	'AGT Scythe' b	'Yitpi' c
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Glutenin composition: allele expression	'Correll'	·	•
Organ/Plant Part: Context Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-A3 Glutenin composition: allele expression	'Correll' c	b	c
Organ/Plant Part: Context ☐ Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-A3 ☐ Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-D3 ☐ Glutenin composition: allele expression	'Correll' c	b	c c

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Correll'	'AGT Scythe'	'Yitpi'
Ear: date of emergence from boot (2005)) (Julian days)		
Mean	283.80	282.40	287.00
Std. Deviation	0.75	0.82	1.00
LSD/sig	2.6	ns	P≤0.01
Mature plant: height including awns (cn	n)		
Mean	96.00	84.50	95.70
Std. Deviation	1.75	1.22	4.04
LSD/sig	5.00	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

Application Number 2006/130
Variety Name 'Sentinel 3R'
Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 5 Oct 2006

Applicant C.C. Benoist S.A.S., Orgerus, France

Agent LongReach Plant Breeder's Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

Period May to Dec 2006.

Conditions Sown into long fallowed self-mulching black soil, Field H3B,

50kgN/ha Anhydrous Ammonia applied pre planting.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long and

2m wide (7 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination followed by pedigree selection: seed parent 'H97807'. Early cycles of pedigree selection, F₂-F₄ were conducted in France, F₅-F₆ in Morocco by CC Benoist (1995-1999). Later cycles of pedigree selection conducted by Longreach Plant Breeders F₇-F₈ New Zealand and Australia as bulk populations (2000-2001). In F₉-F₁₀ lines selected from bulks for agronomic type, disease resistance and grain quality (2002-2003). 2004-2005 breeder and commercial seed production, stage 3 experiments and preliminary classification. 2005 commercial seed production stage 4 experiments and final classification. Selection criteria: disease resistance and yield. Propagation: seed. Breeder: C.C. Benoist S.A.S., Orgerus, France.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Straw	pith in cross section	very thin to thin
Ear	colour	white
Awns or scur	presence	present
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillia	varieties of common knowledge identified (vert
Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Kellalac'

^{&#}x27;Wylah'

^{&#}x27;Wedgetail'

^{&#}x27;Whilstler'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'GBA Ruby'	Plant dwarfing genes	Rht2	Rht1
'GBA Ruby'	Plant resistant to leaf rust	R to all current strains	MR-MS to all current strains
'GBA Ruby'	Grain HMW glutenins	A-0, B-6&8, D- 5&10	A-2 ⁺ , B-17&18, D-0

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sentinel 3R'	'Kellalac'	'Wedgetail'	'Whilstler'	'Wylah'
□ *Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate
Flag leaf: anthocyani colouration of auricles	nabsent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	very low to low	very low to low	low	low	medium
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong to very strong	weak to medium	very strong	weak to medium	weak to medium
*Ear: glaucosity	strong to very strong	strong	medium	medium	strong
Culm: glaucosity of neck	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Straw: pith in cross section	very thin to thin	very thin to thin	very thin to thin	very thin to thin	thin
*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering
□ *Ear: density	lax to medium	medium	lax to medium	medium	medium
Ear: length	medium	short to medium	short to medium	medium	medium
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
□ *Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Lower glume: shoulder width	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow	narrow	very narrow to narrow	very narrow to narrow
Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight to elevated	sloping to slightly sloping	slightly sloping	slightly sloping	elevated

Lower glume: beak length	long	long	short to medium	short	long	
Lower glume: beak shape	moderately curved	straight	slightly curve	dstraight	straight	
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	very weak	very weak	very weak	very weak	
Lowest lemma: beak shape	moderately curved to strongly curved	straight	straight	straight	straight	
□ *Grain: colour	white	white	white	white	white	
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	
	Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part:	'Sentinel 3R'	'Kellalac'	'Wedgetail'	'Whilstler'	'Wylah'	
Context				_	_	
Stem rust: gene Sr2	present	absent	absent	absent	absent	
stem rust: gene Sr31	present	absent	absent	absent	absent	
Statistical Table						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sentinel 3R'	'Kellalac'	'Wedgetail'	'Whilstler'	'Wylah'	
Plant: height (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	619.75 37.99	727.25 45.26	590.5 31.69	591.75 41.44	679.25 42.44	

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Jun 2005.

Description: Steve Moore, University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

Application Number 2006/205 Variety Name 'BARHAM' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 10 Aug 2006

Applicant Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC and

Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, The University of

Adelaide, Roseworthy Campus, SA.

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy Campus, The University of Adelaide,

Roseworthy SA 5371.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

Period 2006

Conditions The area was canola in 2005. The trial was direct sown on 24

Jun into moist soil, but there was very little rain for the rest of the growing season. Plots were continually moisture stressed from early Aug. Heading times were contracted. This situation did not allow the genotypes in the trial to express their genetic potential for height nor the wide variability between them in heading times. Any significant differences for these characters in 2006 would be even more significant in a better year. Heads were smaller than usual but well formed and there was no tipping. Some Crown Rot caused premature death of some plants, otherwise there was little disease damage. Trial management: 18 Jun 800ml trifluarlin and 1.6L Avadex/ha incorporated with a prickle chain; 24 Jun sown with 120kg/ha DAP including 2.5% zinc; 19 Jul sprayed with 200g Hussar + 85ml Lontrel + 100ml Dimethoate + 1L Hasten per ha for weed and insect control; 27 Jul topdressed with 60kg/ha urea; 17 Aug sprayed 200ml Alpha Scud + 500ml Strikeout for earwig control; 20 Dec trial harvested.

Trial Design

The trial was a randomised block design of 3 blocks arranged in 12 ranges by 10 plots per range, block 1 being in all plots in ranges 1 to 4 inclusive and so on. Plots were 3.2m long with a 1.8m pathway along each end. Each plot was 6 rows 18 cm apart with a 36cm space between adjacent plots. Sowing rate was approximately 1000 seeds per plot. The entries in the trial consisted of varieties of common knowledge appropriate to and with a number of potential new varieties.

Measurements

Measurements were scored on the tallest tiller from each of 5 randomly selected plants from each plot, these data being averaged for each plot before being subjected to spatial analyses using REML in GENSTAT. In no case was a spatial adjustment necessary. Measurements included heading dates, flag leaf length and width, peduncle length and exertion from

the flag leaf sheath, plant glaucosity, plant height and spike density. Qualitative characters were scored on mature plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The final cross between the seed parent (F₁ of 'Bowie'//'Bersee'/3*'Bindawarra126937') and the pollen parent 'Bowie' was made at the Victorian Department of Primary Industries Grains Innovation Park in Horsham in 1994 by controlled pollination, all subsequent generations were through self pollination. F₁ seed was grown in a greenhouse to produce F₂ seed. Approximately 1000 F₂ spaced plants were sown in the field at Horsham in the winter of 1995. F₂ plant number 6 was selected on the basis of field reaction to stripe rust, plant type and maturity. In 1996 a single replicate plot was sown in the field at Horsham and again selected on the basis of rust reaction. Seed from this plot was assessed for grain quality using quadramat junior milling. In 1997, F₄ spaced plants were grown at Walpeup in the Victorian Mallee. Selection number 6 was chosen and multiplied over summer in 1997/1998 to provide seed for yield evaluation in 1998. Three sites (Horsham, Walpeup and Wycheproof) of single replication yield data, field disease reactions, particularly to stripe rust and NIR grain quality were used to select 'VO2697R' for progression to stage 2 of yield evaluation. Stage 2 evaluation in 1999 involved 3 sites of two replicate yield data, evaluation for resistance to diseases, specifically stripe, stem and leaf rusts at the University of Sydney, Cobbitty, NSW and at field sites in Victoria, evaluation for tolerance to toxic levels of boron, and grain quality using Buhler milling and dough rheology techniques at the Horsham laboratory. 'VO2697' then entered Stage 3 trials for wide scale evaluation in Victoria in 2000. In 2001-2002, VO2697 was in Victorian Advanced evaluation trials. In 2001, 100 single head selections were taken from 'VO2697' and multiplied over summer and then evaluated for uniformity in winter 2002. 93 lines were bulked together to create 'VO2697R'. 'VO2697R' was evaluated for yield and adaptation (Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales), disease reaction, boron tolerance and grain quality in 2003-2005. Samples of 'VO2697R' were submitted to AWB and received an Australian Soft classification in Victoria and NSW. Seed multiplication for commercialisation commenced in 2004 with commercial quantities of seed being available for 2006 sowing. Off types: 'VO2697R' has been rouged in each generation of seed multiplication. A low frequency of awned wheat was found in 'VO2697R' during this rouging and has been removed as much as possible, however it is likely that some awned wheat will still remain, but at a low frequency. 'VO2697R' was later released as 'Barham'. Breeder: Peter martin, Richard Trethowan and Russell Eastwood, Department of Primary Industries Victoria, Horsham, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common ranewi	cugo	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	length	medium to long
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Awns or scurs	presence	scur present, awns absent
Ear	colour	white

Ear time of emergence medium to late

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'BOWIE'	Most similar VCK, awnless, only 1 day later in heading and soft grained.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis Character		-	State of Expression in yComparator Variety	Comments
'Anlace'	Ear	date	Early midseason	3 days later	

emergence

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'BARHAM'	'BOWIE'	
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect to intermediate	erect to semi-erect	
	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	medium to late	
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	weak to medium	very weak to weak	
	*Ear: glaucosity	medium	medium	
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	weak	
	*Plant: length	medium to long	medium to long	
	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	
	*Ear: density	medium	lax to medium	
	Ear: length	long	long	
	*Awns or scurs: presence	scurs present	scurs present	
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	short to medium	medium	
	*Ear: colour	white	white	
	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	strong	strong	
	Lower glume: shoulder width	very broad	very broad	
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight to elevated	straight to elevated	
	Lower glume: beak length	very short	very short	
	Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved	
	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	strong	strong	
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved	
	*Grain: colour	white	white	
	Grain: colouration with phenol	dark	medium to dark	
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	

Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-A1	band 1	band 1
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-B1	bands 7+9	bands 7+9
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-D1	bands 2+12	bands 2+12

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BARHAM'	'BOWIE'
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-A3	c	mixed b & c
Flag leaf blade: leaf tip necrosis	strong(over 25% leaf)	
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-B3	b	b
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-D3	c	c
Grain: texture of cross section	Soft (opaque)	Soft (opaque)
Glutenin composition : allele expression at Glu-D3	c	c
Flag leaf blade: leaf tip necrosis (presence of Lr34)	Strong (>25%)	absent

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BARHAM'	'BOWIE'
Ear: length of rachis internode (mm)		
Mean	4.18	4.80
Std. Deviation	0.24	0.27
LSD/sig	0.41	P≤0.01
Ear: total length of rachis (mm)		
Mean	80.18	93.07
Std. Deviation	6.67	8.55
LSD/sig	9.13	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

Application Number 2006/207 Variety Name 'YENDA'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 10 Aug 2006

Applicant Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC and

Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, The University of

Adelaide, Roseworthy Campus, SA.

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy Campus, The University Adelaide,

Roseworthy SA 5351.

Descriptor Wheat (Triticum aestivum) TG/3/11

Period 2006

Conditions The area was canola in 2005. The trial was direct sown on 24

Jun into moist soil, but there was very little rain for the rest of the growing season. Plots were continually moisture stressed from early Aug. Heading times were contracted. This situation did not allow the genotypes in the trial to express their genetic potential for height nor the wide variability between them in heading times. Any significant differences for these characters in 2006 would be even more significant in a better year. Heads were smaller than usual but well formed and there was no tipping. Some Crown Rot caused premature death of some plants, otherwise there was little disease damage. Trial management: 18 Jun 800ml trifluarlin and 1.6L Avadex/ha incorporated with a prickle chain; 24 Jun sown with 120kg/ha DAP including 2.5% zinc; 19 Jul sprayed with 200g Hussar + 85ml Lontrel + 100ml Dimethoate + 1L Hasten per ha for weed and insect control; 27 July topdressed with 60kg/ha urea; 17 Aug sprayed 200ml Alpha Scud + 500ml Strikeout for earwig control; 20 Dec trial harvested.

Trial Design

The trial was a randomized block design of 3 blocks arranged in 12 ranges by 10 plots per range, block 1 being in all plots in ranges 1 to 4 inclusive and so on. Plots were 3.2m long with a 1.8m pathway along each end. Each plot was 6 rows 18 cm apart with a 36cm space between adjacent plots. Sowing rate was approximately 1000 seeds per plot. The entries in the trial consisted of varieties of common knowledge appropriate

to and with a number of potential new varieties.

