

## **Plant Varieties Journal - Optimised for Screen Viewing**



# Plant Varieties Journal

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#### **Part 1 General Information**

Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, Important Changes etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 20 Issue 3) are listed below:

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## **Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)**

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (<a href="https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/">https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/</a>) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

In the beginning of April 2005, all QPs have officially been notified of this new system giving them access to IVDS with their individual user name and password. The main purpose of the system is to harmonise variety descriptions at both national and international level and make the PBR application process as smooth and efficient as possible.

The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The IVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. Finally, it allows QPs to lodge the completed variety descriptions on-line. There is a minimum typing involved in the process.

The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au">pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</a> if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

## **Objections and revocations**

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

## **Objections to Applications**

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate reasons why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

## Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

- · a Grant
- · a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- · a grant of PBR; or
- · a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse affect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

## **Report on Breeding Issues**

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>final report</u> of the expert panel is available now.

## **Use of Overseas Data**

## **Overseas Testing/Data**

The PBR Act allows DUS data produced in other countries (overseas data) be used in lieu of conducting a comparative trial in Australia provided certain conditions are met; relating to the filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally. Briefly the overseas data could be considered where:

- The first PBR application relating to the candidate variety has been lodged overseas, and
- the variety has previously been test grown in a UPOV member country using official UPOV test guidelines and test procedures, (i.e. equivalent to a comparative trial in Australia) and
- either, all the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial, or
- the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all the Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted, and
- sufficient data and descriptive information is available to publish a description of the variety in an accepted format in Plant Varieties Journal; and to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

#### Taxa that must be trailled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

## Solanum tuberosum Potato

The Qualified Person, in consultation with the agent/applicant, and perhaps other specialists and taxonomists, will need to evaluate the overseas data, test report and photographs to see if the application does fulfil all PBR Office requirements, and then advise the agent/applicant:

- either, to submit Part 2 incorporating a description for publication, any additional data and photographs and to pay the examination fee;
- or, to conduct a DUS trial in Australia, recommending to the applicant/agent which additional varieties of common knowledge to include;

• or, submit Part 2 including additional data (information about similar varieties in Australia to show that they are clearly distinct from the candidate variety that a further DUS test growing including the similar varieties is not warranted and that the variety displays the distinctive characteristics when grown in Australia)

Please note that the PBR office does not obtain overseas DUS test reports on behalf of applicants. It is the sole responsibility of the applicants to obtain these reports directly from the relevant overseas testing authorities. Where applicants already have the report they are advised to submit a certified true copy of the report with the Part 1 application. Applicants, or those duly authorised, may certify the copy.

If you do not have the test report available at the time of Part-1 application then you are advised to submit the Part-1 application without the test report. However, you should make arrangements to procure the DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority. When the report becomes available, a certified copy should be supplied to the QP and the PBR office.

When the trial is based on an UPOV technical guideline and test report in an official UPOV language (English, German or French), it can be lodged in support of the application. In other cases the test reports must be in English.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

If a description is based on an overseas test report, Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the DUS test is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas data rests with the PBR office.

# **PBR Infringement**

Grantees should be aware of recent revisions to infringement provisions of the <u>Plant</u> <u>Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (see section 54) and related provisions of the Federal Court Rules (see order 58 rule 27) both of which can be found at the <u>ComLaw site</u>

## **On-line Database for PBR Varieties**

The PBR Office has a comprehensive service for Internet users ~ a searchable database for all Australian PBR varieties, both past and present. The database features a detailed description and image for every variety granted full rights and basic information for other PBR varieties. Searches by genus, species, common name, variety name and titleholder are some of its many advantages. Varieties for which an application has been lodged but not yet accepted in the PBR scheme are not included in this database. Please browse the Plant Breeder's Rights on-line database and provide your feedback.

## **Cumulative Index to Plant Varieties Journal**

The cumulative index to the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> has been updated to include variety information from all hardcopy versions up to volume 16 issue 3. After that issue the Plant Varieties Journal is only published in the electronic format and there is no need for a cumulative index, as the variety information can be easily searched in the PBR <u>online database</u> and also by downloading the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> electronically.

The final updated version of the cumulative index is available in PBR website. This document has information up to Plant Varieties Journal volume 16 issue 3. The PBR office recommends use its PBR <u>online database</u> to get most updated information on variety registration. The <u>online database</u> is updated on a weekly basis.

## **Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights**

Applications are accepted from the original breeder of a new variety (from their employer if the breeder is an employee) or from a person who has acquired ownership from the original breeder. Overseas breeders need to appoint an agent to represent their interests in Australia. Interested parties should contact the PBR office and an accredited Qualified Person experienced in the plant species in question.

## Steps in Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

- Obtain from the breeder a signed Authorisation to act as their agent in Australia for the variety in question if your role is as the Australian agent of an overseas breeder;
- Complete Part 1 of the application form, supplying a photograph of the new variety, paying the application fee, nominating an accredited 'Qualified Person' and, if the variety is an Australian species, despatch as soon as possible a herbarium specimen;
- Engage the services of the nominated accredited 'Qualified Person' to plan and supervise the <u>comparative growing trial</u>;
- Conduct a comparative growing trial to demonstrate Distinctness, Uniformity
  and Stability (<u>DUS</u>), complete <u>Part 2</u> of the application form and paying the
  examination fee;
- Deposit propagating material in a Genetic Resources Centre.
- Examination of the application by the PBR Office, which may include a field examination of the comparative growing trial; and including
- Publication of a description and photograph comparing the new variety with similar varieties in Plant Varieties Journal, followed by a six-month period for objection or comment.
- Upon successful completion of all the requirements, resolution of objections (if any) and payment of <u>certificate fee</u>, the applicant(s) receive a Certificate of Plant Breeder's Rights.

## **Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties**

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

## **UPOV Developments**

The UPOV Convention provides the international legal framework for the granting of plant breeders' rights which are a key element in encouraging breeders to pursue and enhance their search for improved varieties with benefits such as higher yield and quality and better resistance to pests and diseases. Plant breeders' rights thereby help to enhance sustainable agriculture, productivity, income, international trade and economic development in general.

## The members of UPOV are (as of September 30, 2007):

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, European Community, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Vietnam. (Total 64).

On October 18, 2007 Turkey deposited with the Office of the Union its instrument of accession to the 1991 Act of the UPOV Convention. The 1991 Act will enter into force for Turkey on November 18, 2007. On that day, Turkey will be the 65<sup>th</sup> member state of UPOV.

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at <a href="http://www.upov.int">http://www.upov.int</a>

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at

http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

## **European Developments**

Community plant variety rights within the European Union are administered by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) in Angers, France. With more than 2,600 applications per year, the CPVO receives the highest number of requests for variety protection among the 63 members of UPOV. The CPVO provides for one application, one examination and one title of protection that is valid and enforceable in all 25 members of the European Union.

The potential applicants for Plant Variety Rights within European Union are requested to consult <u>Notes for Applicants</u> published by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO). This note aims to answer legal, administrative and financial questions that one may have when requesting Community plant variety rights. Further information is available from CPVO website.

## Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the <u>Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

## **Instructions to Qualified Persons**

Instruction to Qualified Persons: Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) for Preparing Detailed Description for Plant Varieties Journal

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (<a href="https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/">https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr\_ivds/</a>) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

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The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au">pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</a> if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

## The detailed descriptions are accepted only in the IVDS format.

Also, please note that the after finalising the description through IVDS, the QPs will still need to submit the signed hardcopies of the Part 2 documentations in order to complete the application process. Please contact the PBRO (pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au) for further information.

## **Current PBR Forms**

As part of a comprehensive review of PBR forms, several are now available in fillable WORD format and can be completed electronically and saved. Currently, only the Part 1 Application, Supplementary Pages to Part 1 Application, Authorisation of Agent and Nomination of Qualified Person forms are available in fillable WORD.

We are endeavouring to have all forms in both fillable WORD and fillable PDF in the near future and will continue to update this list. Please check regularly for updates.

The remainder of the forms and publications are static PDFs and may be viewed using Acrobat Reader. The electronic forms are available from the IP Australia Website at <a href="http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr/forms.shtml">http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr/forms.shtml</a>

#### Please Do Not Use Old Forms

To avoid processing delays, it is recommended that the most recent version of a form be submitted. Refer to the <u>PBR website</u> for the latest version of the forms. Please note applications submitted on old forms will be returned so they can be submitted on current forms for assessment.



Part 2 Public Notices (Acceptances, Descriptions, Grants, Variations etc)

This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants, Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 20 Issue 3) are listed below:

- Home
- Acceptances
- Variety Descriptions
- Grants
- Denomination Changed
- Applicant's Name Amended
- Assignment of Rights
- Change of Agent
- Grants Surrendered
- Applications Withdrawn
- Corrigenda

## **ACCEPTANCES**

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance:

Actinidia chinensis

**KIWIFRUIT** 

#### 'W45'

Application No: 2007/164 Accepted: 23 August, 2007

Applicant: **Donald Alfred Skelton**.

Agent: Global Plant IP Pty Ltd, Goondiwindi, QLD.

Bracteantha bracteata

**EVERLASTING DAISY, STRAWFLOWER** 

## 'Ohdrejumwhi' syn Jumbo White

Application No: 2007/214 Accepted: 26 September, 2007

Applicant: Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Chlorophytum comosum

SPIDER PLANT, RIBBON PLANT

#### 'Ocean'

Application No: 2007/146 Accepted: 11 July, 2007

Applicant: Koning Smit IPR S.A..

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Citrus reticulata

**MANDARIN** 

## 'F4A34' syn Seedless Nadorcott

Application No: 2007/011 Accepted: 13 August, 2007

Applicant: **Agricultural Research Council**. Agent: **Variety Access Pty Ltd**, Torbanlea, QLD.

Citrus sinensis

#### **SWEET ORANGE**

#### 'SunSmooth Early Navel'

Application No: 2007/172 Accepted: 17 August, 2007 Applicant: **Stephen Lang Family Trust**, Via Renmark, SA.

Cynodon dactylon x Cynodon transvaalensis

HYBRID GREEN COUCH GRASS, HYBRID BERMUDA GRASS

#### 'P18'

Application No: 2007/179 Accepted: 13 August, 2007

Applicant: RNB, LLC.

Agent: Evergreen Turf, Pakenham, VIC.

Dianella caerulea

BLUE FLAX-LILY, UMBRELLA DRACAENA

#### 'Pattison's Gift'

Application No: 2007/176 Accepted: 27 August, 2007 Applicant: **VF and NC Jupp**, East Gresford, NSW.

Dianella revoluta

SPREADING FLAX-LILY, BLUEBERRY LILY, BLACK-ANTHER FLAX-LILY, BLUE FLAX LILY

#### 'Allyn-Citation'

Application No: 2007/177 Accepted: 5 September, 2007 Applicant: **VF and NC Jupp**, East Gresford, NSW.

#### 'REV101'

Application No: 2007/197 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Dracaena deremensis

DRAGON TREE

## 'Lemon Surprise'

Application No: 2007/147 Accepted: 11 July, 2007

Applicant: **Dragontree Beheer BV**.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holding Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

#### 'Malaika'

Application No: 2007/148 Accepted: 11 July, 2007

Applicant: Dragontree Beheer BV.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holding Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

## 'White Surprise'

Application No: 2007/149 Accepted: 11 July, 2007

Applicant: Dragontree Beheer BV.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holding Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Dracaena draco

DRAGON'S BLOOD TREE, DRAGON TREE

## 'Stripey Rose'

Application No: 2007/153 Accepted: 2 July, 2007

Applicant: Anthony Robert Rosolen & Milagros Rosolen, Woodburn, NSW.

Euphorbia hybrid

**CROWN OF THORNS** 

#### 'EU4'

Application No: 2007/230 Accepted: 26 September, 2007 Applicant: **Darwin Plant Wholesalers**, Winnellie, NT.

Fragaria Xananassa

**STRAWBERRY** 

#### 'Bonaire'

Application No: 2007/160 Accepted: 7 August, 2007 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.** 

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

#### 'SABROSA'

Application No: 2007/225 Accepted: 13 September, 2007

Applicant: Plantas de Navarra, S.A. (Planasa).

Agent: Red Jewel Fruit Management Pty Ltd, Ballandean, QLD.

Gazania xhybrida

#### **GAZANIA**

## 'Sugaby'

Application No: 2007/136 Accepted: 27 August, 2007

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW.

## 'Sugary'

Application No: 2007/137 Accepted: 27 August, 2007

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW.

Griselinia littoralis

#### **GRISELINIA**

#### 'Whenuapai'

Application No: 2007/228 Accepted: 26 September, 2007

Applicant: Tom Johnson.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Hordeum vulgare

**BARLEY** 

#### 'Fairview'

Application No: 2007/159 Accepted: 2 July, 2007

Applicant: International Malting Company Australia, North Geelong, VIC.

#### 'Roe'

Application No: 2007/215 Accepted: 13 September, 2007

Applicant: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains

**Research and Development Corporation**, Bentley Delivery Centre, WA.

Humulus lupulus

**HOPS** 

## 'Apollo'

Application No: 2007/046 Accepted: 17 September, 2007

Applicant: **S.S. STEINER, INC.**. Agent: **AJ PARK**, Canberra, ACT.

## 'Super Galena'

Application No: 2007/044 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: **S.S. STEINER, INC.**. Agent: **AJ PARK**, Canberra, ACT.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

## 'Curletta' syn BellaGio LE290 (Nr)

Application No: 2007/190 Accepted: 27 August, 2007 Applicant: **Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

#### 'Robinio' syn BellaGio Robinio (Nr)

Application No: 2007/192 Accepted: 27 August, 2007 Applicant: **Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

## 'Winny' syn BellaGio LE289 (Nr)

Application No: 2007/191 Accepted: 27 August, 2007 Applicant: **Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

Lavandula hybrid

**LAVENDER** 

#### 'Riverina James'

Application No: 2007/151 Accepted: 11 July, 2007 Applicant: **Dr Nigel Urwin**, Wagga Wagga, NSW.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

#### 'LIDO'

Application No: 2007/154 Accepted: 19 July, 2007 Applicant: **Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.**.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne, VIC.

#### Magnolia grandiflora

#### SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA

#### 'Southern Charm' syn Teddy Bear

Application No: 2007/162 Accepted: 23 July, 2007

Applicant: Head Ornamentals Inc..

Agent: Coolwyn Nurseries Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Malus domestica

**APPLE** 

## 'Co-op 33'

Application No: 2007/143 Accepted: 2 July, 2007

Applicant: Purdue Research Foundation.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

#### 'DG202'

Application No: 2007/170 Accepted: 25 July, 2007

Applicant: Denis Carniel and Giovanna Carniel, Pozieres, QLD.

Mandevilla hybrid

**MANDEVILLA** 

## 'Sunmandecrikin' syn Giant Crimson

Application No: 2007/182 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: Suntory Flowers Limited.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

## 'Sunmanderemi' syn Mini Crimson

Application No: 2007/181 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: Suntory Flowers Limited.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Medicago sativa

LUCERNE

## 'SuperSonic' syn Alpha 1

Application No: 2007/165 Accepted: 30 July, 2007 Applicant: **Seed Genetics Australia**, Mitcham, SA.

Medicago truncatula x Medicago littoralis

BARREL MEDIC

#### 'Cheetah'

Application No: 2007/195 Accepted: 5 September, 2007

Applicant: Pristine Forage Technologies Pty Ltd, Daw Park, SA.

#### 'Lynx'

Application No: 2007/194 Accepted: 5 September, 2007

Applicant: Pristine Forage Technologies Pty Ltd, Daw Park, SA.

Nemesia hybrid

**NEMESIA** 

#### 'INUPGUAVA'

Application No: 2007/166 Accepted: 25 July, 2007 Applicant: **InnovaPlant GmbH & Co. KG**.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD.

#### 'INUPSPINK8'

Application No: 2007/167 Accepted: 25 July, 2007 Applicant: **InnovaPlant GmbH & Co. KG**.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD.

Olea europaea

**OLIVE** 

#### 'GIULIA'

Application No: 2007/178 Accepted: 2 August, 2007 Applicant: Consiglio Nazionale delle Richerche. Agent: Davies Collison Cave, Sydney, NSW.

Phalaris aquatica

**PHALARIS** 

#### 'Holdfast GT'

Application No: 2007/193 Accepted: 17 August, 2007

Applicant: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation and Australian Wool

Innovation Limited, Canberra, ACT.

#### Phalaris hybrid

#### **PHALARIS**

#### 'Advanced AT'

Application No: 2007/188 Accepted: 27 August, 2007

Applicant: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation and Australian Wool

Innovation Limited, Canberra, ACT.

Picea glauca

WHITE SPURCE

## 'DECEMBER' syn Xmas Star

Application No: 2007/180 Accepted: 27 August, 2007

Applicant: Dick Scholten.

Agent: Coolwyn Nurseries P/L, Monbulk, VIC.

Pittosporum tenuefolium

PITTOSPORUM, KOHUHU, TAWHIWHI

## 'Kiwijade'

Application No: 2007/115 Accepted: 25 July, 2007

Applicant: Jeffrey Wayne Elliot.

Agent: Braddles Pty Ltd ATF Hermitage Nursery Superannuation Fund, Tuerong, VIC.

#### 'GREEN SHEEN'

Application No: 2007/196 Accepted: 5 September, 2007

Applicant: Matthew Brooks, Monbulk, VIC.

Prunus hybrid

**PRUNUS** 

## 'Flavor Wynne'

Application No: 2007/189 Accepted: 17 August, 2007

Applicant: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

#### Ptilotus nobilis

#### **PTILOTUS**

## 'Passion'

Application No: 2007/156 Accepted: 9 July, 2007

Applicant: The University of Queensland, St Lucia, QLD.

#### 'Poise'

Application No: 2007/157 Accepted: 2 August, 2007 Applicant: **The University of Queensland**, St Lucia, QLD.

#### 'Purity'

Application No: 2007/158 Accepted: 2 August, 2007 Applicant: **The University of Queensland**, St Lucia, QLD.

Quercus lyrata

OVERCUP OAK TREE

## 'QLFTB'

Application No: 2007/163 Accepted: 13 August, 2007

Applicant: Tree Introductions Inc..

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

## 'Crown Princess Mary' syn Tomroyal

Application No: 2007/169 Accepted: 2 August, 2007

Applicant: **George Thomson**. Agent: **Ross Roses**, Willunga, SA.

#### 'Just Brilliant' syn Rostwo

Application No: 2007/168 Accepted: 30 July, 2007

Applicant: **Andrew Ross**, Willunga, SA.

#### 'Lexativas'

Application No: 2007/213 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: Levacy Ltd.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Lexidagam'

Application No: 2007/212 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: Levacy Ltd.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Lexteews'

Application No: 2007/211 Accepted: 11 September, 2007

Applicant: Evalesco.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

#### 'PEJAMBLU'

Application No: 2007/185 Accepted: 14 August, 2007

Applicant: **Peter Joseph James**. Agent: **Australian Roses**, Silvan, VIC.

## 'Selmusic'

Application No: 2007/187 Accepted: 30 July, 2007 Applicant: **TERRA NIGRA Holding B.V.**.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

## 'Selpremier'

Application No: 2007/186 Accepted: 30 July, 2007 Applicant: **TERRA NIGRA Holding B.V.**.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

Rubus idaeus

**RASPBERRY** 

#### 'Estrella'

Application No: 2007/155 Accepted: 2 July, 2007 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.** 

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

Saccharum hybrid

**SUGARCANE** 

## 'Q232'

Application No: 2007/218 Accepted: 17 September, 2007

Applicant: **BSES Limited**, Indooroopilly, QLD.

#### **'0233'**

Application No: 2007/219 Accepted: 17 September, 2007 Applicant: **BSES Limited**, Indooroopilly, QLD.

## 'Q234'

Application No: 2007/220 Accepted: 17 September, 2007 Applicant: **BSES Limited**, Indooroopilly, QLD.

#### 'QC93-896'

Application No: 2007/221 Accepted: 17 September, 2007 Applicant: **BSES Limited**, Indooroopilly, QLD.

## 'QS85-7325'

Application No: 2007/222 Accepted: 17 September, 2007 Applicant: **BSES Limited**, Indooroopilly, QLD.

## 'QS96-2174'

Application No: 2007/223 Accepted: 17 September, 2007 Applicant: **BSES Limited**, Indooroopilly, QLD.

Solanum tuberosum

#### POTATO

## 'Emma'

Application No: 2007/198 Accepted: 17 August, 2007

Applicant: **Irish Potato Marketing Ltd**. Agent: **Bright Harvest**, Virginia, SA.

#### 'Savanna'

Application No: 2007/201 Accepted: 23 August, 2007

Applicant: **Irish Potato Marketing Ltd**. Agent: **Bright Harvest**, Virginia, SA.

Triticum aestivum

#### **WHEAT**

## 'LongReach Hornet' syn LRPB Hornet

Application No: 2007/171 Accepted: 19 July, 2007

Applicant: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

## 'LongReach Lincoln' syn LRPB Lincoln

Application No: 2007/173 Accepted: 23 July, 2007

Applicant: The New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited. Agent: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

Vicia faba

FIELD BEAN

#### 'Doza'

Application No: 2007/161 Accepted: 9 July, 2007

Applicant: Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales and

Grains Research and Development Corporation, Orange, NSW.

**x**Triticosecale

**TRITICALE** 

#### 'Forerunner'

Application No: 2006/282 Accepted: 25 July, 2007

Applicant: Weaver Seed of Oregan Inc and Oregan Trail Seeds.

Agent: The Massif Alliance, Narrogin, WA.

# Plant Varieties Journal

## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Results

# **Variety Descriptions**

Click on the column headings to re-sort the matches in alphanumeric order by that particular column.

Common (Genus Species)	<u>Variety</u>	<u>Title Holder</u>
Mandarin (Citrus hybrid)	Bella	K.E. Walker
Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)	Tequila Sunrise	Annton Nursery Ltd
Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)	Goldenglow	Growing Spectrum Ltd
Hybrid Green Couch Grass (Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis)	P18	RNB, LLC
Twinspur (Diascia barbarae)	Pender	Sydney James Jones & David Jones
Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Sicot 43RRF	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Sicot 43BRF	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation

Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Sicala 60BRF	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Sicot 80BRF	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Sicot 80RRF	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Sicot 81	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)	Siokra 24B	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Hebe (Hebe hybrid)	Turkish Delight	Growing Spectrum Ltd
Hebe (Hebe hybrid)	Annie's Winter Wonder	Annton Nursery Ltd
Hebe (Hebe hybrid)	Orphan Annie	Annton Nursery Ltd
English Lavender (Lavandula angustifolia)	Coconut Ice	Lavenite Enterprises
English Lavender (Lavandula angustifolia)	Lavenite Petite	Lavenite Enterprises
Lily (Lilium hybrid)	Fenice	Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.
Lily (Lilium hybrid)	Argentina	Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.
Lily <i>(Lilium</i>		Vletter & Den Haan

		1
Lily (Lilium hybrid)	LIDO	Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.
Lily (Lilium hybrid)	Giacondo	Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.
Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	Warrior	Grasslanz Technology Limited
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)	Alto	New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd
Mango (Mangifera indica)	Dolce	Vasily Seminutin and Nadia Seminutin
Riceflower (Ozothamnus diosmifolius)	Winter White	E.G & E.R. Cook
Kikuyu grass (Pennisetum clandestinum)	RK19	Future Turf Pty Ltd
Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)	Sumpaca	Agriculture Canada
Peach (Prunus persica)	Klondike White	Zaiger's Inc. Genetics
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Kordaelf	W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Korbreano	W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Korcoptru	W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q227	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q226	BSES Limited

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q229	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q230	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q231	BSES Limited
Christmas Cactus (Schlumbergera truncata)	Blazing Fantasy	Tillington House Pty Limited
Christmas Cactus (Schlumbergera truncata)	Strawberryfantasy	Tillington House Pty Limited
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Ultra	AARDAPPELKWEEK en SELECTIEBEDRIJF IJSSELMEERPOLDERS BV
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Crop 19	New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Harborough Harvest	Scottish Crop Research Institute
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Crop 32	New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	SUMMER DELIGHT	New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited
Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	Crop 13	New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	EGA Eagle Rock	State of Western Australia represented by the Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and Development Corporation

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Bullaring	State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Tammarin Rock	State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	EGA Jitarning	State of Western Australia represented by the Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	EGA Castle Rock	State of Western Australia represented by the Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	EGA Blanco	State of Western Australia represented by the Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	QAL3362	Value Added Wheat CRC Limited
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C99-42	CostaExchange Ltd

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	S210	Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	Southern Belle	Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	Emerald	Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	OB1	Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C97-390	CostaExchange Ltd

1 to 58 of 58

Date of effect: 05-Nov-2007



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Christmas Cactus (Schlumbergera truncata)

Variety: 'Blazing Fantasy'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2003/055</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

13-Mar-2003

Accepted:

28-Apr-2003

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Tillington House Pty Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266523020 Fax: 0266526711



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Christmas Cactus (Schlumbergera truncata)

Variety: 'Strawberryfantasy'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2004/088</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted: 10-Mar-2004 13-Apr-2004

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

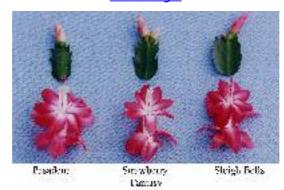
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Tillington House Pty Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266549255 Fax: 0266549266



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Sicot 43RRF'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/024</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

18-Jan-2007

Accepted:

09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195

Fax: 0262465062



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Sicot 43BRF'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/023</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Jan-2007

Accepted: 09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195 Fax: 0262465062



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Sicala 60BRF'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/022</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

18-Jan-2007

Accepted:

09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

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Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** 

Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195

Fax: 0262465062



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Sicot 80BRF'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/025</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Jan-2007

Accepted: 09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195 Fax: 0262465062



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Sicot 80RRF'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/026</sub>

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

Received: 18-Jan-2007

Accepted: 09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195 Fax: 0262465062



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Sicot 81'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/027</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

18-Jan-2007

Accepted:

09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195

Fax: 0262465062



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)

Variety: 'Siokra 24B'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/028</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 18-Jan-2007 Accepted: 09-Feb-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195 Fax: 0262465062



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# English Lavender (Lavandula angustifolia)

'Coconut Ice' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2000/165</sub>

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

05-Jun-2000

Accepted:

27-Nov-2000

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

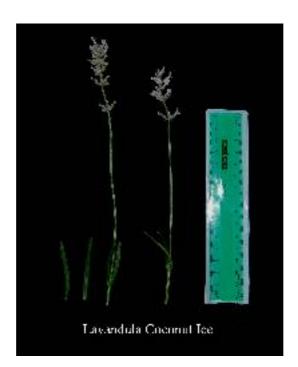
Title Holder: Lavenite Enterprises

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822

View the detailed description of this

variety.



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# English Lavender (Lavandula angustifolia)

'Lavenite Petite' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application 2000/166

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 05-Jun-2000

Accepted: 27-Nov-2000

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

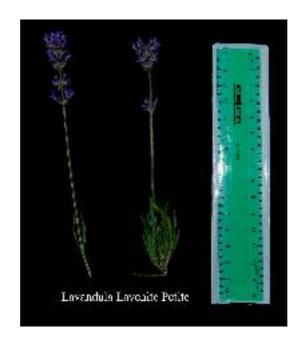
Title Holder: Lavenite Enterprises

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822

View the detailed description of this

variety.





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Hebe (Hebe hybrid)

'Turkish Delight' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/009</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

02-Jan-2007

Accepted:

25-Jan-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** 'published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Growing Spectrum Ltd

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Hebe (Hebe hybrid)

'Annie's Winter Wonder' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/008</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

02-Jan-2007

Accepted:

25-Jan-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Annton Nursery Ltd

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822





## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Hebe (Hebe hybrid)

Variety: 'Orphan Annie'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2000/097</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

15-Mar-2000

Accepted:

22-Mar-2000

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** 

Journal:

Title Holder: Annton Nursery Ltd

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Hybrid Green Couch Grass (Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis)

Variety: 'P18' Synonym: N/A

Application 2007/179

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 16-Jul-2007

13-Aug-2007 Accepted:

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

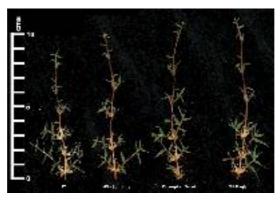
**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: RNB, LLC

Agent: **Evergreen Turf** 

Telephone: 0359452100

Fax: 0359411473



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)

Variety: 'Warrior'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2003/110</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

27-May-2003 Received:

Accepted: 15-Jul-2003

N/A **Granted:** 

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Grasslanz Technology Limited

Agent: **Griffith Hack Telephone**: 0732217200 Fax: 0732211245

View the detailed description of this

variety.

## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Kikuyu grass (Pennisetum clandestinum)

Variety: 'RK19'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/130</sub>

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

14-May-2007

Received: Accepted:

17-Jun-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

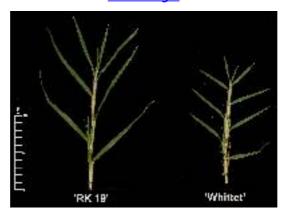
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Future Turf Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0894432785 Fax: 0894431779



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Lily (Lilium hybrid)

Variety: 'Fenice'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/360</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 22-Dec-2006

Accepted: 27-Jun-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

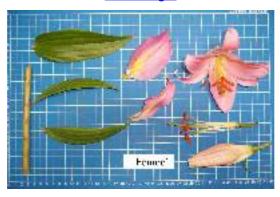
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys

**Telephone**: 0398191664 Fax: 0398196010



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Lily (Lilium hybrid)

Variety: 'Argentina'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/364

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

22-Dec-2006

Accepted:

27-Jun-2007

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

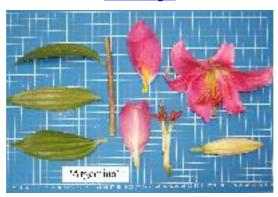
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys

**Telephone**: 0398191664 Fax: 0398196010



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Lily (Lilium hybrid)

Variety: 'Belladonna'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/362

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 22-Dec-2006 Accepted: 27-Jun-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys

**Telephone**: 0398191664 Fax: 0398196010



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Lily (Lilium hybrid)

Variety: 'LIDO' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/154</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 05-Jun-2007

Accepted: 19-Jul-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys

**Telephone**: 0398191664 Fax: 0398196010



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Lily (Lilium hybrid)

Variety: 'Giacondo'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/361 no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 22-Dec-2006 Accepted: 27-Jun-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.

Agent: Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys

**Telephone**: 0398191664 Fax: 0398196010



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Mandarin (Citrus hybrid)

Variety: 'Bella' Synonym: N/A

Application 2003/251

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

08-Sep-2003

Accepted:

09-Dec-2003

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

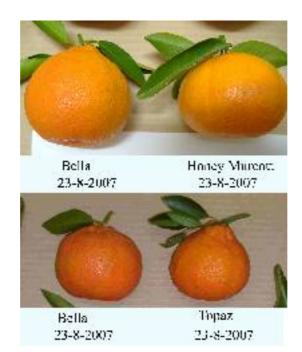
Title Holder: K.E. Walker

Agent: N/A

**Telephone:** 0350240205 Fax: 0350240258

View the detailed description of this

variety.



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Mango (Mangifera indica)

Variety: 'Dolce' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2003/060</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 24-Mar-2003 Accepted: 28-Mar-2003

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

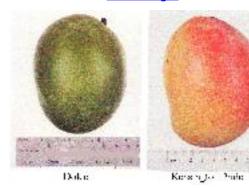
in Plant Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Vasily Seminutin and Nadia Seminutin

Agent: N/A

Telephone: (07) 4973 6626 Fax: (07) 4973 6626



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)

'Tequila Sunrise' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/211</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 31-Jul-2006

Accepted: 10-Aug-2006

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Annton Nursery Ltd

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822





## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Mirror Plant (Coprosma repens)

'Goldenglow' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/006</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 02-Jan-2007 Accepted: 25-Jan-2007

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Growing Spectrum Ltd

Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0356292443 Fax: 0356292822





## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Peach (Prunus persica)

'Klondike White' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2002/161</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Jun-2002

Accepted: 16-Apr-2003

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

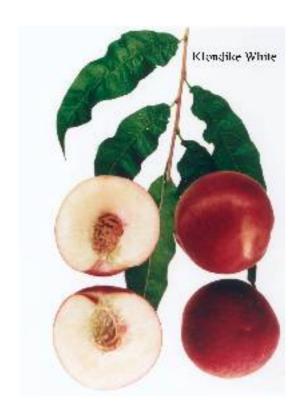
Title Holder: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics

Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397566105 Fax: 0397520005

View the detailed description of this

variety.



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)

Variety: 'Alto' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2007/039</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 24-Jan-2007 Accepted: 05-Mar-2007

N/A **Granted:** 

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd

Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260265288 Fax: 0260265268

View the detailed description of this

variety.

## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Ultra' Synonym: N/A

Application 2003/361

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

18-Dec-2003

Accepted:

25-Feb-2004

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** 

Journal:

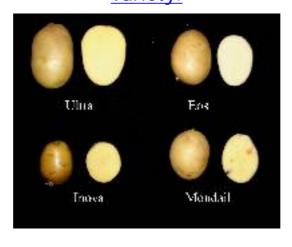
Title Holder: AARDAPPELKWEEK en SELECTIEBEDRIJF

IJSSELMEERPOLDERS BV

Agent: **Elders Limited** 

Telephone: 0884254177

Fax: 0882121193



## Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

# Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

'Crop 19' Variety:

Synonym: Bondi

Application <sub>2006/095</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

28-Apr-2006 Received:

Accepted: 16-Jun-2006

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260203221 Fax: 0260413939



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Harborough Harvest'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/194

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Jul-2006

Accepted: 19-Sep-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

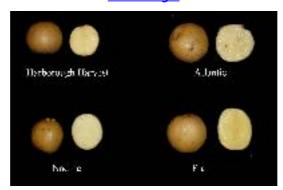
in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Scottish Crop Research Institute

Agent: **Elders Limited** Telephone: 0884254177 Fax: 0882121193



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Crop 32'

Synonym: Purple Delight

Application <sub>2006/250</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 30-Aug-2006

26-Oct-2006 Accepted:

N/A **Granted:** 

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

. Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260203221 Fax: 0260413939



#### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

'SUMMER DELIGHT' Variety:

Synonym: Crop 17

Application <sub>2006/249</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

30-Aug-2006

Accepted:

26-Oct-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

. Varieties

Journal:

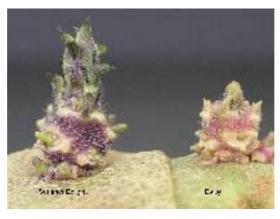
Title Holder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260203221

Fax: 0260413939





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Potato (Solanum tuberosum)

Variety: 'Crop 13'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2000/032</sub> no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 03-Feb-2000

Accepted: 22-Mar-2000

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

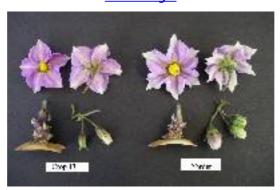
**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260203221 Fax: 0260413939





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Riceflower (Ozothamnus diosmifolius)

Variety: 'Winter White'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/215</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

Received:

31-Jul-2006

Accepted:

13-Sep-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

N/A

**Description** published

·in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: E.G & E.R. Cook

Esther Cook Agent: **Telephone**: 0746975130

Fax: 0746975291



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Kordaelf'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/097</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

08-May-2006

Accepted:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** .Journal:

Title Holder: W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG

Agent: Treloar Roses Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0355292367 Fax: 0355292511

View the detailed description of this





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Korbreano'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/096

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

08-May-2006

Accepted:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG

Agent: Treloar Roses Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0355292367 Fax: 0355292511

View the detailed description of this





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Korcoptru'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/098</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

08-May-2006 Received:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

Accepted:

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG

Agent: Treloar Roses Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0355292367 Fax: 0355292511

View the detailed description of this



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C99-42'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/082</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Mar-2005

Accepted: 19-May-2005

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: CostaExchange Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 Fax: 0266492994



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'S210' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/199</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

25-Jul-2006

Accepted: 10-Aug-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** 

Journal:

Title Holder: Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266562338

Fax: N/A



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'Southern Belle'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/078</sub>

no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

18-Mar-2005

Received: Accepted:

19-May-2005

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

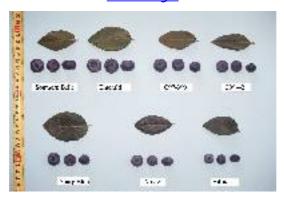
in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc

Agent: BerryExchange Telephone: 0266492921 Fax: 0266492994



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'Emerald'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/079</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

18-Mar-2005

Accepted:

19-May-2005

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

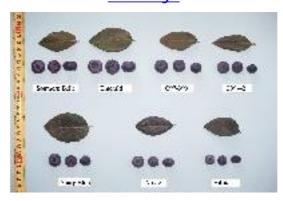
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc

Agent: BerryExchange Telephone: 0266492921

Fax: 0266492994



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'OB1' Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/200</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

25-Jul-2006

Accepted: 10-Aug-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** 

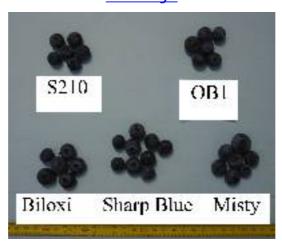
Journal:

Title Holder: Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266562338

Fax: N/A



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C97-390'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/080</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Mar-2005

Accepted: 19-May-2005

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

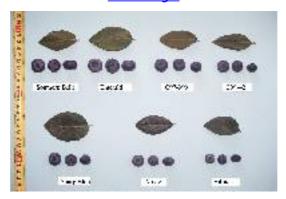
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: CostaExchange Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 Fax: 0266492994



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q227' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/185

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

13-Jul-2006

Accepted:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

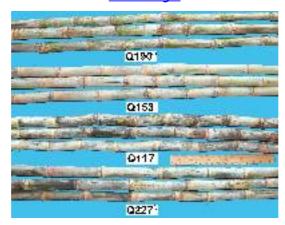
Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

**Telephone:** 0733313333 Fax: 0738710383



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q226' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/184

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 13-Jul-2006 Accepted: 21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant Volume 20, Issue 3

'Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 Fax: 0738710383



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q229' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/186

no:

**Current** 

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

13-Jul-2006

Accepted:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

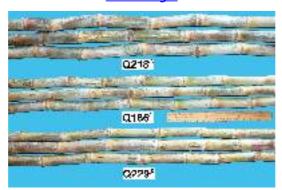
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 Fax: 0738710383



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

## Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q230' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/187

no:

**Current** 

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

13-Jul-2006

Accepted:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 Fax: 0738710383



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q231' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/188

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no: Received:

13-Jul-2006

Accepted:

21-Jul-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

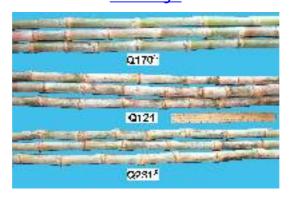
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 Fax: 0738710383





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Sweet Cherry (Prunus avium)

'Sumpaca' Variety:

Synonym: Celeste

Application <sub>1994/046</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

01-Jul-1993

Accepted:

03-Mar-1994

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Agriculture Canada

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd

**Telephone**: 0397566105 Fax: 0397520005

View the detailed description of this





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Twinspur (Diascia barbarae)

Variety: 'Pender'

Synonym: Little Dreamer

Application <sub>2006/029</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

21-Feb-2006

Accepted:

24-Mar-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

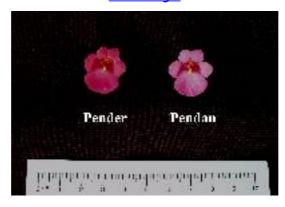
Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Sydney James Jones & David Jones

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397221444 Fax: 0397221018





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

'EGA Eagle Rock' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2004/197</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 23-Jun-2004 Accepted: 10-Sep-2004

N/A **Granted:** 

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: State of Western Australia represented by the

Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and

**Development Corporation** 

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683354 Fax: 0893683946



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Bullaring'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/346</sub>

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

Received: 08-Dec-2005 05-Oct-2006 Accepted:

N/A **Granted:** 

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

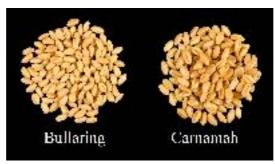
**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: State of Western Australia through its

Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains Research and Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683347 Fax: 0893683946





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Tammarin Rock'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2005/016</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

31-Jan-2005

Accepted: 11-Feb-2005

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: State of Western Australia through its

Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains

Research and Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683347 Fax:

0893683946





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'EGA Jitarning'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2003/254</sub>

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

09-Aug-2003

Received: Accepted:

21-May-2004

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: State of Western Australia represented by the

Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and

**Development Corporation** 

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683354 Fax: 0893683946





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

'EGA Castle Rock' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2003/253</sub>

no:

Current status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 09-Aug-2003 21-May-2004 Accepted:

**Granted:** N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: State of Western Australia represented by the

Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and

**Development Corporation** 

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683354 Fax: 0893683946





### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'EGA Blanco'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2003/252</sub> no:

Current

status:

**ACCEPTED** 

Certificate

N/A

no:

09-Aug-2003

Received: Accepted:

21-May-2004

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: State of Western Australia represented by the

Chief Executive Officer, Grains Research and

**Development Corporation** 

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0893683354 Fax: 0893683946



### Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

### Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'QAL3362'

Synonym: N/A

Application <sub>2006/292</sub>

no:

no:

Current

**ACCEPTED** 

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received:

08-Nov-2006

Accepted:

15-Dec-2006

**Granted:** 

N/A

**Description** published

in Plant

Volume 20, Issue 3

**Varieties** Journal:

Title Holder: Value Added Wheat CRC Limited

Agent: N/A

**Telephone**: 0294908488 Fax: 0294908503

View the detailed description of this



#### **Details of Application**

**Application Number** 2003/055

Variety Name 'Blazing Fantasy'
Genus Species Schlumbergera truncata

**Common Name** Christmas Cactus

**Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 28 Apr 2003

**Applicant** Tillington House Pty Limited, Coffs Harbour, NSW

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Tony Brindley

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Loaders Lane, Coffs Harbour NSW 2450 **Descriptor** Christmas Cactus (*Schlumbergera*) TG/101/3

**Period** September 2003 to June 2004

**Conditions** Plants raised in peat/bark fine mixture in 75mm pots under

fibreglass and watered as required, nutrition maintained with slow release fertiliser and regular liquid fertiliser applications during growing period. Pest and disease treatments applied as

required.

**Trial Design** 20 un-replicated plants grown in a commercial greenhouse. **Measurements** Taken from 10 random specimens selected at random from 20

plants.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1991

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: 'Blazing Fantasy' was identified as a phylloclade mutation of one branch of a 'Santa Cruz' plant in a bed of thousands of stock plants around 1997. The foliage was thinner and flower smaller although the same colour. Phylloclades were longer and wider and faster growing than the 'Santa Cruz' stock plants. The mutated phylloclades were removed and propagated and any reversions removed. After the 4th generation the plants were 99% free of reversions. The selected phylloclades have been grown through 7 generations in Australia. Selection criteria: flower shape, growth habit. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Graeme Brindley Morgans Road sandy Beach NSW 2456.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	orange-red
Phylloclade	type of incision of margin	serrate
Phylloclade	undulation of margin	weak
Corolla lobe	middle zone	present
Corolla lobe	colour of middle zone	red
Corolla lobe	border between zones	diffuse
Corolla lobe	shape of mouth	elliptic
Stigma	colour	purple
Stamen	colour of filament	white

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments				
'Santa Cruz'	Large red/orange				
'Sunburst'	Small red/orange		1.1 4 6		
<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Blazing Fantasy'	'Santa Cruz'	'Sunburst'		
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	upright	semi-upright		
*Plant: number of phylloclades of 3rd order	few	very few to few	few		
*Phylloclade: length	medium to long	medium	short		
*Phylloclade: maximum width	medium to broad	medium	narrow to medium		
Phylloclade: colour	medium green	dark green	light green to medium green		
*Phylloclade: type of incision of margin	serrate	serrate	serrate		
*Phylloclade: depth of incisions of margin	medium to deep	deep	shallow to medium		
Phylloclade: curvature in cross section	weak to medium	weak	weak		
☐ Phylloclade: undulation of margin	weak	weak	weak		
*Bud: colour of tip of 1.0 cm long bud	purple	red	purple		
Bud: intensity of colour of top of 1.0 cm long bud	medium	medium	dark to very dark		
*Bud: shape of tip of 1.5 cm long bud	acute	obtuse	acute		
*Flower: width	broad	broad to very broad	medium		
*Flower: length	long	long	short		
Flower: limb	reflexed	flat	reflexed		
*Corolla lobe: width	medium	broad	narrow		
*Corolla lobe: size of macule in relation to size of lobe	large	large	small to medium		
*Corolla lobe: colour of macule (RHS colour chart)	42B bleeding to 38C	43A	44A		
*Corolla lobe: middle zone	present	present	present		
*Corolla lobe: colour of middle zone	red	red	red		
Corolla lobe: border between zone	s diffuse	diffuse	diffuse		
*Corolla lobe: size of marginal zone	medium	large	medium		
*Corolla lobe: colour of marginal	43B	43A	44A		

Corolla tube: shape of mouth	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Corolla tube: coloured ring at the mouth	present	absent	present
Corolla tube: width of coloured ring at the mouth	narrow	medium	narrow
Stamen: length beyond the mouth	long	short	long
Stamen: colour of filament	white	white	white
☐ Pistil: length beyond the mouth	medium	medium to long	short to medium
Stigma: colour	purple	purple	purple
Ovary: colour	green	green	reddish green
Time of: beginning of flowering	very early to early	early	early
Duration of: flowering	medium to long	medium	medium

### **Statistical Table**

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Blazing Fantasy'	'Santa Cruz'	'Sunburst'	
Flower: width (mm)				
Mean	66.0	75.10	58.6	
Std. Deviation	0.35	0.23	0.31	
LSD/sig	0.37	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Flower: length (mm)				
Mean	69.0	72.4	65.7	
Std. Deviation	0.24	0.27	0.22	
LSD/sig	0.30	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Corolla lobe: width (cm)				
Mean	1.35	1.67	1.06	
Std. Deviation	0.05	0.19	0.15	
LSD/sig	0.10	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Corolla lobe : length (cm)				
Mean	3.14	3.36	2.88	
Std. Deviation	0.24	0.13	0.12	
LSD/sig	0.24	ns	P≤0.01	
Corolla lobe: width of throat	t (cm)			
Mean	0.66	0.83	0.73	
Std. Deviation	0.05	0.05	0.08	
LSD/sig	0.07	P≤0.01	ns	
Pistil: length beyond mouth	Pistil: length beyond mouth (mm)			
Mean	3.09	3.33	2.99	
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.13	0.11	
LSD/sig	0.17	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Phylloclade: length (mm)				
Mean	49.6	49.9	41.8	
Std. Deviation	0.57	0.42	0.31	
LSD/sig	0.55	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

Phylloclade: width (mm)			
Mean	33.5	33.5	31.1
Std. Deviation	0.28	0.32	0.15
LSD/sig	0.32	ns	P≤0.01
Flower: length ovary to ti	p of flower (mm)		
Mean	75.50	75.4	67.5
Std. Deviation	0.38	0.25	0.33
LSD/sig	0.40	ns	P≤0.01

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> No prior applications. First sold in Australia in Aug 2002.

