

Plant Varieties Journal - Optimised for Screen Viewing



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Part 1 General Information

Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, Important Changes etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 21 Issue 1) are listed below:

- Home
- Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)
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Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr_ivds/) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

In the beginning of April 2005, all QPs have officially been notified of this new system giving them access to IVDS with their individual user name and password. The main purpose of the system is to harmonise variety descriptions at both national and international level and make the PBR application process as smooth and efficient as possible.

The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The IVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. Finally, it allows QPs to lodge the completed variety descriptions on-line. There is a minimum typing involved in the process.

The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

Objections and revocations

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

Objections to Applications

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate reasons why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

- · a Grant
- · a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- · a grant of PBR; or
- · a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse affect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

Report on Breeding Issues

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>final report</u> of the expert panel is available now.

Use of Overseas Data

Overseas Testing/Data

The PBR Act allows DUS data produced in other countries (overseas data) be used in lieu of conducting a comparative trial in Australia provided certain conditions are met; relating to the filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally. Briefly the overseas data could be considered where:

- The first PBR application relating to the candidate variety has been lodged overseas, and
- the variety has previously been test grown in a UPOV member country using official UPOV test guidelines and test procedures, (i.e. equivalent to a comparative trial in Australia) and
- either, all the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial, or
- the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all the Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted, and
- sufficient data and descriptive information is available to publish a description of the variety in an accepted format in Plant Varieties Journal; and to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

Taxa that must be trailled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

Solanum tuberosum Potato

The Qualified Person, in consultation with the agent/applicant, and perhaps other specialists and taxonomists, will need to evaluate the overseas data, test report and photographs to see if the application does fulfil all PBR Office requirements, and then advise the agent/applicant:

- either, to submit Part 2 incorporating a description for publication, any additional data and photographs and to pay the examination fee;
- or, to conduct a DUS trial in Australia, recommending to the applicant/agent which additional varieties of common knowledge to include;

• or, submit Part 2 including additional data (information about similar varieties in Australia to show that they are clearly distinct from the candidate variety that a further DUS test growing including the similar varieties is not warranted and that the variety displays the distinctive characteristics when grown in Australia)

Please note that the PBR office does not obtain overseas DUS test reports on behalf of applicants. It is the sole responsibility of the applicants to obtain these reports directly from the relevant overseas testing authorities. Where applicants already have the report they are advised to submit a certified true copy of the report with the Part 1 application. Applicants, or those duly authorised, may certify the copy.

If you do not have the test report available at the time of Part-1 application then you are advised to submit the Part-1 application without the test report. However, you should make arrangements to procure the DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority. When the report becomes available, a certified copy should be supplied to the QP and the PBR office.

When the trial is based on an UPOV technical guideline and test report in an official UPOV language (English, German or French), it can be lodged in support of the application. In other cases the test reports must be in English.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

If a description is based on an overseas test report, Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the DUS test is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas data rests with the PBR office.

PBR Infringement

Grantees should be aware of recent revisions to infringement provisions of the <u>Plant</u> <u>Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (see section 54) and related provisions of the Federal Court Rules (see order 58 rule 27) both of which can be found at the <u>ComLaw site</u>

On-line Database for PBR Varieties

The PBR Office has a comprehensive service for Internet users ~ a searchable database for all Australian PBR varieties, both past and present. The database features a detailed description and image for every variety granted full rights and basic information for other PBR varieties. Searches by genus, species, common name, variety name and titleholder are some of its many advantages. Varieties for which an application has been lodged but not yet accepted in the PBR scheme are not included in this database. Please browse the Plant Breeder's Rights on-line database and provide your feedback.

Cumulative Index to Plant Varieties Journal

The cumulative index to the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> has been updated to include variety information from all hardcopy versions up to volume 16 issue 3. After that issue the Plant Varieties Journal is only published in the electronic format and there is no need for a cumulative index, as the variety information can be easily searched in the PBR <u>online database</u> and also by downloading the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> electronically.

The final updated version of the cumulative index is available in PBR website. This document has information up to Plant Varieties Journal volume 16 issue 3. The PBR office recommends use its PBR online database to get most updated information on variety registration. The online database is updated on a weekly basis.

Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

Applications are accepted from the original breeder of a new variety (from their employer if the breeder is an employee) or from a person who has acquired ownership from the original breeder. Overseas breeders need to appoint an agent to represent their interests in Australia. Interested parties should contact the PBR office and an accredited Qualified Person experienced in the plant species in question.

Steps in Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

- Obtain from the breeder a signed Authorisation to act as their agent in Australia for the variety in question if your role is as the Australian agent of an overseas breeder;
- Complete Part 1 of the application form, supplying a photograph of the new variety, paying the application fee, nominating an accredited 'Qualified Person' and, if the variety is an Australian species, despatch as soon as possible a herbarium specimen;
- Engage the services of the nominated accredited 'Qualified Person' to plan and supervise the <u>comparative growing trial</u>;
- Conduct a comparative growing trial to demonstrate Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability (DUS), complete Part 2 of the application form and paying the examination fee;
- Deposit propagating material in a <u>Genetic Resources Centre.</u>
- Examination of the application by the PBR Office, which may include a field examination of the comparative growing trial; and including
- Publication of a description and photograph comparing the new variety with similar varieties in Plant Varieties Journal, followed by a six-month period for objection or comment.
- Upon successful completion of all the requirements, resolution of objections (if any) and payment of <u>certificate fee</u>, the applicant(s) receive a Certificate of Plant Breeder's Rights.

Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

UPOV Developments

The UPOV Convention provides the international legal framework for the granting of plant breeders' rights which are a key element in encouraging breeders to pursue and enhance their search for improved varieties with benefits such as higher yield and quality and better resistance to pests and diseases. Plant breeders' rights thereby help to enhance sustainable agriculture, productivity, income, international trade and economic development in general.

The members of UPOV are (as of November 18, 2007):

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, European Community, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Tunisia, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Vietnam. (Total 65).

On October 18, 2007 Turkey deposited with the Office of the Union its instrument of accession to the 1991 Act of the UPOV Convention. The 1991 Act entered into force for Turkey on November 18, 2007. On that day, Turkey became the 65th member state of UPOV.

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at http://www.upov.int

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at

http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

European Developments

Community plant variety rights within the European Union are administered by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) in Angers, France. With more than 2,600 applications per year, the CPVO receives the highest number of requests for variety protection among the 63 members of UPOV. The CPVO provides for one application, one examination and one title of protection that is valid and enforceable in all 25 members of the European Union.

The potential applicants for Plant Variety Rights within European Union are requested to consult <u>Notes for Applicants</u> published by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO). This note aims to answer legal, administrative and financial questions that one may have when requesting Community plant variety rights. Further information is available from CPVO website.

Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the <u>Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

Instructions to Qualified Persons

Instruction to Qualified Persons: Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) for Preparing Detailed Description for Plant Varieties Journal

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr_ivds/) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

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The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

The detailed descriptions are accepted only in the IVDS format.

Also, please note that the after finalising the description through IVDS, the QPs will still need to submit the signed hardcopies of the Part 2 documentations in order to complete the application process. Please contact the PBRO (pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au) for further information.

Current PBR Forms

As part of a comprehensive review of PBR forms, several are now available in fillable WORD format and can be completed electronically and saved. Currently, only the Part 1 Application, Supplementary Pages to Part 1 Application, Authorisation of Agent and Nomination of Qualified Person forms are available in fillable WORD.

We are endeavouring to have all forms in both fillable WORD and fillable PDF in the near future and will continue to update this list. Please check regularly for updates.

The remainder of the forms and publications are static PDFs and may be viewed using Acrobat Reader. The electronic forms are available from the IP Australia Website at http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr/forms.shtml

Please Do Not Use Old Forms

To avoid processing delays, it is recommended that the most recent version of a form be submitted. Refer to the <u>PBR website</u> for the latest version of the forms. Please note applications submitted on old forms will be returned so they can be submitted on current forms for assessment.



Part 2 Public Notices (Acceptances, Descriptions, Grants, Variations etc)

This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants, Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 21 Issue 1) are listed below:

- Home
- Acceptances
- <u>Variety Descriptions</u>
- Grants
- Denomination Changed
- Assignment of Rights
- Applicant's Name Amended
- Agent Changed/Agent Nominated
- Applications Withdrawn
- Grants Surrendered
- Corrigenda

ACCEPTANCES

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance:

Abelia x grandiflora

GLOSSY ABELIA

'Kaleidoscope'

Application No: 2008/060 Accepted: 26 March, 2008

Applicant: Panoramic Farms.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

'Konamul'

Application No: 2008/032 Accepted: 28 March, 2008

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V..

Agent: David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV,

Devon Meadows, VIC.

'Konevotio'

Application No: 2007/337 Accepted: 30 January, 2008

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V..

Agent: David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV,

Devon Meadows, VIC.

'Konpulse'

Application No: 2007/336 Accepted: 30 January, 2008

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V..

Agent: David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV,

Devon Meadows, VIC.

'Konratus'

Application No: 2008/033 Accepted: 28 March, 2008

Applicant: Konst Breeding B.V..

Agent: David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV,

Devon Meadows, VIC.

Anigozanthos hybrid

KANGAROO PAW

'Rambubona' syn Bush Bonanza

Application No: 2007/295 Accepted: 29 January, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Rambudan' syn Bush Dance

Application No: 2007/293 Accepted: 29 January, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Rambueleg'

Application No: 2007/294 Accepted: 29 January, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Anthurium andraeanum

FLAMINGO FLOWER

'ANTHABUDON' syn Madural

Application No: 2008/006 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: **Anthura b.v.**.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

'ANTHCIMWI' syn Otazu

Application No: 2008/011 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Anthura b.v..

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

'ANTHEFAQYR' syn White Champion

Application No: 2008/005 Accepted: 21 January, 2008

Applicant: **Anthura b.v.**.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

ANTHEQIWIK' syn Sensa

Application No: 2008/010 Accepted: 21 January, 2008

Applicant: **Anthura b.v.**.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

'ANTHURWAP' syn Sumi

Application No: 2008/007 Accepted: 21 January, 2008

Applicant: **Anthura b.v.**.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

'ANTHOLODOJ' syn Royal Champion

Application No: 2008/012 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: **Anthura b.v.**.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

'ANTHOLYL' syn Turenza

Application No: 2008/009 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Anthura b.v..

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

'ANTHRAL' syn Manaka

Application No: 2008/008 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Anthura b.v..

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Wamberal, NSW.

Avena sativa

OATS

'Tungoo'

Application No: 2007/298 Accepted: 28 March, 2008

Applicant: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries & Rural Industries and Research

Development Corporation, Adelaide, SA.

Brassica napus

CANOLA

'Hurricane TT'

Application No: 2008/021 Accepted: 15 February, 2008 Applicant: **Pacific Seeds Pty Ltd**, Toowoomba, QLD.

'Storm TT'

Application No: 2008/022 Accepted: 25 February, 2008 Applicant: **Pacific Seeds Pty Ltd**, Toowoomba, QLD.

'T2201'

Application No: 2008/020 Accepted: 15 February, 2008 Applicant: **Pacific Seeds Pty Ltd**, Toowoomba, QLD.

'Tawriffic TT'

Application No: 2007/288 Accepted: 7 January, 2008 Applicant: **Nugrain Pty. Ltd.**, Laverton, VIC.

Clematis viticella

CLEMATIS

'Evipo011'

Application No: 2008/001 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Poulsen Roser A/S & Raymond J. Evison, Limited.

Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Perth, WA.

'Evipo020'

Application No: 2008/002 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Poulsen Roser A/S & Raymond J. Evison, Limited.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Perth, WA.

'Evipo029'

Application No: 2008/003 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Poulsen Roser A/S & Raymond J. Evison, Limited.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Perth, WA.

'Evipo030'

Application No: 2008/004 Accepted: 8 February, 2008

Applicant: Poulsen Roser A/S & Raymond J. Evison, Limited.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Perth, WA.

Cordyline australis

CORDYLINE, CABBAGE TREE

'CARDINAL'

Application No: 2007/316 Accepted: 18 March, 2008

Applicant: Liner Plants NZ (1993) Limited.

Agent: A J Park, Canberra, ACT.

Dahlia hybrid

DAHLIA

'Knockout' syn Mystic Sun

Application No: 2007/321 Accepted: 21 January, 2008

Applicant: **Dr Keith Hammett**.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Timothy Hammett'

Application No: 2007/315 Accepted: 10 January, 2008 Applicant: **Keith Richard William Hammett**. Agent: **Camerons Nursery Pty Ltd**, Arcadia, NSW.

Fragaria Xananassa

STRAWBERRY

'Palomar'

Application No: 2007/314 Accepted: 5 March, 2008 Applicant: **The Regents of the University of California**. Agent: **Agrisearch Services Pty Ltd**, Shepparton, VIC.

Fuchsia hybrid

FUCHSIA

'Goetzpeg' syn Peggy

Application No: 2006/328 Accepted: 5 March, 2008

Applicant: Wolfram Goetz.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD.

Gaura hybrid

GAURA, BUTTERFLY BUSH

'REDGAPI'

Application No: 2007/320 Accepted: 17 January, 2008

Applicant: E J Bunker.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD.

Grevillea hybrid

GREVILLEA

'Lemondaze'

Application No: 2007/242 Accepted: 7 January, 2008 Applicant: **Peter James Ollerenshaw**, Bywong, NSW.

'Red Rover'

Application No: 2007/283 Accepted: 17 January, 2008

Applicant: James Walter Carter and Elva Lorraine Carter, Burpengary, QLD.

Helleborus hybrid

WINTER ROSE

'Walhelivor' syn Ivory Prince

Application No: 2007/334 Accepted: 17 January, 2008

Applicant: David Tristram.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'SARTRE'

Application No: 2007/318 Accepted: 14 February, 2008 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV**. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

'VULSINI'

Application No: 2007/296 Accepted: 17 January, 2008

Applicant: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc..

Agent: Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand Ltd., Ivanhoe, VIC.

Lomandra longifolia x confertifolia

MATT RUSH

'Lime Tuff'

Application No: 2008/031 Accepted: 26 March, 2008 Applicant: **Bushland Flora**, Mt Evelyn, VIC.

Lycopersicon lycopersicum

TOMATO

'Dunne'

Application No: 2007/324 Accepted: 17 January, 2008

Applicant: Syngenta Crop Protection AG.

Agent: Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Dandenong South, VIC.

Malus hybrid

APPLE ROOTSTOCK

'CG202'

Application No: 2007/297 Accepted: 7 January, 2008 Applicant: **Cornell Research Foundation, Inc.**

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Olea europaea

OLIVE

'Chiquitita'

Application No: 2007/319 Accepted: 25 February, 2008

Applicant: Universidad de Cordoba.

Agent: Davies Collison Cave, Melbourne, VIC.

Paspalum vaginatum

SEASHORE PASPALUM

'SDX-1'

Application No: 2006/160 Accepted: 11 March, 2008

Applicant: **SFR Holding Company Inc**. Agent: **Gai Kapernick**, Mount Gravatt, QLD.

Patersonia occidentalis

LONG PURPLE-FLAG, NATIVE IRISJACKRULES

'Bushpat'

Application No: 2008/030 Accepted: 18 March, 2008 Applicant: **Bushland Flora**, Mt Evelyn, VIC.

Prunus persica

PEACH

'Burpeachnineteen' syn Burpchnineteen

Application No: 2008/023 Accepted: 5 March, 2008

Applicant: **The Burchell Nursery, Inc.**. Agent: **Jempi Pty Ltd**, Beaumaris, VIC.

'Diamondcandy' syn Diamondgold

Application No: 2007/327 Accepted: 29 February, 2008

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Ivoryduchess' syn Whiteduchess

Application No: 2007/328 Accepted: 29 February, 2008

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Spring Pearl' syn Springice

Application No: 2007/329 Accepted: 29 February, 2008

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus salicina

JAPANESE PLUM

'Plumsweettwo' syn Sweet Plum Two

Application No: 2007/325 Accepted: 18 March, 2008

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus salinica x Prunus armeniaca

INTERSPECIFIC PLUM

'Sweetcot' syn Blackcot

Application No: 2007/326 Accepted: 29 February, 2008

Applicant: Lowell G. Bradford.

Agent: Buchanan's Nursery, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Pyrus communis.

EUROPEAN PEAR

'Rode Doyenne van Doorn'

Application No: 2007/237 Accepted: 31 January, 2008

Applicant: **Jacob Hendrik Van Doorn**. Agent: **Callinan Lawrie**, Kew, VIC.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'Grandehcanap'

Application No: 2008/018 Accepted: 29 January, 2008

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Grandnilanerda'

Application No: 2008/027 Accepted: 14 February, 2008

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Grandoemac'

Application No: 2008/019 Accepted: 29 January, 2008

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Jacky's Favorite'

Application No: 2007/239 Accepted: 18 March, 2008

Applicant: ILVO.

Agent: Roses and Friends, Fitzroy Falls, NSW.

'SOMskywer' syn Sky Tower

Application No: 2007/240 Accepted: 18 March, 2008

Applicant: Glenavon Trust.

Agent: Roses and Friends, Fitzroy Falls, NSW.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Blazer-Russet'

Application No: 2008/041 Accepted: 31 March, 2008

Applicant: University of Idaho.

Agent: Agronico Technology - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant University of

Idaho, Leith, TAS.

'Gemstar-Russet'

Application No: 2008/042 Accepted: 31 March, 2008

Applicant: University of Idaho.

Agent: Agronico Technology - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant University of

Idaho, Leith, TAS.

Syzygium australe

LILLY PILLY

'Big Red'

Application No: 2007/267 Accepted: 26 March, 2008 Applicant: **Peta & Scott Mclean**, Glagiraba, QLD.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

'Espada'

Application No: 2007/322 Accepted: 17 January, 2008

Applicant: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Urrbrae, SA.

'LongReach Beaufort'

Application No: 2008/025 Accepted: 18 March, 2008

Applicant: C.C. Benoist.

Agent: LongReach Plant Breeder's Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

'WW12410'

Application No: 2007/299 Accepted: 8 January, 2008

Applicant: Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Grains Research and Development Corporation, Orange, NSW.

Vigna radiata

MUNG BEAN

'Crystal'

Application No: 2007/308 Accepted: 10 January, 2008

Applicant: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries &

Grains Research & Development Corporation, Brisbane, QLD.

xTriticosecale

TRITICALE

'Endeavour'

Application No: 2008/043 Accepted: 11 March, 2008

Applicant: Value Added Wheat CRC Limited, North Ryde, NSW.

'Tobruk'

Application No: 2008/044 Accepted: 11 March, 2008 Applicant: **Value Added Wheat CRC Limited**, North Ryde, NSW.

Plant Varieties Journal

Variety Descriptions

Common (Genus Species)	<u>Variety</u>	<u>Title Holder</u>
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Zalsaden	Van Zanten Plants B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Zalsalan	Van Zanten Plants B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Zalsadon	Van Zanten Plants B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Zalsachic	Van Zanten Plants B.V.
Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)	Zalsamon	Van Zanten Plants B.V.
Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana)	KP4	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries
Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)	SP-4	Syngenta Crop Protection AG
Hybrid Green Couch Grass (Cynodon transvaalensis x C. dactylon)	AGRD	Grasslanz Technology Limited
Blue Flax-Lily (Dianella caerulea)	DC150	Craig Waters
Blue Flax-Lily (Dianella caerulea)	DC101	Craig Waters
Flax lily (Dianella ensifolia)	DarwinGold	Darwin Plant Wholesalers
Flax lily (Dianella tasmanica)	Rainbow	Phillip Allen Dowling

1	1	
Flax lily (Dianella tasmanica)	Splice	Phillip Allen Dowling
Flax lily (Dianella tasmanica)	Little Devil	Phillip Allen Dowling
Crown of Thorns (Euphorbia hybrid)	EU4	Darwin Plant Wholesalers
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	Rabearth	Franz-Xaver Rampp
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	Ramars	Franz-Xaver Rampp
Lily (Lilium hybrid)	Mothers Choice	Mak 't Zand B.V.
Matt Rush (Lomandra confertifolia ssp rubiginosa)	Merlom Ruby	Merricks Nursery
Spiny Headed Mat Rush (Lomandra hystrix)	WN002	Deborah Roberts
Spiny Headed Mat Rush (Lomandra longifolia)	WAU 65	Craig Waters
Seashore Paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum)	S198	University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.
Seashore Paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum Swartz)	SDX-1	SFR Holding Company Inc
Phalaris (Phalaris aquatica)	Holdfast GT	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation and Australian Wool Innovation Limited
Phalaris (Phalaris hybrid)	Advanced AT	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation and Australian Wool Innovation Limited
Field Pea (Pisum sativum)	SW Celine	Svalof Weibull AB
Japanese Plum (Prunus salacina)	Suplumtwentythree	Sun World International, LLC

<u>Japanese Plum</u> (Prunus salicina)	Suplumtwentyeight	Sun World International, LLC
Japanese Plum (Prunus salicina)	Suplumtwentyfour	Sun World International, LLC
Japanese Plum (Prunus salicina)	Suplumtwentytwo	Sun World International, LLC
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	NOA83100B	Reinhard Noack
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Lexaanas	Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Lexarev	Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Krilloween	Lux Riviera S.r.I.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	WEKbecfoj	Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	FRYcentury	Gareth Fryer
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Preratemp Purple	Preesman Royalty B.V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	WEKosupalz	Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	WEKmorfis	Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	WEKhilpurnil	Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	JACthain	Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	JACtourn	Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	JACadyna	Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	JACepirt	Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	WEKsunvoye	Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Preruclou	Preesman Royalty B.V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	WEKsproulses	Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	JACweave	Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Lexletacsum	Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Grandant	Mr H Schreuders
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Crohimagi	Preesman Royalty B.V.
	Preruclas	Preesman Royalty B.V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	rielucias	recoman negatif Bitt

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q233	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q234	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	QS96-2174	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q232	BSES Limited
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Crusader	LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Dakota	LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Lincoln	The New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Hornet	LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Bullet	LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Catalina	LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	LongReach Guardian	LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd
Rabbiteye Blueberry (Vaccinium ashei)	C96-97	CostaExchange Ltd
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C01-43	BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C97-41	BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	FL92-84	Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C95-12	BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C95-115	BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	C00-09	BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	Sweetcrisp	Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc
Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)	Springhigh	Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc
Prickly Couch (Zoysia macrantha)	MAC03	Ozbreed Pty Ltd
Zoysia Grass (Zoysia matrella)	A-1	GeneGro Pty Ltd



Plant Varieties Journal

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Blue Flax-Lily (Dianella caerulea)

Variety: 'DC150'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/181

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 06-Jul-2006 **Accepted:** 21-Jul-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

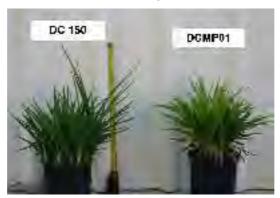
VarietiesJournal:

Title Holder: Craig Waters

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0265860100 **Fax**: 0265860200

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Blue Flax-Lily (Dianella caerulea)

Variety: 'DC101'

Synonym: N/A

Application

011

2006/182

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

no:

N/A

Received: 06-Jul-2006 **Accepted:** 21-Jul-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

·Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: Craig Waters

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0265860100 **Fax**: 0265860200





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Crown of Thorns (Euphorbia hybrid)

Variety: 'EU4' Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/230

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Sep-2007 Accepted: 26-Sep-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

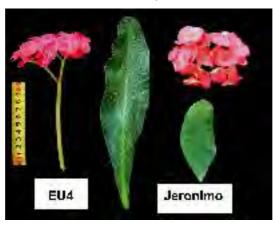
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties 'Journal:

Title Holder: Darwin Plant Wholesalers

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0889881888 Fax: 0889882110



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Field Pea (Pisum sativum)

Variety: 'SW Celine'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/070

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 13-Apr-2006 **Accepted:** 16-May-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Svalof Weibull AB

Agent: Access Genetics Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0357976281 **Fax**: 0357976307



Page 39 of 440

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Flax lily (Dianella ensifolia)

Variety: 'DarwinGold'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/229

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Sep-2007 **Accepted:** 01-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

'Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Darwin Plant Wholesalers

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0889881888 **Fax:** 0889882110



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Flax lily (Dianella tasmanica)

Variety: 'Rainbow'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2005/249

no:

.

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Jul-2005 **Accepted:** 15-Aug-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Phillip Allen Dowling

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0887266210 **Fax**: 0887266333



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Flax lily (Dianella tasmanica)

Variety: 'Splice' Synonym: N/A

Application

2005/248

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Jul-2005 Accepted: 15-Aug-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Phillip Allen Dowling

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0887266210 Fax: 0887266333





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Flax lily (Dianella tasmanica)

Variety: 'Little Devil'

Synonym: N/A

Application

no:

2005/300

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 31-Aug-2005 **Accepted:** 22-Nov-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Phillip Allen Dowling

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0887266210 **Fax**: 0887266333



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hybrid Green Couch Grass (Cynodon transvaalensis x C. dactylon)

Variety: 'AGRD' Synonym: N/A

Application

1

2004/299

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

no:

N/A

Received: 01-Nov-2004 **Accepted:** 29-Nov-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Grasslanz Technology Limited

Agent: Griffith Hack
Telephone: 0732217200
Fax: 0732211245



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

Variety: 'Rabearth'
Synonym: Blue Earth

Application

no:

2005/093

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 31-Mar-2005 **Accepted:** 17-Aug-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
'Journal:

Title Holder: Franz-Xaver Rampp

Agent: Lifetech Laboratories Ltd

Telephone: 0243810051 **Fax**: 0243810071



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

Variety:

'Ramars'

Synonym:

N/A

Application

no:

2005/094

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 31-Mar-2005 **Accepted:** 24-Aug-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
'Journal:

Title Holder: Franz-Xaver Rampp

Agent: Lifetech Laboratories Ltd

Telephone: 0243810051 **Fax**: 0243810071



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Japanese Plum (Prunus salacina)

Variety: 'Suplumtwentythree'

Synonym: SP23

Application

no:

2006/162

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 26-Jun-2006 **Accepted:** 01-Aug-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sun World International, LLC

Agent: Sun World Australasia

Telephone: 0263360655 **Fax**: 0263361633



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Japanese Plum (Prunus salicina)

Variety: 'Suplumtwentyeight'

Synonym: SP28

Application

no:

2006/164

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 26-Jun-2006 **Accepted:** 01-Aug-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

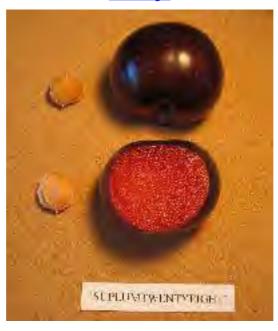
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

• Title Holder: Sun World International, LLC

Agent: Sun World Australasia

Telephone: 0263360655 **Fax**: 0263361633



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Japanese Plum (Prunus salicina)

Variety: 'Suplumtwentyfour'

Synonym: SP24

Application

no:

2006/163

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 26-Jun-2006 **Accepted**: 01-Aug-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sun World International, LLC

Agent: Sun World Australasia

Telephone: 0263360655 **Fax**: 0263361633



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Japanese Plum (Prunus salicina)

Variety: 'Suplumtwentytwo'

Synonym: SP22

Application

2

no:

2006/161

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 26-Jun-2006 **Accepted**: 01-Aug-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sun World International, LLC

Agent: Sun World Australasia

Telephone: 0263360655 **Fax**: 0263361633



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lily (Lilium hybrid)

Variety: 'Mothers Choice'

Synonym: N/A

Application

no:

2005/156

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 19-May-2005 **Accepted:** 29-Jul-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

'Title Holder: Mak 't Zand B.V.

Agent: A J Park

Telephone: N/A Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Matt Rush (Lomandra confertifolia ssp rubiginosa)

Variety: 'Merlom Ruby'

Synonym: N/A

Application

no:

2006/246

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 22-Aug-2006 **Accepted:** 12-Dec-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Merricks Nursery

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0359831412 **Fax**: 0359832011



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

Variety: 'Zalsaden' Synonym: Denver

Application

no:

2007/121

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Apr-2007 Accepted: 13-Jun-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0243512099

Fax: N/A



Page 53 of 440



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

Variety: 'Zalsalan' Synonym: Avalange

Application

2007/118

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Apr-2007 **Accepted:** 13-Jun-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0243512099

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

Variety: 'Zalsadon' Snowdon Synonym:

Application

no:

2007/120

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Apr-2007 Accepted: 13-Jun-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd

0243512099 Telephone:

Fax: N/A



Page 56 of 440

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

Variety: 'Zalsachic' Synonym: Chicago

Application

no:

2007/119

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Apr-2007 **Accepted:** 13-Jun-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

•Title Holder: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0243512099

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peruvian Lily (Alstroemeria hybrid)

Variety: 'Zalsamon'

Synonym: Lemon

Application

2007/122

no:

2007/122

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Apr-2007 **Accepted:** 13-Jun-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Van Zanten Plants B.V.

•Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0243512099

Fax: N/A

View the detailed description of this

variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Phalaris (Phalaris aquatica)

Variety: 'Holdfast GT'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/193

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 31-Jul-2007 **Accepted:** 17-Aug-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

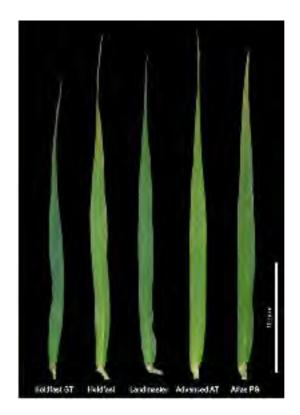
Organisation and Australian Wool Innovation Limited

•Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262464911 **Fax**: 0262465000

View the detailed description of this

variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Phalaris (Phalaris hybrid)

Variety: 'Advanced AT'

Synonym: N/A

Application

ication

2007/188

Current

no:

status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Jul-2007 **Accepted:** 27-Aug-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

'Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation and Australian Wool Innovation Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262464911 **Fax**: 0262465000



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Prickly Couch (Zoysia macrantha)

Variety: 'MAC03'

Synonym: Nara

Application

2007/275

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 05-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 30-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

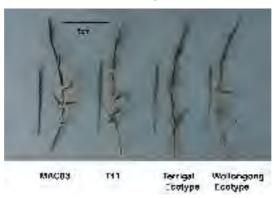
Volume 21, Issue 1

VarietiesJournal:

Title Holder: Ozbreed Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0245780866 **Fax**: 0245780855



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rabbiteye Blueberry (Vaccinium ashei)

Variety: 'C96-97'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2005/081

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 1
Accepted: 1

18-Mar-2005

19-May-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: CostaExchange Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rhodes Grass (Chloris gayana)

Variety: 'KP4' Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/189

no:

2000/10/

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

13-Jul-2006

Accepted:

13-Sep-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

·Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0732390802 **Fax**: 0732393948



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'NOA83100B'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/125

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

ACCEPTEE

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 08-Jun-2006 **Accepted:** 05-Aug-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

VarietiesJournal:

Title Holder: Reinhard Noack

Agent: Flower Carpet Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397379568 **Fax**: 0397379899



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Lexaanas'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/113

no:

A O O E D T E E

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-May-2006 **Accepted:** 30-May-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties 'Journal:

Title Holder: Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling **Agent:** Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 **Fax**: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Lexarev'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/114

no:

2000/11

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-May-2006 **Accepted:** 30-May-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling **Agent:** Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 **Fax**: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Krilloween'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/042

no:

Current

status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 14-Mar-2006 Accepted: 30-May-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lux Riviera S.r.l.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 Fax: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'WEKbecfoj'

Synonym: **Soaring Spirits**

Application

no:

2007/079

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 Accepted: 01-May-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'FRYcentury'
Synonym: Daybreaker

Application

no:

2007/077

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 24-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
·Journal:

Title Holder: Gareth Fryer

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322 **Fax**: 029652146



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Preratemp Purple'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2006/233

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: Accepted:

10-Aug-2006

26-Oct-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

'Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Preesman Royalty B.V.

Agent: Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0395510216 Fax: 0395510217



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'WEKosupalz'
Synonym: About Face

Application

no:

2007/084

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 17-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'WEKmorfis'

Synonym: Route 66

Application

2007/083

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 Accepted:

17-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'WEKhilpurnil'

Synonym: Neptune

Application

no:

2007/080

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 26-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

·Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'JACthain'

Synonym: Tuscan Sun

Application

no:

2007/070

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 11-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'JACtourn'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/072

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 27-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

·Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'JACadyna'

Synonym: High Society

Application

ication

2007/073

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 11-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
·Journal:

Title Holder: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'JACepirt'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/074

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 27-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

•Plant Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Title Holder: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'WEKsunvoye'

Synonym: Sunstruck

Application

2007/078

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 03-May-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

.Plant Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Preruclou'

N/A Synonym:

Application

2006/231

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 10-Aug-2006 Accepted: 26-Sep-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Preesman Royalty B.V.

Agent: Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0395510216 Fax: 0395510217



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'WEKsproulses'

Synonym: Honey Dijon

Application

no:

2007/081

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 03-May-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'JACweave'

Synonym: Social Climber

Application

no:

2007/076

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Mar-2007 **Accepted:** 27-Apr-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited

Telephone: 0296511322

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Lexletacsum'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/225

no:

2000/223

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 10-Aug-2006 **Accepted:** 26-Sep-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

'Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling **Agent:** Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 **Fax**: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Grandant'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/226

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

10-Aug-2006

Accepted:

26-Sep-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Mr H Schreuders

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 **Fax**: 0397822576

<u>View the detailed description of this</u> <u>variety.</u>



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Crohimagi'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/227

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

IN/F

Received: 10-Aug-2006 **Accepted:** 26-Sep-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Preesman Royalty B.V.

Agent: Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0395510216 **Fax**: 0395510217



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety:

'Preruclas'

Synonym:

N/A

Application

no:

2006/232

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

10-Aug-2006

Accepted:

26-Sep-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Preesman Royalty B.V.

Agent: Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0395510216 **Fax**: 0395510217





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Olijkiwi'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/014

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 12-Jan-2007 **Accepted:** 02-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

VarietiesJournal:

Title Holder: Olij Innovation BV

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 **Fax**: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Seashore Paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum)

Variety: 'SI98'

Synonym: Sea Isle Supreme

Application

no:

2008/073

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Mar-2008 **Accepted:** 30-Apr-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

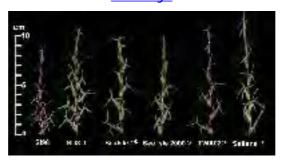
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.

Agent: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries

Telephone: 0732393025 **Fax:** 0732383948



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Seashore Paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum Swartz)

Variety: 'SDX-1'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/160

no:

2000, .00

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 20-Jun-2006 **Accepted:** 11-Mar-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: SFR Holding Company Inc

Agent: Gai Kapernick
Telephone: 0733422778
Fax: 0733422955



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C01-43'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/272

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 03-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 16-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C97-41'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/273

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 03-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 16-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

'Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994

View the detailed description of this

variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'FL92-84'

Synonym: N/A

Application

no:

2007/266

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 02-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 10-Dec-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

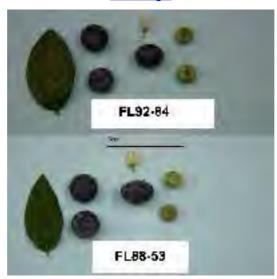
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C95-12'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/271

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

IV/A

Received: 03-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 16-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

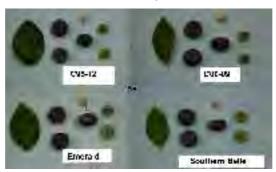
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C95-115'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/270

no:

. . . . **.**

.

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 03-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 16-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

. Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

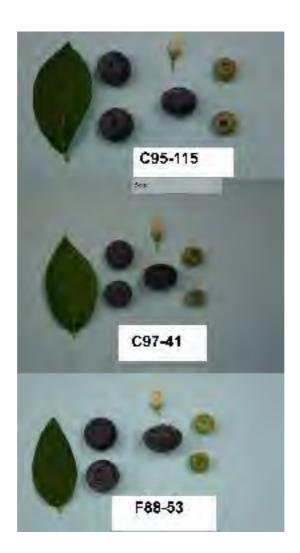
Title Holder: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994

View the detailed description of this

variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'C00-09'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/269

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 03-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 16-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'Sweetcrisp'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/262

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 02-Oct-2007 **Accepted:** 10-Dec-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

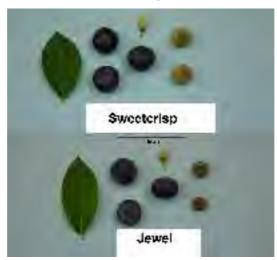
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Telephone: 0266492921 **Fax**: 0266492994



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Southern Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium hybrid)

Variety: 'Springhigh'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/263

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 02-Oct-2007 Accepted: 10-Dec-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd)

Telephone: 0266492921 Fax: 0266492994

View the detailed description of this

variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Spiny Headed Mat Rush (Lomandra hystrix)

Variety: 'WN002'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/277

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 16-Oct-2006 **Accepted:** 01-Dec-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Deborah Roberts

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0266882272

Fax: N/A



I . hystrix female parent

WN002

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Spiny Headed Mat Rush (Lomandra longifolia)

Variety: 'WAU 65'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2006/183

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 06-Jul-2006 **Accepted:** 21-Jul-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published in

•Plant Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Craig Waters

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0265860100 **Fax**: 0265860200



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q233' Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/219

no:

20077219

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Aug-2007 **Accepted:** 17-Sep-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

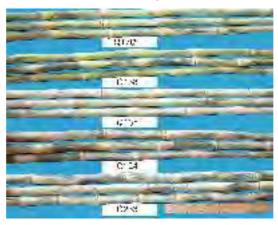
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties 'Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 **Fax**: 0738710383



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q234' Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/220

no:

20077220

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Aug-2007 **Accepted:** 17-Sep-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

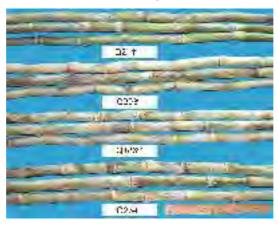
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties 'Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 **Fax**: 0738710383



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'QS96-2174'

Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/223

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Aug-2007 **Accepted:** 17-Sep-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

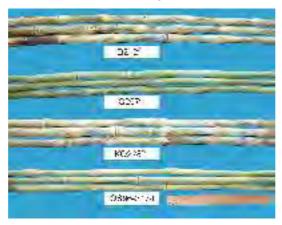
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties 'Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 **Fax**: 0738710383



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q232' Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/218

no:

20077210

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 23-Aug-2007 **Accepted:** 17-Sep-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

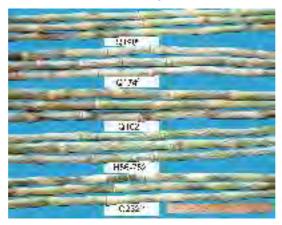
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties 'Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0733313333 **Fax**: 0738710383



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Watermelon (Citrullus lanatus)

Variety: 'SP-4' Synonym: N/A

Application

2007/233

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 12-Sep-2007 Accepted: 26-Nov-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Syngenta Crop Protection AG

Agent: Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397063033 Fax: 0397063182



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Crusader'

Synonym: LRPB Crusader

Application

no:

2007/127

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 08-May-2007 **Accepted:** 17-May-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

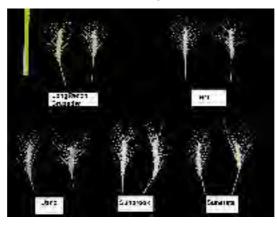
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax**: 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Dakota'

Synonym: LRPB Dakota

Application

no:

2007/126

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 08-May-2007 **Accepted:** 17-May-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

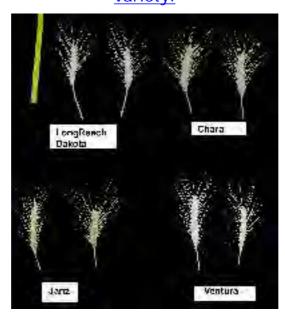
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

'Title Holder: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax**: 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Lincoln'

Synonym: LRPB Lincoln

Application

no:

2007/173

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 09-Jul-2007 **Accepted:** 23-Jul-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

Volume 21, Issue 1

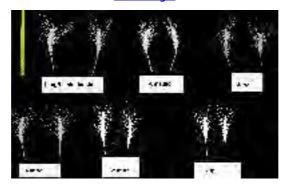
Varieties
Journal:

Title Holder: The New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Agent: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax:** 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Hornet'

Synonym: LRPB Hornet

Application

no:

2007/171

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 05-Jul-2007 **Accepted:** 19-Jul-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

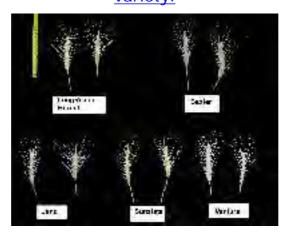
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
'Journal:

Title Holder: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax**: 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Bullet'

Synonym: LPB0423

Application

no:

2007/238

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 14-Sep-2007 **Accepted:** 07-Oct-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

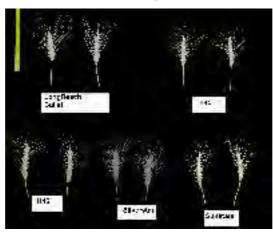
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties
·Journal:

Title Holder: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax**: 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Catalina'

Synonym: LRPB Catalina

Application

no:

2006/296

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Nov-2006 **Accepted:** 17-Jan-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

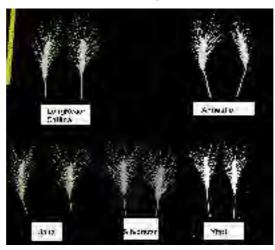
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax**: 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'LongReach Guardian'

Synonym: LRPB Guardian

Application

no:

2006/295

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Nov-2006 **Accepted:** 17-Jan-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

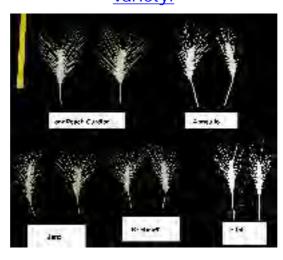
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394793214 **Fax**: 0394553808



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Zoysia Grass (Zoysia matrella)

Variety: 'A-1' Synonym: N/A

Application

no:

2008/091

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 28-Mar-2008 **Accepted:** 06-May-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published in

Plant

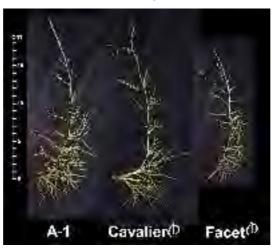
Volume 21, Issue 1

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: GeneGro Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0738245440 **Fax:** 0738245445



Application Number 2006/181 **Variety Name** 'DC150'

Genus Species Common NameDianella caerulea

Blue Flax-Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

Applicant Craig Waters, Wauchope, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wauchope, NSW.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN.

Period Summer-autumn 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seed parent *Dianella caerulea*. The seed parent is characterised by medium length aerial stems and medium to tall plant height. Selection took place in Wauchope, NSW in 2004-5. Selection criteria: short plant height, compact growth habit. Propagation: vegetative, micropropagation is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Craig Waters, Wauchope, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	Kilowieuge	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	erect
Plant	aerial stem	absent to very short
Plant	height	short to medium
Stem	length of internodes	short
Leaf	attitude	erect
Leaf	width	medium
Leaf	variegation	absent
Leaf	glaucosity of upper side	weak
Basal leaf sheath	anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Marea	Comments
Name	Comments
_ ,	0 0

'DCMP01'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distingt Charact	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
D. caerulea	Plant	aerial stem	absent to very short	medium	seed parent
'DCNCO'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	
'DC101'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	
'DBB03'	Leaf	glaucosity of upper side	weak	strong	
'John 316'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DC150'	'DCMP01'
Plant: growth habit	erect	erect
Plant: height	short to medium	short
Plant: density of shoots	medium to dense	dense
Stem: length of internodes	short	short
Leaf: attitude	erect	erect
Leaf: width	medium	medium
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	weak	weak
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	146A	ca 146A
Leaf: colour of lower side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	146B	144A
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: shape of blade	ligulate	ligulate
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute
Leaf: cross-section	concave	concave
Leaf: spines on margin	present	absent
Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	weak	
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	absent
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	weak	
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple	red-purple
Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	weak
Inflorescence: height in relation to foliage	above	above
Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	92A-94C	ca 90A
Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour chart)	13A base to 13C distal	ca 11A

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DC150'	'DCMP01'
Flower: colour of bud (RHS)	79A	89A

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DC150'	'DCMP01'
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean	31.10	22.60
Std. Deviation	4.10	2.00
LSD/sig	3.7	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	10.91	10.20
Std. Deviation	0.80	0.60
LSD/sig	0.81	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW.

Application Number 2006/182 **Variety Name** 'DC101'

Genus SpeciesDianella caeruleaCommon NameBlue Flax-Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

Applicant Craig Waters, Wauchope, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wauchope, NSW.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAS.

Period Summer-autumn 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seed parent *Dianella caerulea*. The seed parent is characterised by medium length aerial stems, medium to tall plant height and weak leaf sheath anthocycanin coloration. Selection took place in Wauchope, NSW in 2004-5. Selection criteria: strong leaf sheath anthocycanin coloration. Propagation: vegetative, micropropagation is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Craig Waters, Wauchope, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	erect
Plant	aerial stem	absent to very short
Plant	height	tall
Stem	length of internodes	short
Leaf	attitude	erect
Leaf	width	medium
Leaf	variegation	absent
Leaf	glaucosity of upper side	weak
Basal leaf sheath	anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost billillar	varieties of Common Knowledge identified (very)	
Name	Comments	
'DCNCO'		

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Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distingt Charact		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
D. caerulea	Plant	aerial stem	absent to very short	medium	seed parent
'DC150'	Plant	height	tall	short to medium	
'DCMP01'	Plant	height	tall	short	
'DBB03'	Leaf	glaucosity of upper side	weak	strong	
'John 316'	Leaf	glaucosity of upper side	weak	medium	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DC101'	'DCNCO'
Plant: growth habit	erect	erect
Plant: height	tall	tall
Plant: density of shoots	medium	medium to dense
Stem: length of internodes	short	short
Leaf: attitude	erect	erect
Leaf: width	medium	medium
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	weak	weak
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	146A	146A
Leaf: colour of lower side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	146B	146B
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: shape of blade	ligulate	ligulate
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute
Leaf: cross-section	concave	concave
Leaf: spines on margin	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	medium	medium
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	medium	medium
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer	r) red-purple	red-purple
Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium
Inflorescence: height in relation to foliage	above	below
☐ Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	92A	92A
Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour chart)	13A base and 8B distal	17A base and 8B distal

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DC101'	'DCNCO'
Flower: colour of bud (RHS)	187A	92A
Flower: reflexing of perianth	strong	strong to very strong

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DC101'	'DCNCO'
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean	47.00	42.90
Std. Deviation	2.50	3.40
LSD/sig	3.41	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	11.60	12.40
Std. Deviation	0.60	1.00
LSD/sig	0.95	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW.

Application Number 2007/230 **Variety Name** 'EU4'

Genus SpeciesEuphorbia hybridCommon NameCrown of Thorns

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 26 Sep 2007

Applicant Darwin Plant Wholesalers, Winnellie, NT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Lambells Lagoon, NT.

Descriptor Crown of Thorns (*Euphorbia milii* & its hybrids) TG/91/3

Period Autumn 2007-spring 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants originally propagated by

cuttings, potted into 250mm containers filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: [Euphorbia milii var milii x E. milii var hislopii] x E. lophogona. The seed parent is characterised by many large thorns, small leaf size and red flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by a pale pink flower colour with a small flower diameter. 2003: controlled pollination of parent plants grown over a sand bed in a protected environment and subsequent dispersal of seed into the bed. Hundreds of seedlings resulted and these were potted up once they reached a suitable size. They were grown on to flowering and mature size. A single seedling was selected as having the desirable trait of short thorns and large flower size on attractive foliage. Almost all other seedlings retained dominant E. lophogona traits and very few showed signs of hybridisation of the parent characters. This single selection was subsequently propagated vegetatively by cuttings and further evaluated for DUS. It was concluded to be distinct from other Euphorbia hybrids (typically milii hybrids) and the parents. Selection took place in Gordonvale, QLD. Selection criteria: short and few thorns, large flowers, robust foliage. Propagation: vegetative divisions were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Steven Prowse, Gordonvale, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	lateral shoots	present
Leaf	shape	elliptic
Leaf	shape of apex	round
Stem	length of longest spines	short/medium
Cyathophyll	size	medium to large
Cyathophyll	colour group	pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTIES	, will the of common limb (, car
Name	Comments
'Jeronimo'	commercial cultivar

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguish Characteris	_	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
E. milii hybrid	Stem	length of longest spines	short	long	Similar hybrids from S.E. Asia usually called <i>E.</i> <i>milii</i> hybrid have longer spines

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'EU4'	'Jeronimo'
	*Plant: height	medium to tall	tall
	*Plant: width	narrow to mediun	narrow
	*Plant: lateral shoots	present	present
	*Plant: number of lateral shoots	few	very few to few
~	Plant: attitude of flowering shoot	erect	strongly erect
~	*Stem: thickness	thick	medium
V	*Stem: disposition of spines	grouped	solitary
	Stem: length of longest spines	short	short to medium
~	*Leaf: length	long to very long	short
~	*Leaf: width	broad	narrow to medium
	*Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
	*Leaf: shape of apex	round	round
	*Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green to dark green	medium green
	Leaf: colour of lower side	light green	light green
V	Peduncle: length	long	short
	*Peduncle: colour	green	green
	Peduncle: intensity of green colour	light to medium	light to medium
	*Inflorescence: number of levels of cyathia	two	two
	Cyathophylls: overlapping	present	present
	*Cyathophyll: size	medium to large	medium to large
~	*Cyathophyll: colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	53D	50B

*Cyathophyll: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	55B	49D
Cyathophyll: discolouration at the end of flowering	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Cyathophyll: prominence of the midrib	weak	weak
*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early	early
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	(TITI 49	(T • •
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EU4'	'Jeronimo'
Stem: shape of cross-section	square	round
Stem: number of rows of spines	4 row	6 row

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/070
Variety Name 'SW Celine'
Genus Species Pisum sativum
Common Name Field Pea
Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 16 May 2006

Applicant Svalof Weibull AB, Svalöv, Sweden.