Measurements

Measurements were scored on the tallest tiller from each of 5 randomly selected plants from each plot, these data being averaged for each plot before being subjected to spatial analyses using REML in GENSTAT. In no case was a spatial adjustment necessary. Measurements included heading dates, flag leaf length and width, peduncle length and exertion from the flag leaf sheath, plant glaucosity, plant height and spike density. Qualitative characters were scored on mature plants. Only quantitative characters which showed a significant difference between candidate and comparator varieties are presented.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The final cross between the seed parent (F₁ of 'Bindawarra'/'Bowie') and the pollen parent fixed line 3Ag3/3*'Wyuna' (ex University of Sydney, cereal rust control program, Cobbitty) was made at the Victorian Department of Primary Industries Grains Innovation Park in Horsham in 1993 by controlled pollination, all subsequent generations were through self pollination. F₁ seed was grown in a greenhouse to produce F₂ seed. Approximately 1000 F₂ spaced plants were sown in the field at Horsham in the winter of 1994. F₂ plant number 8 was selected on the basis of field reaction to stripe rust, plant type and maturity. In 1995 a single replicate plot was sown in the field at Horsham and again selected on the basis of rust reaction. Seed from this plot was assessed for grain quality using quadramat junior milling. In 1996 F₄ spaced plants were grown at Walpeup in the Victorian Mallee. Selection number 2 was chosen and multiplied over summer in 1996/1997 to provide seed for yield evaluation in 1997. Three sites (Horsham, Walpeup and Wycheproof) of single replication yield data, field disease reactions, particularly to stripe rust and NIR grain quality were used to select 'VN0870' for progression to stage 2 of yield evaluation. Stage 2 evaluation in 1998 involved 4 sites of two replicate yield data, evaluation for resistance to diseases, specifically stripe, stem and leaf rusts at University of Sydney, Cobbitty, NSW and at Victorian field sites, evaluation for tolerance to toxic levels of boron, and grain quality using Buhler Milling and dough rheology techniques at the Horsham laboratory. 'VN0870' then entered Stage 3 trials for wide scale evaluation in Victoria in 1999. In 2000-2002 'VN0870' was in Victorian Advanced evaluation trials. In 2002 it was recognised that 'VN0870' was mixed for stripe rust reaction and this was due to it being mixed for an alien segment (VPM) which contributed major gene resistance to stripe, stem and leaf rusts. In the late spring of 2002, selections of 'VN0870' were taken based on seedling reaction to stripe rust. These selections were then bulked to form 'VN0870R' which carries the VPM segment in approximately 98% of plants. 'VN0870R' was evaluated for yield and adaptation (Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales), disease reaction, boron tolerance and grain quality in 2004 and 2005. Samples of 'VN0870R' were submitted to AWB and received an Australian Soft classification in Victoria and NSW. Seed multiplication for commercialisation commenced in 2004 with commercial quantities of seed being available for 2006 sowing. Off types: 'VN0870R' is mixed for the VPM segment conferring major gene resistance to stripe, stem and leaf rusts. Approximately 98% of plants carry VPM and 2% do not. A low frequency of taller plants (10-15cm) than the bulk were rogued from the population during seed multiplication, a very low frequency of talls may remain in the population. 'VN0870R' was later released as 'Yenda'. Breeder: Peter Martin, Richard Trethowan and Russell Eastwood, Department of Primary Industries Victoria, Horsham, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	length	short -medium
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Awns of scurs at tip of ear	length	long
Ear	colour	white
Ear	time of emergence	medium to late
Grain	texture in cross section	soft (opaque)

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Wyuna'	'Wyuna' is the only current VCK awned soft wheat.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of	Expression in Comments
	Characteristics	s in Candidate Variety	yCompai	rator Variety
'Bowie'	Spike	awns	fully	awnless
			awned	

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'YENDA'	'Wyuna'			
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate			
v	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	medium to strong	absent or very weak			
	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	medium to late			
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	very weak to weak			
	*Ear: glaucosity	weak	weak			
~	Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium to strong	weak			
	*Plant: length	short to medium	short			
~	*Straw: pith in cross section	thick	thin to medium			
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided			
	*Ear: density	medium	lax to medium			
	Ear: length	medium	medium to long			
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present			
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	long	long			
	*Ear: colour	white	white			
	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	weak to medium	weak			
	Lower glume: shoulder width	medium to broad	broad			
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	elevated	strongly elevated with 2nd point present			

Lower glume: beak length	long to very long	long
Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	medium	medium
Lowest lemma: beak shape	slightly curved	straight to slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white
Grain: colouration with phenol	dark	dark
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-A1	band 2	band 2
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-B1	bands 17+18	bands 17+18
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-D1	bands 2+12	bands 2+12

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'YENDA'	'Wyuna'
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-A3	c	c
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-B3	mixed b&h	h
Grain: texture of cross section	soft (opaque)	soft (opaque)
Cells: VPM chromosome segment	present in at least 98% plants	absent
Glutenin composition : allele expression at Glu-D3	mixed b&c	b
Roots: boron tolerance	tolerant	susceptible

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'YENDA'	'Wyuna'
Ear: length of rachis internode (mm)		
Mean	4.21	4.84
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.35
LSD/sig	0.41	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

Application Number 2006/291 **Variety Name** 'QAL1064'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2006

Applicant Value Added Wheat CRC Limited, North Ryde, NSW

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Akram Khan

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

Period May to Dec 2006.

Conditions Sown into long fallowed self-mulching black soil, 50kgN/ha

Anhydrous Ammonia applied pre planting.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long and

2m wide (7 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: maternal parent VPM/5*Cook//3AG14/4*Tincurrin, - disease resistant source line developed by the Cereal Rust Control program and paternal parent JB1575 - a breeding line with 1B/!R resistant genes and good agronomic characters were crossed in 1992. Both female and male parents were discarded from the breeding program due to some agronomic defects. Populations from F₂ to F₅ were advanced by selecting single heads and growing bulk plots from these heads. Single head rows were grown in F₅ generation and F₆ lines were tested in yield plots in Cobbitty and Menangle. Line C1064 was selected and included in the regional trials in 1999 and tested in the NSW Agricultural trial system. This line, later known as QAL1064, became a part of the Value Added Wheat CRC in 2004 when NSW Agriculture decided to breed hard wheats only. The line was retested for agronomic and grain quality characters in the Value Added Wheat CRC trial system. Selection criteria: rust resistance, grain yield and club ear types. Propagation: seed. Breeder: Dr. Akram Khan¹, John Dines², Andrew Kennett³, Mathew Turner¹, Harbans Bariana¹ ¹University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Cobbitty, NSW, ²Allied Mills, ³Arnotts Biscuit.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Straw	pith in cross section	very thin
Ear	colour	white
Ear	shape	semi-culvate
Ear	density	dense to very dense
Ear	length	very short to short
Awns or scur	presence	awn present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Bullaring'	most similar in morphology

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Charact	teristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'QAL 2000'	Ear	length	very short to short	medium to long		
'Sunstate'	Ear	length	very short to short	medium		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'QAL1064'	'Bullaring'
	*Plant: growth habit	intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate
	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low	high to very high
	*Time of: ear emergence	medium	medium
~	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong	weak
~	*Ear: glaucosity	very strong	medium
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	very strong	very strong
	*Straw: pith in cross section	very thin	very thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	semi-clavate	semi-clavate
	*Ear: density	dense to very dense	dense to very dense
	Ear: length	very short to short	very short to short
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium to long	medium to long
	*Ear: colour	white	white
	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	weak	weak
	Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow	narrow to medium
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	slightly sloping	slightly sloping to straight
	Lower glume: beak length	long	long
	Lower glume: beak shape	moderately curved	lmoderately curved
	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	very weak
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight to slightly curved
	*Grain: colour	white	white
Ch	*Seasonal type: aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	spring type	spring type
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'QAL1064'	'Bullaring'
			_

✓ 1B/1R gene complex	present	absent
VPM gene complex	present	absent

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'QAL1064'	'Bullaring'
Plant: height (mm)		
Mean	664.25	603.00
Std. Deviation	42.23	37.56
LSD/sig	33.67	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)		
Mean	53.25	55.70
Std. Deviation	2.83	4.55
LSD/sig	4.65	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Steve Moore, University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

Details of Application

Application Number 2006/303 **Variety Name** 'Bolac'

Genus Species Triticum aesvitum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 22 Dec 2006

Applicant Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC and

Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, The University of

Adelaide, Roseworthy Campus, SA.

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy Campus, the University of Adelaide, Roseworthy

SA 5351.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

Period 2006

Conditions The area was canola in 2005. The trial was direct sown on 24

Jun into moist soil, but there was very little rain for the rest of the growing season. Plots were continually moisture stressed from early Aug. Heading times were contracted. This situation did not allow the genotypes in the trial to express their genetic potential for height nor the wide variability between them in heading times. Any significant differences for these characters in 2006 would be even more significant in a better year. Heads were smaller than usual but well formed and there was no tipping. Some Crown Rot caused premature death of some plants, otherwise there was little disease damage. Trial management: 18 Jun 800ml trifluarlin and 1.6L Avadex/ha incorporated with a prickle chain; 24 Jun sown with 120kg/ha DAP including 2.5% zinc; 19 Jul sprayed with 200g Hussar + 85ml Lontrel + 100ml Dimethoate + 1L Hasten per ha for weed and insect control; 27 Jul topdressed with 60kg/ha urea; 17 Aug sprayed 200ml Alpha Scud + 500ml Strikeout for earwig control; 20 Dec trial harvested.

Trial Design

The trial was a randomized block design of 3 blocks arranged in 12 ranges by 10 plots per range, block 1 being in all plots in ranges 1 to 4 inclusive and so on. Plots were 3.2m long with a 1.8m pathway along each end. Each plot was 6 rows 18 cm apart with a 36cm space between adjacent plots. Sowing rate was approximately 1000 seeds per plot. The entries in the trial consisted of varieties of common knowledge appropriate to and with a number of potential new varieties.

Measurements

Measurements were scored on the tallest tiller from each of 5 randomly selected plants from each plot, these data being averaged for each plot before being subjected to spatial analyses using REML in GENSTAT. In no case was a spatial adjustment necessary. Measurements included heading dates, flag leaf length and width, peduncle length and exertion from

the flag leaf sheath, plant glaucosity, plant height and spike density. Qualitative characters were scored on mature plants. Of the quantitative characters measured only those showing significant differences between 'Bolac' and the comparators are presented.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: pedigree is: 'Nesser'/'VI252'//'VI252' The initial cross 'Nesser'/'VI252' was made in 1995 and the backcross 'Nesser'/'VI252'//'VI252' was made in 1996. The backcross F₁ seed was self pollinated to produce F₂ seed. A single plant was selected (plant 4) based on stripe rust reaction and maturity, from a population of approximately 800 F₂ plants. An F₃ bulk plot was grown in 1998 and selected based mainly on stripe rust reaction, maturity and grain quality. An F4 a single plant was selected (plant 4) similar to F₂. An F₄ derived bulk, coded 'VQ2621', was then evaluated in the period 2000-2006 for: Grain yield across medium to high rainfall environments in southern Australia. Grain quality, in particular bread making quality, through laboratories in Horsham and was submitted to the Australian Wheat Board for grain quality classification. Disease reaction, in particular stripe, stem and leaf rust reaction in the field in south eastern Australia and through the National Rust Control Program, Cobbitty NSW. Other diseases were evaluated through appropriate testing protocols in the field and laboratory by Australian Grain Technologies. Breeder: Russell Eastwood, Department of Primary Industries Victoria, Horsham, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	length	medium
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Ear	colour	white
Ear	length	medium
Ear	density	medium
Ear	time of emergence	medium to late

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Chara'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

1 002 20 020	o or common rancomitors.	1000110111000 001100 000000	,				
Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments			
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety					
'Young'	Ear ear emergence	259.5 Julian days	249.0 Julian days	LSD,P=1% ,2.2 days			
'Silverst ar'	Ear ear emergence	259.5 Julian days	249.7 Julian days	LSD,P=1% ,2.2 days			
'AGT	Peduncle exertion from	134.2 mm	94.6 mm	LSD, P=1%,23.0			
Scythe'	flag leaf sheath						

'Yitpi' Whole glaucosity weak med to strong especially the ear plant

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bolac'	'Chara'
		intermediate	intermediate
	*Plant: growth habit Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	medium
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	very weak to weak	weak
	*Ear: glaucosity	weak	weak to medium
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	weak	weak
	*Plant: length	medium	medium
	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided
	*Ear: density	medium	medium
	Ear: length	medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	very long	long
	*Ear: colour	white	white
	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
	Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow	narrow to medium
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	sloping	straight
	Lower glume: beak length	medium	medium
	Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved
	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak	medium
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	slightly curved	straight to slightly curved
	*Grain: colour	white	white
	Grain: colouration with phenol	dark to very dark	dark
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-A1	band 2	band 2
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-D1 aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	bands 2+12	bands 2+12
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bolac'	'Chara'
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-A3	b	b
~	Glutenin composition : allele expression at Glu-B1	i (17+18)	al (over expressed B1x7)

Roots: reaction to Cereal Cyst Nematode	susceptible	resistant
Leaves: reaction to stripe rust pathotype 134E16A+	Resistant	moderately susceptible to susceptible
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-B3	b	b
Glutenin composition: allele expression at Glu-D3	c	mixed a & b

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bolac'	'Chara'
Flag leaf: blade width (mm)		
Mean	14.40	12.90
Std. Deviation	1.30	0.80
LSD/sig	1.5	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

GRANTS

Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

'Zalsamot' syn Emotion (

Application No: 2005/281 Grantee: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

Certificate No: 3327 Expiry Date: 1 June, 2027. Agent: **Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd**, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Zalsanem', syn Nemo

Application No: 2005/280 Grantee: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

Certificate No: 3325 Expiry Date: 1 June, 2027. Agent: **Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd**, Tuggerah, NSW.

