

Plant Varieties Journal - Optimised for Screen Viewing



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Part 1 (General Information)

Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights Scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, important changes, official notices etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 21 Issue 4) are listed below:

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Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr_ivds/) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

In the beginning of April 2005, all QPs have officially been notified of this new system giving them access to IVDS with their individual user name and password. The main purpose of the system is to harmonise variety descriptions at both national and international level and make the PBR application process as smooth and efficient as possible.

The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The IVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. Finally, it allows QPs to lodge the completed variety descriptions on-line. There is a minimum typing involved in the process.

The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

Objections and revocations

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

Objections to Applications

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate reasons why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

- · a Grant
- · a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- · a grant of PBR; or
- · a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse affect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

Report on Breeding Issues

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>final report</u> of the expert panel is available now.

Use of Overseas Data

Overseas Testing/Data

The PBR Act allows DUS data produced in other countries (overseas data) be used in lieu of conducting a comparative trial in Australia provided certain conditions are met; relating to the filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally. Briefly the overseas data could be considered where:

- The first PBR application relating to the candidate variety has been lodged overseas, and
- the variety has previously been test grown in a UPOV member country using official UPOV test guidelines and test procedures, (i.e. equivalent to a comparative trial in Australia) and
- either, all the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial, or
- the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all the Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted, and
- sufficient data and descriptive information is available to publish a description of the variety in an accepted format in Plant Varieties Journal; and to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

Taxa that must be trailled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

Solanum tuberosum Potato

The Qualified Person, in consultation with the agent/applicant, and perhaps other specialists and taxonomists, will need to evaluate the overseas data, test report and photographs to see if the application does fulfil all PBR Office requirements, and then advise the agent/applicant:

- either, to submit Part 2 incorporating a description for publication, any additional data and photographs and to pay the examination fee;
- or, to conduct a DUS trial in Australia, recommending to the applicant/agent which additional varieties of common knowledge to include;

• or, submit Part 2 including additional data (information about similar varieties in Australia to show that they are clearly distinct from the candidate variety that a further DUS test growing including the similar varieties is not warranted and that the variety displays the distinctive characteristics when grown in Australia)

Please note that the PBR office does not obtain overseas DUS test reports on behalf of applicants. It is the sole responsibility of the applicants to obtain these reports directly from the relevant overseas testing authorities. Where applicants already have the report they are advised to submit a certified true copy of the report with the Part 1 application. Applicants, or those duly authorised, may certify the copy.

If you do not have the test report available at the time of Part-1 application then you are advised to submit the Part-1 application without the test report. However, you should make arrangements to procure the DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority. When the report becomes available, a certified copy should be supplied to the QP and the PBR office.

When the trial is based on an UPOV technical guideline and test report in an official UPOV language (English, German or French), it can be lodged in support of the application. In other cases the test reports must be in English.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

If a description is based on an overseas test report, Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the DUS test is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas data rests with the PBR office.

PBR Infringement

Grantees should be aware of recent revisions to infringement provisions of the <u>Plant</u> <u>Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (see section 54) and related provisions of the Federal Court Rules (see order 58 rule 27) both of which can be found at the <u>ComLaw site</u>

On-line Database for PBR Varieties

The PBR Office has a comprehensive service for Internet users ~ a searchable database for all Australian PBR varieties, both past and present. The database features a detailed description and image for every variety granted full rights and basic information for other PBR varieties. Searches by genus, species, common name, variety name and titleholder are some of its many advantages. Varieties for which an application has been lodged but not yet accepted in the PBR scheme are not included in this database. Please browse the Plant Breeder's Rights on-line database and provide your feedback.

Cumulative Index to Plant Varieties Journal

The cumulative index to the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> has been updated to include variety information from all hardcopy versions up to volume 16 issue 3. After that issue the Plant Varieties Journal is only published in the electronic format and there is no need for a cumulative index, as the variety information can be easily searched in the PBR <u>online database</u> and also by downloading the <u>Plant Varieties Journal</u> electronically.