Agent Access Genetics Pty Ltd, Laverton North, VIC

Qualified Person Chris Haire

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Horsham VIC.

Descriptor Pea (*Pisum sativum*) TG 7/9. **Period** Aug 2007 – Dec 2007.

Conditions Trial was sown on grey cracking soil as 6 row plots. Sowing

rate 120kg/Ha. Chemical treatments were Herbicides:presowing trifluralin (1.8L/Ha) Fertiliser: pre-sowing Urea

(100Kg/Ha) at sowing Granulock 15 (100Kg/Ha).

Trial Design Randomised complete block design with 3 replicates.

Measurements Measurements were taken on 15 individual plants from each

replicate (45 plants in total) at random.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controllled pollination 'Bridge' x 'SW 92519'. Selection criteria: yield, straw stiffness The variety is derived from a single plant selection in F_5 . Elite material is derived from a single F_7 plant. The variety was bred using a classical pedigree method with plant selection in generations F_2 to F_5 then selection based on trials for 3 generations and an elite selection/maintaining procedure using single plant selection in F_6 or F_7 and a clean elite line maintained from there. Selection was based on straw stiffness, yield, disease resistance and earliness. All breeding and selection was conducted in Svalov, Sweden. From the elite stock the variety has been maintained for 5 generations until sale of C_1 seed in Sweden and new seed can be produced from the same elite stock. There are no known offtypes. Breeder: Tina Heriksson, Svalov, Sweden.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	leaflets	absent
Plant	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Flower	colour of standard	white
Seed	shape of starch grains	simple
Seed	black colour of hilum	absent
Stipules	rabbit eared stipules	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Comments Name

	(3.5.3.4	/a
		'Snowpeak'
•	-	spherical
simple	simple	simple
yellow	yellow	yellow
absent	absent	absent
absent	absent	absent
short to medium	medium	short to medium
absent	absent	absent
few to medium	medium to many	few to medium
green	green	green
medium		
present		
absent	absent	absent
well developed	well developed	well developed
absent	absent	absent
present		
medium to long	short to medium	medium
medium to broad	narrow to medium	nmedium
present		
medium		
s medium	short	short to medium
early	late	early
r two		
white	white	white
arched	raised	
medium to long	medium to long	medium
	absent absent short to medium absent few to medium green medium present absent well developed absent present medium to long medium to broad present medium somedium to broad present medium well to broad present medium somedium somedium arched to strongly arched	cylindrical spherical simple simple yellow absent appresent absent are dium absent absent absent absent absent absent are dium absent are dium absent absent absent absent absent absent absent absent absent are dium anarrow to medium anarrow to medium anarrow to medium are dium absent are dium arched to strongly arched arched to strongly araised arched to strongly araised

^{&#}x27;Snowpeak'
'Mukta'

□ *Pod: degree	e of curvature	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	weak
□ *Pod: type o	of curvature	concave	concave	concave
□ *Pod: shape	of distal part (varieties ed pod wall only)	blunt		blunt
*Pod: colour	1	green	green	green
Pod: intensit	y of green colour	medium		
*Pod: number		medium		
*Seed: weight		large	medium	medium
Statistical Tabl				
Organ/Plant Pa		'SW Celine'	'Mukta'	'Snowpeak'
Plant: height				•
Mean	. (11111)	242.98	274.16	243.78
Std. Deviation		43.77	39.14	34.53
LSD/sig		16.56	P≤0.01	ns
Stem: number	er of nodes up to first fe	rtile node		
Mean	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13.33	18.11	13.84
Std. Deviation		1.62	1.85	1.89
LSD/sig		0.79	P≤0.01	ns
Stipule: wide	th (mm)			
Mean	()	34.36	24.11	26.67
Std. Deviation		6.79	4.80	5.82
LSD/sig		2.46	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Stipule: leng	rth (mm)			
Mean	,,,,,,	39.62	31.18	34.00
Std. Deviation		8.66	5.77	6.94
LSD/sig		2.93	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Petiole: leng	th (from axil to first ten	dril) (mm)		
Mean		40.82	23.80	33.58
Std. Deviation		13.57	9.21	8.32
LSD/sig		4.54	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Seed: weigh	t (g per 100 seeds)			
Mean	(8 F)	22.85	17.99	17.18
Std. Deviation		1.01	1.52	0.78
LSD/sig		1.16	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Prior Applicati	ons and Sales			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
UK	2003	Surrendered	'SW Celine'	
Poland	2001	Withdrawn	'SW Celine'	
EU	2002	Granted	'SW Celine'	
Sweden	1999	Granted	'SW Celine'	

First sold in Sweden in Feb 2004.

Description: Chris Haire, Horsham, VIC.

Application Number 2007/229 **Variety Name** 'DarwinGold' **Genus Species** *Dianella ensifolia*

Common Name Flax lily **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 1 Nov 2007

Applicant Darwin Plant Wholesalers, Winnellie, NT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Lambells Lagoon, NT.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN. **Period** Autumn 2007-spring 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a opens beds, plants originally propagated

by cuttings, potted into 140mm containers filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: 'Border Silver'. The parent is characterised by a predominantly silver marginal leaf colour. Selection took place in Lambells Lagoon, NT. Selection criteria: yellowish coloration of leaf variegation. Propagation: vegetative divisions were found to be uniform and stable. Breeders: Darryl South, Lambells Lagoon, NT.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Leaf variegation present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
Border Silver	parent variety	
Sougold		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin Characterist	U	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Golden	Leaf blade	degree of	medium to large	verv small	seed parent

Golden Leaf blade degree of medium to large very small seed parent

Streak' variegation

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'DarwinGold'	'Sougold'	'Border Silver'
	Plant: growth habit	erect	erect	erect
	Plant: height	medium to tall		medium
	Leaf: attitude	erect	erect to semi-erect	terect to semi-erect
V	Leaf: arching	weak	medium to strong	medium to strong
	Leaf: width	medium		medium
	Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
rem	Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness loved) (RHS colour chart)	146A	147A	147A
rem	Leaf: colour of lower side (waxiness loved) (RHS colour chart)	146A	147A	147B
	Leaf: variegation	present	present	present
(var	Leaf: secondary colour of upper side riegated leaves only) (RHS colour chart)	2D fading to 158D	150A	155A
	Leaf: shape of blade	ensiform	ensiform	ensiform
	Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
	Leaf: cross-section	concave	concave	concave
	Leaf: spines on margin	present	present	present
	Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	very weak	very weak	very weak
	Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	present	present
side	Leaf: prominence of spines on lower of midrib	very weak	medium	very weak
□ foli	Inflorescence: height in relation to age	below		below
□ cha	Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour rt)	ca 97A		97A
□ cha	Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour rt)	yellow		yellow

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

enaractoristics reactional to the Bescriptor, 1 G				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DarwinGold'	'Sougold'	'Border Silver'	
Leaf blade: degree of variegation	medium to large	medium	small to medium	
Flower: outer tepal length	medium		medium	
Leaf blade: colour of margin	146A	147A/150A	155A	

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Mar 2007.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2005/249 **Variety Name** 'Rainbow'

Genus Species Dianella tasmanica

Common Name Flax lily **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 15 Aug 2005

Applicant Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** Gail Barth

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Native Plant Wholesalers, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN.

Period Mar 4 – Oct 4 2006.

Conditions Stock plants were divided and potted into 75mm tubes. At the

start of the trial, 10 plants from each variety were potted into 200mm squat pots in pinebark/sand media. Nutrition was maintained with controlled-release fertilisers, pest and disease treatments applied as required. The trial plants were grown in a larger block of over 100 similar aged and sized pots of the same varieties, in a 50% shadehouse. Data was recorded at 7

months.

Trial Design Trial design: ten pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements Measurements: data recorded and analysed on all plants. One

sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition Third edition

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: from a batch of 2000 *Dianella tasmanica* produced in 2001. 'Rainbow' was selected based on compact habit, foliage colour and distinct foliage shape. New plants were produced by division and checked for stability at 12 months. Plants were further propagated by division with no off-types. Breeder: Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	erect/ semi erect
Basal leaf sheath	anthocyanin colouration	red-purple/red-brown
Leaf	spines on lower side of midrib	present
Flower	colour of perianth	blue
Leaf	variegation	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Splice'

Dwarf variegated

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui	shing Characteristics	State of Expression	in State of Expression in
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Little Devil'	Leaf	variegation	present	absent
'TR20'	Leaf	variegation	present	absent
'DT23'	Leaf	variegation	present	absent
D. tasmanica	Leaf	variegation	present	absent
parent form				

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rainbow'	'Dwarf variegated'	'Splice'
Plant: growth habit	erect to semi-erect		semi-erect
Plant: height	short to medium	very short to shor	t short to medium
☐ Plant: density of shoots	medium	medium to dense	medium
Leaf: attitude	semi-erect	erect to semi-erec	terect to semi-erect
Leaf: arching	weak to medium	weak	medium to strong
Leaf: width	narrow	narrow	medium
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	weak to medium	medium	medium
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	11 C	155B	137C
Leaf: variegation	present	present	present
Leaf: shape of blade	linear	linear	ensiform
Leaf: shape of apex	apiculate	apiculate	apiculate
Leaf: cross-section			
Leaf: spines on margin	present	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	weak to medium	weak to medium	medium
Leaf: colour of margin (in winter)	red		red
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	medium	weak	strong
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple		red-purple
☐ Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong to very strong		medium to strong
Inflorescence: height in relation to foliage	Page 132 of 440	above	

Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	104 B	100A	104 B
Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour chart)	14 A,B	14B	23 A,B

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rainbow'	'Dwarf variegated'	'Splice'
Leaf: colour of new growth and margins	11D to 155B and 59D	63B	185B

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rainbow'	'Dwarf variegated'	'Splice'
Leaf: width (mm)			
Mean	21.18	19.55	25.29
Std. Deviation	0.61	2.05	1.53
LSD/sig	1.94	ns	P≤0.01
Plant: height (mm)			
Mean	35.25	19.13	27.38
Std. Deviation	2.82	2.36	2.26
LSD/sig	3.54	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Gail Barth, Oakbank, SA.

Application Number 2005/248 **Variety Name** 'Splice'

Genus Species Dianella tasmanica

Common Name Flax lily **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 15 Aug 2005

Applicant Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** Gail Barth

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Native Plant Wholesalers, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN.

Period Mar 4 – Oct 4 2006.

Conditions Stock plants were divided and potted into 75mm tubes. At the

start of the trial, 10 plants from each variety were potted into 200mm squat pots in pinebark/sand media. Nutrition was maintained with controlled-release fertilisers, pest and disease treatments applied as required. The trial plants were grown in a larger block of over 100 similar aged and sized pots of the same varieties, in a 50% shadehouse. Data was recorded at 7

months.

Trial Design Trial design: ten pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements Measurements: data recorded and analysed on all plants. One

sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition Third edition

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: from a batch of 2000 *Dianella tasmanica* produced in 2001. 'Splice' was selected based on compact habit, foliage colour and distinct foliage shape. New plants were produced by division and checked for stability at 12 months. Plants were further propagated by division with no off-types. Breeder: Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	erect/ semi erect
Basal leaf sheath	anthocyanin colouration	red-purple/red-brown
Leaf	spines on lower side of midrib	present
Flower	colour of perianth	blue
Leaf	variegation	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITOSC STITITES	arreties of common time wreage facilities (v cit)	
Name	Comments	
'Rainbow'		
Dwarf variegate	ed	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis	hing Characteristics	State of Express Candidate Vari	sion in State of Expression in ety Comparator Variety
'Little Devil' 'TR20' 'DT23'	Leaf Leaf Leaf	variegation variegation variegation	present present present	absent absent absent
D. tasmanica parent form	Leaf	variegation	present	absent

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Splice'	'Rainbow'	'Dwarf variegated'
☐ Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect	
Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium	very short to short
☐ Plant: density of shoots	medium	medium	medium to dense
Leaf: attitude	erect to semi-erect	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
Leaf: arching	medium to strong	weak to medium	weak
Leaf: width	medium	narrow	narrow
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	medium	weak to medium	medium
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	137C	11 C	155B
Leaf: variegation	present	present	present
Leaf: shape of blade	ensiform	linear	linear
Leaf: shape of apex	apiculate	apiculate	apiculate
Leaf: cross-section			
Leaf: spines on margin	present	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
Leaf: colour of margin (in winter)	red	red	
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	strong	medium	weak
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple	red-purple	
☐ Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	strong to very strong	
Inflorescence: height in relation to foliage	Page 135 of 440		above

Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	104 B	104 B	100A
Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour chart)	23 A,B	14 A,B	14B

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Splice'	'Rainbow'	'Dwarf variegated'
Leaf: colour of new growth and margins	185B	11D to 155B and 59D	63B
Leaf: secondary colour	144C and 145B		147AB

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Splice'	'Rainbow'	'Dwarf variegated'
Leaf: width (mm)			
Mean	25.29	21.18	19.55
Std. Deviation	1.53	0.61	2.05
LSD/sig	1.94	P≤0.01	ns
Plant: height (mm)			
Mean	27.38	35.25	19.13
Std. Deviation	2.26	2.82	2.36
LSD/sig	3.54	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Gail Barth, Oakbank, SA.

Application Number 2005/300 Variety Name 'Little Devil' Genus Species Dianella tasmanica

Common Name Flax lily **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 22 Nov 2005

Applicant Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** Gail Barth

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Native Plant Wholesalers, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN.

Period Mar 4 – Oct 4 2006.

Conditions Stock plants were divided and potted into 75mm tubes. At the

start of the trial, 10 plants from each variety were potted into 200mm squat pots in pinebark/sand media. Nutrition was maintained with controlled-release fertilisers, pest and disease treatments applied as required. The trial plants were grown in a larger block of over 100 similar aged and sized pots of the same varieties, in a 50% shadehouse. Data was recorded at 7

months.

Trial Design Trial design: ten pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements Measurements: data recorded and analysed on all plants. One

sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition Third edition

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: from a batch of 2000 *Dianella tasmanica* produced in 2001. 'Little Devil' was selected based on plant habit, foliage colour and distinct foliage shape. New plants were produced by division and checked for stability at 12 months. Two more rounds of division occurred with no off-types. Plants were then divided for commercialisation and sold in 2004 as *Dianella tasmanica* 'Dwarf form'. Breeder: Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	erect/ semi erect
Basal leaf sheath	anthocyanin colouration	red-purple/red-brown
Leaf	spines on lower side of midrib	present
Flower	colour of perianth	blue
Leaf	variegation	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'DT23'	Commercialised as 'Emerald Arch'
'TR20'	Commercialised as 'TasRed'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguis	hing Characteristics	-	sion in State of Expression in
			Candidate Vari	iety Comparator Variety
'Rainbow'	Leaf	variegation	absent	present
'Splice'	Leaf	variegation	absent	present
Dwarf variegated	Leaf	variegation	absent	present
D. tasmanica parent form	Leaf	width	narrow	wide

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Little Devil'	'DT23'	'TR20'
Plant: growth habit	erect	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
Plant: height	medium	medium	short to medium
☐ Plant: density of shoots	dense	medium to dense	medium
Leaf: attitude	erect	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
Leaf: arching	very weak to weak	strong	medium
Leaf: width	narrow	wide to very wide	medium
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	weak		weak
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	146 A,B	146 A,B	146 A,B
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: shape of blade	linear		ligulate
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	apiculate	acute
Leaf: cross-section	concave		
Leaf: spines on margin	present		present
Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	weak to mediun	n	weak to medium
Leaf: colour of margin (in winter)	green		green
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present		present
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	weak to mediun	nstrong	weak
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple		red-brown
Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong		strong to very strong
Inflorescence: height in relation to foliage	above Page 138 of 440		same level

Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	100 B	100A	100 AB
Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour chart)	14 A,B	14C	14B

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Little Devil'	'DT23'	'TR20'
Leaf: colour of new growth and margins	146D	183BC	183BC

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Little Devil'	'DT23'	'TR20'
Leaf: width (mm)			
Mean	19.06	28.99	24.98
Std. Deviation	1.26	1.64	1.12
LSD/sig	1.94	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Plant: height (mm)			
Mean	40.13	43.38	35.00
Std. Deviation	1.89	3.20	2.98
LSD/sig	3.54	ns	P≤0.01

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Oct 2004 as 'Dwarf Form'

Description: Gail Barth, Oakbank, SA.

Application Number 2004/299 **Variety Name** 'AGRD'

Genus Species *Cynodon dactylon* x *Cynodon transvaalensis*

Common Name Hybrid Green Couch Grass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Nov 2004

Applicant Grasslanz Technology Limited, Palmerston North, New

Zealand

Agent Griffith Hack, Sydney, NSW

Qualified Person Donald Loch

Details of Comparative Trial

Location QDPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station,

Cleveland, QLD. (Latitude 27°32'S, 153°15'E, elevation <25

masl).

Descriptor Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis (Cynodon Hybrid) PBR

CYNO.

Period 4 Oct 2007 – 6 Feb 2008.

Conditions Individual propagules (four per tube) were grown in 60 x

60mm tubes until covered and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 4 Oct 2007; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (18-10-9) at time of planting and on

17 Dec 2007.

Trial Design Thirty (30) spaced plants of each cultivar ('AGRD', 'Tift 94'

and 'Santa Ana') were arranged in six (6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 1.25m between plots, 1.5m

between plants within plots.

Measurements Four (4) diameter of spread measurements were taken per

plant at fortnightly intervals (6 Nov – 4 Dec 2007); two (2) stolons per plant were collected 4-7 Dec 2007 and stolon and leaf characteristics were measured; two (2) shoot and inflorescence measurements per plant were taken 21-25 Jan 2008; average sward height per plant 4 Feb 2008; inflorescence density (0.1125m2) per plant 6 Feb 2008; exposed stolon and leaf colour, along with digital images

were taken on 29 Nov 2007.

RHS Chart - edition 2007 (fifth) edition.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: 'AGRD' was selected by the breeder, Dr Warren Hunt, from a variant area of winter active turf (probably 'Tifway' or 'Tifgreen') on a Hong Kong Golf Course in Apr 1996. A selection of this material was imported through vegetative quarantine to New Zealand for evaluation. Following a favourable assessment of its potential as a warm-season turfgrass variety under New Zealand conditions made based on its superior comparative performance relative to other *Cynodon* accessions in glasshouse and field trials, the New Zealand registered variety 'Grasslands AgRiDark' was released in 1999.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	length	short
Leaf	colour	lighter green
Sward	tiller numbers	sparse
Sward	tiller numbers	dense

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Tift 94'	
'Santa Ana'	
'Tifway'	Medium-textured Cynodon hybrid no longer available as the original
	genotype in pure form – excluded.
'Tifgreen'	Finer-textured (leaves, stems and stolons) greens quality hybrid
	Cynodon – excluded

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

organ/Plant Part: Context	a tick. 'AGRD'	'Santa Ana'	'Tift 94'
Plant: ploidy	triploid	24224	
Plant: habit	creeping		
Plant: type	mat-forming		
Plant: height	short		
Plant: longevity	perennial		
Plant: spreading	stolons		
Stolon: nodes	compound		
Stolon: internode length	medium		
Stolon: internode thickness	thin		
Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	N199B	N199A	152A
Culms: length	short		
Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular		
Leaf blade: length	short		
Leaf blade: width	narrow		
Leaf blade: colour	green	green	green
Ligule: appearance	pubescent		
Inflorescence: type	digitate		
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short		
Inflorescence: maximum number of spikes	5	4	5
Inflorescence: minimum number of spikes	3	2	3

☐ Culms: habit	decumbent
Inflorescence: anthers	present

Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'AGRD'	'Santa Ana'	'Tift 94'
Plant: mean diameter after 61 days (Santa Ma	111174
Mean	207.48	117.84	103.14
Std. Deviation	20.27	19.29	16.65
LSD/sig	13.81	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
_			1_0.01
Storon node, number of branch storo	ons at node two (sp 0.70	1.20	0.42
Mean Std. Deviation	0.70	0.66	0.42
LSD/sig	0.30	0.00 P≤0.01	ns
_			115
Storon node, number of branch storo			1 40
Mean	1.43	2.20	1.42
Std. Deviation	0.53	0.58	0.56
LSD/sig	0.35	P≤0.01	ns
Stolon node: number of branch stolo			
Mean	2.42	3.80	2.05
Std. Deviation	0.72	0.80	0.70
LSD/sig	0.48	P≤0.01	ns
Stolon node: number of branch stolo	ons at node five (sp	aced plants)	
Mean	3.40	4.92	3.13
Std. Deviation	0.91	0.91	0.96
LSD/sig	0.54	P≤0.01	ns
Stolon node: number of branch stolo	ns at node six (spa	aced plants)	
Mean	4.20	5.70	3.88
Std. Deviation	1.02	1.01	1.21
LSD/sig	0.67	P≤0.01	ns
☐ Stolon node: length of fourth interno	de from stolon tip	(mm)	
Mean	47.65	42.04	33.71
Std. Deviation	6.90	5.81	3.57
LSD/sig	4.05	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stolon node: diameter of fourth inter	node from stolon i	tin (mm)	
Mean	1.05	1.18	1.15
Std. Deviation	0.19	0.18	0.14
LSD/sig	0.24	ns	ns
Stolon node: length of sheath on fou			
Mean	8.76	8.00	6.95
Std. Deviation	2.03	1.00	0.84
LSD/sig	1.75	ns	P≤0.01
_			
Storon node, length of leaf blade on			
Mean Std. Deviation	9.08 3.44	6.56 1.79	4.36 2.51
LSD/sig	3.44 3.24		2.31 P≤0.01
_		ns	
Stolon node: width of leaf blade on f	ourth visible node	from stolon tip (mm)

M	1.71	2.02	1.00		
Mean	1.71	2.03	1.28		
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.57	0.35		
LSD/sig	0.32	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stolon node: length:width ratio of fourth	n visible node from	stolon tip			
Mean	5.31	3.26	3.28		
Std. Deviation	1.71	0.60	1.08		
LSD/sig	1.23	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on flag	g leaf on flowering	tillers (mm)			
Mean	36.99	43.89	53.45		
Std. Deviation	5.05	8.07	10.14		
LSD/sig	7.49	ns	P≤0.01		
☐ Flowering tiller: length of blade on flag	leaf on flowering t	illers (mm)	_		
Mean	17.69	15.88	17.03		
Std. Deviation	9.00	9.63	9.59		
LSD/sig	7.89	ns	ns		
			115		
Flowering tiller: width of blade on flag			1.05		
Mean	1.26	1.15	1.27		
Std. Deviation	0.26	0.35	0.34		
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	ns		
Flowering tiller: length:width ratio of flo					
Mean	14.10	13.33	13.22		
Std. Deviation	6.03	7.02	5.73		
LSD/sig	4.99	ns	ns		
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on fou	rth leaf on flowerin	ng tillers (mm)			
Mean	9.22	11.81	13.93		
Std. Deviation	2.17	4.40	4.67		
LSD/sig	3.32	ns	P≤0.01		
☐ Flowering tiller: length of blade on four	th leaf on flowering	g tillers (mm)			
Mean	23.55	18.14	28.36		
Std. Deviation	8.62	8.76	11.35		
LSD/sig	9.67	ns	ns		
_			115		
Prowering timer, width of blade on fourt			1.70		
Mean	1.47	1.39	1.70		
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.33	0.33		
LSD/sig	0.29	ns	ns		
Flowering tiller: length:width ratio of fo					
Mean	16.28	13.43	16.49		
Std. Deviation	5.86	6.25	5.28		
LSD/sig	5.19	ns	ns		
Flowering tiller: length of peduncle (mm)					
Mean	70.87	82.11	79.59		
Std. Deviation	15.23	13.02	9.10		
LSD/sig	11.09	P≤0.01	ns		
Flowering tiller: diameter of peduncle (mm)					
Mean	0.36	0.35	0.36		
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.33	0.36		
LSD/sig	0.02	ns	ns		

Spike: mean spike length (mm)					
Mean	26.51	28.54	35.90		
Std. Deviation	2.86	4.37	7.36		
LSD/sig	5.80	ns	P≤0.01		
Spike: number of spikes on flowering tiller					
Mean	3.52	3.28	3.42		
Std. Deviation	0.57	0.52	0.53		
LSD/sig	0.32	ns	ns		
☐ Inflorescence: count (0.1123m² quadrat) 6 February 2008					
Mean	9.87	10.04	6.87		
Std. Deviation	0.58	1.39	0.56		
LSD/sig	8.99	ns	ns		
Sward: height (4 Feb 2008) (cm)					
Mean	13.39	20.94	20.88		
Std. Deviation	3.58	5.03	5.28		
LSD/sig	4.37	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	1999	Granted	'Grasslands AgRiDark'

First sold in New Zealand in November 2000.

Description: M.B. Roche & D.S. Loch, DPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Staition, Cleveland, QLD

Application Number 2005/093 Variety Name 'Rabearth'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common NameHydrangeaSynonymBlue EarthAccepted Date17 Aug 2005

ApplicantFranz-Xaver Rampp, Pfaffenhausen, GermanyAgentLifetech Laboratories Ltd, Kincumber, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Hydrangea (*Hydrangea*) TG/133/3. **Period** Winter 2006-summer 2007-8.

Conditions Trial conducted shadehouse (50% open weave LS screen),

rooted cuttings planted into 200mm pots filled with soilless potting mix (pH 6.5), nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random in summer 2004. One sample per

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: from un-named *Hydrangea macrophylla* in the 1990s. The parent form is characterised by a blue coloured calyx bract with an absence of secondary colouration. 'Rabearth' was selected due to its intense blue and white bicolour flowers and subsequently found to have desirable commercial production characteristics including strong vigour, strong stems, a suitable form for pot production, earliness in forcing and suited to cold storage. It was also found to be better rooting than similar bicoloured varieties. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Franz-Xaver Rampp, Pfaffenhausen, Germany.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Collins	variety of Common Knowledge						
Organ/Plant Par	rtContext	State of Expression in Group of Varieties					
Plant	growth habit	upright					
Leaf blade	main colour	green					
Inflorescence	conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	inconspicuous					
Inflorescence	shape	globular					
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present					
Large calyx	number of colours	two					

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Frau Taiko'

'Frau Mariko'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguish Characteris	0	-	sion State of Exp ariety in Compara Variety	pression Comments ator
'Ramars'	Leaf blade	shape of base	rounded	obtuse	included in the same trial
'Frau Nobuko'	Leaf blade	shape of base	rounded	acute	included in the same trial
'Rasat'	Leaf blade	shape of base	rounded	acute	included in the same trial

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rabearth'	'Frau Mariko'	'Frau Taiko'
*Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright
*Leaf blade: main colour	green	green	green
Leaf blade: intensity of main colour	medium	medium to dark	medium
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	present	present	present
*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
*Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	acute	acute
Leaf blade: lobing	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: type of incisions	medium	medium to coarse	medium to coarse
*Inflorescence: diameter	medium	medium	medium to large
*Inflorescence: conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	inconspicuous	inconspicuous	inconspicuous
*Inflorescence: shape	globular	globular	globular
*Large calyx: diameter	large	medium	medium
*Large calyx: colour (RHS colour chart)	60D	63B	68A
*Large calyx: number of sepals	4 and 5	3 to 7	4 and 5
*Large calyx: overlapping of sepals	present	present	present
*Large calyx: degree of overlapping of sepals	strong	medium	medium
*Large calyx: incisions of margin of sepals	present on some sepals	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals
*Time of: beginning of flowering	early	late	medium to late

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG
Organ/Plant Part: Context (Paber

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kabeartn'	'Frau Mariko'	'Frau Taiko'	

☐ Large calyx: colour of sepal margin (RHS colour chart)	155D	155D	155D
Large calyx: number of colours	two	two	two

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rabearth'	'Frau Mariko'	'Frau Taiko'
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	50.30	47.10	46.40
Std. Deviation	3.60	7.30	3.20
LSD/sig	5.73	ns	ns
Leaf: length (mm)			
Mean	95.00	111.20	108.90
Std. Deviation	23.70	19.70	16.40
LSD/sig	22.99	ns	ns
Large calyx: diameter (mm)			
Mean	38.80	23.10	23.90
Std. Deviation	4.20	3.30	4.50
LSD/sig	4.60	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2005	Applied	'Rabearth'
EU	2001	Withdrawn	'Rabearth'

First sold in Germany in Apr 2001.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2005/094 **Variety Name** 'Ramars'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common Name Hydrangea

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 24 Aug 2005

ApplicantFranz-Xaver Rampp, Pfaffenhausen, GermanyAgentLifetech Laboratories Ltd, Kincumber, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Hydrangea (*Hydrangea*) TG/133/3. **Period** Winter 2006 to summer 2007-8.

Conditions Trial conducted in shadehouse (50% open weave LS screen),

rooted cuttings planted into 200mm pots filled with soilless potting mix (pH 6.5), nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random in summer 2004. One sample per

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: from un-named *Hydrangea macrophylla* in the 1990s. The parent form is characterised by a red coloured calyx bract with an absence of secondary colouration. 'Ramars' was selected due to its intense red with white bicolour flowers and subsequently found to have desirable commercial production characteristics including strong vigour, strong stems, a suitable form for pot production, earliness in forcing and suited to cold storage. It was also found to be better rooting than similar bicoloured varieties. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Franz-Xaver Rampp, Pfaffenhausen, Germany.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Commi	ion ithio wieage	
Organ/Plant Par	rtContext	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Leaf blade	main colour	green
Inflorescence	conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	inconspicuous
Inflorescence	shape	globular
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present
Large calyx	number of colours	two

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

	,
Name	Comments
'Rasat'	Known as 'Saturn'.

'Frau Nobuko'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishi Characteris	_	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Rabearth'	Leaf blade	shape of base	obtuse	acute	included in the same trial, excluded from side by side comparison
'Frau Mariko'	Leaf blade	shape of base	obtuse	acute	included in the same trial
'Frau Taiko'	Leaf blade	shape of base	obtuse	acute	included in the same trial

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ramars'	'Frau Nobuko'	'Rasat'
	*Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright
	*Leaf blade: main colour	green	green	green
~	Leaf blade: intensity of main colour	dark	medium to dark	medium
	*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	present	present	present
~	*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic	elliptic	ovate
	*Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
~	Leaf blade: shape of base	obtuse	acute	acute
	Leaf blade: lobing	absent	absent	absent
~	Leaf blade: type of incisions	coarse	medium	medium
~	*Inflorescence: diameter	large	medium	medium
flo	*Inflorescence: conspicuousness of wers with small calyx	inconspicuous	inconspicuous	inconspicuous
	*Inflorescence: shape	globular	globular	globular
~	*Large calyx: diameter	large	medium	medium to large
~	*Large calyx: colour (RHS colour chart)	60D	59D	59D
	*Large calyx: number of sepals	3 and 4	4 and 5	4 and 5
	*Large calyx: overlapping of sepals	present	present	present
sep	*Large calyx: degree of overlapping of	very strong	medium	strong
sep	*Large calyx: incisions of margin of als	absent on all sepals	present on all sepals	present on some sepals
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ramars'	'Frau Nobuko'	'Rasat'
☐ Large calyx: colour of sepal margin (RHS colour chart)	155D	155D	155D
☐ Large calyx: number of colours	two	two	two

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ramars'	'Frau Nobuko'	'Rasat'
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	49.80	52.70	40.30
Std. Deviation	6.40	5.10	4.60
LSD/sig	6.19	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: length (mm)			
Mean	119.30	103.20	114.30
Std. Deviation	15.50	10.00	8.20
LSD/sig	13.30	ns	ns
Large calyx: diameter (mm)			
Mean	41.80	24.60	32.70
Std. Deviation	8.20	2.20	3.60
LSD/sig	6.10	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2005	Applied	'Ramars'
EU	2001	Granted	'Ramars'
South Africa	2004	Applied	'Ramars'

First sold in Germany in Apr 2001.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/162

Variety Name 'Suplumtwentythree' **Genus Species** Prunus salacina **Common Name** Japanese Plum

SP23 **Synonym**

Accepted Date 1 Aug 2006

Applicant Sun World International, LLC, Bakersfield, CA, USA

Sun World Australasia, Oberon, NSW Agent

Qualified Person Bruce Valentine

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data U.S. PP13,167

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified at Bathurst, NSW Japanese plum (Prunus salcina) TG/84/3. **Descriptor**

Period Jun 2005 to Dec 2007.

Conditions Where possible, the overseas data were verified under local

orchard conditions with budded trees planted at Bathurst

NSW.

Trial Design Planted as row

Measurements Taken from all trial plants

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: arose from an uncontrolled cross of '91P-001' x unknown plum. The seed parent is Sun World breeding selection, '91P-001' (unpatented) which is larger and ripens four days earlier than 'Suplumtwentythree'. The pollen parent is an unknown Sun World breeding selection. Selection criteria: early ripening, black skin colour and red flesh colour. Propagation: vegetatively propagated, usually budding. Breeder: hybridisation by B. Mowrey in 1993, first selected and evaluated by D. Cain near Wasco, California, USA. First asexually propagated in 1998 by budding.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	skin colour	black
Fruit	flesh colour	red
Fruit	maturity time	more than 14 days before 'Friar'

Most Similar	<u>varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)</u>	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentytwo'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentyfour'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentyeight'

^{&#}x27;Suplumeleven'

^{&#}x27;Black Splendor'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified aboveand subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	nState of Expression	Comments
	Characteristics		in Comparator	
		Variety	Variety	
'Suplumeleven'	Fruit maturity time	-54 days 'Friar'	-21 days 'Friar'	Number of days start main harvest before 'Friar'
'Suplumtwentyeight'	Fruit maturity time	-54 days 'Friar'	-35 days 'Friar'	
'Suplumtwentyfour'	Fruit maturity time	-54 days 'Friar'	-35 days 'Friar'	
'Black Splendor'	Fruit maturity time	-54 days 'Friar'	-28 days 'Friar'	

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
_	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Suplumtwentythree'				
~	Tree: vigour	strong to very strong	medium			
	One year old shoot: attitude	semi-erect	erect			
	One year old shoot: intensity of colour	medium				
	Spur: length	medium				
	Wood bud: size	small to medium	medium			
	Wood bud: shape	conical				
	Wood bud: position relative to shoot	slightly held out				
	Leaf: attitude	horizontal	upwards to horizontal			
	*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic				
	*Leaf blade: angle of the tip	pointed				
	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium				
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	medium			
	Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	very weak				
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	crenate				
	*Petiole: length	medium				
	Petiole: hairiness of upper side	very weak to weak	weak			
	Petiole: depth of groove	medium				
~	Leaf: position of glands	only on leaf base	on both leaf base and petiole			
	*Peduncle: length	medium				
	Flowers: on one year old shoots	present				
	Flowers: frequency of flowers with double petals	none or very few				
	Flowers: size	medium				
	Flower: overlapping of petals	touching				
	Sepal: shape	elliptic				
	Petal: size	medium				
	*Petal: shape	circular				
~	Petal: undulation of margin Page 152 of 440	medium	weak			

	Stigma: position	n as compared with a	nthers	belo	w	below to same level
	*Fruit: size			med	ium	
	*Fruit: general s	shape		roun	ded-flattened	
	*Fruit: position	of maximum diamet	er	at ce	entre	
	*Fruit: symmetr	ry		sym	metric	
~	Fruit: shape of a	apex		depr	essed	flat
	Fruit: depth of s			med	ium to deep	
	*Fruit: colour o	f skin		blac	k	black
	*Fruit: colour o	f flesh		red		
	Fruit: firmness	of flesh		soft		
	Fruit: juiciness			stror	ng	
	Fruit: acidity			weal	k to medium	weak
~	Fruit: sweetness	S		med	ium	low
	*Fruit: degree o	of adherence of stone	to flesh	fully	adherent	
	*Stone: size			med	ium	small to medium
~	*Stone: general	shape in profile		roun	d	round-elliptical
	Stone: shape in			sub-	globular	
	Stone: shape in			roun	d-elliptical	
	Stone: symmetr			asyn	nmetric	
		y in ventral view		sym	metric	
		n of maximum width		at ce	entre	
	Stone: texture o	f lateral surfaces		roug	h	
	Stone: margins	of dorsal groove		entir	e	
~	Stone: sharpnes			stron	ng to very strong	medium to strong
~	Stone: width of	ventral zone		narro	ow	medium
~	Stone: width of	stalk-end		broa	d	medium
	Stone: angle of	stalk-end		obtu	se	
~	Stone: shape of	pistil end		roun	ded	intermediate
	*Time of: flower	ering		early	to medium	
	*Time of: ripen	ing		early	/	
	ior Applications		a . a			
US	ountry SA	Year 2001	Current Stat Granted	us	Name Applied 'Suplumtwentyth	ree'
C		2001	Granica		Supramewoneyun	
Pri	or sale nil.					
Des	cription: Bruce Valentin	e, Orange, NSW.				

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Application Number 2006/164

Variety Name 'Suplumtwentyeight'
Genus Species Prunus salicina
Common Name Japanese Plum

Synonym SP28

Accepted Date 1 Aug 2006

Applicant Sun World International, LLC, Bakersfield, CA, USA

Agent Sun World Australasia, Oberon, NSW

Qualified Person Bruce Valentine

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data U.S. PP14,938

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified at Bathurst, NSW **Descriptor** Japanese plum (*Prunus salcina*) TG/84/3.

Period Jun 2005 to Dec 2007.

Conditions Where possible, the overseas data were verified under local

orchard conditions with budded trees planted at Bathurst

NSW.

Trial Design Planted as row

Measurements Taken from all trial plants

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: arose from an uncontrolled cross of '91P-001' x unknown plum. The seed parent is Sun World breeding selection, '91P-001' (unpatented) which ripens 16 days earlier and has smaller fruit than 'Suplumtwentyeight'. The pollen parent is an unknown Sun World breeding selection. Selection criteria: fruit size, black skin colour, red flesh colour and excellent eating quality. Propagation: vegetatively propagated, usually budding. Breeder: hybridisation by B. Mowrey in 1993, first selected and evaluated by D. Cain on Sun World Experimental Ranch near Wasco, California, USA. First asexually propagated in 2001 by grafting onto 'Nemaguard' rootstock.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	skin colour	black
Fruit	flesh colour	red
Fruit	maturity time	more than 14 days before 'Friar'.

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of common knowledge identified (verk)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentythree'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentyfour'

^{&#}x27;Suplumeleven'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentytwo'

^{&#}x27;Black Splendor'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	~ ~	-	State of Expression	Comments
	Characteristics		in Comparator	
		Variety	Variety	
'Suplumeleven'	Fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-21 days 'Friar'	Number of days start main harvest before 'Friar'
'Suplumtwentythree'	Fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-54 days 'Friar'	
'Suplumtwentytwo'	Fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-58 days 'Friar'	
'Black Splendor'	Fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-28 days 'Friar'	

	ore of the comparators are marked with a tick			
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Suplumtwentyeight' 'Suplumtwenty		
~	Tree: vigour	very strong	strong	
	One year old shoot: attitude	semi-erect		
	One year old shoot: intensity of colour	medium		
	Spur: length	medium		
~	Wood bud: size	medium	small	
	Wood bud: shape	conical		
~	Wood bud: position relative to shoot	slightly held out	adpressed	
	Leaf: attitude	horizontal to downwards	horizontal	
	*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic		
	*Leaf blade: angle of the tip	pointed		
~	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium to dark	pale	
~	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium to strong	weak	
	Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	very weak		
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	crenate		
	*Petiole: length	medium to long		
~	Petiole: hairiness of upper side	medium	very weak to weak	
	Petiole: depth of groove	shallow to medium		
~	Leaf: position of glands	only on leaf base	only on petiole	
	*Peduncle: length	medium		
	Flowers: on one year old shoots	present		
pet	Flowers: frequency of flowers with double tals	none or very few		
	Flowers: size	medium		
~	Flower: overlapping of petals	touching	free	
	Sepal: shape	elliptic		
	Petal: size	medium		
	*Petal: shape	obovate		
	Dc 155 -£ 440			

	waalr	stuore
Petal: undulation of margin	weak	strong
Stigma: position as compared with anthers	below to same level	below
*Fruit: size	medium	
*Fruit: general shape	rounded-flattened	rounded
*Fruit: position of maximum diameter	at centre	
*Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	
Fruit: shape of apex	flat	
Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	
*Fruit: colour of skin	black	black
*Fruit: colour of flesh	red	
Fruit: firmness of flesh	medium to firm	
Fruit: juiciness	strong	
Fruit: acidity	weak to medium	medium
Fruit: sweetness	medium to high	low to medium
*Fruit: degree of adherence of stone to flesh	fully adherent	
*Stone: size	small to medium	very small to small
*Stone: general shape in profile	round-elliptical	
Stone: shape in ventral view	flattened	sub-globular
Stone: shape in basal view	round-elliptical	
☐ Stone: symmetry in profile	asymmetric	
Stone: symmetry in ventral view	symmetric	
*Stone: position of maximum width	towards stalk end	at centre
Stone: texture of lateral surfaces	granular	rough
☐ Stone: margins of dorsal groove	entire	broken
Stone: sharpness of the edges	medium to strong	
Stone: width of ventral zone	medium	
Stone: width of stalk-end	broad	
☐ Stone: angle of stalk-end	obtuse	
Stone: shape of pistil end	rounded	intermediate
*Time of: flowering	early to medium	
*Time of: ripening	early to medium	
D' A A L' A A' A A A A A' A A A A A A' A A A A	,	

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'Suplumtwentyeight' **Current Status** USA 2003 Granted

Prior sale nil.

Description: Bruce Valentine, Orange, NSW.

Application Number 2006/163

Variety Name 'Suplumtwentyfour'
Genus Species Prunus salicina
Common Name Japanese Plum

Synonym SP24 **Accepted Date** 1 Aug 2006

Applicant Sun World International, LLC, Bakersfield, CA, USA

Agent Sun World Australasia, Oberon, NSW

Qualified Person Bruce Valentine

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data U.S. PP13,395

Reference Number

LocationOverseas data was verified at Bathurst, NSWDescriptorJapanese plum (Prunus salcina) TG/84/3.

Period Jun 2005 to Dec 2007.

Conditions Where possible, the overseas data were verified under local

orchard conditions with budded trees planted at Bathurst

NSW.

Trial Design Planted as row

Measurements Taken from all trial plants

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: arose from a controlled cross of 'Suplumtwelve' x '275-136'. The seed parent is 'Suplumtwelve' (U.S. Plant Patent No. 4,956) which has smaller, less round/more oblate fruit with a more corrugated skin surface compared to 'Suplumtwentyfour'. The pollen parent is Sun World breeding selection '275-136' (unpatented) which has smaller, less round/more oblate fruit and ripens nine days earlier than 'Suplumtwentyfour'. Selection criteria: black skin, red flesh with abundant juice and high productivity. Propagation: vegetatively propagated, usually budding. Breeder: hybridisation by C.D. Fear in 1988, selected by B.D. Mowrey and evaluated by Mowrey and D.W. Cain near Wasco, California, U.S.A. First asexually propagated in 1992 by budding onto 'Nemared' rootstock.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	maturity time	more than 14 days before 'Friar'
Fruit	flesh colour	red
Fruit	skin colour	black

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
1 141116	

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentytwo'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentythree'

^{&#}x27;Suplumeleven'

^{&#}x27;Black Splendor'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentyeight'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	onState of Expression	onComments
	Characteristic	s in Candidate	in Comparator	
		Variety	Variety	
'Suplumeleven'	fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-21 days 'Friar'	Number of days start main harvest before 'Friar'.
'Suplumtwentytwo'	fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-58 days 'Friar'	
'Suplumtwentythree'	fruit maturity time	-35 days 'Friar'	-54 days 'Friar'	
'Black Splendor'	fruit maturity	-35 days 'Friar'	-28 days 'Friar'	

organ/Plant Part: Context 'Suplumtwentyfour' 'Suplumtwentyeigh				
V	Tree: vigour	strong	very strong	
	One year old shoot: attitude	semi-erect		
	One year old shoot: intensity of colour	medium		
	Spur: length	medium		
~	Wood bud: size	small	medium	
	Wood bud: shape	conical		
~	Wood bud: position relative to shoot	adpressed	slightly held out	
	Leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal to downwards	
	*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic		
	*Leaf blade: angle of the tip	pointed		
~	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	pale	medium to dark	
~	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	medium to strong	
	Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	very weak		
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	crenate		
	*Petiole: length	medium		
~	Petiole: hairiness of upper side	very weak to weak	medium	
	Petiole: depth of groove	medium to deep		
~	Leaf: position of glands	only on petiole	only on leaf base	
	*Peduncle: length	medium		
	Flowers: on one year old shoots	present		
pet	Flowers: frequency of flowers with double tals	none or very few		
	Flowers: size	small		
~	Flower: overlapping of petals	free	touching	
	Sepal: shape	elliptic		
	Petal: size	small		
	*Petal: shape	obovate		

~	Petal: undulation of margin	strong	weak
	Stigma: position as compared with anthers	below	below to same level
	*Fruit: size	medium	below to sume level
~	*Fruit: general shape	rounded	rounded-flattened
	*Fruit: position of maximum diameter	towards stalk end to at centre	
	*Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	
	Fruit: shape of apex	flat	
	Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	deep	
	*Fruit: colour of skin	black	black
	*Fruit: colour of flesh	red	
	Fruit: firmness of flesh	medium to firm	
	Fruit: juiciness	strong	
	Fruit: acidity	medium	weak to medium
~	Fruit: sweetness	low to medium	medium to high
	*Fruit: degree of adherence of stone to flesh	fully adherent	
~	*Stone: size	very small to small	small to medium
	*Stone: general shape in profile	round-elliptical	
~	Stone: shape in ventral view	sub-globular	flattened
	Stone: shape in basal view	round-elliptical	
	Stone: symmetry in profile	asymmetric	
	Stone: symmetry in ventral view	symmetric	
	*Stone: position of maximum width	at centre	towards stalk end
	Stone: texture of lateral surfaces	rough	granular
	Stone: margins of dorsal groove	broken	entire
	Stone: sharpness of the edges	strong	
	Stone: width of ventral zone	narrow to medium	
	Stone: width of stalk-end	broad to very broad	
	Stone: angle of stalk-end	obtuse	
~	Stone: shape of pistil end	intermediate	rounded
	*Time of: flowering	early to medium	
	*Time of: ripening	early to medium	

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'Suplumtwentyfour' **Current Status** USA 2001 Granted

Prior sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Bruce Valentine,}\ Orange,\ NSW.$

Application Number 2006/161

Variety Name 'Suplumtwentytwo' **Genus Species** Prunus salicina **Common Name** Japanese Plum

SP22 **Synonym**

Accepted Date 1 Aug 2006

Applicant Sun World International, LLC, Bakersfield, CA, USA

Sun World Australasia, Oberon, NSW Agent

Qualified Person Bruce Valentine

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data U.S. PP13,171

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified at Bathurst, NSW Japanese plum (Prunus salcina) TG/84/3. **Descriptor**

Period Jun 2005 to Dec 2007.

Conditions Where possible, the overseas data were verified under local

orchard conditions with budded trees planted at Bathurst

NSW.

Trial Design Planted as row

Measurements Taken from all trial plants

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: arose from an uncontrolled cross of '91P-001' x unknown plum. The seed parent is Sun World breeding selection, '91P-001' (unpatented) which ripens 10 days later than 'Suplumtwentytwo' and has a corrugated surface while 'Suplumtwentytwo' has smooth skin. The pollen parent is an unknown Sun World breeding selection. Selection criteria: early ripening, black skin and red flesh colour. Propagation: vegetatively propagated, usually budding. Breeder: hybridisation by B. Mowrey in 1993, first selected and evaluated by D. Cain near Wasco, California, USA. First asexually propagated in 1998 by grafting onto 'Flordaguard' rootstock.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	skin colour	black
Fruit	flesh colour	red
Fruit	maturity time	more than 14 days before 'Friar'

<u>Most Similar</u>	Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentythree'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentyfour'

^{&#}x27;Suplumtwentyeight'

^{&#}x27;Suplumeleven'

^{&#}x27;Black Splendor'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified above and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	nState of Expression	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	in Comparator Variety	
'Suplumeleven'	Fruit maturity time	-58 days 'Friar'	-21 days 'Friar'	Number of days start main harvest before 'Friar'.
'Suplumtwentyeight'	Fruit maturity time	-58 days 'Friar'	-35days 'Friar'	
'Suplumtwentyfour'	Fruit maturity time	-58 days 'Friar'	-35 days 'Friar'	
'Black Splendor'	Fruit maturity time	-58 days 'Friar'	-28 days 'Friar'	

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Suplumtwentytwo'	'Suplumtwentythree'
~	Tree: vigour	medium	strong to very strong
	One year old shoot: attitude	erect	semi-erect
	One year old shoot: intensity of colour	medium	
	Spur: length	medium	
	Wood bud: size	medium	small to medium
	Wood bud: shape	conical	
	Wood bud: position relative to shoot	slightly held out	
	Leaf: attitude	upwards to horizontal	horizontal
	*Leaf blade: shape	elliptic	
	*Leaf blade: angle of the tip	pointed	
	Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium	
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	weak to medium
	Leaf blade: hairiness of lower side	very weak	
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	crenate	
	*Petiole: length	medium	
	Petiole: hairiness of upper side	weak	very weak to weak
	Petiole: depth of groove	medium	
~	Leaf: position of glands	on both leaf base and petiole	only on leaf base
	*Peduncle: length	short	
	Flowers: on one year old shoots	present	
per	Flowers: frequency of flowers with double als	none or very few	
	Flowers: size	medium	
	Flower: overlapping of petals	touching	
	Sepal: shape	elliptic	

Petal: size	medium	
*Petal: shape	circular	
Petal: undulation of margin	weak	medium
Stigma: position as compared with anthers	below to same level	below
*Fruit: size	medium	
*Fruit: general shape	rounded-flattened	
*Fruit: position of maximum diameter	at centre	
*Fruit: symmetry	symmetric	
Fruit: shape of apex	flat	depressed
Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium to deep	
*Fruit: colour of skin	black	black
*Fruit: colour of flesh	red	
Fruit: firmness of flesh	soft	
Fruit: juiciness	strong	
Fruit: acidity	weak	weak to medium
Fruit: sweetness	low	medium
*Fruit: degree of adherence of stone to flesh	fully adherent	
*Stone: size	small to medium	medium
*Stone: general shape in profile	round-elliptical	round
Stone: shape in ventral view	sub-globular	
Stone: shape in basal view	round-elliptical	
Stone: symmetry in profile	asymmetric	
Stone: symmetry in ventral view	symmetric	
*Stone: position of maximum width	at centre	
Stone: texture of lateral surfaces	rough	
Stone: margins of dorsal groove	entire	
Stone: sharpness of the edges	medium to strong	strong to very strong
Stone: width of ventral zone	medium	narrow
Stone: width of stalk-end	medium	broad
Stone: angle of stalk-end	obtuse	
Stone: shape of pistil end	intermediate	rounded
*Time of: flowering	early to medium	
*Time of: ripening	early	
Prior Applications and Sales Country Year Current	Status Name Appli	ed

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2001Granted'Suplumtwentytwo'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Bruce Valentine, Orange, NSW.