Anigozanthos hybrid

KANGAROO PAW

'Bush Inferno'

Application No: 2004/076 Grantee: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Certificate No: 3343 Expiry Date: 27 June, 2027.

'Bush Spark'

Application No: 2004/139 Grantee: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Certificate No: 3349 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Avena sativa

OATS

'Galileo'

Application No: 2005/179 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries

and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3322 Expiry Date: 1 June, 2027.

Brassica napus

CANOLA

'Bravo TT'

Application No: 2005/006 Grantee: **Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales**, Orange, NSW, **Grains Research and Development Corporation**, Barton, ACT, and

Nugrain Pty Ltd and PlantTech Pty Ltd, Altona, VIC.

Certificate No: 3338 Expiry Date: 5 June, 2027. Agent: **PlantTech Pty Ltd**, Altona, VIC.

'Skipton'

Application No: 2004/086 Grantee: **Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales,** Orange, NSW and **Grains Research and Development Corporation,** Barton, ACT.

Certificate No: 3337 Expiry Date: 5 June, 2027. Agent: **PlantTech Pty Ltd**, Altona, VIC.

'Tanami'

Application No: 2005/321 Grantee: Canola Breeders Western Australia Pty Ltd, Shenton Park, WA.

Certificate No: 3333 Expiry Date: 1 June, 2027.

Citrus reticulata hybrid

MANDARIN HYBRID

'Empress-A'

Application No: 2001/066 Grantee: Francis Hugh Robinson and Allison Geraldine Robinson, Gayndah,

QLD.

Certificate No: 3326 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032.

Citrus reticulata x Citrus sinensis

TANGOR

'IrM2'

Application No: 2001/176 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries

and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3323 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032.

Dianella prunina

FLAX LILY

'DP303'

Application No: 2005/010 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3292 Expiry Date: 30 April, 2027.

Fragaria Xananassa

STRAWBERRY

'Camarillo'[©] syn Driscoll Camarillo[©]

Application No: 2003/033 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3351 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Driscoll Agoura'

Application No: 2005/201 Grantee: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**

Certificate No: 3348 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Driscoll Lanai',

Application No: 2005/199 Grantee: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**

Certificate No: 3346 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Driscoll Malibu'

Application No: 2005/198 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3345 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Driscoll Pearl'

Application No: 2005/200 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3347 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'El Capitan'[©] syn Driscoll El Capitan[©]

Application No: 2003/035 Grantee: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**

Certificate No: 3350 Expiry Date: 28 June, 2027.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Kiewa'

Application No: 2001/349 Grantee: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC.

Certificate No: 3310 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

'MILLEWA'

Application No: 2003/245 Grantee: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Attwood, VIC.

Certificate No: 3311 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Gossypium hirsutum

COTTON

'Sicot 43B'

Application No: 2005/195 Grantee: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation,

Canberra, ACT.

Certificate No: 3344 Expiry Date: 27 June, 2027.

Grevillea hybrid

GREVILLEA

'Fireworks'

Application No: 2006/064 Grantee: Peter James Ollerenshaw, Bywong, NSW.

Certificate No: 3341 Expiry Date: 5 June, 2027.

Hardenbergia violacea

FALSE SARSPARILLA

'Walpurple'

Application No: 2004/181 Grantee: Steve Membrey, Frankston, VIC.

Certificate No: 3324 Expiry Date: 1 June, 2027.

Hordeum vulgare

BARLEY

'Cosmic'

Application No: 2003/243 Grantee: Syngenta Seeds Ltd.

Certificate No: 3308 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Howlong, NSW.

'Ouickstar'

Application No: 2005/314 Grantee: Syngenta Seeds Ltd.

Certificate No: 3312 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Howlong, NSW.

'Starmalt'

Application No: 2005/315 Grantee: Syngenta Seeds Ltd.

Certificate No: 3313 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Howlong, NSW.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'Cartagenas'

Application No: 2005/162 Grantee: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Certificate No: 3304 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

'Lorenzo'

Application No: 2005/043 Grantee: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Certificate No: 3302 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

'Obregon'

Application No: 2005/305 Grantee: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Certificate No: 3306 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

'Sirmaï'

Application No: 2005/044 Grantee: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Certificate No: 3303 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

'Virgile'

Application No: 2005/184 Grantee: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Certificate No: 3305 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

'Xsara'

Application No: 2005/306 Grantee: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Certificate No: 3307 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Agent: Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

'Zanlortrofeo' syn Trofeo[©]

Application No: 2005/270 Grantee: Van Zanten Flowerbulbs B.V.

Certificate No: 3316 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027. Agent: **F B Rice & Co**, Sydney South, NSW.

'Zanlorvenna'[©] syn Ravenna[©]

Application No: 2005/268 Grantee: Van Zanten Flowerbulbs B.V..

Certificate No: 3314 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027. Agent: **F B Rice & Co**, Sydney South, NSW.

'Zanlotriumph' syn White Triumph

Application No: 2005/269 Grantee: Van Zanten Flowerbulbs B.V.

Certificate No: 3315 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027. Agent: **F B Rice & Co**, Sydney South, NSW.

Magnolia Xsoulangeana

MAGNOLIA

'JURmag1'

Application No: 2001/166 Grantee: **Mark C Jury**. Certificate No: 3339 Expiry Date: 4 June, 2032.

Agent: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.

'JURmag2'

Application No: 2001/167 Grantee: **Mark C Jury**. Certificate No: 3340 Expiry Date: 4 June, 2032.

Agent: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC.

Medicago sativa

LUCERNE

'SARDI Ten'

Application No: 2002/084 Grantee: **Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries**.

Certificate No: 3342 Expiry Date: 27 June, 2027. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Mulgrave, VIC.

Prunus armeniaca

APRICOT

'Suapriseven'

Application No: 2004/021 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3295 Expiry Date: 1 May, 2032. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

Prunus persica

PEACH

'SpringCandy' $^{\phi}$ syn Spring Gold $^{\phi}$

Application No: 2005/258 Grantee: Lowell G. Bradford.

Certificate No: 3332 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica var. nucipersica

NECTARINE

'Autumn Fire'

Application No: 2003/372 Grantee: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Certificate No: 3336 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

'Sunlit Snow'

Application No: 2002/162 Grantee: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Certificate No: 3334 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

'SUPECHSIX'

Application No: 2003/182 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3296 Expiry Date: 1 May, 2032. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

'Giant Pearl' syn Giant Ice

Application No: 2005/255 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3331 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Honey Royale'

Application No: 2002/163 Grantee: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Certificate No: 3335 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Prunus salicina

JAPANESE PLUM

'August Yummy' syn AugustCandy

Application No: 2005/259 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3330 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'September Yummy' $^{\phi}$ syn September Candy $^{\phi}$

Application No: 2005/257 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3328 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'YummyGem' $^{\phi}$ syn CandyGem $^{\phi}$

Application No: 2005/256 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3329 Expiry Date: 31 May, 2032. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Rhaphiolepis indica

INDIAN HAWTHORN

'Oriental Pearl'

Application No: 2002/127 Grantee: **Vic Cicolella**. Certificate No: 3291 Expiry Date: 30 April, 2027.

Agent: Paradise Plants, Kulnura, NSW.

'Rajah'

Application No: 2002/126 Grantee: RJ Cherry, Kulnura, NSW.

Certificate No: 3290 Expiry Date: 30 April, 2027.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'Ausecret'

Application No: 2001/144 Grantee: **David Austin Roses Ltd**.

Certificate No: 3297 Expiry Date: 8 May, 2027. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

'Ausencart'®

Application No: 2002/076 Grantee: David Austin Roses Ltd.

Certificate No: 3301 Expiry Date: 8 May, 2027. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

'Austilly'

Application No: 2002/077 Grantee: David Austin Roses Ltd.

Certificate No: 3300 Expiry Date: 8 May, 2027. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

'Ausverse'

Application No: 2001/146 Grantee: David Austin Roses Ltd.

Certificate No: 3299 Expiry Date: 8 May, 2027. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

'Auswinter'

Application No: 2001/145 Grantee: David Austin Roses Ltd.

Certificate No: 3298 Expiry Date: 8 May, 2027. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

'Korcalfer'

Application No: 2002/309 Grantee: W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG.

Certificate No: 3293 Expiry Date: 30 April, 2027. Agent: **Treloar Roses Pty Ltd**, Portland, VIC.

'Korsered'

Application No: 2002/308 Grantee: W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG.

Certificate No: 3294 Expiry Date: 30 April, 2027. Agent: **Treloar Roses Pty Ltd**, Portland, VIC.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Eve Balfour' syn Nadette

Application No: 2005/210 Grantee: Scottish Crop Research Institute.

Certificate No: 3318 Expiry Date: 17 May, 2027. Agent: **Golden Sunrise Fresh Produce**, Pinnaroo, SA.

'Lady Balfour' syn Balfour (b)

Application No: 2005/211 Grantee: Scottish Crop Research Institute.

Certificate No: 3319 Expiry Date: 17 May, 2027. Agent: **Golden Sunrise Fresh Produce**, Pinnaroo, SA.

'Mayan'

Application No: 2005/213 Grantee: Scottish Crop Research Institute.

Certificate No: 3321 Expiry Date: 17 May, 2027. Agent: **Golden Sunrise Fresh Produce**, Pinnaroo, SA.

'Vales Emerald'[©] syn Emerald[©]

Application No: 2005/209 Grantee: Scottish Crop Research Institute.

Certificate No: 3317 Expiry Date: 17 May, 2027. Agent: **Golden Sunrise Fresh Produce**, Pinnaroo, SA.

'Vales Sovereign' syn Vales (*)

Application No: 2005/212 Grantee: Scottish Crop Research Institute.

Certificate No: 3320 Expiry Date: 17 May, 2027. Agent: **Golden Sunrise Fresh Produce**, Pinnaroo, SA.

Trifolium pratense

RED CLOVER

'Genstar Null'

Application No: 2005/266 Grantee: University of Western Australia, Nedlands, WA.

Certificate No: 3309 Expiry Date: 9 May, 2027.