Description: Tony Brindley, Coffs Harbour, NSW.

**Application Number** 2004/088

Variety Name 'Strawberryfantasy'
Genus Species Schlumbergera truncata

**Common Name** Christmas Cactus

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Apr 2004

**Applicant** Tillington House Pty Limited, Coffs Harbour, NSW

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Tony Brindley

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Morgans Rd, Sandy Beach NSW 2456. **Descriptor** Christmas Cactus (*Schlumbergera*) TG/101/3

**Period** Sep to Jun 2005.

**Conditions** Plants grown under white poly cover with shadecloth sides

for ventilation. Cuttings; planted in free draining potting mix in 75mm containers spaced. Watering: automatic irrigation, hand watering as required. Fertiliser: 180 day slow release fertiliser applied as top dress to container. Liquid fertiliser applied in growing season. Pest Management: commercial

insecticides and fungicides applied as required.

**Trial Design** 20 un-replicated plants grown in a commercial greenhouse. **Measurements** Taken from 10 random specimens selected at random from 20

plants.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1991

### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: 'Strawberry Fantasy' was identified as a phylloclade mutation of one branch of plant of 'Pasadena' in a bed of thousands of stock plant around 1998-99. The phylloclade was larger and stood above the other 'Pasadena' plants. At flowering a narrower petalled flower was identified different to 'Pasadena' although similar in colour. The mutant phylloclade was removed and propagated. No reversion to the original type was recorded. The mutant plants have been grown through several generations in Australia. Selection criteria: petal shape, phylloclade size. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Graeme Brindley Morgans Road sandy Beach NSW 2456.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	deep red
Bud	colour of tip	pink
Phylloclade	type of incision of margin	serrate
Phylloclade	undulation of margin	weak
Corolla tube	coloured ring at the mouth	present
Corolla lobe	border between zones	diffuse
Stamen	length beyond the mouth	long
Stigma	colour	purple
Flowering	duration	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Sleigh Bells'	Broader petals.
'Pasadena'	Broad red flower.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Strawberryfantasy'	'Pasadena'	'Sleigh Bells'
☐ Plant: growth habit	upright to semi- upright	upright	upright to semi- upright
*Plant: number of phylloclades of 3rd order	few	very few to few	few to medium
*Phylloclade: length	medium	medium	medium to long
*Phylloclade: maximum width	narrow to medium	narrow	broad to very broad
Phylloclade: colour	light green to medium green	light green	medium green to dark green
*Phylloclade: type of incision of margin	<sup>1</sup> serrate	serrate	serrate
*Phylloclade: depth of incisions of margin	medium to deep	medium	very shallow to shallow
Phylloclade: curvature in cross section	weak to medium	weak	weak
Phylloclade: undulation of margin	weak	weak	weak
*Bud: colour of tip of 1.0 cm long bud	pink	pink	pink
Bud: intensity of colour of top of 1.0 cm long bud	light to medium	light to medium	medium
*Bud: shape of tip of 1.5 cm long bud	acute	acute	acute
*Flower: width	medium to broad	broad	medium to broad
*Flower: length	long	medium to long	long
Flower: limb	reflexed	flat	reflexed
*Corolla lobe: width	narrow to medium	broad	medium
*Corolla lobe: size of macule in relation to size of lobe	large	medium	medium
*Corolla lobe: colour of macule (RHS colour chart)	46C	46C	47C
*Corolla lobe: middle zone	present	present	present
*Corolla lobe: colour of middle zone	pink	yellow	pink
Corolla lobe: border between	diffuse	diffuse	diffuse

	es

*Corolla lobe: size of marginal zone	small to medium	large	large
*Corolla lobe: colour of marginal zone (RHS colour chart)	46C	46C	57A
Corolla tube: shape of mouth	n elliptic	broad elliptic	elliptic
Corolla tube: coloured ring a the mouth		present	present
Corolla tube: width of coloured ring at the mouth	medium	broad	medium
Stamen: length beyond the mouth	long	long	long
☐ Stamen: colour of filament	white	white	pink
Pistil: length beyond the mouth	long	long to very long	long
☐ Stigma: colour	purple	purple	purple
Ovary: colour	reddish green	green	green
Time of: beginning of flowering	early to medium	medium to late	medium
☐ Duration of: flowering  Statistical Table	medium	medium	medium
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Strawberryfantasy</b>	' 'Pasadena'	'Sleigh Bells'
	<b>'Strawberryfantasy</b>	' 'Pasadena'	'Sleigh Bells'
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean	7.30	6.98	6.87
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation	7.30 0.32	6.98 0.23	6.87 0.39
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	7.30	6.98	6.87
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)	7.30 0.32 0.24	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Corolla lobe: width (cm)	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  ✓ Corolla lobe: width (cm)	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  LSD/sig	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18 0.10	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns 2.01 0.20 P≤0.01	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01 1.56 0.14 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: length (cm)  Mean	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18 0.10	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns 2.01 0.20 P≤0.01 3.25	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01 1.56 0.14 P≤0.01 3.13
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: length (cm)	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18 0.10 3.37 0.23 0.04	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns 2.01 0.20 P≤0.01 3.25 0.17	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01 1.56 0.14 P≤0.01 3.13 0.34
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe : length (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig  Corolla lobe : length (cm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18 0.10 3.37 0.23 0.04	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns 2.01 0.20 P≤0.01 3.25 0.17	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01 1.56 0.14 P≤0.01 3.13 0.34
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flower: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe : length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Corolla lobe : length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Corolla lobe: width of throat	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18 0.10 3.37 0.23 0.04 (cm) 0.75 0.12	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns 2.01 0.20 P≤0.01 3.25 0.17 P≤0.01 0.99 0.10	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01 1.56 0.14 P≤0.01 3.13 0.34 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Flower: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Flower: length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe : length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe : length (cm)  Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Corolla lobe: width of throat  Mean	7.30 0.32 0.24 8.11 0.40 0.24 1.57 0.18 0.10 3.37 0.23 0.04 (cm) 0.75	6.98 0.23 P≤0.01 8.02 0.33 ns 2.01 0.20 P≤0.01 3.25 0.17 P≤0.01 0.99	6.87 0.39 P≤0.01 7.97 0.19 P≤0.01 1.56 0.14 P≤0.01 3.13 0.34 P≤0.01 0.87

Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	4.10 0.24 0.03	4.25 0.28 P≤0.01	3.29 0.20 P≤0.01
Phylloclade: length (cm)			
Mean	4.98	4.52	5.07
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.50	0.57
LSD/sig	0.04	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Phylloclade: width (cm)			
Mean	3.45	3.09	3.52
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.21	0.23
LSD/sig	0.09	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flower: length ovary to tip of	f flower (cm)		
Mean	8.11	7.78	8.16
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.42	0.51
LSD/sig	0.02	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: Tony Brindley, Coffs Harbour, NSW.

Application Number 2007/024
Variety Name 'Sicot 43RRF'
Genus Species Gossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Descriptor** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6.

**Period** Summer 2006/07.

**Conditions** Field grown irrigated trial with conventional management. **Trial Design** 24 entry trial in a row and column design with six replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

**Measurements** Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Yield components and fibre quality measurements taken on a hand harvested sample of three consecutive plants. Fibre quality was measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900

instrument.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Sicot 43B' x pollen parent line '61601F1' in a planned breeding program at the Australian Cotton Research Institute (ACRI), Narrabri NSW. The seed parent 'Sicot 43B' is distinguished from 'Sicot 43RRF' by its lack of CP4 protein expression (Roundup Ready Flex gene). The pollen parent line 61601F1 is distinguished from 'Sicot 43RRF' by its segregation for CP4 protein expression. Single plant selection followed by progeny row and multiple environment trials were carried out. Selection criteria: Absence of Cry1Ac and Cry2Ab genes, presence of Roundup Ready Flex gene, plant habit, resistance to bacterial blight, *verticillium* and *fusarium* wilt, leaf hair, lint %, fibre quality and yield. Breeders: Mr Peter Reid, Dr Greg Constable and Dr Warwick Stiller CSIRO, Narrabri NSW.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, milety of commission range, 11		
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape	palmate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	height	medium
Plant	CP4 protein expression	present
Disease resistance	bacterial blight	resistant
Boll	time of opening	medium

# Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Sicot 43RR'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one of more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 43RRF'	'Sicot 43RR'	
*Flower: colour of petal	cream	cream	
Flower: intensity of spot on petal	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
*Flower: colour of pollen	cream	cream	
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above	
*Plant: type of flowering	non-clustered	non-clustered	
Fruiting branch: average internode length	medium	medium to long	
Plant: number of nodes to the lowest fruiting branch	medium	medium	
*Leaf: shape	palmate	palmate	
*Leaf: pubescence	weak	weak	
*Leaf: nectaries	present	present	
*Boll: shape in longitudinal section	ovate	ovate	
Boll: pitting of surface	fine	fine	
*Boll: length of peduncle	medium	medium	
*Plant: shape	conical	conical	
*Plant: height	medium	medium	
*Boll: time of opening	medium	medium	
*Seed: presence of fuzz	present	present	
*Fibre: length	medium to long	medium to long	
Fibre: strength	strong	strong	
Fibre: fineness	medium	medium	
Fibre: colour	white	white	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 43RRF'	'Sicot 43RR'	
Plant: CP4 protein expression	present	present	
Disease resistance: bacterial blight	resistant	resistant	
Pollen: sterility after glyphosate application	absent	present	
Boll: development after glyphosate application	present	absent	
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 43RRF'	'Sicot 43RR'	
Plant: height (cm) Mean	77.63	83.32	

Std. Deviation LSD/sig	4.44 6.63	6.64 ns
Plant: nodes to first fruiting branch	0.02	115
Mean	7.08	7.72
Std. Deviation	0.29	1.20
LSD/sig	0.90	ns
Plant: distance to first fruiting branch (cm)		
Mean	14.18	19.18
Std. Deviation	1.22	1.35
LSD/sig	2.53	P≤0.01
Fruiting branch: first internode length (mm)	2.00	1 =0.01
Mean	89.40	118.97
Std. Deviation	9.79	10.67
LSD/sig	13.39	P≤0.01
Peduncle: length (mm)	13.37	1 =0.01
Mean	21.42	19.85
Std. Deviation	2.47	2.41
LSD/sig	2.91	ns
6	2.71	113
Stigma: distance above stamens (mm) Mean	5.46	3.90
Std. Deviation	0.85	3.90 0.96
LSD/sig	1.28	0.90 P≤0.01
_	1.20	F≥0.01
Boll: lint proportion (%)	10.67	42.02
Mean	42.67	43.02
Std. Deviation	1.27	2.21
LSD/sig	1.78	ns
Boll: seed index		44.00
Mean	11.76	11.33
Std. Deviation	0.64	0.80
LSD/sig	0.65	ns
Boll: lint index	o ===	0
Mean	8.75	8.55
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.52
LSD/sig	0.61	ns
Boll: weight (g)		
Mean	5.84	5.59
Std. Deviation	0.82	0.44
LSD/sig	0.68	ns
Fibre: length (mm)		
Mean	30.54	30.48
Std. Deviation	0.88	1.28
LSD/sig	0.95	ns
Fibre: length uniformity (%)		
Mean	85.19	85.12
Std. Deviation	0.86	1.54
LSD/sig	1.17	ns

Fibre: strength (g/tex)		
Mean	32.88	32.75
Std. Deviation	1.24	1.04
LSD/sig	1.43	ns
Fibre: extension (%)		
Mean	4.78	5.92
Std. Deviation	1.01	0.56
LSD/sig	0.97	P≤0.01
Fibre: micronaire		
Mean	4.70	4.90
Std. Deviation	0.31	0.30
LSD/sig	0.35	ns

Application Number2007/023Variety Name'Sicot 43BRF'Genus SpeciesGossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Descriptor** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6.

**Period** Summer 2006/07.

**Conditions** Field grown irrigated trial with conventional management. **Trial Design** 24 entry trial in a row and column design with six replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

**Measurements** Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Yield components and fibre quality measurements taken on a hand harvested sample of three consecutive plants. Fibre quality was measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900

instrument.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Sicot 43B' x pollen parent line 61601F1 in a planned breeding program at the Australian Cotton Research Institute (ACRI), Narrabri NSW. The seed parent 'Sicot 43B' is distinguished from 'Sicot 43BRF' by its lack of CP4 protein expression (Roundup Ready Flex gene). The pollen parent line 61601F1 is distinguished from 'Sicot 43BRF' by its segregation for CP4 protein expression. Single plant selection followed by progeny row and multiple environment trials were carried out. Selection criteria: Cry1Ac, Cry2Ab and Roundup Ready Flex genes, plant habit, resistance to bacterial blight, verticillium and fusarium wilt, leaf hair, lint %, fibre quality and yield. Breeders: Mr Peter Reid, Dr Greg Constable and Dr Warwick Stiller CSIRO, Narrabri, NSW.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common	11110 Wiedge	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape	palmate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	height	medium
Plant	Cry1Ac protein expression	present
Plant	Cry2Ab protein expression	present
Plant	CP4 protein expression	present
Boll	time of opening	early to medium
Disease resistance	bacterial blight	resistant

# Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Sicot 43BR'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics wh	ich distinguish the	candidate from one
more of the comparators are marked with a tick. Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 43BRF'	'Sicot 43BR'
*Flower: colour of petal	cream	cream
Flower: intensity of spot on petal	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flower: colour of pollen	cream	cream
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above
*Plant: type of flowering	non-clustered	non-clustered
Fruiting branch: average internode length	medium	medium
Plant: number of nodes to the lowest fruiting branch	medium	medium
*Leaf: shape	palmate	palmate
*Leaf: pubescence	weak	weak
*Leaf: nectaries	present	present
*Boll: shape in longitudinal section	ovate	ovate
Boll: pitting of surface	fine	fine
*Boll: length of peduncle	short to medium	medium
*Plant: shape	conical	conical
*Plant: height	medium	medium
*Boll: time of opening	early to medium	early to medium
*Seed: presence of fuzz	present	present
*Fibre: length	medium to long	medium to long
Fibre: strength	strong	strong
Fibre: fineness	medium	medium
Fibre: colour	white	white
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	(GI + 12PPF)	(GL + 12PP)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 43BRF'	'Sicot 43BR'
Plant: Cry1Ac protein expression	present	present
Plant: Cry2Ab protein expression	present	present
Plant: CP4 protein expression	present	present
Disease resistance: bacterial blight	resistant	resistant
Pollen: sterility after glyphosate application	absent	present
Boll: development after glyphosate application	present	absent
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 43BRF'	'Sicot 43BR'
Plant: height (cm)	DICOL TODICE	Sicul ASDIC

Mean	72.28	78.43
Std. Deviation	4.44	4.74
LSD/sig	6.63	ns
Plant: nodes to first fruiting branch		
Mean	7.05	6.70
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.67
LSD/sig	0.9	ns
Plant: distance to first fruiting branch (cm)		
Mean	14.64	13.00
Std. Deviation	1.21	2.49
LSD/sig	2.53	ns
Fruiting branch: first internode length (mm)		
Mean	95.88	96.48
Std. Deviation	9.79	6.98
LSD/sig	13.39	ns
Peduncle: length (mm)		
Mean	19.52	17.48
Std. Deviation	2.47	1.89
LSD/sig	2.91	ns
Stigma: distance above stamens (mm)		
Mean	4.86	5.23
Std. Deviation	0.85	1.75
LSD/sig	1.28	ns
Boll: lint proportion (%)		
Mean	41.31	41.77
Std. Deviation	1.27	2.01
LSD/sig	1.78	ns
Boll: seed index		
Mean	10.94	11.56
Std. Deviation	0.64	0.66
LSD/sig	0.65	ns
Boll: lint index		
Mean	7.70	8.28
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.24
LSD/sig	0.61	ns
Boll: weight (g)		
Mean	5.54	5.75
Std. Deviation	0.82	0.86
LSD/sig	0.68	ns
Fibre: length (mm)	20.72	20.25
Mean	30.73	30.35
Std. Deviation	0.68	0.53
LSD/sig	0.95	ns
Fibre: length uniformity (%)	05.05	04.33
Mean Std. Designation	85.25	84.32
Std. Deviation	1.34	0.38
LSD/sig	1.17	ns

Fibre: strength (g/tex)		
Mean	32.75	32.80
Std. Deviation	1.36	1.51
LSD/sig	1.43	ns
Fibre: extension (%)		
Mean	4.37	5.35
Std. Deviation	1.22	0.90
LSD/sig	0.97	ns
Fibre: micronaire		
Mean	4.74	4.62
Std. Deviation	0.27	0.38
LSD/sig	0.35	ns

**Application Number** 2007/022 **Variety Name** 'Sicala 60BRF' **Genus Species** Gossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Descriptor** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6.

**Period** 2006/07 summer.

**Conditions** Field grown irrigated trial with conventional management. **Trial Design** 24 entry trial in a row and column design with six replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

**Measurements** Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Yield components and fibre quality measurements taken on a hand harvested sample of three consecutive plants. Fibre quality was measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900

instrument.

RHS Chart - edition Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent line 20466 x pollen parent line 61601F1 in a planned breeding program at the Australian Cotton Research Institute (ACRI), Narrabri NSW. The seed parent line 20466 is distinguished from 'Sicala 60BRF' by its lack of CP4 protein expression (Roundup Ready Flex gene). The pollen parent line 61601F1 is distinguished from 'Sicala 60BRF' by its segregation for CP4 protein expression. Single plant selection followed by progeny row and multiple environment trials were carried out. Selection criteria: Cry1Ac, Cry2Ab and Roundup Ready Flex genes, plant habit, resistance to bacterial blight, verticillium and fusarium wilt, leaf hair, lint %, fibre quality and yield. Breeders: Mr Peter Reid, Dr Greg Constable and Dr Warwick Stiller CSIRO, Narrabri, NSW.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape	palmate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	height	medium
Plant	Cry1Ac protein expression	present
Plant	Cry2Ab protein expression	present
Plant	CP4 protein expression	present
Boll	time of opening	medium
Disease resistance	bacterial blight	resistant

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Sicala 60BR'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one	e or
more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicala 60BRF'	'Sicala 60BR'
*Flower: colour of petal	cream	cream
Flower: intensity of spot on petal	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flower: colour of pollen	cream	cream
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above
Fruiting branch: length	medium	medium
*Plant: type of flowering	non-clustered	non-clustered
Fruiting branch: average internode length	medium	medium
Plant: number of nodes to the lowest fruiting branch	medium	medium
*Leaf: shape	palmate	palmate
*Leaf: pubescence	weak	weak
*Leaf: nectaries	present	present
*Boll: shape in longitudinal section	ovate	ovate
Boll: pitting of surface	fine	fine
*Boll: length of peduncle	medium	medium
*Plant: shape	conical	conical
*Plant: height	medium	medium
*Boll: time of opening	medium	medium
*Seed: presence of fuzz	present	present
*Fibre: length	medium to long	medium to long
Fibre: strength	strong	strong
Fibre: fineness	medium	medium
Fibre: colour	white	white

### Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sicala 60BRF'	'Sicala 60BR'
	Plant: Cry1Ac protein expression	present	present
	Disease resistance: bacterial blight	resistant	resistant
~	Pollen: sterility after glyphosate application	absent	present
~	Boll: development after glyphosate application	present	absent
	Plant: Cry2Ab protein expression	present	present
	Plant: CP4 protein expression	present	present

**Statistical Table** 

Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicala 60BRF'	'Sicala 60BR'
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean	78.70	76.97
Std. Deviation	3.52	4.50
LSD/sig	6.63	ns
Plant: nodes to first fruiting branch		
Mean	7.38	6.83
Std. Deviation	0.56	0.83
LSD/sig	0.90	ns
_	0.70	113
Fruiting branch: first internode length (mm)	00.22	00.07
Mean Std. Deviction	99.33	99.27
Std. Deviation	5.78	4.86
LSD/sig	13.39	ns
Plant: distance to first fruiting branch (cm)		
Mean	15.11	14.12
Std. Deviation	1.31	1.38
LSD/sig	2.53	ns
Peduncle: length (mm)		
Mean	22.56	20.00
Std. Deviation	3.14	2.37
LSD/sig	2.91	ns
☐ Stigma: distance above stamens (mm)		
Mean	5.91	5.27
Std. Deviation	0.88	1.09
LSD/sig	1.28	ns
Boll: lint proportion (%)		
Mean	41.33	41.85
Std. Deviation	1.41	1.47
LSD/sig	1.78	ns
_	1.70	113
Boil. Seed fildex	11.05	10 10
Mean	11.85	12.18
Std. Deviation	0.37	0.79
LSD/sig	0.65	ns
Boll: lint index		
Mean	8.35	8.78
Std. Deviation	0.46	0.84
LSD/sig	0.61	ns
Boll: weight (g)		
Mean	5.71	6.10
Std. Deviation	0.46	0.87
LSD/sig	0.68	ns
Fibre: length (mm)		
Mean	30.73	30.73
Std. Deviation	1.06	1.10
LSD/sig	0.95	ns
2027016	0.75	110

Fibre: length uniformity (%)		
Mean	85.33	85.00
Std. Deviation	1.31	1.39
LSD/sig	1.17	ns
$\Box$ Fibre: strength (g/tex)		
Mean	32.62	32.10
Std. Deviation	1.37	1.73
LSD/sig	1.43	ns
Fibre: extension (%)		
Mean	4.74	4.27
Std. Deviation	0.51	0.68
LSD/sig	0.97	ns
Fibre: micronaire		
Mean	4.58	4.88
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.29
LSD/sig	0.35	ns

Application Number2007/025Variety Name'Sicot 80BRF'Genus SpeciesGossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Descriptor** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6.

**Period** Summer 2006/07.

**Conditions** Field grown irrigated trial with conventional management. **Trial Design** 24 entry trial in a row and column design with six replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

**Measurements** Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Yield components and fibre quality measurements taken on a hand harvested sample of three consecutive plants. Fibre quality was measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900

instrument.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Sicot 80B' x pollen parent line 61602F1 in a planned breeding program at the Australian Cotton Research Institute (ACRI), Narrabri NSW. The seed parent 'Sicot 80B' is distinguished from 'Sicot 80BRF' by its lack of CP4 protein expression (Roundup Ready Flex gene). The pollen parent line 61602F1 is distinguished from 'Sicot 80BRF' by its segregation for CP4 protein expression. Single plant selection followed by progeny row and multiple environment trials were carried out. Selection criteria: Cry1Ac, Cry2Ab and Roundup Ready Flex genes, plant habit, resistance to bacterial blight, verticillium and fusarium wilt, leaf hair, lint %, fibre quality and yield. Breeders: Dr Greg Constable, Mr Peter Reid and Dr Warwick Stiller CSIRO, Narrabri, NSW.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common.	Miowiedge	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape	palmate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	height	medium to tall
Plant	Cry1Ac protein expression	present
Plant	Cry2Ab protein expression	present
Boll	time of opening	medium to late
Disease resistance	bacterial blight	resistant
Disease resistance	verticillium wilt	resistant

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. **Organ/Plant Part: Context** 'Sicot 80BRF' 'Sicot 289BR' 'Sicot 80B' \*Flower: colour of petal cream cream cream absent or very absent or very absent or very Flower: intensity of spot on petal weak weak weak \*Flower: colour of pollen cream cream cream Flower: position of stigma relative to above above above anthers \*Plant: type of flowering non-clustered non-clustered non-clustered Fruiting branch: average internode medium medium medium length Plant: number of nodes to the lowest medium medium medium fruiting branch \*Leaf: shape palmate palmate palmate \*Leaf: pubescence weak weak weak \*Leaf: nectaries present present present □ \*Boll: shape in longitudinal section ovate ovate ovate Boll: pitting of surface fine fine fine \*Boll: length of peduncle medium medium medium \*Plant: shape conical conical conical □ \*Plant: height medium to tall medium to tall medium to tall □ \*Boll: time of opening medium to late medium to late medium to late □ \*Seed: presence of fuzz present present present \*Fibre: length medium to long medium to long medium to long Fibre: strength strong strong strong medium medium Fibre: fineness medium white white white Fibre: colour Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG **Organ/Plant Part: Context** 'Sicot 80BRF' 'Sicot 289BR' 'Sicot 80B' Plant: Cry1Ac protein expression present present present Plant: Cry2Ab protein expression present present present Plant: CP4 protein expression present present absent resistant Disease resistance: bacterial blight resistant resistant Pollen: sterility after glyphosate absent present

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Sicot 80B'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Sicot 289BR'

application			
Boll: development after glyphosate	present	absent	
application	present	ausent	
☐ Disease resistance: verticillium wilt	resistant	resistant	resistant
Statistical Table	(G! (OODDE!	/G!	(G•
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 80BRF'	'Sicot 289BR'	'Sicot 80B'
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	85.38	80.83	80.38
Std. Deviation	8.10	2.93	4.28
LSD/sig	6.63	ns	ns
☐ Plant: nodes to first fruiting branch			
Mean	6.93	6.57	6.92
Std. Deviation	0.64	0.75	0.64
LSD/sig	0.90	ns	ns
Plant: distance to first fruiting branch (c	em)		
Mean	14.48	13.72	14.67
Std. Deviation	2.36	1.79	2.00
LSD/sig	2.53	ns	ns
Fruiting branch: first internode length (	mm)		
Mean	90.87	95.53	90.95
Std. Deviation	11.98	11.49	11.24
LSD/sig	13.39	ns	ns
Peduncle: length (mm)	10.09	110	110
Mean	21.75	21.92	20.60
Std. Deviation	1.58	1.45	2.15
LSD/sig	2.91		
_	2.71	ns	ns
Stigma: distance above stamens (mm)	4.10	2.42	4.40
Mean	4.18	3.43	4.40
Std. Deviation	1.02	1.68	0.85
LSD/sig	1.28	ns	ns
Boll: lint proportion (%)			
Mean	41.27	40.45	41.03
Std. Deviation	2.42	0.97	2.21
LSD/sig	1.78	ns	ns
Boll: seed index			
Mean	11.39	11.41	11.14
Std. Deviation	0.47	0.67	0.80
LSD/sig	0.65	ns	ns
☐ Boll: lint index			
Mean	8.02	7.62	7.73
Std. Deviation	0.70	0.59	0.52
LSD/sig	0.61	ns	ns
Boll: weight (g)			
Mean	5.75	6.05	5.54
Std. Deviation	0.68	0.99	0.44
200. 20 (1000)1	0.00	0.77	0.11

LSD/sig	0.68	ns	ns
☐ Fibre: length (mm)			
Mean	30.47	30.65	30.99
Std. Deviation	0.55	0.62	0.98
LSD/sig	0.95	ns	ns
☐ Fibre: length uniformity (%)			
Mean	84.69	84.50	85.25
Std. Deviation	0.91	0.66	0.72
LSD/sig	1.17	ns	ns
☐ Fibre: strength (g/tex)			
Mean	32.60	32.35	33.13
Std. Deviation	0.82	1.60	1.27
LSD/sig	1.43	ns	ns
Fibre: extension (%)			
Mean	6.17	4.67	6.28
Std. Deviation	0.52	0.59	1.83
LSD/sig	0.97	P≤0.01	ns
Fibre: micronaire			
Mean	4.84	4.95	5.03
Std. Deviation	0.28	0.31	0.41
LSD/sig	0.35	ns	ns

Application Number 2007/026
Variety Name 'Sicot 80RRF'
Genus Species Gossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Descriptor** UPOV TG for cotton

**Period** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6.

**Conditions** Field grown irrigated trial with conventional management. **Trial Design** 24 entry trial in a row and column design with six replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

**Measurements** Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Yield components and fibre quality measurements taken on a hand harvested sample of three consecutive plants. Fibre quality was measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900

instrument.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Sicot 80B' x pollen parent line 61604F1 in a planned breeding program at the Australian Cotton Research Institute (ACRI), Narrabri NSW. The seed parent 'Sicot 80B' is distinguished from 'Sicot 80RRF' by its lack of CP4 protein expression (Roundup Ready Flex gene). The pollen parent line 61604F1 is distinguished from 'Sicot 80RRF' by its segregation for CP4 protein expression. Single plant selection followed by progeny row and multiple environment trials were carried out. Selection criteria: absence of Cry1Ac and Cry2Ab genes, presence of Roundup Ready Flex gene, plant habit, resistance to bacterial blight, verticillium and fusarium wilt, leaf hair, lint %, fibre quality and yield. Breeders: Dr Greg Constable, Mr Peter Reid and Dr Warwick Stiller CSIRO, Narrabri NSW.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape	palmate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	height	medium to all
Plant	CP4 protein expression	present
Boll	time of opening	medium to late
Disease resistance	bacterial blight	resistant
Disease resistance	verticillium wilt	resistant

# Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Sicot 80RR'

<u>Yariety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics wh	ich distinguish the	candidate from on
nore of the comparators are marked with a tick.  Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 80RRF'	'Sicot 80RR'
*Flower: colour of petal	cream	cream
Flower: intensity of spot on petal	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flower: colour of pollen	cream	cream
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above
*Plant: type of flowering	non-clustered	non-clustered
Fruiting branch: average internode length	medium	medium
Plant: number of nodes to the lowest fruiting branch	medium	medium
*Leaf: shape	palmate	palmate
*Leaf: pubescence	weak	weak
*Leaf: nectaries	present	present
*Boll: shape in longitudinal section	ovate	ovate
Boll: pitting of surface	fine	fine
*Boll: length of peduncle	medium	medium
*Plant: shape	conical	conical
*Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall
*Boll: time of opening	medium to late	medium to late
*Seed: presence of fuzz	present	present
*Fibre: length	medium to long	medium to long
Fibre: strength	strong	strong
Fibre: fineness	medium	medium
Fibre: colour	white	white
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	(C! 400DDE!	(C) ( 00DD)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 80RRF'	'Sicot 80RR'
Plant: CP4 protein expression	present	present
Disease resistance: bacterial blight	resistant	resistant
Pollen: sterility after glyphosate application	absent	present
Boll: development after glyphosate application	present	absent
Disease resistance: verticillium wilt	resistant	resistant

**Statistical Table** 

Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 80RRF'	'Sicot 80RR'
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean	81.96	83.63
Std. Deviation	4.59	3.71
LSD/sig	6.63	ns
Plant: nodes to first fruiting branch		
Mean	7.00	6.60
Std. Deviation	0.94	0.42
LSD/sig	0.90	ns
Plant: distance to first fruiting branch (cm)		
Mean	14.66	14.12
Std. Deviation	2.40	1.69
LSD/sig	2.53	ns
Fruiting branch: first internode length (mm)		
Mean	99.87	96.23
Std. Deviation	12.59	6.28
LSD/sig	13.39	ns
_	13.37	115
Peduncle: length (mm) Mean	22.98	24.82
Std. Deviation	1.08	1.36
LSD/sig	2.91	ns
_	2.71	115
Stigma: distance above stamens (mm)	5.06	c 20
Mean	5.26	6.20
Std. Deviation	1.41	0.98
LSD/sig	1.28	ns
Boll: lint proportion (%)	44.45	44.70
Mean	41.46	41.53
Std. Deviation	1.28	0.98
LSD/sig	1.78	ns
Boll: seed index		
Mean	11.39	11.34
Std. Deviation	0.52	0.58
LSD/sig	0.65	ns
Boll: lint index		
Mean	8.08	8.05
Std. Deviation	0.59	0.29
LSD/sig	0.61	ns
Boll: weight (g)		
Mean	5.78	5.40
Std. Deviation	0.54	0.21
LSD/sig	0.68	ns
Fibre: length (mm)		
Mean	30.94	31.07
Std. Deviation	0.61	0.26
LSD/sig	0.95	ns

Fibre: length uniformity (%)		
Mean	84.73	85.38
Std. Deviation	0.86	0.60
LSD/sig	1.17	ns
Fibre: strength (g/tex)		
Mean	33.20	33.50
Std. Deviation	1.16	1.22
LSD/sig	1.43	ns
Fibre: extension (%)		
Mean	6.44	6.73
Std. Deviation	0.84	0.34
LSD/sig	0.97	ns
Fibre: micronaire		
Mean	4.52	4.58
Std. Deviation	0.33	0.33
LSD/sig	0.35	ns

**Application Number** 2007/027 **Variety Name** 'Sicot 81'

**Genus Species** Gossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW; Dalby,

QLD; North Star, NSW.

**Descriptor** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6

**Period** Summer 2006/07.

Conditions Morphology trial: field grown irrigated trial with

conventional management. Fibre quality: field grown dryland

trials with conventional management.

**Trial Design** Morphology trial: 24 entry trial in a row and column design

with six replicates and two rows x 14m plots. Fibre quality: 55 entry trial in a row and column design with four replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

**Measurements** Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Lint % and fibre quality measurements taken on a 400g subsample from the harvest of a whole row. Fibre quality was

measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900 instrument.

**RHS Chart - edition** Nil

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: In the 1994/95 season line 90003-118 was crossed with 'Sicot 189' at ACRI, Narrabri. Following seed increase in the glasshouse during winter 1995, in the 1995/96 season approximately 300 plants were selected on the basis of leaf hair, lint percentage and fibre quality. Following progeny row testing for yield, disease resistance and fibre quality in 1996/97. Fifteen lines proceeded to replicated, multi site trials. The best line from this screening was 94215-442. Single plants from this line were then selected in 2000/01 and 90 lines proceeded to progeny rows in 2001/02. From these 33 lines proceeded to replicated, multi site trials. From this screening 94215-442-179 was chosen and is to be named 'Sicot 81'. Over the seasons of trialing to date emphasis has been placed on yield performance in hot season and dryland environments, together with verticillium and fusarium wilt situations. Breeders: Dr Greg Constable and Dr Warwick Stiller, CSIRO, Narrabri, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Disease resistance	Fusarium wilt	moderate resistance
Leaf	shape	palmate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	height	tall
Boll	size	medium to large
Boll	time of opening	late
Disease resistance	bacterial blight	resistant
Disease resistance	Verticillium wilt	resistant

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Sicot 80'	'Sicot 81' is a selection from 'Sicot 80'

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 81'	'Sicot 80'
*Flower: colour of petal	cream	cream
Flower: intensity of spot on petal	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flower: colour of pollen	cream	cream
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above
Fruiting branch: length	medium to long	medium to long
*Plant: type of flowering	non-clustered	non-clustered
Fruiting branch: number of nodes	medium	medium
Fruiting branch: average internode length	medium to long	medium to long
Plant: number of nodes to the lowest fruiting branch	medium	medium
*Leaf: shape	palmate	palmate
*Leaf: pubescence	weak	weak
*Leaf: nectaries	present	present
Boll: size	medium to large	medium to large
*Boll: shape in longitudinal section	ovate	ovate
Boll: pitting of surface	fine	fine
*Boll: length of peduncle	medium to long	medium
*Plant: shape	conical	conical
*Plant: height	tall	tall
*Boll: time of opening	late	late
*Seed: presence of fuzz	present	present
*Fibre: length	medium to long	medium to long
Fibre: strength	strong	strong

Fibre: fineness	medium	medium
Fibre: colour	white	white
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 81'	'Sicot 80'
Disease resistance: Fusarium wilt	moderate resistance	moderate resistance
Disease resistance: bacterial blight	resistant	resistant
Disease resistance: Verticillium wilt	resistant	resistant
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sicot 81'	'Sicot 80'
Plant: height (cm)	Sicot 01	Sicot oo
Mean	83.68	84.67
Std. Deviation	3.64	2.72
LSD/sig	6.63	ns
•	0.03	113
Plant: nodes to first fruiting branch	7.05	7.00
Mean Std. Davistion	7.05	7.08
Std. Deviation	0.35 0.90	0.55
LSD/sig	0.90	ns
Fruiting branch: first internode length (mm)	101 = 0	40=04
Mean	106.73	107.92
Std. Deviation	9.88	5.90
LSD/sig	13.39	ns
Fibre: length (mm)		
Mean	27.67	26.84
Std. Deviation	1.78	1.78
LSD/sig	0.71	P≤0.01
Fibre: length uniformity (%)		
Mean	81.47	80.93
Std. Deviation	1.61	1.61
LSD/sig	0.85	ns
Fibre: strength (g/tex)		
Mean	30.12	27.93
Std. Deviation	1.53	1.76
LSD/sig	1.35	P≤0.01
Fibre: extension (%)		
Mean	7.05	7.49
Std. Deviation	0.90	1.15
LSD/sig	0.49	ns
Fibre: micronaire		
Mean	4.28	4.18
Std. Deviation	0.32	0.26
LSD/sig	0.27	ns
	J.27	
Traint: distance to first fruiting oranen (em)	15 65	15 07
Mean Std. Davistion	15.65	15.87
Std. Deviation	1.70	1.38
LSD/sig	2.53	ns

Peduncle: length (mm)		
Mean	25.04	22.12
Std. Deviation	2.14	1.54
LSD/sig	2.91	P≤0.01
Stigma: distance above stamens (mm)		
Mean	4.38	4.30
Std. Deviation	0.87	0.81
LSD/sig	1.28	ns
Boll: lint proportion (%)		
Mean	42.36	41.75
Std. Deviation	1.40	1.91
LSD/sig	1.78	ns
□ Boll: seed index		
Mean	11.67	11.65
Std. Deviation	0.66	0.39
LSD/sig	0.65	ns
Boll: lint index		
Mean	8.58	8.37
Std. Deviation	0.54	0.66
LSD/sig	0.61	ns
Boll: weight (g)		
Mean	5.97	5.94
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.67
LSD/sig	0.68	ns

**Application Number** 2007/028 **Variety Name** 'Siokra 24B'

**Genus Species** Gossypium hirsutum

**Common Name** Cotton **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 9 Feb 2007

**Applicant** Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Campbell, ACT

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Warwick Stiller

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Australian Cotton Research Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

**Descriptor** Cotton (*Gossypium*) TG/88/6

**Period** Summer 2006/07.

**Conditions** Field grown irrigated trial with conventional management. **Trial Design** 24 entry trial in a row and column design with six replicates

and two rows x 14m plots.

Measurements Morphological measurements on 10 plants from each plot.

Yield components and fibre quality measurements taken on a hand harvested sample of three consecutive plants. Fibre quality was measured on a Zellweger Uster HVI 900

instrument.

### **RHS Chart - edition**

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Siokra 24' x pollen parent line 20436F1 in a planned breeding program at the Australian Cotton Research Institute (ACRI), Narrabri NSW. The seed parent 'Siokra 24' is distinguished from 'Siokra 24B' by its lack of Cry1Ac and Cry2Ab protein expression. The pollen parent line 20436F1 is distinguished from 'Siokra 24B' by its segregation for Cry1Ac and Cry2Ab protein expression. Single plant selection followed by progeny row and multiple environment trials were carried out. Selection criteria: Cry1Ac and Cry2Ab genes, plant habit, resistance to bacterial blight, verticillium and fusarium wilt, leaf hair, lint percentage, fibre quality and yield. Breeders: Dr Warwick Stiller, Dr Greg Constable and Mr Peter Reid CSIRO, Narrabri, NSW.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape	digitate
Leaf	pubescence	weak
Plant	habit	erect
Plant	Cry1Ac expression	present
Plant	Cry2Ab expression	present

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Siokra V-16B'

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Siokra 24B'	'Siokra V-16B'
*Flower: colour of petal	cream	cream
Flower: intensity of spot on petal	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flower: colour of pollen	cream	cream
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above
*Plant: type of flowering	non-clustered	non-clustered
Fruiting branch: average internode length	long	medium to long
Plant: number of nodes to the lowest fruiting branch	high	medium
*Leaf: shape	digitate	digitate
*Leaf: pubescence	weak	weak
*Leaf: nectaries	present	present
Boll: size	medium	large
*Boll: shape in longitudinal section	ovate	ovate
☐ Boll: pitting of surface	fine	fine
*Boll: length of peduncle	medium	long
*Plant: shape	conical	conical
*Plant: height	tall	medium to tall
*Boll: time of opening	late	medium to late
*Seed: presence of fuzz	present	present
*Fibre: length	medium to long	medium to long
Fibre: strength	strong	strong
Fibre: fineness	medium	medium
Fibre: colour	white	white
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Siokra 24B'	'Siokra V-16B'
Plant: Cry1Ac expression	present	present
Plant: Cry2Ab expression	present	present
I min. Of julio onprobbion		

Stat	istical	Tab	le

'Siokra 24B'	'Siokra V-16B'
31.50	30.73
0.77	0.64
0.95	ns
Q5 5 <i>1</i>	85.48
	0.69
1.10	ns
	82.95
	5.05
6.63	P≤0.01
9.11	7.52
1.02	0.51
0.90	P≤0.01
122.60	104.75
	5.70
	9.70 P≤0.01
13.39	P≥0.01
	15.23
	1.44
2.53	P≤0.01
21.85	27.78
2.36	1.83
2.91	P≤0.01
2.48	4.98
	0.98
	P≤0.01
1.20	1 =0.01
40.10	20.40
	38.40
	1.50
1./8	P≤0.01
11.65	12.27
0.33	0.74
0.65	ns
7.83	7.65
0.04	0.63
0.61	ns
	0.77 0.95  85.54 0.53 1.18  91.32 5.39 6.63  9.11 1.02 0.90  122.60 10.01 13.39  21.23 3.35 2.53  21.85 2.36 2.91  2.48 0.67 1.28  40.18 1.24 1.78  11.65 0.33 0.65  7.83 0.04

Mean	5.58	6.43
Std. Deviation	0.57	0.54
LSD/sig	0.68	P≤0.01
Fibre: strength (g/tex)		
Mean	33.46	33.83
Std. Deviation	1.04	1.51
LSD/sig	1.43	ns
Fibre: extension (%)		
Mean	5.82	5.10
Std. Deviation	0.46	0.60
LSD/sig	0.97	ns
Fibre: micronaire		
Mean	4.68	4.75
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.37
LSD/sig	0.35	ns

**Application Number** 2000/165 **Variety Name** 2000/165 'Coconut Ice'

Genus SpeciesLavandula angustifoliaCommon NameEnglish Lavender

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 27 Nov 2000

ApplicantLavenite Enterprises, Christchurch, New ZealandAgentGreenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LAV013

**Reference Number** 

LocationWest Melton New ZealandDescriptorLavandula (Lavandula) TG/194/1

**Period** 1996-1997 in New Zealand, spring to summer 2006 in

Australia.

Conditions The description is based on overseas data from the Plant

Variety Rights Office in New Zealand. This data was taken during 1996-1997. The overseas data was confirmed by a verification trial at Greenhills Propagation Nursery, Tynong VIC in 2005-2006. Trial conducted under full sun, plants grown in commercial pinebark based potting mix and watered

overhead.

**Trial Design** 10 plants in block design

**Measurements** Taken from flowering plants in pots

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination followed by seedling selection: Seed was collected from *Lavandula angustifolia* 'Rosea', sown and the selection was made on the basis of flower colour on breeder's property in New Zealand. This plant was further propagated to assess its uniformity and stability. It has been propagated through many generations and has shown no off-types. Selection criteria: flower colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Virginia McNaughton, West Melton, New Zealand.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	size	small
Plant	colour of foliage	grey green
Spike	total length	short to medium
Spike	infertile bracts	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Hidcote Pink'	similar variety	
Varieties of Common Vacyledge identified and subsequently evaluded		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

1 002 2 0 0 2 0 0		ge 10011011100 0110	5028500 0201101, 0110101010	
Variety	Variety Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression in	
	Character	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Rosea'	Corolla	colour (RHS)	82C.84B.77C	75C

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Coconut Ice'	'Hidcote Pink'
□ *Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
*Plant: size	small	medium
*Plant: attitude of outer flowering stems	erect	
*Plant: density	medium to dense (dense)	
□ *Leaf: incisions of margin	absent	
Flowering stem: length	short to medium	
☐ Flowering stem: thickness at middle third	thin to medium	
*Flowering stem: intensity of green colour	light to medium	
Flowering stem: rigidity of basal part (Lavandula section only)	strong	
*Flowering stem: lateral branching	absent	few
*Spike: maximum width	medium	
*Spike: total length	short to medium	
*Spike: length from second whorl (Lavandula section only)	medium	
*Spike: number of whorls (Lavandula section only)	medium	
*Spike: distance between whorls (Lavandula section only)	short to medium	
*Spike: shape	cylindrical	
☐ Spike: number of flowers	medium	
Spike: number of flowers on apical whorl (Lavandula section only)	medium	
☐ Spike: width of fertile bracts	broad	
Spike: presence of bracteole (Lavandula section only)	sometimes present	
$\square$ Spike: length of bracteole (Lavandula section only)	short	

*Spike: presence of infertile bracts	absent
*Flower: colour of calyx	greyish
Flower: pubescence of calyx	strong
*Corolla: colour  Note: Data within parenthesis is from local observation.	purple violet red purple

### Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Coconut Ice'	'Hidcote Pink'
Corolla: colour (RHS)	82C,84B,77C	69 B-C

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	1996	Granted	'Coconut Ice'
EU	2000	Granted	'Coconut Ice'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2000/166

Variety Name 'Lavenite Petite'
Genus Species Lavandula angustifolia
Common Name English Lavender

**Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Nov 2000

ApplicantLavenite Enterprises, Christchurch, New ZealandAgentGreenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LAV008

**Reference Number** 

**Location** West Melton, New Zealand. **Descriptor** Lavandula (*Lavandula*) TG/194/1

**Period** 1996-1997 in New Zealand, spring to summer 2006 in

Australia.

Conditions The description is based on overseas data from the Plant

Variety Rights Office in New Zealand. The data in New Zealand was taken during 1996-1997. The overseas data was confirmed by a verification trial at Greenhills Propagation Nursery, Tynong VIC in 2005-2006. Trial was conducted under full sun, plants grown in commercial pinebark based potting mix with controlled release fertiliser and watered from

overhead.