Application Number 2005/156

Variety Name 'Mothers Choice' Genus Species Lilium hybrid

Common Name Lily

Synonym

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2005

Applicant Mak't Zand B.V. The Netherlands

Agent A J Park, Canberra, ACT

Qualified Person Tim Angus

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Raad v/h Kwekersrecht, Wageningen

Authority

Overseas Data LEL 1920

Reference Number

Location Overseas data was verified under local conditions in

Flowerdale, TAS (and in Hawks Bay, New Zealand).

Descriptor Lily (*Lilium*) TG 59/6. **Period** Jun 2007 to Feb 2008.

Conditions Plants were grown in the field as part of a commercial crop.

Trial Design Plants were grown to confirm the results of the UPOV test

report from Raad v/h Kwekersrecht, Wageningen. Samples

were taken at random from the field.

Measurements Taken from 10 plants selected at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: in 1993; seed parent 'Siberia' x pollen parent 'OR-90', a proprietary owned variety in a planned breeding program. Seed parent is characterised by Stem: length shorter, Leaf: colour lighter, Bud colour: white-green, Plant: lesser lasting. Pollen parent is characterised by Leaf: length longer, width narrower; Tepal: narrower; Plant: lesser lasting. Selection criteria: a white flowering lily of better quality. Selection was done at Nursery of Mak't Zand in the municipality of 't Zand, the Netherlands commencing in 1998 with the final selection in 2000. Propagation: by vegetative methods (scaling, and tissue culture), no off types occurred in at least three successive vegetative generations during the selection process and in numerous vegetative generations since selection. Breeder: Nicolaas Aloysius Maria MAK, an employee of Mak't Zand.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour group	white
Inflorescence	type	racemose
Leaf	arrangement	alternate
Stem	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Plant	height	medium to tall
Flower	type	single

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Siberia'	Seed parent of 'Mothers' Choice and very similar.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		/ CAN A A
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mothers Choice'	
*Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate
*Leaf: level of tip compared to point of attachment to stem	same level	same level
*Leaf: distal part	straight	straight
Leaf: cross section	flat	flat
*Inflorescence: type	racemose	racemose
Inflorescence: pubescence	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Flower: type	single	single
*Flower: attitude of longitudinal axis	erect to horizontal	erect to horizontal
*Flower: main colour of inner side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	white 155C	white 155D
Flower: main colour of outer side of inner tepal (RHS colour chart)	white 155C	white 155D
*Flower: main colour of inner side of outer tepal (RHS colour chart)	white 155C	white 155D
*Flower: type of colouration of inner side of inner tepa	self coloured	self coloured
*Flower: colour of the nectar furrow	green	green
*Tepal: spots on inner side	absent	present
*Tepal: spots on papillae	absent	absent
*Tepal: colour at the base of the main vein	white	white
*Tepal: recurved part	distal part only	distal part only
*Tepal: degree of recurving	medium	strong to very strong
*Stamen: main colour of filament	green	white
Pollen: colour	orange brown	light brown
*Style: main colour	green	green
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	above	above
*Time of: flowering	medium to late	medium to late
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mothers Choice'	'Siberia'
Stamen: colour of anther	purple-red	reddish-brown
Stigma: colour	grey-green	green sometimes red

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Brazil	2004	Granted	'Mothers Choice'
Chile	2005	Granted	'Mothers Choice'
New Zealand	2003	Granted	'Mothers Choice'
EU	2001	Granted	'Mothers Choice'

First sold in The Netherlands in Jul 2002.

Description: Tim Angus, Lower Hutt, Wellington, New Zealand.

Application Number 2006/246

Variety Name 'Merlom Ruby'

Genus Species Lomandra confertifolia ssp rubiginosa

Common Name Matt Rush

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2006

Applicant Merricks Nursery, Merricks, VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Lomandra (*Lomandra*) PBR LOMA.

Period Spring 2007 - summer 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seed parent *Lomandra confertifolia* ssp *rubiginosa*. The seed parent is characterised by a broad leaf width and grey green coloured foliage. Selection took place in Merricks, VIC in 2004. Selection criteria: upright plant growth habit, narrow leaf width and medium leaf glaucosity. Propagation: vegetative, micropropagation is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Richard Anderson, Merricks, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	width	narrow
Plant	growth habit	upright

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	Comments
'Seascape'	similar plant with stronger leaf glaucosity.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	g	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteristi	cs	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'SIR5'	inflorescence	sex expression	female	male
Lomandra confertifolia ssp rubiginosa seed parent	Leaf	width	narrow	wide

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick. Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Merlom Ruby'	'Seascape'
Г	upright	upright
Plant: growth habit	short	short
Plant: height Plant: density	dense	dense
Fiant. density	medium	fine
Lear: texture		
Lear. graucosity	medium	very strong
Leaf: rigidity	medium	medium
Leaf: length of blade	medium	medium
Leaf: width of blade	narrow	narrow
Leaf: cross section	concave	concave
Leaf: expression of middle apex	weak	weak
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: colour (RHS colour chart)	146A	147A
Basal sheath: margin shredding	strong	medium
Basal sheath: colour	dark brown	dark brown
☐ Inflorescence: degree of branching	very weak	very weak
Inflorescence: length of floral axis	very short	short
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	very short	short
Inflorescence: length of bract	medium	very short
Inflorescence: position in relation foliage	below	below
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Merlom Ruby'	'Seascape'
Inflorescence: sex expression	female	male
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Merlom Ruby'	'Seascape'
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean Std. Deviation	39.00 4.50	33.80 7.10
LSD/sig	6.82	ns
	0.02	115
☐ I eaf: length (cm)		
Leaf: length (cm) Mean	39.70	42.20
	39.70 3.70	42.20 3.90
Mean		
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm)	3.70 4.28	3.90 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm) Mean	3.70 4.28 1.75	3.90 ns 1.59
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm)	3.70 4.28	3.90 ns

Prior Applications and Sales
Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Oct 2005.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/121 **Variety Name** 'Zalsaden'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

Common Name Peruvian Lily
Symanym

Synonym Denver **Accepted Date** 13 Jun 2007

ApplicantVan Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The NetherlandsAgentRamm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW

Qualified Person David Nichols

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing European Union

Authority

Overseas Data INC 891

Reference Number

Location Silvan, VIC.

Descriptor Alstroemeia (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/6.

Period Feb 2008.

Conditions Comparisons of most characteristics are based on Dutch

trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, the Netherlands. Flower descriptions of the candidate variety are based on plants growing in soil in a multispan polyhouse at Silvan, VIC. Flowers from these plants were cut in bud in Feb 2008 and transferred to Devon Meadows, VIC, and placed in a solution of 5% sugar and 1 ml/l chlorine bleach. The flowers were assessed 3 days later. Descriptions of the comparators are derived from published in the Plant Varieties Journal.

Trial DesignCompletely randomised. **Measurements**Taken from all plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '98441-5' x pollen parent '97167-3', in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Rijsenhout, the Netherlands. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: flower colour, plant shape and quality. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 10 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder: Aart van Voorst, Van Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, the Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	red purple
Stem	thickness	thick
Leaf	length	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Cobra'	PVJ 8(1).

re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
gan/Plant Part: Context		'Cobra'
*Stem: length	medium	long
*Stem: thickness	thick	thick
*Stem: density of foliage	medium	medium
*Leaf: length	medium	medium
*Leaf: width	narrow to medium	nmedium
*Leaf: shape of blade	narrow-elliptic	elliptic
*Leaf: longitudinal axis of blade	straight	recurved
*Inflorescence: number of branches in umbel	few	many
*Inflorescence: length of branches in umbel	short	short
*Inflorescence: length of pedicel	short	very short
*Flower: main colour	red purple	red purple
*Flower: size	medium to large	medium
*Flower: spread of tepals	medium	medium
*Outer tepal: shape of blade	broad obovate	obovate
*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	shallow to medium	
*Outer tepal: main colour of inner side of blade (RHS our chart)	58B	61B
*Outer tepal: stripes on inner side of blade	absent	present
*Inner tepal: shape of blade	elliptic	elliptic
*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner side of middle e of blade (RHS colour chart)	12B	6A
Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on inner side of blade	few	medium
*Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on inner side of blade	small	small to medium
*Stamens: main colour of filament	red purple	red purple
*Stamens: small spots on filament	absent	absent
*Stamens: colour of anthers at the start of dehiscence	brownish	brownish
Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary	absent or very weak	weak
Pistil: spots on the stigma	absent	present
	*Stem: length *Stem: thickness *Stem: density of foliage *Leaf: length *Leaf: width *Leaf: shape of blade *Inflorescence: number of branches in umbel *Inflorescence: length of branches in umbel *Inflorescence: length of pedicel *Flower: main colour *Flower: size *Flower: size *Flower: spread of tepals *Outer tepal: shape of blade *Outer tepal: main colour of inner side of blade (RHS our chart) *Outer tepal: shape of blade *Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner side of middle lee of blade (RHS colour chart) Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on inner side of blade *Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on inner side of blade *Stamens: main colour of filament *Stamens: small spots on filament *Stamens: colour of anthers at the start of dehiscence Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary	*Stem: length medium *Stem: thickness thick *Stem: density of foliage medium *Leaf: length medium *Leaf: width marrow to medium *Leaf: shape of blade narrow-elliptic *Leaf: longitudinal axis of blade straight *Inflorescence: number of branches in umbel few *Inflorescence: length of branches in umbel short *Inflorescence: length of pedicel short *Flower: main colour red purple *Flower: size medium to large *Flower: spread of tepals *Outer tepal: shape of blade broad obovate shallow to medium *Outer tepal: depth of emargination shallow to medium *Outer tepal: stripes on inner side of blade (RHS our chart) *Outer tepal: shape of blade *Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner side of middle le of blade (RHS colour chart) Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner side of blade *Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on inner side of blade *Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on inner side of blade *Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on inner side of blade *Stamens: main colour of filament red purple *Stamens: small spots on filament *Stamens: small spots on filament *Stamens: colour of anthers at the start of dehiscence Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary *Stamens: or overy weak

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsaden'	'Cobra'
Inner median tepal: presence of stripes	absent	present
Inner median tepal: presence of centre colour	absent	present

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Applied	'Zalsaden'
EU	2006	Applied	'Zalsaden'

First sold in Hungary in Jun 2006.

Description: David Nichols, Rye, VIC.

Application Number 2007/118 **Variety Name** 'Zalsalan'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

Common Name Peruvian Lily Synonym Avalange Accepted Date 13 Jun 2007

ApplicantVan Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The NetherlandsAgentRamm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW

Qualified Person David Nichols

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Silvan, VIC.

Descriptor Alstroemeria (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/6.

Period Feb 2008.

Conditions Comparisons of most characteristics are based on Dutch

trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, the Netherlands. Flower descriptions of the candidate variety were crosschecked on plants growing in soil in a multispan polyhouse at Silvan, VIC. Flowers from these plants were cut in bud in Feb 2008 and transferred to Devon Meadows, VIC, and placed in a solution of 5% sugar and 1 ml/l chlorine bleach. The flowers were assessed 3 days later. Descriptions of the comparators are derived from published in the Plant Varieties

Journal.

Trial DesignCompletely randomised. **Measurements**Taken from all trial plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '00469-4' x pollen parent '871069-2', in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Rijsenhout, the Netherlands during the years 1999 to 2006. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: flower colour, plant shape and quality. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 10 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder: Aart van Voorst, Van Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	white
Stem	length	long
Leaf	length	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Zalsarest'	PVJ 18(4)
'Zalsadon'	PVJ current issue

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteri	0	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Virginia'	Stem	length	long	medium
'Kofugi'	Inner tepal	central colour	yellw	white

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsalan'	'Zalsadon'	'Zalsarest'
	*Stem: length	long	long	long
V	*Stem: thickness	medium	thin to medium	medium to thick
V	*Stem: density of foliage	medium	medium to dense	medium to dense
	*Leaf: length	medium	medium	medium
V	*Leaf: width	medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
~	*Leaf: shape of blade	narrow-elliptic	elliptic	narrow-elliptic
V	*Leaf: longitudinal axis of blade	straight	recurved	recurved
▽ uml	*Inflorescence: number of branches in pel	medium	many	medium to many
▽ uml	*Inflorescence: length of branches in oel	medium	short to medium	medium
V	*Inflorescence: length of pedicel	short	short	medium
	*Flower: main colour	white	white	white
V	*Flower: size	large	large	medium
~	*Flower: spread of tepals	medium to large	medium to large	medium
	*Outer tepal: shape of blade	broad obovate	broad obovate	broad obovate
	*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	medium	medium	medium
of b	*Outer tepal: main colour of inner side blade (RHS colour chart)	155C	155B	155D
▽ blace	*Outer tepal: stripes on inner side of de	absent	absent	present
V	*Inner tepal: shape of blade	elliptic	obovate	elliptic
side char	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inne e of middle zone of blade (RHS colour rt)	r 7A	17B	8D

inne	Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on er side of blade	medium	medium	few to medium
inne	*Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on er side of blade	small to medium	medium	medium to large
	*Stamens: main colour of filament	pink	yellow	white
	*Stamens: small spots on filament	absent	absent	absent
of c	*Stamens: colour of anthers at the start lehiscence	brownish	greenish	brownish
	Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Pistil: spots on the stigma	absent	absent	absent

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsalan'	'Zalsadon'	'Zalsarest'
Inner median tepal: presence of yellow colour	absent	present	absent
Inner median tepal: presence of stripes	absent	present	

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Applied	'Zalsalan'
EU	2006	Applied	'Zalsalan'

First sold in Hungary in May 2006.

Description: David Nichols, Rye, VIC.

Application Number 2007/120 **Variety Name** 'Zalsadon'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

Common NamePeruvian LilySynonymSnowdonAccepted Date13 Jun 2007

ApplicantVan Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The NetherlandsAgentRamm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW

Qualified Person David Nichols

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

Authority

Overseas Data INC 893

Reference Number

Location Wageningen, The Netherlands

Descriptor Alstroemeria (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/6.

Period 2007.

Conditions Comparisons of the characteristics are based on Dutch trials,

which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, the Netherlands.

Trial DesignCompletely randomised. **Measurements**Taken from all trial plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '98415-2' x pollen parent '871069-2', in a planned breeding program at the applicant's research station at Rijsenhout, the Netherlands during the years 2002 to 2006. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: flower colour, plant shape and quality. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 10 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder: Aart van Voorst, Van Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, the Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	main colour	white
Stem	length	long
Leaf	length	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Zalsalan'	Current Issue
'Zalsarest'	PVJ 18(4)

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteri	O	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Virginia'	Stem	length	long	medium
'Kofugi'	Inner tepal	central colour	yellow	white

	re of the comparators are marked with gan/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsadon'	'Zalsalan'	'Zalsarest'
	*Stem: length	long	long	long
	*Stem: thickness	thin to medium	medium	medium to thick
	*Stem: density of foliage	medium to dense	medium	medium to dense
	*Leaf: length	medium	medium	medium
	*Leaf: width	narrow to medium	nmedium	narrow to medium
V	*Leaf: shape of blade	elliptic	narrow-elliptic	narrow-elliptic
~	*Leaf: longitudinal axis of blade	recurved	straight	recurved
▽ um	*Inflorescence: number of branches in bel	many	medium	medium to many
um	*Inflorescence: length of branches in bel	short to medium	medium	medium
V	*Inflorescence: length of pedicel	short	short	medium
	*Flower: main colour	white	white	white
V	*Flower: size	large	large	medium
	*Flower: spread of tepals	medium to large	medium to large	medium
	*Outer tepal: shape of blade	broad obovate	broad obovate	broad obovate
	*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	medium	medium	medium
of b	*Outer tepal: main colour of inner side blade (RHS colour chart)	155B	155C	155D
▽ blace	*Outer tepal: stripes on inner side of de	absent	absent	present
~	*Inner tepal: shape of blade	obovate	elliptic	elliptic
side cha	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner e of middle zone of blade (RHS colour rt)	r 17B	7A	8D
inn	Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on er side of blade	medium	medium	few to medium
inn	*Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on er side of blade	medium	small to medium	medium to large

~	*Stamens: main colour of filament	yellow	pink	white
	*Stamens: small spots on filament	absent	absent	absent
of d	*Stamens: colour of anthers at the start lehiscence	greenish	brownish	brownish
	Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Pistil: spots on the stigma	absent	absent	absent

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsadon'	'Zalsalan'	'Zalsarest'
Inner median tepal: presence of stripes	present	absent	
Inner median tepal: presence of centre colour		absent	absent

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Applied	'Zalsadon'
EU	2006	Applied	'Zalsadon'

First sold in Hungary in May 2006.

Description: David Nichols, Rye, VIC.

Application Number 2007/119 **Variety Name** 'Zalsachic'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

Common NamePeruvian LilySynonymChicagoAccepted Date13 Jun 2007

ApplicantVan Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The NetherlandsAgentRamm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW

Qualified Person David Nichols

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing European Union

Authority

Overseas Data INC 890

Reference Number

Location Bunyip, VIC.

Descriptor Alstroemeia (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/6

Period Feb 2008.

Conditions Comparisons of most characteristics are based on Dutch

trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, the Netherlands. Flower descriptions of the candidate variety were crosschecked on plants growing in soil in a multispan polyhouse at Bunyip VIC. Flowers from these plants were cut in bud in February 2008 and transferred to Devon Meadows VIC, and placed in a solution of 5% sugar and 1 ml/l chlorine bleach. The flowers were assessed 3 days later. Descriptions of the comparators are derived from published in the Plant Varieties

Journal.

Trial DesignCompletely randomised. **Measurements**Taken from all trial plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '98426-2' x pollen parent '98557-3', in a planned breeding program at the applicants research station at Rijsenhout, the Netherlands. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: flower colour, plant shape and quality. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 10 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder: Aart van Voorst, Van Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	red
Flower	size	medium
Stamen	main colour of filament	red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Starexan'	PVJ 12(4).

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

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Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsachic'	'Starexan'
Inner median tepal: presence of centre colour	absent	absent
Inner median tepal: presence of stripes	present	present

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Applied	'Zalsachic'
EU	2006	Applied	'Zalsachic'

First sold in France in May 2006.

Description: David Nichols, Rye, VIC.

Application Number 2007/122 **Variety Name** 'Zalsamon'

Genus Species Alstroemeria hybrid

Common Name Peruvian Lily

Synonym Lemon Accepted Date 13 Jun 2007

ApplicantVan Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, The NetherlandsAgentRamm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW

Qualified Person David Nichols

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing European Union

Authority

Overseas Data INC 892

Reference Number

Location Bunyip, VIC.

Descriptor Alstroemeia (*Alstroemeria*) TG/29/6.

Period Feb 2008.

Conditions Comparisons of most characteristics are based on Dutch

trials, which were assessed under conditions of controlled environment in glasshouses at Wageningen, the Netherlands. Flower descriptions of the candidate variety were crosschecked on plants growing in soil in a multispan polyhouse at Bunyip VIC. Flowers from these plants were cut in bud in February 2008 and transferred to Devon Meadows VIC, and placed in a solution of 5% sugar and 1 ml/l chlorine bleach. The flowers were assessed 3 days later. Descriptions of the comparators are derived from published in the Plant Varieties

Journal.

Trial Design MeasurementsCompletely randomised.
Taken from all plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '9818-1' x pollen parent '0023-1', in a planned breeding program at the applicants research station at Rijsenhout, the Netherlands. Both parents are non-commercial varieties within the breeding programme. Selection criteria: flower colour, plant shape and quality. Propagation: a number of mature stock plants were generated from the original seedling by tissue culture through 10 generations to confirm uniformity and stability. Breeder: Aart van Voorst, Van Zanten Plants B.V., Aalsmeer, the Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/I fant I are Context State of Expression in Group of varieties	Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varietic
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Flower colour yellow Flower size medium Outer tepal shape of blade broad obovate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOST SIIIIII	varieties of common timowicage identified (vert)	
Name	Comments	
'Kogoa'	PVJ 18(4)	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

1 002 20 0200	, while the both of the control of t					
Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression State of Expression in Commen			
	Characterist	ics	in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety		
'Stalove'	Stem	length	medium	long	PVJ 9(1)	
'Stalove'	Flower	size	medium	large		
'Stalove'	Outer tepal	shape of blade	e broad obovate	narrow obovate		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsamon'	'Kogoa'
*Stem: length	medium	medium to long
*Stem: thickness	thin to medium	medium to thick
*Stem: density of foliage	medium	medium
*Leaf: length	short	long
*Leaf: width	narrow	medium
*Leaf: shape of blade	narrow-elliptic	narrow-elliptic
*Leaf: longitudinal axis of blade	straight	recurved
*Inflorescence: number of branches in umbel	few	many
*Inflorescence: length of branches in umbel	short	medium
*Inflorescence: length of pedicel	medium	short to medium
*Flower: main colour	yellow	yellow
*Flower: size	medium	medium
*Flower: spread of tepals	medium	medium
*Outer tepal: shape of blade	broad obovate	broad obovate
*Outer tepal: depth of emargination	shallow	medium
*Outer tepal: main colour of inner side of blade (RHS colour chart)	7A, 13A	13B
*Outer tepal: stripes on inner side of blade	present	absent
*Outer tepal: number of stripes on inner side of blade	very few	
*Inner tepal: shape of blade	elliptic	obovate

zon	*Inner lateral tepal: main colour of inner side of middle e of blade (RHS colour chart)	7A, 13A	13B
	Inner lateral tepal: number of stripes on inner side of blade	medium	few to medium
	*Inner lateral tepal: size of stripes on inner side of blade	medium	medium
~	*Stamens: main colour of filament	pink	yellow
	*Stamens: small spots on filament	absent	absent
V	*Stamens: colour of anthers at the start of dehiscence	brownish	greenish
	Pistil: anthocyanin colouration of ovary	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Pistil: spots on the stigma	absent	absent
Cha	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Zalsamon'	'Kogoa'
	Inner median tepal: presence of yellow colour	present	present
	Inner median tepal: presence of stripes	present	present

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2007	Applied	'Zalsamon'
EU	2006	Applied	'Zalsamon'

First sold in Hungary in Jun 2006.

Description: David Nichols, Rye, VIC.

Application Number 2007/193 **Variety Name** 'Holdfast GT' **Genus Species** *Phalaris aquatica*

Common Name Phalaris **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 17 Aug 2007

Applicant Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Canberra, ACT and Australian Wool

Innovation Limited, Sydney, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Richard Culvenor

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Ginninderra Experiment Station ACT.

Descriptor Phalaris (*Phalaris*) PBR PHAL.

Period Aug 2006 – Feb 2008.

Conditions Seed was sown into wooden boxes containing potting mix in

May 2006 and germinated and grown in a glasshouse until plants were transferred to cold frames for cold-hardening in Jul and then transplanted to the field on 1 Aug 2006. Plants received soluble fertiliser and spray irrigation at transplanting and were irrigated several times during a severe drought in spring 2006. Plants were allowed to head in 2006 but heads were removed in Dec 2006 before seed was shed. Plants were mown at about 8 cm height in mid-Mar 2007 and fertilised with 12 kg P/ha and 40 kg N/ha. Plants received spray irrigation on 16 Apr 2007. Weeds were controlled by mowing and hand pulling. No herbicides or fungicides were used but numerous plants were affected to some extent by stem rust

during an extended wet period in spring 2007.

Trial Design 96 plants per line were arranged in a randomised block design

with 6 reps and 16 plants per rep on a 1m x 1m spacing.

Measurements All available plants were measured for all attributes except

for length and width of the first leaf below the flag leaf, and panicle and upper internode length, for which 72 plants taken at random were measured. Seedling size was scored on a 1-10 scale in Oct 2006. Time of inflorescence emergence was measured with day 0 as 26 Oct 2006. Vegetative leaf length and width were measured on 2 fully expanded leaves per plant on 30 Jul – 1 Aug 2007. Winter growth, tiller density and leaf fineness were scored on a 1-9 scale and leaf colour on a 1-5 scale (1 = light, 5 = dark) on 6-7 Aug 2007. Growth habit at inflorescence emergence was scored on a 1-9 scale (1 = very erect to 9 = very prostrate) in 2007. The proportion of plants with hairy glumes was assessed from 31 Oct – 2 Nov 2007, length and width of the first leaf below the flag leaf, and panicle and upper internode length, were measured from 11-14 Dec 2007, proportion of seed retaining plants on 9-10 Jan 2008 and the proportion of plants with non-shattering panicles on 14 Feb 2008. The proportion of plants showing red colouration in root tips was measured on germinating seedlings using 5 Petri dishes per line with approx. 100 seeds per dish. Colour intensity of red root tips ranged from intense to very faint. A small grazed sward experiment next to the spaced plant trial compared basal frequency measured as the proportion of squares in a grid which contained live base of phalaris. Cultivars were sown at 3 kg/ha in autumn 1995, grazed intermittently in 2006 and continuously through 2007 until frequency was measured in Nov 2007. Only one generation of 'Holdfast GT' was in this trial.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Mass selection followed by half-sib family selection: three populations of winteractive phalaris were subjected to 2 cycles of selection for high persistence under heavy, largely continuous grazing pressure in the Canberra region. The cv. 'Holdfast' pre-basic population and a broadly-based seed-retaining population were selected on a half-sib family basis in replicated plot trials for both cycles. The 1988 open-pollinated generation of 'Perla Retainer', an early progenitor of cv. 'Atlas PG', underwent mass selection under grazing in the first cycle, and half-sib family selection in the second cycle. Cycle 2 selections were screened for levels of known alkaloids and plants with high levels were culled. Cycle 2 half-sib progeny were sown in replicated trials at three diverse sites to progeny-test potential parent plants for a winter-active cultivar with improved persistence. Parents were chosen mainly on persistence at two of the sites and also on good seed retention and reasonable second-year winter growth potential in the progeny. 'Holdfast GT' was formed from 19 parents. Pre-basic and basic generations were used for PBR tests. Breeder: CSIRO Plant Industry, Canberra, ACT.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	winter growth activity	medium to high or high
Plant	intact rachilla seed retention	medium or high or high to very high

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Holdfast'	Seed-retaining, similar winter growth
'Landmaster'	Seed-retaining, similar winter growth
'Advanced AT'	Seed-retaining, similar winter growth
'Atlas PG'	Seed retaining, similar winter growth, more summer dormant than 'Holdfast
	GT' but shares some common genetic background with 'Holdfast GT'.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distin	guishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Sirosa'	Plant	intact rachilla seed retention	high	absent
'Australian II'	Plant	winter growth activity	high	low to medium

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

_	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Holdfast GT'	'Advanced AT'	'Atlas PG'	'Holdfast'	'Landmaster'	
Plant: winter growth (late Jul-Aug)	medium to high	high	high	medium to high	high	
Plant: tiller density (late Jul-Aug)	medium to high	low to medium	low to medium	low to medium	low to medium	
Leaf: length (late Jul-Aug)	medium	long to very long	long	long	long	
Leaf: width (late Jul-Aug)	narrow to medium	broad	broad to very broad	broad	broad	
Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	early to medium	early to medium	early to medium	early to medium	medium	
Plant: growth habit at inflorescence emergence	semi-erect	semi-erect	erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence	medium to tall	medium to tall	ltall	tall	medium to tall	
Plant: proportion of plants with hairs on outer glumes	medium	medium to high	very high	medium to high	medium to high	
Stem: length of longest stem including inflorescence (when fully expanded)	medium to long	medium to long	long to very long	long	long	
Stem: length of upper internode (when fully expanded)	r medium	medium	long	medium to long	medium	
Inflorescence: length (when fully expanded)	long	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long	long	
First leaf below flag leaf: length (when fully expanded)	medium	medium to long	long	long	long	
First leaf below flag leaf: width (same leaf as that used for 12)	medium to broad	broad	very broad	broad	broad	
Plant: proportion of plants with intact rachilla seed retention	high	high	high	high to very	medium	
Plant: proportion of plants with non-shattering	medium	medium	very high	high to very high	medium to high	

inflorescences approx. 6 weeks after seed maturity

Plant: proportion of	medium to	absent or very	low to	1.
plants with red root tips	high	low	medium	medium
in germinating seedlings	C			

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Holdfast GT'	'Advanced AT'	'Atlas PG'	'Holdfast'	'Landmaster'
Seedling: growth	high	high	high	high to very high	high
Leaf: colour	medium to dark	light to medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: fineness	medium to narrow	broad to medium	broad to medium	broad to medium	medium
Sward: basal frequency after 2 years of grazing	high to very			medium to high	medium to high

Statistical Table

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part:	'Holdfast	'Advanced	'Atlas PG'	'Holdfast'	'Landmaster'
Context	GT'	AT'	AuasiG	Holulast	Landinastei
Leaf: length (late Jul	to Aug) (mm)				
Mean	268.60	310.90	285.10	294.00	286.70
Std. Deviation	50.20	59.70	44.90	63.20	57.20
LSD/sig	30.80	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	b	ab	ab	ab
Method Used	ANOVA				
leaf: width (late Jul t	to Aug) (mm)				
Mean	13.18	15.05	15.16	15.00	14.92
Std. Deviation	2.03	1.99	1.95	2.35	2.21
LSD/sig	0.96	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	b	b	b	b
Method Used	ANOVA				
Plant: time of inflore	escence emerge	nce (days)			
Mean	12.53	11.11	12.60	11.87	14.04
Std. Deviation	4.08	3.92	4.19	4.60	4.73
LSD/sig	2.54	ns	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	ab	b	ab	ab	a
Method Used	ANOVA				
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence (cm)					
Mean	102.10	103.70	111.10	106.80	103.10
Std. Deviation	18.54	16.22	16.75	20.43	21.75
LSD/sig	9.90	ns	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA				
Plant: proportion with hairs on outer glumes (cm)					

Plant: proportion with hairs on outer glumes (cm)

Mean	46.00	61.70	90.90	52.50	59.80
Std. Deviation	5.30	5.03	3.02	4.97	5.07
Chi-square /sig	6.635	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
					
Means Separation	a	b	c	ab	ab
Method Used	Chi-square				
Ctom. longth of long		::	a a (v. 11 a a f. 11 v.		`
Stem: length of long					
Mean	140.60	137.80	150.30	143.40	144.50
Std. Deviation	13.60	15.20	14.50	14.90	13.90
LSD/sig	9.60	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	b	ab	ab
Method Used	ANOVA	u	C	uo	
	ANOVA				
Stem: length of uppe	er internode (w	hen fully expan	ided) (cm)		
Mean	30.06	30.96	35.05	33.95	31.81
Std. Deviation	5.19	5.90	5.99	5.81	7.10
LSD/sig	4.48	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	ab	b	ab	ab
Method Used	ANOVA				
Пта	. 1 0 11	1 1			
Inflorescence: length					
Mean	85.42	77.62	77.58	80.82	86.74
Std. Deviation	13.42	15.39	13.26	15.35	16.19
LSD/sig	9.89	ns	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA	а	а	a	а
	ANOVA				
First leaf below flag	leaf: length (w	hen fully expar	nded) (mm)		
Mean	119.20	120.88	134.57	142.10	135.52
Std. Deviation	24.90	32.50	28.40	32.20	32.90
LSD/sig	22.20	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	a	ab	ab	b	ab
Method Used	ANOVA				
▼ T: (1 C1 1 C1	1 6 111 /	1 6 .1 .	10 1 11		
First leaf below flag					44 = 0
Mean	11.00	11.93	12.81	11.61	11.79
Std. Deviation	1.98	2.13	1.79	2.34	2.28
LSD/sig	1.20	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	ab	b	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA	ao	O	u	u
	ANOVA				
Plant: proportion with	th intact rachill	a seed retention	n (%)		
Mean	76.10	78.10	73.00	83.50	51.60
Std. Deviation	4.09	3.53	4.19	3.42	4.82
Chi-square /sig	6.635	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	a	a	a	b
Method Used	Chi-square				
Dlanti manantian vvi	(1144: -1-			-1Ct 1 .	
Piant: proportion wit					
Mean	57.10	58.30	90.20	81.00	64.50
Std. Deviation	4.72	4.52	8.13	3.49	4.61
Chi-square /sig	6.635	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	a	a	b	b	a
Method Used	Chi-square		-	-	
monion obou	om square				

Plant: proportion wit	th red root tips	in germinating	seedlings (%)		
Mean	53.40	2.20	63.20	36.40	48.70
Std. Deviation	10.50	3.10	9.86	7.82	9.95
Chi-square /sig	6.635	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	c	a	d	b	c
Method Used	Chi-square				
Sward: basal frequer	ncy after 2 year	s grazing (%)			
Mean	73.90			55.80	55.10
Std. Deviation	7.71			14.14	5.05
LSD/sig	13.50			P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a			b	b
Method Used	ANOVA				

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Richard Culvenor, CSIRO, Canberra, ACT.

Application Number 2007/188

Variety Name 'Advanced AT' Genus Species 'Phalaris hybrid

Common Name Phalaris **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Aug 2007

Applicant Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Canberra, ACT and Australian Wool

Innovation Limited, Sydney, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Richard Culvenor

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Ginninderra Experiment Station, ACT.

Descriptor Phalaris (*Phalaris*) PBR PHIL.

Period Aug 2006 – Feb 2008.

Conditions Seed was sown into wooden boxes containing potting mix in

May 2006 and germinated and grown in a glasshouse until plants were transferred to cold frames for cold-hardening in Jul and then transplanted to the field on 1 Aug 2006. Plants received soluble fertiliser and spray irrigation at transplanting and were irrigated several times during a severe drought in spring 2006. Plants were allowed to head in 2006 but heads were removed in Dec 2006 before seed was shed. Plants were mown at about 8 cm height in mid-Mar 2007 and fertilised with 12 kg P/ha and 40 kg N/ha. Plants received spray irrigation on 16 Apr 2007. Weeds were controlled by mowing and hand pulling. No herbicides or fungicides were used but numerous plants were affected to some extent by stem rust

during an extended wet period in spring 2007.

Trial Design 96 plants per line were arranged in a randomised block design

with 6 reps and 16 plants per rep on a 1m x 1m spacing

Measurements All available plants were measured for all attributes except

for length and width of the first leaf below the flag leaf, and panicle and upper internode length, for which 72 plants taken at random were measured. Seedling size was scored on a 1-10 scale in Oct 2006. Time of inflorescence emergence was measured with day 0 as 26 Oct 2006. Vegetative leaf length and width were measured on 2 fully expanded leaves per plant on 30 Jul – 1 Aug 2007. Winter growth, tiller density and leaf fineness were scored on a 1-9 scale and leaf colour on a 1-5 scale (1 light, 5 dark) on 6-7 Aug 2007. Growth habit at inflorescence emergence was scored on a 1-9 scale (1 = very erect to 9 = very prostrate) in 2007. The proportion of plants with hairy glumes was assessed from 31 Oct – 2 Nov 2007. Length and width of the first leaf below the flag leaf, and panicle and upper internode length, were measured from 11-14 Dec 2007, proportion of seed-retaining plants on 9-10 Jan 2008 and the proportion of plants with non-shattering panicles on 14 Feb 2008. Al tolerance was measured in nutrient solution of pH 4.2 containing 100 µM Al with 75 plants per cultivar arranged in 10 reps. 30 plants arranged in 4 reps were also grown in the absence of Al to allow tolerance to be calculated as relative root elongation (+Al/-Al). Nutrient solution was that used by Requis & Culvenor (2004) Euphytica 139, 9-18, but at 80% strength. The proportion of plants showing red colouration in root tips was measured on germinating seedlings using 5 Petri dishes per line with approx. 100 seeds per dish. Colour intensity of red root tips ranged from intense to very faint.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: F₁ hybrids between *Phalaris aquatica* and *Phalaris* arundinacea were backcrossed to bulk pollen of P. aquatica populations including a broadly-based, seed-retaining population and precursors of cv. 'Holdfast'. BC₁ and BC₂ progeny were screened in 10 ppm Al in nutrient solution and 50 relatively Altolerant genotypes selected (16 BC₁ + 34 BC₂). The 50 genotypes were crossed with progeny of the same plants that flowered at acid field sites in VIC. After 2 cycles of random recombination without selection, backcross plants plus some extra P. aquatica plants underwent two cycles of selection at acid field sites in VIC and the ACT. Plants from 35 families were selected in 1994 and recombined to give the 'AT94' generation which has 13% of its parentage from P. arundinacea. 'AT94' was subjected to 2 annual cycles of between and within half-sib family selection for seedling growth on acid soil at one site followed by a 2-year cycle of between and within half-sib family selection for seedling and second-year growth and seed-retention at two acid sites to give the 'AT98' generation. 'Advanced AT' was formed from parents selected by progeny testing 'AT98' families at two sites in NSW and two sites in VIC high in available Al. Pre-basic and basic generations were used for PBR tests. Breeder: CSIRO Plant Industry, Canberra, ACT.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	Kilowicuge	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	intact rachilla seed retention	medium or high or high to very high
Plant	winter growth habit	high or medium to high

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'Landmaster'	Seed-retaining, similar winter growth and habit, nearest in Al tolerance
'Holdfast'	Seed-retaining, similar winter growth and habit

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

varieties of Co	varience of common throwledge lachtified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Disting	uishing Characteristics	State of Expression in	State of Expression in		
			Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'Atlas PG'	Plant	summer dormancy	medium	high		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with		(TT 110 41	(T 1 ()
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Advanced AT'	'Holdfast'	'Landmaster'
Plant: winter growth (late Jul-Aug)	high	medium to high	high
Plant: tiller density (late Jul-Aug)	low to medium	low to medium	low to medium
Leaf: length (late Jul-Aug)	long to very long	long	long
Leaf: width (late Jul-Aug)	broad	broad	broad
Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	early to medium	early to medium	medium to late
Plant: growth habit at inflorescence emergence	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence	medium to tall	tall	medium to tall
Plant: proportion of plants with hairs on outer glumes	medium to high	medium	medium to high
Stem: length of longest stem including inflorescence (when fully expanded)	medium to long	long	long
Stem: length of upper internode (when fully expanded)	medium	medium to long	medium
Inflorescence: length (when fully expanded)	medium to long	medium to long	long
First leaf below flag leaf: length (when fully expanded)	medium to long	long	long
First leaf below flag leaf: width (same leaf as that used for 12)	broad	broad	broad
Plant: proportion of plants with intact rachilla seed retention	high	high to very high	medium
Plant: proportion of plants with non- shattering inflorescences approx. 6 weeks after seed maturity	medium	high to very high	medium to high
Plant: proportion of plants with red root tips in germinating seedlings	absent or very low	vlow to medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

CII	aracteristics Auditional to the Descript	101/1G		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Advanced AT'	'Holdfast'	'Landmaster'
V	Root: relative elongation in Al	medium to high	very low to low	low to medium
_	Seedling: growth	high	high	high
	Leaf: colour	light to medium	medium	medium
	Leaf: fineness	broad to medium	broad to medium	medium

Statistical Table

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Advanced AT'	'Holdfast'	'Landmaster'
Leaf: length (late Jul to Aug) (mm)			
Mean	310.90	294.00	286.70
Std. Deviation	59.70	63.20	57.20
LSD/sig	30.84	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
Leaf: width (late Jul to Aug) (mm)			
Mean	15.05	15.00	14.92
Std. Deviation	1.99	2.35	2.21
LSD/sig	0.96	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	(days)		
Mean	11.11	11.87	14.04
Std. Deviation	3.92	4.60	4.73
LSD/sig	2.54	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	ab	b
Method Used	ANOVA		
Plant: natural height at inflorescence en			
Mean	103.70	106.80	103.10
Std. Deviation	16.22	20.43	21.75
LSD/sig	9.90	ns	ns
Means Separation	a ANOVA	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
Plant: proportion with hairs on outer gl			
Mean	61.70	52.50	59.80
Std. Deviation	5.03	4.97	5.07
Chi-square/sig	6.635	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	Chi-square		
☐ Stem: length of longest stem including	inflorescence (whe	en fully expanded)	(mm)
Mean	137.80	143.40	144.50
Std. Deviation	15.20	14.90	13.90
LSD/sig	9.60	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
	C 11 1 1) (,	
Stem: length of upper internode (when			21.01
Mean	30.96	33.95	31.81
Std. Deviation	5.90	5.81	7.10
LSD/sig	4.48	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
Inflorescence: length (when fully expan	nded) (mm)		
Mean	77.62	80.82	86.74

Std. Deviation	15.39	15.35	16.19
LSD/sig	9.89	ns	ns
Means Separation	a.	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA	a	a
First leaf below flag leaf: length (when	fully expanded) (r	nm)	
Mean	120.88	142.10	135.52
Std. Deviation	32.50	32.20	32.90
LSD/sig	22.23	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
First leaf below flag leaf: width (same	leaf as that used fo	r length) (mm)	
Mean	11.93	11.61	11.79
Std. Deviation	2.13	2.34	2.28
LSD/sig	1.20	ns	ns
Means Separation	a	a	a
Method Used	ANOVA		
Plant: proportion with intact rachilla se	ed retention (%)		
Mean	78.10	83.50	51.60
Std. Deviation	3.53	3.42	4.82
Chi-square /sig	6.635	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	a	b
Method Used	Chi-square		
Plant: proportion with non-shattering in	nflorescences appro	ox. 6 weeks after se	eed maturity (%)
Mean	58.30	81.00	64.50
Std. Deviation	4.52	3.49	4.61
Chi-square /sig	6.635	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	a	b	ab
Method Used	Chi-square		
Plant: proportion with red root tips in g	erminating seedlin	gs (%)	
Mean	2.20	36.40	48.70
Std. Deviation	3.10	7.82	9.95
Chi-square /sig	6.635	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	b	c
Method Used	Chi-square		
Root: relative elongation in Al			
Mean	0.38	0.15	0.26
Std. Deviation	0.24	0.19	0.19
LSD/sig	0.108	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	c	b
	•	•	
Method Used	ANOVA		

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Richard Culvenor, CSIRO, Canberra, ACT.

Application Number 2007/275 **Variety Name** 'MAC03'

Genus SpeciesZoysia macranthaCommon NamePrickly Couch

Synonym Nara

Accepted Date 30 Nov 2007

Applicant Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Clarendon, NSW.

Descriptor Cynodon (Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis) PBR CYNO

Period Oct 2007 – Feb 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from cuttings,

planted into 200mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease treatments not

required. Plants trimmed 10 weeks before assessment.

Trial Design Thirty pots of each variety arranged in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination followed by seedling selection: seed parent *Zoysia macrantha*. 2000-2005: open pollination of *Zoysia macrantha* selections originally collected from NSW coastal areas including Central Coast and Wollongong. Each year, selections were made based on speed of growth and overall turf habit (density, ground coverage) and these were then the parents for the following year's selections. Slower varieties were discarded. The result was greatly improved growth rates more suited to lawn use. 2006-2007: the final selection was made from the parent selection 'T11'. This selection was considered to have a good turf habit, a broader leaf width, fast growth rate and good salt tolerance. The seed parent is characterised by narrow leaf width, medium growth vigour and medium salt tolerance. Selection took place in Clarendon, NSW in 2006. Selection criteria: broader leaf width, strong growth vigour, dense growth habit and strong salt tolerance. Propagation: vegetative, division is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Todd Layt, Clarendon, NSW. All work was carried out at Clarendon, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stolon	internode length	medium
Inflorescence	length of peduncle	medium
Inflorescence	anthers	present
Leaf	colour	yellow green

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar Varieties of Col	innon Knowledge identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'T11'	parent variety selected by Ozbreed.	
Terrigal ecotype		
Wollongong ecotype		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'MAC03'	'T11'	Terrigal ecotype	Wollongong ecotype
Plant: habit	stoloniferous	stoloniferous	stoloniferous	stoloniferous
Stolon: internode length	medium	medium	medium	medium
Stolon: internode thickness	broad	medium	medium	medium
Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	187A	187A	187A	187A
Leaf blade: shape	ligulate	ligulate	ligulate	ligulate
Leaf blade: length	long	medium to long	medium	medium
Leaf blade: width	broad	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: colour	146B	146A	146A	146A
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: apex	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute
Inflorescence: anthers	present	present	present	present

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'MAC03'	'T11'	Terrigal ecotype	Wollongong ecotype
Plant: vigour	strong to very strong	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium
Stolon: length	long to very long	medium	medium	short to medium
Stolon: diameter of node	medium to broad	narrow to medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: attitude	horizontal to semi-erect	horizontal to semi-erect	horizontal to semi-erect	horizontal to semi-erect
Leaf blade: profile in cross-section	flat	flat	flat	flat
Glume: predominant colour (RHS)	N186C	N186C	N186C	N186C
Inflorescence: length of spike	medium to long	medium to long	medium	medium
Peduncle: colour (RHS)	147B	147B	147B	147B

Statistical Table

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'MAC03'	'T11'	Terrigal ecotype	Wollongong ecotype
Stolon: length (cm)				
Mean	40.40	20.70	18.60	15.00
Std. Deviation	6.50	3.50	4.00	3.00
LSD/sig	7.06	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Stolon: length of inte	ernode (mm)			
Mean	28.80	27.70	30.10	26.00
Std. Deviation	7.20	6.80	6.50	5.60
LSD/sig	7.51	ns	ns	ns
Stolon: diameter of in	nternode (mm)			
Mean	1.95	1.34	1.44	1.40
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.20	0.20	0.20
LSD/sig	0.32	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stolon: diameter of n	ode (mm)			
Mean	2.60	2.04	2.23	2.40
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.40	0.30	0.30
LSD/sig	0.48	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Leaf blade: length (m	nm)			
Mean	96.30	63.90	43.70	53.20
Std. Deviation	11.90	23.30	13.40	13.40
LSD/sig	17.72	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (m	m)			
Mean	3.80	2.92	2.71	3.10
Std. Deviation	0.70	0.20	0.50	0.30
LSD/sig	0.49	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length	of spike (mm)			
Mean	52.20	49.90	45.50	40.10
Std. Deviation	3.90	4.90	4.70	9.60
LSD/sig	7.10	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Peduncle: length (mr	n)			
Mean	122.60	136.90	102.90	97.20
Std. Deviation	21.50	22.90	25.00	24.60
LSD/sig	26.73	ns	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW.

Application Number 2005/081 **Variety Name** 'C96-97'

Genus Species Vaccinium ashei
Common Name Rabbiteye Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 19 May 2005

Applicant CostaExchange Ltd, Corindi Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seed parent ['F91-61']x['83-109'] in 1993 in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. The seed parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing, medium to broad leaf width and small to medium fruit diameter. 1993: fruit harvested in Florida, USA. 1994: 200 seedlings grown in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. 1995: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and between 1% and 2% of seedlings initially identified as having possible commercial merit. These were propagated by cuttings and 6-12 of each grown on for further evaluation One of these was 'C96-97'. 1997: 'C96-97' concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 1996-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'C96-97'. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 1996. Selection criteria: Plant shape/vigour, winter foliage type, flower/fruit timing, fruit: suitable size, firmness, colour, small picking scar. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	intensity of bloom	medium - strong
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	shape	globose
Fruit	firmness when ripe	firm
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Becky Blue'	commercial variety
'Climax'	commercial variety
'Brightwell'	commercial variety
'Powder Blue'	commercial variety

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}$ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparator	s are marked	with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'С96-97'	'Becky Blue'	'Brightwell'	'Climax'	'Powder Blue'
▼ *Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	upright	upright	bushy to spreading	strongly upright to upright
*Fruit: intensity of bloom	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium	strong
*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark	very dark	very dark	very dark	very dark
*Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium	weak	medium	medium
□ *Fruit: acidity	weak to medium	medium	medium	medium	weak to medium
*Time of: bud burst	early to medium	medium to late	late	late to very late	late
*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early to early	early	medium to late	emedium	late to very late
*Time of: fruit ripening	very early to early	early	medium to late	emedium	late to very late

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

	aracteristics Audition	iai to the Desc	TIPtOI/I G			
	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'C96-97'	'Becky Blue'	'Brightwell'	'Climax'	'Powder Blue'
~	Plant: growth vigour	weak to medium	medium to strong	very strong	strong	very strong
□ rip	Fruit: firmness when	firm	firm	firm	firm	firm
	Fruit: shape	globose	globose	globose	globose	globose
	Fruit: attitude of calyx	_K erect	erect	erect	erect	erect
~	Fully developed leaf:	medium	medium to long	long	medium	medium

length					
Fully developed leaf: width		broad	broad	medium	broad
Fully developed leaf: shape	-	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	147A	137A	147A	147A	137A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side		medium	dark	medium	light
Fully developed leaf: margin		serrate	serrate	serrate	serrate
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	weak	weak	weak	weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	concave	concave	concave	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight	straight	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	broad acute	broad acute	broad acute	broad acute	broad acute
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	long	long	medium	short to medium	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	narrow
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	absent	present	present	present	present
Flower: protrusion of stigma	present	present	present	present	present
Fruit: diameter	large	large	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	3.5	3.0	2.3	2.0	2.0
Fruit: depth of calyx basin	deep	medium	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: size of scar	medium to large	small	very small to small	small	very small to small

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C96-97'	'Becky Blue'	'Brightwell'	'Climax'	'Powder Blue'
Leaf: length (mm)					
Mean	71.30	74.10	83.10	66.20	70.90
Std. Deviation	5.80	5.20	7.00	4.80	4.00
LSD/sig	6.24	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Leaf: width (mm)					
Mean	30.30	37.20	37.40	30.00	36.70
Std. Deviation	3.20	4.10	5.60	2.50	2.90
LSD/sig	4.36	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: length:width ra	ıtio				
Mean	2.37	2.01	2.24	2.22	1.94
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.10
LSD/sig	0.25	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter (mm))				
Mean	19.40	17.40	16.10	15.70	15.70
Std. Deviation	1.50	1.30	0.70	1.40	1.00
LSD/sig	1.39	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Calyx: diameter of ba	asin (mm)				
Mean	5.40	6.00	6.80	5.70	7.50
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.50	0.50	0.80	1.00
LSD/sig	0.81	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/189 **Variety Name** 'KP4'

Genus Species Chloris gayana
Common Name Rhodes Grass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 13 Sep 2006

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Donald S. Loch

Details of Comparative Trial

Location DPI&F Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD

(Latitude 27°31'S, 153°15'E, elevation <25 masl).