Denomination Changed

Application			Common	Denomination	Denomination
no.	Genus	Species	Name	Changed From	Changed To
2005/011	Banksia	spinulosa	Hairpin Banksia	BC 01	Cherry Candles
2007/024	Gossypium	hirsutum	Cotton	Sicot 43RF	Sicot 43RRF
2007/026	Gossypium	hirsutum	Cotton	Sicot 80RF	Sicot 80RRF
2006/247	Malus	domestica	Apple	Pink Belle	PLFOG99
2006/312	Medicago	sativa	Lucerne	PAC501	PacL 501
2005/224	Medicago	sativa	Lucerne	PAC901	PacL 901
		florida X			
2006/263	Serruria	rosea	Serruria	SOO1A26	Pretty 'n' Pink

Synonym Added

Application No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety Name	Synonym Added
2006/247	Malus	domestica	Apple	PLFOG99	Pink Belle

Assignment of Rights

App. No	Genus	Species	Variety	Common Name	Assignment Changed From	Assignment Changed To
					Tiom	Ozbreed Pty
						Limited and
						West Australian
					Sod Solutions,	Group Pty
2001/070	Zoysia	japonica	SS-500	Zoysia Grass	Inc	Limited
		* *				Ozbreed Pty
						Limited and
						West Australian
	ļ				Sod Solutions,	Group Pty
1996/158	Stenotaphrum	secundatum	SS-100	Buffalo Grass	Inc	Limited
						West Australian
	ļ					Group Pty
	ļ					Limited and
					Sod Solutions,	Ozbreed Pty
2001/069	Zoysia	japonica	SS-300	Zoysia Grass	Inc	Limited
						West Australian
						Group Pty
	ļ					Limited and
					Ozbreed Pty	Ozbreed Pty
2002/342	Stenotaphrum	secundatum	B12	Buffalo Grass	Limited	Limited
			90-		L and M	
2003/087	Vitis	vinifera	3437	Grape	Nursery	M. Caratan, Inc.
				Leucadendron		Proteaflora
	ļ		Claire's		Protea Growers	Enterprises Pty
2004/304	Leucadendron	hybrid	Beauty		Pty Ltd	Ltd
	ļ			Leucadendron		Proteaflora
	ļ		Ruby		Protea Growers	Enterprises Pty
2004/327	Leucadendron	hybrid	Red		Pty Ltd	Ltd
2001/024	Leucadendron	salicifolium x	Pixy	Leucadendron	Amarillo	Proteaflora
		procernum	Red		Proteas	Enterprises Pty
						Ltd
				Leucadendron		Proteaflora
			Anney's		Amarillo	Enterprises Pty
2004/169	Leucadendron	discolor	Blush		Proteas	Ltd
			Frahn's	Sweet		
			Paringa	Quandong	Ewinexhange	Red Ochre
1996/028	Santalum	acumintum	Gem		Limited	Produce Pty Ltd

Change of Agent

App. No	Agent Changed From	Agent Changed To	Genus	Species	Variety
1266110	1190110 011011900 2 1 0111	Seminis Vegetable	Constant	Species .	, 02200
	Blake Dawson	Seeds New Zealand			
2004/022	Waldron	Ltd	Citrullus	Lanatus	Companion
200 1/022	,, aid oil	Rural Funds	Cirititis	Zententis	Companion
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2003/123	Mildura Pty Ltd	Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Crackerjack
2003/123	1vinadia i ty Lta	Rural Funds	Zanicaesenia	liyond	Стискетиск
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2005/265	Mildura Pty Ltd	Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Purple Heart
2003/203	1vinadia i ty Lta	Rural Funds	Zanicaesenia	liyond	T diple Heart
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2003/126	Mildura Pty Ltd	Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Pink Pot
2003/120	Willdura I ty Ltd	Rural Funds	Zanieaeschia	llyblid	I IIIK I Ot
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2003/128	Mildura Pty Ltd	Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Lips
2003/128	Willdula I ty Ltd	Rural Funds	Zameaescma	llyblid	Hot Lips
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2003/125	Mildura Pty Ltd	Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Pot Black
2003/123	Willdura I ty Ltd	Rural Funds	Zanieaeschia	llyblid	1 Ot Diack
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2004/083	Mildura Pty Ltd	Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Jack of Hearts
2004/083	Willdula Fty Ltu	Rural Funds	Zanteaeschia	llyblid	Jack of Hearts
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2003/124		Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Chocolate
2003/124	Mildura Pty Ltd	Rural Funds	Zanieaeschia	llyblid	Hot Chocolate
	Boulevarde Nurseries				
2003/127		Management Flower Fund	Zantodogobia	havbani d	Hot Salmon
2003/12/	Mildura Pty Ltd	Rural Funds	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Saillion
	Boulevarde Nurseries	Management			
2004/082		Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Black Jack
2004/082	Mildura Pty Ltd	Rural Funds	Zanteaescnia	hybrid	DIACK JACK
	Boulevarde Nurseries				Hot Dlooded
2007/113	Mildura Pty Ltd	Management Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Blooded BLZ
2007/113	Willdula Fty Ltu	Rural Funds	Zanteaescnia	llyblid	DLZ
	Boulevarde Nurseries				Hot Chamer
2007/112	Mildura Pty Ltd	Management Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Cherry BLZ
2007/112	Miliaula Pty Lta	Rural Funds	Zanieaeschia	llyblid	DLZ
	Boulevarde Nurseries				
2007/114	Mildura Pty Ltd	Management Flower Fund	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Merlot BLZ
2007/114	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Zameaescma	hybrid	WICHOU BLZ
2004/143	Ltd	Pty Limited	Bidens	forulifalia	Sunbidaguna
2004/143		Oasis Horticulture	Diuens	ferulifolia	Sunbidesupa
2002/217	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd		Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelkufepi
2002/21/		Pty Limited Oasis Horticulture	Canbrachoa	hybrid	Sumerkutepi
2007/067	Ramm Botanicals Pty		Calibraches	hybrid	Suphalflam
2007/067	Ltd Romm Rotonicals Ptv	Pty Limited Ossis Henticultum	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelflam
2002/201	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Commission
2002/291	Ltd	Pty Limited	Hesperozygis	myrtoides	Sunminpa
2002/220	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Datas	المناه على ما	Voilante
2003/239	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Keilavbu

	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2006/192	Ltd	Pty Limited	Mandevilla	hybrid	Sunmandetomi
2000/192	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Manaeviiia	llyblid	Summandetom
2006/191	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbel-labu
2000/171	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Canbrachoa	llyblid	Sunoci-laud
2006/190	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelore
2000/170	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Canbrachoa	llyblid	Sunocioic
2006/193	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmaripeach
2000/173	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	verbena	llyblid	Summaripeden
2005/297	Ltd	Pty Limited	Mandevilla	hybrid	Sunmandecos
2003/257	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Tricinal villa	nyona	Summanaceos
2003/129	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelre
2000,125	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture		11) 0114	
2004/161	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelrikupi
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture		<i>y</i>	
2001/381	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Suncomi
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Sunmaref
2003/135	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	TPPW
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2003/250	Ltd	Pty Limited	Torenia	hybrid	Sunrenirirepa
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2003/134	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunvivare
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2003/132	Ltd	Pty Limited	Nierembergia	hybrid	Sunnicobu
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2003/131	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelkos
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2003/130	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelho
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2003/133	Ltd	Pty Limited	Nierembergia	hybrid	Sunnikoho
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2004/142	Ltd	Pty Limited	Mandevilla	hybrid	Sunmandecrim
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2007/066	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelfire
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2004/160	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelbusta
2004/150	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	** 1		
2004/159	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmarisakura
2004/141	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	77. 1	11 11	C ' 1'
2004/141	Ltd	Pty Limited	Nierembergia	hybrid	Sunnicodiva
2004/150	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	110000	المناطقة المالية	Cymrain de ::
2004/158	Ltd Room Potonicals Ptv	Pty Limited	Hesperozygis	hybrid	Sunmindepi
2002/174	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Toronia	hybrid	Cumaniva
2002/174	Ltd Room Potenicals Ptv	Pty Limited Oasis Horticulture	Torenia	hybrid	Sunreniva Revolution
1996/237	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Violet No. 2
1770/237	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	1 EIUIIIU	nyonu	Sunmarefu
1995/243	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	TP-P
1773/443	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	verbenu	11y 011u	11 -1
2002/109	Ltd	Pty Limited	Hesperozygis	hybrid	Sunminbu
2002/107	Liu	1 ty Linnea	11esperozygis	ny on a	Summou

	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2002/110	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbel-apu
2002/110	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Canbrachoa	llyond	Suncer upu
2000/258	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelki
2000/250	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	Canbrachoa	liyona	Bullociki
2005/296	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Suntapilabu
2003/290	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	, crocrec	liyona	Buildpilabu
1995/263	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Sanberubu
1990,200	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture		lijona	Sunction
1998/225	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmariripi
1990,220	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	, 61 6 61 66		Sunmarefu
1995/245	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	TP-V
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture	1	,	Revolution
1994/157	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Pinkmini
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2001/184	Ltd	Pty Limited	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelkist
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2001/185	Ltd	Pty Limited	Mandevilla	hybrid	Sunmandeho
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Sunmaref TP-
2001/186	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	SAP
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Revolution
1994/156	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Pinkvein
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Revolution
1994/155	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Bluevein
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
1998/226	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmariba
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Revolution
1993/123	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Brilliantpink
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
1998/227	Ltd	Pty Limited	Torenia	fournieri	Sunrenilabu
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
1998/220	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Sunbelkupi
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
1998/221	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Sunbelkubu
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
1998/223	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	Sunbelchipi
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
1998/224	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmaririho
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			
2005/295	Ltd	Pty Limited	Verbena	hybrid	Sunmaririwaba
	Ramm Botanicals Pty	Oasis Horticulture			Revolution
1993/125	Ltd	Pty Limited	Petunia	hybrid	White

Surrendered - the following varieties are no longer under PBR protection

Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common name
Aglaonema	hybrid	AMELIA		Aglaonema
Aglaonema	hybrid	MARY ANN		Aglaonema
		PAINTED		
Aglaonema	hybrid	PRINCESS		Aglaonema
Aglaonema	hybrid	ROYAL RIPPLE		Aglaonema
Arachis	hypogaea	GP-1	Deakin	Peanut
	napus var.			
Brassica	oleifera	45C05		Canola
	napus var.			
	 			Canola
Calibrachoa	hybrid	Sunbelbusta	+	Calibrachoa
Calibrachoa	hybrid		Chimes	Calibrachoa
~· .				
				Waxflower
0	<u> </u>	_ `		Strawberry
				Grevillea
				Impatiens
Impatiens	walleriana	Balfieblus	+	Busy Lizzie
		D 10	_	
Impatiens	walleriana	Balfieorce	*	Busy Lizzie
7	11 .	D 10'	_	D
Impatiens	walleriana	Balfiepuna		Busy Lizzie
		DUDCUNDY		
In ations	all oni an a			Ducy Lizzio
<i>Impanens</i>	waiieriana	ROSE	+	Busy Lizzie
		SALMON		
Impations	walleriana			Busy Lizzie
			1	Lily
	_			Lily
Littum	пуона	GENOVA	Victgen	Italian
Lolium	multiflorum	FLANKER		Ryegrass
20111111	- Truttery to retire			Perennial
Lolium	perenne	Aries HD		Ryegrass
				Mango
- · ·			Frosted Salmon	Pelargonium
Petunia	<u> </u>	MP19		Petunia
		MP21		Petunia
Petunia		MP24		Petunia
		MP3		Petunia
		+		Petunia
		+		Petunia
	•	+		Petunia
				Sweet Cherry
				Rose
	Aglaonema Aglaonema Aglaonema Aglaonema Aglaonema Arachis Brassica Brassica Calibrachoa Calibrachoa Chamelaucium Fragaria Grevillea Impatiens Impatiens Impatiens Impatiens Impatiens Lilium Lilium Lolium Lolium Mangifera Petunia Petunia	Aglaonema hybrid Aglaonema hybrid Aglaonema hybrid Aglaonema hybrid Aglaonema hybrid Arachis hypogaea napus var. oleifera napus var. Brassica oleifera Calibrachoa hybrid Chamelaucium uncinatum Fragaria xananassa Grevillea hybrid Impatiens hybrid Impatiens walleriana Impatiens walleriana Impatiens walleriana Impatiens walleriana Impatiens walleriana Impatiens walleriana Lilium hybrid Lilium hybrid Lolium perenne Mangifera indica Pelargonium Xhortorum Petunia Xhybrida	Aglaonema hybrid AMELIA Aglaonema hybrid MARY ANN PAINTED PAINTED PRINCESS Aglaonema hybrid ROYAL RIPPLE Arachis hypogaea GP-1 napus var. oleifera 45C05 Brassica oleifera 46C04 Calibrachoa hybrid Sunbelbusta Calibrachoa hybrid Sunbelbusta Calibrachoa hybrid Sunbelkist PEARL BUTTONS Fragaria xananassa QHI Earlimist Grevillea hybrid Crimson Yul-Lo Impatiens hybrid Kiala Impatiens walleriana Balfieblus Impatiens walleriana Balfiepuna BURGUNDY ROSE SALMON SUNRISE Lilium hybrid CORSO Lilium multiflorum FLANKER Lolium perenne Aries HD Mangifera indica CELEBRATION Petunia xhybrida MP19 Petunia Xhybrida MP3 Petunia Xhybrida MP5 Petunia Xhybrida MP8	Aglaonema hybrid AMELIA Aglaonema hybrid MARY ANN PAINTED Aglaonema hybrid PRINCESS Aglaonema hybrid ROYAL RIPPLE Arachis hypogaea GP-1 Deakin Brassica oleifera 45C05 Brassica oleifera 46C04 Calibrachoa hybrid Sunbelbusta Violet Chimes Calibrachoa hybrid Sunbelbusta Chimes Calibrachoa hybrid Sunbelbusta Chimes Calibrachoa hybrid Crimson Yul-Lo Impatiens hybrid Kiala Moala Impatiens walleriana Balfieblus Balfie Blush Fiesta Orange Spice Impatiens walleriana Balfiepuna Pinnata Impatiens walleriana Balfiepuna Pinnata BURGUNDY BURGUNDY BURGUNDY Impatiens walleriana SUNRISE SUNRISE Lilium hybrid CORSO Vletcor Lilium hybrid GENOVA Vletgen Lolium perenne Aries HD Mangifera indica CELEBRATION Petunia Xhybrida MP21 Petunia Xhybrida MP21 Petunia Xhybrida MP24 Petunia Xhybrida MP3 Petunia Xhybrida Pepuola Prunus avium EMPRESS