**Trial Design** 10 plants in block design. **Measurements** Taken from flowering plants.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination followed by seedling selection: an open-pollinated seedling from a *Lavandula angustifolia* plant was selected on the basis of the shorter plant habit and shorter flowering stems. This plant was further propagated to assess its uniformity and stability. It has been propagated through many generations and has shown no off-types. Selection criteria: plant habit, flower stems. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Virginia McNaughton, West Melton, New Zealand.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	size	small
Plant	colour of foliage	medium green
Flower stem	branching	absent
Spike	total length	short to medium

Spike infertile bracts absent
Flower colour of corolla blue

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	C	Comments		
'Avice Hill'	Si	imilar variety		
Varieties of Commo	on Knowled	ge identified and	subsequently excluded	
Variety	Distinguis	hing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Character	ristics	<b>Candidate Variety</b>	Comparator Variety
'Miss Katherine'	Corolla	colour (RHS)	88A, 88C	75 B-C
'Munstead'	Calyx	colour	violet	green

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lavenite Petite'	
□ *Plant: growth habit	upright (globular)	upright to spreading
*Plant: size	small	small to medium
☐ Plant: intensity of green colour of foliage	medium	medium
*Plant: density	dense	dense
*Leaf: incisions of margin	absent	absent
Flowering stem: length	medium	short to medium
☐ Flowering stem: thickness at middle third	thin to medium	thin to medium
*Flowering stem: intensity of green colour	<sub>r</sub> medium	medium
Flowering stem: rigidity of basal part (Lavandula section only)	medium	medium
*Flowering stem: lateral branching	absent	
*Spike: maximum width	medium	medium
*Spike: total length	short to medium	medium to long
*Spike: length from second whorl (Lavandula section only)	short	medium
*Spike: number of whorls (Lavandula section only)	few (few to medium)	medium
*Spike: distance between whorls (Lavandula section only)	short (medium)	medium
*Spike: shape	fusiform	cylindric
☐ Spike: number of flowers	few to medium	medium
Spike: number of flowers on apical whorl (Lavandula section only)	medium	medium
Spike: width of fertile bracts	narrow to medium	broad
Spike: presence of bracteole (Lavandula section only)	sometimes present	tsometimes present
☐ Spike: length of bracteole (Lavandula section only)	short	short
*Spike: presence of infertile bracts	absent	absent

~	*Flower: colour of calyx	violet	greenish
	Flower: pubescence of calyx	medium to strong	medium
~	*Corolla: colour	dark blue	medium blue
	Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium to late
Note	e: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.		

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lavenite Petite'	'Avice Hill'
Corolla: colour (RHS)	88A, 88C	90BC, aged to 92A

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Japan	2003	Applied	'Lavenite Petite'
New Zealand	1995	Granted	'Lavenite Petite
EU	2000	Granted	'Lavenite Petite'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2007/009

Variety Name 'Turkish Delight' Genus Species Hebe hybrid

Common Name Hebe Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 25 Jan 2007

**Applicant** Growing Spectrum Ltd, Kinikini, New Zealand

**Agent** Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Greenhills Nursery, Tynong VIC.

**Descriptor** Hebe (*Hebe*) PBR HEBE. **Period** Nov 2006-Jun 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted with plants grown from cuttings in 14cm

pots. Plants grown in full sun and fertilised with controlled release fertiliser and irrigated with overhead sprinklers as for

normal nursery management practice.

**Trial Design** 10 plants of each variety arranged in a block design.

**Measurements** From oldest leaves.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: a sport was observed with different foliage colour from Hebe 'Mrs Winder' in Apr 2002. Cuttings were taken from this sport and grown through 6 generations to determine uniformity and stability. Selection criteria: foliage colour. Propagative: vegetative. Breeder: Peter Fraser, Waikato, New Zealand.

#### **Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

, 411100) 01 0011		
Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Part		
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Plant	width	medium to broad
Plant	density	sparse to medium
Young leaf	colour of blush	purplish
Leaf blade	shape	elliptic
Leaf blade	variegation	absent

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Mrs Winder'	parental variety
'Mary Antoinette'	

more of the comparators are marked Organ/Plant Part: Context	d with a tick. 'Turkish Delight'	'Mary Antionette'	(Mng Windon)
F	bushy	bushy	bushy
Plant: growth habit  Plant: height	tall	medium	medium
- Tant. Height	medium to broad	medium to broad	medium to broad
Plant: width			
Plant: density	sparse to medium	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
Young leaf: hue of lower side relative to hue of upper side	same	different	same
Young leaf: main colour of lower side (varieties with different hue on lower side of young leaf only) (RHS Colour Chart)	absent or weak		
☐ Young leaf: intensity of blush	absent or weak	weak to medium	absent or weak
☐ Young leaf: colour of blush	purplish	purplish	purplish
☐ Stem: length of internode	medium	short to medium	short to medium
Leaf blade: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf blade: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate	attenuate
☐ Leaf blade: shape in cross section	flat	flat	moderately concave
Leaf blade: curvature of longitudinal axis	medium	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: shape of margin	entire	entire	entire
Leaf blade: number of colours on upper side (not including margin)	one	one	one
Leaf blade: main colour on upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	yellow green 147A	green 137C	green 137C
Leaf blade: glaucousness of upper side	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
☐ Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	absent or weak	medium
Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Petiole: length Characteristics Additional to the De	•	absent or very short	absent or very short
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Turkish Delight'	'Mary Antionette'	'Mrs Winder'
Young leaf: colour (RHS)	Brown 200A	Green 137A	Green 137A
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Turkish Delight'	'Mary Antionette'	'Mrs Winder'
Leaf: length (mm)			
Mean Std. Deviation	33.96	40.38	33.42
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	1.96 0.47	1.48 P≤0.01	2.17 P≤0.01
202/016	0.17	1 20.01	1 20.01

Leaf: width (mm)			
Mean	10.68	8.74	9.30
Std. Deviation	0.81	0.58	0.78
LSD/sig	1.26	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: length to width ratio	o (mm)		
Mean	3.19	4.64	3.60
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.32	0.17
LSD/sig	0.58	P≤0.01	ns

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2004	Applied	'Turkish Delight'

First sold in New Zealand in Feb 2005. First Australian sale Oct 2006.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2007/008

Variety Name 'Annie's Winter Wonder'

**Genus Species** *Hebe* hybrid

Common Name Hebe Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 25 Jan 2007

**Applicant** Annton Nursery Ltd, Cambridge, New Zealand

**Agent** Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Greenhills Propagation Nursery, Tynong, VIC.

**Descriptor** Hebe (*Hebe*) PBR HEBE. **Period** Spring/Summer 2006.

**Conditions** Plants were grown in 14cm pots in full sun in commercial

pine bark based potting mix with controlled release fertiliser.

Plants were grown on benches with overhead watering.

**Trial Design** 10 plants in block design.

**Measurements** Leaf measurements taken from largest leaves.

**RHS Chart - edition** RHS 1995.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: a sport appeared on Hebe 'Orphan Annie' in 2002. Cuttings were taken from this sport, established, and then another generation of cuttings were taken from the young plants. This was repeated two further times to determine distinctness, uniformity and stability. To date, the plant has been grown through four generations with no off-types being recorded. Selection criteria: leaf colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Robert Harrison, Tynong Vic.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, arrety or com	mon rino wreage	
Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Part		
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Young leaf	colour of blush	purplish
Leaf blade	shape	lanceolate
Leaf blade	variegation	present

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Orphan Annie'	Parent plant and closest known variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distin	guishing	<b>State of Expression</b>	State of Expression in	Comments
	Chara	acteristic	s in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety	
'Waireka'	Plant	height	medium	tall	'Waireka' is a much larger plant
'Gold Beauty'	Plant	height	medium	tall	

more of the comparators are marked with				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Annie's Winter Wonder'	_		
Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy		
Plant: height	medium	short		
Plant: width	medium to broad	medium		
Plant: density	medium to dense	dense		
Young stem: colour (RHS Colour Chart)	greyed purple 183A	greyed purple 184A		
Young leaf: intensity of blush	strong	medium		
☐ Young leaf: colour of blush	purplish	purplish		
Stem: length of internode	short to medium	short to medium		
Leaf blade: shape	lanceolate	lanceolate		
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute		
Leaf blade: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate		
Leaf blade: shape in cross section	moderately concave	moderately concave		
Leaf blade: curvature of longitudinal axis	absent or weak	medium		
Leaf blade: shape of margin	entire	entire		
Leaf blade: number of colours on upper side (not including margin)	two	two		
Leaf blade: main colour on upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	green 137A	green 134A		
Leaf blade: secondary colour on upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	greyed yellow 160B	greyed yellow 162C		
Leaf blade: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	marginal zone	marginal zone		
☐ Leaf blade: glaucousness of upper side	absent or weak	absent or weak		
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	absent or weak	absent or weak		
Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	absent or weak	absent or weak		
Petiole: length	absent or very short	absent or very short		
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Annie's Winter Wonder'	' 'Orphan Annie'		
Leaf: length (mm)				
Mean	37.29	34.25		
Std. Deviation	2.69	2.30		
LSD/sig	2.24	P≤0.01		

Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	8.82	7.81
Std. Deviation	0.95	0.55
LSD/sig	1.05	ns
Leaf: length to width ratio (mm)		
Mean	4.25	4.41
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.48
LSD/sig	0.16	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Prior applications nil.

First sold in Australia in Sep 2006.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2000/097

Variety Name 'Orphan Annie' Genus Species Hebe hybrid

Common Name Hebe Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 22 Mar 2000

**Applicant** Annton Nursery Ltd, Cambridge, New Zealand

**Agent** Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

**Qualified Person** Mark Lunghusen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing New Zealand

**Authority** 

Overseas Data HEB004

**Reference Number** 

LocationCambridge, New ZealandDescriptorHebe (Hebe) PBR HEBE

**Period** 1997-1998 in New Zealand. Spring to summer 2006 in

Australia.

Conditions The description is based on overseas data from the Plant

Variety Rights Office in New Zealand. The overseas data was confirmed by a verification trial at Greenhills Propagation Nursery, Tynong VIC in 2006. Trial was conducted under full sun, plants grown in commercial pinebark based potting media with controlled release fertiliser, watering from

overhead.

**Trial Design** 10 plants in block design.

**Measurements** Taken from non-flowering plants in pots, no observations

were made of flowering attributes.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: a sport appeared from Hebe 'Mary Antoinette' that showed variegated foliage. Cuttings were taken from the sport and grown on to determine distinctness, uniformity and stability. To date no off-types have been recorded. It has proven to be more disease resistant during growing trials, than most other Hebe varieties. Selection criteria: leaf size, variegation. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Ann Burton, Cambridge, New Zealand.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	variegation	present
Plant	height	short/medium
Plant	width	medium
Leaf blade	shape	lanceolate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Hebe carnea 'Variegata'	Closest variety of common knowledge

more of the comparators are marked with	a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Orphan Annie'	Hebe carnea 'Variegata'			
Plant: growth habit	spreading (bushy)				
Plant: height	short	short to medium			
Plant: width	medium				
Plant: density	dense (medium to dense)	medium			
Young stem: colour (RHS Colour Chart)	red 72A-70A (greyed purple 183D)	flushed red			
Stem: length of internode	short				
Leaf blade: length	medium				
Leaf blade: width at broadest part	narrow to medium				
Leaf blade: shape	lanceolate				
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute				
☐ Leaf blade: shape of margin	entire				
Leaf blade: number of colours on upper side (not including margin)	two	two			
Leaf blade: main colour on upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	yellow-green (green 134A)	l			
Leaf blade: secondary colour on upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	Yellow (greyed yellow 162C)	cream			
Leaf blade: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	marginal zone				
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	absent or weak				
Petiole: length	absent or very short				
Flowers: main colour	violet				
Flowers: arrangement	inflorescence				
Inflorescence: length	medium	medium to long			
Flower: diameter  Note: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.	medium				
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Orphan Annie'				
Branchlet: amount of pubescence	weak to medium				
Stem: length of internode	short				

Leaf: thickness	medium
Leaf bud: sinus	absent
☐ Inflorescence: density	dense
Inflorescence: position in relation to foliage	above
Flower: length of bracts in relation to calyx	equal
Flower: length of corolla tube in relation to calyx	longer
☐ Stem: colouration	green
Flowering: time	medium
Flower: corolla diameter	medium
Corolla: colour of lobe (outer side) RHS	red-purple 73A
$\square$ Corolla: colour of lobe (inner side) RHS	
Corolla: colour of tube (outer side) RHS	purple 75D

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	1996	Granted	'Orphan Annie'
EU	1999	Granted	'Orphan Annie'
South Africa	2001	Applied	'Orphan Annie'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2007/179 **Variety Name** 'P18'

**Genus Species** *Cynodon dactylon* **x** *C. transvaalensis* 

**Common Name** Hybrid green couch grass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Aug 2007

ApplicantRNB, LLC, Yuma, Arizona, USAAgentEvergreen Turf, Pakenham, VIC

**Qualified Person** Don Loch

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** QDPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland,

QLD (Latitude 27°32'S, 153°15'E, elevation 25 masl).

**Descriptor** Cynodon (Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis) PBR CYNO

**Period** 13 Feb 2006 – 25 Jan 2007

**Conditions** Individual propagules (four per tube) were grown in 40 x 40mm

tubes until covered and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil on 13 Feb 2006; plants not defoliated; armyworm control by cyfluthrin 19 Oct 2006, weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon at time of planting and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (18-10-9<sup>1</sup>, 16-25-12<sup>2</sup>) 13 Feb<sup>1</sup>, 10 Aug<sup>1</sup> and 20

Oct<sup>2</sup> 2006.

**Trial Design** Thirty (30) spaced plants of each cultivar ('P18', 'TifEagle',

'Champion Dwarf', and 'MS-Supreme') arranged in six (6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 1.5 m between

plots, 1m between plants within plots.

**Measurements** Four (4) diameter of spread measurements were taken per plant

on 28 Apr, 12 May, 26 May, 8 Jun, 21 Jun, 4 Jul and 18 Jul 2006; two (2) stolons per plant were collected 18-21 Sep 2006 and stolon and leaf characteristics were measured; two (2) shoot and inflorescence measurements per plant were taken 23-25 Jan 2007; average sward height per plant 17 Jan 2007; inflorescence density (0.1225m<sup>2</sup> quadrat) per plant 22-23 Jan

2007; exposed stolon and leaf colour 18 Aug 2006.

RHS Chart - edition 2001 edition

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: 'P18' was first produced in 1992 and is a mutant genotype obtained from a hybrid Bermudagrass line believed to be 'Tifdwarf', which was grown in a greenhouse owned by H&H Seed Company in Yuma, Arizona. 'P18' was selected for its extremely fine leaf texture, its high shoot density under close mowing, its rapid growth rate, and its uniform dark green colour, and was subsequently evaluated for these traits and characteristics. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Howard E. Kaewer, Eden Prairie, MN, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Turf	texture	very fine
Plant	habit	prostrate
Plant	height	very short
Stolon	internode length	very short
Shoot	density	very high
Inflorescence	density	low to very low

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

<sup>&#</sup>x27;TifEagle'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression State of Expression in Candidate in Comparator Variety Variety		<b>nComments</b>
'Tifdwarf'	Shoot	density	denser	sparser	Lower than shoot density of candidate variety.
'Tifdwarf'	Plant	height	shorter	taller	Greater than plant height of candidate variety.
'Tifdwarf'	Inflorescence	density	Sparser	denser	Higher than inflorescence density of candidate variety.
'TL2'	Shoot	density	denser	sparser	Lower than shoot density of candidate variety.
'TL2'	Plant	height	shorter	taller	Greater than plant height of candidate variety.
'TL2'	Inflorescence	density	Sparser	denser	Higher than inflorescence density of candidate variety.
'Tifgreen'	Shoot	density	denser	sparser	Lower than shoot density of candidate variety.
'Tifgreen'	Plant	height	shorter	taller	Greater than plant height of candidate variety.
'Tifgreen'	Inflorescence	density	sparser	denser	Higher than inflorescence density of candidate variety.
'Tifgreen'	stolon	length of internodes		longer	Longer than stolon length of internodes of candidate variety.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;MS-Supreme'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Champion Dwarf'

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'P18'	'MS-Supreme'	'Champion Dwarf'	'TifEagle'
□ Plant: ploidy	triploid interspecific hybrid (3n = 27 chromosomes)			
Plant: habit	prostrate, creeping			
□ Plant: type	mat-forming			
Plant: height	very short			
□ Plant: longevity	perennial			
Plant: spreading	laterally by stolons and rhizomes			
Stolon: nodes	compound nodes with up to 3 leaves			
Stolon: internode length	very short			
Stolon: internode thickness	very thin			
Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	greyed orange (RHS 166A)	greyed purple (RHS 183A)	greyed orange (RHS 166A)	greyed purple (RHS 183A)
□ Culms: length	very short			
Leaf blade: shape	linear- triangular			
Leaf blade: length	short			
Leaf blade: width	narrow			
Leaf blade: colour	dark green (darker than RHS 137A)	dark green (RHS 137A)	yellow green (RHS 147A)	yellow green (RHS 147A)
Ligule: appearance	dense row of short white hairs			
☐ Inflorescence: type	digitate with (2-)3(-4) very short spicate racemes			
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	very short			
Inflorescence: maximum number of spikes	four	four	four	four

Inflorescence:				
minimum number of	two	three	two	two
spikes				
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part:	'P18'	'MS-Supreme'	<b>'Champion</b>	'TifEagle'
Context	110	wis-supreme	Dwarf'	TilLagie
Plant: mean diam	eter after 155 d	ays (cm)		
Mean	94.4	133.3	95.5	99.1
Std. Deviation	17.4	20.3	25.8	19.8
LSD/sig	13.8	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Stolon: first stolo	n node with a s	econd lateral brai	nch (spaced plan	te)
Mean	1.53	1.50	1.40	1.38
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.54	0.49	0.49
LSD/sig	0.38	ns	ns	ns
Stolon: first stolo				
Mean	2.20	2.05	2.05	2.13
Std. Deviation	0.44	0.50	0.29	0.47
LSD/sig	0.24	ns	ns	ns
Stolon: first stolo				
Mean	3.23	3.03	2.92	3.20
Std. Deviation	0.87	0.94	0.96	0.86
LSD/sig	0.46	ns	ns	ns
Stolon: first stolo	n node with a fi	ifth lateral branch	(spaced plants)	
Mean	4.23	3.88	3.78	4.18
Std. Deviation	1.00	1.18	1.28	0.98
LSD/sig	0.60	ns	ns	ns
☐ Stolon: first stolo	n node with a s	ixth lateral branc	h (spaced plants)	1
Mean	4.88	4.48	4.32	5.03
Std. Deviation	1.01	1.17	1.28	0.84
LSD/sig	0.67	ns	ns	ns
☐ Internode: length	of fourth intern	ode from stolon	tin (mm)	
Mean	16.96	16.96	16.78	15.54
Std. Deviation	1.99	2.46	2.97	2.66
LSD/sig	2.00	ns	ns	ns
_				
Internode: diamet Mean	0.74	0.66	0.71	0.78
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.67
LSD/sig	0.19	ns	ns	ns
_				
Lear sheath. lengt				
Mean	4.11	3.76	3.84	4.00
Std. Deviation	0.58	0.42	0.66	0.52
LSD/sig	0.41	ns	ns	ns
Leaf blade: length		on fourth visible i		
Mean	4.05	3.68	3.93	4.10
Std. Deviation	0.77	0.84	0.75	0.84
LSD/sig	0.45	ns	ns	ns

☐ Leaf blade: width	of leaf blade o	on fourth visible i	node from stolon	tip (mm)
Mean	1.61	1.51	1.56	1.60
Std. Deviation	0.27	0.28	0.26	0.29
LSD/sig	0.16	ns	ns	ns
Leaf blade: lengt				
Mean	2.56	2.48	2.56	2.59
Std. Deviation	0.59	0.56	0.53	0.45
LSD/sig	0.28	ns	ns	ns
Flag leaf: length				
Mean	22.66	21.12	17.93	24.19
Std. Deviation	5.00	3.97	4.42	4.71
LSD/sig	3.93	ns	P≤0.01	ns
☐ Flag leaf: length	of blade of flag	leaf on flowerin	g tillers (mm)	
Mean	1.31	1.57	1.23	1.56
Std. Deviation	0.65	0.94	0.83	1.03
LSD/sig	0.91	ns	ns	ns
☐ Flag leaf: width o	of blade of flag	leaf on flowering	g tillers (mm)	
Mean	0.52	0.61	0.47	0.63
Std. Deviation	0.17	0.21	0.16	0.61
LSD/sig	0.21	ns	ns	ns
☐ Flag leaf: length:	width ratio of f	lag leaf blade on		
Mean	2.55	2.56	2.61	2.63
Std. Deviation	1.07	1.62	1.16	1.01
LSD/sig	0.81	ns	ns	ns
Leaf: length of sh				113
Mean	6.48	5.65	5.27	6.21
Std. Deviation	2.04	1.21	1.36	1.70
LSD/sig	1.07	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: length of bl	ade on fourth l	eaf on flowering	tillers (mm)	
Mean	11.24	9.12	7.80	11.05
Std. Deviation	3.28	2.59	2.89	3.95
LSD/sig	2.21	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: width of bla			_	110
Mean	1.14	1.14	1.15	1.24
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.32	1.05	0.27
	0.29			
LSD/sig		ns	ns	ns
Leaf blade: lengt				
Mean	10.54	9.61	7.77	9.17
Std. Deviation	4.18	8.68	2.66	3.36
LSD/sig	3.10	ns	ns	ns
Peduncle: length				
Mean	25.64	22.92	20.14	27.43
Std. Deviation	5.39	4.25	4.97	5.29
LSD/sig	4.33	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Peduncle: diamet	er of peduncle	on flowering tille	ers (mm)	
Mean	0.39	0.36	0.36	0.39

Std. Deviation	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.10	
LSD/sig	0.06	ns	ns	ns	
Spikes: mean leng	gth (mm)				
Mean	12.56	11.34	9.61	12.77	
Std. Deviation	2.64	2.17	1.76	2.63	
LSD/sig	2.19	ns	P≤0.01	ns	
☐ Spikes: number o	f spikes per inf	lorescence			
Mean	3.13	3.22	2.93	3.08	
Std. Deviation	0.39	0.42	0.52	0.42	
LSD/sig	0.32	ns	ns	ns	
☐ Sward: height 33	8 days post plai	nting (mm)			
Mean	40.80	42.67	31.00	46.80	
Std. Deviation	14.75	13.34	10.92	16.61	
LSD/sig	10.29	ns	ns	ns	
Inflorescence: density 343-344 days post planting (m <sup>2</sup> )					
Mean	115.6	116.1	11.7	87.7	
Std. Deviation	109.0	104.87	18.36	114.9	
LSD/sig	69.28	ns	P≤0.01	ns	

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
USA	1999	Granted	'P18'

First sold in the USA in Jul 2005.

Description: M.B. Roche and D.S. Loch, DPI&F Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD.

of Application

**Application Number** 2003/110 **Variety Name** 'Warrior'

Genus Species Lolium multiflorum
Common Name Italian Ryegrass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 15 Jul 2003

**Applicant** Grasslanz Technology Limited

AgentGriffith HackQualified PersonJeffrey Miller

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Lincoln, Canterbury, New Zealand. **Descriptor** Ryegrass (new) (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8.

**Period** 2003-2006 (presented data from 2005/2006 trial)

**Conditions** Centralised trials conducted on contract under the directorship

of the New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office. Seedlings raised in glasshouse in Mar in controlled conditions and planted into Wakanui silt loam in the field as appropriate in early May. Irrigated by sprinkler as required for successful establishment. Axall herbicide applied at 3.5litre/ha as

required.

**Trial Design** Randomised block of 10 reps of 6 plants and 5 metre drilled

rows in two reps.

Measurements Measurements from all available plants and some visual

assessments on rows.

**RHS Chart - edition** Nil

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Bred from breeding pools established in Palmerston North in the mid 1980s from inter-pollination of various New Zealand and imported sources. Selection in New Zealand was for vigour, grazing recovery, freedom from crown rust and other foliar diseases and for persistence into the second year. Half-sib families were established in Qld (Gatton) in autumn 1994. Families showing excellent growth and excellent resistance to spring infection of crown rust in Qld were identified, and superior individuals taken from them. Seed was taken from these individuals (in Qld), and poor progeny (low vigour and poor seed yield) were culled in one further generation at Palmerston North, New Zealand. The foundation generation is 39 families, most originating from New Zealand sources. Approximately half the maternal lineage derives from the ecotype population behind cv. 'Corvette'.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Plant ploidy diploid

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Marbella'	most similar variety of common knowledge identified

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteris	stics	<b>Candidate Variety</b>	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'Grasslands Manawa'	Plant	growth habit	intermediate	erect
'Grasslands Paroa'	Plant	growth habit	intermediate	erect
'Concord'	Plant	time of	early to medium	medium
		inflorescence		
		emergence		
'Conker'	Plant	time of	early to medium	late
		inflorescence		
		emergence		
'Conquest'	Plant	time of	early to medium	late to very late
		inflorescence		
		emergence		
'Crusader'	Plant	time of	early to medium	late
		inflorescence		
(T) 1 )	D1 4	emergence	1 4 12	1'
'Flanker'	Plant	time of	early to medium	medium
		inflorescence		
'Exalta'	Eleg loof	emergence	vany chart to chart	medium
'Cordura'	Flag leaf Flag leaf	length width	very short to short medium	medium to broad
'Kano'	Flag leaf	width	medium	narrow to medium
'Corvette'	Plant	time of	early to medium	late
Corvette	Tiant	inflorescence	carry to medium	iate
		emergence		
'Status'	Flag leaf	width	medium	narrow
'Mariner'	Plant	time of	early to medium	late
		inflorescence	,	
		emergence		
'Prime'	Plant	time of	early to medium	late
		inflorescence	•	
		emergence		
'Tabu'	Flag leaf	width	medium	medium to broad

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Warrior'	'Marbella'
*Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid
Leaf: length	medium	medium to long
Leaf: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Plant: vegetative growth habit (after vernalisation)	medium to semi-prostrate	medium to semi- prostrate
*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (varieties of Lmw and Lr only)	early to medium	1

*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (after vernalisation)	early to medium	early to medium
*Flag leaf: length	short	medium
*Flag leaf: width	medium	medium
Flag leaf: length/width ratio	high	high
*Plant: length of longest stem, inflorescence included	medium	medium
Plant: length of upper internode	medium to long	medium
Inflorescence: length	medium	medium
Inflorescence: number of spikelets	few to medium	few to medium
Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet	medium	medium
Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn	medium	medium
innotescence, length of basar spikelet excluding awir	medium	modram
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Warrior'	'Marbella'
Rachis internode: length	medium	medium
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Warrior'	'Marbella'
Flag leaf: width (mm)	vv allioi	Mai bella
Mean	6.59	6.95
Std. Deviation	1.12	1.31
LSD/sig	0.79	ns
☐ Vegetative leaf : length (cm)		
Mean	20.93	22.61
Std. Deviation	4.75	4.56
LSD/sig	2.33	ns
Upper internode: length (cm)		
Mean	31.62	25.93
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	4.79 4.61	4.40 P≤0.01
_	4.01	F≥0.01
Vegetative leaf: width (mm) Mean	7.16	6.99
Std. Deviation	1.27	1.31
LSD/sig	0.84	ns
Inflorescence: length (cm)		
Mean	24.21	24.29
Std. Deviation	3.37	4.00
LSD/sig	2.33	ns
Glume: length (mm)		
Mean	7.21	7.32
Std. Deviation	1.54	1.17
LSD/sig	0.74	ns
Rachis internode: length (cm)	10.00	10.71
Mean Std. Deviation	10.98	10.54
Std. Deviation	3.01	3.20

LSD/sig	1.43	ns
☐ Inflorescence: number of spikelets (counts)		
Mean	30.95	33.94
Std. Deviation	5.46	6.22
LSD/sig	3.22	ns
Stem: length (cm)		
Mean	90.19	92.12
Std. Deviation	10.57	8.83
LSD/sig	6.66	ns
☐ Inflorescence: mean appearance (days from 1st Sep)		
Mean	64.36	65.13
Std. Deviation	5.27	3.16
LSD/sig	2.43	ns
Flag leaf: length (cm)		
Mean	14.95	17.11
Std. Deviation	3.74	4.47
LSD/sig	2.12	P≤0.01
Note: Data analysis was done by ANOVA: DUST method.		

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2002	Rejected	'Grasslands Warrior'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'Grasslands Warrior

First sold in Australia on 27 Feb 2002.

Description: **Jeff E. Miller,** AgResearch Limited, Palmerston North, New Zealand.

**Application Number** 2007/130 **Variety Name** 'RK19'

**Genus Species** *Pennisetum clandestinum* 

Common Name Kikuyu grass

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 17 Jun 2007

**Applicant** Future Turf Pty Ltd, Mt Hawthorn, WA

**Agent** N/A **Qualified Person** Don Loch

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Birkdale, QLD (27°30′S, 153°14′E, elevation <25 masl) **Descriptor** Kikuyu grass (*Pennisetum clandestinum*) PBR Penn

**Period** 8 Nov 2006 – 13 Mar 2007

**Conditions** The growing trial was established on a red volcanic

(krasnozem) soil rotary hoed before planting out the spaced plants from pots on 8 Nov 2006. Blended fertiliser (NPKS 15.4:3.0:11.0:15.4) was broadcast @ 650kg/ha on 10 Nov 2006, giving rates of 100 kg N, 19.5 kg P, 71.2 kg K, and 99.8 kg S per ha. Individual plants in the experimental area

were drip irrigated as required.

**Trial Design** 30 spaced plants of each cultivar ('Whittet', 'RK19')

arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5 plants per plot; 3m

between plots, 1.5m between plants within plots.

**Measurements** Plant height and diameter of spread were measured on 26 Jan

2007 (79 days after planting). Morphological measurements

were made between 6 and 13 Mar 2007.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Open-pollination and artificial mutation: 'RK19' was selected in Western Australia from a collection of 72 male-sterile kikuyu genotypes. This collection comprised 27 genotypes from regional sites across southern and eastern Australia, and 45 additional genotypes generated by artificial mutation from irradiation. General growth, root mass and stolon characteristics were assessed in a pot experiment with calcareous sand at Como and in a spaced plant field experiment on an acidic loam soil at Mahogany Creek where winter colour retention and spring green-up were also recorded. The strength of cut sod and the rate of spread and recovery after harvest were assessed under simulated turf production conditions at Serpentine in un-replicated 0.1 ha plots of the two most promising selections. Selection criteria: male-sterility, shorter internodes for tighter sod, winter colour retention, sod strength. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Ken Johnston, Como, WA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Tillers and leaves turf texture medium to coarse

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Whittet'	Medium/coarse textured tillers; male-fertile (seeded) variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	_	State of Expression in	State of	Comments
	Characteristi	cs	Candidate Variety	Expression in Comparator Variety	ı
'Noonan'	Tillers	turf texture	medium/coarse	medium/fine	Medium/fine textured tillers; male-fertile (seeded) variety released in 1983; no longer available commercially.
'Breakwell'	Inflorescence	male sterility	present	absent	male-fertile (seeded) variety released in 1971; no longer available commercially
'Crofts'	Inflorescence	male sterility	present	absent	male-fertile (seeded) variety released in 1983; never available commercially

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'RK19'	'Whittet'
	Plant: habit	creeping	
	Plant: type	mat-forming	
	Plant: height	medium	
	Plant: longevity	perennial	
	Plant: spreading	laterally by stolons and rhizomes	
	Stolon: nodes	nodes with 1 subtending leaf	
	Stolon: internode length	medium	
	Stolon: internode thickness	medium to coarse	
	Culms: length	medium to long	
	Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular	
	Leaf blade: length	long	
	Leaf blade: width	medium	

☐ Leaf blade: colour	dark green (RHS 137A)	dark green (RHS 137A)
Ligule: appearance	a fringe of hairs	,
Inflorescence: type	an enclosed raceme concealed within the inflated subtending leaf sheath	
Culms: habit	decumbent	
Leaf sheath: appearance	inflated	
Leaf blade: presentation	flat or conduplicate	
Leaf blade: apex	obtuse	
Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular	
Inflorescence: anthers	not exserted	
✓ Inflorescence: male sterility	present	absent
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RK19'	'Whittet'
Plant: mean diameter 79 days after		Wintee
Mean	172.00	182.00
Std. Deviation	25.10	31.40
LSD/sig	23.0	ns
Plant: mean height 79 days after p	lanting (cm)	
Mean	206.10	202.00
Std. Deviation	34.10	41.40
LSD/sig	27.4	ns
Stolon: first stolon node with a late	eral branch (spaced plants)	
Mean	3.33	3.68
Std. Deviation	0.66	0.98
LSD/sig	0.35	P≤0.01
Internode: length of fourth interno		
Mean	17.10	19.30
Std. Deviation	3.80	4.50
LSD/sig	3.2	ns
Internode: diameter of fourth inter Mean	node from stolon tip (mm) 4.84	5.00
Std. Deviation	0.45	5.00 0.40
LSD/sig	0.24	ns
Leaf sheath: length of leaf sheath		
Mean	19.40	19.00
Std. Deviation	2.30	3.00
LSD/sig	1.8	ns
Leaf blade: length of leaf blade on	fourth visible node from stolon	tip (mm)
Mean	33.50	34.40
Std. Deviation	6.50	12.40
LSD/sig	7.5	ns
$\Box$ Leaf blade: width of leaf blade on		
Mean	6.01	5.92
Std. Deviation	0.71	0.55

I CD/cic	0.48	***			
LSD/sig		ns			
Leaf blade: length:width ratio of leaf blade on fourth visible node from stolon tip					
Mean	5.61	5.74			
Std. Deviation	1.15	1.58			
LSD/sig	1.25	ns			
Internode: length of internode bet	ween fourth and fifth tiller leave	s with visible blade-sheath			
junctions (mm)					
Mean	28.00	30.60			
Std. Deviation	9.60	8.60			
LSD/sig	9.0	ns			
☐ Internode: width of internode bety	veen fourth and fifth tiller leaves	s with visible blade-sheath			
junctions (mm)					
Mean	2.77	3.29			
Std. Deviation	0.62	0.79			
LSD/sig	0.62	ns			
Leaf sheath: length of sheath on for	ourth tiller leaf with visible blad	e-sheath junction (mm)			
Mean	64.80	56.50			
Std. Deviation	12.30	11.10			
LSD/sig	7.0	P≤0.01			
Leaf blade: length of blade on fou	rth tiller leaf with visible blade-	sheath junction (mm)			
Mean	297.60	234.50			
Std. Deviation	54.60	61.90			
LSD/sig	54.6	P≤0.01			
Leaf blade: width of blade on four	th tiller leaf with visible blade-s	sheath junction (mm)			
Mean	7.69	7.63			
Std. Deviation	0.96	0.74			
LSD/sig	0.88	ns			
Tiller leaf: length: width ratio of fourth tiller leaf with visible blade-sheath junction					
Mean	39.44	31.08			
Std. Deviation	9.53	9.11			
LSD/sig	9.23	ns			

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

 $\label{eq:decomposition} Description: \textbf{D.S. Loch}, Alexandra \ Hills, \ QLD \ and \ \textbf{M. Zorin,} \ Birkdale, \ QLD.$ 

Application Number 2006/360 Variety Name 'Fenice' Genus Species Lilium hybrid

**Common Name** Lily **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 27 Jun 2007

**Applicant** Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V., Rijnsburg, The

Netherlands.

**Agent** Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne,

VIC.

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LEL 2211

**Reference Number** 

**Location** DLO Foundation, WOT-unit, CGN Plant Variety Office

(CPVO).

**Descriptor** Lily (*Lilium*) TG/59/6.

**Period** Winter 2004.

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°.5′S, Longitude 145°.3′E, Elevation 250m), in an environmentally controlled greenhouse during late spring 2005 (Southern Hemisphere). Cool-stored bulbs planted into a pine-bark based potting mix held in rectangular trays 60x40cm in area and 15-18cm deep. Plants spaced to express their true growth characteristics. Plants throughout their life cycle maintained under sound cultural practices. Overall plants growth vigorous, free from

stress.

**Trial Design**Trays for each variety were replicated twice and each tray

held 10-15 bulbs of flowering size.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements made at random from within

the plant population. Weak plants were rejected. Measurements taken were: stem length excluding flower head, length and width of leaves sampled midway along stem, length and width of longest outer tepal, and flower number in

flower head.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Cross-pollination: phenotype was discovered as a result of a yearly random cross-pollination breeding program under controlled conditions in a dedicated greenhouse at Rijnsburg, the Netherlands on the property of the breeder. Initial multiplication was by tissue culture. Bulbs produced were grown on the premises of the breeder at several locations and flowered over a number of seasons. This phenotype appeared genetically stable over two generations. Later multiplication was also by scaling of mature bulbs. Breeder: Cees A v.d Voort.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	type	oriental hybrid
Flower	colour	light to medium pink

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Fenice'	'Sorbonne'
	*Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
	C	present	absent
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration  Stem: distribution of anthocyanin colouration	speckled and striped	absent
	Stem: number of leaves on middle third	few to medium	few to medium
	*Leaf: arrangement	alternate	
	*Leaf: level of tip compared to point of attachment to stem	same level	
	*Leaf: distal part	straight	
	Leaf: length	medium	
	Leaf: width	medium to broad	broad
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	
	Leaf: cross section	flat	
	*Inflorescence: type	racemose	
	Inflorescence: number of flowers	few	few to medium
	Inflorescence: pubescence	very weak to weak	
	Flower: type	single	
	*Flower: attitude of longitudinal axis	erect	erect to horizontal
	Flower: length of longest outer tepal	medium	
	Flower: width of widest outer tepal	medium to broad	
col	*Flower: main colour of inner side of inner tepal (RHS our chart)	red-purple group; between RHS 68B-73B (RHS 70B-70C)	group red purple: RHS 64D
<b>▽</b> col	Flower: main colour of outer side of inner tepal (RHS our chart)	red-purple group: near RHS 73C (near RHS 70C)	group red purple: RHS 62B
<b>▼</b> col	*Flower: main colour of inner side of outer tepal (RHS our chart)	red-purple group; between RHS 68B-73B (near RHS 70C-70D)	group red purple: RHS 64D
	*Flower: type of colouration of inner side of inner tepal	self coloured	
~	*Flower: colour of the nectar furrow	yellow green	green
	*Tepal: spots on inner side	present	
	*Tepal: number of spots on inner side	few	
	*Tepal: size of spotted area on inner side	small to medium	

*Tepal: spots on papillae	present	absent
*Tepal: colour at the base of the main vein	yellow	red
Tepal: texture of inner side	papillose	
Tepal: undulation of margin	weak to medium	
Tepal: type of undulation of margin	fine and coarse	
*Tepal: recurved part	distal part only	
*Tepal: degree of recurving	weak to medium	medium to strong
Stamen: length	medium	
*Stamen: main colour of filament	green	
*Stamen: colour of anther	orange brown	
Pollen: colour	orange	orange brown
*Style: main colour	green	
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	above	
Stigma: colour	grey	purple
*Time of: flowering Note: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.	early to medium	

**Statistical Table** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Fenice'
☐ Stem: length excluding inflorescence (mm)	
Mean	79.80
Std. Deviation	5.20
Outer tepal: length (mm)	
Mean	152.20
Std. Deviation	5.30
Outer tepal: width (mm)	
Mean	53.40
Std. Deviation	3.90
Flower: number in raceme	
Mean	2.60
Std. Deviation	0.50
Leaf: half way along stem: length (mm)	
Mean	111.00
Std. Deviation	12.50
Leaf: half way along stem: width (mm)	
Mean	23.60
Std. Deviation	2.10

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2003	Granted	'Finice'
New Zealand	2006	Applied	'Fenice'

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2005.

Description: Brian Hanger, Wantirna, VIC.

Application Number 2006/364
Variety Name 'Argentina'
Genus Species *Lilium* hybrid

**Common Name** Lily **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 27 Jun 2007

**Applicant** Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V., Rijnsburg, The

Netherlands.

**Agent** Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne,

VIC.

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LEL 2102

**Reference Number** 

**Location** DLO Foundation, WOT-unit, CGN Plant Variety Office

(CPVO).

**Descriptor** Lily (*Lilium*) TG/59/6

**Period** 2003

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°.5′S, Longitude 145°.3′E, Elevation 250m), in an environmentally controlled greenhouse during late autumn/early spring 2006 (Southern Hemisphere). Cool-stored bulbs planted into a pine-bark based potting mix held in rectangular trays 60x40cm in area and 15-18cm deep. Plants spaced to express their true growth characteristics. Plants throughout their life cycle maintained under sound cultural practices. Overall plants growth

vigorous, free from stress.

**Trial Design** Trays for each variety were replicated twice and each tray

held 10-15 bulbs of flowering size.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements made at random from within

the plant population. Weak plants were rejected. Measurements taken were: stem length excluding flower head, length and width of leaves sampled midway along stem, length and width of longest outer tepal, and flower number in

flower head.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Cross-pollination: phenotype was discovered as a result of a yearly random cross-pollination breeding program under controlled conditions in a dedicated greenhouse at Rijnsburg, the Netherlands on the property of the breeder. Initial multiplication was by tissue culture. Bulbs produced were grown on the premises of the breeder at several locations and flowered over a number of seasons. This phenotype appeared genetically stable over two generations. Later multiplication was also by scaling of mature bulbs. Breeder; Cees A v.d Voort.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

variety of Common	Knowleage
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Con

**Context** State of Expression in Group of Varieties type oriental hybrid

Plant type oriental hybrid Flower colour medium red purple

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Tiber'	Closest comparator.	

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	g Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Sorbonne'	plant	height	medium	medium to tall
'Sorbonne'	inflorescence	compactness	compact	open
'Sorbonne'	flower	colour nectar furrow	yellow	yellow green

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Argentina'	'Tiber'
*Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
Stem: distribution of anthocyanin colouration	speckled and striped	
Stem: number of leaves on middle third	few to medium	
*Leaf: arrangement	alternate	
*Leaf: level of tip compared to point of attachment to stem	same level	
*Leaf: distal part	straight	
Leaf: length	medium to long	medium
Leaf: width	broad	
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	
Leaf: cross section	flat	
*Inflorescence: type	racemose	
☐ Inflorescence: number of flowers	few	few to medium
Inflorescence: pubescence	very weak to weak	
Flower: type	single	
*Flower: attitude of longitudinal axis	erect to horizontal	
Flower: length of longest outer tepal	medium	
Flower: width of widest outer tepal	medium to broad	
*Flower: main colour of inner side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	red-purple group: near RHS N66C (nearest RHS 66C/74C)	red purple (near RHS 64D)
Flower: main colour of outer side of inner tepal (RHS	red-purple group:	red purple (near

colour chart)	near RHS N66D (nearest RHS 70C)	RHS 62B)
*Flower: main colour of inner side of outer tepal (RHS colour chart)	red-purple group: near RHS N66C (nearest RHS 70B)	red purple (near RHS 64D)
*Flower: colour of the nectar furrow	yellow green	green
*Tepal: spots on inner side	present	
*Tepal: number of spots on inner side	few to medium	
*Tepal: size of spotted area on inner side	medium	
*Tepal: spots on papillae	present	absent
*Tepal: colour at the base of the main vein	yellow	red
Tepal: texture of inner side	papillose	
Tepal: undulation of margin	weak	
Tepal: type of undulation of margin	fine and coarse	
*Tepal: recurved part	distal part only	
*Tepal: degree of recurving	medium	
Stamen: length	medium	
*Stamen: main colour of filament	green	
*Stamen: colour of anther	reddish brown	
Pollen: colour	orange brown	
*Style: main colour	green	
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	above	
□ Stigma: colour	purple	
*Time of: flowering	early to medium	
Note: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.		

### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Argentina'
Flower: number in inflorescence	
Mean	4.80
Std. Deviation	1.30
Stem: length excluding inflorescence (mm)	
Mean	59.40
Std. Deviation	4.10
Leaf midway on stem: length (mm)	
Mean	116.00
Std. Deviation	14.40
Leaf midway on stem: width (mm)	
Mean	159.10
Std. Deviation	8.60
Outer tepal: length (mm)	

Mean	159.10
Std. Deviation	8.60
Outer tepal: width (mm)	
Mean	54.40
Std. Deviation	3.60

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2006	Applied	'Argentina'
EU	2003	Granted	'Argentina'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'Argentina'

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2004.

Description: Brian Hanger, Wantirna, VIC.

**Application Number** 2006/362 **Variety Name** 'Belladonna' **Genus Species** *Lilium* hybrid

**Common Name** Lily **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 27 Jun 2007

**Applicant** Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V., Rijnsburg, The

Netherlands.

**Agent** Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne,

VIC.

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LEL 2377

**Reference Number** 

Location DLO Foundation, WOT-unit, CGN Plant Variety Office

(CPVO).

**Descriptor** Lily (*Lilium*) TG/59/6.

**Period** 2005

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°.5′S, Longitude 145°.3′E, Elevation 250m), in an environmentally controlled greenhouse during late autumn/early spring 2006 (Southern Hemisphere). Cool-stored bulbs planted into a pine-bark based potting mix held in rectangular trays 60x40cm in area and 15-18cm deep. Plants spaced to express their true growth characteristics. Plants throughout their life cycle maintained under sound cultural practices. Overall plants growth

vigorous, free from stress.

**Trial Design** Trays for each variety were replicated twice and each tray

held 10-15 bulbs of flowering size.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements made at random from within

the plant population. Weak plants were rejected. Measurements taken were: stem length excluding flower head, length and width of leaves sampled midway along stem, length and width of longest outer tepal, and flower number in

flower head.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent, breeder reference PG 96-034 x pollen parent 'Devotion'. This phenotype was discovered as a result of a yearly cross-pollination breeding program under controlled conditions in a dedicated breeding greenhouse at Rijnsburg, the Netherlands on the property of the breeder. Initial multiplication was by tissue culture. Bulbs produced were grown on the premises of the breeder at several locations in the Netherlands, and flowered over a number of seasons. This phenotype appeared genetically stable over three generations. Later multiplication was also by scaling of mature bulbs. Breeder: Cees A v.d Voort.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesFlowercolouryellow

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

	, out 1001000 01 0 0 1111111111111111111111
Name	Comments
'Conca D'Or'	Closest variety.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'PG 96-034	' plant height	medium to tall	short to medium	seed parent
'Devotion'	flower colour	light to medium yellow	medium to rich yellow	pollen parent

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Belladonna'	'Conca D'Or'
*Plant: height	medium to tall	medium
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present	
Stem: distribution of anthocyanin colouration	speckled and striped	even
Stem: number of leaves on middle third	few to medium	
*Leaf: arrangement	alternate	
*Leaf: level of tip compared to point of attachment to stem	above	same level
*Leaf: distal part	straight	
Leaf: length	medium to long	
Leaf: width	medium to broad	
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	
Leaf: cross section	flat	
*Inflorescence: type	racemose	
☐ Inflorescence: number of flowers	few	few to medium
Inflorescence: pubescence	very weak to weak	
Flower: type	single	
*Flower: attitude of longitudinal axis	erect to horizontal	
Flower: length of longest outer tepal	medium to long	
Flower: width of widest outer tepal	medium to broad	
*Flower: main colour of inner side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	(RHS 8A and 8B)	yellow, near RHS 9B/12B
Flower: main colour of outer side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	light yellow, RHS between 9B/9C (RHS 8B-8D)	light yellow. RHS 9D
*Flower: main colour of inner side of outer tepal (RHS	yellow, near RHS 9A (RHS 8B)	yellow, near RHS 9B/12B

colour chart)		
*Flower: type of colouration of inner side of inner tepal	self coloured	
*Flower: colour of the nectar furrow	green	
*Tepal: spots on inner side	absent	
*Tepal: spots on papillae	absent	
*Tepal: colour at the base of the main vein	yellow green	yellow
Tepal: texture of inner side	papillose	
Tepal: undulation of margin	weak	
Tepal: type of undulation of margin	fine and coarse	
*Tepal: recurved part	distal part only	
*Tepal: degree of recurving	weak to medium	medium to strong
Stamen: length	long	
*Stamen: main colour of filament	green	
*Stamen: colour of anther	reddish brown	
Pollen: colour	orange brown	light brown
*Style: main colour	green	
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	above	
Stigma: colour	dark purple	
*Time of: flowering	medium	
Note: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.		
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Belladonna'	
Stem: length excluding inflorescence (mm)		
Mean	78.60	
Std. Deviation	2.00	
Leaf midway on stem: length (mm)	120.20	
Mean Std. Deviation	129.20 14.10	
Leaf midway on stem: width (mm)	11.10	
Mean	20.40	
Std. Deviation	2.30	
Outer tepal: length (mm)		
Mean	142.60	
Std. Deviation	3.80	
Outer tepal: width (mm)		
Mean Std. Designing	46.60	
Std. Deviation	1.50	
Flower: number in inflorescence Mean	3.60	
Std. Deviation	0.00	

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Std. Deviation

0.90

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2006	Applied	'Belladonna'
EU	2005	Granted	'Belladonna'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'Belladonna'

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2005.