The final updated version of the cumulative index is available in PBR website. This document has information up to Plant Varieties Journal volume 16 issue 3. The PBR office recommends use its PBR online database to get most updated information on variety registration. The online database is updated on a weekly basis.

Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

Applications are accepted from the original breeder of a new variety (from their employer if the breeder is an employee) or from a person who has acquired ownership from the original breeder. Overseas breeders need to appoint an agent to represent their interests in Australia. Interested parties should contact the PBR office and an accredited Qualified Person experienced in the plant species in question.

Steps in Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

- Obtain from the breeder a signed Authorisation to act as their agent in Australia for the variety in question if your role is as the Australian agent of an overseas breeder;
- Complete Part 1 of the application form, supplying a photograph of the new variety, paying the application fee, nominating an accredited 'Qualified Person' and, if the variety is an Australian species, despatch as soon as possible a herbarium specimen;
- Engage the services of the nominated accredited 'Qualified Person' to plan and supervise the <u>comparative growing trial</u>;
- Conduct a comparative growing trial to demonstrate Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability (<u>DUS</u>), complete <u>Part 2</u> of the application form and paying the <u>examination fee</u>;
- Deposit propagating material in a Genetic Resources Centre.
- Examination of the application by the PBR Office, which may include a field examination of the comparative growing trial; and including
- Publication of a description and photograph comparing the new variety with similar varieties in Plant Varieties Journal, followed by a six-month period for objection or comment.
- Upon successful completion of all the requirements, resolution of objections (if any) and payment of <u>certificate fee</u>, the applicant(s) receive a Certificate of Plant Breeder's Rights.

Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

UPOV Developments

The UPOV Convention provides the international legal framework for the granting of plant breeders' rights which are a key element in encouraging breeders to pursue and enhance their search for improved varieties with benefits such as higher yield and quality and better resistance to pests and diseases. Plant breeders' rights thereby help to enhance sustainable agriculture, productivity, income, international trade and economic development in general.

The members of UPOV are (as of January 15, 2009):

Albania, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, European Community, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Tunisia, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Vietnam. (Total 67).

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at http://www.upov.int

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at

http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

European Developments

Community plant variety rights within the European Union are administered by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO) in Angers, France. With more than 2,600 applications per year, the CPVO receives the highest number of requests for variety protection among the members of UPOV. The CPVO provides for one application, one examination and one title of protection that is valid and enforceable in all 25 members of the European Union.

The potential applicants for Plant Variety Rights within European Union are requested to consult <u>Notes for Applicants</u> published by the Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO). This note aims to answer legal, administrative and financial questions that one may have when requesting Community plant variety rights. Further information is available from CPVO website.

Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the <u>Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

Instructions to Qualified Persons

Instruction to Qualified Persons: Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) for Preparing Detailed Description for Plant Varieties Journal

For preparing the detailed description, the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) has released the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS) in the Internet (https://pbr-ivds.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/pbr_ivds/) for the Qualified Persons (QPs).

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The IVDS allows QPs to fill in descriptions on-line by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporated all of the approved UPOV test guidelines (and some national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) into interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. QPs can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if they are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

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The PBRO anticipates that the QPs had the opportunity to familiarise themselves with IVDS during the testing and demonstration phase (August – Dec 2004) and could operate the system comfortably. There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of IVDS, which will assist the QPs to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBRO is ready to help QPs, if they encounter any problem. Please send an e-mail to pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

The detailed descriptions are accepted only in the IVDS format.

Also, please note that the after finalising the description through IVDS, the QPs will still need to submit the signed hardcopies of the Part 2 documentations in order to complete the application process. Please contact the PBRO (pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au) for further information.