2002/121	_				Rose
2003/151	Rosa	hybrid	Korkinteral		
				CREAM	
1997/204	Rosa	hybrid	KOROMTAR	DREAM	Rose
1999/247	Rosa	hybrid	POULEZY		Rose
				CHARMING	
1997/164	Rosa	hybrid	POULHAPPY	PARADE	Rose
1999/250	Rosa	hybrid	POULOBE		Rose
1999/251	Rosa	hybrid	POULODY		Rose
1999/252	Rosa	hybrid	POULYN		Rose
1992/127	Rosa	hybrid	RUIDRIKO	VIVALDI	Rose
			WHITE		
1992/003	Rosa	hybrid	SIMPLICITY	Jacsnow	Rose
2001/270	Triticum	aestivum	Glover		Wheat
1997/327	Vicia	faba	Fiesta VF		Field Bean
			TROPIC		
1991/126	Xanthostemon	chrysanthus	SPLENDOR		Xanthostemon
1992/182	Argyranthemum	frutescens	Tanja		Argyranthemum

$\label{eq:withdrawn-the} \begin{tabular}{ll} Withdrawn-the following varieties are no longer under PBR provisional protection \end{tabular}$

Application					
No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common name
2006/091	Hordeum	vulgare	WI3586		Barley
2003/354	Petunia	hybrid	Hakice	Pink Ice	Petunia
2005/020	Rosa	hybrid	Poulhult		Rose
2003/349	Rosa	hybrid	POULslas		Rose
2005/021	Rosa	hybrid	Poulstri		Rose
2005/303	Rosa	hybrid	Tanefle		Rose
2006/206	Triticum	aestivum	WILLAURA		Wheat

CORRIGENDA

Gossipium hirsutum

COTTON

'Sicala 350B'

Application No: 2005/194

Journal Reference: PVJ 19(3) page 79-80

The claims for distinctness on following characteristics are deleted from the Statistical Table because they do not satisfy the uniformity criteria:

Boll: lint proportion Boll: fibre strength

'Sicot 71B'

Application No: 2005/196

Journal Reference: PVJ 19(3) page 70

The claim for distinctness on following characteristic is deleted from the Statistical Table because it does not satisfy the uniformity criteria:

Boll: fibre extension



Part 3 Appendices

The appendices to Plant Varieties Journal (Vol. 20 Issue 2) are listed below:

- Home
- Appendix 1 Fees
- Appendix 2 Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee
- Appendix 3 Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 5 Addresses of UPOV and Member States
- Appendix 6 Centralised Testing Centres
- Appendix 7 List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes
- Appendix 8 Register of Plant Varieties

APPENDIX 1

FEES

Two fee structures exist as a result of the transition from Plant Variety Rights to Plant Breeders Rights. For new applications (those lodged on or after 11 November 1994) the PBR fees apply. For older applications lodged before 11 November 1994 and not finally disposed of (Granted, Withdrawn, Refused etc.) the PVR fees in force at the time apply.

The Treasurer has determined that all statutory fees under PBR regulations will be exempted from GST.

Payment of Fees

All cheques for fees should be made payable and sent to:

Collector of Public Monies C/-Plant Breeders Rights Office, IP Australia GPO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606

The **application fee** (\$300) must accompany the application at the time of lodgement.

Consequences of not paying fees when due

Application fee

Should an application not be accompanied by the prescribed application fee the application will be deemed to be 'non-valid' and neither assigned an application number nor examined for acceptance pending the payment of the fee.

Examination fee

Non-payment of the examination fee of an application will automatically result, at the end of 12 months from the date of acceptance¹, in a refusal of the application. The consequences of refusal are the same as for applications deemed to be inactive (see 'inactive applications' below).

Consideration of a request for an extension of the period of provisional protection from the initial 12-month period may require the prior payment of the examination fee.

Certificate fee

Following the successful completion of the examination, including the public notice period, the applicant will be required and invoiced to pay the certification fee. Payment of the certification fee is a prerequisite to granting PBR and issuing the official certificate by the PBR office. Failure to pay the fee may result in a refusal to grant PBR.

Annual fee

Should an annual renewal fee not be paid within 30 days after the due date, the grant of PBR will be revoked under Section 50 of the PBR Act. To assist grantees, the PBR office will invoice grantees or their Australian agents for renewal fees.

Inactive applications

An application will be deemed inactive if, after 24 months of provisional protection (or 12 months in the case of non-payment of the examination fee) the PBR Office has not received a completed application or has not been advised to proceed with the examination or an extension of provisional protection has not been requested or not granted or a certificate fee has not been paid. Inactive applications will be examined and, should they not fully comply with Section 44 of the PBR Act 1994, they will be refused. As a result provisional protection will lapse, priority claims on that variety will be

¹ The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine. Contact the PBR Office for further details.

lost and should the variety have been sold, it will be ineligible for plant breeders rights on reapplication. Continued use of labels or any other means to falsely imply that a variety is protected after the application has been refused is an offence under Section 75 of the Act.

FEES				
Basic Fees	Sc	hedule		
	A	В	C	D
	\$			
Application	300	300	400	300
Examination - per application	1400	1200	1400	800
Certificate	300	300	250	300
Total Basic Fees	2000	1800	2050	1400
Annual Renewal - all applications	300			

Schedule

- A Single applications and applications based on an official overseas test reports.
- **B** Applicable when two or more Part 2 Applications are lodged simultaneously and the varieties are of the same genus and the examinations can be completed at one location at the same time.
- C Applications lodged under PVR (prior to 10th Nov 1994)
- **D** Applicable to 5 or more applications examined at an Accredited Centralised Testing Centre

Other Fees		
Variation to application(s) - per hour or part thereof	75	
Change of Assignment - per application	100	
Copy of an application (Part1 and/or Part2), an objection		
or a detailed description	50	
Copy of an entry in the Register	50	
Lodging an objection	100	
Annual subscription to Plant Varieties Journal	40	
Back issues of Plant Varieties Journal	14	
Administration - Other work relevant to PBR		
- per hour or part thereof	75	
Application for declaration of		
essential derivation	800	
Application for		
(a) revocation of a PBR	500	
(b) revocation of a declaration		
of essential derivation	500	
Compulsory licence	500	
Request under subsection 19(11) for exemption from		
public access - varieties with no direct use as a consumer	100	

APPENDIX 2

Plant Breeders Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC)

(Members of the PBRAC hold office in accordance with Section 85 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act* 1994.)

Committee Members

Member Representing Plant Breeders	Member Representing Plant Breeders
Dr Paul Brennan Rock Valley Post Office via Lismore 1201 Cawongla Rd LARNOOK NSW 2480	Dr Glenn Dale Saltgrow PO Box 575 ASHGROVE QLD 4060
Member Representing Users	Member Representing Consumers
Mr Robert Hansen Peanut Company of Australia PO Box 26 KINGAROY QLD 4610	Ms Anne Pye PO Box 1538 MT BARKER SA 5251
Member Representing Conservation Interests	Member Representing Indigenous Interests
Mr Bruce Lloyd Fairley downs 5250 Barmah-Shepparton Road TALLYGAROOPNA VIC 3634	Mr Mark Porter 26 Callicarpa Street REEDY CREEK QLD 4227
Member with Appropriate Qualifications	Member with Appropriate Qualifications
Mr Benny Browne Griffith Hack 509 St Kilda Road MELBOURNE VIC 3004	Professor Brad Sherman TC Beirne School of Law The University of Queensland ST LUCIA QLD 4072
Registrar (Chair)	
Mr Doug Waterhouse IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden ACT 2606	

APPENDIX 3 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following persons have been accredited by the PBR office based on information provided by these persons. From the information provided by the applicants, the PBR office believes that these people can fulfil the role of 'qualified person' in the application for plant breeder's rights. Neither accreditation nor publication of a name in the list of persons is an implicit recommendation of the person so listed. The PBR office cannot be held liable for damages that may arise from the omission or inclusion of a person's name in the list nor does it assume any responsibility for losses or damages arising from agreements entered into between applicants and any person in the list of accredited persons. Qualified persons charge a fee for services rendered.

A guide to the use of the index of consultants:

- locate in the left column of Table 1 the plant group for which you are applying;
- listed in the right column are the names of accredited qualified persons from which you can choose a consultant;
- in Table 2 find that consultant's name, telephone number and area in which they are willing to consult (they may consult outside the nominated area);
- using the "Nomination of Qualified Person" form as a guide, agree provisionally on the scope and terms of the consultancy; complete the form and attach it to Part 1 of the application form;
- when you are notified that your nomination of a consultant qualified person is acceptable in the letter of acceptance
 of your application for PBR you should again consult the qualified person when planning the rest of the application
 for PBR.

	TABLE 1
PLANT GROUP/SPECIES/FAMILY	CONSULTANT'S NAME (TELEPHONE AND AREA IN TABLE 2)
Actinidia	Lye, Colin Paananen, Ian Richards, Graeme
Agapanthus	Paananen, Ian
Almonds	Granger, Andrew Swinburn, Garth
Alstroemeria	Paananen, Ian
Ajuga	Paananen, Ian
Apple	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Mitchell, Leslie Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Stearne, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce

Anigozanthos	Paananen, Ian Kirby, Greg Smith, Daniel
Anthurium	Paananen, Ian
Aroid	Harrison, Peter
Avocado	Lye, Colin Edwards, Arthur MacGregor, Alison Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Whiley, Tony
Azalea	Barrett, Mike Hempel, Maciej Paananen, Ian
Barley (Common)	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Berry Fruit	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Greer, Neil Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret
Blackberry (Rubus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Blandfordia	Treverrow, Florence
Blueberry	Paananen, Ian Zorin, Margaret
Bougainvillea	Iredell, Janet Willa Prince, John
Brachyscome	Paananen, Ian

Brassica	Bannan, Nathaniel Bhatti, Muhammad Chequer, Robert Easton, Andrew Fennell, John Gororo, Nelson Johnston, Evan Kadkol, Gururaj Laker, Richard Light, Kate McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Rudolph, Paul Sanders, Milton Saunders, James Scholefield, Peter Mouwen, Heidi Zadow, Diane
Brunia	Dunstone, Bob
Buddleia	Robb, John Paananen, Ian
Buffalo Grass	Paananen, Ian
Calibrachoa	Paananen, Ian
Camellia	Paananen, Ian Robb, John
Carnation/Dianthus	Paananen, Ian
Cereals	Bhatti, Muhammad Bullen, Kenneth Collins, David Cook, Bruce Derera, Nicholas AM Downes, Ross Fennell, John Hare, Raymond Harrison, Peter Henry, Robert J Johnston, Evan Khan, Akram Mitchell, Leslie Moore, Stephen Oates, John Platz, Greg Porter, Richard Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Roake, Jeremy Rose, John Saunders, James Scattini, Walter John Siedel, John Stearne, Peter Wilson, Frances

Cherry	Cramond, Gregory
•	Darmody, Liz
	Fleming, Graham
	Granger, Andrew
	Mackay, Alastair
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Scholefield, Peter
Chickpeas	Bhatti, Muhammad
	Collins, David
	Goulden, David
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Chrysanthemum	Paananen, Ian
Citrus	Calabria, Patrick
	Edwards, Arthur
	Lee, Slade
	MacGregor, Alison
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Owen-Turner, John
	Parr, Wayne
	Scholefield, Peter
	Swinburn, Garth
	Sykes, Stephen
	Topp, Bruce
Clivia	Smith, Kenneth
Clover	Bannan, Nathaniel
	Johnston, Evan
	Lake, Andrew
	Miller, Jeff
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Nichols, Phillip
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Conifer	Stearne, Peter
Cotton	Derera, Nicholas AM
	Khan, Akram
	Leske, Richard
Cucurbits	Herrington, Mark
	McMichael, Prue
	Rhodes, Phil
	Scholefield, Peter
	Sykes, Stephen
Dianella	Paananen, Ian
Dogwood	Darmody, Liz
	Fleming, Graham
	Stearne, Peter