Description: Brian Hanger, Wantirna, VIC.

Application Number 2007/154
Variety Name 'LIDO'
Genus Species Lilium
Common Name Lily
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 19 Jul 2007

**Applicant** Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V.

**Agent** Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Overseas Testing Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LEL 2215

**Reference Number** 

Location DLO Foundation, WOT-unit, CGN Plant Variety Office

(CPVO).

**Descriptor** Lily (*Lilium*) TG/59/6.

**Period** 2004.

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°.5'S, Longitude 145°.3'E, Elevation 250m), in an environmentally controlled greenhouse during late autumn/early spring 2006 (Southern Hemisphere). Cool-stored bulbs planted into a pine-bark based potting mix held in rectangular trays 60x40cm in area and 15-18cm deep. Plants spaced to express their true growth characteristics. Plants throughout their life cycle maintained under sound cultural practices. Overall plants growth

vigorous, free from stress.

**Trial Design** Trays for each variety were replicated twice and each tray

held 10-15 bulbs of flowering size.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements made at random from within

the plant population. Weak plants were rejected. Measurements taken were: stem length excluding flower head, length and width of leaves sampled midway along stem, length and width of longest outer tepal, and flower number in

flower head.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent breeder reference 93-040 x pollen parent breeder reference RW97-001. This phenotype was discovered as a result of a yearly cross-pollination breeding program under controlled conditions in a dedicated breeding greenhouse at Rijnsburg, the Netherlands on the property of the breeder. Initial multiplication was by tissue culture. Bulbs produced were grown on the premises of the breeder at several locations in the Netherlands, and flowered over a number of seasons. This phenotype appeared genetically stable over three generations. Later multiplication was also by scaling of mature bulbs. Selection criteria: strong pink flower colour, upright flowers in inflorescence. Breeder: Cees A v.d Voort.

**Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context **State of Expression in Group of Varieties** Plant oriental hybrid type

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments 'Le Reve' Closest variety.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	0	_	State of Expression in	Comments	
	Characteristi	ics	in Candidate Variet	in Candidate VarietyComparator Variety		
93-040	flower	colour	pink	white/pink	seed parent	
RW97-00	1 inflorescence	flower number	few	many	pollen parent	
RW97-00 'Fenice'	olflower tepal	colour spots on inner side	pink absent	white present	pollen parent	
'Fenice'	flower	nectar furrow colour	green	yellow green		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	an/Plant Part: Context	'LIDO'	'Le Reve'
☐ ;	*Plant: height	medium to tall	
<u> </u>	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present	
	Stem: distribution of anthocyanin colouration	speckled and striped	
	Stem: number of leaves on middle third	few to medium	
	*Leaf: arrangement	alternate	
☐ ;	*Leaf: level of tip compared to point of attachment to stem	above	
☐ :	*Leaf: distal part	straight	
	Leaf: length	medium	
	Leaf: width	medium to broad	
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	
	Leaf: cross section	flat	
	*Inflorescence: type	racemose	
	Inflorescence: number of flowers	few	
□ <u>j</u>	Inflorescence: pubescence	very weak to weak	
	Flower: type	single	
₹ ,	*Flower: attitude of longitudinal axis	erect	horizontal
	Flower: length of longest outer tepal	medium to long	
	Flower: width of widest outer tepal	medium to broad	

*Flower: main colour of inner side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	red-purple group: between RHS 73B-C (near RHS 65B/73D)	
Flower: main colour of outer side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	red-purple group: between RHS 73C-D (near RHS 73D/75C)	
*Flower: main colour of inner side of outer tepal (RHS colour chart)	red-purple group: between RHS 73B-C (near RHS 65B/73D)	
*Flower: type of colouration of inner side of inner tepal	self coloured	
*Flower: colour of the nectar furrow	green	yellow
*Tepal: spots on inner side	absent	present
*Tepal: spots on papillae	absent	
*Tepal: colour at the base of the main vein	pink	
Tepal: texture of inner side	papillose	
Tepal: undulation of margin	medium to strong	
Tepal: type of undulation of margin	fine and coarse	
*Tepal: recurved part	distal part only	
*Tepal: degree of recurving	medium	
Stamen: length	medium	
*Stamen: main colour of filament	green	
*Stamen: colour of anther	purple	
Pollen: colour	orange brown	
*Style: main colour	green	
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	above	
Stigma: colour	grey	purple red
*Time of: flowering Note: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.	medium	
Statistical Table	(I IDO)	
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LIDO'	
Stem: length excluding inflorescence (mm) Mean	89.10	
Std. Deviation	6.00	
Leaf: length midway along stem (mm)		
Mean	97.00	
Std. Deviation	12.30	
Leaf: width midway along stem (mm) Mean	20.00	
Std. Deviation	3.70	

Outer tepal: length (mm)	
Mean	135.10
Std. Deviation	4.10
Outer tepal: width (mm)	
Mean	37.20
Std. Deviation	1.90
Flower: number	
Mean	2.80
Std. Deviation	0.80
Prior Applications and Sales	

Country Name Applied 'LIDO' Year **Current Status** EU 2005 Granted

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2005.

Description: Brian Hanger, Wantirna, VIC.

Application Number 2006/361 Variety Name 'Giacondo' Genus Species *Lilium* hybrid

**Common Name** Lily **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 27 Jun 2007

**Applicant** Vletter & Den Haan Beheer B.V., Rijnsburg, The

Netherlands.

**Agent** Watermark - Patent & Trademark Attorneys, Melbourne,

VIC.

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Overseas Testing** Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

**Authority** 

Overseas Data LEL 2348

**Reference Number** 

**Location** DLO Foundation, WOT-unit, CGN Plant Variety Office

(CPVO).

**Descriptor** Lily (*Lilium*) TG/59/6.

**Period** 2005.

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°.5′S, Longitude 145°.3′E, Elevation 250m), in an environmentally controlled greenhouse during late autumn/early spring 2006 (Southern Hemisphere). Cool-stored bulbs planted into a pine-bark based potting mix held in rectangular trays 60x40cm in area and 15-18cm deep. Plants spaced to express their true growth characteristics. Plants throughout their life cycle maintained under sound cultural practices. Overall plants growth

vigorous, free from stress.

**Trial Design** Trays for each variety were replicated twice and each tray

held 10-15 bulbs of flowering size.

**Measurements** Observations and measurements made at random from within

the plant population. Weak plants were rejected. Measurements taken were: stem length excluding flower head, length and width of leaves sampled midway along stem, length and width of longest outer tepal, and flower number in

flower head.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Gentile' x pollen parent 'Benevento'. This phenotype was discovered as a result of a yearly cross-pollination breeding program under controlled conditions in a dedicated breeding greenhouse at Rijnsburg, the Netherlands on the property of the breeder. Initial multiplication was by tissue culture. Bulbs produced were grown on the premises of the breeder at several locations in the Netherlands, and flowered over a number of seasons. This phenotype appeared genetically stable over three generations. Later multiplication was also by scaling of mature bulbs. Selection criteria: strong pink flower colour, upright flowers in inflorescence. Breeder; Cees A v.d Voort.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	type	oriental hybrid
Flower	colour	whitish pink

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTILLET	various of common time wreage racinities (ve
Name	Comments
'Marco Polo'	closest comparator

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishin	g	<b>State of Expression</b>	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics		in Candidate VarietyComparator Variety		
'Gentile'	inflorescence	flower number	few	very few to few	seed parent
'Gentile' 'Benevento' 'Gentile'	flower flower tepal	colour colour undulation of margin	whitish pink whitish pink weak to medium	pale pink white medium to strong	seed parent pollen parent pollen parent

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Giacondo'	'Marco Polo'
*Plant: height	tall	
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	present	
Stem: distribution of anthocyanin colouration	speckled and striped	
Stem: number of leaves on middle third	few	
*Leaf: arrangement	alternate	
*Leaf: level of tip compared to point of attachment to stem	same level	
*Leaf: distal part	straight	
Leaf: length	medium	
Leaf: width	broad	
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	
Leaf: cross section	flat	
*Inflorescence: type	racemose	
Inflorescence: number of flowers	few	very few to few
Inflorescence: pubescence	very weak to weak	
Flower: type	single	
*Flower: attitude of longitudinal axis	erect to horizontal	erect
Flower: length of longest outer tepal	medium to long	
Flower: width of widest outer tepal	medium to broad	
*Flower: main colour of inner side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	white near RHS 155B with pink	

	flush RHS 68C	
Flower: main colour of outer side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	white near RHS 155C	
*Flower: main colour of inner side of outer tepal (RHS colour chart)	white near RHS 155B with pink flush RHS 68C	
*Flower: type of colouration of inner side of inner tepal	self coloured	
*Flower: colour distribution (single coloured varieties only)	lighter towards base	
*Flower: colour of the nectar furrow	green	
*Tepal: spots on inner side	absent	present
*Tepal: spots on papillae	absent	present
*Tepal: colour at the base of the main vein	white	green
Tepal: texture of inner side	papillose	
Tepal: undulation of margin	weak to medium	
Tepal: type of undulation of margin	fine and coarse	
*Tepal: recurved part	distal part only	
*Tepal: degree of recurving	medium	
Stamen: length	medium	
*Stamen: main colour of filament	green	
*Stamen: colour of anther	purple	
Pollen: colour	reddish brown	
*Style: main colour	green	
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	above	
Stigma: colour	grey	green
*Time of: flowering	medium	
Note: Data within parenthesis are from local observations.		

### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Giacondo'
Stem: length excluding inflorescence (mm)	
Mean	102.80
Std. Deviation	10.20
Leaf: length (mm)	
Mean	159.40
Std. Deviation	2.80
Leaf: width (mm)	
Mean	43.60
Std. Deviation	2.40
Outer tepal: length (mm)	
Mean	128.00
Std. Deviation	7.10
Outer tepal: width (mm)	

Mean	39.40
Std. Deviation	3.40
Flowers: number	
Mean	4.40
Std. Deviation	0.50

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2006	Applied	'Giacondo'
EU	2005	Granted	'Giacondo'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'Giacondo'

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2005.

Description: Brian Hanger, Wantirna, VIC.

**Application Number** 2003/251 **Variety Name** 'Bella'

Genus SpeciesCitrus hybridCommon NameMandarin

**Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 9 Dec 2003

**Applicant** K.E. Walker, Gol Gol, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Garth Swinburn

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Sturt Highway, Monak, NSW.

**Descriptor** Mandarin (*Citrus* Group 1) TG/201/1.

**Period** Sep 2005 to Sep 2007.

Conditions The candidate mandarin ('Bella') and two comparator mandarin

varieties ('Honey Murcott' and 'Topaz') were grafted onto established 'Sweet Orange' rootstock at Monak in 2005. The candidate graft material was sourced from trees that had been propagated during the late 1990s from daughter trees of the original source seedling tree. By Sep 2006 the grafts were well developed and flowered with adequate abundance to commence measurements. Plant measurements were made between Sep 2006

and Sep 2007.

**Trial Design** Three varieties were compared: the candidate and two comparator

varieties. Each variety plot consisted of three grafted trees. Each plot was replicated three times within the same row, providing a

total of nine trees per variety for comparison.

**Measurements** Measurements were made on flowers, shoots, leaves and fruit.

**RHS Chart - edition** Nil

### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollinated seedling: The candidate variety arose in 1993 as a seedling growing in an existing orchard of 'Ellendale' mandarin trees. Seven daughter trees were propagated from that seedling. Further propagation from those daughter trees in the late 1990s provided adequate trees from which to take cuttings to graft onto 80 trees to test stability of fruit characteristics. The fruit of the new variety is round in shape and deep orange in colour which is distinctly different from the parental variety 'Ellendale'. Selection criteria: late maturity, rind colour. Propagation: vegetatively by grafting. Breeder: Ken Walker, Gol Gol, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	shape in transverse section	circular
Fruit	length/diameter ratio	medium
Fruit	presence of collar	absent
Fruit	general shape of distal part	flattened
Fruit	presence of depression at distal end	present
Fruit	diameter of depression at distal end	small
Fruit	persistence of style	none
Fruit	presence of navel opening	absent
Fruit	rind thickness	medium

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	<b>Distinguishing Characteristics</b>		State of Expression Candidate	onState of Expression in Comparator Variety
			Variety	Comparator variety
'Ellendale'	fruit	shape	round	flat
'Ellendale'	fruit	maturity	very late	late
'Sweet Orange'	fruit	size	small to medium	medium-large
'Sweet Orange'	fruit	seediness	few seeds	many seeds
'Valencia'	fruit	size	small to medium	very large
'Afourer'	fruit	maturity	very late	mid season

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bella'	'Honey Murcott'	'Topaz'
Tree: density of spines	absent or sparse	intermediate	absent or sparse
Tree: length of spines	short	short	short
Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium	short to medium
Leaf blade: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	nmedium to large	medium to large	medium
Leaf blade: shape in cross section	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
Leaf blade: twisting	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: blistering	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: green colour	medium	light to medium	light to medium
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	crenate	crenate	crenate
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf blade: emargination at tip	absent	absent	absent
Petiole: length	medium	medium	medium
Petiole: presence of wings	present	absent	absent
Petiole: width of wings (varieties with petiole wings present only)	very narrow	n/a	n/a
*Fruit: length	short to medium	very short to short	medium to long
*Fruit: diameter	small to medium	small	medium
*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	medium	medium	medium
*Fruit: position of broadest part	towards distal end	at middle	towards distal end
Fruit: shape in transverse	circular 190 of 355	circular	circular

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Honey Murcott'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Topaz'

section

section			
*Fruit: general shape of proximal part	slightly rounded	flattened	slightly rounded
*Fruit: presence of neck	present	absent	present
Fruit: length of neck (necked varieties only)	short	n/a	short
Fruit: thickness of neck (necked varieties only)	medium	n/a	medium
Fruit: number of radial grooves at stalk end	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
Fruit: length of radial grooves at stalk end	short	long	short
Fruit: depression at stalk attachment (necked varieties only)	intermediate	absent or shallow	intermediate
Fruit: presence of collar	absent	absent	absent
*Fruit: general shape of distarpart	<sup>1</sup> flattened	flattened	flattened
*Fruit: presence of depression at distal end	present	present	present
Fruit: depth of depression at distal end	medium	shallow	shallow
Fruit: diameter of depression at distal end	small	small	small
*Fruit: presence of areola	absent	absent	complete
Fruit: diameter of stylar scar	very small to small	small to medium	medium
Fruit: persistence of style	none	none	none
Fruit: presence of navel opening	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: presence of radial grooves at distal end	absent	absent	present
*Fruit surface: predominant colours	dark orange	yellow orange	dark orange
*Fruit surface: glossiness	absent or very weak	C .	absent or very weak
Fruit surface: roughness	medium	very smooth to smooth	medium to rough
Fruit surface: size of oil glands	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size
Fruit surface: size of larger oil glands	medium	medium	medium
Fruit surface: conspicuousness of larger oil glands	weak	weak	weak
Fruit surface: presence of pitting and pebbling in oil glands	pitting present, pebbling absent	pitting and pebbling absent	pitting present, pebbling absent
Fruit surface: density of pitting (varieties with fruit	medium	n/a	medium

surface: pitting on oil glands present only)			
*Fruit rind: thickness	medium	medium	medium
*Fruit rind: adherence to flesh	weak	medium	medium to strong
Fruit rind: strength	medium	weak	medium
Fruit rind: oiliness	dry to medium	medium to oily	dry to medium
Fruit rind: conspicuousness of oil glands on inner surface	absent or weakly conspicuous	absent or weakly conspicuous	absent or weakly conspicuous
Fruit: colour of albedo	light orange	light orange	light yellow
Fruit: density of albedo	loose	medium	dense
*Fruit: amount of albedo adhering to flesh	small	medium	large
Fruit: presence of albedo strands	present	present	absent
Fruit: amount of albedo strands	large	medium	small
*Fruit: main colour of flesh	medium orange	light orange	medium orange
Fruit: filling of core	absent or very sparse	medium	sparse
Fruit: diameter of core	large	small	medium
Fruit: number of well developed segments	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: coherence of adjacent segment walls	weak	medium	weak
Fruit: strength of segment walls	strong	medium	medium
Fruit: length of juice vesicles	medium	short	medium
Fruit: thickness of juice vesicles	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: conspicuousness of juice vesicle walls	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: coherence of juice vesicles	weak	weak	weak
*Fruit: presence of navel (viewed internally)	absent or very rare	absent or very rare	absent or very rare
Fruit: juiciness	medium	medium to high	high
*Fruit juice: total soluble solids	medium	high	medium
Fruit juice: acidity	very low	low to medium	low to medium
Fruit: number of seeds (open pollination)	few	many	medium
Seed: length	medium	short	medium to long
☐ Seed: width	medium	medium	broad
Seed: surface	wrinkled	smooth	wrinkled

Seed: prominence of wrinkles (varieties with seed surface wrinkled only)	weak	n/a	weak
Seed: external colour	yellowish	brownish	yellowish
*Time of: maturity of fruit for consumption	late to very late	n/a	late to very late
*Fruit: parthenocarpy	absent	n/a	n/a
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bella'	'Honey Murcott'	'Topaz'
Leaf: leaf blade length (mm)	)		
Mean	87.00	82.50	74.10
Std. Deviation	12.49	12.13	10.01
LSD/sig	7.63	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: acid (%)			
Mean	0.68	0.95	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.01	0.09	0.06
LSD/sig	0.18	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: total soluble solids (de	egrees brix)		
Mean	12.08	15.06	11.80
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.05	0.70
LSD/sig	1.28	P≤0.01	ns
Fruit: juiciness (%)			
Mean	34.22	45.97	51.92
Std. Deviation	6.29	0.99	2.69
LSD/sig	12.08	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: length (mm)			
Mean	59.20	54.57	64.00
Std. Deviation	7.76	10.30	5.33
LSD/sig	4.22	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter (mm)			
Mean	65.00	60.18	73.50
Std. Deviation	5.98	7.71	5.16
LSD/sig	3.67	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: ratio of length to width	1		
Mean	2.20	2.30	1.87
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.30	0.32
LSD/sig	0.25	ns	P≤0.01

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Garth Swinburn, Scholefield Robinson Mildura Pty Ltd, Mildura, VIC

of Application

**Application Number** 2003/060 **Variety Name** 'Dolce'

**Genus Species** *Mangifera indica* 

**Common Name** Mango **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 28 Mar 2003

**Applicant** Vasily Seminutin and Nadia Seminutin, Yarwin, QLD

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Anthony Whiley

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationYarwin, Central Queensland.DescriptorMango (Mangifera indica)

**Period** 2003-2007.

**Conditions** The comparative trial was established at Yarwin, QLD.

Conditions: scions of the candidate and comparator variety were grafted to seedling 'Kensington Pride' rootstocks. Trees were grown in a sandy loam soil of low natural fertility and planted 4x8m apart. Trees were grown following commercial practice as outlined in the Queensland DPI Mango

Information Kit (Agrilink series).

**Trial Design** Fifteen single tree replicates of each variety planted in a

completely randomised design.

Measurements Twenty random measurements were made from each of the

replicates.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Open-pollination: 'Dolce' was discovered in a 'Kensington Pride' orchard on the property of V. and N. Seminutin at Yarwin, central Queensland. The 'Kensington Pride' orchard was grafted to nucellar 'Kensington Pride' seedling rootstocks but on the 'Dolce' tree the graft had failed and the rootstock grew and began producing fruit. It is believed that 'Dolce' is an outcrossed seedling of 'Kensington Pride'. The tree was monitored for 3 years before establishing the comparative trial. Selection criteria: precocious, reliable cropping with large sweet fruit. Propagation: vegetatively propagated by grafting scions onto seedling rootstocks. Breeder: Mr V. and Mrs N. Seminutin, PO Box 95, Yarwin, QLD 4694.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	1 Ithowiedge	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Mature fruit	shape of left shoulder	rounded outward
Mature fruit	shape of right shoulder	rounded outward
Mature fruit	shape in cross section	broad elliptic
Mature fruit	groove in left shoulder	absent
Mature fruit	lumpiness on left shoulder	absent
Mature fruit	sinus proximal of stylar scar	absent
Mature fruit	bulge proximal of stylar scar	absent
Seed	polyembryony	present

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

171000 Diffilliar Tarrette	got common timo wreage tachemed ( v cli)
Name	Comments
'Kensington Pride'	'Kensington Pride' is the most common mango variety grown in Australia
	and is thought to be the maternal parent of the candidate

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Dolce'	'Kensington Pride'
*Tree: attitude of main branches	erect	erect
*Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal
Fully developed leaf: predominant shape	oblong	oblong
Fully developed leaf: colour	green	green
- unly developed real, colour	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: twisting of blade	concave	concave
Fully developed leaf: shape in cross section	always symmetric	always symmetric
runy developed lear. Symmetry		
Fully developed leaf: curvature of midrib	present	present
Fully developed leaf: position of curvature of midrib	from apex	from apex
Fully developed leaf: relief of upper surface	smooth	smooth
Fully developed leaf: shape of tip	attenuate	attenuate
Fully developed leaf: shape of base	acute	acute
Fully developed leaf: fragrance	present	present
*Inflorescence: attitude of axis	erect	erect
*Inflorescence: length	medium	medium
Inflorescence: width	medium	medium
*Inflorescence: colour of axis and branches	dark pink	pink
Inflorescence: leafy bracts	absent	absent
*Mature fruit: shape in cross section	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
☐ Mature fruit: depth of stalk cavity	shallow	medium
☐ Mature fruit: prominence of neck	weak	weak
*Mature fruit: shape of left shoulder	rounded outward	rounded outward
*Mature fruit: shape of right shoulder	rounded outward	rounded outward
Mature fruit: groove in left shoulder	absent	absent
Mature fruit: lumpiness on left shoulder	absent	absent
*Mature fruit: sinus proximal of stylar scar	absent	present
*Mature fruit: bulge proximal of stylar scar	absent	absent
*Seed: polyembryony	present	present
*Time of: fruit maturity	late	early to medium

### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Dolce'	'Kensington Pride'
Leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	170.60	192.90
Std. Deviation	4.80	6.67

LSD/sig	5.86	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	37.67	44.75
Std. Deviation	3.22	1.63
LSD/sig	2.57	P≤0.01
Leaf: length/width ratio		1 = 0.01
Mean	4.58	4.32
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.17
LSD/sig	0.19	P≤0.01
_	0.19	1 20.01
i eviete iengui (iiiii)	22.20	24.00
Mean Std. Deviation	23.38 1.96	24.99 2.06
LSD/sig	2.03	2.00 ns
_	2.03	115
Fruit: weight (g)	4.50.00	120.10
Mean	460.30	438.10
Std. Deviation	14.09	25.90
LSD/sig	21.03	P≤0.01
Fruit: length (mm)		
Mean	111.50	114.40
Std. Deviation	2.02	2.97
LSD/sig	2.56	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter (mm)		
Mean	89.56	86.23
Std. Deviation	1.82	1.99
LSD/sig	1.93	P≤0.01
Fruit: length/diameter ratio		
Mean	1.23	1.32
Std. Deviation	0.05	0.02
LSD/sig	0.04	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: Anthony Whiley, Sunshine Horticultural Services Pty Ltd, Nambour, QLD.

**Application Number** 2006/211

Variety Name 'Tequila Sunrise'
Genus Species Coprosma repens
Common Name Mirror Plant

**Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 10 Aug 2006

**Applicant** Annton Nursery Ltd, Cambridge, New Zealand

**Agent** Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Tynong, VIC.

**Descriptor** Coprosma (*Coprosma*) PBR COPR.

**Period** Spring/summer 2006.

Conditions The trial was grown in 14cm pots on benching with

commercial pine bark based potting mix that contained slow

release fertiliser, irrigation was from overhead sprinklers.

**Trial Design** 10 plants in block design.

**Measurements** Leaf measurements made from middle third of stem.

**RHS Chart - edition** RHS 1995.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: a sport appeared on Coprosma 'Yvonne' in Mar 2003 at the breeder's property in Cambridge, New Zealand. Cuttings were taken from this sport and grown on to establish stability, uniformity and distinctness. To date, the plant has grown through 12 generations with no off-types being recorded. Selection criteria: Plant: habit, foliage colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Stephen Burton, Cambridge, New Zealand.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	<b>State of Expression in Group of Varieties</b>
Plant	density	dense
Young leaf	main colour of upper side	orange and red
Leaf	shape of blade	oblong
Leaf	distribution of secondary colour	mainly in margin zone
	on upper side	

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Similar varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name Comments

'Evening Glow'

### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteris	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Yvonne 'Fire Burst'	Leaf Young leaf	variegation colour	present brown and red	absent pink and green
'Rainbow Surprise'	Mature leaf		greyed orange	orange brown to orange pink

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part:	Context	'Tequila Sunrise	'Evening Glow'		
Plant: growth ha	abit		upright	upright	
Plant: height		medium to tall	medium to tall		
☐ Plant: width			narrow to medium	narrow to medium narrow to medium	
Plant: density			dense	dense	
☐ Young leaf: nur	mber of colours on up	oper side	two	two	
	in colour of upper sic ation) (RHS Colour (		brown 200A	greyed orange 170B	
	ondary colour of upp ation) (RHS Colour (		red 45A	brown 200A	
Young leaf: dist	tribution of secondar	y colour on upper side	mainly in margin zone	mainly in margin zone	
Leaf: length of	blade		medium	short to medium	
Leaf: width at b	roadest part		medium to broad	medium to broad	
Leaf: number of	f colours on upper sid	de	two	two	
Leaf: main colo colouration) (RHS	our of upper side (incl Colour Chart)	brown 200A	greyed orange 169A		
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)			greyed orange 169A	brown 200A	
Leaf: distribution	on of secondary color	ır on upper side	mainly in margin zone	mainly in margin zone	
Leaf: shape of b	olade		oblong	oblong	
Leaf: shape of a	npex		acute	acute	
☐ Leaf: glossiness	S		strong	strong	
Leaf: undulation	n of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak		
e	round longitudinal ax	weak to medium	very weak to weak		
Prior Applications Country New Zealand	Sand Sales Year 2005		Name Applied Tequila Sunrise'		

Prior sale nil.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

Application Number 2007/006
Variety Name 'Goldenglow'
Genus Species Common Name Mirror Plant

**Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 25 Jan 2007

**Applicant** Growing Spectrum Ltd, Kinikini, New Zealand

**Agent** Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC

Qualified Person Mark Lunghusen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Greenhills propagation Nursery, Tynong, VIC.

**Descriptor** Coprosma (*Coprosma*) PBR COPR.

**Period** Spring/summer 2006

**Conditions** Plants were grown in 14cm pots in commercial pine bark

based potting mix with incorporated slow release fertiliser.

Plants were grown on benches with overhead watering.

**Trial Design** 10 plants in block design.

**Measurements** Leaf measurements made from middle third of stem.

**RHS Chart - edition** RHS 1995.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: a sport appeared on the variety 'Evening Glow' in Feb 2003 at the breeder's property in Kinikini, New Zealand. Cuttings were taken from this sport and grown on to determine stability, uniformity and distinctness. To date the plant has grown through 6 generations with no off-types being recorded. Selection criteria: Plant habit, foliage colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Peter Fraser, Waikato, New Zealand.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	shape of blade	oblong
Leaf	distribution of secondary colour on upper side	mainly in margin zone
Plant	density	dense
Young leaf	number of colours on upper	two

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)
Name	Comments

'Tequila Sunrise' 'Evening Glow'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Fire Burst'	young leaf colour	orange and red	pink and green	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Goldenglow'	'Evening Glow'	'Tequila Sunrise'
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright
Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall
Plant: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
Plant: density	dense	dense	dense
Young leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two	two
Young leaf: main colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	yellow 6A	yellow-green 154A	brown RHS 200A
Young leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	green 139A	brown 200A	red RHS 45A
Young leaf: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	mainly in margin zone	mainly in margin zone	mainly in margin zone
Leaf: length of blade	short to medium	medium	medium
Leaf: width at broadest part	medium to broad	medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two	two
Leaf: main colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	red 42A	greyed orange 169A	brown RHS 200A
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (including anthocyanin colouration) (RHS Colour Chart)	brown 200A	brown 200A	greyed orange RHS 169A
Leaf: distribution of secondary colour or upper side	nmainly in margin zone	mainly in margin zone	mainly in margin zone
Leaf: shape of blade	oblong	oblong	oblong
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf: glossiness	strong	strong	strong
Leaf: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
☐ Leaf: twisting around longitudinal axis	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	weak to medium

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2005	Applied	'Golden Glow'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Cranbourne, VIC.

**Application Number** 2002/161

Variety Name 'Klondike White' Genus Species Prunus persica

**Common Name** Peach **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 16 Apr 2003

**Applicant** Zaiger's Inc. Genetics, Modesto, CA, USA

**Agent** Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

**Qualified Person** Lisa Corcoran

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing US Patent and Trademark Office

**Authority** 

Overseas Data Plant Patent 10,872

**Reference Number** 

**Descriptor** Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Conditions Where possible the US Plant Patent data was verified under

local conditions at Yellingbo, VIC. The US Plant Patent data

was converted into standard UPOV descriptors.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: the new and distinct variety of peach tree was developed by Zaiger Inc. Genetics at their experimental orchard near Modesto, California. The present variety originated as a first generation cross of selected seedling with field identification number 37G890 as the maternal parent and 'May Crest' peach as the pollen parent. The female parent (37G890) originated from a cross of 'Ruby Gold' nectarine with a white peach of unknown parentage. A large number of these first generation seedlings were planted and observed growing on their own roots. The selected seedling was chosen for asexual propagation and commercialisation based on its desirable fruiting characteristics. Breeder: Zaiger Inc. Genetics.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Kin	wicage	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	flesh colour	white
Fruit	flavour	sub-acid
Flower	type	showy
Tree	size	large
Tree	habit	upright

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Sierra Snow'	Matures approximately 7 days earlier than 'Klondike White'. Also 'Sierra Snow' is a clingstone peach whereas 'Klondike White' is a freestone.

### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

# Variety Distinguishing State of Expression State of Expression in Comments Characteristics in Candidate Variety Comparator Variety 'White Fruit degree of very high medium 'Klondike White' has a much darker over colour and a more over colour coverage. 'Klondike White' also matures later than 'White Lady'.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	Organ/Plant Part: Context  'Klondike White' Sierra Snow'					
	*Tree: size	large	large			
	*Tree: habit	upright	upright			
	*Flower: type	showy	showy			
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	greenish yellow	greenish yellow			
	*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink				
	*Petal: size	large	large			
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present			
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present			
	*Leaf blade: length	long	long			
	*Leaf blade: width	broad	broad			
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present			
~	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	round	reniform			
	*Fruit: size	large	large			
	*Fruit: shape	round	round			
	*Fruit: shape of pistil end	weakly pointed	weakly pointed			
	*Fruit: ground colour	cream white	cream green			
	Fruit: over colour	present	present			
	Fruit: hue of over colour	medium red	medium red			
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush			
~	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large	medium			
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present			
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	medium	medium			
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium			
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm			
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	cream white	white			
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	• •	absent or very weakly expressed			
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed			

	1	1	wooldly oversess	L wooldly owned
*Fruit: anth	nocyanin colouration are	ound stone	weakiy expressed	l weakly expressed
☐ Fruit: textu	re of the flesh		fibrous	fibrous
*Stone: sha	npe		obovate	obovate
☐ Stone: relie	ef of surface		pits and grooves	pits and grooves
☐ Stone: tend	ency of splitting		absent or very lov	wabsent or very low
*Stone: adl	nerence to flesh		absent	present
*Time of: \text{\text{l}}	beginning of flowering		medium	medium
□ *Duration of	of: flowering		medium	medium
*Time of: 1	naturity		medium	early to medium
Prior Applications and Sales				
Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied	
USA	1997	Granted	'Klondike White'	

'Klondike White'

Applied

First sold in USA in Apr 1999. First Australian sale June 2001.

 $Description: \textbf{Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nurseries \& Associates Pty Ltd, \texttt{Monbulk}, \texttt{VIC}.$ 

2004

South Africa

**Application Number** 2007/039 **Variety Name** 'Alto'

**Genus Species Common Name**Lolium perenne

Perennial Ryegrass

Svnonvm Nil

**Accepted Date** 5 Mar 2007

**Applicant** New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd, Christchurch, New Zealand

**Agent** Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

**Qualified Person** Allen Newman

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Plant Variety Rights Office, New Zealand

**Authority** 

Overseas Data RYG069

**Reference Number** 

LocationLincoln, Canterbury, New Zealand.DescriptorRyegrass (new) (Lolium spp.) TG/4/8

**Period** 2003-2005

**Conditions** Centralised trials conducted on contract under the directorship

of the New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office.

**Trial Design** Randomised block of 10 reps of 6 plants and 5 metre drilled

rows in two reps.

Measurements Measurements from all available plants and some visual

assessments on rows.

**RHS Chart - edition** Nil

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled Pollination: The cross between seed parent 'Bronsyn' and pollen parent 'Impact' was made in the glasshouse.  $F_1$  seed multiplied to  $F_2$  in isolation. Approximately 1000 plants of this  $F_2$  population were selected amongst for winter and summer growth, heading date and herbage productivity. Chosen plants were further screened for rust resistance and morphological characters. The nine parents of 'Alto' (LP250) were identified as late heading, pale in colour, prostrate in habit, and having wide leaves and good seed production potential. These plants were transplanted to isolation and the seed harvested was used extensively for yield trials and other assessments. The variety is maintained through four generations by controlled pollination. Selection criteria: winter growth, heading date, dry matter yield. Breeder: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd, Christchurch, New Zealand.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

	6 -	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant cell	ploidy	diploid
Flower	time of flowering	medium to late
Inflorescence	number of spikelets	very many

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

MOSt Silling	difference of common timo wieage identified ( v Cit)
Name	Comments
'Arrow'	most similar variety of common knowledge identified

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui	shing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Aberdart'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	late
'Aries'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Banks'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Barbueno'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Bronsyn'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Dobson'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Ellett'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	early
'Embassy'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	early
'Kingston'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	early
'Marathon'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Nui'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Pacific'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Ruanui'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Samson'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Solo'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Tolosa'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	late
'Vedette'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Voyager'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	late
'Yatsyn 1'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'Revolution'	Plant	time of flowering	medium to late	medium
'CM501HP'	Rachis	internode length	short	very short

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Alto'	'Arrow'
	*Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid
	Leaf: length	short to medium	medium
~	Leaf: width	medium	medium
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	dark
	Plant: vegetative growth habit (after vernalisation)	medium to semi- prostrate	medium
	*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (after nalisation)	medium to late	medium to late
~	*Flag leaf: length	medium	medium
	*Flag leaf: width	medium	medium
	Flag leaf: length/width ratio	very low	medium to high
	*Plant: length of longest stem, inflorescence included	short	medium
	Plant: length of upper internode	medium to long	medium
~	Inflorescence: length	medium	medium

☐ Inflorescence: number of spikelets	very many	very many
Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet	very short	medium
	very short	short
☐ Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn	very short	SHOIT
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Alto'	'Arrow'
Plant: growth in winter	medium to strong	strong
Stem: length of base to top node	long	long
Inflorescence: rachis internode	short	short to medium
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Alto'	'Arrow'
Flag leaf: length (cm)		
Mean	15.30	17.70
Std. Deviation	3.02	3.42
LSD/sig	1.75	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	7.71	7.58
Std. Deviation	1.00	1.15
LSD/sig	0.72	ns
Stem: length (cm)		
Mean	72.80	74.40
Std. Deviation	10.84	11.67
LSD/sig	4.58	ns
Flower spikelet: days to heading after 19th August (days)		
Mean	68.50	64.70
Std. Deviation	7.17	6.22
LSD/sig	2.85	P≤0.01
☐ Vegetative leaf: length (cm)		
Mean	21.70	22.90
Std. Deviation	3.44	3.06
LSD/sig	1.65	ns
Vegetative leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	6.59	7.15
Std. Deviation	1.02	0.93
LSD/sig	0.50	P≤0.01
Stem: length of base to top node (cm)		
Mean	30.60	30.20
Std. Deviation	5.67	6.54
LSD/sig	3.48	ns
Stem: length of upper internode (cm)		
Mean	20.60	19.20
Std. Deviation	5.92	6.95
LSD/sig	2.82	ns
Spike: length (cm)		-
Spike. length (em)		

Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	21.70 3.81 1.85	25.10 4.30 P≤0.01
Spikelet: length (mm)	1.03	1 20.01
Mean	15.71	16.33
Std. Deviation	2.31	1.97
LSD/sig	2.47	ns
Glume: length		
Mean	9.75	12.03
Std. Deviation	1.61	1.85
LSD/sig	2.43	ns
Spike: spikelets per spike		
Mean	29.30	30.50
Std. Deviation	4.77	3.44
LSD/sig	2.08	ns
Rachis: internode length (cm)		
Mean	11.10	11.90
Std. Deviation	2.23	2.15
LSD/sig	1.14	ns

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2003	Granted	'Alto'

First sold in New Zealand in Apr 2004. First Australian sale Mar 2006.

Description: Allen Newman, Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW.

**Application Number** 2003/361 **Variety Name** 'Ultra'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 25 Feb 2004

**Applicant** AARDAPPELKWEEK en SELECTIEBEDRIJF

IJSSELMEERPOLDERS BV, Emmeloord, The Netherlands

**Agent** Elders Limited, Adelaide, SA

**Qualified Person** Prue McMichael

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Langhorne Creek, South Australia **Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6

**Period** 15 Sep 2006 – 8 Feb 2007.

**Conditions** Soil type was sandy-loam. Pre-plant, NPK (10:3:10) fertiliser

was applied. During the growing season ammonium nitrate, urea, trace elements and potassium nitrate were applied. Pest and disease management was achieved with applications of registered insecticides and fungicides. Plants were knocked

down by a desiccant. Irrigation was via sprinklers.

**Trial Design** 8 varieties were included in the trial: 2 PBR Part 2 candidates

and 3 comparators for each candidate. Tubers were planted in 4 rows, with 6 plots in each row. The varieties were arranged in a randomised complete block with stacked replicates. Each variety and its comparator(s) were replicated three times.

**Measurements** Trial observations were made in the field with measurements

being taken from 15-20 plants and 20 tubers per replicate.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Planta' x pollen parent 'Concurrent' in 1987. In 1988 the potato seeds were sown in the greenhouse. A tuber from each of the single seeds was collected. These tubers were field planted in Emmeloord, Noordoostpolder, Netherlands in 1989 and from this point clonal selection commenced. After two years of propagation a selection named 'YP88-056' was chosen for further development. Eleven further vegetatively propagated generations have occurred with this selection. No off-types have been observed. Breeder: BV Ijsselmeerpolders, Emmeloord, Noordoostpolder, Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	white
Tuber	colour of skin	light beige
Tuber	colour of base of eye	white

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

112000 01111111	+ W1100105 01 0011111011 12110 + 100110111100 ( + 022)
Name	Comments
'Inova'	
'Mondial'	
'Eos'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in State of Expression		
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Innovator'	Inflorescence	size	medium	large	
'Liseta'	Inflorescence	frequency of flowers	medium	no flowers	
'Victoria'	Lightsprout	shape	conical	ovoid	
'Spunta'	Plant	time of maturity	medium	early	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

more of the comparators are market	with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ultra'	'Eos'	'Inova'	'Mondial'
Lightsprout: size	medium-large			
*Lightsprout: shape	conical			
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of base	medium- strong			
*Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of base	red-violet			
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	medium- strong			
Lightsprout: size of tip	small-medium	l		
Lightsprout: habit of tip	closed- medium			
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	<sub>1</sub> very weak- weak			
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak-medium			
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	few-medium			
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short-medium			
Plant: foliage structure	stem type	intermediate type	intermediate type	intermediate type
*Plant: growth habit	upright to semi-upright	semi-upright	upright to semi-upright	semi-upright
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

_			intermediate	
Leaf: openness	open	intermediate	to open	intermediate
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	strong	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium to strong
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low to medium	low	low
Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
Leaflet: depth of veins	shallow	shallow	shallow	shallow
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull	dull	dull	dull
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	medium			absent or very weak
*Plant: frequency of flowers	medium to high	absent or very low	absent or very low	low
Inflorescence: size	medium			
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak to medium			
Flower corolla: size	medium			
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or very weak			
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or low			
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or very small			
*Tuber: shape	oval	oval	short-oval	short-oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow	very shallow to shallow	very shallow to shallow	shallow
*Tuber: colour of skin	light beige	light beige	light beige	light beige
□ *Tuber: colour of base of eye	white	white	white	white
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	cream	light yellow	light yellow
Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Note: all lightsprout data was obtained from CPC	OV report on techr	nical examination	(Reference No: Al	RD 1327).
Characteristics Additional to the Desc	riptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ultra'	'Eos'	'Inova'	'Mondial'
Tuber: smoothness of skin	medium	smooth- medium	smooth	smooth- medium
Stem: thickness of main stem	medium-thick	medium	medium	medium
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ultra'	'Eos'	'Inova'	'Mondial'
Tuber: length (mm) Mean	96.00	83.00	70.00	90.00

Std. Deviation	12.00	10.00	6.00	10.00
LSD/sig	4.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Tuber: width (mm)				
Mean	71.00	63.00	56.00	67.00
Std. Deviation	7.00	7.00	3.00	7.00
LSD/sig	2.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Terminal leaflet: petiole length (mm	1)			
Mean	16.00	16.00	24.00	16.00
Std. Deviation	6.00	6.00	8.00	7.00
LSD/sig	6.7	ns	P≤0.01	ns
☐ Terminal leaflet: length (mm)				
Mean	65.00	61.00	68.00	55.00
Std. Deviation	16.00	10.00	7.00	8.00
LSD/sig	10.6	ns	ns	ns
Terminal leaflet: width (mm)				
Mean	50.00	51.00	63.00	54.00
Std. Deviation	9.00	7.00	4.00	8.00
LSD/sig	7.2	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: size (cm)				
Mean	24.80	23.70	27.00	23.00
Std. Deviation	2.70	2.70	3.00	1.50
LSD/sig	2.4	ns	ns	ns
Plant: height (cm)				
Mean	41.80	40.60	40.40	29.60
Std. Deviation	4.50	3.70	4.70	5.80
LSD/sig	4.0	ns	ns	P≤0.01

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	2003	Applied	'Ultra'
EU	1996	Granted	'Ultra'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'Ultra'

First sold in Sri Lanka in Nov 2001.

 $Description: \textbf{Lucy Pumpa}, Scholefield \ Robinson \ Horticultural \ Services \ Pty \ Ltd, \ Fullarton, \ SA.$ 

**Application Number** 2006/095 **Variety Name** 'Crop 19'

**Genus Species** Solanum tuberosum

Common NamePotatoSynonymBondiAccepted Date16 Jun 2006

**Applicant** New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited,

Christchurch, New Zealand

**Agent** Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd, Bowna via Albury,

**NSW** 

**Qualified Person** Peter Neilson

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Rianna, NW TAS.

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Summer - autumn 2006/7.

**Conditions** Field grown in red-brown Kraznozem soil at Riana in north

west TAS (Riana Rd, Riana), under irrigation with standard pest & disease control, plant spacing & hilling. Fertiliser was applied at the rate of 2.3T/ha of NPK high analysis (100N,

280P, 380K, 140S).

**Trial Design** 3x3 latin square design arranged in 6 replicates 2 rows wide &

9 plants long (18 plants/plot with a total of 108 plants perentry). Trial planted on 16 Nov 2006 & harvested on 29

Mar 2007.

Measurements Were made on 10 plants per replicate,

randomly selected. Measurements on tubers were made on 10

tubers per replicate, randomly selected.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1977

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: the new variety originated from controlled pollination between seed parent 'Ranger Russet' and pollen parent 'Karaka'. The seed parent was characterised by the necessary shape, flesh colour & processing ability. The pollen parent was characterised by its disease resistance, yield & storage ability. The cross took place at Crop & Food Research, Pukukohe, NZ in 1992. Selection criteria: selection was based on shape, yield, cooking (processing) quality for french fry & storage ability. Propagation: vegetatively through pathogen tested tissue culture through minitubers & tuber production. No off-types have been observed in seed crops to date. Breeder: John Anderson, Crop & Food Research, Pukukohe, NZ.

# <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of maturity	late
Lightsprout	proportion of blue in base	absent or low
Lightsprout	pubescence at base	very weak/weak
Lightsprout	number of root tips	medium
Tuber	shape	long-oval
Tuber	colour of base of eye	white
Tuber	flesh colour	white

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Russet Burbank' Prime industry comparator.

'Ranger Russet' Second Industry comparator and also the seed parent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui Characte	G	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
	Characte	1181168	Candidate variety	Comparator variety
'Karaka'	tuber	shape of tuber	long-oval	oval
'Shepody'	flower	flower colour	white	light violet
'Innovator'	flesh	flesh colour	white	light yellow

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crop 19'	'Ranger Russet'	'Russet Burbank'
*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	broad cylindrical	broad cylindrical
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium	weak
Plant: foliage structure	stem type	intermediate type	intermediate type
*Plant: growth habit	spreading	semi-upright	spreading
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Leaf: outline size	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: openness	open	open	open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	<sup>y</sup> medium	medium	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	medium	absent or very weak
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	large	medium	medium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium	medium	medium
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	medium	medium
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong	medium
Plant: height	medium	medium	medium
*Plant: frequency of flowers	low	high	medium

col	Inflorescence: anthocyanin ouration on peduncle	weak	weak	absent or very weak
	Flower corolla: size	medium	medium	medium
	*Flower corolla: intensity anthocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very weak	strong	absent or very weak
	*Flower corolla: proportion blue in anthocyanin buration on inner side	absent or low	high	absent or low
	*Flower corolla: extent of nocyanin colouration on er side	absent or very small	very large	absent or very small
	177	loto	late	late
	*Plant: time of maturity	late	rate	lacc
	*Plant: time of maturity  *Tuber: shape	long-oval	long-oval	long-oval
   <b> </b>	· ·			
	*Tuber: shape	long-oval	long-oval	long-oval
_	*Tuber: shape Tuber: depth of eyes  *Tuber: colour of skin  *Tuber: colour of base of	long-oval very shallow	long-oval shallow	long-oval shallow
	*Tuber: shape Tuber: depth of eyes  *Tuber: colour of skin  *Tuber: colour of base of	long-oval very shallow light beige	long-oval shallow reddish brown	long-oval shallow reddish brown

Prior Applications and Sales Country Year Name Applied 'Crop 19' **Current Status** Applied New Zealand 2004

Prior sale nil.