Official Notice

Declaration of the days in 2008-2009 when the Designs Office, the Patent Office, the PBR Office and the Trade Marks Office and their sub-offices are taken not to be open for business

The close-down provisions in the designs, olympic insignia protection, patents, plant breeder's rights and trade marks legislation provide for the effect of Designs Office, the Patent Office, the PBR Office and the Trade Marks Office ('the Canberra offices') or any of their sub-offices in the State capitals ('State offices') not being open for business.

On 14 October 2008, the Director General of IP Australia declared under the close-down provisions the days when the Canberra offices and the State offices will not be open for business for the 2008-2009 Calendar year. A copy of the declaration is attached. You will note that it covers the period from 14 October 2008 to 1 January 2010.

The Canberra offices and the State offices will not be open for business on the following days in the period 14 October 2008 to 1 January 2010.

All the Canberra offices and the State offices:

All Saturdays and Sundays in the period

Thursday, 25 December 2008

to Thursday, 1 January 2009 Christmas to New Year close-down;

Monday 26 January 2009 Australia Day Friday, 10 April 2009 Good Friday

Monday, 13 April 2009 Easter Monday;

Friday, 25 December 2009

to Friday 1 January 2010 Christmas to New Year close-down.

The following are the days in 2008-2009 when the Canberra offices and particular States offices will not be open for business:

The Canberra offices

Tuesday, 4 November 2008 Family and Community Day;

Monday 9 March 2009 Canberra Day Monday, 27 April 2009 Anzac Day;

Monday 8 June 2009 Queen's Birthday holiday

Monday 5 October 2009 Labour Day

Tuesday, 3 November 2009 Family and Community Day; and

The New South Wales office

Dates not yet proclaimed in NSW

The Queensland office

Monday 4 May 2009 Labour Day

Monday 8 June 2009 Queen's Birthday holiday
Wednesday 12 August 2009 Royal Queensland Show Day

The South Australian office

Monday 9 March 2009 Adelaide Cup Day

Monday 8 June 2009 Queen's Birthday holiday

Monday 5 October 2009 Labour Day

The Tasmanian office

Thursday, 23 October 2008 Royal Hobart Show Day;

Monday 9 February 2009 Royal Hobart Regatta holiday

Monday 9 March 2009 Eight Hours Day

Monday 8 June 2009 Queen's Birthday holiday
Thursday 22 October 2009 Royal Hobart Show Day

The Victorian office

Tuesday 4 November 2008 Melbourne Cup Day

Monday 9 March 2009 Labour Day

Monday 8 June 2009 Queen's Birthday holiday

Tuesday 3 November 2009 Melbourne Cup Day

The Western Australian office

Monday 2 March 2009 Labour Day
Monday 27 April 2009 Anzac Day

Monday 1 June 2009 Foundation Day

Monday 28 September 2009 Queen's Birthday holiday

For more information on the effect of the close-down provisions, please see the Official Notices of 23 March 2007 titled *Intellectual Property Legislation Amendment Regulations 2007 (No. 1)* and *The new close-down provisions in the trade marks legislation* available on IP Australia's website through the page www.ipaustralia.gov.au/resources/officialnotices.shtml.

Contact: IP Australia **Phone:** 1300 651 010 **Fax:** +61 2 6283 7999

E-mail: assist@ipaustralia.gov.au Web: www.ipaustralia.gov.au



Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee

Expression of Interest

Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee

The Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC) is established under the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994* to provide technical and administrative advice to the Minister for Innovation, Industry, Science and Research and to the Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights. Members are appointed for three years and appropriate sitting fees are paid.

Expressions of interests are invited from interested persons with appropriate experience or qualifications in the following areas:

- breeders of new plant varieties
- users of new plant varieties
- consumers of new plant varieties or the products of new plant varieties
- conservationists
- others with appropriate qualifications or experience.

Details of the Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee can be found at http://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr/committee.shtml

Closing date: 1 May 2009

All enquiries regarding these positions should be directed to Ms Karen Tipler (02) 6283 2190.