Echinacea	Paananen, Ian	
Eucalyptus	Paananen, Ian	
Euphorbia	Paananen, Ian	
	Parr, Wayne	
	Scholefield, Peter	
Fibre Crops	Gillespie, David	_
	Khan, Akram	
Fig	Darmody, Liz	
	Fleming, Graham	
	Parr, Wayne	
Flower Bulbs	Verdegaal, John	
Forage Brassicas	Goulden, David	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Saunders, James	
Forage Grasses	Bannan, Nathaniel	
	Fennell, John	
	Harrison, Peter	
	Johnston, Evan	
	Kirby, Greg	
	Mitchell, Leslie	
	Rhodes, Phil Smith, Kevin	
orage Legumes	Fennell, John	
	Foster, Kevin	
	Harrison, Peter	
	Hill, Jeff Lake, Andrew	
	Miller, Jeff	
	Porter, Richard	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Saunders, James	
	Siedel, John	
ruit	Cramond, Gregory	
	Darmody, Liz	
	Fleming, Graham	
	Gillespie, David	
	Granger, Andrew	
	Kennedy, Peter Lenoir, Roland	
	McCarthy, Alec	
	Mitchell, Leslie	
	Parr, Wayne	
	Portman, Sian	
	Pumpa, Lucy	
	Schapel, Amanda	
	Scholefield, Peter	
uchsia	Paananen, Ian	

Gerbera	Paananen, Ian
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony
Grapes	Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter Swinburn, Garth Sykes, Stephen
Grevillea	Dunstone, Bob Herrington, Mark Paananen, Ian
Gypsophila	Paananen, Ian
Hardenbergia	Dunstone, Bob
Hops (Humulus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Hydrangea	Hanger, Brian Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	Paananen, Ian
Jojoba	Dunstone, Bob
Kalanchoe	Paananen, Ian
Lavender	Paananen, Ian

Myrtaceae	Owen-Turner, John Mitchell, Leslie Parr, Wayne Whiley, Tony Dunstone, Bob
Mandevilla Mango	Paananen, Ian Lye, Colin
Magnolia	Paananen, Ian
	Sanders, Milton Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Lupin	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David
Lucerne	Bannan, Nathaniel Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Lomandra	Paananen, Ian
Liriope	Paananen, Ian
Lilium	Paananen, Ian
Lentils	Collins, David Goulden, David Khan, Akram Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Legumes	Aberdeen, Ian Collins, David Cook, Bruce Cruickshank, Alan Downes, Ross Foster, Kevin Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce Kirby, Greg Khan, Akram Knights, Edmund Lake, Andrew Loch, Don Mitchell, Leslie Rhodes, Phil Rose, John Saunders, James Siedel, John

Native grasses	Paananen, Ian Quinn, Patrick
Oat	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Oilseed crops	Downes, Ross Poulsen, David Siedel, John Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Olives	Bazzani, Mr Luigi Granger, Andrew
Onions	Bannan, Nathaniel Fennell, John Khan, Akram Laker, Richard McMichael, Prue Scholefield, Peter Rhodes, Phil

Ornamentals - Exotic

Abell, Peter Armitage, Paul Angus, Tim Barth, Gail Collins, Ian Cunneen, Thomas Darmody, Liz Dawson, Iain Derera, Nicholas AM Eggleton, Steve Fisk, Anne Marie Fleming, Graham Guy, Gareme Harrison, Peter Hempel, Maciej Johnston, Margaret Khan, Akram Kulkarni, Vinod Lamont, Greg Larkman, Clive Lenoir, Roland Lowe, Greg Lunghusen, Mark Marcsik, Doris McMichael, Prue Milne, Carolynn Mitchell, Hamish Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, David Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Prince, John Robb, John Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Singh, Deo Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter

Stewart, Angus Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne Watkins, Phillip

Watkinson, Andrew

Ornamentals - Indigenous

Abell, Peter

Allen, Paul

Angus, Tim

Barrett, Mike

Barth, Gail

Cunneen, Thomas

Dawson, Iain

Derera, Nicholas AM

Downes, Ross

Eggleton, Steve

Granger, Andrew

Harrison, Peter

Henry, Robert J

Hockings, David

Jack, Brian

Johnston, Margaret

Kirby, Greg

Khan, Akram

Lenoir, Roland

Lowe, Greg

Lullfitz, Robert

Lunghusen, Mark

McMichael, Prue

Milne, Carolynn

Mitchell, Hamish

Molyneux, W M

Nichols, David

Oates, John

O'Brien, Shaun

Paananen, Ian

Prince, John

Pumpa, Lucy

Schapel, Amanda

Scholefield, Peter

Singh, Deo

Slater, Tony

Smith, Daniel

Stearne, Peter

Tan, Beng

Watkins, Phillip

Ornithopus

Foster, Kevin

Nichols, Phillip

Osmanthus

Paananen, Ian Robb, John

Osteospermum

Paananen, Ian

Pastures & Turf	Anderson, Malcolm Avery, Angela Bannan, Nathaniel Bhatti, Muhammad Cameron, Stephen Cook, Bruce Downes, Ross Harrison, Peter Kemp, Stuart Kirby, Greg Loch, Don McMaugh, Peter Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Neylan, John Paananen, Ian Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Rose, John Saunders, James Smith, Raymond Scattini, Walter John Smith, Kevin Wilkes, Gregory Wilson, Frances Zorin, Margaret	
Peanut	Cruickshank, Alan George, Doug	
Pear	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce	
Pelargonium	Paananen, Ian	
Persimmon	Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth	
Petunia	Paananen, Ian Nichols, David	
Philodendron	Paananen, Ian	
Philotheca	Dunstone, Bob	
Phormium	Paananen, Ian	
Photinia	Robb, John	

Pistacia	Richardson, Clive Sykes, Stephen
	Sykes, Stephen
Pisum	Bhatti, Muhammad
	Goulden, David
	McMichael, Prue
	Rhodes, Phil
	Sanders, Milton
	Saunders, James
Potatoes	Fennell, John
	Guertsen, Paul
	Hill, Jim
	Johnston, Evan
	McMichael, Prue
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter
	Slater, Tony
	Smith, Daniel
	Stearne, Peter
	Wilson, Graeme
Proteaceae	Barth, Gail
	Kirby, Neil
	Paananen, Ian
	Robb, John
	Scholefield, Peter
	Smith, Daniel
Prunus	Calabria, Patrick
	Cramond, Gregory
	Darmody, Liz
	Engel, Richard
	Fleming, Graham
	Granger, Andrew
	Kennedy, Peter
	Mackay, Alastair
	Malone, Michael
	Portman, Anthony
	Richards, Graeme
	Topp, Bruce
	Wilkes, Gregory
	Witherspoon, Jennifer
	-
Pulse Crops	Collins, David
	Graetz, Darren
	Oates, John
	Porter, Richard
	Poulsen, David
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James

Raspberry	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Herrington, Mark Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret	
Rhododendron	Barrett, Mike Paananen, Ian	
Rose	Barrett, Mike Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Hanger, Brian Lee, Peter McKirdy, Simon Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter Swane, Geoff Syrus, A Kim	
Scaevola	Paananen, Ian	
Sesame	Bennett, Malcolm Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce	
Sorghum	Khan, Akram	
Soybean	Harrison, Peter James, Andrew	
Spathiphylum	Paananen, Ian	
Spices and Medicinal Plants	Derera, Nicholas AM Khan, Akram	
Stone Fruit	Barrett, Mike Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter MacGregor, Alison Mackay, Alistair Malone, Michael Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Valentine, Bruce	

Walnut	Mitchell, Leslie
Verbena	Paananen, Ian
	Westra Van Holthe, Jan
	Smith, Daniel
	Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter
	Rhodes, Phil
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Pearson, Craig
	O'Connor, Lauren
	Oates, John
	McMichael, Prue
	MacGregor, Alison
	Lenoir, Roland
	Laker, Richard
	Khan, Akram
	Gillespie, David Harrison, Peter
	Frkovic, Edward
	Fennell, John
	Derera, Nicholas AM
Vegetables	Bannan, Nathaniel
Umbrella Tree	Paananen, Ian
	Whiley, Tony
	Scholefield, Peter
	Parr, Wayne
Topical Suo Tropical Crops	Kulkarni, Vinod
Tropical/Sub-Tropical Crops	Harrison, Peter
	Saunders, James
	Rhodes, Phil
	Collins, David
Triticale	Bhatti, Muhammad
- 	
Tree Crops	McRae, Tony
	Smith, Daniel
	Scholefield, Peter
	Rhodes, Phil
	McMichael, Prue
	Laker, Richard
Tomato	Khan, Akram
Tomato	Herrington, Mark
Sunflower	George, Doug
ž	Piperidis, George
Sugarcane	Cox, Mike
	Zorin, Margaret
	Scholefield, Peter
	Morrison, Bruce
	Mitchell, Leslie
Strawberry	Herrington, Mark

Wheat (Aestivum & Durum Groups)	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Kadkol, Gururaj Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Sanders, Milton
Zantedeschia	Paananen, Ian

TABLE 2

NAME Abell, Peter	TELEPHONE 0438 392 837 mobile	AREA OF OPERATION Australia
Aberdeen, Ian	03 5782 1029 03 5782 2073 fax	SE Australia
Allen, Paul Anderson, Malcolm	07 3824 0263 ph/fax 03 5573 0900 03 5571 1523 fax	SE QLD, Northern NSW Victoria
Angus, Tim	017 870 252 mobile (64 4) 568 3878 ph/fax 001164211871076 mobile	Australia and New Zealand
Armitage, Paul	plantatim@zip.co.nz 03 9756 7233 03 9756 6948 fax	Victoria
Avery, Angela	02 6030 4500 02 6030 4600 fax	South Eastern Australia
Bannan, Nathaniel	03 8318 9019 03 8318 9002 fax	Australia
Barrett, Mike	0429 720 013 mobile 02 9875 3087 02 9980 1662 fax	NSW/ACT
Barth, Gail	0407 062 494 mobile 08 8389 7479	SA and Victoria
Bazzani, Luigi	08 9772 1207 08 9772 1333 fax	Western Australia
Bennett, Malcolm	08 8973 9733 08 8973 9777 fax	NT, QLD, NSW, WA
Bhatti, Muhammad	08 9671 1322 ph 08 9671 1352 fax	Western Australia
Burne, Peter	08 8582 0338 ph 08 8583 2104 fax	South Australia
Calabria, Patrick	0418 834 102 mobile 02 6963 6360 0438 636 219 mobile	Riverina area of NSW
Chequer, Robert	03 5382 1269 0419 145 262 mobile	Victoria
Collins, David	08 9623 2343 ph/fax 0154 42694 mobile	Central Western Wheatbelt of Western Australia
Cox, Mike	07 4132 5200 07 4132 5253 fax	Queensland and NSW
Cramond, Gregory	08 8390 0299 08 8390 0033 fax 0417 842 558 mobile	Australia
Cruickshank, Alan	07 4160 0722 07 4162 3238 fax	QLD
Cunneen, Thomas	02 4889 8647 02 4889 8657 fax	Sydney Region
Darmody, Liz	03 9756 6105 03 9752 0005 fax	Australia
Dawson, Iain Derera, Nicholas AM	02 6251 2293 02 9639 3072 02 9639 0345 fax	ACT, South East NSW Australia
Downes, Ross	0414 639 307 mobile 02 6255 1461 ph 02 6278 4676 fax 0414 955258 mobile	ACT, South East Australia
Dunstone, Bob	02 6281 1754 ph/fax	South East NSW