Description: Peter Neilson, Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd, Bowna via Albury, NSW.

**Application Number** 2006/194

Variety Name 'Harborough Harvest'
Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 19 Sep 2006

**Applicant** Scottish Crop Research Institute, Dundee, Scotland, UK

**Agent** Elders Limited, Adelaide, SA

**Qualified Person** Lucy Pumpa

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

LocationLanghorne Creek, South AustraliaDescriptorPotato (Solanum tuberosum) TG/23/6

**Period** 15th Sep 2006 - 8th Feb 2007.

**Conditions** Soil type was sandy-loam. Pre-plant, NPK (10:3:10) fertiliser

was applied. During the growing season ammonium nitrate, urea, trace elements and potassium nitrate were applied. Pest and disease management was achieved with applications of registered insecticides and fungicides. Plants were knocked

down by a desiccant. Irrigation was via sprinklers.

**Trial Design** 8 varieties were included in the trial: 2 PBR Part 2 candidates

and 3 comparators for each candidate. Tubers were planted in 4 rows, with 6 plots in each row. The varieties were arranged in a randomised complete block with stacked replicates. Each

variety and its comparator/s were replicated three times.

**Measurements** Trial observations were made in the field with measurements

being taken from 15-20 plants and 20 tubers per replicate.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: maternal parent 'Brodick' x paternal parent 'Eden' in 1991. First observations took place in glasshouse at Scottish Crop Research Institute, Dundee, Scotland. 'Brodick' was characterised by having many flowers and a tuber colouration of medium pigment intensity. 'Eden' was characterised by having a small blue violet flower colour and tall, numerous and semi-erect foliage. Variety was multiplied clonally and trialled for over 6 years at a number of different sites. 'Harborough Harvest' was selected on the basis of its improved levels of disease resistance, agronomic characteristics and its superior quality attributes, notably processing ability. No off-types have been reported or observed. Breeder: Scottish Crop Research Institute, Dundee, Scotland.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	foliage structure	intermediate type
Plant	growth habit	semi-upright
Tuber	skin colour	light beige
Tuber	Shape	round
Tuber	colour of base of eye	white

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillar	<u>varieues of Commor</u>	<u>i Kiiowieage iaei</u>	itilieu (VCK)	
Name	Comments			
'Atlantic'				
'Nadine'				
'Friar'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded				
Variety	Distinguis	hing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Character	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Record'	Plant	resistance to potoato cyst nematodes (Globodera rostocheinsis)	susceptible	resistant
'Winston'	Plant	time of maturity	very late	very early
'Saxon'	Plant	time of maturity	very late	very early
'Morene'	Flower	colour	red-violet	blue-violet
'Lady Christl'	Plant	time of maturity	very late	very early
'Harmony'	Plant	growth habit	semi erect	spreading

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

more of the comparators are mark	ca with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Harborough 'Atlantic' Harvest'	'Friar'	'Nadine'
☐ Lightsprout: size	small		
*Lightsprout: shape	broad cylindrical		
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of base	medium		
*Lightsprout: colouration of base	e pink		
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	moderate- strong		
☐ Lightsprout: size of tip	small		
Lightsprout: habit of tip	medium		
Lightsprout: intensity of colourat of tip	ion medium		
☐ Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	moderate		
□ *Lightsprout: number of root tips	s many		

☐ Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	long			
Plant: foliage structure	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
_	type semi-upright	type semi-upright	type spreading	type semi-upright
*Plant: growth habit		absent or very	1 0	
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak	weak	weak
Leaf: openness	intermediate to open	intermediate to open	open	intermediate
☐ Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium to strong	medium	medium to strong	medium to strong
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low to medium	medium	low	low to medium
Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
Leaflet: depth of veins	shallow	medium	shallow	shallow
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull	dull	dull	dull
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	medium		
Plant: height	medium	medium	short to medium	short
*Plant: frequency of flowers	low to medium	medium	absent or very low	absent or very low
Inflorescence: size	small	medium		
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak	weak		
Flower corolla: size	small to medium	medium		
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	medium to strong		
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or low	medium		
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	medium to large		
*Tuber: shape	round	round	round	round
Tuber: depth of eyes	very shallow to shallow	very shallow	shallow to medium	very shallow to shallow
□ *Tuber: colour of skin	light beige	light beige	light beige	light beige
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	white	white	white	white
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	cream	light yellow	cream
Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Note: all lightsprout data was obtained from CPO	OV report on techr	nical examination (	(Reference No: Al	FP 4/610).
Characteristics Additional to the Desc				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Harborough	'Atlantic'	'Friar'	'Nadine'

	Harvest'		
Stem: thickness	thin-medium	medium-thick medium	thin-medium

**Statistical Table** 

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Harborough Harvest'	'Atlantic'	'Friar'	'Nadine'
Leaf: length (cm)				
Mean	23.80	27.70	27.90	22.70
Std. Deviation	3.00	3.50	2.90	2.50
LSD/sig	2.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Plant: height (cm)				
Mean	35.00	34.80	32.40	30.30
Std. Deviation	4.00	5.40	5.90	5.80
LSD/sig	4.5	ns	ns	P≤0.01
✓ Terminal leaflet: length (mm)				
Mean	74.00	78.00	55.00	69.00
Std. Deviation	8.00	11.00	8.00	9.00
LSD/sig	8.6	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Terminal leaflet: petiole length (mn	n)			
Mean	13.00	20.00	17.00	11.00
Std. Deviation	6.00	5.00	7.00	3.00
LSD/sig	5.3	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Terminal leaflet: width (mm)				
Mean	60.00	62.00	42.00	50.00
Std. Deviation	6.00	11.00	4.00	9.00
LSD/sig	7.9	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Tuber: length (mm)				
Mean	54.00	71.00	62.00	56.00
Std. Deviation	5.00	11.00	8.00	5.00
LSD/sig	3.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Tuber: width (mm)				
Mean	54.00	69.00	58.00	51.00
Std. Deviation	5.00	10.00	6.00	5.00
LSD/sig	3.1	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2000	Granted	'Harborough Harvest'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Lucy Pumpa, Scholefield Robinson Horticultural Services Pty Ltd, Fullarton, SA.

**Application Number** 2006/250 **Variety Name** 'Crop 32'

Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato

**Synonym** Purple Delight **Accepted Date** 26 Oct 2006

**Applicant** New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited,

Christchurch, New Zealand

**Agent** Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd, Bowna via Albury,

**NSW** 

**Qualified Person** Tony Slater

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Location Department of Primary Industries, Toolangi, VIC Australia

(37°32'S, 145°30'E, elevation 600m).

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6

**Period** Summer-autumn 2006/7.

**Conditions** Field grown in red-brown kraznozem soils; fertilised (pre-

planting) with Incitec Pivot Croplift 800 banded at 1800 Kg/ha; irrigation, pest and disease protection as necessary. Lightsprouts grown at room temperature and exposed to continuous artificial illumination. Source of light 6 volt AC incandescent bulbs, 8 per square metre placed 25 cm above

tubers.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block of 2 varieties arranged in three

two row replicates of 30 plants per replicate, planted Dec 12

2006, harvested May 29 2007.

**Measurements** Field measurements from 20 randomly selected plants, tuber

measurements from 30 randomly selected tubers per replicate.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: Seed parent 'Red Rascal' x pollen parent 'Picador'. The seed parent was selected for its skin finish, disease resistance and cooking quality. The pollen parent was selected for its skin and flesh colour and shape. Hybridisation took place in Pukekohe, New Zealand in 1990. Selection criteria: this seedling was selected for its skin and flesh colour and disease resistance. Propagation: by vegetative means through tissue culture of pathogen-free tissue, minituber and tuber production. No off types have been reported or observed in seed crops or trials conducted to date. Breeder: John Anderson, Crop & Food Research, Pukekohe, New Zealand.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	skin colour	purple
Tuber	colour of base of eye	yellow
Tuber	colour of flesh	light yellow

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Royal Blue'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis	shing	State of Expression in	n State of Expression in
	Character	ristics	<b>Candidate Variety</b>	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'All Blue'	Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow	blue-violet
'Saphire'	Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow	blue-violet
'Desiree'	Tuber	skin colour	purple	pink-red
'Toolangi Delight'	Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow	white
'Purple Congo'	Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow	purple

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crop 32'	'Royal Blue'
☐ Lightsprout: size	medium	medium to large
*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	ovoid
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very strong	very strong
*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration of base	<sup>n</sup> high	high
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	very weak to weak	weak
Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	small to medium	medium to large
Lightsprout: habit of tip	closed to intermediate	intermediate to open
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	strong	weak to medium
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak	medium to strong
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	medium
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short	medium
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright to spreading
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration		medium to strong
Leaf: openness	intermediate to open	open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	weak	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	strong	strong
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	small to medium
☐ Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium	medium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
☐ Leaflet: waviness of margin	very weak to weak	weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium to deep	shallow

Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull	medium
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
☐ Plant: height	medium	short to medium
*Plant: frequency of flowers	medium	very low to low
☐ Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	strong	absent or very weak
Flower corolla: size	medium to large	
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	weak to medium	
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	high
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on innerside	<sup>r</sup> medium	
Tuber: skin colour	purple	purple
*Tuber: shape	oval	long-oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow	shallow to medium
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crop 32'	'Royal Blue'
Stem: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of underground portion	weak	absent

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedNew Zealand2006Applied'Crop 32'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Tony Slater and Graeme Wilson, Department of Primary Industries, VIC.

**Application Number** 2006/249

Variety Name 'SUMMER DELIGHT' Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

Common NamePotatoSynonymCrop 17Accepted Date26 Oct 2006

**Applicant** New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited,

Christchurch, New Zealand

**Agent** Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd, Bowna via Albury,

**NSW** 

**Qualified Person** Tony Slater

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Department of Primary Industries, Toolangi, VIC Australia

(Latitude 37°32'S, 145°30'E, elevation 600m).

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Summer-autumn 2006/7.

**Conditions** Field grown in red-brown kraznozem soils; fertilised (pre-

planting) with Incitec Pivot Croplift 800 banded at 1800 Kg/ha; irrigation, pest and disease protection as necessary. Lightsprouts grown at room temperature and exposed to continuous artificial illumination. Source of light 6 volt AC incandescent bulbs, 8 per square metre placed 25 cm above

tubers.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block of 2 varieties arranged in three

two row replicates of 30 plants per replicate, planted Dec 12

2006, harvested May 29 2007.

Measurements Field measurements from 20 randomly selected plants, tuber

measurements from 30 randomly selected tubers per replicate.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: Seed parent breeder's line 1858.21 x pollen parent breeder's line V394. The seed parent was selected as a parent for its maturity, yield and disease resistance. The pollen parent was selected for shape, cooking quality, skin and flesh characteristics. Hybridisation took place in Pukekohe, New Zealand in 1989. Selection criteria: this seedling was selected for its skin and flesh colour, shape, cooking qualities and disease resistance. Propagation: by vegetative means through tissue culture of pathogen-free tissue, minituber and tuber production. No off types have been reported or observed in seed crops or trials conducted to date. Breeder: John Anderson, Crop & Food Research, Pukekohe, New Zealand.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tuber	skin colour	light beige
Tuber	colour of base of eye	yellow
Tuber	flesh colour	light yellow

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments
'Daisy'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteris	stics	<b>Candidate Variety</b>	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'Up-to-date'	Flower	colour	medium red-violet	violet
'Up-to-date'	Lightsprout	colour	purple	pink
'Up-to-date'	Tuber	flesh colour	yellow	white/cream
'Harmony'	Lightsprout	colour	purple	pink
'Harmony'	Tuber	flesh colour	yellow	white
'Mondial'	Flower	colour	medium red-violet	white
'Spunta'	Flower	colour	medium red-violet	white
'Bintje'	Flower	colour	medium red-violet	white
'Agria'	Flower	colour	medium red-violet	white

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	uck. 'SUMMER DELIGHT'	(Dojay)
		medium
Lightsprout: size	medium	
*Lightsprout: shape	conical	ovoid
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	weak
*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration of base	high	absent or low
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	weak to medium	weak
Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	medium	very small to small
Lightsprout: habit of tip	open	closed
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	medium	absent or very weak
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium to many	medium
☐ Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short to medium	short
Plant: foliage structure	stem type	intermediate type
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very weak
Leaf: openness	open	intermediate
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	weak	medium to strong
Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
☐ Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium to large
☐ Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in	medium	medium to broad

relation to length		
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
Leaflet: waviness of margin	absent or very weak	medium
Leaflet: depth of veins	shallow to medium	medium to deep
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	medium	medium
☐ Plant: height	medium to tall	medium
*Plant: frequency of flowers	medium to high	absent or very low
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	absent or very weak	
Flower corolla: size	medium	
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	medium to strong
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or low	absent or low
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	
*Plant: time of maturity	late to very late	medium to late
*Tuber: shape	short-oval	oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	shallow	shallow
*Tuber: colour of skin	light beige	light beige
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
*Tuber: colour of flesh	light yellow	light yellow
Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)		absent or very weak
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/		(D. '. 1
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'SUMMER DELIGHT'</b>	Dalsy'
Stem, underground portion: intensity of anthocyanin	weak	absent
Stem: swollen node	yes	no
	•	

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year **Current Status** Name Applied New Zealand 'Summer Delight' 2005 Applied

First sold in New Zealand in Aug 2005.

Description: Tony Slater and Graeme Wilson, Department of Primary Industries, VIC.

**Application Number** 2000/032 **Variety Name** 'Crop 13'

Genus Species Solanum tuberosum

**Common Name** Potato **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 22 Mar 2000

**Applicant** New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited,

Christchurch, New Zealand

**Agent** Crop & Food Research Australia Pty Ltd, Bowna via Albury,

**NSW** 

**Qualified Person** Tony Slater

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Department of Primary Industries, Toolangi, VIC Australia

(Latitude 37°32' South, elevation 600m).

**Descriptor** Potato (*Solanum tuberosum*) TG/23/6.

**Period** Summer to autumn 2005/6.

Conditions Field grown in red-brown kraznozem soils; fertilised (pre-

planting) with Incitec Pivot Croplift 800 banded at 1800 Kg/ha; irrigation, pest and disease protection as necessary. Lightsprouts grown at room temperature and exposed to continuous artificial illumination. Source of light 6 volt AC incandescent bulbs, 8 per square metre placed 25 cm above

tubers.

**Trial Design** Randomised complete block of 6 varieties arranged in three

two row replicates of 30 plants per replicate, planted 13 Dec

2005, harvested 12 May 2006.

**Measurements** Field measurements from 20 randomly selected plants, tuber

measurements from 30 randomly selected tubers per replicate.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent Breeder's line 1463-1 x pollen parent Breeder's line V394. The seed parent was characterised by more oval tubers, susceptible to both species of PCN. The pollen parent was characterised by light yellow flesh, more white tips on the flowers while the base is blue, the tubers are smaller and more oval. Hybridisation took place in Pukekohe in New Zealand in 1987. Selection criteria: from this cross seedling number 511/1 was selected for its quality. Propagation: by vegetative means through tissue culture of pathogen-free tissue, minituber and tuber production. No off types have been reported or observed in seed crops or trials conducted to date. Breeder: John Anderson, Crop & Food Research, Pukekohe, New Zealand.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of commi	$\mathcal{E}$	
<b>Organ/Plant Par</b>	rtContext	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower corolla	intensity of anthocyanin	medium
	colouration on inner side	
Flower corolla	proportion of blue in anthocyanin	high
	colouration on inner side	
Lightsprout	proportion of blue in anthocyanin	high
0 1	colouration of base	
Tuber	colour of base of eye	white
Tuber	skin colour	light beige
Tuber	flesh colour	cream/white
Plant	Time of maturity	late/very late
	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillina	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)	
Marsa	Comments	
Name	Comments	
/ · ·		

'Yarden'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

varieties of Com	mon imowicuze	iuciitiitu aiiu s	subsequently excluded	
Variety	Distinguishing	Characteristics	<b>State of Expression in</b>	_
			Candidate Variety	<b>Comparator Variety</b>
'Argos'	Flower	size of white	medium	very small to absent
C		tips		•
'Daisy'	Tuber	colour of flesh	white to cream	yellow
'Granola'	Lightsprout base	ecolour	blue-violet	red-violet
'Riverina Russet'	Lightsprout base	ecolour	blue-violet	red-violet
'Atlantic'	Plant	time to maturity	late to very late	medium to early
'Valor'	Lightsprout base	ecolour	blue-violet	weak red-violet
'Driver'	Flower corolla	colour of inner	violet-blue	white
		side		
Pacific	Lightsprout	shape	conical	ovoid

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/P	Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Yarden'
□ Light	sprout: size	small to medium	small to medium
▼ *Ligh	ntsprout: shape	conical	ovoid
□ *Ligh	ntsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong to very strong	strong
*Light of base	ntsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration	<sup>n</sup> high	high
□ *Ligh	ntsprout: pubescence of base	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
□ Light	sprout: size of tip in relation to base	small	very small to small
□ Light	sprout: habit of tip	closed to intermediate	closed
Light	sprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	strong to very	strong

	strong absent or very	absent or very
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	weak	weak
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	few	few to medium
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	short	short to medium
Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	intermediate type
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright to spreading	upright to semi- upright
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	medium to strong
Leaf: outline size	small to medium	medium to large
Leaf: openness	open	intermediate to open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	medium	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium	medium to dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	weak	weak to medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	small to medium	medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	narrow
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low
Leaflet: waviness of margin	medium	absent or very weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	medium	medium
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull to medium	dull to medium
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	medium
Plant: height	medium to tall	tall
*Plant: frequency of flowers	low to medium	medium
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak	weak
Flower corolla: size	medium	large
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	medium	medium
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	high	high
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inne side	rlarge to very large	e medium to large
*Plant: time of maturity	late to very late	very late
*Tuber: shape	short-oval	round
Tuber: depth of eyes	medium	medium to deep
*Tuber: colour of skin	light beige	light beige
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	white	white
*Tuber: colour of flesh	cream	white
Tuber: anthocyanin colouration of skin in reaction to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	absent or very weak	weak

**Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crop 13'	'Yarden'
Flower: petal margin waviness	weak	strong
Flower bud: shape	narrow	oval
Lightsprout: tip collar colour	purple	green
Anther cone: shape	narrow	broad
Style: shape	bent	straight

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
New Zealand	1998	Granted	'Moonlight'

First sold in New Zealand in June 1999.

Description: Tony Slater and Graeme Wilson, Department of Primary Industries, VIC.

**Application Number** 2006/215 **Variety Name** 'Winter White'

Genus Species Ozothamnus diosmifolius

**Common Name** Riceflower

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Sep 2006

**Applicant** E.G. & E.R. Cook, Helidon, QLD.

**Agent** Esther Cook, Helidon, QLD.

**Qualified Person** Esther Cook

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** 152 Back Flagstone Road, Iredale, 4344.

**Descriptor** Ozothamnus (*Ozothamnus diosmifolius*) PBR OZOT

**Period** Mar 2006 – Sep 2007.

**Conditions** The black loam was deep ripped Nov and rotary hoed Dec

2005. Jan 2006 rows were hilled 4 metres apart and trickle irrigation laid (outlets 40cm apart, plants at every second outlet). A week before planting herbicide was used to kill emergent weeds. Rooted cuttings were planted in Mar 2006. Small plants were hand-weeded until Oct when they were large enough for herbicide to be used. They were tip-pruned three times before Oct 2006. Chelated iron foliar spray was

applied twice, and a general fertiliser once.

**Trial Design** Three replicates were planted with 20 'Winter White' and 20

of it comparator in each replicate.

**Measurements** Flowering shoot; order of opening of inflorescences; and time

of anthesis were the main characteristics where differences

were observed.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: 'Winter White' (Breeder's Code No. 4022) was observed as a very early flowering sport on Cook's commercial cultivar Breeder's Code No. 2390 in Aug, 1999. 2390 was a white-flowering seedling from a pink flowering cultivar, Breeder's Code 1 'Salmon', and was selected for its evenness of flowering, vigour and long, straight stems. 2390 flowers in mid-season (i.e. end Sep into early Oct). The sport's primary capitula matured in Jul, almost two months earlier than any other cultivar. 'Winter White' does not flower evenly enough for the cut flower market, but the large showy white heads and extended flowering time (Jul – Sep) suggested it would be an excellent garden specimen. Cuttings were taken from the sport in late 1999 and planted on in 2000. It has been maintained each year since then by propagating from fresh cuttings. Breeders: E.G. & E.R. Cook, Helidon, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	width	medium
Plant	density	medium
Leaf	length	medium
Leaf	colour	medium green
Leaf	glossiness of upper side	medium
Leaf	attitude in relation to flowering shoot	semi-erect
Flowering shoot	attitude in relation to stem	semi-erect
Terminal inflorescence	diameter	medium to
		broad
Terminal inflorescence	density	medium
Capitulum	shape	broad ovate
Capitulum	shape of apex	rounded
Capitulum	main colour	whitish

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

#### **Name Comments**

2390 has been in commercial production for more than ten years. 'Winter White' is a sport of 2390 and is morphologically identical in all characteristics except time of anthesis ('Winter White' is earlier than 2390) and bush habit (2390 is taller which gives it a more upright appearance than 'Winter White').

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Cook's Snow White'	Inflorescences	time of anthesis	early	medium
'Cook's Snow White'	Flowering stem	height of terminal inflorescence above other inflorescences	moderately above	high above
'Cook's Snow White'	Capitulum	colour	whitish	white
'Just Blush'	Mature capitulum	colour	whitish	pink

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Winter White'</b>	<b>'2390'</b>
Plant: growth habit	rounded	upright
Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
Plant: width	medium	medium
Plant: density	medium	medium
Leaf: length	medium	medium
Leaf: colour	medium green	medium green
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium
Leaf: attitude in relation to flowering shoot	semi-erect	semi-erect
Flowering shoot: attitude in relation to stem	semi-erect	semi-erect
Flowering stem: height of terminal inflorescence above other inflorescences	moderately above	moderately above
Flowering shoot: order of opening of inflorescences	uneven (terminal inflorescence opens first)	even (all inflorescences open at same time)
Terminal inflorescence: diameter	medium to broad	medium to broad
Terminal inflorescence: shape in profile	rounded	rounded
Terminal inflorescence: number of capitula	many (>200)	many (>200)
Terminal inflorescence: density	medium	medium
Capitulum: shape	broad ovate	broad ovate
Capitulum: shape of apex	rounded	rounded
Capitulum: main colour	whitish	whitish
Capitulum: main colour (RHS Colour Chart)	155C (RHS 2001 charts)	155C RHS 2001 charts)
Capitulum: change of intensity of colour from base to apex	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Capitulum: distribution in colour intensity	even	even
☐ Involucral bracts: colour of midzone	whitish	whitish
☐ Disc florets: colour	whitish up to 7 days after anthesis	whitish up to 7 days after anthesis
Time of: anthesis	very early to early	medium

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Esther Cook, Helidon, QLD.

Application Number2006/097Variety Name'Kordaelf'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

**Common Name** Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG,

Sparrieshoop, Germany

**Agent** Treloar Roses Pty Ltd, Portland, VIC

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Overseas Testing Bundessortanamt

**Authority** 

Overseas Data ROS 2289

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Pruistelle Rethmar

**Descriptor** Rose (*Rosa* hybrid) TG/11/7

**Period** 2003

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations at

Portland, VIC (Latitude 38°15'S, Longitude 141°37'E). The roses were maintained in the open and grown in a well structured loamy clay soil. Sound farm management practices ensured the plants grew to their full potential with minimum stress and under high health conditions. 'Kordaelf' was budded in early summer onto well established 10 month-old *Rosa multiflora* rootstock. Examination was conducted in mid autumn on one and two year old budded plants growing in double rows along with other

varieties of Kordes roses.

**Trial Design** Observations and measurements were taken from a minimum of

ten plants, selected at random in mid autumn.

**Measurements** Measurements made on terminal leaflet of first five-leaflet leaf

down flower stem, flower diameter when first fully open, and

sepal length excluding leafy extension if present..

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: Seed parent 'Kordaba' crossed with pollen parent un-named seedling in May 1997. Hips produced remained on the bush until Oct (autumn) when harvested and shelled. Seeds planted Feb 1998 under controlled greenhouse conditions, and seedlings first bloomed in May (Northern Hemisphere). Out of this seedling population, the best seedlings were selected for further trials and from these the seedling, now known as 'Kordaelf' was selected for further testing. Budding eyes were taken in Jul 1998, budded to root stock (*R. canina*) and grown in the open. In 1999 a second selection was made within this new variety and was further tested until 2002. 'Kordaelf' was first sold in 2003. 'Kordaelf' has undergone vegetative propagation over numerous generations and appears to be genetically stable. Selection criteria: improved outdoor cut flower rose variety. Breeding directed by William Kordes, of W.Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GMBH & Co KG, Sparrieshoop, Germany.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	orange-red and yellow
D 1		•

Petal spot absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Tanavl'	closest comparator

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

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Variety	Distingu	ishing	<b>State of Expression</b>	State of Expression in	<b>Comments</b>
	Charact	eristics	in Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Kordaba'	leaf	glossiness upper surface	medium	weak	seed parent
'Kordaba'	petal	colour: inner side, middle zone	yellow	orange-red	seed parent
'Kordaba'	petal	spot	absent	present: both surfaces	seed parent
Un-named seedling	flower	colour	yellow, strongly edged orange red	yellow	pollen parent

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kordaelf'	'Tanavl'
Plant: growth habit	bushy	narrow bushy
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	
Young shoot: hue of anthocyanin colouration	bronze to reddish brown	1
Prickles: presence	present	
Prickle: shape of lower side	concave	
Short prickles: number	few to medium	
Long prickles: number	few to medium	
*Leaf: size	medium to large	
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	-
Leaflet: cross section	slight concave	
Leaflet: undulation of margin	strong	weak
Terminal leaflet: length of blade	medium to long	
Terminal leaflet: width of blade	medium	
Terminal leaflet: shape of base	rounded	
Flowering shoot: number of flowers	very few	medium
Flower pedicel: number of hairs or prickles	many	
Flower bud: shape of longitudinal section	broad-ovate	
*Flower: type	double	

Flower: number of petals	few	many
*Flower : diameter	large to very large	<b>)</b>
Flower: view from above	star-shaped	
Flower: side view of upper part	flat	
Flower: side view of lower part	flat	
Flower: fragrance	weak	
Sepal: extensions	strong	
*Petal: size	medium to large	
*Petal: colour of middle zone of inner side(RHS colour chart)	yellow: RHS 12A 12B	apricot: RHS 29C
*Petal : colour of marginal zone of inner side(RHS colour chart)	red to orange red: RHS 42C-41C	pink: RHS 49B-C
▼ *Petal: spot at base of inner side	absent	present
*Petal: colour of middle zone of outer side (RHS colour chart)	yellow green to yellow: RHS 4C- 5A	pink: RHS 49B
Petal: colour of marginal zone of outer side (RHS colour chart)	yellow green to red pink: RHS 4C-48B	pink: RHS 51D
*Petal: spot at base of outer side	absent	present
Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	
Petal: undulation of margin	weak	
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	yellow	
☐ Seed vessel: size	medium	
Hip: shape of longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	pitcher-shaped
☐ Time of beginning of: flowering	early to medium	
*Flowering: habit	almost continuous flowering	3
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kordaelf'	
Style: predominant colour	yellow	
Stigma: height in relation to anthers	same level	
Statistical Table	(T7 1 10)	
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kordaelf'	
Leaf: length (mm) Mean	94.30	
Std. Deviation	7.60	
Leaflet: length (mm)		
Mean	44.50	
Std. Deviation	2.10	
Leaflet: width (mm) Mean	29.40	

Std. Deviation	2.30
Leaflet: petiolule (mm)	
Mean	14.30
Std. Deviation	1.80
Flower: diameter (mm)	
Mean	91.90
Std. Deviation	2.30
Sepal: length (mm)	
Mean	32.40
Std. Deviation	1.80

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Germany	2003	Granted	'Kordaelf'
EU	2003	Granted	'Kordaelf'

First sold in Germany in Jul 2003.

Description: Brian Hanger, Rosemary Ridge Pty Ltd, Wantirna, VIC.

Application Number2006/096Variety Name'Korbreano'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

**Common Name** Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

Applicant W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG,

Sparrieshoop, Germany

**Agent** Treloar Roses Pty Ltd, Portland, VIC

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Overseas Testing Bundessortenamt

**Authority** 

Overseas Data ROS 2173

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Pruistelle Rethmar.

**Descriptor** Rose (*Rosa* hybrid) TG/11/7.

**Period** 2002.

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Portland (Latitude 38°15′S, Longitude 141°37′E), VIC. The roses were maintained in the open and grown in a well structured loamy clay soil. Sound farm management practices ensured the plants grew to their full potential with minimum stress and under high health conditions. 'Korbreano' was budded in early summer onto well established 10 month-old *Rosa multiflora* rootstock. Examination was conducted in mid autumn on one and two year old budded plants growing in double rows along with other varieties of 'Kordes' roses.

Observations and measurements were taken from a minimum

of ten plants, selected at random in mid autumn.

Measurements made on terminal leaflet of first five-leaflet

leaf down flower stem, flower diameter when first fully open,

and sepal length excluding leafy extension if present.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

**Trial Design** 

Controlled pollination: seed parent unnamed seedling, crossed with pollen parent 'Taneiglat'. Hips produced remained on bush until Oct (autumn) 1997 when harvested and shelled. Seeds planted under controlled greenhouse conditions: germination commenced in Feb 1998, and seedlings first bloomed in Apr (Northern Hemisphere). Out of this seedling population, the best seedlings were selected for further trials. From these the seedling, later to be named 'Korbreano', was selected for further testing. It was budded to rootstock *Rosa canina* and underwent further testing until 2001. This new variety was multiplied by vegetative propagation, flowered over numerous generations and appeared genetically stable. Selection criteria: improved outdoor cut-flower rose variety of good flower colour and form. Breeding directed by William Kordes, of W.Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GMBH & Co KG, Sparrieshoop, Germany.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Flower main colour cherry red to apricot

Petal colour of middle zone of reddish pink

inner side

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments
'Taneiglat' closest variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Taneiglat	t'flower colour	cherry red to apricot	outer petal whorls cherry rustic red, inner petal whorls creamy white	pollen parent
Unnamed seedling	flower colour	cherry red to apricot	yellow apricot	seed parent

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.  Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Korbreano' 'Taneiglat'
Plant: growth habit	narrow bushy bushy
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium
Young shoot: hue of anthocyanin colouration	bronze to reddish brown
Prickles: presence	present
Prickle: shape of lower side	concave
Short prickles: number	many
Long prickles: number	medium
*Leaf: size	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark dark
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium
Leaflet: cross section	slight concave
Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak
Terminal leaflet: length of blade	medium
Terminal leaflet: width of blade	medium
Terminal leaflet: shape of base	rounded
Flowering shoot: number of flowers	very few
Flower pedicel: number of hairs or prickles	few
Flower bud: shape of longitudinal section	broad-ovate
*Flower: type	double
Flower: number of petals	few to medium

*Flower : diameter	medium
Flower: view from above	round
Flower: side view of upper part	flat
Flower: side view of lower part	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance	absent or very weak medium to strong
Sepal: extensions	medium
*Petal: size	medium to large
*Petal: colour of middle zone of inner side(RHS colour chart)	red pink RHS 43D white, near RHS N155B
*Petal : colour of marginal zone of inner side(RHS colour chart)	red pink to pink RHS 43B/D
*Petal: spot at base of inner side	present
□ *Petal: size of spot at base of inner side	large
*Petal: colour of spot at base of inner side (RHS colour chart)	yellow green RHS 1C
*Petal: colour of middle zone of outer side (RHS colour chart)	red pink to dark pink red RHS 50B-52C
Petal: colour of marginal zone of outer side (RHS colour chart)	dark pink red white, near RHS RHS 50B N155B
chart)	
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side	RHS 50B N155B present very large
chart)	RHS 50B N155B present
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C-
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)  Petal: reflexing of margin	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)  Petal: reflexing of margin  Petal: undulation of margin	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak  medium
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)  Petal: reflexing of margin  Petal: undulation of margin  Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak  medium  yellow
chart)  *Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)  Petal: reflexing of margin  Petal: undulation of margin  Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament  Seed vessel: size	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak  medium  yellow medium
<ul> <li>*Petal: spot at base of outer side</li> <li>*Petal: size of spot at base of outer side</li> <li>*Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)</li> <li>Petal: reflexing of margin</li> <li>Petal: undulation of margin</li> <li>Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament</li> <li>Seed vessel: size</li> <li>Hip: shape of longitudinal section</li> </ul>	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak  medium  yellow medium  funnel-shaped
<ul> <li>*Petal: spot at base of outer side</li> <li>*Petal: size of spot at base of outer side</li> <li>*Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)</li> <li>Petal: reflexing of margin</li> <li>Petal: undulation of margin</li> <li>Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament</li> <li>Seed vessel: size</li> <li>Hip: shape of longitudinal section</li> <li>Time of beginning of: flowering</li> </ul>	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak  medium  yellow  medium  funnel-shaped  early almost continuous
*Petal: spot at base of outer side  *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side  *Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)  Petal: reflexing of margin  Petal: undulation of margin  Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament  Seed vessel: size  Hip: shape of longitudinal section  Time of beginning of: flowering  *Flowering: habit	RHS 50B N155B  present  very large  white to yellow green RHS 155C- 1D  weak  medium  yellow  medium  funnel-shaped  early almost continuous

**Statistical Table** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Korbreano'
Leaf: length (mm)	
Mean	109.40
Std. Deviation	9.20
Leaflet: length (mm)	
Mean	47.10
Std. Deviation	3.40
Leaflet: width (mm)	
Mean	31.10
Std. Deviation	2.90
Leaflet: petiolule (mm)	
Mean	15.10
Std. Deviation	1.80
Flower: diameter (mm)	
Mean	81.60
Std. Deviation	5.20
Mean	32.80
Std. Deviation	2.30
Prior Applications and Sales	

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Germany	2001	Granted	'Korbreano'
EU	2002	Granted	'Korbreano'

First sold in Germany in Jun 2002.

Description: Brian Hanger, Rosemary Ridge Pty Ltd, Wantirna, VIC.

Application Number2006/098Variety Name'Korcoptru'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

**Common Name** Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG,

Sparrieshoop, Germany

**Agent** Treloar Roses Pty Ltd, Portland, VIC

**Qualified Person** Brian Hanger

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Overseas Testing Bundessortanamt

**Authority** 

Overseas Data ROS 2281

**Reference Number** 

**Location** Pruistelle Rethmar

**Descriptor** TG/11/7 **Period** 2003-2004

**Conditions** Overseas data was verified in Australia by local observations

at Portland, VIC (Latitude 38°15'S, Longitude 141°37'E). The roses were maintained in the open and grown in a well structured loamy clay soil. Sound farm management practices ensured the plants grew to their full potential with minimum stress and under high health conditions. 'Korcoptru' was budded in early summer onto well established 10 month-old *Rosa multiflora* rootstock. Examination was conducted in mid autumn on one and two year old budded plants growing in

double rows along with other varieties of Kordes roses.

**Trial Design** Observations and measurements were taken from a minimum

of ten plants, selected at random in mid autumn.

Measurements made on terminal leaflet of first five-leaflet

leaf down flower stem, flower diameter when first fully open,

and sepal length excluding leafy extension if present.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1986

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Meigurami', crossed with pollen parent 'Noatraum' in May 1993. Hips produced remained on the bush until Oct (autumn) when harvested and shelled. In Feb 1994 the seeds were planted and germinated under controlled greenhouse conditions: The seedlings first bloomed in May (Northern Hemisphere), and from these the best were selected for further trials. From these the seedling, now known as 'Korcoptru', was selected for further testing. In Jul 1994 budding eyes were removed, budded onto an understock (*R. canina*) and planted in outside climatic conditions. This new variety was further tested and multiplied by vegetative propagation via shoot cuttings. Over seven generations 'Korcoptru' appeared genetically stable. Selection criteria: improved garden rose variety. Breeding directed by William Kordes, of W.Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GMBH & Co KG, Sparrieshoop, Germany.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Petal	colour of marginal zone of	blue pink

outer side

Petal colour of marginal zone of light blue pink to blue pink

inner side

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Korlupo'	closest comparator

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Meigurami'	flower colour	creamy white, edged red	pink	seed parent
'Noatraum'	flower size	large	medium	pollen parent

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Korcoptru'	'Korlupo'
Plant: growth habit	bushy	narrow bushy
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium to stron	g
Young shoot: hue of anthocyanin colouration	bronze to reddish brown	1
Prickles: presence	present	
Prickle: shape of lower side	deep concave	
Short prickles: number	few	
Long prickles: number	medium to many	,
*Leaf: size	small to medium	
Leaf: green colour	dark	
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	strong to very strong	
Leaflet: cross section	slight concave	
Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak to medium	
Terminal leaflet: length of blade	short to medium	
Terminal leaflet: width of blade	narrow to mediu	m
Terminal leaflet: shape of base	wedge-shaped	
Flowering shoot: number of flowers	medium	
Flower pedicel: number of hairs or prickles	medium to many	,
Flower bud: shape of longitudinal section	round	
*Flower: type	double	
Flower: number of petals	medium	
*Flower : diameter	medium	

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Flower: view from above	round
Flower: side view of upper part	flat
Flower: side view of lower part	flat convex
Flower: fragrance	weak to medium
Sepal: extensions	weak
*Petal: size	small to medium
*Petal: colour of middle zone of inner side(RHS colour chart)	white to light blue pink: RHS 155C- 56B (RHS N155B)
*Petal : colour of marginal zone of inner side(RHS colour chart)	light blue pink to blue pink: RHS purple red: RHS 56A-62A (RHS 55B 56A-56C)
*Petal: spot at base of inner side	present
□ *Petal: size of spot at base of inner side	very small
*Petal: colour of spot at base of inner side (RHS colour chart)	yellow green
*Petal: colour of middle zone of outer side (RHS colour chart)	white: RHS 157D
Petal: colour of marginal zone of outer side (RHS colour chart)	blue pink: RHS light red pink: 62A RHS 36D
□ *Petal: spot at base of outer side	present
□ *Petal: size of spot at base of outer side	very small
*Petal: colour of spot at base of outer side (RHS colour chart)	yellow green
Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium
Petal: undulation of margin	strong
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	yellow
☐ Seed vessel: size	small to medium
Hip: shape of longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped
☐ Time of beginning of: flowering	medium
*Flowering: habit	almost continuous flowering
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Korcoptru'
☐ Sigma: height in relation to anthers	same level
Statistical Table	477
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Korcoptru'
Leaf: length (mm) Mean	123.00
Std. Deviation	10.20

Leaflet: length (mm)	
Mean	59.30
Std. Deviation	2.20
Leaflet: width (mm)	
Mean	38.10
Std. Deviation	3.20
Leaflet: petiolule (mm)	
Mean	18.60
Std. Deviation	3.40
Flower: diameter (mm)	
Mean	76.30
Std. Deviation	5.60
□ Sepal: length (mm)	
Mean	25.10
Std. Deviation	1.40

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Switzerland	2005	Granted	'Korcoptru'
Germany	2002	Granted	'Korcoptru
EU	2003	Granted	'Korcoptru'

First sold in Germany in Oct 2003.

 $Description: \textbf{Brian Hanger}, Rosemary\ Ridge\ Pty\ Ltd,\ Wantirna,\ VIC.$ 

**Application Number** 2005/082 **Variety Name** 2005/082 'C99-42'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

**Common Name** Southern Highbush Blueberry

Svnonvm Nil

**Accepted Date** 19 May 2005

**Applicant** CostaExchange Ltd, Corindi Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Ian Paananen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Corindi Beach, NSW

**Descriptor** Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3

**Period** Aug 2006 – Aug 2007

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

**Trial Design** 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

**Measurements** Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F97-47' x pollen parent 'F88-53' in 1996 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is of unknown character. The pollen parent is characterised by a bushy to semi-spreading growth habit, very large fruit size, light blue colour and medium to wet picking scar. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 1999. Selection criteria: bushy to upright plant shape and good growth vigour, evergreen winter foliage, earliness of harvest time, suitable fruit size, firmness, colour and picking scar. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of ripening	early to medium
Fruit	diameter	small to medium
Fruit	shape	globose
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar	<u>varieues of Common Knowledge identified (vCK)</u>	
Name	Comments	
'Sharn Blue'		

Sharp Blue

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Misty'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Biloxi'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C99-42'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
		upright to	•	bushy to
*Plant: growth habit	spreading	bushy	upright	spreading
*Fully developed leaf: width	narrow	medium	narrow to medium	very broad
□ *Flower: size	small	small to medium	very small to small	small to medium
*Fruit: size	medium	small	small to medium	medium
*Fruit: intensity of bloom	medium to strong			medium to strong
*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin (after removal of bloom)	very dark	dark	dark	dark
*Fruit: sweetness	strong	weak to medium	medium to strong	strong
*Fruit: acidity	weak	medium	weak to medium	weak
*Time of: bud burst	early	medium to lat	emedium	early
*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early to early	medium to latemedium		early to medium
*Time of: fruit ripening  Characteristics Additional to the Des	early	medium to lat	emedium	medium
	'C99-42'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: growth vigour		'Biloxi' medium	<b>'Misty'</b> weak	'Sharp Blue' strong to very strong
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C99-42'	medium	•	strong to very
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: growth vigour	"C99-42" medium strong to very	medium	•	strong to very strong
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape	redium strong to very strong	medium	weak	strong to very strong medium
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: growth vigour  Fruit: firmness when ripe	redium strong to very strong globose	medium	weak	strong to very strong medium globose
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ✓ Fruit: shape  ✓ Fruit: attitude of calyx	redium strong to very strong globose erect	medium globose erect	weak globose erect	strong to very strong medium globose erect
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape  ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx  ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table	medium strong to very strong globose erect 144A	globose erect 144A	weak globose erect 144A	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape  ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx  ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed	medium strong to very strong globose erect 144A	globose erect 144A	weak globose erect 144A	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS) ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table	redium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A	globose erect 144A Ca.N92C	weak globose erect 144A Ca.N92C	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: growth vigour  Fruit: firmness when ripe  Fruit: shape  Fruit: attitude of calyx  Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	redium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A	globose erect 144A Ca.N92C	weak globose erect 144A Ca.N92C	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS) ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Fruit: diameter (mm)	rC99-42' medium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A  rC99-42'  17.50 1.20	globose erect 144A Ca.N92C	weak globose erect 144A Ca.N92C	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape  ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx  ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Fruit: diameter (mm) Mean	redium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A respect 142 17.50	globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Biloxi' 14.10	weak  globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Misty' 15.90	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Sharp Blue'
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape  ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx  ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table  Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Fruit: diameter (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	rC99-42' medium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A  rC99-42'  17.50 1.20	globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Biloxi'  14.10 1.20	weak globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Misty' 15.90 0.90	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Sharp Blue' 17.00 1.00
Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Plant: growth vigour  ✓ Fruit: firmness when ripe  ☐ Fruit: shape  ☐ Fruit: attitude of calyx  ☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  ☐ Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table  Organ/Plant Part: Context  ✓ Fruit: diameter (mm)  Mean  Std. Deviation  LSD/sig	rC99-42' medium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A  rC99-42'  17.50 1.20	globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Biloxi'  14.10 1.20	weak globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Misty' 15.90 0.90	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Sharp Blue' 17.00 1.00
Organ/Plant Part: Context  Plant: growth vigour  Fruit: firmness when ripe  Fruit: shape Fruit: attitude of calyx  Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed  Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context  Fruit: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig  Fruit: diameter of calyx (mm)	rC99-42' medium strong to very strong globose erect 144A 200A  rC99-42'  17.50 1.20 1.34	medium  globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Biloxi'  14.10 1.20 P≤0.01	weak  globose erect 144A Ca.N92C  'Misty'  15.90 0.90 P≤0.01	strong to very strong medium globose erect 144A Ca.N92C 'Sharp Blue' 17.00 1.00 ns

## **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

**Application Number** 2006/199 **Variety Name** 'S210'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 10 Aug 2006

**Applicant** Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal, Sandy Beach,

**NSW** 

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Russell Glover

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Lot 120 Johnsons Rd Sandy Beach NSW 2456.

**Descriptor** Blueberry (*Vaccinium*) TG /137/3.

**Period** 2004-2007.

Conditions Candidate was bulked up vegetatively for trial. Trial was

planted from cuttings, grown on in 125mm tubes. Grown

under commercial growing conditions.

**Trial Design** 5 replicate rows with ~100 plants per row within commercial

production area.

Measurements visual observation was taken on at least 6 plants and metric

measurements was taken on 15 samples.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001.

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination: seed was collected from several cultivars of blueberry growing in close proximity to each other. Seed was germinated and grown out in tubes. Plants with good vigour and disease resistance were planted. Candidate was selected after 2 fruiting events and vegetatively propagated. Breeder: Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal, Sandy Beach, NSW.

## **Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

, 41100) 01 0011111101	11110 1110 000	
<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of maturity	early to medium
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	dark
Fruit	shape	globose

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'OB1'	candidate variety from the same breeding program
'Sharp Blue'	industry standard, same maturity group
'Biloxi'	industry variety
'Misty'	industry variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparator	s are marked	with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'S210'</b>	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	<b>'OB1'</b>	'Sharp Blue'
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright to bushy	upright	upright to bushy	bushy to spreading
*Fully developed leaf: width	narrow to medium	medium	narrow to medium	very narrow	very broad
*Flower: size	small to medium	medium	very small to small	small	small to medium
*Flower: anthocyanin colouration of petal	weak	weak	very weak to weak	very weak	weak to medium
*Fruit: size	medium	medium	medium to large	medium	medium to large
*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	light to medium	light	light to medium	light to medium	light to medium
*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	medium	strong to very strong	strong to very strong	medium
*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	dark	dark	dark	dark	dark
*Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	strong
*Fruit: acidity	medium	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	strong to very strong	weak
*Time of: bud burst	early	early to medium	medium	very early	early to medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering	early	early to medium	early to medium	very early	early to medium
*Time of: fruit ripening	early	early to medium	early to medium	early	early
Characteristics Addition	nal to the Desc	riptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'S210'</b>	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	<b>'OB1'</b>	'Sharp Blue'
Fruit: firmness	strong	medium	medium	medium	weak to medium
Fruit: shape	globose	globose	globose	globose	globose
Fruit: attitude of caly	<sub>k</sub> erect	diverging	erect	converging	erect
Plant: vigour	medium	medium to strong	weak to medium	strong	strong to very strong
Fruit: colour of unripe fruit (RHS)	<sup>2</sup> 144A	144B	144A	144A	144A
Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C

**Statistical Table** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'S210'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	<b>'OB1'</b>	'Sharp Blue'
Fruit: diameter (mm)	)				
Mean	15.09	17.08	16.54	15.46	16.19
Std. Deviation	0.95	0.79	1.57	1.05	0.92
LSD/sig	1.05	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Fruit: brix (degrees)					
Mean	15.80	15.47	17.33	16.00	15.47
Std. Deviation	1.08	1.30	0.90	1.77	1.41
LSD/sig	1.28	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Russell Glover, Sandy Beach, NSW.