Descriptor General Descriptor

Period 18 Nov 2007 – 23 Apr 2008.

Conditions Seed sown on 18 Nov 2007 and seedlings later transplanted

individually into 40 x 40mm tubes (one per tube). Seedlings planted out on a spaced plant grid (3m X 3m) on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil on 17 Dec 2007; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon at time of planting; pre-plant mixed fertiliser (N:P:K:S = 14.9:4.34:13.0:12.92) applied and incorporated on 14 Dec 2007, giving 100 kg N, 29.1 kg P, 87.3 kg K, and 86.7 kg S per hectare; separation between spreading plants maintained by spraying the inter-plant strips (c. 50 cm wide) with

glyphosate on 21 Feb 2008.

Trial Design Sixty (60) spaced plants of each cultivar ('KP4', 'Nemkat')

arranged in twelve (12) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 3 m between plots, 3 m between plants within

plots.

Measurements Four (4) diameter of spread measurements were taken per

plant (11 Feb 2008); stolon stem and leaf characteristics were measured on 20 Feb 2008 (one stolon sample per plant); growth habit of each plant was assessed on 20 Feb 2008; mature culm and inflorescence measurements were taken 16-

23 Apr 2008 (one reproductive culm per plant).

RHS Chart - edition 2001 edition

Origin and Breeding

Synthetic cultivar derived from four (4) generations of mass selection: 'KP4' is based on selected F_4 progeny of 8 plants showing a low, creeping, tight-matted, late flowering growth habit. The original parental breeding population was selected from among 1600 diploid Rhodes grass seedlings grown as spaced plants; seven of the selected parental plants were from 'Katambora' and the eighth (which did not contribute as a maternal parent beyond the F_1 generation) was a seedling from an unreleased accession. Four (4) cycles of mass selection were conducted, in which the selected plants from the previous generation were allowed to inter-cross in isolation in the field, and the resultant progeny later grown as spaced plants in the field for the

next cycle of selection. Selection was for the following attributes: prostrate creeping early growth habit with short stolon internodes resulting in a dense stolon mat; leafy appearance; fine leaf and stem; and late flowering (i.e. a long period of vegetative growth before flowering). 'KP4' is a synthetic Rhodes grass cultivar multiplied from the selected fourth-generation plants produced by this line of breeding. Breeder: Donald S. Loch, Cleveland, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Chromosome number	ploidy	diploid
Flower	date of flowering	late
Plant	growth habit	spreading, creeping, tending prostrate during early growth

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Nemkat'	Diploid 'Katambora'-type Rhodes grass, late flowering, spreading growth habit.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin Characteristi	_	State of Expression State of Expression in Comments in Candidate Variety Comparator Variety			
'Finecut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading, creeping, tending prostrate during early growth	erect, tussocky plants	'Katambora'- type Rhodes grass	
'Finecut'	Flower	flowering date		early	Early-flowering 'Katambora'-type Rhodes grass	
'Topcut'	Plant	growth habit	spreading, creeping, tending prostrate during early growth	erect, tussocky plants	'Pioneer'-type Rhodes grass	
'Topcut'	Flower	flowering date	late	early	Early-flowering 'Pioneer'-type Rhodes grass	
'Callide'	Chromosome number	ploidy	diploid	tetraploid	Quantitative short-day flowering behaviour	
'Samford'	Chromosome number	ploidy	diploid	tetraploid	Quantitative short-day flowering behaviour	

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KP4'	'Nemkat'
Plant: type	herbaceous perennial	herbaceous perennial
Plant: growth habit	spreading	spreading
Plant: time of beginning of flowering	late	late
Plant: time of maturity	late	late
Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KP4'	'Nemkat'
Plant: type	mat-forming	
Plant: spreading	spreading laterally by stolons	y
Stolon: nodes	compound nodes with up to 2 leaves	compound nodes with up to 2 leaves
Stolon: internode length	medium-short	
Stolon: internode thickness	medium-fine	
Culm: length	medium-short	
Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular	linear-triangular
-	medium	micar transgatar
Leaf blade: length	medium	
Leaf blade: width	fringed membrane	.
Ligule: type	0.4-0.6 mm long	
Inflorescence: type		panicle with up to e20 or more spicate branches
Peduncle: length	long	long
2 00000000 1000000		C
Statistical Table	(IZD4)	(NT) 49
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KP4'	'Nemkat'
Plant: mean plant diameter 85 days after sowing (cm)	272.00	200.50
Mean Std. Deviation	373.80 49.40	380.50 32.10
LSD/sig	18.8	32.10 ns
Stolon: length of fourth internode from stolon tip (mm)	10.0	113
Mean	152.70	147.20
Std. Deviation	39.80	34.40
LSD/sig	17.6	ns
Stolon: diameter of fourth internode from stolon tip (mm)		
Mean	3.02	3.30
Std. Deviation	0.42	0.52
LSD/sig	0.23	P≤0.01
Stolon: stolon internode length: diameter ratio		
Mean Page 204 of 440	50.50	44.70

6.1.5	11.40	7.00
Std. Deviation	11.40 4.6	7.90 P≤0.01
LSD/sig		F <u>≤</u> 0.01
Stolon: number of lateral shoots at fourth visible not		2.42
Mean	6.10	3.42
Std. Deviation	3.07	1.54
LSD/sig	1.16	P≤0.01
Stolon leaf: length of leaf blade on fourth visible no		
Mean	89.80	115.80
Std. Deviation	25.00	38.00
LSD/sig	17.2	P≤0.01
Stolon leaf: width of leaf blade on fourth visible nod	le from stolon tip (mm))
Mean	5.69	5.84
Std. Deviation	0.95	1.01
LSD/sig	0.44	ns
Stolon leaf: length:width ratio of leaf blade on fourth	n visible node from sto	lon tip
Mean	15.90	19.80
Std. Deviation	4.00	5.10
LSD/sig	2.3	P≤0.01
Culm: length of mature culm (mm)		
Mean	1305.70	1485.50
Std. Deviation	215.70	152.00
LSD/sig	95.7	P≤0.01
Culm: number of culm nodes (excluding peduncle ar	nd plant base)	
Mean	6.82	7.71
Std. Deviation	1.21	1.50
LSD/sig	0.65	P≤0.01
Stolon leaf: length of leaf sheath on fourth visible no	ode from stolon tin (mr	
Mean	49.20	62.60
Std. Deviation	13.90	12.90
LSD/sig	6.5	P≤0.01
		1_0.01
Culm: mean stem diameter of culm excluding pedun Mean	3.14	3.25
Std. Deviation	0.47	0.45
LSD/sig	0.21	ns
_	0.21	113
Culm: length of peduncle on flowering culms (mm) Mean	220.50	209.20
Std. Deviation	320.50 54.70	308.20 48.10
LSD/sig	25.5	
_		ns
Culm: diameter of peduncle on flowering culms (mn		1.06
Mean	1.06	1.06
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.15
LSD/sig	0.08	ns
Flag leaf: length of blade on flag leaf on flowering ti		04 = 2
Mean	85.50	91.70
Std. Deviation	37.00	44.60
LSD/sig	18.0	ns
Flag leaf: width of blade on flag leaf on flowering til		
Mean	3.60	3.51
Std. Deviation	1.11	1.27
LSD/sig Page 205 of 440	0.50	ns

Flag leaf: length: width ratio of flag leaf blade on flowering	g tillers	
Mean	24.01	26.91
Std. Deviation	7.42	11.58
LSD/sig	4.28	ns
Culm leaf: length of blade on fourth leaf on flowering tille	ers (mm)	
Mean	326.40	341.10
Std. Deviation	95.90	86.90
LSD/sig	40.8	ns
Culm leaf: width of blade on fourth leaf on flowering tilled	rs (mm)	
Mean	7.48	7.47
Std. Deviation	1.42	1.47
LSD/sig	0.66	ns
Culm leaf: length: width ratio of fourth leaf blade on flow	ering tillers	
Mean	44.70	46.60
Std. Deviation	13.80	12.90
LSD/sig	5.65	ns
Flower: days after sowing to first flowering		
Mean	95.90	98.50
Std. Deviation	9.20	10.60
LSD/sig	5.2	ns
Inflorescence: total length of spike per inflorescence (mm))	
Mean	1065.20	1291.00
Std. Deviation	366.90	341.80
LSD/sig	166.4	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: mean length of individual spikes (mm)		
Mean	81.70	97.40
Std. Deviation	14.00	14.70
LSD/sig	7.5	P≤0.01
☐ Inflorescence: number of spikes per inflorescence		
Mean	12.98	13.32
Std. Deviation	3.41	3.12
LSD/sig	1.59	ns
Plant: growth habit (0 = prostrate spreading, 9 = erect tuss	ock)	
Mean	2.76	3.73
Std. Deviation	1.18	1.07
LSD/sig	0.54	P≤0.01

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Oct 2005 under the name TolgaTM.

Description: D. S. Loch and M. B. Roche, DPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD.

Application Number 2006/125

Variety Name 'NOA83100B' Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 5 Aug 2006

ApplicantReinhard Noack, Gutersloh, GermanyAgentFlower Carpet Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) TG/11/8.

Period 2006-2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in an open polyhouse, temperature ranged

between 12 and 38 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with coco coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments applied as

required.

Trial Design 10 plants each of 'NOA83100B' and 'Meizerbil' on benches

two deep, arranged in blocks within the centralised testing

centre for roses.

Measurements From plants at random, one sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'NOA8310OB' was the resulting seedling from a cross between an unnamed seedling from the breeding stock held by Reinhard Noak (seed parent) and a climbing rose 'Rotossade' (pollen parent) in 2000. The seed parent is characterised by soft pink flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by a climbing growth habit. Selection criteria: the initial selection of this seedling took place between Jun and Sep 2001 on the basis of flower colour and was further selected from the seedling pool in 2002, 2003 and 2004. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: All work was conducted by or under the supervision of Reinhard Noak at his breeding facility in Gutersloh, Germany.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	ground cover
Plant	growth habit	strongly spreading
Flower	colour group	red
Flower	type	double
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one
Petal	main colour on the outer side	red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Meizerbil'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'NOA83100B'	'Meizerbil'
	*Plant: growth type	ground cover	ground cover
clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	strongly spreading	strongly spreading
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium
~	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	absent	present
	Stem: number of prickles	many to very many	many to very many
	Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	greenish
~	Leaf: size	small to medium	medium to large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium
~	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	medium to strong	weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	many to very many	many to very many
□ wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	many	many
~	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	elliptic	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	very few to few	very few to few
	*Flower: colour group	red	red
	Flower: colour of the centre	red	red
	Flower: density of petals	loose	loose
~	*Flower: diameter	small to medium	small
	*Flower: shape	round	round
v	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flat
•	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
~	*Sepal: extensions	weak to medium	absent or very weak

Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
*Petal: shape	obovate	rounded
Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Petal: reflexing of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Petal: undulation	weak	weak to medium
*Petal: size	small	very small to small
*Petal: length	short to medium	medium
*Petal: width	narrow to mediur	n medium
*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	50A	46C
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	medium
*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	white	white
*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	53D	53D
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	green	light yellow
Seed vessel: size	medium	medium to large
Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table	pitcher-shaped	pear-shaped
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'NOA83100B'	'Meizerbil'
Flower: diameter (mm)		
Mean Std. Deviation	61.72	47.10
	3.71	4.29

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Germany	2004	Granted	'NOA831OOB'
Chile	2006	Granted	'NOA831OOB'
EU	2005	Applied	'NOA83100B'
USA	2005	Applied	'NOA83100B'
New Zealand	2007	Applied	'NOA83100B'

First sold in Germany in Sep 2005. First Australian sale Nov 2005.

 $Description: {\bf Christopher\ Prescott,\ Clyde,\ VIC}.$

Application Number2006/113Variety Name'Lexaanas'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

Applicant Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling, Kudelstaart, The Netherlands

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm (3 plants per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Single rows of 330mm pots on benches with 3 plants in each

set out in a triangular pattern. 160 plants of 'Lexaanas' and 80

plants of 'Intermalauk'.

Measurements From plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Lexaanas' was the resultant seedling from a cross between an unnamed seedling 'LR98-25' and 'Schosonne' in May 1999. The seed parent is characterised by red flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by dark pink flower colour. The initial selection took place in Jan 2000 from a population of seedlings and was trialled and tested for its suitability as a cut rose variety until its final selection in Mar 2003. All work was conducted by or under the supervision of Lex Voorn at his property in Kudelstaart, The Netherlands.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

State of Expression in Group of Varieties
bed
double
pink blend
irregularly rounded
two
two tones of purple pink
ł I

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Intermalauk'	Flower colour was chosen when both candidate and comparator were mature

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Character	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Schosonne'	Flower	colour	two toned purple pink	single tone deep pink	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	/=	<i>(</i>
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lexaanas'	'Intermalauk'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright
Plant: height	tall	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium
Stem: number of prickles	medium	very few to few
Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	greenish
Leaf: size	large to very large	e medium to large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	medium to dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	medium
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	obtuse
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	many
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	very few	medium
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	many	many
*Flower: colour group	pink blend	pink blend
Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
Flower: density of petals	dense	dense
*Flower: diameter	large	medium
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex

		CI .	
*Flower: profile of lower part		flat	concave
Flower: fragrance		absent or weak	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions		medium to strong	weak
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by	y-one	present	present
*Petal: shape	*Petal: shape		obovate
Petal: incisions		weak	weak
Petal: reflexing of margin		medium	medium
Petal: undulation		medium	medium
*Petal: size		medium to large	small
*Petal: length		medium	short
*Petal: width		medium	medium
*Petal: number of colours on inr	ner side	two	two
*Petal: intensity of colour		lighter towards the base	elighter towards the base
*Petal: main colour on the inner	side (RHS Colour Chart)	70D	70C
*Petal: secondary colour (varietic colours on inner side of petal only) (N57C	N57C
*Petal: distribution of secondary (varieties with two or more colours		as a flush	at base
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side		massant	mmagant
*Petal: basal spot on the inner si	de	present	present
*Petal: basal spot on the inner si *Petal: size of basal spot on inner		small to medium	small to medium
	er side	-	-
*Petal: size of basal spot on inne	er side nner side	small to medium	small to medium
*Petal: size of basal spot on inne *Petal: colour of basal spot on in	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart)	small to medium light yellow	small to medium white
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart)	small to medium light yellow N59B	small to medium white N57D
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink	small to medium white N57D light yellow
 *Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer ✓ Outer stamen: predominant colo ✓ Seed vessel: size ✓ Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table 	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colour Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm)	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas'	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk'
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flower: number of petals	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91 8.19	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98 P≤0.01
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flower: number of petals Mean	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91 8.19 46.60	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98 P≤0.01 59.60
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flower: number of petals Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91 8.19 46.60 8.44	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98 P≤0.01 59.60 7.09
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flower: number of petals Mean Std. Deviation	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament n	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91 8.19 46.60 8.44	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98 P≤0.01 59.60 7.09
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner *Petal: colour of basal spot on in *Petal: main colour on the outer Outer stamen: predominant colo Seed vessel: size Hip: shape in longitudinal section Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flower: number of petals Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Prior Applications and Sales	er side nner side side (RHS Colour Chart) ur of filament n Current Status	small to medium light yellow N59B pink small funnel-shaped 'Lexaanas' 97.06 4.91 8.19 46.60 8.44 14.28	small to medium white N57D light yellow medium pitcher-shaped 'Intermalauk' 53.76 3.98 P≤0.01 59.60 7.09

First sold in Kenya in Apr 2004.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2006/114 **Variety Name** 'Lexarev' **Genus Species** *Rosa* hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

Applicant Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling, Kudelstaart, The Netherlands

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm (3 plants per pot) and in an open polyhouse without shade, temperature ranged between 12 and 38 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design 160 plants of 'Lexarev' on benches two plants deep, arranged

in rows as part of commercial flower growing operation and 8 plants of 'Tan00996' on benches two plants deep, arranged in

blocks within the centralised testing centre for roses.

Measurements From 6 plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Lexarev' was the resultant seedling between an unnamed seedling 'LV99-127' (seed parent) bred by Lex Voorn and 'Tanaledev' (pollen parent) in May 2002. The seed parent is characterised by dark red flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised cream flower colour. Selection criteria: this seedling was originally selected in May 2003 on the basis of flower colour and went through four more selection cycles prior to the final selection in Jan 2004. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: All work was carried out by or under the supervision of Lex Voorn at his breeding facility in Kudelstaart, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright
Flower	colour group	pink
Flower	type	double
Flower	diameter	medium/large
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one
Petal	main colour on the outer side	pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

111080 Simmar Various of Common Timo Wieage Identified (VCII)		
Name	Comments	
'Tan00996'	This variety is a pink mutation from the pollen	
	parent.	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lexarev'	'Tan00996'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright
Plant: height	tall	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	weak to medium
Stem: number of prickles	medium to many	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	large to very large	e large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	cordate
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	obtuse	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
☐ Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	few
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	very few	very few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
-		

*Flower: number of natals	madium	madium to many
Thower, number of petals	medium	medium to many
*Flower: colour group	pink	pink
Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	medium
*Flower: diameter	medium to large	large
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex
*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions	medium to strong	medium
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
*Petal: shape	obcordate	obcordate
Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Petal: reflexing of margin	medium to strong	medium
Petal: undulation	very weak to weak	weak
*Petal: size	medium to large	medium to large
*Petal: length	medium	short to medium
*Petal: width	broad	medium to broad
*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	63D	65A
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
□ *Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium	medium to large
*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	white	white
*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	63B	65B
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	white	white
Seed vessel: size	medium	small
Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped
Statistical Table		(
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lexarev'	'Tan00996'
Flower: number of petals Mean	27.40	37.60
Std. Deviation	5.51	3.36
LSD/sig	8.35	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil}$

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2006/042 **Variety Name** 'Krilloween' **Genus Species** Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 30 May 2006

ApplicantLux Riviera S.r.l., Bevera di Ventimiglia, ItalyAgentGrandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) TG/11/8.

Period 2006-2007

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm (3 plants per pot) and in an open polyhouse without shade, temperature ranged between 12 and 38 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design 10 plants of 'Krilloween' on benches two plants deep,

arranged in rows and 8 plants of 'Korweineu' on benches two plants deep, arranged in blocks within the centralised testing

centre for roses.

Measurements From plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: between an unnamed seedling (seed parent) and 'Interverma' (pollen parent) in 1995. The seed parent is characterised by salmon flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by pink flower colour with fuchsia edge. The resulting seedling was planted in the initial trial in 1996 and was trialled over a number of cycles until final selection in 1999. The breeding and initial selections were carried out by Madame Michel Kriloff. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: The final selection and decision to commercialise was carried out under the direction of Mr Alessandro Ghione, Managing Director of Lux Riviera S.r.l.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
growth type	bed
growth habit	upright
colour group	brown blend
type	double
diameter	medium to large
number of colours on	one
	growth type growth habit colour group type diameter

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillilai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Korweineu'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Ruilav'	Flower	colour	brownish pink tones	lilac with brown outer petals	The colour of the candidate is predominately brown, whereas the comparator is predominately lilac.
'Tan 99520'	Flower	colour	brownish pink tones	orange with pinkish tones	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Krilloween'	'Korweineu'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright
Plant: height	medium to tall	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	medium
Stem: number of prickles	medium	absent or very few
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	
Leaf: size	large to very large	e large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	dark to very dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	medium to strong
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak

	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	cordate	cordate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few to medium	few
□ wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	very few	very few
~	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	brown blend	brown blend
	Flower: density of petals	medium	loose to medium
	*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium to large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
~	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flat
~	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	medium
	*Sepal: extensions	medium to strong	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
~	*Petal: shape	rounded	obcordate
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium	very weak to weak
	Petal: undulation	medium	medium to strong
	*Petal: size	medium to large	medium
	*Petal: length	medium	medium to long
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
~	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the base	even
V	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	186D	156D
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
~	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium to large	small
~	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	light yellow	medium yellow
~	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	186D	156D
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size	medium to large	medium to large

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Krilloween'	'Korweineu'
Flower: colour of the centre	brown	brown

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Krilloween'	'Korweineu'
Flower: number of petals		
Mean	31.60	48.40
Std. Deviation	5.23	3.51
LSD/sig	8.15	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Brazil	2004	Granted	'Krilloween'
Colombia	2003	Granted	'Krilloween'
Republic of Korea	2002	Granted	'Krilloween'
EU	2001	Granted	'Krilloween'

Prior application nil.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number2007/079Variety Name'WEKbecfoj'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym Soaring Spirits **Accepted Date** 01 May 2007

Applicant Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc., Upland, CA, USA **Agent** Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'POULclimb' x 'WEKroalt'. The seed parent is characterised by apricot amber flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by orange peach blend flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: plant growth habit, flower colour and size. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Tom Carruth, Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc., Upland, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Commi	variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Plant	growth type	climber			
Flower	type	semi-double			
Flower	colour group	yellow or red blend			
Flower	diameter	small			
Petal	number of colours on inner side	two			
Petal	main colour on the outer side	red-purple			
Petal	distribution of secondary colour	as segments or stripes			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;WEKroalt' syn Fourth of July

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WEKbecfoj'	'WEKroalt' syn Fourth of July
*Plant: growth type	climber	climber
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	moderately spreading	moderately spreading
Plant: height	tall	tall
Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	small to medium	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	absent or very weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	many	many
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	many	medium to many
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
$^{-}$ * Flower: type	semi-double	semi-double
*Flower: number of petals	few	few
*Flower: colour group	yellow blend	red blend
Flower: colour of the centre	yellow	pink
Flower: density of petals	loose	loose
*Flower: diameter	small	small
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flat
*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flat
Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions	absent or very	absent or very

		weak	weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
V	*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	obovate
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak	weak to medium
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak
	*Petal: size	small	small
	*Petal: length	short	short
V	*Petal: width	very broad	narrow to medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	two	two
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the base	lighter towards the base
V	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	62A	N57A(nearest)
col	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties with two or more ours on inner side of petal only) (RHS Colour Chart)	155B	58B
(vai	*Petal: distribution of secondary colour on inner side rieties with two or more colours on inner side of petal)	as segments or stripes	as segments or stripes
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium	small to medium
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	orange yellow	orange yellow
V	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	4C	N57C
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	orange	orange
	Seed vessel: size	small	small
V	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pear-shaped	pitcher-shaped

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2005	Granted	'WEKbecfoi'

First sold in USA in Dec 2004. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Application Number2007/077Variety Name'FRYcentury'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym Daybreaker **Accepted Date** 24 Apr 2007

Applicant Gareth Fryer, Knutsford, UK

Agent Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Silver Jubilee' x unnamed seedling. The seed parent is characterised by medium to light pink blend flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by creamy pink flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: plant growth habit, flower colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Gareth Fryer, Knutsford, Cheshire, UK.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	shrub
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	pink
Flower	diameter	medium
Flower	shape	irregularly rounded
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one
Petal	main colour on the inner side	light pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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	~	
Name	Comments	
Maille	Comments	

'Flirtatious'

\sim	-	(EDII :	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'FRYcentury'	'Flirtatious'					
	*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub					
clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	intermediate	intermediate					
	Plant: height	medium	short to medium					
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present					
~	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	very weak					
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	few to medium					
	Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	reddish					
	Leaf: size	small	medium					
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium					
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent					
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	weak					
V	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	weak					
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	circular	medium elliptic					
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded					
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute					
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	absent					
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few to few	few					
□ wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties	farr. ta farr.	f t f					
	h flowering laterals only)	very few to few	very few to few					
V	h flowering laterals only) Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	broad ovate					
_	• ,	·	•					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	broad ovate					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type	medium ovate double	broad ovate double					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type *Flower: number of petals	medium ovate double few to medium	broad ovate double few					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type *Flower: number of petals *Flower: colour group	medium ovate double few to medium pink	broad ovate double few pink					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type *Flower: number of petals *Flower: colour group Flower: colour of the centre	medium ovate double few to medium pink pink	broad ovate double few pink pink					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type *Flower: number of petals *Flower: colour group Flower: colour of the centre Flower: density of petals	medium ovate double few to medium pink pink loose	broad ovate double few pink pink loose					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type *Flower: number of petals *Flower: colour group Flower: colour of the centre Flower: density of petals *Flower: diameter	medium ovate double few to medium pink pink loose medium irregularly	broad ovate double few pink pink loose medium irregularly					
_	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section *Flower: type *Flower: number of petals *Flower: colour group Flower: colour of the centre Flower: density of petals *Flower: diameter *Flower: shape	medium ovate double few to medium pink pink loose medium irregularly rounded	broad ovate double few pink pink loose medium irregularly rounded					

	*Sepal: extensions	weak to medium	weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	medium
V	Petal: undulation	weak	absent or very weak
	*Petal: size	medium	medium
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards th	elighter towards the base
V	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	69A	69B
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
~	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium	small
V	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	medium yellow	light yellow
~	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	65D	N155B
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size	small	small
V	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	pitcher-shaped
	Hip: colour	green	green

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied **Current Status** 'FRYcentury' USA 2003 Granted

First sold in USA in Nov 2004.

Description: Finbarr O'Leary and Joanne Janhsen, Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW.

Application Number 2006/233

Variety Name 'Preratemp Purple'

Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Oct 2006

Applicant Preesman Royalty B.V., Naaldwijk, The Netherlands

Agent Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd, Clarinda, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm (3 plants per pot) and in an open polyhouse without shade, temperature ranged between 12 and 38 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design 160 plants of 'Lexletcsum' on benches two plants deep,

arranged in rows as part of commercial flower growing operation and 8 plants each of 'Preratemp Purple' and 'Intersnapni' on benches two deep, arranged in blocks within

the centralised testing centre for roses.

Measurements From plants at random, one sample per plants.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: 'Preratemp Purple' was a spontaneous mutation of the Preesman Royalty variety 'Preratemp' in the Preesman Royalty B.V. breeding facility in Rijsenhout, the Netherlands in Feb 2003. The parental variety is characterised by red flower colour. Selection criteria: the selection was initially made based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's stability and suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: 'Preratemp Purple' was selected by Ir. Theodorus Adrianus Segers, director of Preesman Royalty B.V. in Rijsenhout, the Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright
Flower	colour group	dark pink
Flower	type	double
Petal	number of colours on	one

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillina	differences of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)	
NI area a	Commonts	
Name	Comments	
'I avlatagum'		

^{&#}x27;Lexletcsum'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Preratemp'	Flower	colour	dark pink	red

gan/Plant Part: Context	'Preratemp Purple'	'Intersnapni'	'Lexletcsum'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding eties with growth type climber)	upright	upright	upright
Plant: height	medium to tall	tall to very tall	tall
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin puration	very weak	very weak to weak	medium
Stem: number of prickles	medium	few	very few to few
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	large	large to very large	large to very large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark	dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	medium	weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	obtuse	rounded	rounded
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	present
	*Plant: growth type *Plant: growth habit (excluding eties with growth type climber) Plant: height Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration Stem: number of prickles Prickles: predominant colour Leaf: size Leaf: intensity of green colour Leaf: anthocyanin colouration *Leaf: glossiness of upper side *Leaflet: undulation of margin *Terminal leaflet: shape of blade Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	*Plant: growth type *Plant: growth habit (excluding eties with growth type climber) Plant: height medium to tall Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration Stem: number of prickles medium Prickles: predominant colour reddish Leaf: size large Leaf: intensity of green colour medium Leaf: anthocyanin colouration present *Leaf: glossiness of upper side very weak *Leaflet: undulation of margin weak *Terminal leaflet: shape of blade Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	*Plant: growth type *Plant: growth habit (excluding eties with growth type climber) Plant: height

^{&#}x27;Intersnapni'

late	Flowering shoot: number of flowering rals	medium	few	very few
late only	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per ral (varieties with flowering laterals y)	medium	very few	very few
sect	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal tion	medium ovate	medium ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	pink	pink	pink
	Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink	pink
V	Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	loose to medium	medium to dense
	*Flower: diameter	large	large to very large	medium to large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex	flattened convex
V	*Flower: profile of lower part	concave	flat	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions	medium	medium	medium
~	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present	absent
~	*Petal: shape	obcordate	obcordate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak	medium	weak to medium
	Petal: undulation	medium	medium	weak to medium
	*Petal: size	medium	medium to large	medium to large
	*Petal: length	medium	medium to long	medium
V	*Petal: width	medium	medium to broad	broad to very broad
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even	even
(RF	*Petal: main colour on the inner side IS Colour Chart)	ca. 61B	57B	57A
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small	small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	_e white	white	white
~	*Petal: main colour on the outer side	57B	57B	66A

(RHS Colour Chart)

▽ fila	Outer stamen: predominant colour of ment	pink	light yellow	pink
V	Seed vessel: size	medium	medium	small
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Preratemp Purple'	'Intersnapni'	'Lexletcsum'
Flower: number of petals			
Mean	41.40	36.20	59.80
Std. Deviation	11.65	6.65	8.17
LSD/sig	22.0	ns	ns

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior application nil. First sold in Australia in Aug 2005.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number2007/084Variety Name'WEKosupalz'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym About Face **Accepted Date** 17 Apr 2007

Applicant Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc., Upland, CA, USA **Agent** Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' roostock and raised in open

beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: unnamed seedling x 'Hot Cocoa'. The seed parent is characterised by yellow flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by chocolate-orange flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: Flower colour, disease resistance and plant growth habit. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Tom Carruth, Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc., Upland, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

wilet of common time with the				
Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	growth type	shrub		
Flower	type	double		
Flower	diameter	small to medium		
Flower	shape	irregularly rounded		
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one		
Petal	Main colour on the inner side	yellow-orange/orange		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Comments
Con

'MACivy' syn Spek's Centennial

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'WEKosupalz'	'MACivy' syn Spek's Centennial
	*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
gro	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with wth type climber)	intermediate	intermediate
	Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Stem: number of prickles	many	medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	small to medium	small to medium
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	very weak to weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	acute
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
V	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	absent	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few to few	very few to few
□ (va	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral rieties with flowering laterals only)	very few to few	very few to few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium	few to medium
	*Flower: colour group	pink	orange
	Flower: colour of the centre	pink	orange
V	Flower: density of petals	medium to dense	loose
	*Flower: diameter	small to medium	small to medium
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flat
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions	weak	absent or very weak

V	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	P	prese	ent	absent
V	*Petal: shape		obco	rdate	obovate
	Petal: incisions		abser	nt or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin		weak		weak to medium
	Petal: undulation		weak		absent or very weak
V	*Petal: size		medi	um	small
~	*Petal: length		medi	um	short
V	*Petal: width		medi	um	narrow
	*Petal: number of colours on inner si	ide	one		one
~	*Petal: intensity of colour		even		lighter towards the base
▽ Cha	*Petal: main colour on the inner side	(RHS Colour	20A		24C
V	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side		abser	nt	present
▽ Cha	*Petal: main colour on the outer side	(RHS Colour	48A		31C
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of	f filament	medi	um yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size		small	l	small
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section		pitch	er-shaped	pitcher-shaped
	Prior Applications and Sales			.	
Cou UK US		Current State Applied Granted	ıs	Name Applied 'WEKosupalz' 'WEKosupalz'	

First sold in USA in Dec 2004. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Application Number 2007/083 **Variety Name** 'WEKmorfis' **Genus Species** *Rosa* hybrid

Common NameRoseSynonymRoute 66Accepted Date17 Apr 2007

Applicant Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc., Upland, CA, USA **Agent** Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8 **Period** Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: unnamed seedling x unnamed seedling. The seed parent is characterised by compact growth habit. The pollen parent is characterised by purple pink flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: flower colour and plant growth habit. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Tom Carruth, Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc., Upland, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

+ wilety of common time with the			
Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	growth type	shrub	
Flower	type	single	
Flower	colour group	purple	
Flower	diameter	small	
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one	
Petal:	main colour on the outer side	purple	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments		
Name Comments		
Name Comments	Nama	Commonts
	Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Rhapsody in Blue'

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'WEKmorfis'	'Rhapsody in Blue'
	*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
gro	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with wth type climber)	intermediate	intermediate
	Plant: height	medium	medium
V	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
V	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	very weak
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	small to medium	small to medium
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	light to medium	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	medium	few to medium
(var	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral rieties with flowering laterals only)	medium to many	medium
~	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	single	single
	*Flower: number of petals	very few	very few
	*Flower: colour group	purple	purple
	Flower: colour of the centre	purple	purple
	Flower: density of petals	very loose	very loose
	*Flower: diameter	small	small
	*Flower: shape	round	round
	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flat
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flat
~	Flower: fragrance	medium	absent or weak

*Sepal: extension	ons		abser	nt or very weak	absent or very weak
Petals: reflexing	g of petals one-by-on	ne	abser	nt	absent
*Petal: shape			obco	rdate	obcordate
Petal: incisions			abser	nt or very weak	absent or very weak
Petal: reflexing	of margin		abser	nt or very weak	absent or very weak
Petal: undulation	on		abser	nt or very weak	absent or very weak
*Petal: size			small		small
*Petal: length			short		short
*Petal: width			narro	w to medium	narrow
□ *Petal: number	of colours on inner s	side	one		one
*Petal: intensity	y of colour		lighte base	er towards the	lighter towards the base
*Petal: main co Chart)	lour on the inner side	e (RHS Colour	N78 <i>A</i>	A	79B
*Petal: basal sp	oot on the inner side		prese	nt	present
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side		medi	um	small	
*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side		light	yellow	white	
*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)		N780	C	N78C	
Outer stamen: p	oredominant colour o	of filament	purpl	e	light yellow
Seed vessel: size		very small to small		small	
Hip: shape in longitudinal section		pitch	er-shaped	pitcher-shaped	
Hip: colour	and Color		greer	ı	green
Prior Applications Country	Year	Current Stati	10	Name Applied	
USA	2002	Granted	us	'WEKmorfis'	

First sold in USA in Dec 2003. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Application Number 2007/080

Variety Name 'WEKhilpurnil' Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common NameRoseSynonymNeptuneAccepted Date26 Apr 2007

Applicant Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc., Upland, CA, USA **Agent** Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: unnamed seedling ('Blueberry Hill' x 'Stephen's Big Purple') x 'DElnible'. The seed parent is characterised by dark purple flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by lesser number of petals. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: flower colour and size. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Tom Carruth, Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc., Upland, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	shrub
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	purple
Flower	diameter	small to medium
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one
Petal:	main colour on the outer side	purple

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

N.T.	C
Name	Comments
1 tallic	Comments

'Blue Moon'

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'WEKhilpurnil'	'Rlue Moon'
	*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
П			
clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	intermediate	intermediate
	Plant: height	medium	medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	few to medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	medium	small to medium
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	very weak to weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	acute
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	absent	absent
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	very few
□ flow	Flowering shoot: number of flowers (varieties with no vering laterals only)	few	few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium	few to medium
	*Flower: colour group	purple	purple
	Flower: colour of the centre	purple	purple
	Flower: density of petals	medium	loose to medium
	*Flower: diameter	small to medium	small to medium
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
~	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flat
~	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex
	1		

	Flower: fragrance	medium	medium
V	*Sepal: extensions	weak	absent or very weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium	very weak to weak
	Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Petal: size	small to medium	small to medium
	*Petal: length	short to medium	short to medium
	*Petal: width	narrow to mediun	narrow to medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	76C	76C
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	absent	absent
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	very small	very small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	white	white
	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	76D	76D
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	light yellow
	Seed vessel: size	small to medium	small to medium
<u>v</u>	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year **Current Status** Name Applied Applied 'WEKhilpurnil' USA 2004

First sold in USA in Dec 2003. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Application Number2007/070Variety Name'JACthain'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym Tuscan Sun **Accepted Date** 11 Apr 2007

ApplicantJackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USAAgentSwane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'MACivy' x unnamed seedling. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed parent is characterised by brown bronze flower colour. Pollen parent is characterised by pink flower colour. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from this seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: Novel flower colour, fragrance and disease resistance. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Keith Zary, Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	shrub
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	orange
Flower	diameter	small to medium
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	Comments	
'MACivy' syn Spek's Centennial	seed parent	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JACthain'	'MACivy' syn Spek's Centennial
*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	semi upright	intermediate
Plant: height	short to medium	medium to tall
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	very weak to weak
Stem: number of prickles	medium to many	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	small to medium	small to medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	narrow elliptic	medium elliptic
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	acute
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	absent	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowers (varieties with no flowering laterals only)	few	
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	medium	few to medium
*Flower: colour group	orange	orange
Flower: colour of the centre	orange	orange
Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	loose
*Flower: diameter	small to medium	small to medium
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flat
*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak

	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	absent			
	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate			
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak			
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak	weak to medium			
	Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	absent or very weak			
	*Petal: size	small	small			
	*Petal: length	short	short			
	*Petal: width	narrow	narrow			
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one			
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the base	lighter towards the base			
▽ Cha	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour art)	31C	24C			
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present			
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small			
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	medium yellow	medium yellow			
▽ Cha	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour art)	41C	31C			
V	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	orange	medium yellow			
	Seed vessel: size	small	small			
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped			
Pri	Prior Applications and Salas					

Prior Applications and Sales

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2005Granted'JACthain'

First sold in USA in Jan 2005. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Application Number2007/072Variety Name'JACtourn'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Apr 2007

ApplicantJackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USAAgentSwane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2004 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'JACient' x 'MACtrum'. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. The seed parent is characterised by light coral pink flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by orange red flower colour. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: flower colour and size, plant growth habit. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Keith Zary, Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/PlantContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Part Plant	growth type	shrub	
Flower		double	
	type		
Flower	colour group	pink	
Flower	diameter	medium/large	
Petal number of colours on inner side one			
Petal	main colour on the outer side	pink	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

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Name	Comments	

'JACzor' syn Fame 98

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JACtourn'	'JACzor' syn Fame 98
*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	intermediate	intermediate
Plant: height	short to medium	medium to tall
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium
Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	reddish
Leaf: size	medium	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	acute
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	absent	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowers (varieties with no lowering laterals only)	very few	
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	medium	medium
*Flower: colour group	pink	pink
Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
Flower: density of petals	loose	loose
*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
1 lower. shape		
Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
_	flattened convex flat	flattened convex flattened convex

	*Sepal: extensions	weak	very weak to weak
V	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	present
~	*Petal: shape	obovate	rounded
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
V	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	weak
	Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Petal: size	medium	medium
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	
	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	N57A	N57A
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small
~	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	light yellow	orange yellow
V	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	N57A	58B
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	pink	pink
	Seed vessel: size	medium	medium
~	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	pitcher-shaped
	Hip: colour	green	
Pri	or Applications and Sales		

Country Name Applied Year **Current Status** 'JACtourn' USA 2004 Granted

First sold in USA in Dec 2005.

Application Number2007/073Variety Name'JACadyna'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym High Society **Accepted Date** 11 Apr 2007

ApplicantJackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USAAgentSwane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 – 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'JACsat' x 'JACclam'. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. The seed parent is characterised by red flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by salmon pink flower colour. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: Disease resistance, flower size and climbing growth habit. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Keith Zary, Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plan	nt Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type		climber
Flower	type		double
Flower	colour group		pink
Flower	diameter		small/medium
Petal	number of colo	ours on inner side	one
Petal	main colour on	the outer side	pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTILLE	various of common time wreage raching (, (11)
Marea	Comments	
Name	Comments	

'Dreamweaver'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified above and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin Characterist	U	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'JACsat'	Flower	colour	pink	red	seed parent
'JACclam'	Flower	colour	pink	salmon pink	pollen parent

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(TA C]	(D
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JACadyna'	'Dreamweaver'
*Plant: growth type	climber	climber
Plant: height	tall	tall
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak	medium to strong
Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	reddish
Leaf: size	medium to large	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	absent or very weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	medium elliptic
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	acute
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few	few
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	very few to few	few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	few to medium	medium
*Flower: colour group	pink	pink
Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
Flower: density of petals	loose	loose
*Flower: diameter	medium	small to medium
*Flower: shape	round	irregularly rounded
Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex
*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
*Petal: shape	obcordate	obovate
Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak

	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium	weak	
~	Petal: undulation	weak	absent or very weak	
V	*Petal: size	medium	small	
	*Petal: length	medium	medium	
	*Petal: width	medium	narrow	
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one	
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even	
V	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	N66A	65C	
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present	
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small	
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	light yellow	light yellow	
V	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	67B	65B	
V	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	pink	
V	Seed vessel: size	medium	small	
V	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped	
	Hip: colour	green	green	
Prior Applications and Sales				
$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	4 77 0 404 4	T A 10 1		

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedUSA2004Granted'JACadyna'

First sold in USA in Dec 2004. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Application Number2007/074Variety Name'JACepirt'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 27 Apr 2007

ApplicantJackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USAAgentSwane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2004 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15-20 plants pre plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: unnamed seedling x unnamed seedling. The seed parent is characterised by pink flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by yellow and pink flower colour. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: vigorous growth habit, glossy foliage, flower size and colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Keith Zary, Jackson & Perkins Wholesale,Inc., Somis, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	growth type	shrub		
Flower	type	double		
Flower	colour group	pink blend		
Flower	diameter	small to medium		
Petal	number of colours on inner side	two		
Petal	main colour on the outer side	pink		
Petal	secondary colour	light pink		
Petal	distribution of secondary colour	as segments or stripes		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

'Paul Cezanne'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified above and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguish Characteri	U	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'WEKplapep' syn	Flower	secondary colour	y light pink stripes	white stripes	

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JACepirt'	'Paul Cezanne'		
*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub		
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	intermediate	intermediate		
Plant: height	medium	short to medium		
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present		
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium to strong		
Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	few		
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish		
Leaf: size	medium	large		
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium		
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent		
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak		
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	absent or very weak		
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	medium elliptic		
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	acute		
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute		
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present		
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	very few		
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	very few	very few		
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate		
*Flower: type	double	double		
*Flower: number of petals	few to medium	few to medium		
*Flower: colour group	pink blend	pink blend		
Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink		
Flower: density of petals	loose	loose		
*Flower: diameter	small to medium	small to medium		

	*Flower: shape		irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part		flat	flat
	*Flower: profile of lower part		flattened convex	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance		absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions		very weak to weak	absent or very weak
V	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-or	ne	absent	present
	*Petal: shape		obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions		weak	weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin		weak	very weak to weak
	Petal: undulation		very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	*Petal: size		medium	small to medium
	*Petal: length		medium	medium
	*Petal: width		medium	narrow to medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner	side	two	two
~	*Petal: intensity of colour		lighter towards the base	e even
~	*Petal: main colour on the inner sid	e (RHS Colour Chart)	63B	64D
col	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties vours on inner side of petal only) (RH		69C	69C
□ (va	*Petal: distribution of secondary corrieties with two or more colours on in		as segments or stripes	as segments or stripes
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	•	present	present
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner	side	light yellow	medium yellow
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of	of filament	medium yellow	light yellow
	Seed vessel: size		small	small
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section		pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped
Prior Applications and Sales Country Year Current Status Name Applied				
US	•	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'JACepirt'	

First sold in USA in Dec 2004.

Application Number 2007/078

Variety Name 'WEKsunvoye' Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common NameRoseSynonymSunstruckAccepted Date3 May 2007

Applicant Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc., Upland, CA, USA **Agent** Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine, NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15-20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'FRYxotic' x unnamed seedling. The seed parent is characterised by apricot amber flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by orange peach blend flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: Plant growth habit, flower size and colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Tom Carruth, Weeks Wholsale Rose Grower, Inc., Upland, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	shrub
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	orange
Flower	diameter	medium to large
Petal	number of colours on	one
	inner side	
Petal main colour on the outer yellow-orange		
	side	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viost similar varieties of comme	m inowieuge identifieu (v eix)	
Name	Comments	
'Fryxotic' syn Warm Wishes	Seed parent	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		'Fryxotic' syn
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WEKsunvoye'	Warm Wishes
*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	intermediate	semi upright
Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong
Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium to many
Prickles: predominant colour	purplish	reddish
Leaf: size	medium	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
Lear. glossifiess of upper side	weak	weak
ΨT C1, 11, C '	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	absent	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowers (varieties with no lowering laterals only)	very few	
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	medium	few to medium
*Flower: colour group	orange	orange
Flower: colour of the centre	orange	orange
Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	loose
1 to wer. diameter	medium to large	medium to large
A-T31 1	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flat
Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
- Separ. extensions	weak	very weak to weak
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent

	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium	weak
	Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Petal: size	small to medium	medium
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
	*Petal: width	narrow to mediun	nmedium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
V	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	20A	16C
V	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	absent	present
V	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	23C	22C
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	light yellow
	Seed vessel: size	medium	medium
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped
<u>Pri</u>	or Applications and Sales		

Country Name Applied 'WEKsunvoye' Year **Current Status** USA 2005 Applied

First sold in USA in Dec 2004.

Description: Finbarr O'Leary and Joanne Janhsen, Swane's Nursery.

Application Number 2006/231 **Variety Name** 'Preruclou' **Genus Species** Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Sep 2006

Applicant Preesman Royalty B.V., Naaldwijk, The Netherlands

Agent Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd, Clarinda, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design The trial was conducted on plants on a single bench 2 pots

deep with six plants of 'Preruclou' and six plants of

'Grandmygi'.

Measurements From plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Preruclou' was the resultant seedling from a cross between two unnamed seedlings '97-285' (seed parent) and '97-181' (pollen parent) in Jun 2000. The seed parent is characterised by pink flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by lilac flower colour. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. Preruclou was bred by Ir. Theodorus Adrianus Segers, director of Preesman Royalty B.V. in Rijsenhout, the Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Amowicage			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	growth type	bed	
Flower	type	double	
Flower	colour group	pink	
Flower	diameter	large/very large	
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one	
Petal	main colour on the outer side	light pink	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name

'Grandmygi'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in Comparator
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Variety
'Lexaelet'	Flower colour	light pink	cream with light pink tones

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Preruclou'	'Grandmygi'	
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed	
□ clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	semi upright	upright	
	Plant: height	medium	medium to tall	
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	
~	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong to very strong	weak	
~	Stem: number of prickles	medium	few	
V	Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	reddish	
V	Leaf: size	large to very large	medium	
V	Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	light	
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	very weak to weak	
~	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	medium	
V	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	narrow elliptic	
V	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	obtuse	
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few to medium	medium	
□ wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	very few	few	
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate	
	*Flower: type	double	double	
	*Flower: number of petals	many	many	
	*Flower: colour group	pink	pink	
	Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink	
	Flower: density of petals	medium to dense	medium	
	*Flower: diameter Page 256 of 440	large to very large	elarge	

	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
~	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
V	*Sepal: extensions	weak	medium to strong
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	rounded	rounded
V	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	weak to medium
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak	weak
V	Petal: undulation	weak to medium	medium to strong
	*Petal: size	medium	medium
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards th top	elighter towards the top
	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	56B	56C
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium	medium
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	greenish	greenish
	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	56A	56C
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	light yellow
	Seed vessel: size	medium	medium
V	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	pitcher-shaped

Statistical Table

Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Preruclou'	'Grandmygi'
Flower: diameter (mm)		
Mean	92.64	89.26
Std. Deviation	5.77	4.29
LSD/sig	9.31	ns
Flower: number of petals		
Mean	35.40	46.40
Std. Deviation	8.47	10.92
LSD/sig	23.16	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Jan 2006.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2007/081

Variety Name 'WEKsproulses' Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym Honey Dijon **Accepted Date** 03 May 2007

Applicant Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc., Upland, CA, USA **Agent** Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8. **Period** Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 - 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'WEKblusi' x 'MACivy'. The seed parent is characterised by lavender flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by apricot flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: unique flower colour, plant growth habit. Breeder: Tom Carruth, Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower, Inc., Upland, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

, arrety or c	ommon imovite	~~5°		
Organ/Plar	nt Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varietic	es
Plant	growth type		shrub	
Flower	type		double	
Flower	colour group		yellow	
Flower	diameter		medium	
Petal	number of colo	urs on inner side	one	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

	~
Name	Comments
Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;MACjuliat' syn Spiced Coffee

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WEKsproulses'	'MACjuliat' syn Spiced Coffee
*Plant: growth type	shrub	shrub
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	intermediate	intermediate
Plant: height	medium	short to medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	strong
Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	few
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	small to medium	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few	few
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	very few	very few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	few to medium	few to medium
*Flower: colour group	yellow	yellow
Flower: colour of the centre	yellow	yellow
Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	medium to dense
*Flower: diameter	medium	medium
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	round
Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flat
*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex

	Flower: fragrance		absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions		weak	weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-on	e	absent	absent
~	*Petal: shape		obovate	rounded
	Petal: incisions		absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin		very weak to weak	very weak to weak
V	Petal: undulation		medium	weak
	*Petal: size		medium	medium
	*Petal: length		medium	medium
	*Petal: width		medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner s	one	one	
	*Petal: intensity of colour		lighter towards the top	elighter towards the top
~	*Petal: main colour on the inner side	11B	159A	
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present	
V	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner sid	medium	small	
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner	side	orange yellow	orange yellow
V	*Petal: main colour on the outer side	e (RHS Colour Chart)	11B	159A
	Outer stamen: predominant colour o	f filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size		small	small to medium
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section		pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped
	or Applications and Sales	Command Status	Nome Ammlied	
US.	untry Year A 20005		Name Applied 'WEKsproulses'	
Fra	nce 2006	Applied	'WEKsproulses'	
UK	2006	Applied	'WEKsproulses'	

First sold in USA in Dec 2004. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Description: Finbarr O'Leary and Joanne Janhsen, Swane's Nursery.