Easton, Andrew	07 4690 2666 07 4630 1063 fax	QLD and NSW
Edwards, Arthur	08 8586 1232 08 8595 1394 fax	SE Australia
Eggleton, Steve	0409 609 300 mobile 03 9876 1097	Melbourne Region
Engel, Richard	03 9876 1696 fax 08 9397 5941	WA
Fennell, John	08 9397 5941 fax 03 5334 7871	Australia
Even Low Wyone	03 5334 7892 fax 0419 881 887	Cond. Access l'a
Flaming Craham	08 85657000 08 85657011 fax	South Australia
Fleming, Graham	03 9756 6105 03 9752 0005 fax	Australia
Foster, Kevin	08 9368 3804 08 9474 2840 fax	Mediterranean areas of Australia
Frkovic, Edward	02 6962 7333 02 6964 1311 fax	Australia
George, Doug	07 5460 1308 07 5460 1112 fax	Australia
Gillespie, David	07 4155 6344 07 4155 6656 fax	Wide Bay Burnett District, QLD
Gororo, Nelson	03 5382 5911 03 5382 5755 fax	Mediterranean areas of Australia
Goulden, David	0428 534 770 mobile 64 3 325 6400	New Zealand
Graetz, Darren	64 3 325 2074 fax 08 8303 9362	South Australia
Granger, Andrew	08 8303 9424 fax 08 8389 8809	South Australia
Greer, Neil	08 8389 8899 fax 07 5441 1118 07 5476 0098 fax	Australia
Guertsen, Paul	0418 881 755 mobile 02 6845 3789 02 6845 3382 fax	NSW, VIC, SE QLD
Hanger, Brian	0407 658 105 mobile 03 9837 5547 ph/fax	Victoria
Hare, Ray	0418 598106 mobile 02 6763 1232	QLD, NSW VIC & SA
Harrison, Peter	02 6763 1222 fax 08 8948 1894 ph 08 8948 3894 fax	Tropical/Sub-tropical Australia, including NT and NW of WA
Hempel, Maciej	0407 034 083 mobile 02 4628 0376 02 4625 2293 fax	and tropical arid areas NSW, QLD, VIC, SA
Henry, Robert J	02 4623 2293 fax 02 6620 3010 02 6622 2080 fax	Australia
Herrington, Mark	07 5441 2211 07 5441 2235 fax	Southern Queensland
Hill, Jeff	08 8303 9487 08 8303 9607 fax	South Australia
Hill, Jim	03 6428 2519 03 6428 2049 fax	Australia
Hockings, David	0428 262 765 mobile 07 5494 3385 ph/fax	Southern Queensland

Imrie, Bruce	02 4474 0951 02 4474 0952	SE Australia
	imriecsc@sci.net.au	
Iredell, Janet Willa	07 3202 6351 ph/fax	SE Queensland
Jack, Brian	08 9952 5040	South West WA
	08 9952 5053 fax	
James, Andrew	07 3214 2278	Australia
	07 3214 2272 fax	
Johnston, Evan	64 3358 1745	Canterbury, New Zealand
	0214 417 13 mobile	
Johnston, Margaret	07 5460 1240	SE Queensland
	07 5460 1455 fax	
Kadkol, Gururaj	03 5382 1269	North Western Victoria
•	03 5381 1210 fax	
Kemp, Stuart	03 8390 8150	SE Australia
1 /	0437 278 873 mobile	
Kennedy, Peter	02 6382 7600	New South Wales
1101111001), 1 0001	02 6382 2228 fax	THE HI DOUBLE HI WILLIAM
Khan, Akram	02 9351 8821	New South Wales
Kilali, 7 Kilalii	02 9351 8875 fax	New Bouth Wales
Kirby, Greg	08 8201 2176	South Australia
Kirby, Gleg	08 8201 3015 fax	South Australia
Vieby Noil	08 8201 3013 1ax 02 4754 2637	New South Wales
Kirby, Neil	02 4754 2637 02 4754 2640 fax	New South Wales
Vnichte Edmund		North Wastom NCW
Knights, Edmund	02 6763 1100	North Western NSW
77 11 ' 77' 1	02 6763 1222 fax	A
Kulkarni, Vinod	08 9992 2221	Australia
	08 9992 2049 fax	GT A II
Lake, Andrew	08 8177 0558	SE Australia
	0418 818 798 mobile	
	lake@arcom.com.au	
Laker, Richard	08 87258987	Australia
	08 8723 0142 fax	
	0417 855 592 mobile	
Lamont, Greg	02 8778 5388	Sydney region
	02 9734 9866 fax	
Langford, Garry	03 6266 4344	Australia
	03 6266 4023 fax	
	0418 312 910 mobile	
Larkman, Clive	03 9735 3831	Victoria
	03 9739 6370	
	larkman@tpgi.com.au	
Lee, Peter	03 6330 1147	SE Australia
,	03 6330 1927 fax	
Lee, Slade	02 6620 3410	Queensland/Northern New South
Dee, State	02 6622 2080 fax	Wales
Lenoir, Roland	02 6231 9063 ph/fax	Australia
Leske, Richard	07 4671 3136	Cotton growing regions of QLD
Leske, Richard	07 4671 3130 07 4671 3113 fax	& NSW
Light Vote	03 5362 2175	Victoria
Light, Kate		Victoria
Lock Don	0419 145 768 mobile	Ougansland
Loch, Don	07 3286 1488	Queensland
	07 3286 3094 fax	
Lowe, Greg	02 4389 8750	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4389 4958 fax	
	0411 327390 mobile	
Lullfitz, Robert	08 9447 6360	South West WA

Lunghusen, Mark	03 5998 2083 03 5998 2089fax	Melbourne & environs
	0407 050 133 mobile	
Lye, Colin	07 4671 0044	NT, QLD and NSW
Lyc, Com	07 4671 0064 07 4671 0066 fax	IVI, QLD and IVS W
	0427 786 668 mobile	
MacGregor, Alison	03 5023 4644	Southern Australia – Murray
MacGregor, Amson	0419 229 713 mobile	Valley Region
Mackay, Alastair	08 9310 5342 ph/fax	Western Australia
wiackay, Aiastaii	0159 87221 mobile	Western Australia
McMaugh, Peter	02 9872 7833	Australia
Wiewiaugh, i etci	02 9872 7855 02 9872 7855 fax	Australia
Malone, Michael	+64 6 877 8196	New Zealand
Maione, Michael	+64 6 877 4761 fax	New Zealand
Marcsik, Doris	08 8999 2017	Northern Territory and
widiesik, Dolls	08 8999 2049	Queensland
McConthy, Aloo	08 9780 6273	South West WA
McCarthy, Alec		South West WA
MaVinda Ciman	08 9780 6136 fax	A
McKirdy, Simon	042 163 8229 mobile	Australia
McMichael, Prue	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
M.D. W	08 8373 2442 fax	A 1°
McRae, Tony	08 8723 0688	Australia
) A'11	08 8723 0660 fax	M
Miller, Jeff	64 6 356 8019 extn 8027	Manawatu region, New Zealand
NCI C I	64 3 351 8142 fax	O. D
Milne, Carolynn	07 3206 3509	QLD
Mitchell, Hamish	03 9737 9568	Victoria
	03 9737 9899 fax	
Mitchell, Leslie	03 5821 2021	VIC, Southern NSW
26.1	03 5831 1592 fax	***
Molyneux, William	03 5965 2011	Victoria
	03 5965 2033 fax	
Moore, Stephen	02 6799 2230	NSW
	02 6799 2239 fax	
Morrison, Bruce	03 9210 9251	East of Melbourne
	03 9800 3521 fax	
Mouwen, Heidi	07 4690 2666	QLD, NSW
	07 4630 1063	
Neylan, John	03 9886 6200	VIC, NSW, SA
	0413 620 256 mobile	
Nichols, David	03 5977 4755	SE Melbourne, Mornington
	03 5977 4921 fax	Peninsula and Dandenong
		Ranges, Victoria
Nichols, Phillip	08 9387 7442	Western Australia
	08 9383 9907 fax	
Oates, John	02 4473 8465	Sydney region, Eastern Australia
O'Brien, Shaun	07 5442 3055	SE Queensland
	07 5442 3044 fax	
	0407 584 417 mobile	
O'Connor, Lauren	07 3359 3113	Australia
	0418 510 480 mobile	
Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217	Burnett region, Central
	07 4129 5511 fax	Queensland region
Paananen, Ian	02 4381 0051	Australia (based in Sydney) and
	02 8569 1896 fax	New Zealand
	0412 826 589 mobile	
Parr, Wayne	07 4129 4147	QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4129 4463 fax	

Piperidis, George	07 3331 3373 07 3871 0383 fax	QLD, Northern NSW
Platz, Greg	07 4639 8817	QLD, Northern NSW
Porter, Richard	07 4639 8800 fax 08 8431 5396	Adelaide region, South Australia
	08 8431 5396 fax 0413 270 670 mobile	
Portman, Anthony	08 9274 5355 08 9250 1859 fax	South-west Western Australia
Portman, Sian	08 9725 0660 0421 606 651 mobile	Western Australia
Poulsen, David	07 4661 2944	SE QLD, Northern NSW
Prescott, Chris	07 4661 5257 fax 03 5998 5100	Victoria
	03 5998 5333 0417 340 558 mobile	
Prince, John	07 5533 0211	SE QLD
Pumpa, Lucy	07 5533 0488 fax 08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2422 fax 0400 041 881 mobile	
Quinn, Patrick	03 5427 0485	SE Australia
Richards, Graeme	02 4570 1358	Australia
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0405 178 211 mobile	
Richardson, Clive	03 51550255	Victoria
Rhodes, Phil	64 3322 5405	New Zealand
	0211 862 422 mobile	
	phil@epr.co.nz	
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8830	Sydney Region
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8850 02 9351 8875 fax	Syuncy Region
Robb, John	02 4376 1330	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
KODO, JOHN	02 4376 1330 02 4376 1271 fax	Sydney, Central Coast NS W
D T.1	0199 19252 mobile	OF Ownershood
Rose, John	07 4661 2944	SE Queensland
D 111 D 1	07 4661 5257 fax	***
Rudolph, Paul	03 5381 2168	Victoria
	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0438 083 840 mobile	
Saunders, James	03 8318 9016	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0408 037 801 mobile	
Sanders, Milton	08 9825 8087	Southern Australia: WA,Vic,
	08 9387 4388 fax	NSW, SA
	0427 031 951 mobile	
Scattini, Walter	07 3356 0863 ph/fax	Tropical and sub-tropical Australia
Schapel, Amanda	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	0408 344 843 mobile	
Scholefield, Peter	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
,	08 8373 2442 fax	
	018 082022 mobile	
Singh, Deo	0418 880787 mobile	Brisbane
3 ,	07 3207 5998 fax	
Slater, Tony	03 9210 9222	SE Australia
~, 1011 <i>j</i>	03 9800 3521 fax	2211000000
	0408 656 021 mobile	
Smith, Daniel	08 8373 2488	South Australia
Simui, Dainei	08 8373 2442 fax	Dount Australia
	00 03/3 2 44 2 1 3 X	

0.14.174	02 4550 0060	A 12
Smith, Kenneth	02 4570 9069	Australia
Smith, Kevin	03 5573 0900	SE Australia
0.11.363	03 5571 1523 fax	ar o
Smith, Mike	07 5444 9630	SE Queensland
Smith, Stuart	03 6336 5234	SE Australia
G. D.	03 6334 4961 fax	G 1 ACT 0 NOW
Stearne, Peter	02 9262 2611	Sydney, ACT & NSW
	02 9262 1080 fax	
Stewart, Angus	02 4385 9788ph/fax	Sydney, Gosford
G G	0419 632 123 mobile	G
Swane, Geoff	02 6889 1545	Central western NSW
	02 6889 2533 fax	
	0419 841580 mobile	
Swinburn, Garth	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region - from
	03 5023 5814 fax	Swan Hill (Vic) to Waikere (SA)
Sykes, Stephen	03 5051 3100	Victoria
	03 5051 3111 fax	
Syrus, A Kim	03 8556 2555	Adelaide
	03 8556 2955 fax	
Tan, Beng	08 9266 7168	Perth & environs
	08 9266 2495	
Tancred, Stephen	07 4681 2931	QLD, NSW
	07 4681 4274 fax	
	0157 62888 mobile	
Treverrow, Florence	02 6629 3359	Australia
Topp, Bruce	07 4681 1255	SE QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4681 1769 fax	
Valentine, Bruce	02 6361 3919	New South Wales
	02 6361 3573 fax	
Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne	03 6248 6863	Tasmania
	03 6248 7402 fax	
Verdegaal, John	03 6458 3581	Australia and New Zealand
	03 6458 3581 fax	
Watkins, Phillip	08 9525 1800	Perth Region
_	08 9525 1607 fax	_
Watkinson, Andrew	07 5445 6654	Northern NSW and Southern
	0409 065 266 mobile	QLD
Westra Van Holthe, Jan	03 9706 3033	Australia
	03 9706 3182 fax	
Whiley, Tony	07 5441 5441	QLD
Wilkes, Gregory	02 4570 1358	Sydney region
, ,	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0418 642 359 mobile	
Wilson, Frances	64 3 318 8514	Canterbury, New Zealand
,	64 3 318 8549 fax	• •
Wilson, Graeme	03 5957 1200	SE Australia
	03 5957 1210 fax	
Zadow, Diane	03 5382 1269	Victoria
,	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0419 145 763 mobile	
Zorin, Margaret	07 3207 4306	Eastern Australia
, <u></u>	0418 984 555	
	0.10 / 01 000	

Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persons

Name	Name
Ali, S	Lowe, Russell
Allen, Antony	Luckett, David
Armour, David	Mack, Ian
Baelde, Arie	Mann, Dorham
Baker, Grant	Mason, Lloyd
Bally, Ian	Matic, Rade
Barr, Andrew	Matthews, Michael
Bell, David	McCallum, Lesley
Bernuetz, Andrew	McDonald, David
Birmingham, Erika	Mendham, Neville
Box, Amanda	Menzies, Kim
Brennan, Paul	Miller, Kylie
Brewer, Lester	Moody, David
Brindley, Tony	Moss, Ian
Brindle, Sean	Mullins, Kathleen
Buchanan, Peter	Mungall, Neil
Bunker, John	Neilson, Peter
Bunker, Kerry	Newman, Allen
Burton, Wayne	Noone, Brian
Cameron, Nick	Norriss, Michael
Cant, Russell	Oakes, John
Chivers, Ian	Offord, Cathy
Clayton-Greene, Kevin	O'Brien, Tim
Constable, Greg	O'Sullivan, Robert
Cook, Esther	Paull, Jeff
Corcoran, Lisa	Pearce, Bob
Coventry, Stewart	Potter, Trent
Craig, Andrew	Pressler, Craig
Craigie, Gail	Reeve, Christopher
Culvenor, Richard	Reid, Peter
Dawson, Iain	Reinke, Russell
Crowhurst, Max	Roberts, Sean
De Betue, Remco	Roche, Matthew
de Koning, Carolyn	Rose, Ian
Dear, Brian	Sanders, Milton
Delaporte, Kate	Sandral, Graeme
Done, Anthony	Sanewski, Garth
Donnelly, Peter	Schilg, Karl
Downe, Graeme	Schreuders, Harry
Dryden, Susan	Scott, Ralph
Eastwood, Russell	Senior, Michael
Eglinton, Jason	Siemon, Fran
Eisemann, Robert	Smith, Chris
Elliott, Philip	Smith, Raymond
Evans, Pedro	Smith, Malcolm
Fitzgibbon, John	Smith, Susan
Flett, Peter	Snelling, Cath
Geary, Judith	Snowball, Richard
Gibbons, Philip	Stiller, Warwick

Gillies, Leanne Stuart, Peter Glover, Russell Sturgess, Eric Granger, Andrew Sutton, John Gurciullo, Gaetano Tonks, John Harden, Patrick Trimboli, Daniel Hollamby, Gil Taylor, Kerry Hoppo, Suzanne Trigg, Pamela Howie, Jake Urwin, Nigel Hoxha, Adriana Van der Spek, Folke Hunt, Melissa Vater, Daniel Hurst, Andrea Vaughan, Peter

Irwin, John Venkatanagappa, Shoba

Janhsen, Joanne Venn, Neil Johnson, Peter Warner, Bradley Jupp, Noel Warren, Andrew Watson, Brigid Kaehne, Ian Weatherly, Lilia Katelaris, Andrew Kebblewhite, Tony Wei, Xianming Kempff, Stefan Whalley, RDB Kennedy, Chris Williams, Rex Kobelt, Eric Wilson, Stephen Lacey, Kevin Wilson, Rob Lawson, Marion Winter, Bruce

Lee, Kathryn Wirthensohn, Michelle

Leighton, AWright, GaryLeonforte, AntonioYan, GuijunLewin, LaurenceZeppa, Aldo

Lewis, Hartley Loi, Angelo

APPENDIX 5

ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211
Geneva 20
SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336 Web site: http://www.upov.int

List of Addresses of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

Status of Ratification in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

APPENDIX 6

CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are now available which will add flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$800. This is a saving of nearly 40% over the normal fee of \$1400.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

Conditions and Selection Criteria

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

Appropriate facilities

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

Experienced staff

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

analysed data. These staff will require the authority to ensure timely maintenance of the trial. Where provided by the PBR office, the protocol and technical guidelines for the conduct of the trial must be followed.

Substantial industry support

Normally the establishment will be recognised by a state or national industry society or association. This may include/be replaced by a written commitment from major nurseries or other applicants, who have a history of regularly making applications for PBR in Australia, to use the facility.

Capability for long-term storage of genetic material

Depending upon the genus, a CTC must be in a position to make a long-term commitment to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

Contract testing for 3rd Parties

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (environmental factors, quarantine etc) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office. More than one CTC maybe allowed for roses.

One CTC may be authorised to test more than one genus. Authorisations for each genus will be reviewed periodically.

Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)

Following publication of applications for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accredit ation
Agriculture Victoria, National Potato Improvement Centre	Toolangi, VIC	Potato	Outdoor, field, greenhouse, tissue culture laboratory	R Kirkham	31/3/97
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/6/97
Ag-Seed Research	Horsham and other sites	Canola	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory and biochemical analyses	P Rudolph	30/6/97
Agriculture Western Australia	Northam WA	Wheat	Field, laboratory	D Collins	30/6/97
University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute	Camden, NSW	Argyranthemum, Diascia, Mandevilla	Outdoor, field, irrigation, greenhouses with controlled microclimates, controlled environment rooms,	J Oates	30/6/97

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
			tissue culture, molecular		
			genetics and cytology lab.		
Boulters Nurseries	Monbulk,	Clematis	Outdoor, shadehouse,	M Lunghusen	30/9/97
Monbulk Pty Ltd	VIC	Ciemans	greenhouse	Wi Lunghusen	30/3/37
Geranium Cottage	Galston,	Pelargonium	Field, controlled	I Paananen	30/11/97
Nursery	NSW	relargonium	environment house	1 F adilalicii	30/11/97
Agriculture	Hamilton,	Perennial	Field, shadehouse,	M Anderson	30/6/98
Victoria	VIC	ryegrass, tall	glasshouse, growth	THE PROCESSION	30/0/70
1000110	, 10	fescue, tall wheat	chambers. Irrigation.		
		grass, white	Pathology and tissue		
		clover, Persian	culture. Access to DNA		
		clover	and molecular marker		
			technology. Cold storage.		
Koala Blooms	Monbulk, VIC	Bracteantha	Outdoor, irrigation	M Lunghusen	30/6/98
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay,	Aglaonema	Outdoor, shadehouse,	K Bunker	30/6/98
•	QLD		glasshouse and indoor		
			facilities		
Protected Plant	Macquarie	New Guinea	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/9/98
Promotions	Fields, NSW	Impatiens			
		including			
		Impatiens hawkeri			
University of	Lawes, QLD	and its hybrids Some tropical	Field immigation	To be advised	30/9/98
Queensland,	Lawes, QLD	pastures	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, small	To be advised	30/9/98
Gatton College		pastures	phytotron, plant nursery		
Gatton Conege			& propagation, tissue		
			culture, seed and		
			chemical lab, cool		
			storage		
Jan and Peter Iredell	Moggill, QLD	Bougainvillea	Outdoor, shadehouse	J Iredell	30/9/98
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Verbena	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/12/98
Avondale	Glenorie,	Agapanthus	Greenhouse, tissue	I Paananen	31/12/98
Nurseries Ltd	NSW		culture with commercial		
			partnership		
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Camellia,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	31/12/98
	NSW	Lavandula,	shadehouse, irrigation,		
		Osmanthus,	tissue culture lab		
D	B	Ceratopetalum	77.11	G.P.	01/10/22
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled	C Prescott	31/12/98
E % I D =1	Claritair	Eurob o de e	environment greenhouses	C C	21/2/00
F & I Baguley Flower and Plant	Clayton South,	Euphorbia	Controlled glasshouses, quarantine facilities,	G Guy	31/3/99
Growers	VIC		tissue culture		
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Limonium,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	30/6/00
i aradise i ialits	NSW	Raphiolepis,	shadehouse, irrigation,	3 1000	20/0/00
	,	Eriostemon,	tissue culture lab		
		Lonicera			
		Jasminum			
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie	Angelonia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/6/00
	Fields, NSW				
Carol's	Alexandra	Cuphea,	Field beds, wide range of	C Milne	30/6/00
Propagation	Hills, QLD	Anthurium	comparative varieties	D Singh	
Queensland	Cleveland,	Cynodon, Zoysia	Field, glasshouse,	D Loch	30/9/00
Department of	QLD	and other selected	irrigation, tissue culture		
Primary Industries, Redlands Research		warm season- season turf and	lab		
Station Research		amenity species			
Station	1	amenity species	l		

Luff Partnership	Kulnura,	Bracteantha	Field beds, irrigation,	I Dawson	31/12/00
•	NSW		shade house, propagation		
			house, cool rooms,		24/42/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Petunia, Calibrachoa	Glasshouse	I Paananen J Oates	31/12/00
NSW Agriculture	Temora	Triticum, Hordeum, Avena	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, climate controlled areas	P Breust	31/3/01
Bywong Nursery	Bungendore NSW	Leptospermum	Field, shadehouse, greenhouse	P Ollerenshaw	31/3/01
S J Saperstein	Mullumbimby NSW	Rhododendron (vireya types)	Field and propagation facilities	S Saperstein	31/12/01
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Osteospermum, Rhododendron	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	31/3/02
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Euphorbia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/3/02
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd	Springwood,	Impatiens, Euphorbia	AQIS accredited quarantine facilities; glasshouse, shadehouse, field, tissue culture	B Sidebottom A Bernuetz M Hunt N Derera T Angus	30/9/02
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Dahlia	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	31/12/03
Carol's Propagation	Brookfield, QLD	Anubias	Glasshouse specifically designed for aquatic plants	C Milne D Singh	31/3/04
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Maroochy Research Station	Nambour, QLD	Ananas	Field, plots, pots, shadehouse, temperature controlled glasshouse and tissue culture lab	G. Sanewski	31/3/04
Abulk Pty Ltd	Clarendon, NSW	Dianella	Normal nursery facilities with access to micro propagation.	I Paananen	31/3/04
Proteaflora Nursery Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Plectranthus	Fogged propagation house, greenhouses and irrigated outdoor facilities	Paul Armitage	30/6/04
Berrimah Agricultural Research Centre	Darwin	Zingiber	Irrigated shadehouse, outdoor facilities, cool storage, high level post entry quarantine facility, tissue culture lab, pathology and entomology diagnostic services	D Marcsik	30/9/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Impatiens, Verbena	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols	30/9/04
Floreta Pty Ltd	Redland Bay QLD	Bracteantha	Purpose built, secure greenhouse, access to fog house, registered quarantine facility on site.	K Bunker	31/12/04
Boulevarde Nurseries Mildura Pty Ltd	Irymple VIC	Zantedeschia	Glasshouse, shade house, propagation facilities, field areas, irrigation, cool rooms, tissue culture lab, hydroponics,	K Mullins	31/12/04

			quarantine facilities		
Buchanan's Nursery	Hodgsonvale, QLD	Prunus	Outdoor facilities including a collection of 90 varieties of common knowledge.	P Buchanan	31/12/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Calibrachoa, Osteospermum	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols	30/9/05
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Southedge Research Centre	Mareeba, QLD	Mangifera	Glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory complex including bitech, propagation, outdoor facilities	I Bally	30/09/05

The following applications are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Kalanchoe	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols
Yates Botanical Pty Ltd	Somersby and Tuggerah, NSW	Rosa	Tissue culture lab, glasshouse, quarantine and nursery facilities	I Paananen
Blueberry Farms of Australia	Corindi Beach, NSW	Vaccinium	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen

Comments (both for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

The Registrar Plant Breeder's Rights Office IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606 Fax (02) 6283 7999

Closing date for comment: 30 September 2007.

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

- (a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;
 - (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
 - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;
- (ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

LIST OF CLASSES

Part I

Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1

LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

Part II

Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms Agaricus bisporus Agaricus bisporus Agaricus blazei Agrocybe cylindracea Auricularia auricura Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc. Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer Flammulina velutipes Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten Grifola frondosa Hericium erinaceum Hypsizigus marmoreus Hypsizigus ulmarius Lentinula edodes Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer Lyophyllum decastes Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus Naematoloma sublateritium Panellus serotinus Pholiota adiposa Pholiota nameko Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus Pleurotus cystidiosus Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus Pleurotus ostreatus Pleurotus pulmonarius Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_MAR HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_ERY PLEUR_DST PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG

^{*} Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

APPENDIX 8

REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories*

South Australia

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

New South Wales

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

^{*} In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/



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