**Application Number** 2005/078

Variety Name 'Southern Belle' Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 19 May 2005

**Applicant** Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc, Gainesville, FL,

USA

**Agent** BerryExchange, Corindi Beach, NSW

**Qualified Person** Ian Paananen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Corindi Beach, NSW

**Descriptor** Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3

**Period** Aug 2006-Aug 2007

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

**Trial Design** 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

**Measurements** Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent unnamed hybrid x pollen parent unnamed hybrid repeated over 5-8 generations in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium fruit size, medium picking scar and medium fruit firmness. The pollen parent is characterised by a medium fruit size, medium picking scar and medium fruit firmness. Selection took place in Gainesville, Florida, USA in 1984. Selection criteria: large fruit size, high fruit firmness, dry picking scar and good fruit flavour. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Paul Lyrene, Florida, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContextState of Expression in Group of VarietiesFruittime of ripeningmedium to late

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Nama	Commenta
Name	Comments

'Sharp Blue'

'Misty'

'Biloxi'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Southern Belle'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
*Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	upright to bushy	upright	bushy to spreading
*Fully developed leaf: width	medium	medium	narrow to medium	very broad
*Flower: size	small	small to medium	very small to small	small to medium
*Fruit: size	large	small	small to medium	medium
*Fruit: intensity of bloom	medium to strong			medium to strong
*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin (after removal of bloom)	very dark	dark	dark	dark
*Fruit: sweetness	weak	weak to medium	medium to strong	strong
*Fruit: acidity	weak	medium	weak to medium	weak
*Time of: bud burst	late	medium to lat	emedium	early
*Time of: beginning of flowering	late	medium to lat	emedium	early to medium
*Time of: fruit ripening	late	medium to lat	emedium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Characteristics illustrational to the Descriptor, I G				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Southern Belle'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
Plant: growth vigour	weak to medium	medium	weak	strong to very strong
Fruit: firmness when ripe	firm			medium
Fruit: shape	flattened globose	globose	globose	globose
Fruit: attitude of calyx	convergent	erect	erect	erect
☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)	144A	144A	144A	144A
Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed	200A	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C

## **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Southern Belle'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
Fruit: diameter (mm)				
Mean	20.00	14.10	15.90	17.00
Std. Deviation	1.20	1.20	0.90	1.00
LSD/sig	1.34	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter of calyx (mm)				
Mean	6.70	4.90	7.70	7.00

Std. Deviation	0.80	1.10	1.00	0.70
LSD/sig	1.11	P≤0.01	ns	ns

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2004	Applied	'Southern Belle'
USA	2002	Granted	'Southern Belle'

First sold in USA in Jul 2002.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

**Application Number** 2005/079 **Variety Name** 'Emerald'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

**Common Name** Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 19 May 2005

**Applicant** Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc, Gainesville, FL,

USA

**Agent** BerryExchange, Corindi Beach, NSW

**Qualified Person** Ian Paananen

#### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Corindi Beach, NSW

**Descriptor** Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3

**Period** Aug 2006 – Aug 2007

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

**Trial Design** 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'FL91-69' x pollen parent 'NC1528' in 1991 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a small fruit size, dark blue fruit colour and soft fruit firmness. The pollen parent is characterised by a high chilling requirement. Selection took place in Gainesville, Florida, USA in 1995. Selection criteria: high growth vigour, low chilling requirement and high fruit quality. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Paul Lyrene, Florida, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Flower time of beginning of flowering early-medium

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Sharp Blue'

'Misty'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Emerald'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
~	*Plant: growth habit	spreading to strongly spreading	•	bushy to spreading
~	*Fully developed leaf: width	broad	narrow to medium	very broad
~	*Flower: size	small to medium	very small to small	small to medium
~	*Fruit: size	large	small to medium	medium
	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	medium to strong		medium to strong
□ (aft	*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin er removal of bloom)	very dark	dark	dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	weak to medium	medium to strong	strong
~	*Fruit: acidity	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak
~	*Time of: bud burst	early to medium	medium	early
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	early to medium	medium	early to medium
	*Time of: fruit ripening	medium to late	medium	medium
	aracteristics Additional to the Descript			
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Emerald'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
~	Plant: growth vigour	strong to very strong	weak	
~	Fruit: firmness when ripe	firm		medium
~	Fruit: shape	flattened globose	globose	globose
	Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect	erect
	Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)	144A	144A	144A
rem	Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom noved	200A	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C

### **Statistical Table**

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Emerald'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
Fruit: diameter (mm)			
Mean	20.70	15.90	17.00
Std. Deviation	1.40	0.90	1.00
LSD/sig	1.34	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter of calyx (mm)			
Mean	8.50	7.70	7.00
Std. Deviation	1.30	1.00	0.70
LSD/sig	1.11	ns	P≤0.01

**Prior Applications and Sales** 

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
EU	2004	Applied	'Emerald'
USA	1999	Granted	'Emerald'

First sold in USA in Mar 2001.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

**Application Number** 2006/200 **Variety Name** 'OB1'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 10 Aug 2006

**Applicant** Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal, Sandy Beach,

**NSW** 

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Russell Glover

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** 120 Johnsons Road, Sandy Beach NSW Australia.

**Descriptor** Blueberry (*Vaccinium*) TG/137/3.

**Period** 2001.

**Conditions** Candidate was bulked-up vegetatively for trial. Trial was

planted from cuttings, grown on in 125mm tubes. Grown

under commercial growing conditions.

**Trial Design** 5 replicate rows ~ 100 plants planted within commercial

production area.

**Measurements** Visual observation was taken on at least 6 plants and metric

measurements was taken on 15 samples.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

### **Origin and Breeding**

Open pollination: seed was collected from several cultivars of blueberry growing in close proximity to each other. Seed was germinated and grown out in tubes. Plants with good vigour and disease resistance were planted. Candidate was selected after 2 fruiting events and vegetatively propagated. Breeder: Russell Glover and Gurmukh Singh Atwal, Sandy Beach, NSW.

### **Choice of Comparators** Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of maturity	early to medium
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	dark
Fruit	shape	globose

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'S210'	candidate variety from the same breeding program
'Sharp Blue'	industry standard, same maturity group
'Biloxi'	industry variety
'Misty'	industry variety

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Context Context  □ *Plant: growth habit   very broad   v	Organ/Plant Part:	s are marken	with a tick.			
*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin  *Fruit: sweetness weak to medium strong to very strong  *Fruit: acidity  *Trime of: bud burst very early of flowering  *Time of: fruit: rinensity of flowering  *Time of: fruit: firmness medium medium medium  *Trime of: fruit: firmness medium strong sursong sursong globose gruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of unripe gruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of unripe gruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe gruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe gruit (RHS)  Fruit: (RAN)	_			'Misty'	<b>'S210'</b>	'Sharp Blue'
leaf: width  *Flower: size small medium very small to small to medium medium weak to medium to strong medium mediu	□ *Plant: growth habit			upright	upright	<u>-</u>
*Flower: size small medium small medium medium medium colouration of petal very weak weak very weak to weak medium to large medium to large weak to medium medium to large weak to medium medium to large weak to medium to strong strong to very strong medium strong medium strong medium med	I uny acveroped	narrow	medium			very broad
*Fruit: size medium medium medium to large light to intensity of green colour medium medium strong strong to very strong	□ *Flower: size	small	medium	•		
*Fruit: size medium medium large medium large  *Unripe fruit: light to intensity of green colour medium medium medium medium medium medium medium medium  *Fruit: intensity of strong to very strong strong strong  *Fruit: intensity of bloom  *Fruit: strong  *Fruit: sweetness  **Meak to medium to medium to medium to medium to strong strong strong strong  **Trong of: bud burst  **Fruit: acidity  *Time of: bud burst  **Very early  **Time of: beginning of flowering  *Time of: fruit  ripening  *Trime of: fruit  ripening  **Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG  **Organ/Plant Part:  **OB1'  **Biloxi'  **Misty'  **S210'  **Sharp Blue'  **Weak to medium  **Trime shape  **globose  globose  plant: vigour  strong  **Truit: colour of unripe 144A  fruit: (RHS)  Fruit: colour of fipe  fruit: colour of fipe  fruit: colour of pipe  fruit: colour of fipe  fruit: (RHS)  **Ca.N92C  Ca.N92C	*Flower: anthocyanin colouration of petal	very weak	weak	•	weak	
intensity of green colour medium strong to very strong strong to very strong medium  *Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin  *Fruit: sweetness medium of medium to medium to strong weak weak weak  *Fruit: acidity strong very very weak to strong weak weak weak weak  *Time of: bud burst very early medium medium medium early to medium medium  *Time of: fruit ripening early to early to medium medium medium  *Time of: fruit of: fruit ripening early to medium medium medium  *Thine of: fruit of: fruit ripening early bearly to medium medium medium  *Thine of: fruit of: fruit: shape globose globose globose globose globose globose globose fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect of: fruit: colour of unripe that the fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit: colour of ripe fruit: colour of ripe fruit: (Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	*Fruit: size	medium	medium		medium	
bloom strong str	-		light	•	_	•
blue colour of skin    Strong   Strong	Truit. Intellisity of		medium		strong	medium
*Fruit: sweetness medium strong strong strong  *Fruit: acidity strong to very very weak to strong weak weak  *Time of: bud burst very early early to medium medium early to medium  *Time of: beginning very early early to medium medium early to medium  *Time of: fruit early early to medium medium early to medium  *Time of: fruit early early to medium medium early to medium  *Time of: fruit early early to medium medium  *Time of: fruit early to medium  *Time of: fruit shade iarly to early to medium  *Time of: fruit early to medium  *Time of: bud burst  *Time of: burst  *Time of: bud burst  *Time of: bud burst  *Time of: bud burs	•	dark	dark	dark	dark	dark
*Fruit: acidity strong weak weak early to medium medium early of flowering early to medium medium medium early early to medium medium early early to medium medium medium early early to medium medium tripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG  Organ/Plant Part: OB1' 'Biloxi' 'Misty' 'S210' 'Sharp Blue'  Fruit: firmness medium medium strong weak to medium fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect strong to very strong medium medium medium strong Truit: colour of unripe strong medium to weak to medium to weak to medium strong medium to strong medium to strong to very strong medium to strong to very strong Truit: colour of unripe strong to very strong Truit: colour of ripe struit: colour of ripe fruit: colour of ripe fruit: colour of ripe fruit: colour of ripe fruit: (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	*Fruit: sweetness					strong
*Time of: bud burst very early medium medium early medium of flowering very early of flowering early to medium medium medium early to medium medium early early to medium medium early early to medium medium early early to medium medium to medium medium to weak to medium to weak to medium fruit: shape globose globose globose globose globose fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect er	*Fruit: acidity		-	•	medium	
of flowering	*Time of: bud burst	very early	•	•	early	•
ripening medium medium medium  Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG  Organ/Plant Part: Context  Fruit: firmness medium medium medium strong weak to medium  Fruit: shape globose globose globose globose globose  fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect erect erect  Plant: vigour strong medium to weak to medium strong medium  Fruit: colour of unripe 144A 144B 144A 144A 144A  Fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit: (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	Time of degining	very early	•	•	early	•
Organ/Plant Part: Context'OB1''Biloxi''Misty''S210''Sharp Blue'✓ Fruit: firmnessmediummediumstrongweak to medium☐ Fruit: shapegloboseglobosegloboseglobose☐ fruit: attitude of calyx convergingdivergingerecterecterect✔ Plant: vigourstrongmedium to weak to mediumstrong to very strong☐ Fruit: colour of unripe 144A144B144A144A144Afruit (RHS)Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) (bloomCa.N92CCa.N92CCa.N92CCa.N92C	Time of. fruit	early	•	•	early	early
Context  Fruit: firmness medium medium medium strong weak to medium  Fruit: shape globose globose globose globose globose  fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect erect erect  Plant: vigour strong medium to weak to medium strong to very strong  Fruit: colour of unripe 144A 144B 144A 144A 144A  Fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	<b>Characteristics Addition</b>	nal to the Desc	riptor/TG			
Fruit: firmness medium medium strong medium  Fruit: shape globose globose globose globose globose  fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect erect  Plant: vigour strong medium to weak to medium strong to very strong  Fruit: colour of unripe 144A 144B 144A 144A 144A  fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit: (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	O	'OB1'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'S210'	'Sharp Blue'
fruit: attitude of calyx converging diverging erect erect erect  Plant: vigour strong medium to weak to medium strong  Fruit: colour of unripe 144A 144B 144A 144A 144A  fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	Fruit: firmness	medium	medium	medium	strong	
Plant: vigour strong medium to weak to medium strong to very strong  Fruit: colour of unripe 144A fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	Fruit: shape	globose	globose	globose	globose	globose
Plant: vigour strong medium strong medium strong  Fruit: colour of unripe 144A 144B 144A 144A 144A 144A  fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	fruit: attitude of calyx	converging	diverging	erect	erect	erect
fruit (RHS)  Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	114111. 115041				medium	•
fruit (RHS) (bloom Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C Ca.N92C	Fruit: colour of unripe fruit (RHS)	<sup>2</sup> 144A	144B	144A	144A	144A
	fruit (RHS) (bloom	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C

**Statistical Table** 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'OB1'</b>	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'S210'	'Sharp Blue'
Fruit: diameter (mm)	)				
Mean	15.46	17.08	16.54	15.09	16.19
Std. Deviation	1.05	0.79	1.57	0.95	0.92
LSD/sig	1.05	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Fruit: Brix (degrees)					
Mean	16.00	15.47	17.33	15.80	15.47
Std. Deviation	1.77	1.30	0.90	1.08	1.41
LSD/sig	1.28	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Prior Applications nil. First sold in Australia in Oct 2005.

Description: Russell Glover, Sandy Beach, NSW.

**Application Number** 2005/080 **Variety Name** 'C97-390'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

**Common Name** Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

**Accepted Date** 19 May 2005

**Applicant** CostaExchange Ltd, Corindi Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Ian Paananen

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Corindi Beach, NSW.

**Descriptor** Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

**Period** Aug 2006 – Aug 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

**Trial Design** 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

**Measurements** Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F92-84' x pollen parent 'F95-54' in 1994 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by an early-mid season harvest timing, narrow leaf width, pale green leaf colour and mid-light blue berry colour. The pollen parent is characterised by a mid-season harvest timing, bushy growth habit with medium vigour, red winter leaf colour, pale green leaf colour and medium berry firmness. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 1997. Selection criteria: bushy plant shape and high growth vigour, evergreen winter foliage, earliness of harvest time, suitable fruit size, firmness, colour and picking scar. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	shape	globose
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect

Fruit size small to medium

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

nments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Sharp Blue'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Misty'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Biloxi'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C97-390'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
*Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	upright to bushy	upright	bushy to spreading
*Fully developed leaf: width	medium	medium	narrow to medium	very broad
*Flower: size	small	small to medium	very small to small	small to medium
*Fruit: size	medium	small	small to mediun	nmedium
*Fruit: intensity of bloom	weak to mediun	1		medium to strong
*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin (after removal of bloom)	very dark	dark	dark	dark
*Fruit: sweetness	medium	weak to medium	medium to strong	strong
*Fruit: acidity	weak to medium	nmedium	weak to medium	nweak
*Time of: bud burst	late	medium to late	medium	early
*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early	medium to late	medium	early to medium
*Time of: fruit ripening	very early to early	medium to late	medium	medium
Characteristics Additional to the Organ/Plant Part: Context	he Descriptor/TO 'C97-390'	<u>G</u> 'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
=			·	strong to very
Plant: growth vigour	strong	medium	weak	strong
Fruit: firmness when ripe	medium			medium
Fruit: shape	globose	globose	globose	globose
Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect	erect	erect
☐ Unripe fruit: colour (RHS)	144A	144A	144A	144A
Fruit: colour of ripe fruit (RHS) - bloom removed	200A	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C	Ca.N92C
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C97-390'	'Biloxi'	'Misty'	'Sharp Blue'
Fruit: diameter (mm)				
Mean	17.90	14.10	15.90	17.00
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.90 1.34	1.20 P≤0.01	0.90 P≤0.01	1.00
Fruit: diameter of calyx (mm		1 ≥0.01	1 ≥0.01	ns
Mean	7.00	4.90	7.70	7.00
Std. Deviation	0.70	1.10	1.00	0.70
LSD/sig	1.11	P≤0.01	ns	ns

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

**Application Number** 2006/185 **Variety Name** 'Q227'

**Genus Species** Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** George Piperidis

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** BSES Limited Central, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2

**Period** Planted 4 Aug 2005; descriptions 17-19 May 2006.

**Conditions** Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced and ripped three times and levelled using land plane and harrows. Planting material was generally good, and soil moisture at planting was also good. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation followed by rainfed. Chemicals: The fungicide Tilt was applied at 60 mL per hectare, and the insecticide Talstar was applied at 375 mL per hectare at planting. Stomp (3 L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 11/08/2005. Fertilisers: GF351 (185kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients applied were: Nitrogen 21kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha;

Potassium 33 kg/ha; Sulphur 2 kg/ha.

**Trial Design** Randomised Complete Block Design with 3 replicates. Plots

were single row by 10 m, with 1.5 m between rows.

**Measurements** Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited at Meringa (Gordonvale), QLD, between the seed parent 'Q117' and the pollen parent 'QN66-2008'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescence and stored for germination in 1985. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the BSES Limited Central Experiment Station at Mackay and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Central region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. Disease resistance screening was conducted at the pathology farm (Eight Mile Plains and Woodford), in the Tully glasshouse, and in field trials in Indonesia. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	colour where exposed to sun	yellow-green
Internode	colour where not exposed to sun	yellow-green
Node	shape of bud	ovate/oval

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	1 Varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Q117'	'Q117' is also the seed parent of 'Q227'	
'Q153'		
'O190'		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Q227'</b>	'Q117'	'Q153'	'Q190'
☐ Plant: stool growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	intermediate
*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	medium	weak to medium	ıweak	weak
☐ Plant: tillering	medium	weak	medium	medium
Plant: number of suckers	very few	very few	very few	few
☐ Plant: leaf canopy	sparse	sparse	sparse	sparse
*Internode: shape	concave-convex	concave-convex	cylindrical to bobbin	bobbin-shaped
☐ Internode: cross-section	circular	circular to ovate	circular	circular
*Internode: colour where exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 146A-B; greyed-orange 173A; greyed- purple 183A	yellow-green 146A-C; greyed-red 178B-C	yellow-green N144A-B & 144C; greyed- orange 166D	yellow-green N144A & 144A
*Internode: colour where not exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 145B&C	yellow-green N144A	yellow-green 145C	yellow-green 144D-151D
Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	shallow to medium	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
*Internode: expression of zigzag alignment	moderate	moderate	weak	moderate
Internode: waxiness	strong	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium to strong
Node: wax ring	medium	medium	narrow	medium
*Node: shape of bud	ovate	oval	ovate	ovate
□ Node: bud prominence	weak	weak	medium	medium
Node: depth of bud groove	shallow	absent or very shallow	medium	shallow
□ Node: length of bud groove	medium		medium to long	medium
Node: bud tip in relation to	intermediate	clearly below	intermediate	intermediate

growth ring			_	
Node: bud cushion	wide	medium	absent or very narrow	narrow
Node: width of bud wing	medium to wide	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow
Leaf sheath: number of hairs	absent or very few	few	medium to many	medium
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped
Leaf sheath: ligule width	medium	wide	wide	wide
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	short	short	long	medium
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	sparse	sparse	medium to dense	dense
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	lanceolate	lanceolate to falcate	transitional	falcate
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	small	small		medium to large
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	transitional	transitional	transitional	transitional
Leaf blade: curvature	curved tips	erect	curved tips	curved tips
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	sparse	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present	present
Statistical Table	(0.000	(011=1	(0150	(0.100)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Q227'</b>	'Q117'	'Q153'	'Q190'
Culm: height (m)	2 (2	2.22	2.45	2.02
Mean	2.63	2.22	2.47	2.83
Std. Deviation	0.23	0.14	0.18	0.16
LSD/sig Means Separation	0.48 abc	ns bcde	ns abcde	ns a
_	abc	ocac	abede	a
Internode: length (cm) Mean	15.00	12.70	15.70	15.50
Std. Deviation	1.90	1.20	1.70	1.10
LSD/sig	2.5	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bcdef	fg	bcdef	bcdef
Internode: diameter (mm)		-6		
Mean	26.60	28.40	26.30	28.90
Std. Deviation	2.10	2.50	1.90	2.90
LSD/sig	2.9	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bcdefgh	abcd	bcdefgh	ab
Node: width of bud (mm)			C	
Mean	8.76	6.22	7.00	7.93
	1.07	0.66	0.85	0.77
Std. Deviation	1.07	0.00	0.00	
LSD/sig	1.16	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns

Node: width of root band (m	m)			
Mean	9.49	9.68	9.62	11.78
Std. Deviation	1.14	1.10	0.92	1.26
LSD/sig	4.34	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bc	bc	bc	abc
Leaf blade: length (cm)				
Mean	153.30	169.10	151.80	150.70
Std. Deviation	6.10	7.00	7.50	4.60
LSD/sig	13.3	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Means Separation	fghij	abcde	ghij	ghij
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	46.30	45.50	49.00	48.00
Std. Deviation	2.70	2.20	3.50	2.50
LSD/sig	4.6	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	cdefg	efg	bcde	bcdef
Leaf: midrib width (mm)				
Mean	4.10	4.50	4.30	3.40
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.30
LSD/sig	0.7	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	abcdefg	abcde	abcdef	gh
Leaf sheaf: length (cm)				
Mean	28.70	30.60	33.10	30.40
Std. Deviation	0.90	0.70	2.20	0.80
LSD/sig	2.4	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	ghij	efgh	bcdef	fghi
Leaf: ratio leaf blade width /	midrib width			
Mean	11.30	10.30	11.50	14.20
Std. Deviation	0.90	0.90	1.00	1.10
LSD/sig	1.5	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	def	efg	cdef	a
Note: Means represented by the same letters are	not significantly differen	t at $P \le 0.01$ , Duncan's M	ultiple Range Test	

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

**Application Number** 2006/184 **Variety Name** 'Q226'

**Genus Species** Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** George Piperidis

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** BSES Limited Central, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2

**Period** Planted 4 Aug 2005; descriptions 17-19 May 2006.

**Conditions** Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced and ripped three times and levelled using land plane and harrows. Planting material was generally good, and soil moisture at planting was also good. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation followed by rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60 mL per hectare, and the insecticide Talstar was applied at 375 mL per hectare at planting. Stomp (3 L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 11/08/2005. Fertilisers: GF351 (185kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients applied were: Nitrogen 21kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha;

Potassium 33 kg/ha; Sulphur 2 kg/ha.

**Trial Design** Randomised Complete Block Design with 3 replicates. Plots

were single row by 10m, with 1.5 m between rows.

**Measurements** Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited at Meringa (Gordonvale), QLD, between the seed parent 'Q138' and the pollen parent 'CP57-614'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescence and stored for germination in 1990. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the BSES Limited Central Experiment Station at Mackay and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Central region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. Disease resistance screening was conducted at the pathology farm (Eight Mile Plains and Woodford), in the Tully glasshouse, and in field trials in Indonesia. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	cross section	circular
Internode	colour where exposed to sun	yellow-green
Node	shape of bud excluding wings	ovate/oval

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Must Sillilai	varieurs of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'Q138'	'Q138' is also the seed parent of 'Q226'
'Q162'	
'Q209'	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q226'	'Q138'	'Q162'	<b>'Q209'</b>
Plant: stool growth habit	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect	erect	semi-erect
*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	weak to medium	nmedium	medium	weak to medium
Plant: tillering	medium	strong	medium	medium
Plant: number of suckers	very few	very few	very few	few
Plant: leaf canopy	medium	medium	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
*Internode: shape	conoidal	conoidal	bobbin-shaped	conoidal
☐ Internode: cross-section	circular	circular	circular	circular
*Internode: colour where exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 151A; 144A; 144C-D	yellow-green N144A & 151A	greyed-yellow 160C; yellow- green N144A; greyed-orange 166B-C	yellow-green 151A & 144A; greyed-yellow 160A
*Internode: colour where not exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	greyed-yellow 160A-C	yellow-green 145C-D	yellow-green 151A - 154D	yellow-green 145D & 150D
Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
*Internode: expression of zigzag alignment	moderate	weak to moderate	strong	moderate
Internode: waxiness	weak to medium	ıweak	weak to medium	nweak
Node: wax ring	medium	medium	medium	narrow to medium
*Node: shape of bud	ovate	oval	ovate	ovate
□ Node: bud prominence	medium	medium	strong	weak to medium
Node: depth of bud groove	shallow to medium	shallow	absent or very shallow	shallow
Node: length of bud groove	long	medium		medium

Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring	clearly below	clearly below	clearly below	intermediate
Node: bud cushion	very narrow to narrow	absent or very narrow	narrow to medium	very narrow to narrow
Node: width of bud wing	medium to wide	medium	narrow	narrow
☐ Leaf sheath: number of hairs	few	very few to few	medium to many	very few to few
Leaf sheath: length of hairs	medium	short to medium	medium to long	short
Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped
Leaf sheath: ligule width	wide	wide	wide	medium
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	short	short	short	medium
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	medium	sparse	sparse to medium
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	dentoid	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	small	small to medium	nsmall	small
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	transitional	deltoid	transitional	transitional
Leaf sheath: size of overlapping auricle	not applicable	small	not applicable	not applicable
Leaf blade: curvature	arched	straight to curved tips	curved tips	curved tips to arched
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	absent or very sparse	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present	present
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Q226'</b>	'Q138'	'Q162'	<b>'Q209'</b>
Culm: height (m) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm)	2.47 0.14 0.48 abcde	2.41 0.26 ns abcde	2.55 0.30 ns abcd	2.24 0.22 ns bcde
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean	16.70 1.30 2.5 abc 27.30	19.20 14.00 ns a	17.10 1.60 ns ab	15.30 1.50 ns bcdef 25.30

Std. Deviation	2.40	2.90	2.80	2.10
LSD/sig	2.9	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bcdef	bcdefgh	bcde	cdefghi
$\square$ Node: width of bud (mm)				
Mean	8.53	7.90	8.10	7.70
Std. Deviation	0.66	1.30	0.80	0.70
LSD/sig	1.16	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	abcd	bcde	bcde	bcde
Node: width of root band (m	nm)			
Mean	10.15	9.40	11.80	9.60
Std. Deviation	1.02	0.90	2.10	0.70
LSD/sig	4.34	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bc	bc	abc	bc
Leaf blade: length (cm)				
Mean	180.70	164.20	163.60	154.00
Std. Deviation	17.50	11.10	14.40	11.60
LSD/sig	13.3	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	cdefg	cdefgh	efghij
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	47.10	52.90	55.30	46.50
Std. Deviation	2.60	4.80	6.80	3.70
LSD/sig	4.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	cdefg	ab	a	cdefg
Leaf: midrib width (mm)				
Mean	4.80	4.80	4.70	4.10
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.50	0.80	0.80
LSD/sig	0.7	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	ab	abcdefg
Leaf sheath: length (cm)				
Mean	32.80	33.80	34.90	28.90
Std. Deviation	2.20	2.00	2.40	1.60
LSD/sig	2.4	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	cdef	bcd	bc	ghij
Leaf: ratio leaf blade width	midrib width			
Mean	9.80	11.20	11.90	11.70
Std. Deviation	0.60	1.30	1.20	2.00
LSD/sig	1.5	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	fg	defg	bcde	cde
Note: Means represented by the same letters are	not significantly differen	at at $P \le 0.01$ , Duncan's M	Iultiple Range Test	

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Sep 2005 under the name QC90-823.

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

**Application Number** 2006/186 **Variety Name** 'Q229'

**Genus Species** Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** George Piperidis

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** BSES Limited Central, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2

**Period** Planted 4 Aug 2005; descriptions 17-19 May 2006.

**Conditions** Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced and ripped three times and levelled using land plane and harrows. Planting material was generally good, and soil moisture at planting was also good. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation followed by rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60 mL per hectare, and the insecticide Talstar was applied at 375 mL per hectare at planting. Stomp (3 L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 11/08/2005. Fertilisers: GF351 (185kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients applied were: Nitrogen 21kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha;

Potassium 33 kg/ha; Sulphur 2 kg/ha.

**Trial Design** Randomised Complete Block Design with 3 replicates. Plots

were single row by 10 m, with 1.5 m between rows.

**Measurements** Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

**RHS Chart - edition** 2001.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited at Meringa (Gordonvale), QLD, between the seed parent 'QN81-289' and the pollen parent 'QC75-326'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescence and stored for germination in 1992. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the BSES Limited Meringa Experiment Station at Gordonvale and sites within the sugarcane growing area of the Northern region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. Disease resistance screening was conducted at the pathology farm (Eight Mile Plains and Woodford), in the Tully glasshouse, and in field trials in Indonesia. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	colour where exposed to sun	yellow-green
Internode	colour where not exposed to sun	yellow-green
Node	shape of bud	ovate/oval

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar V	arieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Q186'		
'Q218'		

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. **Organ/Plant Part: Context 'O186' '0218' 'O229'** erect to semi-erect Plant: stool growth habit erect erect weak to medium \*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath medium weak medium medium medium Plant: tillering few very few very few Plant: number of suckers Plant: leaf canopy sparse to medium sparse to medium medium \*Internode: shape cylindrical concave-convex cylindrical Internode: cross-section circular circular circular yellow-green yellow-green 144A-B & \*Internode: colour where exposed to sun yellow-green greyed-red 178A-151A & 153D 152C-D (RHS colour chart) В yellow-green \*Internode: colour where not exposed to yellow-green yellow-green 144A-B & 146C-D 151A & 144A greyed-yellow sun (RHS colour chart) 160D absent or very absent or very absent or very Internode: depth of growth crack shallow shallow shallow \*Internode: expression of zigzag moderate to strongmoderate to strong moderate alignment Internode: waxiness medium medium to strong medium to strong Node: wax ring medium medium medium \*Node: shape of bud ovate ovate oval □ Node: bud prominence weak to medium medium medium absent or very very shallow to Node: depth of bud groove shallow shallow shallow medium to long short to medium Node: length of bud groove intermediate Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring clearly below intermediate absent or very Node: bud cushion narrow narrow narrow Node: width of bud wing narrow narrow narrow

Leaf sheath: number of hairs	few	absent or very few	manv
Leaf sheath: length of hairs	short	desent of very rem	medium
Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs	only dorsal		only dorsal
Ecal sheath, distribution of hans	crescent-shaped	arasaant shanad	crescent-shaped
Lear sheath. shape of figure	•	crescent-shaped	•
Leaf sheath: ligule width	wide	medium	wide
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	short	short	short
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	sparse to medium	sparse
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	lanceolate	falcate	calcariform
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	medium	small	small
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	deltoid	transitional	transitional
Leaf sheath: size of overlapping auricle	small		
Leaf blade: curvature	straight to curved tips	curved tips	curved tips
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Q229'</b>	'Q186'	'Q218'
Culm: height (m)			
			2.40
Mean Std. Davistion	2.49	2.26	2.40
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.13	0.15
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.21 0.48	0.13 ns	0.15 ns
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation	0.21	0.13	0.15
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm)	0.21 0.48 abcd	0.13 ns bcde	0.15 ns abcde
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean	0.21 0.48 abcd	0.13 ns bcde	0.15 ns abcde 15.60
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm)	0.21 0.48 abcd	0.13 ns bcde	0.15 ns abcde
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm)	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns efg	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns efg	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns efg 26.50 2.70	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef 31.30 3.90
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns efg 26.50 2.70 ns	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef 31.30 3.90 P≤0.01
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Node: width of bud (mm) Mean	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh	0.13 ns bcde 13.00 1.60 ns efg 26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef 31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef 31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☐ Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☐ Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85 1.16	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh  6.19 0.90 ns	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef 31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a 8.36 0.90 ns
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh  6.19 0.90	0.15 ns abcde 15.60 0.90 ns bcdef 31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☐ Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☐ Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of root band (mm) ☐ Node: width of root band (mm)	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85 1.16 cdef	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh  6.19 0.90 ns fg	0.15 ns abcde  15.60 0.90 ns bcdef  31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a  8.36 0.90 ns abcd
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of root band (mm) Mean Node: width of root band (mm) Mean	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85 1.16 cdef	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh  6.19 0.90 ns fg	0.15 ns abcde  15.60 0.90 ns bcdef  31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a  8.36 0.90 ns abcd
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☑ Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of root band (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of root band (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85 1.16 cdef 8.63 0.77	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh  6.19 0.90 ns fg  8.68 0.99	0.15 ns abcde  15.60 0.90 ns bcdef  31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a  8.36 0.90 ns abcd  10.40 1.06
Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☐ Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☑ Internode: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation  ☐ Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of root band (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ☐ Node: width of root band (mm) Mean	0.21 0.48 abcd 13.50 1.10 2.5 efg 26.30 2.50 2.9 bcdefgh 7.41 0.85 1.16 cdef	0.13 ns bcde  13.00 1.60 ns efg  26.50 2.70 ns bcdefgh  6.19 0.90 ns fg	0.15 ns abcde  15.60 0.90 ns bcdef  31.30 3.90 P≤0.01 a  8.36 0.90 ns abcd

Leaf blade: length (cm)			
Mean	131.30	147.90	181.80
Std. Deviation	9.60	7.50	7.50
LSD/sig	13.3	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	k	hij	a
Leaf blade: width (mm)			
Mean	45.80	47.20	53.10
Std. Deviation	3.40	2.50	3.70
LSD/sig	4.6	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	defg	cdefg	ab
Leaf: midrib width (mm)			
Mean	3.90	10.40	4.70
Std. Deviation	0.40	1.00	0.50
LSD/sig	0.7	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	defgh	efg	abc
Leaf sheath: length (cm)			
Mean	27.90	10.40	33.20
Std. Deviation	1.10	1.00	1.60
LSD/sig	2.4	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	hij	efg	bcde
Leaf: ratio leaf blade width/midrib wid	th		
Mean	11.90	10.40	11.50
Std. Deviation	1.20	1.00	1.80
LSD/sig	1.5	ns	ns
Means Separation	bcde	efg	cdef
Note: Means represented by the same letters are not significantly	different at $P \le 0.01$ , Dunca	an's Multiple Range Test	

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

**Application Number** 2006/187 **Variety Name** 'Q230'

**Genus Species** Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** George Piperidis

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** BSES Limited Central, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2

**Period** Planted 4 Aug 2005; descriptions 17-19 May 2006.

**Conditions** Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced and ripped three times and levelled using land plane and harrows. Planting material was generally good, and soil moisture at planting was also good. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation followed by rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60 mL per hectare, and the insecticide Talstar was applied at 375 mL per hectare at planting. Stomp (3 L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 11/08/2005. Fertilisers: GF351 (185kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients applied were: Nitrogen 21kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha;

Potassium 33 kg/ha; Sulphur 2 kg/ha.

**Trial Design** Randomised Complete Block Design with 3 replicates. Plots

were single row by 10 m, with 1.5 m between rows.

**Measurements** Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited at Meringa (Gordonvale), QLD, between the seed parent 'QN84-4500' and the pollen parent 'F78-1025'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescence and stored for germination in 1995. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the BSES Limited Meringa Experiment Station at Gordonvale and sites within the sugarcane growing area of the Northern region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. Disease resistance screening was conducted at the pathology farm (Eight Mile Plains and Woodford), in the Tully glasshouse, and in field trials in Indonesia. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Internode colour where not exposed to sun yellow-green
Node shape of bud oval/ovate/round
Leaf sheath shape of overlapping auricle transitional

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOSE SIIIII	varieties of common timo wreage facilities (verif)	
Name	Comments	
'Q152'		
'Q162'		
'Q186'		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q230'	'Q152'	'Q162'	'Q186'
☐ Plant: stool growth habit	erect	erect	erect	erect
*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	medium	weak to medium	ımedium	weak
☐ Plant: tillering	medium	medium	medium	medium
Plant: number of suckers	few	few to medium	very few	very few
☐ Plant: leaf canopy	sparse to medium	medium	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
*Internode: shape	cylindrical	concave-convex	bobbin-shaped	concave-convex
☐ Internode: cross-section	circular	circular	circular	circular
*Internode: colour where exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 144B-C & 153D	yellow-green 144A-B & N144A & 153D	yellow-green N144A; greyed- yellow 160C; greyed-orange 166B-C	yellow-green 151A & 153D
*Internode: colour where not exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 151A & N144A	yellow-green 150D	yellow-green 151A-154D	yellow-green 151A & 144A
Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
*Internode: expression of zigzag alignment	moderate	moderate	strong	moderate to strong
Internode: waxiness	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium	medium to strong
□ Node: wax ring	medium to wide	medium	medium	medium
*Node: shape of bud	oval	round	ovate	ovate
Node: bud prominence	medium to strong	medium	strong	medium
Node: depth of bud groove	absent or very shallow	shallow to medium	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
Node: bud tip in relation to	clearly below	clearly below	clearly below	intermediate

growth ring				
Node: bud cushion	narrow	absent or very narrow	narrow to medium	absent or very narrow
□ Node: width of bud wing	medium	narrow	narrow	narrow
Leaf sheath: number of hairs	few	very few to few	medium to many	absent or very few
Leaf sheath: length of hairs	medium	short	medium to long	
Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal	
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	deltoid	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped
Leaf sheath: ligule width	medium	medium	wide	medium
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	medium	short	short	short
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	very sparse to sparse	sparse	sparse to medium
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate	falcate
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	medium	small to mediun	nsmall	small
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	transitional	transitional	transitional	transitional
Leaf sheath: size of overlapping auricle	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable
Leaf blade: curvature	curved tips	curved tips to arched	curved tips	curved tips
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present	present
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q230'	'Q152'	'Q162'	'Q186'
Culm: height (m)	Q250	Q102	Q102	Q100
Mean	2.16	2.61	2.55	2.26
Std. Deviation	0.24	0.31	0.30	0.13
LSD/sig	0.48	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bcde	abc	abcd	bcde
✓ Internode: length (cm)				
Mean	16.50	17.30	17.10	13.00
Std. Deviation	1.60	2.40	1.60	1.60
LSD/sig	2.5	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	abcd	ab	ab	efg
Internode: diameter (mm)	25.20	24.00	27.60	26.50
Mean Std. Deviation	25.30 2.30	24.90 3.30	27.60 2.80	26.50 2.70
LSD/sig	2.9	ns	ns	ns
C				

Means Separation	defghi	defghi	bcde	bcdefgh
$\square$ Node: width of bud (mm)				
Mean	6.75	7.60	8.10	6.19
Std. Deviation	1.00	0.90	0.80	0.89
LSD/sig	1.16	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	efg	bcde	bcde	fg
☐ Internode: width of root band	d (mm)			
Mean	10.02	9.96	11.81	8.68
Std. Deviation	0.97	1.19	2.06	0.99
LSD/sig	4.34	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	bc	bc	abc	bc
Leaf blade: length (cm)				
Mean	153.10	159.00	163.60	147.90
Std. Deviation	8.60	10.50	14.40	7.50
LSD/sig	13.3	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	fghij	cdefghi	cdefgh	hij
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	49.30	42.50	55.30	47.20
Std. Deviation	3.50	4.10	6.80	2.50
LSD/sig	4.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	bcde	g	a	cdefg
Leaf: midrib width (mm)				
Mean	4.40	4.30	4.70	4.60
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.50
LSD/sig	0.7	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	abcde	abcdef	ab	abcd
Leaf sheath: length (cm)				
Mean	31.20	34.30	34.90	28.00
Std. Deviation	2.30	1.90	2.30	1.40
LSD/sig	2.4	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	defg	bc	bc	hij
Leaf: ratio leaf blade width /	midrib width			
Mean	11.30	10.10	11.90	10.40
Std. Deviation	1.40	2.40	1.20	1.00
LSD/sig	1.5	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	def	efg	bcde	efg
Note: Means represented by the same letters are	not significantly differen	t at $P \le 0.01$ , Duncan's M	ultiple Range Test	

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

 $Description: \textbf{George Piperidis, BSES Limited,} \ Mackay, \ QLD.$ 

**Application Number** 2006/188 **Variety Name** 'Q231'

**Genus Species** Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

**Applicant** BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** George Piperidis

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** BSES Limited Central, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2

**Period** Planted 4 Aug 2005; descriptions 17-19 May 2006.

**Conditions** Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced and ripped three times and levelled using land plane and harrows. Planting material was generally good, and soil moisture at planting was also good. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation followed by rainfed. Chemicals: The fungicide Tilt was applied at 60 mL per hectare, and the insecticide Talstar was applied at 375 mL per hectare at planting. Stomp (3 L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 11/08/2005. Fertilisers: GF351 (185kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients applied were: Nitrogen 21kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha;

Potassium 33 kg/ha; Sulphur 2 kg/ha.

**Trial Design** Randomised Complete Block Design with 3 replicates. Plots

were single row by 10 m, with 1.5 m between rows.

**Measurements** Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited at Meringa (Gordonvale), QLD, between the seed parent 'QN85-1647' and the pollen parent 'QS80-7441'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescence and stored for germination in 1995. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the BSES Limited Meringa Experiment Station at Gordonvale and sites within the sugarcane growing area of the Northern region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. Disease resistance screening was conducted at the pathology farm (Eight Mile Plains and Woodford), in the Tully glasshouse, and in field trials in Indonesia. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

'Q170'

Orga	an/Plant Part	Contex	ĸt		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
_	3	_	_	_		

Internode colour where exposed to sun yellow-green Internode colour where not exposed to sun yellow-green

Node shape of bud ovate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieurs of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'Q121'	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with		(01010	(O.1=0.
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q231'	'Q121'	<b>'Q170'</b>
Plant: stool growth habit	erect	erect	semi-erect
*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	medium	weak to medium	weak
Plant: tillering	strong	medium	medium
Plant: number of suckers	few	medium	few
Plant: leaf canopy	medium to dense	medium to dense	medium
*Internode: shape	bobbin-shaped	cylindrical	bobbin-shaped
Internode: cross-section	circular	circular	circular
*Internode: colour where exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 144A & 153A; greyed-orange 166D	greyed-orange 166C; greyed- yellow 160B-C; yellow-green 144A-B	yellow-green N144A&C greyed-orange 176C
*Internode: colour where not exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 152D	greyed-purple 184A; yellow- green 144C	yellow-green 145C-151D
Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	shallow	absent or very shallow
*Internode: expression of zigzag alignment	moderate to strong	gmoderate	weak to moderate
Internode: waxiness	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium
Node: wax ring	medium	narrow to medium	medium
*Node: shape of bud	ovate	ovate	ovate
Node: bud prominence	medium	medium	medium
Node: depth of bud groove	shallow	shallow	shallow to medium
Node: length of bud groove	very short to short	short	medium to long
Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring	intermediate	intermediate	clearly below
Node: bud cushion	narrow	absent or very narrow	medium to wide
Node: width of bud wing	medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium

Leaf sheath: number of hairs	very few to few	medium	few
	short	medium	medium to long
Leaf sheath: length of hairs			
Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	crescent-shaped	crescent-shaped	deltoid
Leaf sheath: ligule width	wide	wide	wide
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	medium to long	short to medium	short
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	dense	sparse to medium
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	lanceolate	transitional	lanceolate
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	e large		small
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	transitional	transitional	transitional
Leaf blade: curvature	arched	curved tips	arched
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin  Statistical Table	present	present	present
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'Q231'</b>	'Q121'	'Q170'
Culm: height (m)		_	
Mean	2.32	2.26	2.52
Std. Deviation	0.25	0.13	0.22
LSD/sig	0.48	ns	ns
Means Separation	abcde	abcde	abcd
☐ Internode: length (cm)			
Mean	13.70	15.70	15.40
Std. Deviation	1.60	1.90	1.80
LSD/sig	2.5	ns	ns
Means Separation	defg	bcde	bcdef
Internode: diameter (mm)	22.10	2 < 10	25.00
Mean	23.10	26.40	25.90
Std. Deviation	2.10	2.50	2.70
LSD/sig Magna Sangration	2.9	ns badafab	ns hadafah
Means Separation  Node: width of bud (mm)	hi	bcdefgh	bcdefgh
riode. Width of odd (IIIII)	0.02	0.50	7.57
Mean Std. Deviation	8.83 1.04	8.50 1.03	7.57 0.63
LSD/sig	1.16	ns	ns
Means Separation	ab	abcd	bcde
Leaf blade: length (cm)	ao	aoca	bede
=	172.40	160 40	171 20
Mean Std. Deviation	172.40 11.20	160.40 12.30	171.30 5.60
LSD/sig	13.3		
Means Separation	abc	ns cdefgh	ns abcd
Leaf blade: width (mm)	aoc	Cucign	aoca
Lear orage, whith (IIIII)			

Mean	36.20	46.30	50.10
Std. Deviation	2.30	5.00	6.90
LSD/sig	4.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	h	cdefg	bcde
Leaf: midrib width (mm)			
Mean	3.90	4.10	3.80
Std. Deviation	0.50	0.60	0.50
LSD/sig	0.7	ns	ns
Means Separation	defgh	abcdefg	bdefgh
Leaf sheath: length (cm)			
Mean	34.80	40.00	34.20
Std. Deviation	1.90	3.00	1.30
LSD/sig	2.4	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	bc	a	bc
Leaf: ratio leaf blade width / midrib wid	lth		
Mean	9.40	11.30	13.20
Std. Deviation	1.20	1.20	2.10
LSD/sig	1.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation  Note: Means represented by the same letters are not significantly	$g$ different at $P \le 0.01$ , Dunca	def n's Multiple Range Test	abc

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

Application Number
Variety Name
Genus Species
Common Name
Synonym
Accepted Date

1994/046

'Sumpaca'

Prunus avium

Sweet Cherry

Celeste

3 Mar 1994

**Applicant** Agriculture Canada, Summerland, BC, Canada

**Agent** Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

**Qualified Person** Graham Fleming

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

Overseas Testing Plant Breeders Rights Office, Canada

**Authority** 

Overseas Data 96-801

**Reference Number** 

**Descriptor** Cherry (*Prunus avium*)

Conditions Where possible the Canadian PBR data was verified under

local conditions at Taggerty, VIC.