Application Number2007/076Variety Name'JACweave'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose

Synonym Social Climber **Accepted Date** 27 Apr 2007

ApplicantJackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USAAgentSwane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Narromine, NSW

Qualified Person Joanne Janhsen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Narromine NSW.

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period Jul 2003 – Nov 2007.

Conditions Plants were budded on 'Dr Huey' rootstock and raised in

open beds.

Trial Design Un-replicated rows with spacing of 0.75 metres between rows

and plants. Approximately 15 – 20 plants per plot.

Measurements Observations made on 10 plants taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: unnamed seedling x unnamed seedling. The seed parent is characterised by short plant height. The pollen parent is characterised by Salmon Pink flower colour. Pollen was applied to the seed parent. Seed from the seed parent was selected and germinated. Selection of a seedling from the seed source was then made. The variety was multiplied by budding from this seedling selection. No off types have been observed since the variety has been trialled. Selection criteria: plant growth habit, disease resistance, flower colour. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Keith Zary, Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc., Somis, CA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge			
tContext	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
growth type	climber		
type	double		
colour group	pink		
diameter	small/medium		
number of colours on inner side	one		
main colour on the outer side	pink		
	growth type type colour group diameter number of colours on inner side		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(TAG	(D
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'JACweave'	'Dreamweaver'
*Plant: growth type	climber	climber
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	strongly spreading	moderately spreading
Plant: height	tall	tall
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong
Stem: number of prickles	few	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	purplish	reddish
Leaf: size	medium to large	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	light to medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	acute
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few to medium	few
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	few	few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	few to medium	medium
*Flower: colour group	pink	pink
Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
Flower: density of petals	very loose to loose	loose
*Flower: diameter	medium	small to medium
*Flower: shape	irregularly	irregularly

^{&#}x27;Dreamweaver'

		rounded	rounded
V	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex
V	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
V	*Sepal: extensions	weak	absent or very weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
V	*Petal: shape	obcordate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak	weak
	Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
V	*Petal: size	medium	small
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
~	*Petal: width	medium	narrow
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	65B	65C
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	light yellow	light yellow
	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	65B	65B
V	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	pink
~	Seed vessel: size	medium	small
~	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped
	Hip: colour	green	green

Prior Applications and Sales
Prior applications nil. First sold in USA in Dec 2004. First Australian sale Jun 2006.

Description: Finbarr O'Leary and Joanne Janhsen, Swane's Nursery.

Application Number2006/225Variety Name'Lexletacsum'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Sep 2006

Applicant Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling, Kudelstaart, The Netherlands

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm (3 plants per pot) and in an open polyhouse without shade, temperature ranged between 12 and 38 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design 160 plants of 'Lexletcsum' on benches two plants deep,

arranged in rows as part of commercial flower growing operation and 8 plants each of 'Preratemp Purple' and 'Intersnapni' on benches two deep, arranged in blocks within

the centralised testing centre for roses.

Measurements From plants at random, one sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Lexletacsum' was the resultant seedling from the cross of unnamed seedlings bred by Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling BV in May 2001. The seed parent is characterised by yellow flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by red flower colour. Selection criteria: the seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: Lexletacsum was bred by Lex Voorn director of Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling BV in Kudelstaart, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright
Flower	colour group	dark pink
Flower	type	double
Petal	number of colours on	one
	inner side	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinal Va	arredes of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
Duanataman Duanal	1 - 2

^{&#}x27;Preratemp Purple'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	in Candidate	State of Expression in Comparator	Comments
		Variety	Variety	
'Schosonne'	Flower colour	dark pink	cerise	This variety was ultimately rejected due to the flower colour being of a more redder shade of dark pink
'Meidunkel'	Flower colour	dark pink	hot pink	This variety was ultimately rejected due to the colour being of a lighter shade

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Lexletacsum'	'Intersnapni'	'Preratemp Purple'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed	bed
vari	*Plant: growth habit (excluding leties with growth type climber)	upright	upright	upright
~	Plant: height	tall	tall to very tall	medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
cole	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration	medium	very weak to weak	very weak
V	Stem: number of prickles	very few to few	few	medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	large to very large	e large to very large	e large
V	Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	medium to dark	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
V	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	very weak to	very weak to

^{&#}x27;Intersnapni'

			weak	weak
V	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	medium	weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded	obtuse
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	present
late	Flowering shoot: number of flowering rals	very few	few	medium
late onl	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per tral (varieties with flowering laterals y)	very few	very few	medium
sec	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal tion	broad ovate	medium ovate	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	pink	pink	pink
	Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink	pink
V	Flower: density of petals	medium to dense	loose to medium	loose to medium
~	*Flower: diameter	medium to large	large to very large	large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	*Flower: shape Flower: profile of upper part	rounded	•	irregularly
		rounded	rounded flattened convex	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	rounded flattened convex	rounded flattened convex	irregularly rounded flattened convex
	Flower: profile of lower part *Flower: profile of lower part	rounded flattened convex flattened convex	rounded flattened convex flat	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one *Petal: shape	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate absent or very	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate absent or very	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate very weak to
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one *Petal: shape Petal: incisions	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate absent or very weak	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate absent or very weak	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate very weak to weak
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one *Petal: shape Petal: incisions Petal: reflexing of margin	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate absent or very weak weak to medium	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate absent or very weak medium	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate very weak to weak weak
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one *Petal: shape Petal: incisions Petal: reflexing of margin Petal: undulation	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate absent or very weak weak to medium weak to medium medium to large medium	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate absent or very weak medium medium	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate very weak to weak weak medium
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one *Petal: shape Petal: incisions Petal: reflexing of margin Petal: undulation *Petal: size	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate absent or very weak weak to medium weak to medium medium to large	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate absent or very weak medium medium medium	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate very weak to weak weak medium medium medium
	Flower: profile of upper part *Flower: profile of lower part Flower: fragrance *Sepal: extensions Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one *Petal: shape Petal: incisions Petal: reflexing of margin Petal: undulation *Petal: size *Petal: length	rounded flattened convex flattened convex absent or weak medium absent obovate absent or very weak weak to medium weak to medium medium to large medium broad to very	rounded flattened convex flat absent or weak medium present obcordate absent or very weak medium medium medium medium medium medium to large medium to long	irregularly rounded flattened convex concave absent or weak medium present obcordate very weak to weak weak medium medium medium

(RH	*Petal: main colour on the inner side HS Colour Chart)	57A	57B	ca. 61B
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small	small	small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner sid	ewhite	white	white
(RI	*Petal: main colour on the outer side HS Colour Chart)	66A	57B	57B
▽ fila	Outer stamen: predominant colour of ment	pink	light yellow	pink
~	Seed vessel: size	small	medium	medium
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped
Sta	tistical Table			
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Lexletacsum'	'Intersnapni'	'Preratemp Purple'
	Flower: number of petals			
Me	an	59.80	36.20	41.40
Std	. Deviation	8.17	6.65	11.65
LSI	D/sig	28.67	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil

 $Description: {\bf Christopher\ Prescott, Clyde,\ VIC}.$

Application Number 2006/226 **Variety Name** 'Grandant' **Genus Species** *Rosa* hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Sep 2006

Applicant Mr H Schreuders, Skye, VIC

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 8 plants of 'Grandant' and 8 plants of 'Grandlavda' arranged

two deep on a single bench in blocks.

Measurements From plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Grandant' was the resultant seedling from the cross of two unnamed seedlings ('S 025' and 'GF 97-37-13') bred by Mr H Schreuders between Sep and Nov 2002. The seed parent is characterised by yellow flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by dark lilac flower colour. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Grandant' was bred by Mr H Schreuders in Skye, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	1 Ithow loage	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	purple
Flower	diameter	medium-large
Flower	shape	irregularly rounded
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one
Petal	main colour on the inner side	greyed-lilac

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expressi	
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Korweineu'	Flower	colour	greyed lilac	brownish

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandant'	'Grandlavda'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
□ clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
	Plant: height	medium	short to medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium
~	Stem: number of prickles	many	few
	Prickles: predominant colour	greenish	greenish
V	Leaf: size	medium to large	large to very large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	very weak to weak
~	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	medium
~	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	ovate
~	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	obtuse	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	medium	medium
□ with	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties a flowering laterals only)	very few	very few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	many	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	purple	purple
	Flower: density of petals	medium to dense	medium
	*Flower: diameter	large	medium to large

^{&#}x27;Grandlavda'

	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
~	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex
~	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flat
~	Flower: fragrance	medium	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions	medium to strong	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	obcordate	obcordate
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium	
	Petal: undulation	weak	very weak to weak
	*Petal: size	medium to large	medium
	*Petal: length	medium to long	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
~	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the top	even
~	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	lighter than 186D	76D
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small to medium	small
~	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	medium yellow	light yellow
~	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	lighter than 186D	77D
~	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	medium yellow
~	Seed vessel: size	small	medium
Cha	Hip: shape in longitudinal section aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandant'	'Grandlavda'
V	Flower: colour of centre	brown	purple
	tistical Table		
Org			
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandant'	'Grandlavda'
Ма	gan/Plant Part: Context Flower : diameter (mm)		
Me Std	Flower : diameter (mm) an	93.00	'Grandlavda' 94.28 5.56
Std	gan/Plant Part: Context Flower : diameter (mm)		94.28
Std LSI	Flower: diameter (mm) an . Deviation D/sig Flower: number of petals	93.00 5.98 10.57	94.28 5.56 ns
Std LSI •• Me	gan/Plant Part: Context Flower : diameter (mm) an . Deviation D/sig Flower: number of petals an	93.00 5.98 10.57 67.00	94.28 5.56 ns 48.80
Std LSI • Me Std	Flower: diameter (mm) an . Deviation D/sig Flower: number of petals	93.00 5.98 10.57	94.28 5.56 ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2006/227 **Variety Name** 'Crohimagi' **Genus Species** *Rosa* hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Sep 2006

Applicant Preesman Royalty B.V., Naaldwijk, The Netherlands

Agent Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd, Clarinda, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design The trial was conducted on plants on a single bench 2 pots

deep with ten plants of 'Crohimagi' and eight plants of

'Interhiety'.

Measurements From plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Crohimagi' was the resultant seedling from a cross between two unnamed seedlings 'P 203' (seed parent) and '98-421' (pollen parent) in May 1999. The seed parent is characterised by orange flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by yellow flower colour. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Crohimagi' was bred by Ir. Theodorus Adrianus Segers, director of Preesman Royalty B.V. in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Collins	on Knowicage	
Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Part		
Plant	growth type	bed
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	orange blend
Flower	diameter	large/medium-large
Petal	number of colours on	two
	inner side	
Petal	main colour on the	yellow
	outer side	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	0 0	State of Expression in Scandidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Tan00125'	Flower colour	pale yellow in the centre of the upper side of the petal	deep yellow at the centre of the upper side of the petal

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick. Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crohimagi'	'Interhiety'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright
Plant: height	medium	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium
Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	medium to large	medium to large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	medium to dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	medium
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	medium	strong
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	medium elliptic
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	obtuse
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	few
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	very few	very few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	medium	many
*Flower: colour group	orange blend	orange blend
Flower: colour of the centre	orange	orange
Flower: density of petals	medium to dense	medium to dense
*Flower: diameter	large	medium to large
*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded

^{&#}x27;Interhiety'

_			
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flat
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
~	*Sepal: extensions	strong	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	rounded	rounded
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
~	Petal: reflexing of margin	strong	weak to medium
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak to medium
	*Petal: size	medium	medium
	*Petal: length	medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	two	two
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards th	elighter towards the base
~	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	12B	50A
colo	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties with two or more ours on inner side of petal only) (RHS Colour Chart)	32A	10B
(var	*Petal: distribution of secondary colour on inner side ieties with two or more colours on inner side of petal)	at marginal zone	at base
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
~	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	large	small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	medium yellow	medium yellow
	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	9C	9C
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
~	Seed vessel: size	very small to small	small to medium
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped
Stat	tistical Table		
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Crohimagi'	'Interhiety'
~	Flower: number of petals		
Mea		28.60	46.00
	Deviation Voice	1.95 7.91	4.30 P≤0.01
	D/sig	1.71	1 _0.01
Mea	Flower: diameter (mm)	94.52	83.74
	Deviation	4.49	2.73
	D/sig	6.81	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2004	Granted	'Crohimagi'

Colombia	2005	Applied	'Crohimagi'
South Africa	2006	Applied	'Crohimagi'

First sold in Keneya in Ocr 2004. First Australian sale May 2006.

 $Description: {\bf Christopher\ Prescott,\ Clyde,\ VIC}.$

Application Number2006/232Variety Name'Preruclas'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Sep 2006

Applicant Preesman Royalty B.V., Naaldwijk, The Netherlands

Agent Roskam Young Plants Pty Ltd, Clarinda, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in an open polyhouse, temperature ranged

between 12 and 38 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with coco coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments applied as

required.

Trial Design 8 plants each of 'Preruclas' and 'Prererol' on benches two

deep, arranged in blocks within the centralised testing centre

for roses.

Measurements From plants at random, one sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Preruclas' was the resultant seedling from a cross between two unnamed seedlings '94-014' (seed parent) and '97-134' (pollen parent) in May 1999. The seed parent is characterised by bi-colour red flower colour. The pollen parent is characterised by bright red flower colour. Selection criteria: the seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. Propagation: vegetative. Breeder: 'Preruclas' was bred by Ir. Theodorus Adrianus Segers, director of Preesman Royalty B.V. in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright
Flower	colour group	bright red
Flower	type	double
Flower	diameter	large/very large
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)
Name Comments 'Prerarol'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression	
	Characte	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Korlingo'	Flower	density of petals	medium to dense	loose
'Predepass'	Flower	colour	bright red	dark red
'Pekcoujenny'	Flower	colour	bright red	dark red
'Seliron'	Flower	colour	bright red	dark red

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	n a tick.	'Preruclas'	'Prerarol'
*Plant: growth type		bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties climber)	es with growth type	upright	upright
Plant: height		tall	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration		present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin	colouration	medium	medium
Stem: number of prickles		few to medium	medium
Prickles: predominant colour		reddish	reddish
Leaf: size		very large	very large
Leaf: intensity of green colour		medium	dark
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration		present	present
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side		weak to medium	weak to medium
*Leaflet: undulation of margin		very weak to weak	weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade		ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	2)	rounded	cordate
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	e	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals		present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering	laterals	few to medium	few to medium
Flowering shoot: number of flowers pe with flowering laterals only)	r lateral (varieties	few	few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	on	broad ovate	broad ovate
*Flower: type		double	double
*Flower: number of petals		medium to many	medium to many
*Flower: colour group		red	red

Flower: colour of the centre		red	red
Flower: density of petals		medium to dense	medium
*Flower: diameter		large to very large	e large
*Flower: shape		irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
Flower: profile of upper part		flattened convex	flattened convex
*Flower: profile of lower part		flat	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance		absent or weak	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions		medium	weak to medium
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-	one	present	present
*Petal: shape		obcordate	rounded
Petal: incisions		weak	very weak to weak
Petal: reflexing of margin		medium	weak
Petal: undulation		weak	weak to medium
*Petal: size		medium to large	medium to large
*Petal: length		long	medium to long
*Petal: width		broad	medium to broad
*Petal: number of colours on inne	r side	one	one
*Petal: intensity of colour		even	even
*Petal: main colour on the inner s	ide (RHS Colour Chart)	ca. 45A	ca. 45B
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	e	present	present
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner	side	small	small
*Petal: colour of basal spot on inn	er side	white	white
*Petal: main colour on the outer s	ide (RHS Colour Chart)	53C	45D
Outer stamen: predominant colour	r of filament	light yellow	pink
Seed vessel: size		small to medium	medium to large
Hip: shape in longitudinal section		pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Preruclas'	'Prerarol'
Flower: number of petals			
Mean Std. Deviation		48.40	45.80
Std. Deviation LSD/sig		4.72 17.89	9.58 ns
Prior Applications and Sales Country Year EU 2004	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'Preruclas'	

South Africa 2006 Applied 'Preruclas'

First sold in The Netherlands in Sep 2005. First Australian sale Nov 2005.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number2007/014Variety Name'Olijkiwi'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 02 Mar 2007

Applicant Olij Innovation BV, De Kwakel, The Netherlands

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 36 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design The trial was conducted on plants on a single bench 2 pots

deep with eight plants of 'Olijkiwi' and eight plants of

'Korplasina'.

Measurements From plants at random. One sample per plant stem.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Olijkiwi' was the resultant seedling from the cross of two unnamed seedlings bred by Olij Innovation BV in May 1997. The seed parent is characterised by straight cream colour. The pollen parent is characterised by very large flower diameter. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Olijkiwi' was bred under the supervision of Huibert Wijnand Olij, of Olij Innovation BV in De Kwakel, The Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

\mathcal{E}	
Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
growth type	bed
type	double
colour group	green
diameter	medium-large
shape	irregularly rounded
number of colours on inner side	one
main colour on the outer side	cream
	growth type type colour group diameter shape number of colours on inner side

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(01111 - 11	(77
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Olijkiwi'	'Korplasina'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
clir	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium to strong
	Stem: number of prickles	few	few
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	medium	medium
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
~	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	medium	very weak to weak
V	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	narrow elliptic
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
V	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	medium	very few
wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	few	very few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium
	*Flower: colour group	green	green
	Flower: colour of the centre	orange	orange
	Flower: density of petals	medium	loose to medium
	*Flower: diameter	large	medium to large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	convex	convex

^{&#}x27;Korplasina'

• _{*F}	lower: profile	e of lower part		flat	concave			
□ Flo	ower: fragran	ce	absent or weak	absent or weak				
\square *S	epal: extension	ons	weak to medium					
□ Pe	tals: reflexing	g of petals one-by-on	ie	present	present			
▼ *P	etal: shape			obovate	obcordate			
Pe Pe	tal: incisions			medium	absent or very weak			
Pe	tal: reflexing	of margin		weak	weak			
Pe	tal: undulatio	n		medium	medium			
□ *P	etal: size			medium	small to medium			
□ *P	etal: length			medium	medium			
▼ *P	etal: width			medium to broad	narrow to medium			
□ *P	etal: number	of colours on inner s	side	one	one			
▼ *P	etal: intensity	of colour		even	lighter towards the top			
□ *P	etal: main col	lour on the inner side	157A	157D				
□ *P	etal: basal sp	ot on the inner side		present absent				
□ *P	etal: size of b	asal spot on inner si	de	small				
□ *P	etal: colour o	f basal spot on inner	light yellow					
□ *P	etal: main col	lour on the outer side	157A	157D				
□ Ou	ıter stamen: p	oredominant colour o	light yellow	medium yellow				
Statist	ical Table							
	/Plant Part:	Context		'Olijkiwi'	'Korplasina'			
	ower: number			Ų	-			
Mean		1		35.60	35.60			
	eviation			6.91	2.19			
LSD/si				9.39	ns			
LIC	ower: diamete	er (mm)		06.46	92.96			
Mean Std De	eviation			96.46 3.51	82.86 8.42			
LSD/si				15.29	ns			
	· ·	er of staminal bundle	(mm)					
Mean	Jwci. diamen	a or stammar bundle	(mm)	16.82	13.80			
	eviation			1.86	1.24			
LSD/si	ig			2.89	P≤0.01			
Prior A	Applications	and Sales						
Count		Year	Current Status	Name Applied				
Colom		2003	Granted	'Olijkiwi'				
	etherlands	2002	Granted	'Olijkiwi'				
Ecuado Kenya		2003 2004	Granted	'Olijkiwi' 'Olijkiwi'				
INCHVA.		∠UU 1	Applied	OHJKIWI				

First sold in Ecuador in May 2002.

 $Description: \textbf{Christopher Prescott,} \ Clyde, \ VIC.$

Application Number 2008/073 **Variety Name** 2008/073

Genus SpeciesPaspalum vaginatumCommon NameSeashore PaspalumSynonymSea Isle SupremeAccepted Date30 Apr 2008

Applicant University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc., Athens,

GA, USA

Agent State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD

Qualified Person Donald Loch

Details of Comparative Trial

Location ODPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station,

Cleveland, QLD. (Latitude 27°32'S, 153°15'E, elevation <25

masl).

Descriptor Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis (Cynodon Hybrid) PBR

CYNO.

Period 27 Apr 2006 – 29 Jan 2007.

Conditions Individual propagules (four per tube) were grown in 60 x 60

mm tubes until covered and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 27 Apr 2006; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (19-0-16) on 16 May, (18-10-9) 10

Aug, and (16-25-12) 20 Oct 2006.

Trial Design Thirty (30) spaced plants of each cultivar ('SI98', 'SDX-1',

'SeaIsle 1', 'SeaIsle 2000', 'TWA02' and SalteneTM) were arranged in six (6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 0.9 m between plots, 1 m between plants within plots.

Measurements Four (4) diameter of spread measurements were taken per

plant at fortnightly intervals(4 Jul – 26 Sep 2006); two (2) stolons per plant were collected 11-18 Sep 2006 and stolon and leaf characteristics measured; two (2) shoot and inflorescence measurements per plant were taken 17-29 Jan 2007; average sward height per plant and inflorescence rating (0- none, 1- few, 2- modest and 3- high presence) were conducted on 17 Jan 2007; exposed stolon and leaf colour,

along with digital images were taken on 17 Aug 2006.

RHS Chart - edition 2001 edition.

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination: 'SI98' was selected from a worldwide collection of 300 accessions of seashore paspalum collected by Dr Ronny R. Duncan, primarily from seashore paspalum plantings on golf courses as variants in growth habit, leaf texture, and level of salt tolerance, having potential for improved turf type selections. 'SI98' was selected as a finer textured genotype with a denser, more prostrate growth habit than the surrounding wild ecotype. The original samples were vegetatively propagated and evaluated first in the greenhouse at Griffin, GA, USA, and later expanded to field evaluations at Griffith under mowing heights ranging from 4.8 mm to 50 mm. 'SI98'

was included in the USA National Turf Evaluation Program (NTEP) Bermuda Grass trial at Griffin established during 2002 and evaluated for turf quality and related characteristics during 2002-2004. 'SI98' was established and evaluated on the Griffin greens and fairway plots during 2002-2004, and was included in replicated seashore paspalum turf evaluations established at Jay, FL, USA in 2003 and in Griffin and Tifton, GA in 2004. The selection was also evaluated for suitability as a greens grass on two premier golf clubs in Florida and South Carolina for one year in 2006-2007. Breeder: Dr Ronny R. Duncan, University of Georgia, Griffin, GA, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

S

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'SDX-1'	
'SeaIsle 1'	

Seatste 1

'TWA02' SalteneTM

Variety		guishing cteristic	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sea Spray'	Spike	seed production	absent	present	seeded cultivar

^{&#}x27;Sea Isle 2000'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Chara						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SI98'	Saltene TM	'SeaIsle 1'	'Sea Isle 2000'	'TWA02'	'SDX-1'
Plant: ploidy	diploid					
Plant: habit	creeping					
Plant: type	mat-forming					
Plant: height	very short					
Plant: longevity	perennial					
Plant: spreading	stolons (some rhizomes)					
Stolon: internode length	medium					
Stolon: internode thickness	medium to thin					
Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	200A	200B	200B	>200A	200B	200B
Culms: length	short					
Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular	ſ				
Leaf blade: length	medium to shor	t				
Leaf blade: width	medium to narrow					
Leaf blade: colour	137c	137C	137B	137B	137B	137B
Inflorescence: type	digitate					
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short					
Inflorescence: maximum number of spikes	2	3	2	2	2	2

Inflorescence: minimum number of spikes	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Statistical Table								
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SI98'	Saltene TM	'SeaIsle 1'	'Sea Isle 2000'	'TWA02'	'SDX-1'		
Plant: mean diameter after 149 days (cm)								
Mean	108.40	129.60	100.80	99.90	108.10	85.20		
Std. Deviation	14.50	15.80	17.50	21.40	23.40	19.10		
LSD/sig	13.9	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons at node two (spaced plants)								
Mean	0.68	0.57	0.72	0.87	0.87	0.77		
Std. Deviation	0.47	0.50	0.45	0.34	0.34	0.43		
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons at node three (spaced plants)								
Mean	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
LSD/sig	0.00	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons at node four (spaced plants)								
Mean	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
LSD/sig	0.00	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons at r								
Mean	1.03	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.03		
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.18		
LSD/sig	0.06	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons at r	node six (spaced 1	plants)						
Mean	1.20	1.00	1.03	1.17	1.33	1.07		

Std. Deviation	0.44	0.00	0.18	0.46	0.66	0.25				
LSD/sig	0.26	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns				
Stolon node: length of fourth internode from stolon tip (mm)										
Mean	12.26	17.53	13.67	12.55	14.87	9.70				
Std. Deviation	2.37	3.20	3.09	2.49	2.95	1.91				
LSD/sig	2.74	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns				
Stolon node: diameter of fourth internode from stolon tip (mm)										
Mean	1.49	1.78	1.65	1.81	1.58	1.58				
Std. Deviation	0.19	0.32	0.24	0.30	0.19	0.23				
LSD/sig	0.16	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns				
Stolon node: length of sheath on fourth visible node from stolon tip (mm)										
Mean	7.13	11.30	8.49	8.49	8.04	6.90				
Std. Deviation	1.38	1.33	1.08	1.04	1.14	1.44				
LSD/sig	1.00	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns				
Stolon node: length of leaf blade on four	th visible node fro	om stolon tip (mm	1)							
Mean	5.57	9.23	7.58	6.48	6.83	5.90				
Std. Deviation	1.17	2.36	1.46	0.97	0.91	1.14				
LSD/sig	1.19	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns				
Stolon node: width of leaf blade on fourth visible node from stolon tip (mm)										
Mean	2.01	1.97	2.21	2.20	2.39	2.05				
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.32	0.36	0.54	0.54	0.35				
LSD/sig	0.27	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns				
Stolon node: length/width ratio of fourth visible node from stolon tip										
Mean	2.81	4.70	3.50	3.03	2.92	2.90				
Std. Deviation	0.71	1.02	0.74	0.55	0.50	0.42				
LSD/sig	0.58	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns				

Flowering tiller: length of blade on flag lea	of on flowering ti	llers (mm)				
Mean	16.89	11.52	7.37	10.64	12.60	5.29
Std. Deviation	6.64	6.48	7.26	6.28	8.16	5.47
LSD/sig	4.88	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on flag le	af on flowering t	illers (mm)				
Mean	36.60	52.24	41.13	44.79	48.35	25.03
Std. Deviation	6.64	6.48	7.26	6.28	8.16	5.47
LSD/sig	7.04	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on fourth	leaf on flowering	g tillers				
Mean	16.41	30.60	16.99	17.18	18.56	10.60
Std. Deviation	3.35	3.91	3.96	4.15	3.91	2.66
LSD/sig	3.71	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of blade on fourth	leaf on flowering	tillers (mm)				
Mean	49.39	50.95	46.72	45.18	57.80	28.48
Std. Deviation	12.35	9.97	10.82	11.46	12.74	9.47
LSD/sig	12.63	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: width of blade on fourth l	eaf on flowering	tillers (mm)				
Mean	2.44	203.00	2.52	2.53	2.67	2.03
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.36	0.42	0.49	0.44	0.36
LSD/sig	0.39	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length/width ratio of four	th leaf blade on fl	lowering tillers				
Mean	20.59	20.50	18.86	18.02	21.67	14.60
Std. Deviation	5.42	5.06	5.11	3.75	6.21	5.01
LSD/sig	4.45	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of peduncle (mm)						
Mean	38.55	51.24	45.33	45.28	48.20	27.68

Std. Deviation	5.17	8.99	6.45	6.98	6.23	5.60
LSD/sig	5.36	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: diameter of peduncle (mn	n)					
Mean	0.54	0.62	0.53	0.60	0.51	0.60
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.12	0.11	0.31	0.10	0.27
LSD/sig	0.19	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Spike: mean spike length (mm)						
Mean	25.55	37.38	26.70	25.75	30.58	18.34
Std. Deviation	2.35	4.06	3.52	3.17	3.81	3.30
LSD/sig	3.84	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: number of spikes on flow	ering tiller					
Mean	2.00	2.10	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LSD/sig	0.11	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
☐ Inflorescence: rating 262 days post plantin	g					
Mean	2.03	2.90	2.67	1.87	2.37	2.47
Std. Deviation	0.85	0.31	0.48	0.82	0.81	0.76
LSD/sig	0.86	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns
Sward: height (cm) (262 days post planting	g)					
Mean	8.23	22.06	10.85	13.97	15.24	7.34
Std. Deviation	4.52	7.68	3.59	5.86	7.25	5.72
LSD/sig	7.03	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2005	Applied	'SI98'

First sold in the USA in May 2005.

Description: M.B. Roche & D.S. Loch, QDPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD.

Application Number 2006/160 **Variety Name** 'SDX-1'

Genus SpeciesPaspalum vaginatumCommon NameSeashore Paspalum

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 11 Mar 2008

Applicant SFR Holding Company Inc, Aurora, Colorado, USA

Agent Gai Kapernick, Mount Gravatt, QLD

Qualified Person Matthew Roche

Details of Comparative Trial

Location QDPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station,

Cleveland, QLD. (Latitude 27°32'S, 153°15'E, elevation <25

masl).

Descriptor Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis (Cynodon Hybrid) PBR

CYNO.

Period 27 Apr 2006 – 29 Jan 2007.

Conditions Individual propagules (four per tube) were grown in 60 x 60

mm tubes until covered and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil 27 Apr 2006; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (19-0-16) on 16 May, (18-10-9) 10

Aug, and (16-25-12) 20 Oct 2006.

Trial Design Thirty (30) spaced plants of each cultivar ('SDX-1', 'SeaIsle

1', 'Sea Isle 2000', TWA02', 'Saltene'TM and 'SI98') were arranged in six (6) randomised blocks with five (5) plants per plot; 0.9 m between plots, 1 m between plants within plots.

Measurements Four (4) diameter of spread measurements were taken per

plant at fortnightly intervals (4 Jul – 26 Sep 2006); two (2) stolons per plant were collected 11-18 Sep 2006 and stolon and leaf characteristics measured; two (2) shoot and inflorescence measurements per plant were taken 17-29 Jan 2007; average sward height per plant and inflorescence rating (0- none, 1- few, 2- modest and 3- high presence) were conducted on 17 Jan 2007; exposed stolon and leaf colour,

along with digital images were taken on 17 Aug 2006.

RHS Chart - edition 2001 edition.

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination: 'SDX-1' originated as an open-pollinated chance seeding in an old green of 'Adalayd' seashore paspalum (US Plant Patent 3939) surrounded by an undefined local ecotype of the same species. 'SDX-1' was finer textured and had a denser, more prostrate growth habit than its putative parents which are 'Adalayd' (maternal) and an undefined parental genotype growing among the surrounding local ecotype. 'SDX-1' was compared with other promising seedlings discovered similarly at the same time, and was selected on the basis of its dwarf growth habit, tolerance of low cutting height, turf density, fine-textured growth, and apparent salt tolerance under field conditions. Breeder: Stewart T Bennett, Paul H Tillman, Michael DePew, Enviro Turf LC, Terkonsha, MI, USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	length	medium
Internode	diameter	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

'Sea Isle 1'

'Sea Isle 2000'

'TWA02'

 $`Saltene'{}^{TM}$

'SI-98'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	guishing cteristic	in Candidate	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sea Spray'	Spike	seed production	Variety absent	present	seeded cultivar

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'SDX-1'	'Saltene'TM	'Sea Isle 1'	'Sea Isle 2000'	'SI-98'	'TWA02'
	Plant: ploidy	diploid					
	Plant: habit	creeping					
	Plant: type	mat-forming					
	Plant: height	very short					
	Plant: longevity	perennial					
	Plant: spreading	stolons (some rhizomes)					
	Stolon: internode length	medium					
	Stolon: internode thickness	medium					
to s	Stolon: colour when exposed sunlight	200B	200B	200B	>200A	200A	200B
	Culms: length	short					
	Leaf blade: shape	linear- triangular					
	Leaf blade: length	medium to short					
	Leaf blade: width	medium to narrow					
	Leaf blade: colour	137B	137C	137B	137B	137C	137B
	Inflorescence: type	digitate					
pec	Inflorescence: length of luncle	short					

Inflorescence: maximum	2	3	2	2	2	2
number of spikes						
Inflorescence: minimum	2	2	2	2	2	2
number of spikes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Statistical Table						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SDX-1'	'Saltene'TM	'Sea Isle 1'	'Sea Isle 2000'	'SI-98'	'TWA02'
Plant: mean diameter after 1	49 days (cm)					
Mean	85.20	129.60	100.80	99.90	108.40	108.10
Std. Deviation	19.10	15.80	17.50	21.40	14.50	23.40
LSD/sig	13.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Stolon node: number of bran	nch stolons at n	ode two (space	d plants)			
Mean	0.77	0.57	0.72	0.87	0.68	0.87
Std. Deviation	0.43	0.50	0.45	0.34	0.47	0.34
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
☐ Stolon node: number of bran	nch stolons at n	ode three (spac	ed plants)			
Mean	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LSD/sig	0.00	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
☐ Stolon node: number of bran	nch stolons at n	ode four (space	ed plants)			
Mean	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LSD/sig	0.00	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Stolon node: number of branch stolons at node five (spaced plants)						
Mean	1.03	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.03	1.00
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.18	0.00
LSD/sig	0.06	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Stolon node: number of bran	nch stolons at n	ode six (spaced	l plants)			

Mean	1.07	1.00	1.03	1.17	1.20	1.33	
Std. Deviation	0.25	0.00	0.18	0.46	0.44	0.66	
LSD/sig	0.26	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: length of fou	arth internode fro	om stolon tip (m	nm)				
Mean	9.70	17.53	13.67	12.55	12.26	14.87	
Std. Deviation	1.91	3.20	3.09	2.49	2.37	2.95	
LSD/sig	2.74	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	
☐ Stolon node: diameter of f	fourth internode	from stolon tip	(mm)				
Mean	1.58	1.78	1.65	1.81	1.49	1.58	
Std. Deviation	0.23	0.32	0.24	0.30	0.19	0.19	
LSD/sig	0.16	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	
Stolon node: length of sheath on fourth visible node from stolon tip (mm)							
Mean	6.90	11.30	8.49	8.49	7.13	8.04	
Std. Deviation	1.44	1.33	1.08	1.04	1.38	1.14	
LSD/sig	1.00	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	
☐ Stolon node: length of lea	f blade on fourth	n visible node fr	om stolon tip (1	nm)			
Mean	5.90	9.23	7.58	6.48	5.57	6.83	
Std. Deviation	1.14	2.36	1.46	0.97	1.17	0.91	
LSD/sig	1.19	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	
Stolon node: width of blace	de on fourth leaf	on flowering ti	llers (mm)				
Mean	2.05	1.97	2.21	2.20	2.01	2.39	
Std. Deviation	0.35	0.32	0.36	0.54	0.30	0.54	
LSD/sig	0.27	ns	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: length: width	h ratio of fourth	visible node fro	m stolon tip				
Mean	2.90	4.70	3.50	3.03	2.81	2.92	
Std. Deviation	0.42	1.02	0.74	0.55	0.71	0.50	
LSD/sig	0.58	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	

Stolon node: length of sheath	n on flag leaf o	n flowering tille	ers (mm)			
Mean	25.03	52.24	41.13	44.79	36.60	48.35
Std. Deviation	5.47	6.48	7.26	6.28	6.64	8.16
LSD/sig	7.04	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of bl	ade on flag leaf	f on flowering t	tillers (mm)			
Mean	5.29	11.52	7.37	10.64	16.89	12.60
Std. Deviation	5.47	6.48	7.26	6.28	6.64	8.16
LSD/sig	4.88	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of sh	eath on fourth	leaf on flowerii	ng tillers			
Mean	10.60	30.60	16.99	17.18	16.41	18.56
Std. Deviation	2.66	3.91	3.96	4.15	3.35	3.91
LSD/sig	3.71	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length of bl	ade on fourth le	eaf on flowering	g tillers (mm)			
Mean	28.48	50.95	46.72	45.18	49.39	57.80
Std. Deviation	9.47	9.97	10.82	11.46	12.35	12.74
LSD/sig	12.63	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: width of bla	nde on fourth le	af on flowering	g tillers (mm)			
Mean	2.03	2.53	2.52	2.53	2.44	2.67
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.33	0.42	0.49	0.36	0.44
LSD/sig	0.39	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flowering tiller: length/width ratio of fourth visible node from stolon tip						
Mean	14.60	20.50	18.86	18.02	20.59	21.67
Std. Deviation	5.01	5.06	5.11	3.75	5.42	6.21
LSD/sig	4.45	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length of pedu	ıncle (mm)					
Mean	27.68	51.24	45.33	45.28	38.55	48.20
Std. Deviation	5.60	8.99	6.45	6.98	5.17	6.23

LSD/sig	5.36	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Inflorescence: diameter of p	eduncle (mm)					
Mean	0.60	0.62	0.53	0.60	0.54	0.51
Std. Deviation	0.27	0.12	0.11	0.31	0.09	0.10
LSD/sig	0.19	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Spike: mean spike length						
Mean	18.34	37.38	26.70	25.75	25.55	30.58
Std. Deviation	3.30	4.06	3.52	3.17	2.35	3.81
LSD/sig	3.84	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Inflorescence: number of sp	oikes on floweri	ng tiller				
Mean	2.00	2.10	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LSD/sig	0.00	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
☐ Inflorescence: rating (262 d	ays post plantir	ıg)				
Mean	2.47	2.90	2.67	1.87	2.03	2.37
Std. Deviation	0.76	0.31	0.48	0.82	0.85	0.81
LSD/sig	0.86	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Sward: height (cm) (262 days post planting)						
Mean	7.34	22.06	10.85	13.97	8.23	15.24
Std. Deviation	5.72	7.68	3.59	5.86	4.52	7.25
LSD/sig	7.03	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2001	Granted	'SDX-1'

First sold in the USA in Sep 2002.

Description: M.B. Roche & D.S. Loch, QDPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station, Cleveland, QLD.

yDetails of

Application

Application Number 2007/272 **Variety Name** 'C01-43'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Svnonvm Nil

Accepted Date 16 Nov 2007

Applicant BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F98-325' x pollen parent 'F96-102' in 1999 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium to large fruit diameter. The pollen parent is characterised by an early season flowering and harvest timing and medium growth vigour. 1999: fruit arising from parents sourced from Florida, USA. 6000 subsequently sown and grown on in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. 2001: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and between 1% and 3% of seedlings initially identified as having possible commercial merit. These were propagated by cuttings and 6-12 of each grown on for further evaluation One of these was 'C01-43', the result of a cross between 'F98-325' (seed parent) x 'F96-102' (pollen parent). 2003: 'C01-43' concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 2003-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'C95-115'. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 2001. Selection criteria: large fruit size, late ripening season, firm fruit. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of ripening	late to very late
Fruit	intensity of bloom	strong
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	dark/very dark
Fruit	firmness when ripe	medium/firm
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect
Fruit	shape	flattened globose

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillar V	arreties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Southern Belle	,	

⁽COO. OO!

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
_	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'C01-43'	'C00-09'	'C95-12'	'Southern Belle'
~	*Plant: growth habit	bushy	upright to bushy	upright to bushy	upright
inte	*Unripe fruit: nsity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium
bloc	*Fruit: intensity of om	strong	strong	strong	strong
□ blue	*Fruit: intensity of e colour of skin	dark	very dark	very dark	very dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	medium to strong	strong	strong	weak
	*Fruit: acidity	very weak to weak	weak to medium	medium	weak
V	*Time of: bud burst	early	late	medium to late	late
	*Time of: beginning lowering	late	late	late to very late	late
ripe	*Time of: fruit	late to very late	late	late to very late	late

,	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'C01-43'	'C00-09'	'C95-12'	'Southern Belle'
~	Plant: growth vigour	medium	strong	strong to very strong	weak to medium
□ ripe	Fruit: firmness when	firm	firm	medium to firm	firm
	Fruit: shape	flattened globose	flattened globose	flattened globose	flattened globose
	Fruit: attitude of	erect	erect	erect	erect

^{&#}x27;C00-09'

^{&#}x27;C95-12'

calyx				
Fully developed leaf: length		long	medium	medium to long
Fully developed leaf: width	medium	broad	broad	medium
Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A	137A	137A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	broad acute	horizontal	horizontal	acute
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	long	very long	medium	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	short	medium to long	short	short to medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow	medium	narrow to medium	narrow
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	absent	present	absent	present
Flower: protrusion of stigma	present	absent	absent	absent
Fruit cluster: density	sparse	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: diameter	large	large to very large	large	large

	rgan/Plant Part:	'C01-43'	'C00-09'	'С95-12'	'Southern Belle'
<u>S</u>	tatistical Table				
	Fruit: size of scar	small	small	small	small
ba	Fruit: depth of calyx asin	shallow	deep	shallow	medium
) (§	Fruit: fresh weight grams)	3.0	5.0	3.0	2.8

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C01-43'	'C00-09'	'C95-12'	'Southern Belle'			
Leaf: length (mm)							
Mean	50.80	67.40	50.40	57.20			
Std. Deviation	3.00	4.30	3.70	3.70			
LSD/sig	4.22	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01			
Leaf: width (mm)							
Mean	25.90	34.00	34.20	28.10			
Std. Deviation	2.30	3.60	3.10	3.60			
LSD/sig	3.63	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns			
Leaf: length:width r	Leaf: length:width ratio						
Mean	1.97	1.99	1.47	2.05			
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.10	0.00	0.10			
LSD/sig	0.14	ns	P≤0.01	ns			
Fruit: diameter (mm	n)						
Mean	19.40	25.40	19.40	19.00			
Std. Deviation	1.90	1.70	1.10	1.10			
LSD/sig	1.70	P≤0.01	ns	ns			
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)							
Mean	9.70	7.60	9.10	4.90			
Std. Deviation	1.70	1.60	0.90	0.40			
LSD/sig	1.46	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01			

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Application Number 2007/273 **Variety Name** 'C97-41'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 16 Nov 2007

Applicant BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F95-52' x pollen parent 'E12' in 1995 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium growth vigour. The pollen parent is characterised by an early season flowering and harvest timing and strong growth vigour. 1995: fruit arising from parents sourced from Florida, USA. 6000 subsequently sown and grown on in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. 1997: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and between 1% and 3% of seedlings initially identified as having possible commercial merit. These were propagated by cuttings and 6-12 of each grown on for further evaluation One of these was 'C97-41', the result of a cross between 'F95-52' (seed parent) x 'E12' (pollen parent). 1999: 'C97-41' concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 1999-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'C97-41'. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 1997. Selection criteria: very strong growth vigour, early-mid season ripening, medium to firm fruit. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of flowering	early
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	firmness when ripe	medium to firm
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect
Fruit	diameter	large

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	
'Sweetcrisp'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression i		
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'C00-09'	fruit	diameter	large	very large
'C00-09'	fruit	time of ripening	early to medium	late
'C01-43'	fruit	time of ripening	early to medium	late

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'C97-41'	'Sweetcrisp'
	*Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
	*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
V	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	medium
	*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark	very dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	medium	strong to very strong
V	*Fruit: acidity	weak to medium	very weak
	*Time of: bud burst	early to medium	early
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	early	early
	*Time of: fruit ripening	early to medium	medium to late

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'C97-41'	'Sweetcrisp'
	Plant: growth vigour	strong	medium to strong
	Fruit: firmness when ripe	medium to firm	firm
V	Fruit: shape	flattened globose	globose
	Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect
V	Fully developed leaf: length	long	medium

E		
Fully developed leaf: width	broad	medium
Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	long	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	short to medium	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow to medium	nnarrow to medium
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	present	present
Flower: protrusion of stigma	absent	absent
Fruit cluster: density	sparse	sparse
Fruit: diameter	large	large
Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	2.8	3.4
Fruit: depth of calyx basin	medium	medium
Fruit: size of scar	very small	small
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C97-41'	'Sweetcrisp'
Leaf: length (mm)	<i>O)</i> , 11	Sweetersp
Mean	67.60	54.30
Std. Deviation	5.10	3.60
LSD/sig	4.57	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	33.90	29.30
Std. Deviation	3.30	1.70
LSD/sig	2.86	P≤0.01
Leaf: length:width ratio		
Mean Std. Desiration	2.00	1.85
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.10

LSD/sig	0.15	ns
Fruit: diameter (mm)		
Mean	18.60	18.60
Std. Deviation	1.60	1.20
LSD/sig	1.78	ns
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)		
Mean	6.22	6.60
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.30
LSD/sig	1.21	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Application Number 2007/266 **Variety Name** 'FL92-84'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 10 Dec 2007

Applicant Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc, Greenwood, FL,

USA

Agent BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'O'Neal' x pollen parent 'FL87-286' in 1988 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a high chilling requirement, low fruit yield and weak leaf growth in spring. The pollen parent is characterised by an early to medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium fruit diameter. 1988: controlled pollination. 1990: first fruiting; 1992-2000: growth and fruiting performances evaluated and commercial propagation and merit tested. 1999: large scale test planting; concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 1999-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'FL92-84'. Selection took place in Gainesville, Florida, USA in 1990. Selection criteria: early season, large berry size, excellent picking scar, strong firmness, low chilling requirement, easy detachment from stem when picking. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Paul Lyrene, Gainesville, Florida, USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

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Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of ripening	medium
Fruit	diameter	large
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	shape	globose
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITOSC STITITES	varieties of common time wreage facilities (v car)
Name	Comments
'FL88-53'	also known as 'Windsor'.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteris	O	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'C97-390'	fruit	time of ripening	medium	very early

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'FL92-84'	'FL88-53'
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	bushy
V	*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	light	medium
V	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	medium
	*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark	very dark
	*Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium to strong
	*Fruit: acidity	medium	weak to medium
~	*Time of: bud burst	late to very late	early to medium
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium to late	medium
	*Time of: fruit ripening	medium	medium
~ 1			

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FL92-84'	'FL88-53'
Plant: growth vigour	medium	weak to medium
Fruit: firmness when ripe	firm	medium
Fruit: shape	globose	globose
Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect
Fully developed leaf: length	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: width	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic

Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	147A	ca 139A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	dark	dark
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	medium	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	medium	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow to mediu	m medium
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	present	present
Flower: protrusion of stigma	absent	absent
Fruit cluster: density	sparse	medium
Fruit: diameter	large	large
Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	2.8	3.2
Fruit: depth of calyx basin	medium	deep
Fruit: size of scar	very small	small to medium
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FL92-84'	'FL88-53'
Leaf: length (mm)	52.00	55.50
Mean Std. Deviation	53.00 5.10	55.50 7.30
LSD/sig	7.17	ns
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	26.10	26.90
Std. Deviation	4.10	3.40
LSD/sig	4.29	ns
Leaf: length:width ratio Mean	2.05	2.07
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.10
LSD/sig	0.22	ns
Fruit: diameter (mm)		
Mean	18.10	19.70

Std. Deviation	0.90	1.20
LSD/sig	1.22	P≤0.01
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)		
Mean	6.20	8.20
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.60
LSD/sig	0.55	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2005	Applied	'Primadonna'

First sold in USA in Feb 2006.