Part 2 Public Notices (Acceptances, Descriptions, Grants, and Variations etc)

This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants and Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 21 Issue 4) are listed below:

- Home
- Acceptances
- Variety Descriptions
- Grants
- Denomination/Synonym Changed
- Assignment of Rights
- Change of Agent
- Change of Applicant's Name
- Applications Withdrawn
- Applications Rejected
- Grants Surrendered
- Grants Expired
- Corrigenda

ACCEPTANCES

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance:

Aloe hybrid

ALOE

'LEO 1730' syn Southern Cross

Application No: 2008/353 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: **Leo Peter Erik Thamm**. Agent: **Michael Dent**, Taringa, QLD.

'LEO 3676B' syn Copper Shower

Application No: 2008/351 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: **Leo Peter Erik Thamm**. Agent: **Michael Dent**, Taringa, QLD.

'LEO 4120' syn Topaz

Application No: 2008/355 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: **Leo Peter Erik Thamm**. Agent: **Michael Dent**, Taringa, QLD.

'LEO 4325' syn Diana

Application No: 2008/352 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: **Leo Peter Erik Thamm**. Agent: **Michael Dent**, Taringa, QLD.

'LEO 8547' syn Gemini

Application No: 2008/354 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: **Leo Peter Erik Thamm**. Agent: **Michael Dent**, Taringa, QLD.

Anigozanthos hybrid

KANGAROO PAW

'Ramboball' syn Bush Ballad

Application No: 2008/120 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Rambodiam' syn Bush Diamond

Application No: 2008/118 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Rambofury' syn Bush Fury

Application No: 2008/117 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Arctotis hybrid

AFRICAN DAISY

'Arcdawn' syn Safari Dawn

Application No: 2008/219 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Arcmist' syn Safari Mist

Application No: 2008/218 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Arcsunset' syn Safari Sunset

Application No: 2008/220 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Avena sativa

OATS

'SV96025-7'

Application No: 2008/241 Accepted: 21 October, 2008

Applicant: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries & Rural Industries and Research

Development Corporation, Adelaide, SA.

'SV96098-24'

Application No: 2008/243 Accepted: 21 October, 2008

Applicant: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries & Rural Industries and Research

Development Corporation, Adelaide, SA.

'SV97181-12'

Application No: 2008/242 Accepted: 21 October, 2008

Applicant: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries and Grains Research and Development

Corporation, Adelaide, SA.

Brachyscome hybrid

BRACHYSCOME

'Rambobree' syn Pacific Breeze

Application No: 2008/124 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Chrysanthemum xmorifolium

CHRYSANTHEMUM

'MONA LISA CREAM'

Application No: 2008/361 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: Dekker Breeding B.V..

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

'MONA LISA SPLENDID'

Application No: 2008/360 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: Dekker Breeding B.V..

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

'MONA LISA SUNNY'

Application No: 2008/358 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: Dekker Breeding B.V..

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

'MONA LISA YELLOW'

Application No: 2008/359 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: Dekker Breeding B.V..

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

Cordyline australis

CORDYLINE, CABBAGE TREE

'LND02'

Application No: 2008/307 Accepted: 17 November, 2008 Applicant: **Grey Willow Pty Ltd**, Landsdale, WA.

'LND03'

Application No: 2008/305 Accepted: 17 November, 2008 Applicant: **Grey Willow Pty Ltd**, Landsdale, WA.

Cordyline australis X Cordyline banksii

CORDYLINE, CABBAGE TREE, DRACAENA

'LEL C01' syn Coral

Application No: 2007/330 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Lyder Enterprises Limited.

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

LEL C02'

Application No: 2007/331 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Lyder Enterprises Limited.

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

LEL C03'

Application No: 2007/332 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Lyder Enterprises Limited.

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

'LEL C04' syn Southern Splendour

Application No: 2007/333 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Lyder Enterprises Limited.

Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Kincumber, NSW.