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: the present new and distinct variety of cherry listed above arose from a controlled cross pollination of 'Van' and 'Newstar' (2S-28-28) in 1976 at the Agriculture and Agri Food Canada Research Station, Summerland, B.C. The seedling cross was designated with the breeder's code 13S-24-28 in 1982. In 1987 propagations were made via budding onto avium rootstock and planted out in a trial block at the Summerland Research Centre. The selection was chosen based on the fruiting characteristics of maturity, size, skin and flesh colour. Breeder: Dr. David Lane, Summerland Research Station, Agriculture Canada.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	skin colour	dark red
Fruit	size	very large

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DIFFERENCE	, writer or common rancy rouge received ( + car)
Name	Comments
'Bing'	Matures 20 days after 'Celeste'.
'Van'	Matures 17 days after 'Celeste'.

#### Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

1 002 20 02 02 0	OTTERED TELEFOR	rate and a contract of the con	a benobed erelier, ene	1010100
Variety	Distinguis	shing Characteristic	s State of Express	sion in State of Expression in
			Candidate Vario	ety Comparator Variety
'Simone'	Fruit	time of maturi	ty matures 5-7 days	before matures 9-11 days after
			'Van'	'Van'
'Simone'	Fruit	skin colour	dark red	red to mahogany

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with		'Bing'	'Van'	
Organ/Plant Part: Context  *Tree: type	'Sumpaca'	8	normal	
Ticc. type		normal		
☐ Tree: vigour  ▼ *Tree: habit	medium upright	medium semi-upright to	medium semi-upright to	
_		spreading	spreading	
*Tree: branching	medium	medium	medium	
One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	few	few	few	
One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot	adpressed	adpressed	adpressed	
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of tip	fabsent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Leaf blade: length	long		long	
Leaf blade: width	broad		broad	
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	small to medium	medium	
Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium	medium	medium	
*Leaf: length of petiole	long	long	long	
*Petiole: nectaries	present	present	present	
Petiole: colour of nectaries	light red		dark red	
☐ Flower: shape of petal	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	
Flower: relative position of petal margins	overlapping	touching	overlapping	
*Fruit: size	very large	very large	very large	
*Fruit: shape	reniform	reniform	reniform	
*Fruit: colour of skin	dark red	dark red	dark red	
Fruit: colour of juice	purple	purple	red	
Fruit: colour of flesh	dark red	dark red	red	
*Fruit: firmness	medium	medium	medium to firm	
☐ Fruit: juiciness	strong	medium to strong	strong	
*Fruit: length of stalk	long	long	long	
*Stone: size	large	large	large	
*Stone: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	
*Stone: size relative to fruit	small to medium	medium	medium	
*Time of: flowering	late	medium	medium	
*Time of: fruit maturity	early	medium	medium	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sumpaca'	'Bing'	'Van'	
Fruit: self-pollination	present	absent	absent	

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	<b>Current Status</b>	Name Applied
Canada	1996	Granted	'Sumpaca'
Switzerland	1996	Surrendered	'Sumpaca'
Chile	1998	Granted	'Sumpaca'
Germany	1996	Granted	'Sumpaca'
France	1992	Granted	'Sumpaca'
Italy	1992	Applied	'Sumpaca'
EU	1995	Granted	'Sumpaca'
South Africa	2002	Applied	'Sumpaca'

First sold overseas in France in Nov 1992. First Australian sale June 2001.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

**Application Number** 2006/029 **Variety Name** 'Pender'

**Genus Species** Diascia barbarae

Common Name
Synonym
Little Dreamer
Accepted Date

Twinspur
Little Dreamer
24 Mar 2006

ApplicantSydney James Jones & David Jones, Magor, Wales, UKAgentPlants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Wonga Park, VIC

**Qualified Person** Steve Eggleton

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** 3 Harris Rd, Wonga Park, VIC. **Descriptor** Diascia (*Diascia*) PBR DIAS

**Period** Feb 2007 to Jun 2007.

**Conditions** Trial conducted in the open, plants propagated from cuttings,

transferred from plugs to 140mm pots in Feb 2007. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease treatments were

applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

**Measurements** From ten plants randomly selected.

**RHS Chart - edition** 1995

### **Origin and Breeding**

Spontaneous mutation: from parent 'Pendan' which is characterised by Flower: colour mid pink, volume high; and Plant: density dense ,and was selected as part of a Diascia breeding program. This mutation was isolated and selected on the 22 May 2002 in Magor, Wales, UK with the selection criteria of Flower: colour dark pink. The selection was then propagated via cuttings and grown to flowering ensuring the parental characteristic of density and flower volume were also replicated. After 20 subsequent generations of the selection it has remained uniform and stable. 'Pender' will continue to be propagated by vegetative cuttings. Breeder: Sydney James Jones & David Jones, Magor, Wales, UK.

### <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	density	dense
Leaf blade	width	broad
Spur	length	short
Plant	growth habit	spreading

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Pendan'	Parental variety from which mutation arose

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui	shing	State of Expression in	n State of Expression in
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Coral Belle'	Corolla	main colour of inner surface	RHS 54A	RHS 47C
'Coral Belle'	Plant	growth habit	spreading	mounded
'Coral Belle'	Plant	density	dense	medium

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Pender'	'Pendan'
Plant: growth habit	spreading	spreading
Plant: width at broadest point	broad	broad
Plant: density	dense	dense
Leaf blade: length	short	short
Leaf blade: width	broad	broad
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	small	small
Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf blade: main color (RHS color chart)	green 137A	137A
Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (varieties with non-variegated leaf only)	absent or very weak to weak	absent or very weak to weak
Leaf blade: shape of base	cordate	cordate
Leaf blade: shape of apex	broad acute	broad acute
Leaf blade: margin	serrate	serrate
Corolla: main colour of inner surface (RHS colour chart)	red 54A	red-purple 64C
Lower lip: ratio length/width	as long as broad	as long as broad
Lower lip: undulation of margin	weak	weak
Corolla throat: number of spots	one	one
$\Box$ Corolla throat: colour of spot(s)	dark yellow	dark yellow
Spur: length	short	short
□ Spur: main colour	pink	pink

### **Statistical Table**

'Pender'
23.20
0.79
20.10
1.00

### **Prior Applications and Sales**

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2004	Granted	'Pender'

First sold in UK in Apr 2004. First Australian sale Mar 2005.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

**Application Number** 2004/197

Variety Name 'EGA Eagle Rock' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 10 Sep 2004

**Applicant** State of Western Australia rep by Chief Executive Officer,

South Perth, WA, State of Queensland through Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Orange, NSW and Grains Research and

Development Corporation, Barton, ACT.

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Dr. M. A. Bhatti

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Wongan Hills WA

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

**Period** May to Nov 2006

Conditions Plants were sown in sandy loam over yellow sand and

moisture level at seeding was marginal but adequate for germination. Prior to planting, a basal treatment of potash at a rate of 100 kg/ha was applied. Fertiliser applied with the seed was Diamonium Phosphate (DAP) fertiliser at a rate of 75kg/ha. TrifluX 2L/ha, Sprayseed 1.5L/ha, Diuron 1.5L/ha and Metalochlor 500ml/ha was applied pre sowing to control weeds. The harvested plants were dried for measurements.

**Trial Design** The trial was sown as 1.42m wide x 20m long (8 rows) plots,

with two replicates for each line in a randomized block design. Plant spacing was 5cm along the row and 250cm row centres. This ensured 1 min of 1000 plants per plot. A general analysis of variance was used to check levels of significance. Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar variety of common knowledge. The means, standard deviations and LSD/sig (0.1%) of plant parts are

shown.

**Measurements** Taken from 20 random plants from each of the two replicated

plots selected randomly from approximately 2000 plants. according to UPOV characteristics for varietal DUS

description.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: the seed parent of the F<sub>1</sub> 'Blade'/'Sunelg' was used in the final cross to 'Blade' i.e. first backcross. The breeding method was the F<sub>2</sub> progeny method. The variety was selfed from F<sub>2</sub> onwards and reselections were made in the F5 generation. These reselections were tested as fixed lines for five generations. Selection criteria: yield, disease resistance, agronomic and grain quality suited to the high, medium and low rainfall zones of the agricultural areas of Western Australia. Propagation: seed through 5 generations (selection) and 5 years of performance testing as a fixed line by the Department of Agriculture WA. Breeder: Robin Wilson, Department of Agriculture Western Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Ear	density	medium
Grain	colour	white
Lower glume	beak shape	straight

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar va	arieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Machete'		

 $\underline{\textbf{Variety Description and Distinctness}} \textbf{-} \textbf{Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or}$ more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Eagle Rock'	'Carnamah'	'Machete'
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	weak to medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	late	medium to late
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	weak to medium	strong
*Ear: glaucosity	strong	weak to medium	strong
Culm: glaucosity of neck	strong	weak to medium	strong
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thick	thin
*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
*Ear: density	medium	medium	medium
*Awns or scurs: presence	scurs present	awns present	scurs present
*Ear: colour	white	coloured	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Lower glume: shoulder width	broad	medium	medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight	slightly sloping	elevated
Lower glume: beak shape	straight	straight	straight
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight	slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	<b>'EGA Eagle Rock'</b>	'Carnamah'	'Machete'
Ear: length (mm)	00.25	02.60	75.70
Mean Std. Deviation	88.25 2.34	93.60 4.10	75.70 1.27
LSD/sig	7.52	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: length to top of awns (mm)		1_0.01	1 _0.01
Mean	70.80	79.00	67.50
Std. Deviation	3.59	1.41	4.95
LSD/sig	10.30	ns	ns

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Carnamah'

☐ Time of: ear emergence (days	3)		
Mean	37.75	38.00	37.50
Std. Deviation	2.34	0.00	0.71
LSD/sig	1.42	ns	ns

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: M. A. Bhatti, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Application Number** 2005/346 **Variety Name** 'Bullaring'

**Genus Species** Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** nil

**Accepted Date** 5 Oct 2006

**Applicant** State of Western Australia through its Department of

Agriculture and Food, South Perth, WA and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Dr. M. A. Bhatti

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** Wongan Hills, 285411.04 South, 1144139.06 East, WA,

Australia

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

**Period** May - November 2006

Conditions Plants were sown at sandy loam over yellow sand and

moisture level at seeding was marginal but adequate for germination. Prior to planting, a basal treatment of potash at a rate of 100 kg/ha was applied. Fertiliser applied with the seed was Diamonium Phosphate (DAP) fertiliser at a rate of 75kg/ha. TrifluX 2L/ha, Sprayseed 1.5L/ha, Diuron 1.5L/ha and Metalochlor 500ml/ha was applied pre sowing to control weeds. The harvested plants were dried for measurements.

**Trial Design** The trial was sown as 1.42m wide x 20m long (8 rows) plots,

two replicates for each line in a randomized block design. Plant spacing was 5cm along the row and 250cm row centres. This ensured 1 min of 1000 plants per plot. A general analysis of variance was used to check levels of significance. Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar variety of common knowledge. The means, standard deviations and LSD/sig (0.1%) of plant parts are

shown.

**Measurements** Taken from 20 random plants from each of the two replicated

plots selected randomly from approximately 2000 plants. according to UPOV characteristics for varietal DUS

description.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Bullaring' (syn 93X370M-9-12) was produced by controlled pollination of seed parent 77Z:893 and the pollen parent 81Y970 in a planned breeding program. The final cross (93X370) was made in 1993 at the Department of Agriculture in South Perth to produce the fixed line 93X370M-9-12. The breeding method used was the  $F_2$  bulk progeny method. The variety was self pollinated from the  $F_2$  generation onwards. Selections were taken at the  $F_2$  generation in 1994 and reselections taken in the  $F_5$  generation in 1997 based on disease resistance, higher yields and grain quality. The line was tested in replicated yield trials and then entered in the Western Australia regional evaluation trials in 2001. There are no known off-types in its present form. Breeder: Dr. Robyn McLean, Department of Agriculture Western Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Grain	colour	white
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Ear	colour	white
Lowest lemma	beak shape	straight

### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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<b>*</b> T	
Name	Comments
- 100222	0 0
/ <b>~</b>	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Carnamah'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context

'Rullaring' 'Carpamah'

o But De Comparators are marked with a dek.	(D. II	(6
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bullaring'	'Carnamah'
☐ Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	weak to medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thick
*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided
*Ear: density	dense	medium
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present
*Ear: colour	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow to medium	medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	slightly sloping	slightly sloping
Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	straight
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	weak
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight
*Grain: colour	white	white
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bullaring'	'Carnamah'
Beak: length (mm)		
Mean	9.38	4.40
Std. Deviation	0.38	1.13
LSD/sig	2.62	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)		
Mean	43.38	93.60
Std. Deviation	1.54	4.10

LSD/sig	9.76	P≤0.01
Plant: length to top of awns (mm)		
Mean	59.50	79.00
Std. Deviation	1.73	1.41
LSD/sig	6.61	P≤0.01
Time of: ear emergence (days)		
Mean	37.50	38.00
Std. Deviation	0.58	0.00
LSD/sig	1.99	ns

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{\text{Nil.}}$

Description: M. A. Bhatti, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2005/016

Variety Name 'Tammarin Rock' Genus Species 'Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 11 Feb 2005

**Applicant** State of Western Australia through its Department of

Agriculture and Food, South Perth, WA and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Dr. M. A. Bhatti

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Location Wongan Hills, 285411.04 South, 1144139.06 East, WA,

Australia.

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

**Period** May to Nov 2003

Conditions Plants were sown at sandy loam over yellow sand and

moisture level at seeding was marginal but adequate for germination. Prior to planting, a basal treatment of potash at a rate of 100 kg/ha was applied. Fertiliser applied with the seed was Diamonium Phosphate (DAP) fertiliser at a rate of 75kg/ha. TrifluX 2L/ha, Sprayseed 1.5L/ha, Diuron 1.5L/ha and Metalochlor 500ml/ha was applied pre sowing to control weeds. The harvested plants were dried for measurements.

**Trial Design** The trial was sown as 1.42m wide x 20m long (8 rows) plots,

two replicates for each line in a randomized block design. Plant spacing was 5cm along the row and 250cm row centres. This ensured 1 min of 1000 plants per plot. A general analysis of variance was used to check levels of significance. Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar variety of common knowledge. The means, standard deviations and LSD/sig (0.1%) of plant parts are

shown.

**Measurements** Taken from 20 random plants from each of the two replicated

plots selected randomly from approximately 2000 plants according to UPOV characteristics for varietal DUS

description.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: 'Tammarin Rock' (breeder's code WAWHT2499 and 92Y081-6-20) was produced by controlled pollination of seed parent 'Kalannie' and the pollen parent '81Y970' in a planned breeding program. The final cross ('92Y081') was made in 1992 at the Department of Agriculture in South Perth to produce the fixed line 92Y081-6-20. The breeding method used was the  $F_2$  bulk progeny method. The variety was self pollinated from the  $F_2$  generation onwards. Selections were taken at the  $F_2$  generation in 1993 and reselections taken in the  $F_5$  generation in 1996 based on disease resistance, higher yields and grain quality. The line was tested in replicated yield trials and then entered in the Western Australia regional evaluation trials in 2000. There are no known offtypes in its present form. Breeder: Dr. Iain R Barclay, Department of Agriculture Western Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Lowest lemma	beak shape	straight
Lower glume	beak shape	straight
Lower glume	extent of internal hair	weak
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (vCK)
Name	Comments
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<sup>&#</sup>x27;Carnamah'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. **Organ/Plant Part: Context** 'Tammarin Rock' 'Carnamah' \*Plant: growth habit erect to semi-erect erect to semi-erect Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles absent or very weak absent or very weak Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves absent or very low very low to low \*Time of: ear emergence early to medium □ \*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath absent or very weak weak to medium \*Ear: glaucosity absent or very weak weak to medium \*Straw: pith in cross section thin thick \*Ear: shape in profile parallel sided parallel sided □ \*Ear: density medium medium \*Awns or scurs: presence awns present awns present \*Ear: colour white coloured Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface absent or very weak absent or very weak Lower glume: shoulder width narrow to medium medium sloping to slightly Lower glume: shoulder shape slightly sloping sloping Lower glume: beak shape straight straight Lower glume: extent of internal hair weak weak Lowest lemma: beak shape straight straight \*Grain: colour white white **Statistical Table** Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Tammarin Rock' 'Carnamah' Ear: length (mm) 74.60 93.60 Mean Std. Deviation 3.26 4.10 LSD/sig 13.90 P≤0.01 Glume: lower glume beak length (mm) 4.90 4.90 Std. Deviation 0.25 0.70 LSD/sig 1.66 ns

□ Plant: length to top of awns (mm)		
Mean	80.25	79.00
Std. Deviation	2.63	1.41
LSD/sig	9.5	ns

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: M. A. Bhatti, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2003/254

Variety Name 'EGA Jitarning' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 21 May 2004

Applicant State of Western Australia rep by Chief Executive Officer,

South Perth, WA, State of QLD through Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Orange, NSW and Grains Research and

Development Corporation, Barton, ACT.

**Agent** N/A

**Qualified Person** Dr. M. A. Bhatti

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Wongan Hills, 28 54 11.04 South, 114 41 39.06 East, WA,

Australia.

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

**Period** May 2003 to Nov 2006

Conditions Plants were sown in sandy loam over yellow sand and

moisture level at seeding was marginal but adequate for germination. Prior to planting, a basal treatment of potash at a rate of 100 kg/ha was applied. Fertiliser applied with the seed was Diamonium Phosphate (DAP) fertiliser at a rate of 75kg/ha. TrifluX 2L/ha, Sprayseed 1.5L/ha, Diuron 1.5L/ha and Metalochlor 500ml/ha was applied pre sowing to control weeds. The harvested plants were dried for measurements.

**Trial Design** The trial was sown as 1.42m wide x 20m long plots (8 rows),

two replicates for each line in a randomized block design. Plant spacing was 5cm along the row and 250cm row centres. This ensured 1 min of 1000 plants per plot. A general analysis of variance was used to check levels of significance. Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar variety of common knowledge. The means, standard deviations and LSD/sig (0.1%) of plant parts are

shown.

**Measurements** Taken from 20 random plants from each of the two replicated

plots selected randomly from approximately 2000 plants according to UPOV characteristics for varietal DUS

description.

**RHS Chart - edition** N/A

**Origin and Breeding** 

Controlled pollination: seed parent 86Z522\*62=86Z1392 x pollen parent 83Z:1175 in a planned breeding program. The full pedigree is 'Corrigin'/3/(81Z354-4-1)Ag3C /2\* 'Lance'//3\*'Tincurrin' (Z522\*62)/4/ (83Z:1175)'Bobwhite'/K6290. The final cross was made in 1992 at the Department of Agriculture in South Perth to produce the fixed line 92X355H-5-8. Breeding was by the F<sub>2</sub> bulk progeny method. Selections

were made at the  $F_2$  generation and reselections were made at the  $F_5$  stage. The selections were based on leaf, stem and stripe rust resistance, improved yield and exceptional grain quality. The line was tested in replicated yield trials, then entered in the Western Australian regional evaluation trials. The variety was self-pollinated from  $F_2$  onwards. There are no known off-types in the variety in its present form. Breeder: Dr Robyn McLean, Department of Agriculture Western Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Grain	colour	white
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Ear	colour	white
Lower glume	extent of internal hair	weak

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Jitarning'	'Corrigin'	'Datatine'
*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	erect	intermediate to semi-prostrate
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low	high	low to medium
*Time of: ear emergence	late	early to medium	late
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong	absent or very weak	medium
*Ear: glaucosity	weak	weak to medium	medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	weak	medium	medium
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin
*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
*Ear: density	medium	dense	dense
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Ear: colour	white	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
Lower glume: shoulder width	broad	narrow	narrow
Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight	slightly sloping	elevated
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak	weak	weak

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Datatine'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Corrigin'

Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	slightly curved	slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Jitarning'	' 'Corrigin'	'Datatine'
Plant: length to top of awns (mm)			
Mean	87.25	77.50	59.00
Std. Deviation	1.50	0.71	1.41
LSD/sig	2.47	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: M. A. Bhatti, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2003/253

Variety Name 'EGA Castle Rock' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 21 May 2004

**Applicant** State of Western Australia rep by Chief Executive Officer,

South Perth, WA, State of QLD through Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Orange, NSW and Grains Research and

Development Corporation, Barton, ACT.

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Dr. M. A. Bhatti

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

**Location** Wongan Hills, 28 54 11.04 South, 114 41 39.06 East, WA.

Australia

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

**Period** May 2003 to Nov 2006.

Conditions Plants were sown at sandy loam over yellow sand and

moisture level at seeding was marginal but adequate for germination. Prior to planting, a basal treatment of potash at a rate of 100 kg/ha was applied. Fertiliser applied with the seed was Diamonium Phosphate (DAP) fertiliser at a rate of 75kg/ha. TrifluX 2L/ha, Sprayseed 1.5L/ha, Diuron 1.5L/ha and Metalochlor 500ml/ha was applied pre sowing to control weeds. The harvested plants and threshed pods were dried for

measurements.

**Trial Design** The trial was sown as 1.42m wide x 20m long plots (8 rows),

two replicates for each line in a randomized block design. Plant spacing was 5cm along the row and 250cm row centres. This ensured 1 min of 1000 plants per plot. A general analysis of variance was used to check levels of significance. Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar variety of common knowledge. The means, standard deviations and LSD/sig (P≤0.01) of plant parts are

shown.

**Measurements** Taken from 20 random plants from each of the two replicated

plots selected randomly from approximately 2000 plants. According to UPOV characteristics for varietal DUS

description.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '3Ag3'/4\*'Cook'//2\*'Cascades' was used in the final cross to introduce the stem and leaf rust resistance genes Sr24 and Lr24 into the variety 'Cascades'. The final cross with pollen parent 'Cascades' was made in 1996 at Cobbitty, NSW and selections were made through the F<sub>2</sub> progeny method. The variety

was selfed from F<sub>2</sub> onwards. Selection criteria: increased yield, disease resistance, agronomic and grain quality suited to the high, medium and low rainfall zones of the agricultural areas of Western Australia. Propagation: seed through 5 generations (selection) and 5 years of performance testing by the Department of Agriculture WA. There are identified offtypes in the variety in its present form. A purity report states talls same head type, short and tall lates, same height and maturity tapered head, short glaucous, square heads. Purity 99.94%. Breeders: Robin Wilson, Iain Barclay and Robyn McLean, Department of Agriculture western Australia, and Harbans Bariana National Cereal Rust Control Program, Cobbitty, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

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<b>Organ/Plant Part</b>	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Lower glume	extent of internal hair	weak
Grain	colour	white
Lowest lemma	beak shape	straight

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Nama	Commonts
Name	Comments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Carnamah'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

mo	re of the comparators are marked	i with a tick.		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	<b>'EGA Castle Rock</b>	''Carnamah'	'Cascades'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
of a	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration auricles	weak to medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
rec	Plant: frequency of plants with urved flag leaves	low to medium	very low to low	medium to high
~	*Time of: ear emergence	medium	late	medium
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak
	*Ear: glaucosity	weak to medium	weak to medium	very weak to weak
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	medium	medium
~	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thick	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
	*Ear: density	medium	medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
~	*Ear: colour	white	coloured	white
cor	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of avex surface	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow	medium	narrow
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	sloping	slightly sloping	sloping

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Cascades'

Lower glume: beak shape	straight	straight	straight		
Lower glume: extent of internal	weak	weak	weak		
hair	weak	weak	weak		
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight	straight		
*Grain: colour	white	white	white		
Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Castle Rock	k''Carnamah'	'Cascades'		
Ear: length (mm)					
Mean	72.60	93.60	72.80		
Std. Deviation	4.93	4.10	0.14		
LSD/sig	7.70	P≤0.01	ns		
Glume: lower glume beak length (mm)					
Mean	5.58	6.00	5.30		
Std. Deviation	0.69	0.70	2.12		
LSD/sig	2.06	ns	ns		
Plant: length to top of awans (mm)					
Mean	83.00	79.00	82.00		
Std. Deviation	2.94	2.94	2.12		
LSD/sig	4.30	ns	ns		

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: M. A. Bhatti, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2003/252 Variety Name 'EGA Blanco' **Genus Species** Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** Nil

**Accepted Date** 21 May 2004

**Applicant** State of Western Australia rep by Chief Executive Officer,

> South Perth, WA, State of QLD through Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, OLD, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, Orange, NSW and Grains Research and

Development Corporation, Barton, ACT.

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Dr. M. A. Bhatti

**Details of Comparative Trial** 

Wongan Hills, 28 54 11.04 South, 114 41 39.06 East, WA, Location

Australia.

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period May 2003 to Nov 2006.

**Conditions** Plants were sown at sandy loam over yellow sand and

moisture level at seeding was marginal but adequate for germination. Prior to planting, a basal treatment of potash at a rate of 100 kg/ha was applied. Fertiliser applied with the seed was Diamonium Phosphate (DAP) fertiliser at a rate of 75kg/ha. TrifluX 2L/ha, Sprayseed 1.5L/ha, Diuron 1.5L/ha and Metalochlor 500ml/ha was applied pre sowing to control weeds. The harvested plants and threshed pods were dried for

measurements.

**Trial Design** The trial was sown as 1.42m wide x 20m long (8 rows) plots,

> two replicates for each line in a randomized block design. Plant spacing was 5cm along the row and 250cm row centres. This ensured 1 min of 1000 plants per plot. A general analysis of variance was used to check levels of significance. Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar variety of common knowledge. The means, standard deviations and LSD/sig (P≤0.01) of plant parts are

shown.

Taken from 20 random plants from each of the two replicated **Measurements** 

> plots selected randomly from approximately 2000 plants. according to UPOV characteristics for varietal DUS

description.

**RHS Chart - edition** Nil

#### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: seed parent 83Z:1288 is an unnamed crossbred crossed to introduced wheat IW: 1266 in 1991. The pedigree is Bobwhite"s"/Maris Huntsman//Cranbrook/Vicam 71 (83Z:1288)/3/(IW:1266) Pfau"s". The final cross was made at the Department of Agriculture South Perth to produce the fixed line 91W271-21-3. Selections were made through the  $F_2$  progeny method. The variety was selfed from  $F_2$  onwards. Selection criteria: increased yield, disease resistance, agronomic and grain quality suited to the high, medium and low rainfall zones of the agricultural areas of Western Australia. Propagation: by seed through 5 generations (selection) and 5 years performance testing by the Department of Agriculture WA as a fixed line. There are no known offtypes in the variety in its present form. Breeder: Robin E Wilson, Department of Agriculture Western Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

	,	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Ear	colour	white
Apical rachis segment	hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak
Lower glume	extent of internal hair	weak
Grain	colour	white

## Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Blanco'	'Kalannie'	'Wyalkatchem'
~	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	erect	semi-erect
aur	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of icles	weak to medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
<b>▽</b> flag	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved g leaves	low to medium	absent or very low	absent or very low
	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	early	medium
~	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	absent or very weak	weak to medium
~	*Ear: glaucosity	medium	absent or very weak	weak to medium
~	Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	weak	medium
~	*Plant: length	long	long	medium to long
	*Straw: pith in cross section	medium to thick	thin	thick
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
~	*Ear: density	medium	lax	medium
~	Ear: length	long	medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white
	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of	absent or very	absent or very	absent or very

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Wyalkatchem'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Kalannie'

convex surface	weak	weak	weak
Lower glume: shoulder width		narrow to medium	narrow
Lower glume: shoulder shape	sloping to slightly sloping	elevated	sloping to slightly sloping
Lower glume: beak shape	straight	straight to slightly curved	slightly curved
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak	weak	weak
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight to slightly curved	straight	straight to slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Blanco'	'Kalannie'	'Wyalkatchem'
Plant: length to top of awns (mm)			
Mean	65.50	71.00	58.50
Std. Deviation	1.91	4.24	0.58
LSD/sig	5.12	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)			
Mean	87.80	71.90	71.40
Std. Deviation	4.64	5.52	1.61
LSD/sig	9.48	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

# $\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: M. A. Bhatti, Department of Agriculture and Food, WA.

**Details of Application** 

**Application Number** 2006/292 **Variety Name** 'QAL3362'

**Genus Species** Triticum aestivum

**Common Name** Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2006

**Applicant** Value Added Wheat CRC Limited, North Ryde, NSW

Agent N/A

**Qualified Person** Stephen Moore

### **Details of Comparative Trial**

**Location** The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

**Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

**Period** May to Dec 2006.

**Conditions** Sown into long fallowed self-mulching black soil 50kgN/ha

pre planting.

**Trial Design** Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long and

2m wide (7 rows) in 3 replicates.

**Measurements** Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

### **Origin and Breeding**

Controlled pollination: The segregating material 'VPM'/5\*'COOK'//'3AG14'/3\* 'TATIARA' was made available by the Cereal Rust Control program in 1994 for selection and release of wheat varieties. Populations were advanced by selecting single ears and growing bulk plots from these ears. Single ear rows were grown in F<sub>5</sub> generation and F<sub>6</sub> lines were tested in yield plots at Cobbitty and Menangle. Line 'WW3362' was selected and included in the regional trials through the NSW Agriculture trial system. This line became a part of the VAWCRC in 2004 when NSW Agriculture decided to breed only hard wheats. The line was retested for agronomic and grain quality characters in the VAWCRC trial system. Breeder: Drs. Akram Khan, Ehsan Chahal, Harbans Bariana, Matthew Turner (University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Cobbitty), John Dines (Allied Mills) and Andrew Kennett (Arnotts Biscuit).

## <u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	<b>State of Expression in Group of Varieties</b>
Plant	seasonal type	spring
Plant	time of ear emergence	medium
Ear	colour	white
Ear	shape	tapering
Awns or scur	presence	scurs present

#### Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

NT
Name Comments

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Bowie'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Rosella'

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Snipe'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	<b>Distinguishing Char</b>	acteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'QAL2000'	Awns or scurs	presence	scurs	awns
'QAL2000'	Ear	density	lax	medium
'Sunstate'	Awns or scurs	presence	scurs	awns
'Sunstate'	Ear	density	lax	lax to medium

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$ 

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'QAL3362'	'Bowie'	'Rosella'	'Snipe'
*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	intermediate to semi- prostrate
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	very low to low	low to medium	very low to low	very low to low
*Time of: ear emergence	medium	medium	medium	medium
□ *Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	weak to medium	weak to medium	medium	very weak to weak
*Ear: glaucosity	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
Culm: glaucosity of neck	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Straw: pith in cross section	very thin	very thin	thin	thin
*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering
*Ear: density	lax	lax	lax to medium	lax to medium
Ear: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
*Awns or scurs: presence	scurs present	scurs present	scurs present	scurs present
□ *Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	very short	very short	very short	very short to short
*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium to broad	broad	medium to broad	medium to broad
Lower glume: shoulder shape	slightly sloping	straight	straight to elevated	straight
Lower glume: beak length	very short	very short	very short	very short
Lower glume: beak shape	straight	straight	straight to slightly curved	straight to Islightly curved
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	very weak	very weak	very weak
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight	straight	slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white	white

spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type				
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG							
'QAL3362'	'Bowie'	'Rosella'	'Snipe'				
present	present	absent	absent				
'QAL3362'	'Bowie'	'Rosella'	'Snipe'				
117.05	125.00	121.30	118.70				
6.70	8.01	6.56	6.89				
8.034	P≤0.01	ns	ns				
	criptor/TG 'QAL3362' present 'QAL3362'  117.05 6.70	criptor/TG 'QAL3362' 'Bowie' present present  'QAL3362' 'Bowie'  117.05 125.00 6.70 8.01	criptor/TG         'QAL3362'       'Bowie'       'Rosella'         present       present       absent         'QAL3362'       'Bowie'       'Rosella'         117.05       125.00       121.30         6.70       8.01       6.56				

# **Prior Applications and Sales** Nil.

Description: Steve Moore, University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

### **GRANTS**

Argyranthemum frutescens

MARGUERITE DAISY

## 'Cotton Candy'

Application No: 2006/086 Grantee: Pacific Plant Development Pty Ltd, Buxton, NSW.

Certificate No: 3376 Expiry Date: 28 August, 2027.

Cicer arietinum

**CHICKPEA** 

## 'Rupali'

Application No: 2004/271 Grantee: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, University of Western Australia, Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Murdoch University, Grains Research and Development Corporation.

Certificate No: 3369 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Agent: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Bentley Delivery

Centre, WA.

#### 'Sonali'

Application No: 2004/272 Grantee: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, University of Western Australia, Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Murdoch University, Grains Research and Development Corporation.

Certificate No: 3370 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Agent: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Bentley Delivery

Centre, WA.

Clematis hybrid

**CLEMATIS** 

## 'Adrian James'

Application No: 2004/241 Grantee: David Allan James Scholes and Carole Angela Scholes, Somerville,

VIC.

Certificate No: 3382 Expiry Date: 3 September, 2027.

Grevillea hybrid

**GREVILLEA** 

#### 'Callum's Gold'

Application No: 2005/182 Grantee: James Walter Carter and Elva Lorraine Carter trading as Carters Tubes, Burpengary, QLD.

Certificate No: 3364 Expiry Date: 23 August, 2027.

Hordeum vulgare

#### **BARLEY**

### 'Grout'

Application No: 2005/302 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development Corporation, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3354 Expiry Date: 23 July, 2027.

Lomandra longifolia

SPINY HEADED MAT RUSH

## 'Katrinus Deluxe'

Application No: 2005/316 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3398 Expiry Date: 27 September, 2027.

## 'LMV100'

Application No: 2005/180 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3367 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Lupinus albus

WHITE LUPIN

## 'Andromeda'

Application No: 2004/226 Grantee: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Council of Grain Grower Organisations Ltd, Grains Research and Development

**Corporation**, Bentley Delivery Centre, WA.

Certificate No: 3372 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Lupinus angustifolius

NARROW-LEAFED LUPIN

## 'Coromup'

Application No: 2006/157 Grantee: State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains Research and Development Corporation, Bentley Delivery Centre, WA.

Certificate No: 3374 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

## 'Mandelup'

Application No: 2003/115 Grantee: **State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food, Grains Research and Development Corporation**, Bentley Delivery Centre, WA.

Certificate No: 3371 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Lupinus luteus

#### YELLOW LUPIN

## 'Pootallong'

Application No: 2004/235 Grantee: **State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food and Grains Research and Development Corporation**, Bentley Delivery Centre, WA.

Certificate No: 3373 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

*Mandevilla* hybrid

**MANDEVILLA** 

## 'Sunmandecos' syn Pink Fantasy (

Application No: 2005/297 Grantee: Suntory Flowers Limited.

Certificate No: 3353 Expiry Date: 19 July, 2027.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

## 'Sunmandecrim' syn CrimsonFantasy

Application No: 2004/142 Grantee: Suntory Flowers Limited.

Certificate No: 3352 Expiry Date: 19 July, 2027.

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Osteospermum ecklonis

CAPE DAISY

### 'Balserlabli'

Application No: 2005/139 Grantee: **Ball Horticultural Company**.

Certificate No: 3380 Expiry Date: 3 September, 2027. Agent: **Ball Australia Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

## 'Balserpink'

Application No: 2005/141 Grantee: **Ball Horticultural Company**.

Certificate No: 3381 Expiry Date: 3 September, 2027. Agent: **Ball Australia Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

## 'Balserpurp'

Application No: 2005/136 Grantee: Ball Horticultural Company.

Certificate No: 3377 Expiry Date: 3 September, 2027. Agent: **Ball Australia Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

## 'Balserwhit'

Application No: 2005/138 Grantee: **Ball Horticultural Company**.

Certificate No: 3379 Expiry Date: 3 September, 2027. Agent: **Ball Australia Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

Osteospermum hybrid

#### **CAPE DAISY**

#### 'Balserwibli'

Application No: 2005/137 Grantee: Fa. Wilhelm Schmuelling.

Certificate No: 3378 Expiry Date: 3 September, 2027. Agent: **Ball Australia Pty Ltd**, Keysborough, VIC.

Ozothamnus diosmifolius

RICEFLOWER

### 'Coral Flush'

Application No: 2005/308 Grantee: EG Cook & ER Cook, Helidon, QLD.

Certificate No: 3365 Expiry Date: 23 August, 2027.

Prunus avium

**SWEET CHERRY** 

## 'Sir Douglas'

Application No: 2003/150 Grantee: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries.

Certificate No: 3363 Expiry Date: 22 August, 2032.

Agent: Australian Nurseryman's Fruit Improvement Company Limited, Bathurst, NSW.

## 'Sir Hans'

Application No: 2003/149 Grantee: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries.

Certificate No: 3362 Expiry Date: 22 August, 2032.

Agent: Australian Nurseryman's Fruit Improvement Company Limited, Bathurst, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

**ROSE** 

## 'Grandfifo'

Application No: 2005/226 Grantee: **Mr H Schreuders**. Certificate No: 3395 Expiry Date: 7 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Hadice'

Application No: 2004/338 Grantee: **Harvey D. Davidson**. Certificate No: 3361 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Wallara Roses, Seville, VIC.

## 'Interhiety'

Application No: 2005/178 Grantee: **Interplant B.V.**. Certificate No: 3388 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Skye, VIC.

## 'JACarque' syn Honey Perfume

Application No: 2004/213 Grantee: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc..

Certificate No: 3355 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## 'JACpinap' syn Apricot Passion

Application No: 2004/220 Grantee: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc..

Certificate No: 3392 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## 'JACvimp' syn Honey Bouquet<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2004/219 Grantee: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc..

Certificate No: 3356 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## 'JACzeman'<sup>©</sup> syn Sundance<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2004/297 Grantee: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc..

Certificate No: 3391 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## 'Lexaelat'

Application No: 2005/119 Grantee: Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling.

Certificate No: 3384 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Skye, VIC.

### 'Lexalleb'

Application No: 2005/120 Grantee: Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling.

Certificate No: 3385 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Skye, VIC.

## 'Nirpredhol'

Application No: 2004/240 Grantee: Lux Riviera S.r.l.. Certificate No: 3394 Expiry Date: 7 September, 2027. Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

## 'Nirprodbic'

Application No: 2005/227 Grantee: Lux Riviera S.r.l.. Certificate No: 3396 Expiry Date: 7 September, 2027. Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

## 'Ruia06671'

Application No: 2005/122 Grantee: De Ruiter's Nieuwe Rozen B.V..

Certificate No: 3386 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Skye, VIC.

#### 'Ruia16101'

Application No: 2005/123 Grantee: De Ruiter's Nieuwe Rozen B.V.

Certificate No: 3387 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Skye, VIC.

## 'SUNsaro'

Application No: 2005/064 Grantee: **Franko Roses NZ Ltd**. Certificate No: 3383 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Cranbourne, VIC.

### 'TAN99311'<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2003/287 Grantee: Rosen Tantau, Mathias Tantau Nachfolger.

Certificate No: 3397 Expiry Date: 27 September, 2027. Agent: **Flora International Pty Ltd**, Leppington, NSW.

## 'WEKajazoul' syn Long Tall Sally

Application No: 2004/211 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc.

Certificate No: 3359 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

#### 'WEKblunez'

Application No: 2005/031 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc..

Certificate No: 3390 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## 'WEKcryland' syn Moonstone (

Application No: 2004/210 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc..

Certificate No: 3357 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## **'WEKpaltlez'** syn Hot Cocoa<sup>©</sup>

Application No: 2004/224 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc..

Certificate No: 3360 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## 'WEKquaneze'<sup>()</sup> syn Barbra Streisand<sup>()</sup>

Application No: 2004/215 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc..

Certificate No: 3358 Expiry Date: 17 August, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

## **'WEKscemala'**<sup>⋄</sup> syn Chihuly<sup>⋄</sup>

Application No: 2005/058 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc..

Certificate No: 3389 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

## 'EGA Wills'

Application No: 2006/281 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales and Grains Research and Development Corporation, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3368 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Vicia sativa

COMMON VETCH

## Love 2,0

Application No: 2006/208 Grantee: Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd (ARI) and South

Australian Grain Industry Trust.

Certificate No: 3375 Expiry Date: 27 August, 2027.

Agent: Adelaide Research & Innovation Pty Ltd, Adelaide, SA.

Vitis vinifera

**GRAPE** 

#### 'М51-18'<sup>ф</sup>

Application No: 2004/227 Grantee: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation,

Canberra, ACT.

Certificate No: 3366 Expiry Date: 26 August, 2032.

**x**Triticosecale

TRITICALE

## 'Breakwell'

Application No: 2005/342 Grantee: Value Added Wheat CRC Ltd and Grains Research and

**Development Corporation**, North Ryde, NSW.

Certificate No: 3393 Expiry Date: 5 September, 2027.

## **Denomination Changed**

Application No.	Genus	Genus Species Common Name Denomination Changed From		Denomination Changed To	
2003/114	Cicer	arietinum	Chickpea	WACPE2012	Moti
2007/015	Lolium hybridum Hybrid ryegrass Helix I		Harper		
2006/156	Lupinus	angustifolius	Narrow-Leafed Lupin	WALAN2224	Jenabillup
2000/301	Mangifera	indica	Mango	Blushing Nam Dok	Minijac
2006/007	Triticum	aestivum	Wheat	QT8753	EGA Kidman
2007/161	Vicia	faba	Field Bean	SP01040	Doza

## **Applicant's Name Amended**

Application	Genus	Species	Variety	Changed From	Changed To
				Chiquita Brands	
2005/080	Vaccinium	hybrid	C97-390	South Pacific Ltd	CostaExchange Ltd
				Chiquita Brands	
2005/082	Vaccinium	hybrid	C99-42	South Pacific Ltd	CostaExchange Ltd
				Chiquita Brands	
2005/081	Vaccinium	ashei	C96-081	South Pacific Ltd	CostaExchange Ltd

## **Assignment of Rights**

				Common	Changed	Changed
Application No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Name	From	To
				Plum x		
				Cherry		Cherry
				interspecific	Mr Joseph	Royale Pty
2005/095	Prunus	salicina <b>x</b> avium	Nadia	hybrid	Rullo	Ltd
						Cherry
				European	Mr Joseph	Royale Pty
2004/208	Pyrus	communis	Rullo Special	Pear	Rullo	Ltd
						Splitzer
		australasica var.		Red Pulp	Erika	Investments
1997/017	Citrus	sanguinea	Rainforest Pearl	Finger Lime	Birmingham	Pty Ltd
						Swane's
						Nurseries
					Peter James	Australia
2000/272	Syzygium	australe	Bronzed Aussie	Lilly Pilly	Paynter	Pty Ltd
						Swane's
						Nurseries
					Peter James	Australia
2001/023	Acmena	smithii	Dusky	Lilly Pilly	Paynter	Pty Ltd

## **Change of Agent**

Application No.	Genus	Species	Variety	ChangeFrom	ChangeTo
2005/078	Vaccinium	hybrid	Southern Belle	Blueberry Farms of Australia	BerryExchange
2005/079	Vaccinium	hybrid	Emerald	Blueberry Farms of Australia	BerryExchange

## **Surrendered** – the following varieties are no longer under PBR protection

Application No	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common name
1999/010	Arachis	hypogaea	Conder		Peanut
1992/172	Banksia	coccinea	Waite Crimson		Scarlet Banksia
1991/020	Banksia	hookeriana	WAITE ORANGE		Banksia
2002/220	Bougainvillea	hybrid	Sirene		Bougainvillea
1999/171	Brassica	napus	Ag Emblem		Canola
2005/036	Euphorbia	pulcherrima	Eckadrian	Freedom Salmon	Poinsettia
2005/034	Euphorbia	pulcherrima	Eckansley	Holly Point	Poinsettia
1998/190	Euphorbia	pulcherrima	Fiscor Creme	Cortez White	Poinsettia
2003/271	Ficus	benjamina	Foyer		Weeping Fig
2003/270	Fragaria	xananassa	DPI Twotwelve		Strawberry
2003/277	Fragaria	xananassa	QHI Crimsonglow		Strawberry
1995/034	Lens	culinaris	Northfield		Lentil
1992/098	Lotus	corniculatus	GRASSLANDS GOLDIE		Birdsfoot Trefoil
2001/007	Pisum	sativum	Kiley		Field Pea
1999/123	Pittosporum	ralphii	Cathy		Pittosporum
1994/200	Rosa	hybrid	FRYSTAR	LIVERPOOL REMEMBERS	Rose
1994/057	Rosa	hybrid	LAVDOLL	APRICOT BOUQUET	Rose
1997/066	Rosa	hybrid	MY SWEET HONEYCOMB		Rose
2002/293	Rosa	hybrid	Panmurc		Rose
2002/324	Rosa	hybrid	Prerarol		Rose
2001/358	Rosa	hybrid	Ruilav	Blue Curiosa	Rose
2002/294	Rosa	hybrid	Ruirorap		Rose
2003/313	Rosa	hybrid	Spebola		Rose
1994/202	Rosa	hybrid	SUNTICK	TICKLED PINK	Rose
2003/282	Rosa	hybrid	TAN99530		Rose
2000/293	Rosa	hybrid	Tanaran		Rose
2000/295	Rosa	hybrid	Tanedaj		Rose
1998/101	Rosa	hybrid	Tannollipa		Rose
1996/070	Rosa	hybrid	WEKJOE	LYNN ANDERSON	Rose
1993/243	Rosa	hybrid	WELRED	ERIC THE RED	Rose
1999/062	Rosa	hybrid	Welstein		Rose
1993/151	Schlumbergera	truncata	HOLIDAY SPLENDOR		Christmas Cactus
1995/111	Telopea	speciosissima	Dreaming		Waratah
2003/173	Triticum	aestivum	GBA Shenton		Wheat
1994/229	Vicia	faba	BARKOOL		Field Bean

## Withdrawn – the following varieties are no longer under PBR provisional protection

Application No	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common name
		praecox subsp.			
2006/094	Agapanthus	orientalis	4tune8two		African Lily
2006/003	Arachis	hypogaea	Curtin		Peanut
1994/211	Banksia	coccinea	Waite Flame		Scarlet Banksia
2006/252	Felicia	amelloides	Kingfisher Blue		Blue Marguerite Daisy
		pedunculata subsp.			
2006/217	Lavandula	pedunculata	Bouquet of Flowers		Lavender
1999/387	Phaseolus	vulgaris	Savannah		French bean
1996/109	Prunus	persica	Tucker's	Tucker's Autumn Blush	Peach
2005/219	Rosa	hybrid	Bridal Surprise	BR1-01	Rose
1991/067	Vitis	vinifera	SUGRAFIVE		Grape
2005/339	Chamelaucium	hybrid	Big Painted Lady		Waxflower
2005/218	Chamelaucium	hybrid	Stefans Delight		Waxflower
2005/217	Chamelaucium	hybrid	Blossom Fireball		Waxflower
2005/216	Chamelaucium	hybrid	Purple Giant		Waxflower
2005/214	Chamelaucium	hybrid	Lilac Spring		Waxflower

## **CORRIGENDA**

No corrigendum is published in this issue.