Application Number 2007/271 **Variety Name** 'C95-12'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 16 Nov 2007

Applicant BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F93-29' x pollen parent 'F84-35' in 1993 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium fruit diameter. The pollen parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium growth vigour. 1995: fruit arising from parents sourced from Florida, USA. 6000 subsequently sown and grown on in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. 1995: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and between 1% and 3% of seedlings initially identified as having possible commercial merit. These were propagated by cuttings and 6-12 of each grown on for further evaluation One of these was 'C95-12', the result of a cross between 'F93-29' (seed parent) x 'F84-35' (pollen parent). 1997: 'C95-12' concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 1997-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'C95-115'. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 1995. Selection criteria: very strong growth vigour, good fruit flavour, tight fruit clusters, late season ripening. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of ripening	late
Fruit	intensity of bloom	strong
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	firmness when ripe	medium/firm
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect
Fruit	shape	flattened globose

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillilai Varieties	of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Southern Belle'		

Southern be

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'C95-12'	'C00-09'	'Emerald'	'Southern Belle'
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	upright to bushy	bushy to spreading	bushy
inte	*Unripe fruit:	medium	medium	light to medium	medium
bloc	*Fruit: intensity of om	strong	strong	strong	strong
blue	*Fruit: intensity of e colour of skin	very dark	very dark	very dark	very dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	strong	strong	weak to medium	weak
~	*Fruit: acidity	medium	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak
	*Time of: bud burst	medium to late	late	early to medium	late
of f	*Time of: beginning lowering	late to very late	late	early to medium	late
ripe	*Time of: fruit	late to very late	late	medium to late	late

•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'C95-12'	'C00-09'	'Emerald'	'Southern Belle'
~	Plant: growth vigour	strong to very strong	strong	strong	weak to medium
□ ripe	Fruit: firmness when	medium to firm	firm	firm	firm
	Fruit: shape	flattened globose	flattened globose	flattened globose	flattened globose

^{&#}x27;Emerald'

^{&#}x27;C00-09'

Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect	erect	erect
Fully developed leaf: length	medium	long	medium	medium to long
Fully developed leaf: width	broad	broad	broad	medium
Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A	137A	137A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal	horizontal	acute
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	medium	very long	medium	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	short to medium	long	medium	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow to medium	nmedium	narrow to medium	narrow
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	absent	present	present	present
Flower: protrusion of stigma	absent	absent	present	absent
Fruit cluster: density	dense	medium	dense	medium

	Fruit: diameter	large	large to very large	e large	large
□ (gra	Fruit: fresh weight	3.0	5.0	3.2	2.8
▽ bas	Fruit: depth of calyx in	shallow	deep	medium	medium
	Fruit: size of scar	small	small	small	small

Statistical Table

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C95-12'	'C00-09'	'Emerald'	'Southern Belle'
Leaf: length (mm)				
Mean	50.40	67.40	54.40	57.20
Std. Deviation	3.70	4.30	2.90	3.70
LSD/sig	4.21	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)				
Mean	34.20	34.00	32.50	28.10
Std. Deviation	3.10	3.60	2.60	3.60
LSD/sig	3.70	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: length:width r	atio			
Mean	1.47	1.99	1.68	2.05
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.10
LSD/sig	0.14	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter (mm	n)			
Mean	19.40	23.60	19.70	19.00
Std. Deviation	1.10	1.70	1.20	1.10
LSD/sig	1.50	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Calyx: diameter of b	pasin (mm)			
Mean	9.10	7.60	9.00	4.90
Std. Deviation	0.90	1.60	3.80	0.40
LSD/sig	2.43	ns	ns	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Application Number 2007/270 **Variety Name** 'C95-115'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 16 Nov 2007

Applicant BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F93-57' x pollen parent 'F93-36' in 1993 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium to large fruit diameter. The pollen parent is characterised by an early season flowering and harvest timing and medium growth vigour. 1995: fruit arising from parents sourced from Florida, USA. 6000 subsequently sown and grown on in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. 1995: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and between 1% and 3% of seedlings initially identified as having possible commercial merit. These were propagated by cuttings and 6-12 of each grown on for further evaluation One of these was C95-115, the result of a cross between F93-57 (seed parent) x F93-36 (pollen parent). 1997: C95-115 concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 1997-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'C95-115'. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 1995. Selection criteria: very large fruit size, high yielding, strong growth vigour. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety	of Co	mmon	Know	ledge
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Organ/PlantContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Part		
Fruit	time of ripening	early to medium
Fruit	intensity of bloom	strong
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	firmness when ripe	medium to firm
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect
Fruit	diameter	large

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DIMINE	varieties of common timo vieuge facilities (veil)
Name	Comments
'F88-53'	commercial variety known as 'Windsor'
'C97-41'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Springhigh'	Fruit timing of ripening	early to medium	very early

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'C95-115'	'C97-41'	'F88-53'
~	*Plant: growth habit	upright	bushy	bushy
	*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium
	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	strong	medium
	*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark	very dark	very dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	weak	medium	medium to strong
~	*Fruit: acidity	strong	weak to medium	weak to medium
~	*Time of: bud burst	late	early to medium	early to medium
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	early to medium	early	medium
	*Time of: fruit ripening	early to medium	early to medium	medium

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'C95-115'	'C97-41'	'F88-53'
V	Plant: growth vigour	very strong	strong	weak to medium
V	Fruit: shape	flattened globose	flattened globose	globose
	Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect	erect
V	Fully developed leaf: length	long	long	medium
V	Fully developed leaf: width	broad	broad	medium
	Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic

Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A	ca 139A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium	dark
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal	horizontal
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	long	long	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	medium	medium to long	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow to mediun	narrow to mediun	nnarrow to medium
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	present	present	present
Flower: protrusion of stigma	absent	absent	absent
Fruit cluster: density	sparse	sparse	medium
Fruit: diameter	large	large	large
Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	3.2	2.8	3.2
Fruit: size of scar	small	very small	small to medium
Fruit: firmness when ripe	medium to firm	medium to firm	medium
-			
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C95-115'	'C97-41'	'F88-53'
Leaf: length (mm)			
Mean	63.70	67.60	55.50
Std. Deviation	9.20	5.10	7.30
LSD/sig Loof: width (mm)	8.44	ns	ns
Leaf: width (mm) Mean	34.40	33.90	26.90
Std. Deviation	4.30	3.30	3.40
LSD/sig	4.23	ns	P≤0.01
leaf: length:width ratio			
Mean	1.85	2.00	2.07

Std. Deviation	0.10	0.20	0.10
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter (mm)			
Mean	19.80	18.60	19.70
Std. Deviation	1.10	1.60	1.20
LSD/sig	1.50	ns	ns
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)			
Mean	6.80	6.20	8.20
Std. Deviation	0.90	0.60	0.60
LSD/sig	0.83	ns	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Application Number 2007/269 **Variety Name** 'C00-09'

Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 16 Nov 2007

Applicant BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW.

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'F92-52' x pollen parent 'F84-35' in 1998 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing and medium fruit diameter. The pollen parent is characterised by a medium season flowering and harvest timing. 1998: fruit arising from parents sourced from Florida, USA. 6000 subsequently sown and grown on in Corindi Beach, NSW, Australia. 2000: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and between 1% and 3% of seedlings initially identified as having possible commercial merit. These were propagated by cuttings and 6-12 of each grown on for further evaluation One of these was 'C00-09', the result of a cross between 'F92-52' (seed parent) x 'F84-35' (pollen parent). 2002: 'C00-09' concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 2002 – present: Continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'C00-09'. Selection took place in Corindi Beach, NSW in 2002. Selection criteria: late harvest time, large fruit size, firmness, colour and picking scar. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Gary Wright, Corindi Beach, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of ripening	late/medium
Fruit	intensity of bloom	strong
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	firmness when ripe	firm
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Silliai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Jewel'		

^{&#}x27;Southern Belle'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expression in	n State of Expression in
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Sweetcrisp'	Fruit	time of ripenin	g late	early to medium

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'C00-09'	'Emerald'	'Jewel'	'Southern Belle'
V	*Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	bushy to spreading	bushy to spreading	upright
inte	*Unripe fruit:	medium	medium	light	medium
blo	*Fruit: intensity of om	strong	strong	strong	strong
□ blue	*Fruit: intensity of e colour of skin	very dark	very dark	very dark	very dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	strong	weak to medium	weak	weak
V	*Fruit: acidity	weak to medium	weak to medium	strong to very strong	weak
~	*Time of: bud burst	late	early to medium	medium	late
of f	*Time of: beginning lowering	late	early to medium	early to medium	late
ripe	*Time of: fruit	late	medium to late	medium	late

Organ/Plant Part:	'C00-09'	'Emerald'	'Jewel'	'Southern Belle'
Context	C00-09	Emeraid	Jewei	Southern Bene

^{&#}x27;Emerald'

Plant: growth vigour	strong	strong	medium to strong	weak to medium
Fruit: firmness when ripe		firm	firm	firm
Fruit: shape	flattened globose	flattened globose	globose	flattened globose
Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect	erect	erect
Fully developed leaf: length	Ü	medium	medium	medium to long
Fully developed leaf: width	broad	broad	narrow	medium
Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A	137A	137A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	weak	very weak to weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side		absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal	horizontal	acute
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	very long	medium	long	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	medium to broad	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow to medium
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of	present	present	absent	present

corolla ridges

Flower: protrusion of stigma	f absent	present	present	absent
Fruit cluster: density	medium	dense	medium	medium
Fruit: diameter	large to very large	elarge	medium to large	large
Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	5.0	3.2	2.6	2.8
Fruit: depth of calyx basin	deep	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: size of scar	small	small	small	small

Statistical Table

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'C00-09'	'Emerald'	'Jewel'	'Southern Belle'	
Leaf: length (mm)					
Mean	67.40	54.40	51.00	57.20	
Std. Deviation	4.30	2.90	5.60	3.70	
LSD/sig	4.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Leaf: width (mm)					
Mean	34.00	32.50	22.90	28.10	
Std. Deviation	3.60	2.60	2.50	3.60	
LSD/sig	3.74	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Leaf: length:width	ratio (mm)				
Mean	1.99	1.68	2.23	2.10	
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	
LSD/sig	0.16	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	
Fruit: diameter (mn	n)				
Mean	23.60	19.70	17.40	19.00	
Std. Deviation	1.70	1.20	1.20	1.10	
LSD/sig	1.57	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)					
Mean	7.60	9.00	5.80	4.90	
Std. Deviation	1.60	3.80	0.70	0.40	
LSD/sig	2.73	ns	ns	P≤0.01	

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Application Number 2007/262
Variety Name 'Sweetcrisp'
Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 10 Dec 2007

Applicant Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc, Greenwood, FL,

USA

Agent BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'Southern Belle' x pollen parent 'FL95-3' in 1998 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a late season flowering and harvest timing and large fruit diameter. The pollen parent is characterised by an early season flowering and harvest timing and medium growth vigour. 1996: controlled pollination. 1998-2003: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and commercial propagation and merit tested. 2004: large scale test planting; concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits. 2004-present: continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'Sweetcrisp'. Selection took place in Gainesville, Florida, USA in 1998. Selection criteria: strong growth vigour, early leafing, very low chilling requirement, early ripening, firm berries with good picking qualities. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Paul Lyrene, Gainesville, Florida, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Fruit	time of ripening	medium to late
Fruit	shape	globose
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect
Fruit	diameter	large
Fruit	depth of calyx basin	medium
Fruit	firmness when ripe	firm

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments
Name Comments
1 (dille
'Iewel'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Biloxi'	Fruit	diameter	large	small	
'Abundance'	plant	growth habit	bushy	upright	
'C97-390'	fruit	time of ripenin	g medium-late	very early-early	
'C99-42'	fruit	time of ripenin	g medium-late	early	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sweetcrisp'	'Jewel'
	*Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
~	*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	medium	light
~	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	weak to medium	strong
	*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark	very dark
~	*Fruit: sweetness	strong to very strong	weak
V	*Fruit: acidity	very weak	strong to very strong
V	*Time of: bud burst	early	medium
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	early	early to medium
	*Time of: fruit ripening	medium to late	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

CII	Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/16					
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sweetcrisp'	'Jewel'			
	Plant: growth vigour	medium to strong	medium to strong			
	Fruit: firmness when ripe	firm	firm			
	Fruit: shape	globose	globose			
	Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect			

Fully developed leaf: length	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: width	medium	narrow
Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	weak	very weak to weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	medium	long
Flower: length of corolla tube	short to medium	short to medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow to medium	nnarrow to medium
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Flower: presence of corolla ridges	present	absent
Flower: protrusion of stigma	absent	present
Fruit cluster: density	sparse	medium
Fruit: diameter	large	large
Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	3.4	2.6
Fruit: depth of calyx basin	medium	medium
Fruit: size of scar	small	small
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sweetcrisp'	'Jewel'
Leaf: length (mm)		-1.00
Mean Std. Deviation	54.30 3.60	51.00 5.60
LSD/sig	5.35	ns
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	29.30	22.90
Std. Deviation	1.70	2.50 P<0.01
LSD/sig Looft langth weight matic	2.44	P≤0.01
Leaf: length:width ratio		

Mean	1.85	2.23
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.10
LSD/sig	0.08	P≤0.01
Fruit: diameter (mm)		
Mean	18.60	17.40
Std. Deviation	1.20	1.20
LSD/sig	1.39	ns
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)		
Mean	6.60	5.80
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.70
LSD/sig	0.59	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2005	Applied	'Sweetcrisp'

First sold in USA in Mar 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/263
Variety Name 'Springhigh'
Genus Species Vaccinium hybrid

Common Name Southern Highbush Blueberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 10 Dec 2007

Applicant Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc, Greenwood, FL,

USA

Agent BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi

Beach, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corindi Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Blueberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) TG/137/3.

Period Aug 2006 – Oct 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in standard commercial field production

conditions, plants propagated from cuttings, planted into field

from 125mm pots.

Trial Design 6 plants per variety randomly blocked in standard commercial

beds.

Measurements Fruit and leaf observations from 4 plants with 20 ripe fruit

randomly picked and measurements taken from 10 of these fruit at random. Leaf observations from largest mature leaf on

a branch.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'FL91-226' x pollen parent 'Southmoon' in 1993 in Florida, USA. The seed parent is characterised by a medium fruit diameter, medium fruit firmness and bushy-spreading growth habit. The pollen parent is characterised by a medium season flowering timing and medium blue fruit colour and medium fruit diameter. 1993: controlled pollination. 1995-present: first fruiting; growth and fruiting performances evaluated and commercial propagation and merit tested; large scale test planting; concluded as being of commercial value due to its distinctive traits; Continued propagation of cuttings for commercial scale testing of field and post harvest performance. As a result it was concluded to be a distinct and viable commercial variety and named 'Sweetcrisp'. Selection took place in Gainesville, Florida, USA in 1995. Selection criteria: early season, strong upright growth habit, low chilling requirement, large firm berries with good picking qualities. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Paul Lyrene, Gainesville, Florida, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of ripening	early to medium
Fruit	attitude of calyx	erect
Plant	growth habit	upright to bushy
Fruit	intensity of bloom	strong
Fruit	intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark
Fruit	diameter	large
Fruit	depth of calyx basin	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai V	arienes of common knowledge identified (very)
Name	Comments
'FL92-84'	Commercially known as Primadonna.
'C97-41'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'C97-390'	fruit	time of rij	pening early to medium	very early to early

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Springhigh'	'C97-41'	'FL92-84'
	*Plant: growth habit	upright to bushy	bushy	upright to bushy
~	*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	light	medium	light
	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	strong	strong
	*Fruit: intensity of blue colour of skin	very dark	very dark	very dark
	*Fruit: sweetness	medium	medium	medium
~	*Fruit: acidity	weak	weak to medium	medium
~	*Time of: bud burst	medium	early to medium	late to very late
~	*Time of: beginning of flowering	early to medium	early	medium to late
	*Time of: fruit ripening	early to medium	early to medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Springhigh'	'C97-41'	'FL92-84'
V	Plant: growth vigour	strong	strong	medium
	Fruit: firmness when ripe	firm	medium to firm	medium to firm
V	Fruit: shape	flattened globose	flattened globose	globose
	Fruit: attitude of calyx	erect	erect	erect
	Fully developed leaf: length	medium to long	long	medium
V	Fully developed leaf: width	medium	broad	medium

Fully developed leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
Fully developed leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A	147A
Fully developed leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side	medium	medium	dark
Fully developed leaf: margin	entire	entire	entire
Fully developed leaf: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	weak	weak
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of upper side	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: pubescence of lower side	absent	absent	absent
Fully developed leaf: cross-section	flat	flat	flat
Fully developed leaf: longitudinal-section	straight	straight	straight
Fully developed leaf: attitude	horizontal	horizontal	horizontal
Inflorescence: length of pedicel	medium	long	medium
Flower: length of corolla tube	medium	medium to long	medium
Flower: width of corolla tube	narrow	narrow to mediun	nnarrow to medium
Flower: anthocyanin colouration of	absent or very	very weak to	absent or very
corolla	weak	weak	weak
•	•		•
corolla	weak	weak	weak
corolla Flower: presence of corolla ridges	weak present	weak present	weak present
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma	weak present present	weak present absent	weak present absent
corolla Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density	weak present present medium	weak present absent sparse	weak present absent sparse
corolla Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter	weak present present medium large	weak present absent sparse large	weak present absent sparse large
corolla Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams)	weak present present medium large 3.2	weak present absent sparse large 2.8	weak present absent sparse large 2.8
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm)	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small 'Springhigh'	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small 'Springhigh' 59.10	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'C97-41'	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'FL92-84' 53.00
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm)	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small 'Springhigh' 59.10 3.00 5.17	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'C97-41' 67.60 5.10 P≤0.01	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'FL92-84' 53.00 5.10 P≤0.01
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm) Mean	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small 'Springhigh' 59.10 3.00 5.17	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'C97-41' 67.60 5.10 P≤0.01 33.90	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'FL92-84' 53.00 5.10 P≤0.01
Flower: presence of corolla ridges Flower: protrusion of stigma Fruit cluster: density Fruit: diameter Fruit: fresh weight (grams) Fruit: depth of calyx basin Fruit: size of scar Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm)	weak present present medium large 3.2 medium small 'Springhigh' 59.10 3.00 5.17	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'C97-41' 67.60 5.10 P≤0.01	weak present absent sparse large 2.8 medium very small 'FL92-84' 53.00 5.10 P≤0.01

Leaf: length:width ratio			
Mean	2.14	2.00	2.05
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.20	0.20
LSD/sig	0.22	ns	ns
Fruit: diameter (mm)			
Mean	18.90	18.60	18.10
Std. Deviation	0.80	1.60	0.90
LSD/sig	1.29	ns	ns
Calyx: diameter of basin (mm)			
Mean	5.90	6.20	6.20
Std. Deviation	0.70	0.60	0.40
LSD/sig	0.64	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
USA	2004	Granted	'Springhigh'	

First sold in USA in Feb 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/277 **Variety Name** 'WN002'

Genus Species Lomandra hystrix

Spring Headed Met F

Common Name Spiny Headed Mat Rush

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 1 Dec 2006

Applicant Deborah Roberts, Corndale, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Corndale, NSW.

Descriptor Lomandra (*Lomandra*) PBR LOMA.

Period Autumn 2007 – spring 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

divisions, planted into 300mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Ten pots of each variety arranged in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling Selection: seed parent *Lomandra hystrix*. The seed parent is characterised by an absence of leaf variegation. Approximately 1500 seed of *L. hystrix* were grown in 2004. In Sep 2004 a single seedling was observed to have yellow foliage coloration and this was selected and grown on from 2004-2006. It showed distinctive leaf variegation as it matured. It was vegetatively propagated by division in early 2006 and again in spring and has demonstrated that it maintains it distinctive traits over successive generations. Selection took place in Cornadale, NSW in 2004. Selection criteria: presence of leaf variegation. Propagation: vegetative by division and micropropagation is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Deborah Roberts, Corndale, NSW.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

, arrety or ec	variety of common two wieage				
Organ/PlantContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Part					
Plant	sex expression	female			
Plant	growth habit	semi-upright			
Plant	height	medium			
Plant	density	medium			
Leaf	length of blade	medium			
Leaf	width of blade	medium			
Basal sheath	margin shredding	very weak			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

L. hystrix female parent 'WN002' is the first variegated variety of the species.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WN002'	L. hystrix female parent
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
Plant: height	medium	medium
Plant: density	medium	medium
Leaf: texture	medium	medium
Leaf: glaucosity	weak	weak
Leaf: rigidity	weak	weak
Leaf: length of blade	medium	medium
Leaf: width of blade	medium	medium
Leaf: cross section	flat	flat
Leaf: variegation	present	absent
Leaf: colour (RHS colour chart)	146A and 13C	146A
Basal sheath: margin shredding	very weak	very weak
Basal sheath: colour Statistical Table	medium brown	medium brown
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WN002'	L. hystrix female parent
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	12.50	12.40
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.90 1.10	1.20 ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/183 Variety Name 'WAU 65'

Genus SpeciesCommon Name
Lomandra longifolia
Spiny Headed Mat Rush

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jul 2006

Applicant Craig Waters, Wauchope, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wauchope, NSW.

Descriptor Lomandra (*Lomandra*) PBR LOMA.

Period Spring 2006 - autumn 2007.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seed parent *Lomandra longifolia*. The seed parent is characterised by a tall plant height and a broad leaf width. Selection took place in Wauchope, NSW in 2004. Selection criteria: short plant height and compact growth habit. Propagation: vegetative, micropropagation is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Craig Waters, Wauchope, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant PartContext		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	density	very dense
Leaf	rigidity	medium
Leaf	cross-section	flat
Leaf	variegation	absent
Basal sheath	margin shredding	weak

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Name	Comments

'LM400'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distingt Charact	_	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
L. longifolia	Plant	height	short	tall	seed parent
'LM300'	Leaf	width	medium	very narrow	
'Katrinus'	Plant	height	short	tall	
'Katrinus	Plant	height	short	medium to tall	
Deluxe'					
'Cassica'	Leaf	width	medium	broad	
'LMV100'	Leaf	variegation	absent	present	
'TT1'	Leaf	variegation	absent	present	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WAU 65'	'LM400'		
Plant: growth habit	upright	semi-upright		
Plant: height	short	medium		
Plant: density	very dense	very dense		
Leaf: texture	medium	fine		
Leaf: glaucosity	medium	strong		
Leaf: rigidity	medium	medium		
Leaf: length of blade	very short	medium		
Leaf: width of blade	medium	narrow		
Leaf: cross section	flat	flat		
Leaf: expression of middle apex	weak	medium		
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent		
Leaf: colour (RHS colour chart)	137A	146A		
Basal sheath: margin shredding	weak	weak		
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'WAU 65'	'LM400'		
Leaf: length (mm)				
Mean	208.60	299.60		
Std. Deviation	16.90	31.80		
LSD/sig	29.08	P≤0.01		
Leaf: width (mm)				
Mean	4.03	2.69		
Std. Deviation	0.70	0.20		
LSD/sig	0.56	P≤0.01		

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/219 **Variety Name** 'Q233'

Genus Species Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 17 Sep 2007

Applicant BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person George Piperidis

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mackay BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2.

Period Planted 19 Sep 2006; descriptions 16-18 Jul 2007.

Conditions Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced-ripped twice and rotary-hoed. Planting material was generally good. Soil tilth and moisture were good at planting. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation and rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60ml per hectare at planting. The herbicides Stomp (3L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 25 Sept 2006 to control weeds. The insecticide Talstar (375mL/ha) was applied to control wireworms. Fertilisers: GF351 (185 kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients were: Nitrogen 21 kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha; Potassium 33

kg/ha, Sulphur 2kg/ha.

Trial Design Randomised Complete Block Design with three replicates.

Plots were single row by 10m, with 1.5m between rows.

Measurements Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited between the seed parent 'Q117' and the pollen parent 'CP57-614'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescences and stored for germination in 1984. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the Herbert Sugar Experiment Station at Ingham and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Herbert region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	cross-section	circular
Internode	unexposed colour	yellow-green
Node	shape of bud	oval/ovate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Q124'				
'Q138'				
'Q135'				
'Q170'				

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Context		'Q233'	'Q124'	'Q135'	'Q138'	'Q170'
Plant: sto	ool growth	erect to semi- erect	erect	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect to intermediate	erect to semi- erect
*Plant: a leaf sheath	dherence of	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	weak to medium
Plant: til	lering	weak	weak	medium	strong	medium
Plant: nu suckers	mber of	very few	very few to few	very few	very few to few	very few to few
Plant: lea	af canopy	medium to dense	sparse to medium	medium to dense	medium	medium to dense
*Interno	de: shape	cylindrical	bobbin-shaped	lbobbin-shaped	lbobbin-shaped	concave- convex
Internode section	e: cross-	circular	circular	circular	circular	circular
*Internoc where expose (RHS colour		yellow 10B & yellow-green N144C & B	greyed-red 178A & greyed-yellow 161A & 160B	yellow 11B & yellow-green 151A	yellow 11B & yellow-green N144A & 144A	yellow 11A-B & yellow- green N144A- B
*Internoc where not ex (RHS colour		yellow-green N144A-144A & 151A	greyed-orange 174A & yellow-green 151A	yellow-green N144A-B-C	yellow-green 153A-B	yellow-green N144A & 151A
Internode growth crack	e: depth of	medium	very shallow to shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	shallow
*Internocexpression of alignment		weak to moderate	moderate	weak	weak	weak to moderate
Internode	e: waxiness	strong	medium	medium to strong	weak	weak to medium

V	Node: wax ring	medium	medium to wide	medium	medium to wide	medium
	*Node: shape of bud	oval	oval	oval	oval	ovate
	Node: bud minence	strong	weak to medium	medium	weak to medium	medium
groo	Node: depth of bud	shallow to medium	shallow	shallow	shallow	shallow
groo	Node: length of bud	medium	short	medium	medium	short
	Node: bud tip in tion to growth ring	clearly below	clearly below		clearly below	
~	Node: bud cushion	narrow to medium	absent or very narrow	narrow to medium	absent or very narrow	medium to wide
□ win	Node: width of bud	medium	wide	medium to wide	medium to wide	medium
of h	Leaf sheath: number airs	medium to many	medium to many	very few to few	few	few to medium
▽ hair	Leaf sheath: length of	medium	medium to long	short to medium	medium	medium
	Leaf sheath: ribution of hairs	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal
▽ ligu	Leaf sheath: shape of le	crescent- shaped	crescent- shaped	deltoid	crescent- shaped	deltoid
□ wid	Leaf sheath: ligule th	wide	wide	wide	wide	wide
▽ ligu	Leaf sheath: length of le hairs	medium	long	medium	short	short
	Leaf sheath: density gule hairs	medium	dense	medium	medium to dense	very sparse to sparse
	Leaf sheath: shape of erlapping auricle	falcate	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate	lanceolate
	Leaf sheath: size of erlapping auricle	small	large	large	medium to large	small
ove	Leaf sheath: shape of clapping auricle	transitional	transitional	lanceolate	deltoid	transitional
	Leaf sheath: size of clapping auricle	not applicable	not applicable	small	medium	not applicable
~	Leaf blade: curvature	erect	curved tips	curved tips	erect	curved tips
	Leaf blade: escence on margin	absent or very sparse	very sparse to sparse	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse

Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present	present	present
Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q233'	'Q124'	'Q135'	'Q138'	'Q170'
Culm: height (m)					
Mean	2.70	2.86	2.66	2.91	3.02
Std. Deviation	0.23	0.20	0.27	0.16	0.21
LSD/sig	0.18	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	ghij	cdefgh	hij	bcdefg	bcd
Internode: length (cn	n)	-	•	_	
Mean	14.50	19.70	18.20	19.40	17.90
Std. Deviation	1.10	1.80	2.00	2.20	1.10
LSD/sig	1.0	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	i	b	defg	bc	efg
Internode: diameter ((mm)				
Mean	29.80	24.90	22.50	25.10	25.70
Std. Deviation	2.90	3.00	3.20	2.30	2.20
LSD/sig	1.8	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	a	defghi	klm	defghi	cdefg
Node: width of bud (mm)				
Mean	8.80	7.50	7.50	7.20	7.60
Std. Deviation	0.70	0.90	0.80	0.60	0.80
LSD/sig	0.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	bc	defghi	defghi	defghij	defgh
Node: width of root	band (mm)	-	-		-
Mean	10.80	9.40	10.10	10.10	10.60
Std. Deviation	0.90	1.10	1.30	0.80	0.70
LSD/sig	0.9	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	b	defgh	bcde	bcde	bc
Leaf blade: length (c	m)				
Mean	147.40	162.40	157.50	158.60	147.80
Std. Deviation	1.10	8.00	16.70	8.50	8.80
LSD/sig	0.8	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	g	ab	abcde	abcd	fg
Leaf blade: width (m	ım)				
Mean	45.00	41.00	41.60	52.60	39.60
Std. Deviation	2.80	4.00	3.20	3.50	9.70
LSD/sig	3.1	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	de	f	f	b	f
Leaf: midrib width (mm)				
Mean	4.20	3.80	3.70	5.00	3.50
Std. Deviation	0.80	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.60
LSD/sig	0.5	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	cdef	efgh	fgh	a	h

Leaf sheath: length	(cm)				
Mean	32.10	40.70	38.90	33.80	38.70
Std. Deviation	2.00	2.10	2.50	1.30	3.30
LSD/sig	1.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	lm	a	b	ijk	bc
Leaf: ratio leaf wid	lth: midrib wid	lth			
Mean	11.00	10.90	11.40	10.70	11.80
Std. Deviation	2.00	1.30	1.70	0.90	3.50
LSD/sig	1.2	ns	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	def	defg	cde	defg	bcd
Note: mean values shared by the sa	ame letter are not sign	nificantly different at F	≥0.01 according to Du	ncan's Multiple Range	e Test.

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

Application Number 2007/220 **Variety Name** 'Q234'

Genus Species Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 17 Sep 2007

Applicant BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person George Piperidis

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mackay BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2

Period Planted 4 Aug 2005; descriptions 17-19 May 2006.

Conditions Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced and ripped three times and levelled using land plane and harrows. Planting material was generally good, and soil moisture at planting was also good. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation followed by rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60 mL per hectare, and the insecticide Talstar was applied at 375 mL per hectare at planting. Stomp (3 L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 11/08/2005. Fertilisers: GF351 (185kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients applied were: Nitrogen 21kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha;

Potassium 33 kg/ha; Sulphur 2 kg/ha.

Trial Design Randomised Complete Block Design with 3 replicates. Plots

were single row by 10m, with 1.5 m between rows.

Measurements Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited between the seed parent 'Q107' and the pollen parent 'QN66-2008'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescences and stored for germination in 1988. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the Southern Sugar Experiment Station at Bundaberg and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Southern and Condong regions. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	cross-section	circular
Internode	unexposed colour	yellow-green
Node	shape of bud	ovate/oval

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar	<u>Most Similar varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)</u>					
Name	Comments					
'Q186'						
'Q203'						
'Q211'						

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q234'	'Q186'	'Q203'	'Q211'
Plant: stool growth habit	erect	erect	semi-erect	intermediate
*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	weak	weak	weak	weak to medium
Plant: tillering	medium	medium	medium	medium
Plant: number of suckers	very few	very few	medium	medium to many
Plant: leaf canopy	sparse	sparse to medium	medium	sparse
*Internode: shape	cylindrical	concave- convex	cylindrical	conoidal
Internode: cross-section	circular	circular	circular	circular
*Internode: colour where exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 144A	yellow-green 151A & 153D	greyed-orange 166C & yellow-green 151C & 144A	yellow-green 144A-B & N144B
*Internode: colour where not exposed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green N144A-D	yellow-green 151A & 144A		yellow-green 144B-C
*Internode: expression of zigzag alignment	very weak to weak	moderate to strong	moderate to strong	moderate to strong
Internode: waxiness	medium	medium to strong	medium	medium
Node: wax ring	medium to wide	medium	narrow to medium	medium to wide
*Node: shape of bud	ovate	ovate	oval	ovate
Node: bud prominence	medium	medium	weak to medium	medium
Node: depth of bud groove	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	shallow	shallow
Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate

= ansent or very very narrow to medium	to.
Node: bud cushion wide absent or very very narrow to medium narrow narrow wide	110
Node: width of bud wing medium narrow narrow narrow	
Leaf sheath: number of hairs very few to few few few medium	1
Leaf sheath: length of hairs medium medium	l
Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs only dorsal only do	rsal
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule crescent-shaped shaped shaped deltoid	
Leaf sheath: ligule width medium medium wide wide	
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs medium short medium short	
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs medium sparse to medium to dense sparse	
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping lanceolate falcate lanceolate transition auricle	onal
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping medium small medium to large not apple	licable
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping transitional transitional transitional transitional auricle	onal
Leaf sheath: size of overlapping not applicable not	icable
Leaf blade: curvature arched curved tips arched curved t	tips
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin absent or very absence or very absent or very ab	or very
Leaf blade: serration of margin present present present present	
Statistical Table	
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Q234' 'Q186' 'Q203' 'Q211'	
Culm: height (m)	
Mean 2.60 2.30 2.00 2.30	
Std. Deviation 0.20 0.13 0.10 0.33	
LSD/sig 0.48 ns P≤0.01 ns	
Means Separation abc bcde de abcde	
Internode: length (cm)	
Mean 16.50 13.00 15.90 15.00	
Std. Deviation 1.50 1.60 1.70 1.50	
LSD/sig 2.5 $P \le 0.01$ ns ns	
Means Separation abcd efg bcde bcdef	
Internode: diameter (mm)	
Mean 26.90 26.50 23.90 22.20	
Std. Deviation 2.40 2.70 5.30 2.70	
LSD/sig 2.9 ns ns $P \le 0.01$	
Means Separation bcdefg bcdefgh fghi i	

Node: width of bud (mm)				
Mean	8.70	6.20	6.00	7.80
Std. Deviation	1.40	0.90	0.70	0.90
LSD/sig	1.2	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	abcd	fg	g	bcde
Node: width of root band (mm)		C		
Mean	13.20	8.70	10.40	10.40
Std. Deviation	1.10	1.00	1.30	0.90
LSD/sig	4.3	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	ab	bc	bc	bc
Leaf blade: length (cm)				
Mean	148.20	147.90	179.30	156.30
Std. Deviation	10.10	7.50	7.00	9.40
LSD/sig	13.3	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	hij	hij	ab	defghij
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	51.00	47.20	42.60	37.20
Std. Deviation	2.90	2.50	2.00	2.50
LSD/sig	4.6	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	abcd	cdefg	g	h
Leaf: midrib width (mm)				
Mean	3.80	4.60	3.80	3.30
Std. Deviation	0.60	0.50	0.30	0.40
LSD/sig	0.7	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	defgh	abcd	efgh	h
Leaf sheath: length (cm)				
Mean	31.20	28.00	34.10	27.50
Std. Deviation	2.00	1.40	1.00	1.30
LSD/sig	2.4	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	defg	hij	bc	j
Leaf: ratio leaf width: midrib width	l			
Mean	13.50	10.40	11.30	11.40
Std. Deviation	2.00	1.00	0.50	0.90
LSD/sig	1.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation	ab	efg	def	def
Note: mean values shared by the same letter are not signific	eantly different at P≤0.	01 according to Dunca	n's Multiple Range Te	st.

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

Application Number2007/223Variety Name'QS96-2174'Genus SpeciesSaccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 17 Sep 2007

Applicant BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person George Piperidis

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mackay BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2.

Period Planted 19 Sep 2006; descriptions 16-18 Jul 2007.

Conditions Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced-ripped twice and rotary-hoed. Planting material was generally good. Soil tilth and moisture were good at planting. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation and rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60ml per hectare at planting. The herbicides Stomp (3L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 25 Sept 2006 to control weeds. The insecticide Talstar (375mL/ha) was applied to control wireworms. Fertilisers: GF351 (185 kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients were: Nitrogen 21 kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha; Potassium 33

kg/ha, Sulphur 2kg/ha.

Trial Design Randomised Complete Block Design with three replicates.

Plots were single row by 10m, with 1.5m between rows.

Measurements Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited between the seed parent 'QS83-2103' and the pollen parent 'QC89-6015'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescences and stored for germination in 1996. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the Southern Sugar Experiment Station at Bundaberg and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Southern region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	cross-section	ovate
Internode	unexposed colour	yellow-green
Node	shape of bud	ovate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

'KQ228'

Most Similar	Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Q207'		
'Q212'		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'QS96-2174'	'KQ228'	'Q207'	'Q212'
	Plant: stool growth habit	semi-erect to intermediate	erect to semi- erect	intermediate	intermediate
~	*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	weak to medium
~	Plant: tillering	weak	weak	strong	medium
	Plant: number of suckers	very few to few	many	few to medium	very few to few
	Plant: leaf canopy	sparse to medium	sparse to medium	medium to dense	sparse to medium
~	*Internode: shape	bobbin-shaped	lbobbin-shaped	concave- convex	bobbin-shaped
	Internode: cross-section	ovate	ovate	ovate	ovate
sun	*Internode: colour where exposed to (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green N144A&C & yellow 11A	yellow-green 151A & 153D		yellow-green N144A & Yellow 11A
□ exp	*Internode: colour where not osed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 151A & 144A	yellow-green 151A & N144A	yellow-green 151A	yellow-green N144A&C & yellow 11B
~	Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	shallow to medium	medium	absent or very shallow
▼ alig	*Internode: expression of zigzag nment	moderate	weak	moderate to strong	weak to moderate
~	Internode: waxiness	weak	weak to medium	weak to medium	medium
	Node: wax ring	medium	medium	medium	medium to wide
	*Node: shape of bud	ovate	ovate	ovate	ovate
~	Node: bud prominence	weak to medium	weak to medium	medium to strong	medium
~	Node: depth of bud groove	shallow	absent or very shallow	medium	medium
V	Node: length of bud groove	short to		medium to	medium to

_	medium		long	long
Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring	intermediate	intermediate	clearly below	intermediate
Node: bud cushion	medium	absent or very narrow	absent or very narrow	absent or very narrow
Node: width of bud wing	narrow to medium	medium	narrow	medium
Leaf sheath: number of hairs	absent or very few	medium	very few to few	medium
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	crescent- shaped	deltoid	crescent- shaped	crescent- shaped
Leaf sheath: ligule width	medium	medium	medium	wide
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	medium to long	short	medium	medium
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	sparse to medium	medium	sparse
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	lanceolate	lanceolate	transitional	transitional
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	small	small	not applicable	not applicable
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	transitional	transitional	transitional	transitional
Leaf sheath: size of overlapping auricle	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable
Leaf blade: curvature	curved tips	erect	curved tips	curved tips
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present	present
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'QS96-2174'	'KQ228'	'Q207'	'Q212'
✓ Internode: length (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ✓ Internode: diameter (mm)	20.90 2.30 1.0 a	15.50 1.40 P≤0.01 hi	18.30 1.80 P≤0.01 cdefg	16.20 1.60 P≤0.01 h
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation ✓ Node: width of bud (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	22.80 2.40 1.8 jklm 6.20 0.60	24.80 2.60 P≤0.01 efghi 8.60 0.90	21.60 2.00 ns m 5.40 0.50	23.70 2.90 ns ghijkl 8.20 1.40
LSD/sig	0.9	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01

Means Separation	jk	bc	k	bcd
Node: width of root band (mm)				
Mean	9.70	9.30	7.80	9.00
Std. Deviation	0.80	0.60	0.90	1.10
LSD/sig	0.9	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation	cdefg	defgh	i	fgh

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

Application Number 2007/218 **Variety Name** 'Q232'

Genus Species Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 17 Sep 2007

Applicant BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person George Piperidis

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mackay BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2.

Period Planted 19 Sep 2006; descriptions 16-18 Jul 2007.

Conditions Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced-ripped twice and rotary-hoed. Planting material was generally good. Soil tilth and moisture were good at planting. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation and rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60ml per hectare at planting. The herbicides Stomp (3L/ha) and Atradex (2.2kg/ha) were applied 25 Sept 2006 to control weeds. The insecticide Talstar (375mL/ha) was applied to control wireworms. Fertilisers: GF351 (185 kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients were: Nitrogen 21 kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha; Potassium 33

kg/ha, Sulphur 2kg/ha.

Trial Design Randomised Complete Block Design with three replicates.

Plots were single row by 10m, with 1.5m between rows.

Measurements Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited between the seed parent 'QN80-3425' and the pollen parent 'QS72-732'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescences and stored for germination in 1994. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the Southern Sugar Experiment Station at Bundaberg and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the southern region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: BSES Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Internode	unexposed colour	yellow-green
Internode	cross-section	circular
Node	shape of bud	ovate/ obovate

'Q198'

Most Similar Varieties of	of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'H56-752'		
'Q162'		
'Q174'		

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'Q232'	'H56-752'	'Q162'	'Q174'	'Q198'
▼ hab	Plant: stool growth	erect	intermediate	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate	erect
leaf	*Plant: adherence of sheath	medium to strong	weak	weak to medium	medium to strong	medium
V	Plant: tillering	medium	medium	medium	weak	medium
suc	Plant: number of kers	very few	few	very few to few	very few	very few
V	Plant: leaf canopy	medium to dense	sparse to medium	medium	sparse to medium	medium
~	*Internode: shape	concave- convex	bobbin-shaped	concave- convex	concave- convex	bobbin-shaped
sect	Internode: cross-tion	circular	circular	circular	circular	circular
	*Internode: colour ere exposed to sun HS colour chart)	yellow-green (151A and N144C)	yellow-green N144A	yellow-green N144A & 151A-B	yellow-green 151A to 153A & 144B	yellow-green 152D&151A& 144A
	*Internode: colour ere not exposed to sun HS colour chart)	yellow-green (151A and 144A	yellow-green N144A&C	yellow-green 151A & N144A	yellow-green 151A Greyed- red 176B	
gro	Internode: depth of wth crack	medium	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
	*Internode: ression of zigzag gnment	weak	weak	moderate	moderate	moderate
V	Internode: waxiness	weak	strong	weak	medium	medium
	Node: wax ring	medium	medium	medium	medium to wide	medium

*Node: shape of bud	ovate	ovate	ovate	ovate	obovate
Node: bud prominence	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Node: depth of bud groove	shallow to medium	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	medium	absent or very shallow
Node: length of bud groove	medium			long	
Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring	intermediate	intermediate	clearly below	intermediate	intermediate
Node: bud cushion	narrow to medium	medium to wide	very narrow to narrow	absent or very narrow	absent or very narrow
Node: width of bud wing	medium	medium	narrow to medium	medium	medium
Leaf sheath: number of hairs	absent or very few	very few to few	many	few to medium	medium to many
Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	deltoid	deltoid	deltoid	crescent- shaped	crescent- shaped
Leaf sheath: ligule width	medium	wide	wide	medium	wide
Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	f _{medium}	short	medium	short	short
Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	medium to dense	sparse to medium	sparse	medium
Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping auricle	falcate	lanceolate	falcate	falcate	lanceolate
Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	small	medium	small	small	small
Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping auricle	transitional	transitional	transitional	dentoid	deltoid
Leaf sheath: size of overlapping auricle	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	small	small
Leaf blade: curvature	erect	curved tips	curved tips	curved tips	curved tips
Leaf blade: pubescence on margin		absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present	present	present
Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Q232'	'Н56-752'	'Q162'	'Q174'	'Q198'
Internode: length (cm)				

Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Means Separation	18.00 1.70 1.0 defg	19.30 1.30 P≤0.01 bc	19.40 1.90 P≤0.01 bc	15.30 1.40 P≤0.01 hi	18.60 1.50 ns bcdefg
Internode: width (m)	Ŭ				000018
Mean	24.90	26.20	26.40	25.60	23.60
Std. Deviation	3.20	3.30	2.60	2.40	3.40
LSD/sig	1.8	ns	ns	ns	ns
Means Separation	efghi	bcdef	bcdef	cdefgh	hijkl
Node: width of bud	(mm)				
Mean	8.20	9.10	7.90	7.90	7.00
Std. Deviation	1.00	1.30	0.80	0.80	0.70
LSD/sig	0.9	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Means Separation	bcd	ab	cdef	cdefg	fghij
Node: width of root	band (mm)				
Mean	9.20	12.30	12.10	10.90	8.70
Std. Deviation	0.70	1.10	1.50	0.80	0.60
LSD/sig	0.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation Note: mean values shared by the same	efgh ne letter are not signific	a antly different at P≤0.0	a 01 according to Dunca	b n's Multiple Range Te	ghi st.

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD.

Application Number 2007/233 **Variety Name** 'SP-4'

Genus Species Citrullus lanatus **Common Name** Watermelon

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 26 Nov 2007

ApplicantSyngenta Crop Protection AG, Basel, SwitzerlandAgentSyngenta Seeds Pty Ltd, Keysborough, VIC

Qualified Person Lauren O'Connor

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Gatton, QLD.

Descriptor Watermelon (*Citrullus lanatus*) TG/142/4.

Period Summer 2007-08.

Conditions The trial was sown on 20 Nov 2007 and transplanted 18 Dec

2007 at University of Queensland Agricultural College, Gatton, QLD. Both 'SP-1' and 'SP-4' produced mature fruit, however, the vine of 'SP-1' collapsed in late Feb from suspected *Fusarium* wilt. The vine of 'SP-4' remained green

and healthy.

Trial Design Two replicates per variety of 25 plants each. 10 plants or

plant parts were measured per replicate, giving a total of 20

observations per variety.

Measurements Assessments were conducted at the cotyledon stage, 3rd leaf

fully expanded and mature fruit stages.

RHS Chart - edition

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Watermelon 'SP-4' was developed as a pollinator for triploid watermelon in the production of triploid seedless watermelon. 'SP-4' was developed at Syngenta Seeds Research Stations in Woodland, California and Naples, Florida, as a result of traditional recombination breeding. 'SP-4' was bred by Xingping Zhang of Syngenta Seeds Inc.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	main colour of flesh	white
Fruit	weight	very low/low
Fruit	ground colour of skin	green
Fruit	thickness of pericarp	thick
Fruit	stripes	present
Fruit	width of stripes	narrow
Leaf	degree of primary lobin	gstrong
Flowering	time of flowering	early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viost Sillillai V	differences of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	ì
Name	Comments	

'SP-1'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick. Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SP-4'	'SP-1'
*Ploidy:	diploid	diploid
Cotyledon: shape	medium elliptic	medium elliptic
Cotyledon: size	small	medium
Plant: length of internode	medium	long
Leaf blade: length	short	medium
Leaf blade: width	narrow	medium
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
*Leaf: degree of primary lobing	very strong	very strong
*Leaf blade: marbling	absent or weak	absent or weak
Petiole: length	medium	long
*Fruit: weight	very low to low	low
*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Fruit: ground colour of skin	green	green
*Fruit: intensity of ground colour of skin	very light ot light	very light ot light
*Fruit: shape of apical part	flat to rounded	flat to rounded
*Fruit: stripes	present	present
*Fruit: intensity of colour of stripes	medium	light
*Fruit: width of stripes	narrow	narrow
*Fruit: thickness of pericarp	thick	thick
*Fruit: main colour of flesh	white	white
Fruit: intensity of main colour of flesh	light	light
*Seed: size	very small to small	medium
Resistance to: Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. niveum Race 1	present	absent
Resistance to: <i>Colletotrichum lagenarium (passerini)</i> Rac	e present	absent

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SP-4'	'SP-1'
Cotyledon: length (mm)		
Mean	25.41	36.12
Std. Deviation	2.74	1.97
LSD/sig	1.45	P≤0.01
Cotyledon: width (mm)		

Mean Std. Deviation	16.16 1.10	21.48 1.62
LSD/sig Catalodon langth width ratio	0.84	P≤0.01
Cotyledon: length: width ratio Mean	1.58	1.69
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.11
LSD/sig	0.10	ns
Leaf blade: length (mm)		
Mean	114.98	138.13
Std. Deviation	11.57	18.48
LSD/sig	9.35	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (mm)		
Mean	112.73	140.04
Std. Deviation	17.88	23.05
LSD/sig	12.51	P≤0.01
Internode: length (mm)		
Mean	53.87	78.50
Std. Deviation	9.46	14.56
LSD/sig	7.45	P≤0.01
		_
Petiole: length (mm) Mean	41.23	55.66
Std. Deviation	10.58	14.34
LSD/sig	7.64	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: length/ width ratio Mean	1.04	0.99
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.99
LSD/sig	0.07	ns
Fruit: weight (kg)	1 47	1 72
Mean Std. Deviation	1.47 0.29	1.72 0.44
LSD/sig	0.23	ns
	0.23	115
Fruit: width of stripes (min)	5.04	5.02
Mean Std. Deviation	5.94 1.57	5.93 1.68
LSD/sig	0.99	ns
	0.77	113
Truit. unexhess of pericarp (min)	10.40	10.17
Mean Std. Deviation	10.40 1.62	10.17
LSD/sig	0.94	1.49 ns
	0.74	113
Seed: length (mm)	<i>c</i> 00	0.60
Mean Std. Designing	6.08	9.68
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.34 0.42	0.92 P≤0.01
	U.4 <i>L</i>	r <u>></u> 0.01
Seed: width (mm)	2.00	
Mean	3.88	6.06

Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.33 0.27	0.54 P<0.01
Seed: length/width ratio	0.27	1_0.01
Mean	1.58	1.60
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.12
LSD/sig	0.08	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2006	Applied	'SP-4'
USA	2006	Applied	'SP-4'

First sold in Australia in Feb 2007. Sold in the USA in Feb 2007.

Description: Lauren O'Connor, Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd.