Cucumis melo

ROCK MELON

'ATITLAN' syn GLOBE TROTTER

Application No: 2008/204 Accepted: 20 November, 2008

Applicant: Seminis Vegetable Seeds Inc.

Agent: Monsanto Australia Limited, Ivanhoe, VIC.

Dahlia variabilis

DAHLIA

'Scarlet Fern' syn Mysticmars

Application No: 2007/037 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Dr Keith Hammett.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Zone Ten' syn Mystic Star

Application No: 2007/038 Accepted: 16 December, 2008

Applicant: Dr Keith Hammett.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Dampiera teres

TERETE-LEAVED DAMPIERA

'Little Girl Pink'

Application No: 2008/309 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **George A Lullfitz**, Wanneroo, WA.

Dianella caerulea

BLUE FLAX-LILY

'Goddess'

Application No: 2008/068 Accepted: 2 December, 2008

Applicant: F D & O B Hockings.

Agent: Austraflora Pty Ltd, Yarra Glen, VIC.

'Proquest D1'

Application No: 2008/297 Accepted: 20 November, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Erina, NSW.

Dianella revoluta

SPREADING FLAX-LILY, BLUEBERRY LILY, BLACK-ANTHER FLAX-LILY, BLUE FLAX LILY

'LHC1'

Application No: 2008/221 Accepted: 7 October, 2008

Applicant: Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Eremophila Nivea

EMU BUSH

'BLUE VELVET'

Application No: 2008/285 Accepted: 14 October, 2008 Applicant: **Humphris Nursery**, Mooroolbark, VIC.

Eremophila nivea Xdensifolia ssp pubiflora

EMU BUSH

'BERYLS BLUE'

Application No: 2008/262 Accepted: 14 October, 2008 Applicant: **Humphris Nursery**, Mooroolbark, VIC.

Fragaria ananassa

STRAWBERRY

'DrisStrawThree'

Application No: 2008/281 Accepted: 3 October, 2008 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc**.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'DrisStrawTwo'

Application No: 2008/280 Accepted: 3 October, 2008 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc**.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'DrisStrawFive'

Application No: 2008/317 Accepted: 3 December, 2008 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'DrisStrawOne'

Application No: 2008/279 Accepted: 3 October, 2008 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc**.

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Monterey'

Application No: 2008/270 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **Regents of the University of California**.

Agent: Leslie W Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC.

"San Andreas"

Application No: 2008/271 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **Regents of the University of California**.

Agent: Leslie W Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC.

'VALOR'

Application No: 2008/300 Accepted: 2 December, 2008 Applicant: **Plant Sciences, INC, Berry R & D, INC.**.

Agent: Watermark Patent and Trademark Attorneys, Hawthorn, VIC.

Grevillea alpina x Grevillea rosamarinifolia

GREVILLEA

'Fire Cracker'

Application No: 2008/261 Accepted: 8 October, 2008

Applicant: Michael Wood.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Grevillea pteridifolia x Grevillea banksii

GREVILLEA

'BUSH LEMONS'

Application No: 2008/284 Accepted: 14 October, 2008 Applicant: **Humphris Nursery Pty Ltd**, Mooroolbark, VIC.

Hardenbergia violacea

FALSE SARSPARILLA, PURPLE CORAL PEA, WARABURRA

'HB1'

Application No: 2008/301 Accepted: 17 November, 2008

Applicant: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis

CHINESE HIBISCUS

'Baja Breeze'

Application No: 2008/342 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Yoder Brothers, Inc..

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

'Chiffon Breeze'

Application No: 2008/332 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Yoder Brothers, Inc..

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

'Montego Wind'

Application No: 2008/331 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Yoder Brothers, Inc..

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

'Reggae Breeze'

Application No: 2008/333 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Yoder Brothers, Inc..

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

'Tye-Dye Wind'

Application No: 2008/343 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Yoder Brothers, Inc..

Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Hordeum vulgare

BARLEY

'Hannan'

Application No: 2007/216 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Grains Research and Development

Corporation, Bentley Dc, WA.