## **Part 3 Appendices**

The appendices to *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 20 Issue 3) are listed below:

- Home
- Appendix 1 Fees
- Appendix 2 Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee
- Appendix 3 Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 5 Addresses of UPOV and Member States
- Appendix 6 Centralised Testing Centres
- Appendix 7 List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes
- Appendix 8 Register of Plant Varieties

#### **APPENDIX 1**

#### **FEES**

Two fee structures exist as a result of the transition from Plant Variety Rights to Plant Breeders Rights. For new applications (those lodged on or after 11 November 1994) the PBR fees apply. For older applications lodged before 11 November 1994 and not finally disposed of (Granted, Withdrawn, Refused etc.) the PVR fees in force at the time apply.

The Treasurer has determined that all statutory fees under PBR regulations will be exempted from GST.

### **Payment of Fees**

All cheques for fees should be made payable and sent to:

Collector of Public Monies C/-Plant Breeders Rights Office, IP Australia GPO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606

The **application fee** (\$300) must accompany the application at the time of lodgement.

#### Consequences of not paying fees when due

Application fee

Should an application not be accompanied by the prescribed application fee the application will be deemed to be 'non-valid' and neither assigned an application number nor examined for acceptance pending the payment of the fee.

## Examination fee

Non-payment of the examination fee of an application will automatically result, at the end of 12 months from the date of acceptance<sup>1</sup>, in a refusal of the application. The consequences of refusal are the same as for applications deemed to be inactive (see 'inactive applications' below).

Consideration of a request for an extension of the period of provisional protection from the initial 12-month period may require the prior payment of the examination fee.

#### Certificate fee

Following the successful completion of the examination, including the public notice period, the applicant will be required and invoiced to pay the certification fee. Payment of the certification fee is a prerequisite to granting PBR and issuing the official certificate by the PBR office. Failure to pay the fee may result in a refusal to grant PBR.

#### Annual fee

Should an annual renewal fee not be paid within 30 days after the due date, the grant of PBR will be revoked under Section 50 of the PBR Act. To assist grantees, the PBR office will invoice grantees or their Australian agents for renewal fees.

#### Inactive applications

An application will be deemed inactive if, after 24 months of provisional protection (or 12 months in the case of non-payment of the examination fee) the PBR Office has not received a completed application or has not been advised to proceed with the examination or an extension of provisional protection has not been requested or not granted or a certificate fee has not been paid. Inactive applications will be examined and, should they not fully comply with Section 44 of the PBR Act 1994, they will be refused. As a result provisional protection will lapse, priority claims on that variety will be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine. Contact the PBR Office for further details.

lost and should the variety have been sold, it will be ineligible for plant breeders rights on reapplication. Continued use of labels or any other means to falsely imply that a variety is protected after the application has been refused is an offence under Section 75 of the Act.

Basic Fees	Sc	hedule		
	$\mathbf{A}$	В	C	D
	\$			
Application	300	300	400	300
Examination - per application	1400	1200	1400	800
Certificate	300	300	250	300
Total Basic Fees	2000	1800	2050	1400

#### Schedule

Annual Renewal - all applications

A Single applications and applications based on an official overseas test reports.

300

- **B** Applicable when two or more Part 2 Applications are lodged simultaneously and the varieties are of the same genus and the examinations can be completed at one location at the same time.
- C Applications lodged under PVR (prior to 10<sup>th</sup> Nov 1994)
- **D** Applicable to 5 or more applications examined at an Accredited Centralised Testing Centre

Other Fees		
Variation to application(s) - per hour or part thereof	75	
Change of Assignment - per application	100	
Copy of an application (Part1 and/or Part2), an objection		
or a detailed description	50	
Copy of an entry in the Register	50	
Lodging an objection	100	
Annual subscription to Plant Varieties Journal	40	
Back issues of Plant Varieties Journal	14	
Administration - Other work relevant to PBR		
- per hour or part thereof	75	
Application for declaration of		
essential derivation	800	
Application for		
(a) revocation of a PBR	500	
(b) revocation of a declaration		
of essential derivation	500	
Compulsory licence	500	
Request under subsection 19(11) for exemption from		
public access - varieties with no direct use as a consumer	100	

## **APPENDIX 2**

## Plant Breeders Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC)

(Members of the PBRAC hold office in accordance with Section 85 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act* 1994.)

## **Committee Members**

Member Representing Plant Breeders	Member Representing Plant Breeders
Dr Paul Brennan Rock Valley Post Office via Lismore 1201 Cawongla Rd LARNOOK NSW 2480	Dr Glenn Dale Saltgrow PO Box 575 ASHGROVE QLD 4060
<b>Member Representing Users</b>	Member Representing Consumers
Mr Robert Hansen Peanut Company of Australia PO Box 26 KINGAROY QLD 4610	Ms Anne Pye PO Box 1538 MT BARKER SA 5251
Member Representing Conservation Interests	Member Representing Indigenous Interests
Mr Bruce Lloyd Fairley downs 5250 Barmah-Shepparton Road TALLYGAROOPNA VIC 3634	Mr Mark Porter 26 Callicarpa Street REEDY CREEK QLD 4227
Member with Appropriate Qualifications	Member with Appropriate Qualifications
Mr Benny Browne Griffith Hack 509 St Kilda Road MELBOURNE VIC 3004	Professor Brad Sherman TC Beirne School of Law The University of Queensland ST LUCIA QLD 4072
Registrar (Chair)	
Mr Doug Waterhouse IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden ACT 2606	

#### APPENDIX 3 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following persons have been accredited by the PBR office based on information provided by these persons. From the information provided by the applicants, the PBR office believes that these people can fulfil the role of 'qualified person' in the application for plant breeder's rights. Neither accreditation nor publication of a name in the list of persons is an implicit recommendation of the person so listed. The PBR office cannot be held liable for damages that may arise from the omission or inclusion of a person's name in the list nor does it assume any responsibility for losses or damages arising from agreements entered into between applicants and any person in the list of accredited persons. Qualified persons charge a fee for services rendered.

#### A guide to the use of the index of consultants:

- locate in the left column of Table 1 the plant group for which you are applying;
- listed in the right column are the names of accredited qualified persons from which you can choose a consultant;
- in Table 2 find that consultant's name, telephone number and area in which they are willing to consult (they may consult outside the nominated area);
- using the "Nomination of Qualified Person" form as a guide, agree provisionally on the scope and terms of the consultancy; complete the form and attach it to Part 1 of the application form;
- when you are notified that your nomination of a consultant qualified person is acceptable in the letter of acceptance
  of your application for PBR you should again consult the qualified person when planning the rest of the application
  for PBR.

	TABLE 1		
PLANT GROUP/SPECIES/FAMILY	CONSULTANT'S NAME (TELEPHONE AND AREA IN TABLE 2		
Actinidia	Lye, Colin Paananen, Ian		
	Richards, Graeme		
Agapanthus	Paananen, Ian		
Almonds	Granger, Andrew		
	Swinburn, Garth		
Alstroemeria	Paananen, Ian		
Ajuga	Paananen, Ian		
Apple	Cramond, Gregory		
	Darmody, Liz		
	Engel, Richard		
	Fleming, Graham		
	Langford, Garry		
	Mackay, Alastair		
	Malone, Michael		
	Mitchell, Leslie		
	Portman, Anthony		
	Scholefield, Peter		
	Stearne, Peter Tancred, Stephen		
	Valentine, Bruce		

Anigozanthos	Paananen, Ian Kirby, Greg Smith, Daniel
Anthurium	Paananen, Ian
Aroid	Harrison, Peter
Avocado	Lye, Colin Edwards, Arthur MacGregor, Alison Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Whiley, Tony
Azalea	Barrett, Mike Hempel, Maciej Paananen, Ian
Barley (Common)	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Downes, Ross Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Berry Fruit	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Greer, Neil Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret
Blackberry (Rubus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Blandfordia	Treverrow, Florence
Blueberry	Paananen, Ian Zorin, Margaret
Bougainvillea	Iredell, Janet Willa Prince, John
Brachyscome	Paananen, Ian

Brassica	Bannan, Nathaniel Bhatti, Muhammad Chequer, Robert Downes, Ross Easton, Andrew Fennell, John Gororo, Nelson Johnston, Evan Kadkol, Gururaj Laker, Richard Light, Kate McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Rudolph, Paul Sanders, Milton Saunders, James Scholefield, Peter Mouwen, Heidi Zadow, Diane
Brunia	Dunstone, Bob
Buddleia	Robb, John Paananen, Ian
Buffalo Grass	Paananen, Ian
Calibrachoa	Paananen, Ian
Camellia	Paananen, Ian Robb, John
Carnation/Dianthus	Paananen, Ian

Cereals	Bhatti, Muhammad Bullen, Kenneth Collins, David Cook, Bruce Derera, Nicholas AM Downes, Ross Fennell, John Hare, Raymond Harrison, Peter Henry, Robert J Johnston, Evan Khan, Akram Mitchell, Leslie Moore, Stephen Oates, John Platz, Greg Porter, Richard Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Roake, Jeremy Rose, John Saunders, James Scattini, Walter John Siedel, John Stearne, Peter Wilson, Frances
Cherry	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Mackay, Alastair Mitchell, Leslie Pumpa, Lucy Scholefield, Peter
Chickpeas	Bhatti, Muhammad Downes,Ross Collins, David Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Chrysanthemum	Paananen, Ian
Citrus	Calabria, Patrick Edwards, Arthur Lee, Slade MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Sykes, Stephen Topp, Bruce
Clivia	Smith, Kenneth

Clover	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Conifer	Stearne, Peter
Cotton	Derera, Nicholas AM Khan, Akram Leske, Richard
Cucurbits	Herrington, Mark McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Scholefield, Peter Sykes, Stephen
Dianella	Paananen, Ian
Dogwood	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Stearne, Peter
Echinacea	Paananen, Ian
Eucalyptus	Paananen, Ian
Euphorbia	Paananen, Ian
Feijoa	Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter
Fibre Crops	Gillespie, David Khan, Akram
Fig	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Parr, Wayne
Flower Bulbs	Verdegaal, John
Forage Brassicas	Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James

Forage Grasses	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Johnston, Evan Kirby, Greg Mitchell, Leslie Rhodes, Phil Smith, Kevin
Forage Legumes	Downes, Ross Fennell, John Foster, Kevin Harrison, Peter Hill, Jeff Lake, Andrew Miller, Jeff Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Siedel, John
Fruit	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Gillespie, David Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter Lenoir, Roland McCarthy, Alec Mitchell, Leslie Parr, Wayne Portman, Sian Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter
Fuchsia	Paananen, Ian
Gerbera	Paananen, Ian
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony

Grapes	Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter Swinburn, Garth Sykes, Stephen
Grevillea	Dunstone, Bob
Grevinea	Herrington, Mark
	Paananen, Ian
Gypsophila	Paananen, Ian
Hardenbergia	Dunstone, Bob
Hops (Humulus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Hydrangea	Hanger, Brian
, ,	Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	Paananen, Ian
Jojoba	Dunstone, Bob
Kalanchoe	Paananen, Ian
Lavender	Paananen, Ian
Legumes	Aberdeen, Ian
	Collins, David
	Cook, Bruce
	Cruickshank, Alan
	Downes, Ross
	Foster, Kevin
	Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce
	Kirby, Greg
	Khan, Akram
	Knights, Edmund
	Lake, Andrew
	Loch, Don
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Rhodes, Phil
	Rose, John
	Saunders, James
	Siedel, John

Lentils	Collins, David
Leitins	Downes, Ross
	Goulden, David
	Khan, Akram
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	Sauncers, James
Lilium	Paananen, Ian
Liriope	Paananen, Ian
Lomandra	Paananen, Ian
Lucerne	Bannan, Nathaniel
	Downes, Ross
	Johnston, Evan
	Lake, Andrew
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Nichols, Phillip
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Lupin	Bhatti, Muhammad
r	Collins, David
	Sanders, Milton
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Magnolia	Paananen, Ian
Mandevilla	Paananen, Ian
	i aanancii, ian
Mango	Lye, Colin
	Owen-Turner, John
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Parr, Wayne
	Whiley, Tony
Myrtaceae	Dunstone, Bob
Native grasses	Paananen, Ian
Tuttive grasses	Quinn, Patrick
Oat	Bhatti, Muhammad
	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
	Khan, Akram
	Platz, Greg
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Oilseed crops	Downes, Ross
F	Poulsen, David
	Siedel, John
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Olives	Bazzani, Mr Luigi Granger, Andrew
Onions	Bannan, Nathaniel Fennell, John Khan, Akram Laker, Richard McMichael, Prue Scholefield, Peter Rhodes, Phil
Ornamentals - Exotic	Abell, Peter Armitage, Paul Angus, Tim Barth, Gail Collins, Ian Cunneen, Thomas
	Darmody, Liz Dawson, Iain Derera, Nicholas AM Eggleton, Steve Fisk, Anne Marie Fleming, Graham Guy, Gareme Harrison, Peter Hempel, Maciej Johnston, Margaret Khan, Akram Kulkarni, Vinod Lamont, Greg Larkman, Clive Lenoir, Roland Lowe, Greg Lunghusen, Mark Marcsik, Doris McMichael, Prue Milne, Carolynn Mitchell, Hamish
	Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, David Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Prince, John Robb, John Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Singh, Deo Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter Stewart, Angus Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne Watkins, Phillip Watkinson, Andrew

Ornamentals - Indigenous

Abell, Peter

Allen, Paul

Angus, Tim

Barrett, Mike

Barth, Gail

Cunneen, Thomas

Dawson, Iain

Derera, Nicholas AM

Downes, Ross

Eggleton, Steve

Granger, Andrew

Harrison, Peter

Henry, Robert J

Hockings, David

Jack, Brian

Johnston, Margaret

Kirby, Greg

Khan, Akram

Lenoir, Roland

Lowe, Greg

Lullfitz, Robert

Lunghusen, Mark

McMichael, Prue

Milne, Carolynn

Mitchell, Hamish

Molyneux, W M

Nichols, David

Oates, John

O'Brien, Shaun

Paananen, Ian

Prince, John

Pumpa, Lucy

Schapel, Amanda

Scholefield, Peter

Singh, Deo

Slater, Tony

Smith, Daniel

Stearne, Peter

Tan, Beng

Watkins, Phillip

Ornithopus

Foster, Kevin

Nichols, Phillip

Osmanthus

Paananen, Ian

Robb, John

Osteospermum

Paananen, Ian

Pastures & Turf	Anderson, Malcolm Avery, Angela Bannan, Nathaniel Bhatti, Muhammad Cameron, Stephen Cook, Bruce Downes, Ross Harrison, Peter Kemp, Stuart Kirby, Greg Loch, Don McMaugh, Peter Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Neylan, John Paananen, Ian Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Rose, John Saunders, James Smith, Raymond Scattini, Walter John Smith, Kevin Wilkes, Gregory Wilson, Frances Zorin, Margaret
Peanut	Cruickshank, Alan George, Doug
Pear	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce
Pelargonium	Paananen, Ian
Persimmon	Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth
Petunia	Paananen, Ian Nichols, David
Philodendron	Paananen, Ian
Philotheca	Dunstone, Bob
Phormium	Paananen, Ian
Photinia	Robb, John

Pistacia	Richardson, Clive Sykes, Stephen
Pisum	Bhatti, Muhammad Downes, Ross Goulden, David McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Sanders, Milton Saunders, James
Potatoes	Fennell, John Friemond, Terry Guertsen, Paul Hill, Jim Johnston, Evan McMichael, Prue Pumpa, Lucy Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Slater, Tony Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter Wilson, Graeme
Proteaceae	Barth, Gail Kirby, Neil Paananen, Ian Robb, John Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel
Prunus	Calabria, Patrick Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Portman, Anthony Richards, Graeme Topp, Bruce Wilkes, Gregory Witherspoon, Jennifer
Pulse Crops	Collins, David Downes, Ross Graetz, Darren Oates, John Porter, Richard Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James

Raspberry	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Herrington, Mark Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret
Rhododendron	Barrett, Mike Paananen, Ian
Rose	Barrett, Mike Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Hanger, Brian Lee, Peter McKirdy, Simon Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Stearne, Peter Swane, Geoff Syrus, A Kim
Scaevola	Paananen, Ian
Sesame	Bennett, Malcolm Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce
Sorghum	Khan, Akram
Soybean	Harrison, Peter James, Andrew
Spathiphylum	Paananen, Ian
Spices and Medicinal Plants	Derera, Nicholas AM Khan, Akram
Stone Fruit	Barrett, Mike Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter MacGregor, Alison Mackay, Alistair Malone, Michael Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Valentine, Bruce

Walnut	Mitchell, Leslie
Verbena	Paananen, Ian
	Westra Van Holthe, Jan
	Smith, Daniel
	Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter
	Rhodes, Phil
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Pearson, Craig
	O'Connor, Lauren
	Oates, John
	McMichael, Prue
	MacGregor, Alison
	Laker, Richard Lenoir, Roland
	Khan, Akram Laker, Richard
	Harrison, Peter
	Gillespie, David
	Frkovic, Edward
	Fennell, John
	Derera, Nicholas AM
Vegetables	Bannan, Nathaniel
Umbrella Tree	Paananen, Ian
Harbarila Tara	
	Whiley, Tony
	Scholefield, Peter
	Parr, Wayne
Tropical/Sub-Tropical Crops	Kulkarni, Vinod
Tranical/Sub Tranical Crops	Harrison, Peter
	Saunders, James
	Rhodes, Phil
	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
Triticale	Bhatti, Muhammad
Tree Crops	McRae, Tony
Troo Crops	McPec Tony
	Smith, Daniel
	Scholefield, Peter
	Rhodes, Phil
	McMichael, Prue
	Laker, Richard
Tomato	Herrington, Mark Khan, Akram
Tomoto	Hamington Mode
Sunflower	George, Doug
	Piperidis, George
Sugarcane	Cox, Mike
	Zorin, Margaret
	Scholefield, Peter
	Morrison, Bruce
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Midala all I a ali a

Wheat (Aestivum & Durum Groups)	Bhatti, Muhammad	
_	Collins, David	
	Downes, Ross	
	Kadkol, Gururaj	
	Khan, Akram	
	Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James	
		Sanders, Milton
		Zantedeschia

## TABLE 2

NAME	TELEPHONE	AREA OF OPERATION
Abell, Peter Aberdeen, Ian	0438 392 837 mobile 03 5782 1029	Australia SE Australia
Aberdeen, fan	03 5782 1029 03 5782 2073 fax	SE Australia
Allen, Paul	03 3/82 20/3 fax 07 3824 0263 ph/fax	SE OLD Northarn NSW
Anderson, Malcolm	07 3824 0203 ph/1ax 03 5573 0900	SE QLD, Northern NSW Victoria
Anderson, Walconn	03 5571 1523 fax	Victoria
	017 870 252 mobile	
Angus, Tim	(64 4) 568 3878 ph/fax	Australia and New Zealand
Aligus, Tilli	001164211871076 mobile	Australia and New Zealand
	plantatim@zip.co.nz	
Armitage, Paul	03 9756 7233	Victoria
7 Hillitage, 1 auf	03 9756 6948 fax	Victoria
Avery, Angela	02 6030 4500	South Eastern Australia
Tivery, Tingena	02 6030 4600 fax	South Eustern Hustrana
Bannan, Nathaniel	03 8318 9019	Australia
Baiman, I variantei	03 8318 9002 fax	Tubulu
	0429 720 013 mobile	
Barrett, Mike	02 9875 3087	NSW/ACT
Barrott, Wilke	02 9980 1662 fax	115 11/1101
	0407 062 494 mobile	
Barth, Gail	08 8389 7479	SA and Victoria
Bazzani, Luigi	08 9772 1207	Western Australia
2422411, 24151	08 9772 1333 fax	1, 65,6211 1 145,624114
Bennett, Malcolm	08 8973 9733	NT, QLD, NSW, WA
	08 8973 9777 fax	,,,
Bhatti, Muhammad	08 9671 1322 ph	Western Australia
,	08 9671 1352 fax	
Burne, Peter	08 8582 0338 ph	South Australia
,	08 8583 2104 fax	
	0418 834 102 mobile	
Calabria, Patrick	02 6963 6360	Riverina area of NSW
	0438 636 219 mobile	
Chequer, Robert	03 5382 1269	Victoria
•	0419 145 262 mobile	
Collins, David	08 9623 2343 ph/fax	Central Western Wheatbelt of
	0154 42694 mobile	Western Australia
Cox, Mike	07 4132 5200	Queensland and NSW
	07 4132 5253 fax	
Cramond, Gregory	08 8390 0299	Australia
	08 8390 0033 fax	
	0417 842 558 mobile	
Cruickshank, Alan	07 4160 0722	QLD
	07 4162 3238 fax	
Cunneen, Thomas	02 4889 8647	Sydney Region
	02 4889 8657 fax	
Darmody, Liz	03 9756 6105	Australia
	03 9752 0005 fax	
Dawson, Iain	02 6251 2293	ACT, South East NSW
Derera, Nicholas AM	02 9639 3072	Australia
	02 9639 0345 fax	
	0414 639 307 mobile	
Downes, Ross	02 4474 0456 ph	ACT, South East Australia
	02 4474 0476 fax	
	0402472601 mobile	
Dunstone, Bob	02 6281 1754 ph/fax	South East NSW

Easton, Andrew	07 4690 2666 07 4630 1063 fax	QLD and NSW
Edwards, Arthur	08 8586 1232 08 8595 1394 fax	SE Australia
Eggleton, Steve	0409 609 300 mobile 03 9876 1097 03 9876 1696 fax	Melbourne Region
Engel, Richard	08 9397 5941 08 9397 5941 fax	WA
Fennell, John	03 5334 7871 03 5334 7892 fax 0419 881 887	Australia
Farquhar, Wayne	08 85657000 08 85657011 fax	South Australia
Fleming, Graham	03 9756 6105 03 9752 0005 fax	Australia
Friemond, Terry	08 9203 6720 08 9203 6720 fax 0438 915 811 mobile	Western Australia
Foster, Kevin	08 9368 3804 08 9474 2840 fax	Mediterranean areas of Australia
Frkovic, Edward	02 6962 7333 02 6964 1311 fax	Australia
George, Doug	07 5460 1308 07 5460 1112 fax	Australia
Gillespie, David	07 4155 6344 07 4155 6656 fax	Wide Bay Burnett District, QLD
Gororo, Nelson	03 5382 5911 03 5382 5755 fax 0428 534 770 mobile	Mediterranean areas of Australia
Goulden, David	64 3 325 6400 64 3 325 2074 fax	New Zealand
Graetz, Darren	08 8303 9362 08 8303 9424 fax	South Australia
Granger, Andrew	08 8389 8809 08 8389 8899 fax	South Australia
Greer, Neil	07 5441 1118 07 5476 0098 fax 0418 881 755 mobile	Australia
Guertsen, Paul	02 6845 3789 02 6845 3382 fax 0407 658 105 mobile	NSW, VIC, SE QLD
Hanger, Brian	03 9837 5547 ph/fax 0418 598106 mobile	Victoria
Hare, Ray	02 6763 1232 02 6763 1222 fax	QLD, NSW VIC & SA
Harrison, Peter	08 8948 1894 ph 08 8948 3894 fax 0407 034 083 mobile	Tropical/Sub-tropical Australia, including NT and NW of WA and tropical arid areas
Hempel, Maciej	02 4628 0376 02 4625 2293 fax	NSW, QLD, VIC, SA
Henry, Robert J	02 6620 3010 02 6622 2080 fax	Australia
Herrington, Mark	07 5441 2211 07 5441 2235 fax	Southern Queensland
Hill, Jeff	08 8303 9487 08 8303 9607 fax	South Australia

Hill, Jim	03 6428 2519 03 6428 2049 fax 0428 262 765 mobile	Australia
Hockings, David Imrie, Bruce	07 5494 3385 ph/fax 02 4474 0951	Southern Queensland SE Australia
Iredell, Janet Willa	02 4474 0952 imriecsc@sci.net.au 07 3202 6351 ph/fax	SE Queensland
Jack, Brian	08 9952 5040 08 9952 5053 fax	South West WA
James, Andrew	07 3214 2278 07 3214 2272 fax	Australia
Johnston, Evan  Johnston, Margaret	64 3358 1745 0214 417 13 mobile 07 5460 1240	Canterbury, New Zealand SE Queensland
Kadkol, Gururaj	07 5460 1240 07 5460 1455 fax 03 5382 1269	North Western Victoria
Kemp, Stuart	03 5381 1210 fax 03 8390 8150	SE Australia
Kennedy, Peter	0437 278 873 mobile 02 6382 7600	New South Wales
Khan, Akram	02 6382 2228 fax 02 9351 8821	New South Wales
Kirby, Greg	02 9351 8875 fax 08 8201 2176 08 8201 3015 fax	South Australia
Kirby, Neil	02 4754 2637 02 4754 2640 fax	New South Wales
Knights, Edmund	02 6763 1100 02 6763 1222 fax	North Western NSW
Kulkarni, Vinod	08 9992 2221 08 9992 2049 fax	Australia
Lake, Andrew	08 8177 0558 0418 818 798 mobile lake@arcom.com.au	SE Australia
Laker, Richard	08 87258987 08 8723 0142 fax	Australia
Lamont, Greg	0417 855 592 mobile 02 8778 5388 02 9734 9866 fax	Sydney region
Langford, Garry	03 6266 4344 03 6266 4023 fax	Australia
Larkman, Clive	0418 312 910 mobile 03 9735 3831 03 9739 6370	Victoria
Lee, Peter	larkman@tpgi.com.au 03 6330 1147 03 6330 1927 fax	SE Australia
Lee, Slade	02 6620 3410 02 6622 2080 fax	Queensland/Northern New South Wales
Lenoir, Roland Leske, Richard	02 6231 9063 ph/fax 07 4671 3136	Australia Cotton growing regions of QLD
	07 4671 3113 fax	& NSW
Light, Kate	03 5362 2175 0419 145 768 mobile	Victoria
Loch, Don	07 3286 1488 07 3286 3094 fax	Queensland

Lowe, Greg	02 4389 8750	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4389 4958 fax	
	0411 327390 mobile	
Lullfitz, Robert	08 9447 6360	South West WA
Lunghusen, Mark	03 5998 2083	Melbourne & environs
	03 5998 2089fax	
	0407 050 133 mobile	
Lye, Colin	07 4671 0044	NT, QLD and NSW
	07 4671 0066 fax	
	0427 786 668 mobile	
MacGregor, Alison	03 5023 4644	Southern Australia – Murray
	0419 229 713 mobile	Valley Region
Mackay, Alastair	08 9310 5342 ph/fax	Western Australia
	0159 87221 mobile	
McMaugh, Peter	02 9872 7833	Australia
	02 9872 7855 fax	
Malone, Michael	+64 6 877 8196	New Zealand
	+64 6 877 4761 fax	
Marcsik, Doris	08 8999 2017	Northern Territory and
	08 8999 2049	Queensland
McCarthy, Alec	08 9780 6273	South West WA
•	08 9780 6136 fax	
McKirdy, Simon	042 163 8229 mobile	Australia
McMichael, Prue	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
,	08 8373 2442 fax	
McRae, Tony	08 8723 0688	Australia
	08 8723 0660 fax	
Miller, Jeff	64 6 356 8019 extn 8027	Manawatu region, New Zealand
	64 3 351 8142 fax	
Milne, Carolynn	07 3206 3509	QLD
Mitchell, Hamish	03 9737 9568	Victoria
,	03 9737 9899 fax	
Mitchell, Leslie	03 5821 2021	VIC, Southern NSW
	03 5831 1592 fax	,
Molyneux, William	03 5965 2011	Victoria
11201/110011, 111111111	03 5965 2033 fax	, 1600114
Moore, Stephen	02 6799 2230	NSW
naosie, stephen	02 6799 2239 fax	1,5,1
Morrison, Bruce	03 9210 9251	East of Melbourne
	03 9800 3521 fax	
Mouwen, Heidi	07 4690 2666	QLD, NSW
mou won, moral	07 4630 1063	(LD, 110 H
Neylan, John	03 9886 6200	VIC, NSW, SA
regian, som	0413 620 256 mobile	VIC, 115 W, 571
Nichols, David	03 5977 4755	SE Melbourne, Mornington
Titeliois, David	03 5977 4921 fax	Peninsula and Dandenong
	03 3711 4721 lax	Ranges, Victoria
Nichols, Phillip	08 9387 7442	Western Australia
Weilois, I minp	08 9383 9907 fax	Western Australia
Oates, John	02 4473 8465	Sydney region, Eastern Australia
Oates, John	02 4473 0403	Sydney region, Lastern Adstrana
O'Brien, Shaun	07 5442 3055	SE Queensland
O Brien, Shaun	07 5442 3044 fax	SE Queensiand
	0407 584 417 mobile	
O'Connor, Lauren	07 3359 3113	Australia
O COIIIOI, Laufell	07 3339 3113 0418 510 480 mobile	Australia
Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217	Rurnett region Control
Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217 07 4129 5511 fax	Burnett region, Central  Queensland region
	01 4129 JJ11 lax	Queensiand region

Paananen, Ian	02 4381 0051 02 8569 1896 fax	Australia (based in Sydney) and New Zealand
	0412 826 589 mobile	New Zealand
Parr, Wayne	07 4129 4147	QLD, Northern NSW
raii, wayne	07 4129 4147 07 4129 4463 fax	QLD, Northern NSW
Dimenidia Conne		OLD Northann NCW
Piperidis, George	07 3331 3373	QLD, Northern NSW
N G	07 3871 0383 fax	OV D. M. J. MOVI
Platz, Greg	07 4639 8817	QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4639 8800 fax	
Porter, Richard	08 8431 5396	Adelaide region, South Australia
	08 8431 5396 fax	
	0413 270 670 mobile	
Portman, Anthony	08 9274 5355	South-west Western Australia
	08 9250 1859 fax	
Portman, Sian	08 9725 0660	Western Australia
,	0421 606 651 mobile	
Poulsen, David	07 4661 2944	SE QLD, Northern NSW
1 0010011, 2 0 1 10	07 4661 5257 fax	22 (22,110111111111111111111111111111111111
Prescott, Chris	03 5998 5100	Victoria
rescou, emis	03 5998 5333	Victoria
D' 11	0417 340 558 mobile	ar of b
Prince, John	07 5533 0211	SE QLD
	07 5533 0488 fax	
Pumpa, Lucy	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2422 fax	
	0400 041 881 mobile	
Quinn, Patrick	03 5427 0485	SE Australia
Richards, Graeme	02 4570 1358	Australia
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0405 178 211 mobile	
Richardson, Clive	03 51550255	Victoria
Rhodes, Phil	64 3322 5405	New Zealand
,	0211 862 422 mobile	
	phil@epr.co.nz	
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8830	Sydney Region
Roune, seremy	02 9351 8875 fax	Sydney Region
Robb, John	02 4376 1330	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
Kooo, John	02 4376 1330 02 4376 1271 fax	Sydney, Central Coast NS W
	v=	
D 11	0199 19252 mobile	
Rose, John	07 4661 2944	SE Queensland
	07 4661 5257 fax	
Rudolph, Paul	03 5381 2168	Victoria
	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0438 083 840 mobile	
Saunders, James	03 8318 9016	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0408 037 801 mobile	
Sanders, Milton	08 9825 8087	Southern Australia: WA, Vic,
	08 9387 4388 fax	NSW, SA
	0427 031 951 mobile	
Scattini, Walter	07 3356 0863 ph/fax	Tropical and sub-tropical
Seattlini, Trailer	0, 555 0 0005 Piz iun	Australia
Schapel, Amanda	08 8373 2488	South Australia
Schaper, Amanda	0408 344 843 mobile	South / tustiana
Scholefield, Peter	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
Scholeheld, Felei		SE AUSUAHA
	08 8373 2442 fax	
g: 1 D	018 082022 mobile	D : 1
Singh, Deo	0418 880787 mobile	Brisbane
	07 3207 5998 fax	

Slater, Tony	03 9210 9222	SE Australia
•	03 9800 3521 fax	
	0408 656 021 mobile	
Smith, Daniel	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2442 fax	20001110001010
Smith, Kenneth	02 4570 9069	Australia
Smith, Kevin	03 5573 0900	SE Australia
Siliui, Keviii		SE Australia
0 24 3/21	03 5571 1523 fax	ar o 1 1
Smith, Mike	07 5444 9630	SE Queensland
Smith, Stuart	03 6336 5234	SE Australia
	03 6334 4961 fax	
Stearne, Peter	02 9262 2611	Sydney, ACT & NSW
	02 9262 1080 fax	
Stewart, Angus	02 4385 9788ph/fax	Sydney, Gosford
	0419 632 123 mobile	
Swane, Geoff	02 6889 1545	Central western NSW
	02 6889 2533 fax	
	0419 841580 mobile	
Swinburn, Garth	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region - from
Swind with, Curui	03 5023 5814 fax	Swan Hill (Vic) to Waikere (SA)
Sykes, Stephen	03 5051 3100	Victoria Victoria
sykes, stephen	03 5051 3100 03 5051 3111 fax	Victoria
Syrus, A Kim	03 8556 2555	Adalaida
Syrus, A Killi		Adelaide
The Dane	03 8556 2955 fax	D. (1, 0,
Tan, Beng	08 9266 7168	Perth & environs
	08 9266 2495	
Tancred, Stephen	07 4681 2931	QLD, NSW
	07 4681 4274 fax	
	0157 62888 mobile	
Treverrow, Florence	02 6629 3359	Australia
Topp, Bruce	07 4681 1255	SE QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4681 1769 fax	
Valentine, Bruce	02 6361 3919	New South Wales
	02 6361 3573 fax	
Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne	03 6248 6863	Tasmania
, ,	03 6248 7402 fax	- 100-0-0-0-0
Verdegaal, John	03 6458 3581	Australia and New Zealand
verdeguar, som	03 6458 3581 fax	rastrata and rew Zeatand
Watkins, Phillip	08 9525 1800	Perth Region
watkins, rinnip	08 9525 1607 fax	rettii Region
W7.d1: A.d		NI
Watkinson, Andrew	07 5445 6654	Northern NSW and Southern
W . W . II 14 . I	0409 065 266 mobile	QLD
Westra Van Holthe, Jan	03 9706 3033	Australia
	03 9706 3182 fax	
Whiley, Tony	07 5441 5441	QLD
Wilkes, Gregory	02 4570 1358	Sydney region
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0418 642 359 mobile	
Wilson, Frances	64 3 318 8514	Canterbury, New Zealand
	64 3 318 8549 fax	
Wilson, Graeme	03 5957 1200	SE Australia
	03 5957 1210 fax	
Zadow, Diane	03 5382 1269	Victoria
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0419 145 763 mobile	
Zorin, Margaret	07 3207 4306	Eastern Australia
Zorm, muguici	0418 984 555	Lastern Austrana
	0 110 70 <del>1</del> 000	

# **Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persons**

Name	Name
Ali, S	Lowe, Russell
Allen, Antony	Luckett, David
Armour, David	Mack, Ian
Baelde, Arie	Mann, Dorham
Baker, Grant	Mason, Lloyd
Bally, Ian	Matic, Rade
Barr, Andrew	Matthews, Michael
Bell, David	McCallum, Lesley
Bernuetz, Andrew	McDonald, David
Birmingham, Erika	Mendham, Neville
Box, Amanda	Menzies, Kim
Brennan, Paul	Miller, Kylie
Brewer, Lester	Moody, David
Brindley, Tony	Moss, Ian
Brindle, Sean	Mullins, Kathleen
Buchanan, Peter	Mungall, Neil
Bunker, John	Neilson, Peter
Bunker, Kerry	Newman, Allen
Burton, Wayne	Noone, Brian
Cameron, Nick	Norriss, Michael
Cant, Russell	Oakes, John
Chivers, Ian	Offord, Cathy
Clayton-Greene, Kevin	O'Brien, Tim
Constable, Greg	O'Sullivan, Robert
Cook, Esther	Paull, Jeff
Corcoran, Lisa	Pearce, Bob
Coventry, Stewart	Potter, Trent
Craig, Andrew	Pressler, Craig
Craigie, Gail	Reeve, Christopher
Culvenor, Richard	Reid, Peter
Dawson, Iain	Reinke, Russell
Crowhurst, Max	Roberts, Sean
De Betue, Remco	Roche, Matthew
de Koning, Carolyn	Rose, Ian
Dear, Brian	Sanders, Milton
Delaporte, Kate	Sandral, Graeme
Done, Anthony	Sanewski, Garth
Donnelly, Peter	Schilg, Karl
Downe, Graeme	Schreuders, Harry
Dryden, Susan	Scott, Ralph
Eastwood, Russell	Senior, Michael
Eglinton, Jason	Siemon, Fran
Eisemann, Robert	Smith, Chris
Elliott, Philip	Smith, Raymond
Evans, Pedro	Smith, Malcolm
Fitzgibbon, John	Smith, Susan
Flett, Peter	Snelling, Cath
Geary, Judith	Snowball, Richard
Gibbons, Philip	Stiller, Warwick

Gillies, Leanne Stuart, Peter Glover, Russell Sturgess, Eric Granger, Andrew Sutton, John Gurciullo, Gaetano Tonks, John Haire, Chris Trimboli, Daniel Harden, Patrick Taylor, Kerry Hollamby, Gil Trigg, Pamela Hoppo, Suzanne Urwin, Nigel Howie, Jake Van der Spek, Folke Hoxha, Adriana Vater, Daniel Hunt, Melissa Vaughan, Peter Hurst, Andrea Venkatanagappa, Shoba Irwin, John Venn, Neil Janhsen, Joanne Warner, Bradley Johnson, Peter Warren, Andrew Jupp, Noel Watson, Brigid Kaehne, Ian Weatherly, Lilia Katelaris, Andrew Wei, Xianming Kebblewhite, Tony Whalley, RDB Kempff, Stefan Williams, Rex Kennedy, Chris Wilson, Stephen Wilson, Rob Kobelt, Eric Winter, Bruce Lacey, Kevin Lawson, Marion Wirthensohn, Michelle Lee, Kathryn Wright, Gary Leighton, A Yan, Guijun Leonforte, Antonio Zeppa, Aldo

Lewin, Laurence Lewis, Hartley Loi, Angelo

## **APPENDIX 5**

## ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

## International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211
Geneva 20
SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336 Web site: http://www.upov.int

**List of Addresses** of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

Status of Ratification in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

#### **APPENDIX 6**

## **CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES**

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are now available which will add flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$800. This is a saving of nearly 40% over the normal fee of \$1400.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

## APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

#### **Conditions and Selection Criteria**

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

### **Appropriate facilities**

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

### **Experienced staff**

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

analysed data. These staff will require the authority to ensure timely maintenance of the trial. Where provided by the PBR office, the protocol and technical guidelines for the conduct of the trial must be followed.

#### **Substantial industry support**

Normally the establishment will be recognised by a state or national industry society or association. This may include/be replaced by a written commitment from major nurseries or other applicants, who have a history of regularly making applications for PBR in Australia, to use the facility.

#### Capability for long-term storage of genetic material

Depending upon the genus, a CTC must be in a position to make a long-term commitment to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

#### **Contract testing for 3rd Parties**

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

### Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

#### One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

### One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (environmental factors, quarantine etc) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office. More than one CTC maybe allowed for roses.

One CTC may be authorised to test more than one genus. Authorisations for each genus will be reviewed periodically.

#### **Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)**

Following publication of applications for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accredit ation
Agriculture Victoria, National Potato Improvement Centre	Toolangi, VIC	Potato	Outdoor, field, greenhouse, tissue culture laboratory	R Kirkham	31/3/97
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/6/97
Ag-Seed Research	Horsham and other sites	Canola	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory and biochemical analyses	P Rudolph	30/6/97
Agriculture Western Australia	Northam WA	Wheat	Field, laboratory	D Collins	30/6/97
University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute	Camden, NSW	Argyranthemum, Diascia, Mandevilla	Outdoor, field, irrigation, greenhouses with controlled microclimates, controlled environment rooms,	J Oates	30/6/97

			4	I	
			tissue culture, molecular genetics and cytology		
			lab.		
Boulters Nurseries Monbulk Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Clematis	Outdoor, shadehouse, greenhouse	M Lunghusen	30/9/97
Geranium Cottage Nursery	Galston, NSW	Pelargonium	Field, controlled environment house	I Paananen	30/11/97
Agriculture Victoria	Hamilton, VIC	Perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, tall wheat	Field, shadehouse, glasshouse, growth chambers. Irrigation.	M Anderson	30/6/98
		grass, white clover, Persian clover	Pathology and tissue culture. Access to DNA and molecular marker technology. Cold storage.		
Koala Blooms	Monbulk, VIC	Bracteantha	Outdoor, irrigation	M Lunghusen	30/6/98
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Aglaonema	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	30/6/98
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields , NSW	New Guinea Impatiens including Impatiens hawkeri and its hybrids	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/9/98
University of Queensland, Gatton College	Lawes, QLD	Some tropical pastures	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, small phytotron, plant nursery & propagation, tissue culture, seed and chemical lab, cool storage	To be advised	30/9/98
Jan and Peter Iredell	Moggill, QLD	Bougainvillea	Outdoor, shadehouse	J Iredell	30/9/98
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Verbena	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/12/98
Avondale Nurseries Ltd	Glenorie, NSW	Agapanthus	Greenhouse, tissue culture with commercial partnership	I Paananen	31/12/98
Paradise Plants	Kulnura, NSW	Camellia, Lavandula, Osmanthus, Ceratopetalum	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	J Robb	31/12/98
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled environment greenhouses	C Prescott	31/12/98
F & I Baguley Flower and Plant Growers	Clayton South, VIC	Euphorbia	Controlled glasshouses, quarantine facilities, tissue culture	G Guy	31/3/99
Paradise Plants	Kulnura, NSW	Limonium, Raphiolepis, Eriostemon, Lonicera Jasminum	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	J Robb	30/6/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Angelonia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/6/00
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Cuphea, Anthurium	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	30/6/00
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Redlands Research	Cleveland, QLD	Cynodon, Zoysia and other selected warm season- season turf and	Field, glasshouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	D Loch	30/9/00
Station		amenity species			

Luff Partnership	Kulnura,	Bracteantha	Field beds, irrigation,	I Dawson	31/12/00
•	NSW		shade house, propagation		
			house, cool rooms,		24/42/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Petunia, Calibrachoa	Glasshouse	I Paananen J Oates	31/12/00
NSW Agriculture	Temora	Triticum, Hordeum, Avena	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, climate controlled areas	P Breust	31/3/01
Bywong Nursery	Bungendore NSW	Leptospermum	Field, shadehouse, greenhouse	P Ollerenshaw	31/3/01
S J Saperstein	Mullumbimby NSW	Rhododendron (vireya types)	Field and propagation facilities	S Saperstein	31/12/01
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Osteospermum, Rhododendron	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	31/3/02
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Euphorbia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/3/02
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd	Springwood,	Impatiens, Euphorbia	AQIS accredited quarantine facilities; glasshouse, shadehouse, field, tissue culture	B Sidebottom A Bernuetz M Hunt N Derera T Angus	30/9/02
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Dahlia	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	31/12/03
Carol's Propagation	Brookfield, QLD	Anubias	Glasshouse specifically designed for aquatic plants	C Milne D Singh	31/3/04
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Maroochy Research Station	Nambour, QLD	Ananas	Field, plots, pots, shadehouse, temperature controlled glasshouse and tissue culture lab	G. Sanewski	31/3/04
Abulk Pty Ltd	Clarendon, NSW	Dianella	Normal nursery facilities with access to micro propagation.	I Paananen	31/3/04
Proteaflora Nursery Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Plectranthus	Fogged propagation house, greenhouses and irrigated outdoor facilities	Paul Armitage	30/6/04
Berrimah Agricultural Research Centre	Darwin	Zingiber	Irrigated shadehouse, outdoor facilities, cool storage, high level post entry quarantine facility, tissue culture lab, pathology and entomology diagnostic services	D Marcsik	30/9/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Impatiens, Verbena	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols	30/9/04
Floreta Pty Ltd	Redland Bay QLD	Bracteantha	Purpose built, secure greenhouse, access to fog house, registered quarantine facility on site.	K Bunker	31/12/04
Boulevarde Nurseries Mildura Pty Ltd	Irymple VIC	Zantedeschia	Glasshouse, shade house, propagation facilities, field areas, irrigation, cool rooms, tissue culture lab, hydroponics,	K Mullins	31/12/04

			quarantine facilities		
Buchanan's	Hodgsonvale,	Prunus	Outdoor facilities	P Buchanan	31/12/04
Nursery	QLD		including a collection of		
			90 varieties of common		
			knowledge.		
Ball Australia	Keysborough,	Calibrachoa,	Controlled climate	D. Nichols	30/9/05
	VIC	Osteospermum	glasshouse and		
		_	environment rooms,		
			germination chamber,		
			quarantine house, cool		
			storage, irrigation and		
			outdoor facilities.		
Queensland	Mareeba,	Mangifera	Glasshouse, shadehouse,	I Bally	30/09/05
Department of	QLD		laboratory complex		
Primary Industries,			including biotech,		
Southedge			propagation, outdoor		
Research Centre			facilities		
Blueberry Farms of	Corindi	Vaccinium	Extensive irrigated	I Paananen	15/10/07
Australia	Beach NSW		growing beds. Birds, hail		
	and optional		and frost protection. Post		
	sites		harvest facilities		
	Tumbarumba		including cool rooms.		
	NSW and		Access to tissue culture		
	Tasmania		laboratories.		

The following applications are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Kalanchoe	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols
Yates Botanical Pty Ltd	Somersby and Tuggerah, NSW	Rosa	Tissue culture lab, glasshouse, quarantine and nursery facilities	I Paananen
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen

Comments (both for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

The Registrar Plant Breeder's Rights Office IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606 Fax (02) 6283 7999

Closing date for comment: 31 December 2007.

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

- (a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;
  - (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
    - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;
- (ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

### LIST OF CLASSES

#### Part I

## Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1

## LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

## Part II

## Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms     Agaricus bisporus     Agaricus bisporus     Agaricus blazei     Agrocybe cylindracea     Auricularia auricura     Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc.     Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer     Flammulina velutipes     Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten     Grifola frondosa     Hericium erinaceum     Hypsizigus marmoreus     Hypsizigus ulmarius     Lentinula edodes     Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke     Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer     Lyophyllum decastes     Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo     Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten     Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus     Naematoloma sublateritium     Panellus serotinus     Pholiota adiposa     Pholiota nameko     Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus     Pleurotus cystidiosus     Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus     Pleurotus eryngii     Pleurotus pulmonarius     Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries     Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries     Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_MAR HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS_ABA PLEUR_ERY PLEUR_OST PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG

<sup>\*</sup> Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

#### **APPENDIX 8**

### REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories\*

#### **South Australia**

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

#### **New South Wales**

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

#### Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

## Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

### Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at <a href="http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/">http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/</a>



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