Application Number 2007/127

Variety Name 'LongReach Crusader' Genus Species 'Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat

Synonym LRPB Crusader **Accepted Date** 17 May 2007

Applicant LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period June-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide(6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross Sunbrook/H45 was made by Dr Lindsay O'Brien in Narrabri NSW in 2001. A line was selected from the progeny at Narrabri in 2001 for creation of double haploids in Adelaide. In 2002, LongReach breeders selected LPB03-1073 from double haploid populations in its winter breeding nursery at York, WA. Seed was multiplied in a summer nursery in 2002-2003 at Manjimup, WA. The line was evaluated by LongReach in yield and quality trials commencing in 2003. Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, flour colour. Propagation: seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Plant	frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low/low
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Culm	glaucosity of neck	strong/very strong
Ear	shape in profile	tapering
Ear	colour	white
Lowest lemma	beak shape	straight
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'H45'	parent	
'Janz'		
'Sunbrook'	Parent	
'Sunstate'		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.						
•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LongReach Crusader'	'H45'	'Janz'	'Sunbrook'	'Sunstate'
~	*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	intermediate	semi-erect
	Flag leaf: nocyanin colouration nuricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
plan leav	Plant: frequency of nts with recurved flag	low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	low
eme	*Time of: ear ergence	early	early	early	late	early to medium
of s	*Flag leaf: glaucosity heath	strong to very strong	medium	weak to medium	medium	medium
	*Ear: glaucosity	strong	medium	strong	medium	strong
nec	Culm: glaucosity of k	very strong	very strong	very strong	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
sect	*Straw: pith in cross	thin	thin	thin	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering
V	*Ear: density	dense	lax	lax to medium	medium	lax to medium
pres	*Awns or scurs:	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
of e	*Awns of scurs at tip ear: length	short to medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white
_	Apical rachis ment: hairiness of vex surface	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	weak
	Lower glume: ulder width	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow	narrow	narrow
sho	Lower glume: ulder shape	slightly sloping	slightly sloping	elevated	straight	sloping

Lower glume: beak length	medium	short	long	medium	short	
Lower glume: beak shape	straight	moderately curved	slightly curved	l moderately curved	geniculate	
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	medium	medium	medium	medium	
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight	straight	straight	straight	
*Grain: colour	white	white	white	white	white	
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	
Characteristics Addition	nal to the Desc	rintor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Crusader'	'H45'	'Janz'	'Sunbrook'	'Sunstate'	
Stem rust gene Sr2	present	absent	absent			
Stem rust gene Sr24	absent		present			
Stripe rust gene YrAPR	absent	present	present	present	present	
Dwarfing gene Rht2	absent		absent	present	present	
Dwarfing gene Rht1	present		present	absent		
Hardness gene PinB-d	absent				present	
Stripe rust gene Yr6	present			present		
Stripe rust gene Yr7	present	present				
Stripe rust gene Yr17	present		absent		present	
Hardness gene PinB-b					absent	
Leaf rust gene Lr24	absent		present			
Statistical Table						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Crusader'	'H45'	'Janz'	'Sunbrook'	'Sunstate'	
Plant: length (mm)	Crusauci					
Mean	749.50	671.00	671.67	737.33	791.33	
Std. Deviation	34.95	21.07	29.25	33.21	22.70	
LSD/sig	35.76	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	
Ear: length (mm)						
Mean	77.35	95.55	80.90	107.55	100.00	
Std. Deviation	7.58	5.09	4.58	7.92	7.71	
LSD/sig	8.14	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

 $Description: \textbf{Stephen Moore}, The\ University\ of\ Sydney\ Plant\ Breeding\ Institute,\ Narrabri,\ NSW.$

Application Number 2007/126

Variety Name 'LongReach Dakota' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat

Synonym LRPB Dakota **Accepted Date** 17 May 2007

Applicant LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period June-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide(6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross VL676/VM729 for 'LongReach Dakota' was made by Dr Russell Eastwood in Horsham, VIC in 1997. The VIDA line 98-057W was selected from the progeny at Horsham in 1998 and was further selected as 98-057W-15-4 in 1999 and 2000. In 2001 LongReach breeders selected line 98-057W-15-4 at F₄ from segregating base germplasm entered in the AVS (VIDA) breeding nursery at Mallee Research Station, Walpeup, Australia, under the terms of its agreement to develop derived varieties from AVS segregating base germplasm. The line was further selected and evaluated as LPB0780 by LongReach Plant Breeders. Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, grain quality. Propagation: seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

	8 -	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak
	of auricles	
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Culm	glaucosity of neck	very strong
Ear	shape in profile	tapering
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Janz'	parent	
'Chara'		
'Ventura'		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	Te of the comparators at	'LongReach			
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	Dakota'	'Chara'	'Janz'	'Ventura'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect to intermediate	intermediate to semi-prostrate	semi-erect to intermediate	intermediate
col	Flag leaf: anthocyanin ouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
□ wit	Plant: frequency of plants h recurved flag leaves	Svery low to low	absent or very low	absent or very low	low
V	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	late to very late	early	early to medium
she	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of ath	medium to strong	strong to very strong	weak to medium	strong
~	*Ear: glaucosity	medium	strong to very strong	strong	strong
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
sec	*Straw: pith in cross tion	thin	thin	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering
V	*Ear: density	medium to dense	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
□ ear:	*Awns of scurs at tip of length	medium	medium	medium to long	medium
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white
▽ hai	Apical rachis segment: riness of convex surface	very weak to weak	weak	absent or very weak	medium
□ wic	Lower glume: shoulder	narrow	medium	narrow	narrow
▽ sha	Lower glume: shoulder pe	slightly sloping	straight to elevated	elevated	slightly sloping to straight
len;	Lower glume: beak	medium to long	medium to long	long	short
	Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved	slightly curved	straight to slightly curved
V	Lower glume: extent of	very weak	medium to strong	medium	weak

internal hair				
Lowest lemma: beak shape	slightly curved	straight	straight	straight
*Grain: colour	white	white	white	white
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional	to the Descriptor/	TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	1 ongReach	'Chara'	'Janz'	'Ventura'
Stripe rust gene Yr6: present/absent	present	absent	absent	present
Stem rust gene Sr2: present/absent	present	absent	absent	
Stem rust gene Sr24: present/absent	absent		present	
Stripe rust gene YrAPR: present/absent	present	present	present	present
Dwarfing gene Rht2: present/absent	absent		absent	present
Dwarfing gene Rht1: present/absent	present		present	absent
Stripe rust gene Yr7: present/absent	present	present	absent	absent
Stripe rust gene Yr17: present/absent	absent	absent	absent	present
Leaf rust gene Lr24: present/absent	absent		present	
Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene Cre1: present/absent	present		absent	
Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene Cre8: present/absent	absent			
Stripe rust gene Yr6: present/absent	present	absent	absent	present
Stem rust gene Sr2: present/absent	present	absent	absent	
Stem rust gene Sr24: present/absent	absent		present	
Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach	'Chara'	'Janz'	'Ventura'

	Dakota'			
Plant: length (mm)				
Mean	681.00	623.00	671.66	725.00
Std. Deviation	32.49	43.56	29.25	40.24
LSD/sig	43.37	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)				
Mean	89.60	86.05	80.90	103.10
Std. Deviation	4.27	6.89	4.58	7.93
LSD/sig	6.3	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: **Stephen Moore**, The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

Application Number 2007/173

Variety Name 'LongReach Lincoln' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat

Synonym LRPB Lincoln **Accepted Date** 23 Jul 2007

Applicant The New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited, Christchurch, New Zealand

Agent LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period Jun-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide(6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross (96WFHB5568/Otane//Rubric) for 'LongReach Lincoln' was made by Steve Shorter of Crop and Food Research (New Zealand) in Lincoln, NZ in 1998. The line entered Australia as F₅ Rows in an open plot quarantine site managed by Heritage Seeds at Howlong, NSW. In 2003 LongReach breeders entered LPB03-0545 in LRPB stage 1 field trials at sites in NSW, VIC, SA and WA. The line has been evaluated by LongReach in yield and quality trials since 2003 and continuing to 2007. Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, flour colour. Propagation: seed.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group
Part		of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Plant	frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Culm	glaucosity of neck	very strong
Ear	shape in profile	tapering
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillillar	at varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCIX)					
Name	Comments					
'Rubric'	Parent.					
'Annuello'						
'Janz'						
'Ventura'						
'Yitni'						

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Lincoln'	'Annuello'	'Janz'	'Rubric'	'Ventura'	'Yitpi'
□ *Plant: growth habit	intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	low	absent or very low
*Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	medium	early	medium to late	early to medium	medium to late
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	medium	strong	strong to very strong
*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	strong to very strong	strong	medium	strong	very strong
Culm: glaucosity of neck	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin	thin	thin	thin
*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	parallel sided	Itapering	parallel sided
*Ear: density	medium	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium to dense	medium	medium
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns presen
*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium to long	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness	very weak to weak	weak	absent or very weak	weak	medium	medium

of convex surface						
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium to broad	narrow	narrow	broad	narrow	medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight	elevated	elevated	slightly sloping	slightly sloping to straight	straight
Lower glume: beak length	short to medium	long	long	long to very long	short	medium
Lower glume: beak shape	straight	slightly curved	slightly curved	straight	straight to slightly curved	straight
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	weak	medium	medium	weak	very weak to weak
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight to slightly curved	slightly curved	straight		straight	straight to slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white	white	white	white
*Seasonal type		spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics A.	dditional to th	a Dagarintan	/TC			
Characteristics Ac Organ/Plant Part:	'LongReach	<u> </u>	/ <u>IG</u>	(D. 1. 1. 1	(T7)	(¥71.
G						
Context	Lincoln'	Annueno	'Janz'	'Rubric'	'Ventura'	'Yitpi'
Context Stripe rust generation Yr6	Lincom	Annueno	'Janz'	Kubric	present	YILDI
Stripe rust gene	² absent	Annueno	present	Kubric		Tupi
Stripe rust gene Yr6 Stem rust gene	absent absent	present		Kubric		Yilpi
Stripe rust gene Yr6 Stem rust gene Sr24 Dwarfing gene	absent absent			Kubric	present	Yilpi
Stripe rust gene Yr6 Stem rust gene Sr24 Dwarfing gene Rht2 Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene	absent absent present absent	present	present	Kubric	present	Yilpi
Stripe rust gene Yr6 Stem rust gene Sr24 Dwarfing gene Rht2 Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene Cre1 Dwarfing gene	absent absent present absent	present	present	Kubric	present	present
Stripe rust gene Yr6 Stem rust gene Sr24 Dwarfing gene Rht2 Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene Cre1 Dwarfing gene Rht1 Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene	absent absent absent absent absent absent absent	present	present	'Kubric'	present	
Stripe rust gene Yr6 Stem rust gene Sr24 Dwarfing gene Rht2 Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene Cre1 Dwarfing gene Rht1 Cereal Cyst nematode resistance gene Cre8 Stripe rust gene	absent absent absent absent absent absent	present	present absent present	'Kubric'	present	

Stripe rust gene present Yr4				
Stripe rust gene absent	present	present	present	present

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part		'Annuello'	'Janz'	'Rubric'	'Ventura'	'Yitpi'
Context	Lincoln'	rimucho	Junz	Rubiic	Ventura	Пері
Plant: length (1	mm)					
Mean	694.50	672.66	671.66	745.33	725.00	745.33
Std. Deviation	36.29	31.94	29.25	44.77	40.24	23.89
LSD/sig	42.51	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Ear: length						
Mean	90.45	89.35	89.35	97.10	103.10	88.85
Std. Deviation	6.76	7.68	4.58	4.70	7.93	6.45
LSD/sig	7.3	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Stephen Moore}, The\ University\ of\ Sydney\ Plant\ Breeding\ Institute,\ Narrabri,\ NSW.$

Application Number 2007/171

Variety Name 'LongReach Hornet' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat Synonym I RPR Ho

Synonym LRPB Hornet **Accepted Date** 19 Jul 2007

Applicant LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period June-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide(6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross Baxter/Sunstate' was made by Dr Lindsay O'Brien in Narrabri NSW in 2001. A line was selected from the progeny at Narrabri in 2001 for creation of double haploids at the SARDI laboratory facilities in Urrbrae, SA. In 2002, LongReach breeders selected LPB03-0685 from double haploid populations in its winter breeding nursery at York, WA. Seed was multiplied in a summer nursery in 2002-2003 at Manjimup, WA. The line was evaluated by LongReach in yield and quality trials commencing in 2003 and continuing to 2007. Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, flour colour. Propagation: seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Culm	glaucosity of neck	strong/very strong
Ear	shape in profile	tapering
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Baxter'	parent	
'Sunstate'	parent	
'Janz'		
'Ventura'		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

mo	re of the comparator:		with a tick.			
	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LongReach Hornet'	'Baxter'	'Janz'	'Sunstate'	'Ventura'
V	*Plant: growth habit	intermediate	intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect	intermediate
	Flag leaf: nocyanin colouration nuricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
plan leav	Plant: frequency of nts with recurved flag	very low to low	absent or very low	absent or very low	low	low
eme	*Time of: ear ergence	medium	medium to late	early	early to medium	early to medium
of s	*Flag leaf: glaucosity heath	medium	strong to very strong	weak to medium	medium	strong
V	*Ear: glaucosity	medium	very strong	strong	strong	strong
nec	Culm: glaucosity of k	very strong	very strong	very strong	strong to very strong	very strong
sec	*Straw: pith in cross	thin	thin	thin	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering
	*Ear: density	lax to medium	lax to medium	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium
pre	*Awns or scurs:	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
of e	*Awns of scurs at tip ear: length	medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white
_	Apical rachis ment: hairiness of vex surface	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	weak	medium
sho	Lower glume: ulder width	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow	narrow	narrow
sho	Lower glume: ulder shape	slightly sloping	straight to elevated	elevated	sloping	slightly sloping to

Lower glume: beak short to length short long short short	
Lower glume: beak straight slightly curvedslightly curvedgeniculate slightly curvedgeniculate	
Lower glume: extent very weak very weak medium medium weak of internal hair	
Lowest lemma: beak slightly curved straight to shape straight curved straight straight	
*Grain: colour white white white white white	
*Seasonal type: spring type spring type spring type spring type spring type	pe

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Hornet'	'Baxter'	'Janz'	'Sunstate'	'Ventura'
Stripe rust gene Yr6	absent				present
Stem rust gene Sr24	absent		present		
Stripe rust gene YrAPR	present	present	present	present	present
Dwarfing gene Rht2	absent			present	present
Dwarfing gene Rht1	present		present		
Stripe rust gene Yr17	present	present	absent	present	present
stem rust gene Sr38	present				

Statistical Table

Statistical Labic					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Hornet'	'Baxter'	'Janz'	'Sunstate'	'Ventura'
Plant: length (mm)					
Mean	683.83	813.66	671.66	791.33	725.00
Std. Deviation	27.62	31.89	29.25	22.70	40.24
LSD/sig	36.67	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)					
Mean	100.98	96.40	80.90	100.00	103.10
Std. Deviation	5.94	7.57	4.58	7.71	7.93
LSD/sig	7.7	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Stephen Moore, The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

Application Number 2007/238

Variety Name 'LongReach Bullet' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common NameWheatSynonymLPB0423Accepted Date7 Oct 2007

Applicant LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period Jul-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide (6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The cross Brookton/Silverstar was made by Dr Russell Eastwood in Horsham, VIC in 1998. The VIDA line 98-023W was selected from the progeny at Horsham in 1999. It was further selected as 98-023W-17-4 in 2000. In 2001, LongReach breeders selected line 98-023W-17-4-1 from segregating base germplasm entered in the AVS (VIDA) breeding nursery at Mallee Research Station, Walpeup, Australia, under the terms of its agreement to develop derived varieties from AVS segregating base germplasm. The line was further selected and evaluated as LPB0423 by LongReach. Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, grain quality. Propagation: seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Culm	glaucosity of neck	strong/very strong
Ear	shape in profile	tapering
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

MIOSE SIIIII V	difference of Common thio wieage identified (V CII)
Name	Comments
'Silverstar'	Parent.
'H45'	
'H46'	
'Sunstate'	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LongReach Bullet'	'H45'	'Н46'	'Silverstar'	'Sunstate'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect
	Flag leaf: nocyanin colouration uricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
plan leav	Plant: frequency of the with recurved flag	high	absent or very low	very high	low	low
eme	*Time of: ear ergence	very early to early	early	very early	medium	early to medium
of s	*Flag leaf: glaucosity heath		medium	medium	weak	medium
~	*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	medium	strong	weak	strong
nec	Culm: glaucosity of k	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	strong to very strong
sect	*Straw: pith in cross	thin	thin	medium to thick	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering
	*Ear: density	medium	lax	lax to medium	lax to medium	lax to medium
pres	*Awns or scurs:	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
of e	*Awns of scurs at tip ear: length	medium to long	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white
_	Apical rachis ment: hairiness of vex surface	very weak to weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	medium	weak
sho	Lower glume: ulder width	narrow	narrow	narrow to medium	narrow	narrow
	Lower glume:	sloping	slightly sloping	sloping	sloping	sloping

shoulder shape Lower glume: beak medium short short long short length	
Lower gruine: beak medium short short long short	
Lower glume: beak straight moderately slightly curved slightly curved slightly curved	ulate
Lower glume: extent very weak medium very weak medium medium of internal hair	ım
Lowest lemma: beak straight to slightly curved straight slightly curved slightly curved straight slightly curved slightly	ht
*Grain: colour white white white white	
*Seasonal type: spring type spring type spring type spring	g type
Characteristics Additional to the Descripton/TC	
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	
Organ/Plant Part: 'LongReach Context Bullet' 'H45' 'H46' 'Silverstar' 'Suns	tate'
Surperust gene 110 1	
Stripe rust gene present present present present	nt
Dwarfing gene Rht2 absent preser	nt
Hardness gene PinB- absent d	nt
Stripe rust gene Yr7 present present present	
Stripe rust gene Yr17 absent present present present	nt
Hardness gene PinB- absent present present b	
Statistical Table	
Organ/Plant Part: 'LongReach Context Bullet' 'H45' 'H46' 'Silverstar' 'Suns	state'
Plant: length (mm)	
Mean 645.50 656.00 641.33 674.00 729.6	6
Std. Deviation 58.66 49.03 44.31 30.13 54.42	
	ı1
LSD/sig 49.28 ns ns ns P≤0.0	' 1
	, I

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Std. Deviation

LSD/sig

 $Description: \textbf{Stephen Moore,} \ The \ University \ of \ Sydney \ Plant \ Breeding \ Institute, \ Narrabri, \ NSW.$

4.67

5.58

4.41

P≤0.01

5.40

P≤0.01

5.25

P≤0.01

5.85

P≤0.01

Application Number 2006/296

Variety Name 'LongReach Catalina' Genus Species 'Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat

Synonym LRPB Catalina **Accepted Date** 17 Jan 2007

Applicant LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period June-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide(6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements Taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Victorian Department of Primary Industries (DPIRV) VIDA Horsham made original cross VI184 x Silverstar in 1998. This was followed by pedigree selection: F₁ DPIRV VIDA Horsham Glasshouse 97-019W in 1999. F₂ DPIRV VIDA Horsham Space plant selection row, DPIRV breeder selected single plants 97-019W-15 in 2000. F₃ DPIRV VIDA Horsham 3 Row Observation plots, DPIRV breeder selected single plants 97-019W-15 in 2001. F4 LongReach Plant Breeders (LRPB) MRS Walpeup F₄ Spaced planted rows, LRPB breeder selected single plants 97-019W-15-4 in 2001/02. F₅ LongReach PBC Horsham (summer nursery) F₅ Rows, Harvest in bulk under supervision of LRPB 97-019W-15-4 in 2002. F₆ LongReach Field sites in NSW, Victoria, SA & WA LongReach PB Stage1 trials LPB0268 in 2003. F₇ LongReach Field sites in NSW, Victoria, SA & WA LongReach PB Stage2 trials LPB0268 in 2004. F₈ LongReach Field sites in NSW, Victoria, SA & WA LongReach PB Elite trials (Stage3), Breeder seed production, LPB0268 in 2005. F₉ LongReach Field sites in QLD, NSW, VIC, SA & WA LongReach PB Elite trials (Stage4), Basic seed production, Preliminary Classification LPB0268 in 2006. F₁₀ LongReach Field sites in Qld, NSW, Victoria, SA & WA LongReach PB Elite trials (Stage5), Commercial seed production, Final Classification LPB0268 ('LongReach Catalina'). Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, grain quality. Propagation: seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Plant	frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low/low
Straw	pith in cross section	thin
Culm	glaucosity of neck	very strong
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

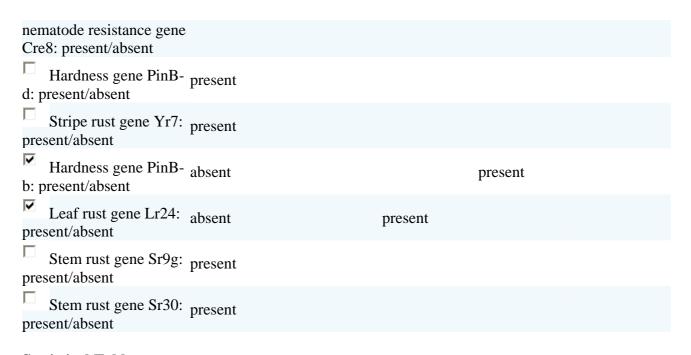
'Anneullo'

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
'Silverstar'	parent
'Yitpi'	
'Janz'	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

шоі	te of the comparator	s ar e markeu	will a lick.			
_	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LongReach Catalina'	'Anneullo'	'Janz'	'Silverstar'	'Yitpi'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	intermediate
anth	Flag leaf: nocyanin colouration uricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Plant: frequency of the with recurved flag yes	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	low	absent or very low
	*Time of: ear	very early to early	medium	early	medium	medium to late
of sl	*Flag leaf: glaucosity heath	medium	medium to strong	weak to medium	weak	strong to very strong
~	*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	strong to very strong	strong	weak	very strong
necl	Culm: glaucosity of k	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
sect	*Straw: pith in cross	thin	thin	thin	thin	thin
~	*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering	parallel sided
~	*Ear: density	medium to dense	lax to medium	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs:	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present

pres	sence					
of e	*Awns of scurs at tip ar: length	medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white
_	Apical rachis ment: hairiness of vex surface	very weak to weak	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	medium
sho	Lower glume: ulder width	very narrow to narrow	narrow	narrow	narrow	medium
sho	Lower glume: ulder shape	sloping	elevated	elevated	sloping	straight
leng	Lower glume: beak gth	medium	long	long	long	medium
▽ sha _l	Lower glume: beak	slightly curved	Islightly curved	Islightly curved	Islightly curved	lstraight
	Lower glume: extent nternal hair	very weak to weak	weak	medium	medium	very weak to weak
▽ shaj	Lowest lemma: beak	straight	slightly curved	lstraight	straight to slightly curved	straight to Islightly curved
	*Grain: colour	white	white	white	white	white
		spring type	anning tuno	. ,	a	ammin a 4
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
Cha				spring type	spring type	spring type
Org	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part:	nal to the Descr 'LongReach		'Janz'	'Silverstar'	'Yitpi'
Org Cor	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: ntext	nal to the Descr 'LongReach Catalina'	riptor/TG			
Org Cor V	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part:	nal to the Descr 'LongReach Catalina'	riptor/TG			
Org Con press	nracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: ntext Stripe rust gene Yr6:	nal to the Descr 'LongReach Catalina'	riptor/TG	'Janz'		
Org Con pres	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: ntext Stripe rust gene Yr6: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2:	'LongReach Catalina' present absent	riptor/TG	'Janz' absent		
Org Con pres pres pres	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: ntext Stripe rust gene Yr6: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24:	'LongReach Catalina' present absent	riptor/TG	'Janz' absent		
Org Con press press press VrA	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: ntext Stripe rust gene Yr6: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24:	'LongReach Catalina' present absent present	riptor/TG 'Anneullo'	'Janz' absent absent present		'Yitpi'
org Con press press v	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: Intext Stripe rust gene Yr6: Itent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2: Itent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24: Itent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24: Itent/absent Stripe rust gene Itent/absent Dwarfing gene Rht2:	'LongReach Catalina' present absent present absent	riptor/TG 'Anneullo' present	'Janz' absent absent present present		'Yitpi'
pres pres pres r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	aracteristics Addition gan/Plant Part: Intext Stripe rust gene Yr6: Isent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2: Isent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24: Isent/absent Stripe rust gene APR: present/absent Dwarfing gene Rht2: Isent/absent Cereal Cyst Inatode resistance gene	ral to the Description (LongReach Catalina) present absent present absent present absent	riptor/TG 'Anneullo' present present	'Janz' absent absent present present absent		'Yitpi'
pres pres pres r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	stripe rust gene Yr6: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr2: sent/absent Stem rust gene Sr24: sent/absent Stripe rust gene APR: present/absent Dwarfing gene Rht2: sent/absent Cereal Cyst natode resistance gene 1: present/absent Dwarfing gene Rht1:	ral to the Description (LongReach Catalina) present absent present absent present absent	riptor/TG 'Anneullo' present present	'Janz' absent absent present present absent		'Yitpi'



Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Catalina'	'Anneullo'	'Janz'	'Silverstar'	'Yitpi'
Plant: length (mm)					
Mean	651.16	672.66	671.66	680.00	745.33
Std. Deviation	50.45	31.94	29.25	49.76	23.89
LSD/sig	48.89	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)					
Mean	93.20	89.35	80.90	92.25	88.85
Std. Deviation	7.89	7.68	4.58	6.96	6.45
Lsd/sig	8.15	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Stephen Moore, The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

Application Number 2006/295

Variety Name 'LongReach Guardian' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat

Synonym LRPB Guardian **Accepted Date** 17 Jan 2007

Applicant LongReach Plant Breeders Management Pty Ltd, Bundoora,

VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Moore

Details of Comparative Trial

Location The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri,

NSW.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period Jun-Dec 2007.

Conditions Sown into fallowed brown medium clay soil, pH 8.4 (water),

Field L3. 50 kgN/ha applied as Urea pre planting. Field irrigated pre planting and two subsequent irrigations (approx

30mm each) during growing season.

Trial Design Plots arranged in randomised complete blocks, 12m long 2m

wide(6 rows) in 3 replicates.

Measurements taken from 20 random plants per replicate from

approximately 2,500 plants.

RHS Chart - edition N/A.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the cross VL709/Krichauff for 'LongReach Guardian' was made by Dr Russell Eastwood in Horsham, VIC in 1998. The VIDA line 98-043W was selected from the progeny at Horsham in 1999. It was further selected as 98-043W-7-1 in 2000. In 2001 LongReach breeders selected line 98-043W-7-1 from segregating base germplasm entered in the AVS (VIDA) breeding nursery at Mallee Research Station, Walpeup, Australia, under the terms of its agreement to develop derived varieties from AVS segregating base germplasm. The line was further selected and evaluated as LPB0268 by LongReach plant breeders. Selection criteria: agronomic type, disease resistance, flour colour. Propagation: seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Awns	presence	present
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Plant	frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low
Culm	glaucosity of neck	very strong
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar Variet	es of common timo wicage identified (VCII)	
Name	Comments	
'Krichauff'	parent	
'Janz'		
'Annuello'		
'Yitpi'		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part:	'LongReach		/ T	(TT 1 1 001	(T70)
Context	Guardian'	'Annuello'	'Janz'	'Krichauff'	'Yitpi'
*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate	semi-erect	intermediate
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
*Time of: ear emergence	early	medium	early	early	medium to late
*Flag leaf: glaucosit of sheath	y strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	strong	strong to very strong
*Ear: glaucosity	strong	strong to very strong	strong	strong to very strong	very strong
Culm: glaucosity of neck	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin	medium	thin
*Ear: shape in profil	e tapering	tapering	tapering	tapering	parallel sided
*Ear: density	medium to dense	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium to dense	medium
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	p medium to long	medium	medium to long	medium to long	medium
*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	very weak to weak	weak	absent or very weak	weak to medium	medium
Lower glume: shoulder width	very narrow to narrow	narrow	narrow	very narrow to narrow	medium
Lower glume:	sloping	elevated	elevated	sloping	straight

sho	shoulder shape					
leng	Lower glume: beak	medium	long	long	long	medium
sha	Lower glume: beak	slightly curved	Islightly curved	dslightly curved	dslightly curved	lstraight
	Lower glume: extent nternal hair	weak	weak	medium	very weak	very weak to weak
▽ shaj	Lowest lemma: beak	straight	slightly curved	dstraight	straight to slightly curved	straight to Islightly curved
	*Grain: colour	white	white	white	white	white
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Guardian'	'Annuello'	'Janz'	'Krichauff'	'Yitpi'
~	Stem rust gene Sr2	present		absent		
	Stem rust gene Sr24	present		present		
~	Stem rust gene Sr30	present		absent		
~	Dwarfing gene Rht2	absent	present			
~	Dwarfing gene Rht1	present				
resi	Cereal Cyst nematode stance gene Cre8	absent				present
resi	Cereal Cyst nematode stance gene Cre1	present				absent
~	Stem rust gene Sr15	absent				

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LongReach Guardian'	'Annuello'	'Janz'	'Krichauff'	'Yitpi'
Plant: length (mm)					
Mean	783.67	672.66	671.66	693.66	745.33
Std. Deviation	37.01	31.94	29.25	45.82	23.89
LSD/sig	42.21	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Ear: length (mm)					
Mean	78.48	89.35	80.90	76.55	88.85
Std. Deviation	4.65	7.68	4.58	5.71	6.45
LSD/sig	6.62	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: **Stephen Moore**, The University of Sydney Plant Breeding Institute, Narrabri, NSW.

Application Number 2008/091 **Variety Name** 'A-1'

Genus SpeciesZoysia matrellaCommon NameManila Grass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 6 May 2008

Applicant GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Matthew Roche

Details of Comparative Trial

Location QDPI&F Turf Research, Redlands Research Station,

Cleveland, Old. (Latitude 27°32'S, 153°15'E, elevation <25

masl).

Descriptor Cynodon dactylon x C. transvaalensis (Cynodon hybrid) PBR

CYNO.

Period 20 Feb – 10 Dec 2003.

Conditions Rooted plugs 5cm in diameter were taken from nursery stock

and planted on a red volcanic (krasnozem) soil on 3 Mar 2003; plants not defoliated; weed control by pre-emergence oxadiazon 20 Feb and 23 Jul 2003; broadleaf weed control by fluroxypyr 27 Mar 2003 and nutrition maintained by slow release fertiliser (18-10-9) 10 Mar, 10 Apr, 21 May and

(24:2:9) 23 Jul 2003.

Trial Design Thirty (30) spaced plants of each cultivar ('A-1', 'Facet' and

'Cavalier') were arranged in three (3) randomised blocks with

ten (10) plants per plot on a 1m x 1m spacing.

Measurements Four (4) diameter of spread measurements were taken per

plant (22 Aug 2003); two (2) stolons per plant were collected 6-10 Oct 2003 and stolon and leaf characteristics were measured; two (2) shoot and inflorescence measurements per plant were taken 17-19 Sep 2003; exposed stolon and leaf

colour (16 Jul 2003), along with digital images were taken

(10 Dec 2003).

RHS Chart - edition 2001 edition

Origin and Breeding

'A-1' was selected from a breeding population of 40 seedling *Zoysia matrella* plants from various parts of Southeast Asia (Japan, Philippines, China, Korea, Vietnam and Thailand). The original plants were vegetatively propagated and evaluated first in pots. A shortlist of selected genotypes was expanded to field plantings at Sheldon, QLD and evaluated against existing *Z. matrella* and *Z. matrella* x *Z. japonica* hybrid cultivars under mowing heights from 10 to 25mm and under shade levels ranging from 0 to 80%. 'A-1' showed higher tiller density and a more prostrate growth habit than the parent ecotype, and was selected from the subsequent breeding population on the basis of its superior turf colour and quality under mowing for 6 years and its shade tolerance as shown by its ability to maintain density of the mown sward under greatly reduced light levels (70-80% shade). Additional observations regarding climatic adaptation were made in Cairns, QLD, and Melbourne, VIC, respectively. Breeder: Donald S Loch, Alexandra Hills, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Stolon leaf blade	length	short
Leaves on flowering culms	length	medium-short
Leaves on flowering culms	width	narrow
Lateral spread	growth	slow
Stolon internode	length	short
Stolon leaf blade	width	narrow
Leaf sheath on flowering culms	length	short
Peduncle	length	long
Peduncle	diameter	thin
Spike	length	short

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITOST STATES	, will the of Committee () Cli	∠
Name	Comments	
'Facet'		

^{&#}x27;Cavalier'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	nore of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'A-1'	'Cavalier'	'Facet'		
	Plant: ploidy	diploid				
	Plant: habit	creeping				
	Plant: type	mat-forming				
	Plant: height	very short				
	Plant: longevity	perennial				
	Plant: spreading	stolons				
	Stolon: nodes	compound				
	Stolon: internode length	short				
	Stolon: internode thickness	thin				
	Stolon: colour when exposed to sunlight	N79A	N79A	N79A		
	Leaf blade: shape	linear-triangular				
	Stolon: leaf blade	greatly reduced (vestigal)				
	Leaf blade: width	very narrow				
	Leaf blade: colour	137A	137A	137A		
	Ligule: appearance	silky hairs				
	Inflorescence: type	spike-like raceme				
	Inflorescence: length of peduncle	long				

Statistical Table

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'A-1'	'Cavalier'	'Facet'	
Plant: mean diameter after 173 days (cr	m)			
Mean	46.40	82.70	37.50	
Std. Deviation	20.40	21.00	11.10	
LSD/sig	21.5	P≤0.01	ns	
	at made type (amage	- nd mlamta)		
Stolon node: number of branch stolons Mean	1.08	1.20	1.37	
Std. Deviation	0.28	0.40	0.49	
LSD/sig	0.36	ns	ns	
			110	
Stolon node: number of branch stolons		ced plants) 2.05	2 20	
Mean Std. Deviation	1.87 0.43	0.34	2.38	
	0.43		0.85	
LSD/sig		ns	ns	
Stolon node: number of branch stolons	at node four (space	ed plants)		
Mean	2.30	3.18	4.13	
Std. Deviation	0.59	0.79	1.19	
LSD/sig	0.74	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: number of branch stolons	at node five (space	ed plants)		
Mean	3.75	4.37	6.00	
Std. Deviation	0.97	0.90	1.43	
LSD/sig	0.66	ns	P≤0.01	
<u></u>	at node six (anaes		_	
Stolon node: number of branch stolons Mean	5.12	5.73	7.50	
Std. Deviation	1.26	3.73 1.54	1.90	
LSD/sig	1.33	ns	P≤0.01	
T .			1 _0.01	
Stolon node: length of fourth internode			11.10	
Mean	23.04	24.55	11.12	
Std. Deviation	4.64	5.48	2.28	
LSD/sig	5.67	ns	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: diameter of fourth interno	de from stolon tip	(mm)		
Mean	1.37	1.39	1.36	
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.15	0.18	
LSD/sig	0.17	ns	ns	
Stolon node: length of sheath on fourth	visible node from	stolon tip (mm)		
Mean	20.05	18.11	13.45	
Std. Deviation	3.04	3.23	2.72	
LSD/sig	3.95	ns	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: length of leaf blade on for				
Mean Std Davistion	4.29 0.84	3.08	1.53	
Std. Deviation		0.74 P<0.01	0.40 P<0.01	
LSD/sig	0.74	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: width of leaf blade on fou		_		
Mean	0.85	0.73	0.50	
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.16	0.12	

LSD/sig	0.16	ns	P≤0.01	
Stolon node: length:width ratio of four	rth visible node from	m stolon tip		
Mean	5.07	4.26	3.07	
Std. Deviation	0.73	0.93	0.72	
LSD/sig	0.94	ns	P≤0.01	
Flowering tiller: length of sheath on fl	og loof on flowerin	a tillara (mm)		
Mean	22.73	19.70	13.99	
Std. Deviation	4.67	2.27	1.55	
LSD/sig	3.34	ns	P≤0.01	
Flowering tiller: length of blade on flag leaf on flowering tillers (mm)				
Mean	3.90	3.61	3.35	
Std. Deviation	1.97	1.21	1.21	
LSD/sig	0.98	ns	ns	
Flowering tiller: width of blade on flag leaf on flowering tillers (mm)				
Mean	0.71	0.82	0.66	
Std. Deviation	0.26	0.22	0.24	
LSD/sig	0.23	ns	ns	
Flowering tiller: length:width ratio of	flag leaf blade on fl	owering tillers		
Mean	5.49	4.45	5.18	
Std. Deviation	2.07	1.02	1.28	
LSD/sig	1.46	ns	ns	
Flowering uner, length of sheath on to			7.06	
Mean	10.22	14.10	7.96	
Std. Deviation	2.55	3.52 P<0.01	1.23	
LSD/sig	2.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Flowering tiller: length of blade on for	urth leaf on floweri	ng tillers (mm)		
Mean	17.98	29.16	15.56	
Std. Deviation	6.05	9.00	2.99	
LSD/sig	4.75	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Flowering tiller: width of blade on fourth leaf on flowering tillers (mm)				
Mean	1.61	1.93	1.53	
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.32	0.25	
LSD/sig	0.40	ns	ns	
Flowering tiller: length:width ratio of	fourth loof blade or	flowering tillers		
Mean	11.12	15.04	10.33	
Std. Deviation	2.47	3.63	2.15	
LSD/sig	2.05	P≤0.01	ns	
		1_0.01	115	
Flowering tiller: length of peduncle (mm)				
Mean	41.54	34.92	19.71	
Std. Deviation	11.78	6.35	3.57	
LSD/sig	8.58	ns	P≤0.01	
Flowering tiller: diameter of peduncle (mm)				
Mean	0.56	0.73	0.43	
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.10	0.06	
LSD/sig	0.07	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

Inflorescence: mean spike length (mm	n)			
Mean	17.94	15.05	10.68	
Std. Deviation	2.52	1.48	1.20	
LSD/sig	1.35	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Inflorescence: number of spikelets per inflorescence				
Mean	23.50	17.98	9.03	
Std. Deviation	3.70	3.98	1.59	
LSD/sig	2.48	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

 $Description: \textbf{M.B. Roche, QDPI\&F Turf Research,} \ Red lands \ Research \ Station, \ Cleveland, \ QLD.$

GRANTS

Arachis hypogaea

PEANUT, GROUND NUT

'Ashton'

Application No: 2006/065 Grantee: **State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries**, Brisbane, QLD **and Grains Research and Development Corporation**,

Barton, ACT.

Certificate No: 3468 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028.

'Sutherland'

Application No: 2006/066 Grantee: **State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries** Brisbane, QLD **and Grains Research and Development Corporation**,

Barton, ACT.

Certificate No: 3469 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028.

'Walter'

Application No: 2006/067 Grantee: **State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries** Brisbane, QLD **and Grains Research and Development Corporation**,

Barton, ACT.

Certificate No: 3470 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028.

Avena sativa

OATS

'Oantom'

Application No: 2006/120 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3456 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Banksia spinulosa

HAIRPIN BANKSIA

'Cherry Candles'

Application No: 2005/011 Grantee: **Austraflora Pty Ltd**. Certificate No: 3457 Expiry Date: 31 January, 2028.

Agent: Bill Molyneux, Yarra Glen, VIC.

Calibrachoa hybrid

CALIBRACHOA

'Kakegawa S62'

Application No: 2005/327 Grantee: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Certificate No: 3436 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028.

Agent: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW.

'Kakegawa S63'

Application No: 2005/328 Grantee: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Certificate No: 3435 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028.

Agent: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW.

'Kakegawa S64'

Application No: 2005/329 Grantee: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Certificate No: 3433 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028.

Agent: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW.

'Kakegawa S65'

Application No: 2005/330 Grantee: Sakata Seed Corporation.

Certificate No: 3434 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028.

Agent: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW.

Capparis spinosa subsp. Rupestris

CAPER BUSH

'Eureka'

Application No: 2006/061 Grantee: Brian Noone, Ethelton, SA.

Certificate No: 3463 Expiry Date: 13 February, 2028.

Citrullus lanatus

WATERMELON

'90-4194'[®]

Application No: 2004/017 Grantee: Syngenta Crop Protection AG.

Certificate No: 3475 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Syngenta Seeds Pty Ltd**, Dandenong South, VIC.

'Side Kick'

Application No: 2006/034 Grantee: Harris Moran Seed Company.

Certificate No: 3494 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2028.

Agent: VF Solutions - postal address for service of notices on the applicant, Tuross Heads, NSW.

Dianella caerulea

BLUE FLAX-LILY, UMBRELLA DRACAENA

'John 316'[©]

Application No: 2006/035 Grantee: **Nuanong Chuawong**. Certificate No: 3455 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Fragaria Xananassa

STRAWBERRY

'Driscoll Osceola'

Application No: 2006/076 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3467 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick**, Melbourne, VIC.

'Driscoll Sanibel'

Application No: 2006/075 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3466 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick**, Melbourne, VIC.

Fuchsia hybrid

FUCHSIA

'Goetzgene'

Application No: 2001/331 Grantee: **Wolfram Goetz**. Certificate No: 3437 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028. Agent: **Aussie Winners Pty Ltd**, Redland Bay, QLD.

'Goetzginger'

Application No: 2001/332 Grantee: **Wolfram Goetz**. Certificate No: 3438 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028. Agent: **Aussie Winners Pty Ltd**, Redland Bay, QLD.

'Marcia'

Application No: 2001/333 Grantee: **Wolfram Goetz**. Certificate No: 3439 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028. Agent: **Aussie Winners Pty Ltd**, Redland Bay, QLD.

'Shirley'

Application No: 2001/334 Grantee: **Wolfram Goetz**. Certificate No: 3440 Expiry Date: 15 January, 2028. Agent: **Aussie Winners Pty Ltd**, Redland Bay, QLD.

Gaura lindheimeri

GAURA, BUTTERFLY BUSH

'Siskiyou White'

Application No: 2005/041 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3441 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Gossypium hirsutum

COTTON

'Sicala 350B'

Application No: 2005/194 Grantee: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Canberra, ACT.

Certificate No: 3461 Expiry Date: 13 February, 2028.

'Sicot 71B'

Application No: 2005/196 Grantee: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Canberra, ACT.

Certificate No: 3462 Expiry Date: 13 February, 2028.

Hordeum vulgare

BARLEY

'Dictator 2'

Application No: 2006/159 Grantee: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited.

Certificate No: 3476 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty. Ltd.**, Mulgrave, VIC.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'Freedom'

Application No: 2005/313 Grantee: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc..

Certificate No: 3500 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2028.

Agent: Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand Ltd., Ivanhoe, VIC.

'PS 6545691'

Application No: 2004/172 Grantee: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc..

Certificate No: 3498 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2028.

Agent: Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand Ltd., Ivanhoe, VIC.

'PS 6545701'[©]

Application No: 2004/173 Grantee: Seminis Vegetable Seeds, Inc..

Certificate No: 3499 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2028.

Agent: Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand Ltd., Ivanhoe, VIC.

Lavandula hybrid

ITALIAN LAVENDER

'Blueberry Ruffles'

Application No: 2005/170 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3448 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Boysenberry Ruffles'

Application No: 2005/168 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3446 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Mulberry Ruffles'

Application No: 2005/169 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3447 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Peachberry Ruffles'

Application No: 2005/261 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3450 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Salvation'

Application No: 2005/187 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3449 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Sugarberry Ruffles'

Application No: 2005/167 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3445 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Violet Lace'

Application No: 2005/125 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3444 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Winter Lace'

Application No: 2005/124 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3443 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'With Love'

Application No: 2005/085 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3442 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Lolium perenne

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

'Bealey'

Application No: 2007/040 Grantee: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd.

Certificate No: 3474 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Howlong, NSW.

Magnolia grandiflora

SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA

'Kav Parris'

Application No: 2005/264 Grantee: Gilbert's Nursery, Inc.

Certificate No: 3483 Expiry Date: 5 March, 2033.

Agent: Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk, VIC.

'STRGRA'®

Application No: 1999/364 Grantee: Edward & Patricia Strauss & Leo Koelewyn.

Certificate No: 3464 Expiry Date: 28 February, 2033.

Agent: Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk, VIC.

Malus hybrid

APPLE

'Nicogreen'

Application No: 2004/318 Grantee: **Better3Fruit n.v.**. Certificate No: 3473 Expiry Date: 28 February, 2033.

Agent: Garry Langford, Grove, TAS.

'Nicoter'

Application No: 2004/319 Grantee: **Better3Fruit n.v.**. Certificate No: 3505 Expiry Date: 31 March, 2033.

Agent: Garry Langford, Grove, TAS.

Medicago sativa

LUCERNE

'PacL 901'

Application No: 2005/224 Grantee: The University of Queensland on behalf of the Participants of the Cooperative Research Centre for Tropical Plant Protection, Brisbane, QLD and Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT.

Constitute New 2506 Equitor Detect 1 April 2020

Certificate No: 3506 Expiry Date: 1 April, 2028. Agent: **Pacific Seeds Pty Ltd**, Toowoomba, QLD.

Phormium tenax

NEW ZEALAND FLAX

'PHOS2'

Application No: 2004/251 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3451 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

'PHOS3'

Application No: 2005/350 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3452 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028.

Plectranthus hilliardiae x Plectranthus saccatus

SPURFLOWER

'K111201'[©]

Application No: 2006/276 Grantee: **Gert J Brits (Dr)**. Certificate No: 3481 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd**, Monbulk, VIC.

'K011101'Ф

Application No: 2006/275 Grantee: **Gert J Brits (Dr)**. Certificate No: 3480 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Proteaflora Enterprises Ptv Ltd**, Monbulk, VIC.

Protea cynaroides

GIANT PROTEA, KING PROTEA

'Little Prince'

Application No: 2004/203 Grantee: Agricultural Research Council.

Certificate No: 3432 Expiry Date: 11 January, 2028. Agent: **Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd**, Monbulk, VIC.

Prunus avium

SWEET CHERRY

'Glenoia'

Application No: 2006/348 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3490 Expiry Date: 25 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Glenrock'

Application No: 2006/343 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3493 Expiry Date: 26 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Prunus persica

PEACH

'Ivory Queen'

Application No: 2006/346 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3488 Expiry Date: 25 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Candyprincess' syn Grand Princess of

Application No: 2006/342 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3492 Expiry Date: 26 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Bright Princess'

Application No: 2006/347 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3489 Expiry Date: 25 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Sierra Snow'

Application No: 2003/368 Grantee: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Certificate No: 3503 Expiry Date: 28 March, 2033.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

'Snowfall'

Application No: 2003/369 Grantee: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Certificate No: 3504 Expiry Date: 28 March, 2033.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

'Spring Princess'

Application No: 2006/340 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3484 Expiry Date: 13 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Sugar Time'

Application No: 2003/367 Grantee: Zaiger's Inc. Genetics.

Certificate No: 3502 Expiry Date: 28 March, 2033.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Prunus persica var. nucipersica

NECTARINE

'August Bright'

Application No: 2006/345 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3487 Expiry Date: 25 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Grand Bright'

Application No: 2006/341 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3485 Expiry Date: 13 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Rose Bright'

Application No: 2006/344 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3486 Expiry Date: 25 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

'Western Sweet'

Application No: 2006/349 Grantee: **Lowell G. Bradford**. Certificate No: 3491 Expiry Date: 25 March, 2033. Agent: **Buchanan's Nursery**, Hodgson Vale, QLD.

Rubus idaeus

RASPBERRY

'Dulcita'

Application No: 2003/336 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3471 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick**, Melbourne, VIC.

'Francesca'

Application No: 2003/337 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Certificate No: 3472 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028. Agent: **Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick**, Melbourne, VIC.

'RAFZAQU'

Application No: 2005/116 Grantee: Promo-Fruit AG SA Ltd.

Certificate No: 3478 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028.

Agent: Davies Collison Cave, Sydney, NSW.

Serruria florida x Serruria rosea

SERRURIA

'Pretty 'n' Pink'

Application No: 2006/263 Grantee: Proteaflora Enterprises Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC.

Certificate No: 3479 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028.

Spathiphyllum hybrid

PEACE LILY

'Stwentynine' syn Sensation Junior

Application No: 2003/302 Grantee: Oglesby Plants International, Inc.

Certificate No: 3453 Expiry Date: 30 January, 2028. Agent: **Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd**, Tuggerah, NSW.

Syzygium luehmannii

LILLY PILLY, RIBERRY

'Lulu'[®]

Application No: 2005/262 Grantee: Jo Barber and Chris Barber, Meldale, QLD.

Certificate No: 3465 Expiry Date: 28 February, 2033.

Taxodium distichum

SWAMP CYPRESS

'Cascade Falls'

Application No: 2004/055 Grantee: **DJ and NM Sampson**.

Certificate No: 3482 Expiry Date: 5 March, 2033.

Agent: Leo Koelewyn, Monbulk, VIC.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

'Sentinel 3R'®

Application No: 2006/130 Grantee: **C.C. Benoist S.A.S.**. Certificate No: 3501 Expiry Date: 28 March, 2028.

Agent: LongReach Plant Breeder's Manangement Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

Vicia sativa

COMMON VETCH

'Rasina'

Application No: 2006/175 Grantee: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries and Grains

Research and Development Corporation, Adelaide, SA. Certificate No: 3477 Expiry Date: 29 February, 2028.

Vitis vinifera

GRAPE

'Grapaes'

Application No: 2005/008 Grantee: **Grapa Ltd**. Certificate No: 3454 Expiry Date: 29 January, 2033.

Agent: John Stewart Irwin, Mildura, VIC.

'Sugrasixteen'

Application No: 2001/152 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3497 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2033. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

'SUGRATHIRTEEN'

Application No: 2000/104 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3495 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2033. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

'Sugratwelve'

Application No: 2000/164 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3496 Expiry Date: 27 March, 2033. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

Denomination Changed

				Changed	Changed
Application	Genus	species	Common name	From	То
2007/241	Avena	sativa	Oats	PO808	Dawson
2007/268	Fragaria	X ananassa	Strawberry	AMELIA	JULIETTE

Assignment of Rights

Application	Variety	Genus	Species	Changed From	Changed To
2007/274	Triticum	aestivum	WAWHT2631	WAWHT2631 Western Australian Agriculture Authority I	
1996/250	Triticum	aestivum	Carnamah	Western Australian Agriculture Authority	InterGrain Pty Ltd
				Western Australian Agriculture Authority	
				and Grains Research and Development	
2007/289	Triticum	aestivum	WAWHT2684	Corporation	InterGrain Pty Ltd
				Western Australian Agriculture Authority	
				and Grains Research and Development	
2007/290	Triticum	aestivum	WAWHT2773	Corporation	InterGrain Pty Ltd
				Western Australian Agriculture Authority	
				and Grains Research and Development	
2007/291	Triticum	aestivum	WAWHT2726	Corporation	InterGrain Pty Ltd

Applicant Name Amended

Changed from the State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food to Western Australian Agriculture Authority for all those applications where the State of Western Australia through its Department of Agriculture and Food were the applicant.

Agent Changed

Application	Variety	Genus	Species	Changed From	Changed To
1998/019	Dangypmini	Gypsophila	paniculata	Lynch Flowers	Propagation Australia Pty Ltd
				Blake Dawson Waldron Patent	Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand
2005/313	Freedom	Lactuca	sativa	Services	Ltd.
				Blake Dawson Waldron Patent	Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand
2004/173	PS 6545701	Lactuca	sativa	Services	Ltd.
				Blake Dawson Waldron Patent	Seminis Vegetable Seeds New Zealand
2004/172	PS 6545691	Lactuca	sativa	Services	Ltd.
				Fleming's Nurseries & Associates	
2003/088	Regal Seedless	Vitis	vinifera	Pty Ltd	Nangiloc Colignan Farms
Agent Nominated					
2005/157	PVHL1	Hakea	laurina	No agent	Humphris Nursery Pty Ltd

Withdrawn

The following varieties are no longer under PBR provisional protection

Application	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety	Synomyn
				Silverdust	
2005/165	Arctotis	hybrid	African Daisy	Sunshine	
					Santa
2006/108	Argyranthemum	hybrid	Marguerite Daisy	OHMADSACA	Catarina
2002/242	Bidens	ferulifolia	Fern-leaved Bidens	Bidtis 1	
2006/310	Metrosideros	collina	Spiny Headed Mat Rush	Tahitian Sunset	
2002/007	Michelia	yunnanensis	Michelia	Velvet and Cream	
2006/230	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Preflogren	
2006/228	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Preflolila	
2006/229	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Prehifant	
2006/223	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Prerabled	
2006/224	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Prerupine	
2001/245	Sutera	diffusa	Bacopa	Suttis 98	
2006/274	Triticum	aestivum	Wheat	EGA Jaeger	
			Southern Highbush		
2006/198	Vaccinium	hybrid	Blueberry	S5	
			Southern Highbush		
2006/197	Vaccinium	hybrid	Blueberry	S6	
2002/240	Verbena	hybrid	Verbena	Blancena	

Surrendered

The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection

Application	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common Name
2003/139	Anthurium	andraeanum	Changing Love		Flamingo Flower
2003/138	Anthurium	andraeanum	Fresh Love		Flamingo Flower
2003/143	Anthurium	andraeanum	Lucky Leny		Flamingo Flower
2003/044	Anthurium	andraeanum	Orange Love		Flamingo Flower
2003/043	Anthurium	andraeanum	Sugar Love		Flamingo Flower
2003/142	Anthurium	andraeanum	Whispering Love		Flamingo Flower
1997/028	Argyranthemum	frutescens	JULIE ANNA		Marguerite Daisy
2004/105	Argyranthemum	frutescens	OHAR 01247	Baleira	Marguerite Daisy
2004/266	Brassica	napus	AG-Drover		Canola
1999/344	Brassica	napus	ATR-Grace		Canola
1999/349	Brassica	napus	ATR-Hyden		Canola
2004/329	Brassica	napus	Rocket CL		Canola
2002/102	Gaura	lindheimeri	Gaula		Gaura
1996/122	Glycine	max	Cawana		Soybean
1997/261	Gossypium	hirsutum	SIOKRA V-16		Cotton
2000/281	Gossypium	hirsutum	Siokra V-16i		Cotton
1996/055	Osteospermum	ecklonis	GUSTAF	SUNNY GUSTAF	Cape Daisy
1996/053	Osteospermum	ecklonis	SUNNY LADY		Cape Daisy
1998/180	Pisum	sativum	Excell		Field Pea
1999/210	Pisum	sativum	Snowpeak		Field Pea
1994/056	Rosa	chinensis	SAVABEAR	TEDDY BEAR	Miniature Rose
2001/016	Rosa	hybrid	Climbing Seduction		Rose
2001/209	Rosa	hybrid	Grandbliza		Rose
1994/058	Rosa	hybrid	LAVQUEST		Rose
2000/203	Rosa	hybrid	Ruiklij	Pink Calypso	Rose
2000/205	Rosa	hybrid	Panroug	Red Calypso	Rose
1996/005	Syzygium	oleosum	AMBER CURLS		Lilly Pilly
1997/150	Tagetes	hybrid	Polynema		Marigold
1995/208	Telopea	speciosissima	SHADE OF PALE		Waratah
2000/054	Xanthostemon	chrysanthus	Trailblazer		Xanthostemon

CORRIGENDA

Watermelon

Citrullus lanatus

'SP-1'

Application No: 2004/016

The character Fruit: weight(kg) in the Statistical Table of the description in PVJ 20.2 has been deleted from the claim for distinctness of the variety because it was not found to be stable.