'Lockyer'

Application No: 2007/217 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Grains Research and Development

Corporation, Bentley Dc, WA.

'Macquarie'

Application No: 2008/322 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: University of Tasmania, Grains Research and Development Corporation, Kings Meadows,

TAS.

'Shepherd'

Application No: 2008/265 Accepted: 17 November, 2008

Applicant: The University of Western Australia, Grains Research & Development Corporation.

Agent: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries, Brisbane,

QLD.

Impatiens hawkeri

NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS

'Balcebink'

Application No: 2008/192 Accepted: 20 November, 2008

Applicant: Ball Horticultural Company.

Agent: Ball Australia Pty. Ltd., Keysborough, VIC.

Impatiens hybrid

NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS

'Nidance' syn Jungle Dance

Application No: 2008/237 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nidrums' syn Jungle Drums

Application No: 2008/240 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nifever' syn Jungle Fever

Application No: 2008/238 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nigirl' syn Jungle Girl

Application No: 2008/239 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nijive' syn Jungle Jive

Application No: 2008/233 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nijuice' syn Jungle Juice

Application No: 2008/234 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nimagic' syn Jungle Magic

Application No: 2008/235 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Nimist' syn Jungle Mist

Application No: 2008/236 Accepted: 20 October, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Australia Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'CAVERNET'

Application No: 2008/268 Accepted: 13 October, 2008 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV**. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

Lavandula angustifolia

ENGLISH LAVENDER

'Riverina Heather'

Application No: 2008/273 Accepted: 8 October, 2008 Applicant: **Charles Sturt University**, Wagga Wagga, NSW.

Lavandula x intermedia

LAVANDIN

'Riverina Alan'

Application No: 2008/274 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **Charles Sturt University**, Wagga Wagga, NSW.

'Riverina Thomas'

Application No: 2008/275 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **Charles Sturt University**, Wagga Wagga, NSW.

Liriope muscari

LILYTURF

'LIRBLONDE'

Application No: 2008/310 Accepted: 17 November, 2008 Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Richmond, NSW.

Lolium perenne

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

'AberMagic'

Application No: 2008/283 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Germinal Seeds NZ Ltd..

Agent: Agrisearch Services Pty Ltd., Shepparton, VIC.

Lomandra confertifolia

MATT RUSH

'LND01'

Application No: 2008/306 Accepted: 17 November, 2008 Applicant: **Grey Willow Pty Ltd**, Landsdale, WA.

Lomandra fluviatilis

RIVER LOMANDRA

'ABU7'

Application No: 2008/308 Accepted: 19 November, 2008

Applicant: Jon Williams.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW.

Malus domestica

APPLE

'CIVG198'

Application No: 2008/205 Accepted: 20 November, 2008

Applicant: C.I.V. Consorzio Italiano Vivaisti. Agent: Davies Collison Cave, Sydney, NSW.

Metrosideros collina

CHRISTMAS BUSH

'Crimson Glory'

Application No: 2008/324 Accepted: 17 November, 2008

Applicant: Terry Keogh.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, Qld.

'Red Baby'

Application No: 2008/323 Accepted: 17 November, 2008

Applicant: Terry Keogh.

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, Qld.

Myoporum parvifolium

CREEPING BOOBIALLA, CREEPING MYOPORUM

'PARV01'

Application No: 2008/356 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Clarendon, NSW.

Neotyphodium coenophialum

ENDOPHYTE

'AR584'

Application No: 2008/247 Accepted: 21 November, 2008

Applicant: **Grasslanz Technology Limited**. Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Brisbane, QLD.

Persea americana

AVOCADO

'Maluma Hass'

Application No: 2008/258 Accepted: 21 October, 2008

Applicant: A H Ernst & Seuns (Pty) Ltd t/a Allesbeste Nursery.

Agent: Australian Nurserymen's Fruit Improvement Company Ltd (ANFIC), Bathurst, NSW.

Phormium tenax

NEW ZEALAND FLAX

'Proquest PH1'

Application No: 2008/299 Accepted: 16 December, 2008

Applicant: Protected Plant Promotions Pty Ltd and Floraquest Pty Ltd.

Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Erina, NSW.

Prunus salicina

JAPANESE PLUM

'MJ 505.06'

Application No: 2008/348 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Bentley Dc, WA.

'MJ 508.09'

Application No: 2008/349 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Bentley Dc, WA.

'MJ 509.10'

Application No: 2008/350 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Bentley Dc, WA.

'ST 504.02'

Application No: 2008/347 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Western Australian Agriculture Authority, Bentley Dc, WA.

Rhodanthe anthemoides

PAPER DAISY

'Rhomoon' syn Paper Moon

Application No: 2008/216 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Rhotrail' syn Paper Trail

Application No: 2008/217 Accepted: 18 December, 2008

Applicant: NuFlora International Pty Ltd.

Agent: Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd, Tuggerah, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'Grandgoldelic'

Application No: 2008/335 Accepted: 3 December, 2008

Applicant: Mr H Schreuders.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Lexatseif'

Application No: 2008/336 Accepted: 3 December, 2008

Applicant: Levacy Ltd.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Lexhcaep'

Application No: 2008/337 Accepted: 3 December, 2008

Applicant: Levacy Ltd.

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Schadness' syn Madness!

Application No: 2008/229 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schaelic' syn St. Patrick!

Application No: 2008/226 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: **Piet Schreurs Holding B.V.**.

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schapjus' syn Orange Juice!

Application No: 2008/224 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schathena' syn Marathon!

Application No: 2008/228 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schiallo' syn Leonessa!

Application No: 2008/230 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schiflute'

Application No: 2008/227 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schowinti' syn Voodoo!

Application No: 2008/225 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schublove'

Application No: 2008/232 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

'Schunukka' syn Anouk!

Application No: 2008/231 Accepted: 2 October, 2008

Applicant: Piet Schreurs Holding B.V..

Agent: Schreurs Australia (Pty) Ltd, Round Corner, NSW.

Rubus idaeus

RASPBERRY

'DrisRaspOne'

Application No: 2008/320 Accepted: 3 December, 2008 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Pacifica'

Application No: 2008/338 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc..

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Collins Street West, VIC.

'Sevillana'

Application No: 2008/339 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc..

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Collins Street West, VIC.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'APOLLINE'

Application No: 2008/039 Accepted: 17 October, 2008

Applicant: **Germicopa SAS**. Agent: **Griffith Hack**, Perth, WA.

'CECILE' syn Salad Rose

Application No: 2008/080 Accepted: 3 December, 2008

Applicant: **HZPC Holland BV**. Agent: **Harvest Moon**, Forth, TAS.

'EUROPRIMA'

Application No: 2008/365 Accepted: 17 December, 2008 Applicant: **EUROPLANT Pflanzenzucht GmbH**. Agent: **Agtec Agriculture Pty Ltd**, Hillston, NSW.

'MOZART'

Application No: 2008/088 Accepted: 3 December, 2008

Applicant: **HZPC Holland BV**. Agent: **Harvest Moon**, Forth, TAS.

'VOYAGER'

Application No: 2008/081 Accepted: 3 December, 2008 Applicant: **HZPC Holland B.V., Y.P.v.d.Werff**.

Agent: **Harvest Moon**, Forth, TAS.

Sutera grandiflora

BACOPA

'Balabolay'

Application No: 2008/190 Accepted: 20 November, 2008

Applicant: Ball Horticultural Company.

Agent: Ball Australia Pty. Ltd., Keysborough, VIC.

'Balabowite'

Application No: 2008/193 Accepted: 20 November, 2008

Applicant: Ball Horticultural Company.

Agent: Ball Australia Pty. Ltd., Keysborough, VIC.