Italian Ryegrass

Lolium multiflorum

'Warrior'

Application No: 2003/110 Journal Reference: PVJ 20(3)

The claims for distinctness on following characteristics are deleted from the detailed description because it does not satisfy the stability criteria:

Plant: length of upper internode

In the statistical table:

Upper internode length (mm)



Part 3 Appendices

The appendices to *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 21 Issue 1) are listed below:

- Home
- Appendix 1 Fees
- Appendix 2 Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee
- Appendix 3 Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 5 Addresses of UPOV and Member States
- Appendix 6 Centralised Testing Centres
- Appendix 7 List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes
- Appendix 8 Register of Plant Varieties

FEES

Two fee structures exist as a result of the transition from Plant Variety Rights to Plant Breeders Rights. For new applications (those lodged on or after 11 November 1994) the PBR fees apply. For older applications lodged before 11 November 1994 and not finally disposed of (Granted, Withdrawn, Refused etc.) the PVR fees in force at the time apply.

The Treasurer has determined that all statutory fees under PBR regulations will be exempted from GST.

Payment of Fees

All cheques for fees should be made payable and sent to:

Collector of Public Monies C/-Plant Breeders Rights Office, IP Australia GPO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606

The **application fee** (\$300) must accompany the application at the time of lodgement.

Consequences of not paying fees when due

Application fee

Should an application not be accompanied by the prescribed application fee the application will be deemed to be 'non-valid' and neither assigned an application number nor examined for acceptance pending the payment of the fee.

Examination fee

Non-payment of the examination fee of an application will automatically result, at the end of 12 months from the date of acceptance¹, in a refusal of the application. The consequences of refusal are the same as for applications deemed to be inactive (see 'inactive applications' below).

Consideration of a request for an extension of the period of provisional protection from the initial 12-month period may require the prior payment of the examination fee.

Certificate fee

Following the successful completion of the examination, including the public notice period, the applicant will be required and invoiced to pay the certification fee. Payment of the certification fee is a prerequisite to granting PBR and issuing the official certificate by the PBR office. Failure to pay the fee may result in a refusal to grant PBR.

Annual fee

Should an annual renewal fee not be paid within 30 days after the due date, the grant of PBR will be revoked under Section 50 of the PBR Act. To assist grantees, the PBR office will invoice grantees or their Australian agents for renewal fees.

Inactive applications

An application will be deemed inactive if, after 24 months of provisional protection (or 12 months in the case of non-payment of the examination fee) the PBR Office has not received a completed application or has not been advised to proceed with the examination or an extension of provisional protection has not been requested or not granted or a certificate fee has not been paid. Inactive applications will be examined and, should they not fully comply with Section 44 of the PBR Act 1994, they will be refused. As a result provisional protection will lapse, priority claims on that variety will be

¹ The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine. Contact the PBR Office for further details.

lost and should the variety have been sold, it will be ineligible for plant breeders rights on reapplication. Continued use of labels or any other means to falsely imply that a variety is protected after the application has been refused is an offence under Section 75 of the Act.

FEES				
Basic Fees	Sc	hedule		
	\mathbf{A}	В	C	D
	\$			
Application	300	300	400	300
Examination - per application	1400	1200	1400	800
Certificate	300	300	250	300
Total Basic Fees	2000	1800	2050	1400
Annual Renewal - all applications	300			

Schedule

- A Single applications and applications based on an official overseas test reports.
- Applicable when two or more Part 2 Applications are lodged simultaneously and the varieties are of the same genus and the examinations can be completed at one location at the same time.
- C Applications lodged under PVR (prior to 10th Nov 1994)
- D Applicable to 5 or more applications examined at an Accredited Centralised Testing Centre

Other Fees		
Variation to application(s) - per hour or part thereof	75	
Change of Assignment - per application	100	
Copy of an application (Part1 and/or Part2), an objection		
or a detailed description	50	
Copy of an entry in the Register	50	
Lodging an objection	100	
Annual subscription to Plant Varieties Journal	40	
Back issues of Plant Varieties Journal	14	
Administration - Other work relevant to PBR		
- per hour or part thereof	75	
Application for declaration of		
essential derivation	800	
Application for		
(a) revocation of a PBR	500	
(b) revocation of a declaration		
of essential derivation	500	
Compulsory licence	500	
Request under subsection 19(11) for exemption from		
public access - varieties with no direct use as a consumer	100	

Plant Breeders Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC)

(Members of the PBRAC hold office in accordance with Section 85 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act* 1994.)

Committee Members

Member Representing Plant Breeders	Member Representing Plant Breeders
Dr Paul Brennan Rock Valley Post Office via Lismore 1201 Cawongla Rd LARNOOK NSW 2480	Dr Glenn Dale Saltgrow PO Box 575 ASHGROVE QLD 4060
Member Representing Users	Member Representing Consumers
Mr Robert Hansen Peanut Company of Australia PO Box 26 KINGAROY QLD 4610	Ms Anne Pye PO Box 1538 MT BARKER SA 5251
Member Representing Conservation Interests	Member Representing Indigenous Interests
Mr Bruce Lloyd Fairley downs 5250 Barmah-Shepparton Road TALLYGAROOPNA VIC 3634	Mr Mark Porter 26 Callicarpa Street REEDY CREEK QLD 4227
Member with Appropriate Qualifications	Member with Appropriate Qualifications
Mr Benny Browne Griffith Hack 509 St Kilda Road MELBOURNE VIC 3004	Professor Brad Sherman TC Beirne School of Law The University of Queensland ST LUCIA QLD 4072
Registrar (Chair)	
Mr Doug Waterhouse IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden ACT 2606	

APPENDIX 3 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following persons have been accredited by the PBR office based on information provided by these persons. From the information provided by the applicants, the PBR office believes that these people can fulfil the role of 'qualified person' in the application for plant breeder's rights. Neither accreditation nor publication of a name in the list of persons is an implicit recommendation of the person so listed. The PBR office cannot be held liable for damages that may arise from the omission or inclusion of a person's name in the list nor does it assume any responsibility for losses or damages arising from agreements entered into between applicants and any person in the list of accredited persons. Qualified persons charge a fee for services rendered.

A guide to the use of the index of consultants:

- locate in the left column of Table 1 the plant group for which you are applying;
- listed in the right column are the names of accredited qualified persons from which you can choose a consultant;
- in Table 2 find that consultant's name, telephone number and area in which they are willing to consult (they may consult outside the nominated area);
- using the "Nomination of Qualified Person" form as a guide, agree provisionally on the scope and terms of the consultancy; complete the form and attach it to Part 1 of the application form;
- when you are notified that your nomination of a consultant qualified person is acceptable in the letter of acceptance
 of your application for PBR you should again consult the qualified person when planning the rest of the application
 for PBR.

	TABLE 1
PLANT GROUP/SPECIES/FAMILY	CONSULTANT'S NAME (TELEPHONE AND AREA IN TABLE 2)
Actinidia	Lye, Colin
	Paananen, Ian Richards, Graeme
Agapanthus	Paananen, Ian
Almonds	Granger, Andrew
	Swinburn, Garth
Alstroemeria	Paananen, Ian
Ajuga	Paananen, Ian
Apple	Cramond, Gregory
	Darmody, Liz
	Engel, Richard
	Fleming, Graham
	Langford, Garry
	Mackay, Alastair
	Malone, Michael
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Portman, Anthony
	Scholefield, Peter
	Tancred, Stephen
	Valentine, Bruce

Anigozanthos	Paananen, Ian Kirby, Greg Smith, Daniel
Anthurium	Paananen, Ian
Aroid	Harrison, Peter
Avocado	Lye, Colin Edwards, Arthur MacGregor, Alison Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Whiley, Tony
Azalea	Barrett, Mike Hempel, Maciej Paananen, Ian
Barley (Common)	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Downes, Ross Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Berry Fruit	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Greer, Neil Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret
Blackberry (Rubus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Blandfordia	Treverrow, Florence
Blueberry	Paananen, Ian Zorin, Margaret
Bougainvillea	Iredell, Janet Willa Prince, John
Brachyscome	Paananen, Ian

Brassica	Bannan, Nathaniel Bhatti, Muhammad Chequer, Robert Cooper, Kath Downes, Ross Easton, Andrew Fennell, John Gororo, Nelson Johnston, Evan Kadkol, Gururaj Laker, Richard Light, Kate McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Rudolph, Paul Sanders, Milton Saunders, James Scholefield, Peter Mouwen, Heidi Watson, Brigid Zadow, Diane
Brunia	Dunstone, Bob
Buddleia	Robb, John Paananen, Ian
Buffalo Grass	Paananen, Ian
Calibrachoa	Paananen, Ian
Camellia	Paananen, Ian Robb, John
Cannabis	Calabria, Patrick
Carnation/Dianthus	Paananen, Ian

Cereals	Bhatti, Muhammad Bullen, Kenneth
	Collins, David
	Cook, Bruce
	Cooper, Kath
	Downes, Ross
	Fennell, John
	Hare, Raymond
	Harrison, Peter
	Henry, Robert J
	Johnston, Evan
	Khan, Akram
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Moore, Stephen
	Oates, John
	Platz, Greg
	Porter, Richard
	Poulsen, David
	Rhodes, Phil
	Roake, Jeremy
	Rose, John
	Saunders, James
	Scattini, Walter John
	Siedel, John
	Watson, Brigid
	Wilson, Frances
Cherry	Cramond, Gregory
•	Darmody, Liz
	Fleming, Graham
	Granger, Andrew
	Mackay, Alastair
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Scholefield, Peter
Chickpeas	Bhatti, Muhammad
1	Downes,Ross
	Collins, David
	Goulden, David
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Chrysanthemum	Paananen, Ian
Citrus	Calabria, Patrick
	Edwards, Arthur
	Lee, Slade
	MacGregor, Alison
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Owen-Turner, John
	Parr, Wayne
	Scholefield, Peter
	Swinburn, Garth
	Sykes, Stephen
	Topp, Bruce
Clivia	Smith, Kenneth

Clover	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross James, Jennifer Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Watson, Brigid
Cotton	Khan, Akram Leske, Richard
Cucurbits	Herrington, Mark McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Scholefield, Peter Sykes, Stephen
Dianella	Paananen, Ian
Dogwood	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham
Echinacea	Paananen, Ian
Eucalyptus	Paananen, Ian
Euphorbia	Paananen, Ian
Feijoa	Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter
Fibre Crops	Gillespie, David Khan, Akram
Fig	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Parr, Wayne
Flower Bulbs	Verdegaal, John
Forage Brassicas	Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Forage Grasses	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Johnston, Evan Kirby, Greg Mitchell, Leslie Rhodes, Phil Smith, Kevin Watson, Brigid

Forage Legumes	Downes, Ross
	Fennell, John
	Foster, Kevin
	Harrison, Peter
	Hill, Jeff
	James, Jennifer
	Lake, Andrew
	Miller, Jeff
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	Siedel, John
Fruit	Cramond, Gregory
11010	Darmody, Liz
	Delaporte, Kate
	Fleming, Graham
	Gillespie, David
	Granger, Andrew
	Kennedy, Peter
	Lenoir, Roland
	McCarthy, Alec
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Parr, Wayne
	Portman, Sian
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter
Fuchsia	Paananen, Ian
Gerbera	Paananen, Ian
Ginger	Smith, Mike
omger	Whiley, Tony
Grapes	Burne, Peter
	Darmody, Liz
	Delaporte, Kate
	Farquhar, Wayne
	Fleming, Graham
	Lee, Slade
	Lye, Colin
	MacGregor, Alison
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Paananen, Ian
	Parr, Wayne
	Porter, Richard
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter
	Smith, Daniel
	Swinburn, Garth
	Sykes, Stephen
Grevillea	Dunstone, Bob
	Herrington, Mark
	Paananen, Ian

Hardenbergia Hops (Humulus sp) Hydrangea Impatiens	Dunstone, Bob Paananen, Ian Hanger, Brian Paananen, Ian Paananen, Ian Dunstone, Bob
Hydrangea	Hanger, Brian Paananen, Ian Paananen, Ian
	Paananen, Ian Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	·
1	Dunstone, Bob
Jojoba	,
Kalanchoe	Paananen, Ian
Lavender	Paananen, Ian
Legumes	Aberdeen, Ian
	Collins, David
	Cook, Bruce
	Cruickshank, Alan
	Downes, Ross
	Foster, Kevin
	Harrison, Peter
	Imrie, Bruce
	Kirby, Greg
	Khan, Akram
	Knights, Edmund
	Lake, Andrew
	Loch, Don
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Rhodes, Phil
	Rose, John
	Saunders, James
	Siedel, John
Lentils	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
	Goulden, David
	Khan, Akram
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Lilium	Paananen, Ian
Liriope	Paananen, Ian
Lomandra	Paananen, Ian

Lucerne	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Lupin	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Sanders, Milton Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Magnolia	Paananen, Ian
Mandevilla	Paananen, Ian
Mango	Lye, Colin Owen-Turner, John Mitchell, Leslie Parr, Wayne Whiley, Tony
Myrtaceae	Dunstone, Bob
Native grasses	Paananen, Ian Quinn, Patrick
Oat	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Downes, Ross Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Oilseed crops	Downes, Ross Poulsen, David Siedel, John Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Olives	Bazzani, Mr Luigi Granger, Andrew
Onions	Bannan, Nathaniel Fennell, John Khan, Akram Laker, Richard McMichael, Prue Scholefield, Peter Rhodes, Phil

Ornamentals - Exotic

Abell, Peter Armitage, Paul Angus, Tim Barth, Gail Collins, Ian Cunneen, Thomas Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Eggleton, Steve Fisk, Anne Marie Fleming, Graham Guy, Gareme Harrison, Peter Hempel, Maciej Johnston, Margaret Khan, Akram Kulkarni, Vinod Lamont, Greg Larkman, Clive Lenoir, Roland Lowe, Greg Lunghusen, Mark Marcsik, Doris McMichael, Prue Milne, Carolynn Mitchell, Hamish Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, David Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Prince, John Robb, John Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Singh, Deo Smith, Daniel Stewart, Angus Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne Watkins, Phillip Watkinson, Andrew

Ornamentals - Indigenous	Abell, Peter Allen, Paul Angus, Tim Barrett, Mike Barth, Gail Cunneen, Thomas
	Delaporte, Kate Downes, Ross
	Eggleton, Steve Granger, Andrew
	Harrison, Peter
	Henry, Robert J Hockings, David Jack, Brian
	Johnston, Margaret Kirby, Greg
	Khan, Akram Lenoir, Roland
	Lowe, Greg Lullfitz, Robert
	Lunghusen, Mark McMichael, Prue
	Milne, Carolynn Mitchell, Hamish
	Molyneux, W M Nichols, David
	Oates, John
	O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian
	Prince, John Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter Singh, Deo
	Slater, Tony Smith, Daniel Tan, Beng
	Watkins, Phillip

Ornithopus	Foster, Kevin Nichols, Phillip
Osmanthus	Paananen, Ian Robb, John
Osteospermum	Paananen, Ian

Pastures & Turf	Anderson, Malcolm Avery, Angela Bannan, Nathaniel Bhatti, Muhammad Cameron, Stephen Cook, Bruce Downes, Ross Harrison, Peter Kemp, Stuart Kirby, Greg James, Jennifer Loch, Don McMaugh, Peter Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Neylan, John Paananen, Ian Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Rose, John Saunders, James Smith, Raymond Scattini, Walter John Smith, Kevin Wilkes, Gregory Wilson, Frances Zorin, Margaret
Peanut	Cruickshank, Alan George, Doug
Pear	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce
Pelargonium	Paananen, Ian
Persimmon	Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth
Petunia	Paananen, Ian Nichols, David
Philodendron	Paananen, Ian
Philotheca	Dunstone, Bob
Phormium	Paananen, Ian
Photinia	Robb, John

Pistacia	Richardson, Clive Sykes, Stephen
Pisum	Bhatti, Muhammad
1104111	Downes, Ross
	Goulden, David
	McMichael, Prue
	Rhodes, Phil
	Sanders, Milton
	Saunders, James
	Saunders, James
Potatoes	Delaporte, Kate
	Fennell, John
	Friemond, Terry
	Guertsen, Paul
	Hill, Jim
	Johnston, Evan
	McMichael, Prue
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter
	Slater, Tony
	Smith, Daniel
	Wilson, Graeme
Proteaceae	Barth, Gail
	Kirby, Neil
	Paananen, Ian
	Robb, John
	Scholefield, Peter
	Smith, Daniel
Prunus	Calabria, Patrick
	Cramond, Gregory
	Darmody, Liz
	Engel, Richard
	Fleming, Graham
	Granger, Andrew
	Kennedy, Peter
	Mackay, Alastair
	Malone, Michael
	Portman, Anthony
	Richards, Graeme
	Topp, Bruce
	Wilkes, Gregory
	Witherspoon, Jennifer
Pulse Crops	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
	Graetz, Darren
	Oates, John
	Porter, Richard
	Poulsen, David
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James

Raspberry	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Herrington, Mark Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret
Rhododendron	Barrett, Mike Paananen, Ian
Rose	Barrett, Mike Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Fleming, Graham Hanger, Brian Lee, Peter McKirdy, Simon Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Swane, Geoff Syrus, A Kim
Scaevola	Paananen, Ian
Sesame	Bennett, Malcolm Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce
Sorghum	Khan, Akram
Soybean	Harrison, Peter James, Andrew
Spathiphylum	Paananen, Ian
Spices and Medicinal Plants	Khan, Akram
Stone Fruit	Barrett, Mike Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter MacGregor, Alison Mackay, Alistair Malone, Michael Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Valentine, Bruce
Strawberry	Herrington, Mark Mitchell, Leslie Morrison, Bruce Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret

<u> </u>	Con Miles	
Sugarcane	Cox, Mike Piperidis, George	
	riperiuis, George	
Sunflower	George, Doug	
Tomato	Herrington, Mark	
	Khan, Akram	
	Laker, Richard	
	McMichael, Prue	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Scholefield, Peter	
	Smith, Daniel	
Tree Crops	McRae, Tony	
Triticale	Bhatti, Muhammad	
	Downes, Ross	
	Collins, David	
	Cooper, Kath	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Saunders, James	
Tropical/Sub-Tropical Crops	Harrison, Peter	
1 1	Kulkarni, Vinod	
	Parr, Wayne	
	Scholefield, Peter	
	Whiley, Tony	
Umbrella Tree	Paananen, Ian	
Vegetables	Bannan, Nathaniel	
	Delaporte, Kate	
	Fennell, John	
	Frkovic, Edward	
	Gillespie, David	
	Harrison, Peter	
	Khan, Akram	
	Laker, Richard	
	Lenoir, Roland	
	MacGregor, Alison	
	McMichael, Prue	
	Oates, John	
	O'Connor, Lauren	
	Pearson, Craig	
	Pumpa, Lucy	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Schapel, Amanda	
	Scholefield, Peter	
	Smith, Daniel	
	Westra Van Holthe, Jan	
Verbena	Paananen, Ian	
Walnut	Mitchell, Leslie	
m amut	whelen, Lesie	

Wheat (Aestivum & Durum Groups)	Bhatti, Muhammad Collins, David Downes, Ross Kadkol, Gururaj Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Sanders, Milton
Zantedeschia	Paananen, Ian

TABLE 2

NAME	TELEPHONE	AREA OF OPERATION
Abell, Peter	0438 392 837 mobile	Australia
Aberdeen, Ian	03 5782 1029	SE Australia
Mocracen, Ian	03 5762 1029 03 5782 2073 fax	SE Mustrana
Allen, Paul	07 3824 0263 ph/fax	SE QLD, Northern NSW
Anderson, Malcolm	03 5573 0900	Victoria
	03 5571 1523 fax	, 10101111
	017 870 252 mobile	
Angus, Tim	(64 4) 568 3878 ph/fax	Australia and New Zealand
<i>6</i> ···· <i>1</i>	001164211871076 mobile	
	plantatim@zip.co.nz	
Armitage, Paul	03 9756 7233	Victoria
	03 9756 6948 fax	
Avery, Angela	02 6030 4500	South Eastern Australia
	02 6030 4600 fax	
Bannan, Nathaniel	03 8318 9019	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0429 720 013 mobile	
Barrett, Mike	02 9875 3087	NSW/ACT
	02 9980 1662 fax	
	0407 062 494 mobile	
Barth, Gail	08 8389 7479	SA and Victoria
Bazzani, Luigi	08 9772 1207	Western Australia
	08 9772 1333 fax	
Bennett, Malcolm	08 8973 9733	NT, QLD, NSW, WA
	08 8973 9777 fax	
Bhatti, Muhammad	08 9671 1322 ph	Western Australia
	08 9671 1352 fax	~
Burne, Peter	08 8582 0338 ph	South Australia
	08 8583 2104 fax	
	0418 834 102 mobile	D CMOM
Calabria, Patrick	02 6963 6360	Riverina area of NSW
Charman Dahart	0438 636 219 mobile	Viotorio
Chequer, Robert	03 5382 1269	Victoria
Collins, David	0419 145 262 mobile	Control Wastern Wheethelt of
Collins, David	08 9623 2343 ph/fax 0154 42694 mobile	Central Western Wheatbelt of Western Australia
Cooper, Kath	08 8339 3049	
Cooper, Kaur	0429 191 848 mobile	South Australia
Cox, Mike	07 4132 5200	Queensland and NSW
Cox, wire	07 4132 5260 07 4132 5253 fax	Queensiand and 145 W
Cramond, Gregory	08 8390 0299	Australia
Cramona, Gregory	08 8390 0033 fax	Australia
	0417 842 558 mobile	
Cruickshank, Alan	07 4160 0722	QLD
Crarekshamk, Fran	07 4162 3238 fax	422
Cunneen, Thomas	02 4889 8647	Sydney Region
Cumcon, Thomas	02 4889 8657 fax	Sydney region
Darmody, Liz	03 9756 6105	Australia
	03 9752 0005 fax	
Delaporte, Kate	08 8373 2488	South Australia
• '	08 8373 2442 fax	
	0427 394 240 mobile	
Downes, Ross	02 4474 0456 ph	ACT, South East Australia
	02 4474 0476 fax	
	0402472601 mobile	

Dunstone, Bob	02 6281 1754 ph/fax	South East NSW	
Easton, Andrew	07 4690 2666	QLD and NSW	
	07 4630 1063 fax		
Edwards, Arthur	08 8586 1232	SE Australia	
	08 8595 1394 fax		
	0409 609 300 mobile		
Eggleton, Steve	03 9876 1097	Melbourne Region	
	03 9876 1696 fax	-	
Engel, Richard	08 9397 5941	WA	
<i>6</i> .,	08 9397 5941 fax		
Fennell, John	03 5334 7871	Australia	
1 cimen, voim	03 5334 7892 fax	Tubululu	
	0419 881 887		
Farquhar, Wayne	08 85657000	South Australia	
raiquiiai, wayne	08 85657011 fax	South Australia	
Flaming Cosham		A 1: -	
Fleming, Graham	03 9756 6105	Australia	
T	03 9752 0005 fax	***	
Friemond, Terry	08 9203 6720	Western Australia	
	08 9203 6720 fax		
	0438 915 811 mobile		
Foster, Kevin	08 9368 3804	Mediterranean areas of Australia	
	08 9474 2840 fax		
Frkovic, Edward	02 6962 7333	Australia	
	02 6964 1311 fax		
George, Doug	07 5460 1308	Australia	
	07 5460 1112 fax		
Gillespie, David	07 4155 6344	Wide Bay Burnett District, QLD	
	07 4155 6656 fax		
Gororo, Nelson	03 5382 5911	Mediterranean areas of Australia	
	03 5382 5755 fax	Wiedrenancan areas of Hastrana	
	0428 534 770 mobile		
Goulden, David	64 3 325 6400	New Zealand	
Goulden, David	64 3 325 0400 64 3 325 2074 fax	New Zealand	
Consta Dames		Caudh Australia	
Graetz, Darren	08 8303 9362	South Australia	
	08 8303 9424 fax		
Granger, Andrew	08 8389 8809	South Australia	
	08 8389 8899 fax		
Greer, Neil	07 5441 1118	Australia	
	07 5476 0098 fax		
	0418 881 755 mobile		
Guertsen, Paul	02 6845 3789	NSW, VIC, SE QLD	
	02 6845 3382 fax		
	0407 658 105 mobile		
Hanger, Brian	03 9837 5547 ph/fax	Victoria	
	0418 598106 mobile		
Hare, Ray	02 6763 1232	QLD, NSW VIC & SA	
	02 6763 1222 fax	(,,,	
Harrison, Peter	08 8948 1894 ph	Tropical/Sub-tropical Australia,	
Harrison, Teter	08 8948 3894 fax	including NT and NW of WA	
	0407 034 083 mobile	and tropical arid areas	
Hempel, Maciej	02 4628 0376	NSW, QLD, VIC, SA	
Hemper, Maciej	02 4625 2293 fax	NSW, QLD, VIC, SA	
II D. b I		A 4 1'	
Henry, Robert J	02 6620 3010	Australia	
W	02 6622 2080 fax		
Herrington, Mark	07 5441 2211	Southern Queensland	
	07 5441 2235 fax		
Hill, Jeff	08 8303 9487	South Australia	
	08 8303 9607 fax		

Hill, Jim	03 6428 2519 Australia 03 6428 2049 fax		
Hockings, David Imrie, Bruce	0428 262 765 mobile 07 5494 3385 ph/fax 02 4474 0951 02 4474 0952	Southern Queensland SE Australia	
Iredell, Janet Willa Jack, Brian	imriecsc@sci.net.au 07 3202 6351 ph/fax 08 9952 5040	SE Queensland South West WA	
James, Andrew	08 9952 5053 fax 07 3214 2278 07 3214 2272 fax	Australia	
James, Jennifer Johnston, Evan	+64 6 3518214 64 3358 1745	Manawatu Region, New Zealand Canterbury, New Zealand	
Johnston, Margaret	0214 417 13 mobile 07 5460 1240 07 5460 1455 fax	SE Queensland	
Kadkol, Gururaj	03 5382 1269 03 5381 1210 fax	North Western Victoria	
Kemp, Stuart	03 8390 8150 0437 278 873 mobile	SE Australia	
Kennedy, Peter	02 6382 7600 02 6382 2228 fax	New South Wales	
Khan, Akram	02 9351 8821 02 9351 8875 fax	New South Wales	
Kirby, Greg	08 8201 2176 08 8201 3015 fax	South Australia	
Kirby, Neil	02 4754 2637 02 4754 2640 fax	New South Wales	
Knights, Edmund	02 6763 1100 02 6763 1222 fax	North Western NSW	
Kulkarni, Vinod	08 9992 2221 08 9992 2049 fax	Australia	
Lake, Andrew	08 8177 0558 0418 818 798 mobile lake@arcom.com.au	SE Australia	
Laker, Richard	08 87258987 08 8723 0142 fax 0417 855 592 mobile	Australia	
Lamont, Greg	02 8778 5388 02 9734 9866 fax	Sydney region	
Langford, Garry	03 6266 4344 03 6266 4023 fax	Australia	
Larkman, Clive	0418 312 910 mobile 03 9735 3831 03 9739 6370	Victoria	
Lee, Peter	larkman@tpgi.com.au 03 6330 1147 03 6330 1927 fax	SE Australia	
Lee, Slade	02 6620 3410 02 6622 2080 fax	Queensland/Northern New South Wales	
Lenoir, Roland	02 6231 9063 ph/fax	Australia	
Leske, Richard	07 4671 3136 07 4671 3113 fax	Cotton growing regions of QLD & NSW	
Light, Kate	03 5362 2175 0419 145 768 mobile	Victoria	
Loch, Don	07 3286 1488 07 3286 3094 fax	Queensland	

Lowe, Greg	02 4389 8750	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
, 2	02 4389 4958 fax	
	0411 327390 mobile	
Lullfitz, Robert	08 9447 6360	South West WA
Lunghusen, Mark	03 5998 2083	Melbourne & environs
	03 5998 2089fax	
	0407 050 133 mobile	
Lye, Colin	07 4671 0044	NT, QLD and NSW
	07 4671 0066 fax	
M. C. Al'	0427 786 668 mobile	
MacGregor, Alison	03 5023 4644	Southern Australia – Murray
Modray Alastain	0419 229 713 mobile	Valley Region Western Australia
Mackay, Alastair	08 9310 5342 ph/fax 0159 87221 mobile	Western Austrana
McMaugh, Peter	02 9872 7833	Australia
Welviaugh, 1 etci	02 9872 7855 fax	Australia
Malone, Michael	+64 6 877 8196	New Zealand
Wallone, Wienaer	+64 6 877 4761 fax	New Zearand
Marcsik, Doris	08 8999 2017	Northern Territory and
1.11.45.11, 2.5115	08 8999 2049	Queensland
McCarthy, Alec	08 9780 6273	South West WA
,	08 9780 6136 fax	
McKirdy, Simon	042 163 8229 mobile	Australia
McMichael, Prue	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
	08 8373 2442 fax	
McRae, Tony	08 8723 0688	Australia
	08 8723 0660 fax	
Miller, Jeff	64 6 356 8019 extn 8027	Manawatu region, New Zealand
	64 3 351 8142 fax	
Milne, Carolynn	07 3206 3509	QLD
Mitchell, Hamish	03 9737 9568	Victoria
	03 9737 9899 fax	
Mitchell, Leslie	03 5821 2021	VIC, Southern NSW
N. 1	03 5831 1592 fax	***
Molyneux, William	03 5965 2011	Victoria
Marine Charles	03 5965 2033 fax	NGW
Moore, Stephen	02 6799 2230	NSW
Morrison Pruso	02 6799 2239 fax	East of Melbourne
Morrison, Bruce	03 9210 9251 03 9800 3521 fax	East of Melbourne
Mouwen, Heidi	07 4690 2666	QLD, NSW
Mouwell, Heldi	07 4630 1063	QLD, NSW
Neylan, John	03 9886 6200	VIC, NSW, SA
regian, John	0413 620 256 mobile	VIC, 115 W, 571
Nichols, David	03 5977 4755	SE Melbourne, Mornington
Titeliois, Buvia	03 5977 4921 fax	Peninsula and Dandenong
	03 3377 13 2 1 14K	Ranges, Victoria
Nichols, Phillip	08 9387 7442	Western Australia
r	08 9383 9907 fax	
Oates, John	02 4473 8465	Sydney region, Eastern Australia
O'Brien, Shaun	07 5442 3055	SE Queensland
	07 5442 3044 fax	
	0407 584 417 mobile	
O'Connor, Lauren	07 3359 3113	Australia
	0418 510 480 mobile	
Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217	Burnett region, Central
	07 4129 5511 fax	Queensland region

Paananen, Ian	02 4381 0051	Australia (based in Sydney) and
	02 8569 1896 fax	New Zealand
	0412 826 589 mobile	
Parr, Wayne	07 4129 4147	QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4129 4463 fax	
Piperidis, George	07 3331 3373	QLD, Northern NSW
	07 3871 0383 fax	
Platz, Greg	07 4639 8817	QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4639 8800 fax	
Porter, Richard	08 8431 5396	Adelaide region, South Australia
	08 8431 5396 fax	
	0413 270 670 mobile	
Portman, Anthony	08 9274 5355	South-west Western Australia
	08 9250 1859 fax	
Portman, Sian	08 9725 0660	Western Australia
	0421 606 651 mobile	
Poulsen, David	07 4661 2944	SE QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4661 5257 fax	
Prescott, Chris	03 5998 5100	Victoria
	03 5998 5333	
	0417 340 558 mobile	
Prince, John	07 5533 0211	SE QLD
	07 5533 0488 fax	
Pumpa, Lucy	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2422 fax	
	0400 041 881 mobile	
Quinn, Patrick	03 5427 0485	SE Australia
Richards, Graeme	02 4570 1358	Australia
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0405 178 211 mobile	
Richardson, Clive	03 51550255	Victoria
Rhodes, Phil	64 3322 5405	New Zealand
	0211 862 422 mobile	
	phil@epr.co.nz	
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8830	Sydney Region
	02 9351 8875 fax	
Robb, John	02 4376 1330	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4376 1271 fax	
	0199 19252 mobile	
Rose, John	07 4661 2944	SE Queensland
	07 4661 5257 fax	
Rudolph, Paul	03 5381 2168	Victoria
	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0438 083 840 mobile	
Saunders, James	03 8318 9016	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0408 037 801 mobile	
Sanders, Milton	08 9825 8087	Southern Australia: WA,Vic,
	08 9387 4388 fax	NSW, SA
	0427 031 951 mobile	
Scattini, Walter	07 3356 0863 ph/fax	Tropical and sub-tropical
		Australia
Schapel, Amanda	08 8373 2488	South Australia
~	0408 344 843 mobile	
Scholefield, Peter	08 8373 2488	SE Australia
	08 8373 2442 fax	
~ ~	018 082022 mobile	
Singh, Deo	0418 880787 mobile	Brisbane
	07 3207 5998 fax	

Slater, Tony	03 9210 9222	SE Australia
Stater, Tony	03 9800 3521 fax	SE Australia
	0408 656 021 mobile	
Conidh Domini		Candle Ametralia
Smith, Daniel	08 8373 2488	South Australia
Corld IZ and de	08 8373 2442 fax	A 1'
Smith, Kenneth	02 4570 9069	Australia
Smith, Kevin	03 5573 0900	SE Australia
	03 5571 1523 fax	
Smith, Mike	07 5444 9630	SE Queensland
Smith, Stuart	03 6336 5234	SE Australia
	03 6334 4961 fax	
Stewart, Angus	02 4385 9788ph/fax	Sydney, Gosford
	0419 632 123 mobile	
Swane, Geoff	02 6889 1545	Central western NSW
	02 6889 2533 fax	
	0419 841580 mobile	
Swinburn, Garth	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region - from
	03 5023 5814 fax	Swan Hill (Vic) to Waikere (SA)
Sykes, Stephen	03 5051 3100	Victoria
	03 5051 3111 fax	
Syrus, A Kim	03 8556 2555	Adelaide
,	03 8556 2955 fax	
Tan, Beng	08 9266 7168	Perth & environs
14, 208	08 9266 2495	
Tancred, Stephen	07 4681 2931	QLD, NSW
ranoroa, stephen	07 4681 4274 fax	QLD, I to tt
	0157 62888 mobile	
Treverrow, Florence	02 6629 3359	Australia
Topp, Bruce	07 4681 1255	SE QLD, Northern NSW
торр, висс	07 4681 1769 fax	SE QED, Northern NS W
Volentine Dance	02 6361 3919	Now Couth Wolce
Valentine, Bruce		New South Wales
Van dan Ctaare Danamana Anna	02 6361 3573 fax 03 6248 6863	Tasmania
Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne		Tasmania
Visit and Tales	03 6248 7402 fax	A
Verdegaal, John	03 6458 3581	Australia and New Zealand
W. d.' DI'III	03 6458 3581 fax	D 4 D 1
Watkins, Phillip	08 9537 1811	Perth Region
	08 9537 3589 fax	
	0416 191 472 mobile	
Watkinson, Andrew	07 5445 6654	Northern NSW and Southern
	0409 065 266 mobile	QLD
Watson, Brigid	03 5688 1058	Victoria
	0429 702 277 mobile	
Westra Van Holthe, Jan	03 9706 3033	Australia
	03 9706 3182 fax	
Whiley, Tony	07 5441 5441	QLD
Wilkes, Gregory	02 4570 1358	Sydney region
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0418 642 359 mobile	
Wilson, Frances	64 3 318 8514	Canterbury, New Zealand
	64 3 318 8549 fax	
Wilson, Graeme	03 5957 1200	SE Australia
	03 5957 1210 fax	
Zadow, Diane	03 5382 1269	Victoria
	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0419 145 763 mobile	
Zorin, Margaret	07 3207 4306	Eastern Australia
· · · · ·	0418 984 555	

Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persons

NT	N
Name	Name
Ali, S	Lowe, Russell
Allen, Antony	Luckett, David
Armour, David	Mack, Ian
Baelde, Arie	Mann, Dorham
Baker, Grant	Mansfield, Daniel
Bally, Ian	Mason, Lloyd
Barr, Andrew	Matic, Rade
Bell, David	Matthews, Michael
Bernuetz, Andrew	McCallum, Lesley
Birmingham, Erika	McDonald, David
Box, Amanda	Mendham, Neville
Brennan, Paul	Menzies, Kim
Brewer, Lester	Miller, Kylie
Brindley, Tony	Moody, David
Brindle, Sean	Moss, Ian
Buchanan, Peter	Mullins, Kathleen
Bunker, John	Mungall, Neil
Bunker, Kerry	Neilson, Peter
Burton, Wayne	Newman, Allen
Cameron, Nick	Noone, Brian
Cant, Russell	Norriss, Michael
Chesher, Wayne	Oakes, John
Chivers, Ian	Offord, Cathy
Clayton-Greene, Kevin	O'Brien, Tim
Constable, Greg	O'Sullivan, Robert
Cook, Esther	Paull, Jeff
Corcoran, Lisa	Pearce, Bob
Coventry, Stewart	Porter, Gavin
Craig, Andrew	Potter, Trent
Craigie, Gail	Pressler, Craig
Culvenor, Richard	Reeve, Christopher
Dawson, Iain	Reid, Peter
Crowhurst, Max	Reinke, Russell
De Betue, Remco	Roberts, Sean
de Koning, Carolyn	Roche, Matthew
Dear, Brian	Rose, Ian
Delaporte, Kate	Sanders, Milton
Done, Anthony	Sandral, Graeme
Donnelly, Peter	Sanewski, Garth
Downe, Graeme	Schilg, Karl
Dryden, Susan	Schreuders, Harry
Eastwood, Russell	Scott, Ralph
Eglinton, Jason	Senior, Michael
Eisemann, Robert	Siemon, Fran
Elliott, Philip	Smith, Chris
Evans, Pedro	Smith, Raymond
Fitzgibbon, John	Smith, Malcolm
Flett, Peter	Smith, Susan
Geary, Judith	1
I	Snelling, Cath
Gibbons, Philip	Snowball, Richard

Gillies, Leanne Stiller, Warwick Glover, Russell Stuart, Peter Granger, Andrew Sturgess, Eric Gurciullo, Gaetano Sutton, John Haire, Chris Tonks, John Harden, Patrick Trimboli, Daniel Hollamby, Gil Taylor, Kerry Hoppo, Suzanne Trigg, Pamela Howie, Jake Urwin, Nigel Hoxha, Adriana Van der Spek, Folke Hunt, Melissa Vater, Daniel Hurst, Andrea Vaughan, Peter Irwin, John Venkatanagappa, Shoba Venn, Neil Janhsen, Joanne Johnson, Peter Warner, Bradley Jupp, Noel Warren, Andrew Kaehne, Ian Weatherly, Lilia Katelaris, Andrew Wei, Xianming Katz, Mark Whalley, RDB Kebblewhite, Tony Williams, Rex Kempff, Stefan Williams, Shannon Kennedy, Chris Wilson, Stephen Kobelt, Eric Wilson, Rob Lacey, Kevin Winter, Bruce Lawson, Marion Wirthensohn, Michelle Leddin, Anthony Wright, Gary Lee, Kathryn Yan, Guijun Leighton, A Zeppa, Aldo Leonforte, Antonio Lewin, Laurence Lewis, Hartley Loi, Angelo

ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211
Geneva 20
SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336 Web site: http://www.upov.int

List of Addresses of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

Status of Ratification in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are now available which will add flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$800. This is a saving of nearly 40% over the normal fee of \$1400.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

Conditions and Selection Criteria

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

Appropriate facilities

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

Experienced staff

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

analysed data. These staff will require the authority to ensure timely maintenance of the trial. Where provided by the PBR office, the protocol and technical guidelines for the conduct of the trial must be followed.

Substantial industry support

Normally the establishment will be recognised by a state or national industry society or association. This may include/be replaced by a written commitment from major nurseries or other applicants, who have a history of regularly making applications for PBR in Australia, to use the facility.

Capability for long-term storage of genetic material

Depending upon the genus, a CTC must be in a position to make a long-term commitment to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

Contract testing for 3rd Parties

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (environmental factors, quarantine etc) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office. More than one CTC maybe allowed for roses.

One CTC may be authorised to test more than one genus. Authorisations for each genus will be reviewed periodically.

Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)

Following publication of applications for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accredit ation
Agriculture Victoria, National Potato Improvement Centre	Toolangi, VIC	Potato	Outdoor, field, greenhouse, tissue culture laboratory	R Kirkham	31/3/97
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/6/97
Ag-Seed Research	Horsham and other sites	Canola	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory and biochemical analyses	P Rudolph	30/6/97
Agriculture Western Australia	Northam WA	Wheat	Field, laboratory	D Collins	30/6/97
University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute	Camden, NSW	Argyranthemum, Diascia, Mandevilla	Outdoor, field, irrigation, greenhouses with controlled microclimates, controlled environment rooms,	J Oates	30/6/97

			4		
			tissue culture, molecular		
			genetics and cytology lab.		
Boulters Nurseries	Monbulk,	Clematis	Outdoor, shadehouse,	M Lunghusen	30/9/97
Monbulk Pty Ltd	VIC	Cicinatis	greenhouse	W Bangnasen	30/7/71
Geranium Cottage	Galston,	Pelargonium	Field, controlled	I Paananen	30/11/97
Nursery	NSW	Totalgomani	environment house	1 1 danamen	30/11/57
Agriculture	Hamilton,	Perennial	Field, shadehouse,	M Anderson	30/6/98
Victoria	VIC	ryegrass, tall	glasshouse, growth		
		fescue, tall wheat	chambers. Irrigation.		
		grass, white	Pathology and tissue		
		clover, Persian	culture. Access to DNA		
		clover	and molecular marker		
			technology. Cold storage.		20/1/00
Koala Blooms	Monbulk, VIC	Bracteantha	Outdoor, irrigation	M Lunghusen	30/6/98
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay,	Aglaonema	Outdoor, shadehouse,	K Bunker	30/6/98
	QLD		glasshouse and indoor facilities		
Protected Plant	Macquarie	New Guinea	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/9/98
Promotions	Fields, NSW	Impatiens			
		including			
		Impatiens hawkeri			
TT 1 1 C	1 015	and its hybrids	T' 11 ' ' '	m 1 1: :	20/0/00
University of Queensland,	Lawes, QLD	Some tropical	Field, irrigation,	To be advised	30/9/98
Gatton College		pastures	glasshouse, small phytotron, plant nursery		
Gatton Conege			& propagation, tissue		
			culture, seed and		
			chemical lab, cool		
			storage		
Jan and Peter Iredell	Moggill, QLD	Bougainvillea	Outdoor, shadehouse	J Iredell	30/9/98
Protected Plant	Macquarie	Verbena	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/12/98
Promotions	Fields, NSW				
Avondale	Glenorie,	Agapanthus	Greenhouse, tissue	I Paananen	31/12/98
Nurseries Ltd	NSW		culture with commercial		
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Camellia,	partnership Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	31/12/98
r aradise r failts	NSW	Lavandula,	shadehouse, irrigation,	J KOOO	31/12/90
	TND VV	Osmanthus,	tissue culture lab		
		Ceratopetalum	tissue culture lus		
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled	C Prescott	31/12/98
	,		environment greenhouses		
F & I Baguley	Clayton	Euphorbia	Controlled glasshouses,	G Guy	31/3/99
Flower and Plant	South,		quarantine facilities,		
Growers	VIC		tissue culture		
Paradise Plants	Kulnura,	Limonium,	Field, glasshouse,	J Robb	30/6/00
	NSW	Raphiolepis,	shadehouse, irrigation,		
		Eriostemon, Lonicera	tissue culture lab		
		Jasminum			
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie	Angelonia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/6/00
•	Fields, NSW	, and the second			
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Cuphea, Anthurium	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	30/6/00
Queensland	Cleveland,	Cynodon, Zoysia	Field, glasshouse,	D Loch	30/9/00
Department of	QLD	and other selected	irrigation, tissue culture	2 23011	20,7,00
Primary Industries,		warm season-	lab		
Redlands Research		season turf and			
Station		amenity species			

Luff Partnership	Kulnura,	Bracteantha	Field beds, irrigation,	I Dawson	31/12/00
Lun Farmersnip	NSW	Бгастейніна	shade house, propagation house, cool rooms,	1 Dawson	31/12/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Petunia, Calibrachoa	Glasshouse	I Paananen J Oates	31/12/00
NSW Agriculture	Temora	Triticum, Hordeum, Avena	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, climate controlled areas	P Breust	31/3/01
Bywong Nursery	Bungendore NSW	Leptospermum	Field, shadehouse, greenhouse	P Ollerenshaw	31/3/01
S J Saperstein	Mullumbimby NSW	Rhododendron (vireya types)	Field and propagation facilities	S Saperstein	31/12/01
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Osteospermum, Rhododendron	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	31/3/02
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Euphorbia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/3/02
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd	Springwood,	Impatiens, Euphorbia	AQIS accredited quarantine facilities; glasshouse, shadehouse, field, tissue culture	B Sidebottom A Bernuetz M Hunt N Derera T Angus	30/9/02
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Dahlia	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	31/12/03
Carol's Propagation	Brookfield, QLD	Anubias	Glasshouse specifically designed for aquatic plants	C Milne D Singh	31/3/04
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Maroochy Research Station	Nambour, QLD	Ananas	Field, plots, pots, shadehouse, temperature controlled glasshouse and tissue culture lab	G. Sanewski	31/3/04
Abulk Pty Ltd	Clarendon, NSW	Dianella	Normal nursery facilities with access to micro propagation.	I Paananen	31/3/04
Proteaflora Nursery Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Plectranthus	Fogged propagation house, greenhouses and irrigated outdoor facilities	Paul Armitage	30/6/04
Berrimah Agricultural Research Centre	Darwin	Zingiber	Irrigated shadehouse, outdoor facilities, cool storage, high level post entry quarantine facility, tissue culture lab, pathology and entomology diagnostic services	D Marcsik	30/9/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Impatiens, Verbena	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols	30/9/04
Floreta Pty Ltd	Redland Bay QLD	Bracteantha	Purpose built, secure greenhouse, access to fog house, registered quarantine facility on site.	K Bunker	31/12/04
Boulevarde Nurseries Mildura Pty Ltd	Irymple VIC	Zantedeschia Page 435 of	Glasshouse, shade house, propagation facilities, field areas, irrigation, cool rooms, tissue culture lab, hydroponics,	K Mullins	31/12/04

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			quarantine facilities		
Buchanan's Nursery	Hodgsonvale, QLD	Prunus	Outdoor facilities including a collection of 90 varieties of common knowledge.	P Buchanan	31/12/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Calibrachoa, Osteospermum	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols	30/9/05
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Southedge Research Centre	Mareeba, QLD	Mangifera	Glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory complex including biotech, propagation, outdoor facilities	I Bally	30/09/05
Blueberry Farms of Australia	Corindi Beach NSW and optional sites Tumbarumba NSW and Tasmania	Vaccinium	Extensive irrigated growing beds. Birds, hail and frost protection. Post harvest facilities including cool rooms. Access to tissue culture laboratories.	I Paananen	15/10/07
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Kalanchoe	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	D. Nichols	3/6/2008

The following applications are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Yates Botanical Pty Ltd	Somersby and Tuggerah, NSW	Rosa	Tissue culture lab, glasshouse, quarantine and nursery facilities	I Paananen
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen

Comments (both for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

The Registrar Plant Breeder's Rights Office IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606 Fax (02) 6283 7999

Closing date for comment: 30 September 2008.

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

- (a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;
 - (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
 - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;
- (ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

LIST OF CLASSES

Part I

Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1

LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

Part II

Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms Agaricus bisporus Agaricus bisporus Agaricus blazei Agrocybe cylindracea Auricularia auricura Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc. Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer Flammulina velutipes Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten Grifola frondosa Hericium erinaceum Hypsizigus marmoreus Hypsizigus ulmarius Lentinula edodes Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer Lyophyllum decastes Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus Naematoloma sublateritium Panellus serotinus Pholiota adiposa Pholiota nameko Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus Pleurotus cystidiosus Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus Pleurotus eryngii Pleurotus pulmonarius Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_MAR HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS_ABA PLEUR_ERY PLEUR_OST PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG

^{*} Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories*

South Australia

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

New South Wales

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

^{*} In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/



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