Trifolium tumens

TALISH CLOVER

'Permatas'

Application No: 2008/287 Accepted: 15 December, 2008

Applicant: The Crown in Right of the State of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment, University of Tasmania, Kings Meadows, TAS.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

'Gascoigne'

Application No: 2008/325 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd**, Black Mountain, ACT.

'Gruner'

Application No: 2008/327 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd**, Black Mountain, ACT.

'McCubbin'

Application No: 2008/328 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd**, Black Mountain, ACT.

'Preston'

Application No: 2008/326 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd**, Black Mountain, ACT.

'WAWHT2773'

Application No: 2007/290 Accepted: 20 October, 2008 Applicant: **InterGrain Pty Ltd**, Victoria Park, WA.

'WAWHT2784'

Application No: 2007/289 Accepted: 20 October, 2008 Applicant: **InterGrain Pty Ltd**, Victoria Park, WA.

Vaccinium corymbosum

BLUEBERRY

'DrisBlueTwo'

Application No: 2008/321 Accepted: 3 December, 2008 Applicant: **Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.**

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC.

'Ochlockonee'

Application No: 2008/288 Accepted: 15 December, 2008 Applicant: **University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.**

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Corindi Beach, NSW.

Verbena Xhybrida

GARDEN VERBENA

'Cobbitty Pink'

Application No: 2008/036 Accepted: 8 October, 2008 Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd**, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Cobbitty Purple'

Application No: 2008/034 Accepted: 8 October, 2008 Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd**, Tuggerah, NSW.

'Cobbitty Red'

Application No: 2008/035 Accepted: 8 October, 2008 Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd**, Tuggerah, NSW.

Vitis vinifera

GRAPE

'Blanc Seedless'

Application No: 2008/185 Accepted: 17 December, 2008

Applicant: Luribay Business, Inc.

Agent: Watermark Patent and Trade Mark Attorneys, Hawthorn, Melbourne, VIC.

Variety Descriptions

Common (Genus Species)	Variety	Title Holder
Bush Lemons (Abelia x grandiflora)	Kaleidoscope	Panoramic Farms
Arguta (Actinidia arguta)	Hortgem Tahi	The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited
Arguta (Actinidia arguta)	Hortgem Toru	The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited
Arguta (Actinidia arguta)	Hortgem Wha	The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited
Arguta (Actinidia arguta)	Hortgem Rua	The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited
Button Mushroom (Agaricus bisporus)	J9277	Sylvan America
Oats (Avena sativa)	Mammoth	New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited
Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)	Sunbelore	Suntory Flowers Limited
Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)	Sunbelfire	Suntory Flowers Limited

I		
Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)	Sunbelflam	Suntory Flowers Limited
Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)	Sunbel-labu	Suntory Flowers Limited
Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)	Sunbelsafu	Suntory Flowers Limited
Canna (Canna hybrid)	MACtro	Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd
Canna (Canna hybrid)	Lon01	Lone Star International, S.A. de C.V.
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)	Calavos	Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)	Kepnock	Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)	FibreGem	Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd
Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)	BundyGem	Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd
Yellow Buttons (Chrysocephalum apiculatum)	FLOCHRDEF	Floreta Intellectual Property Pty Ltd as Trustee for the Chrysocephalum Trust
Mandarin hybrid (Citrus reticulata x (Citrus reticulata x Citrus sinensis))	Merbeingold 2350	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation

Mandarin hybrid (Citrus reticulata x (Citrus reticulata x Citrus sinensis))	Merbeingold 2336	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
Cordyline (Cordyline australis)	CARDINAL	Liner Plants NZ (1993) Limited
False Heather (Cuphea hyssopifolia)	Jocelyn's Pink	TC & JM Keogh
Blue Flax-Lily (Dianella caerulea)	Goddess	F D & O B Hockings
Flax Lily (Dianella prunina)	DPV308	Ozbreed Pty Ltd
Carnation (Dianthus caryophyllus)	Floriametrine	International Flower Developments Pty Ltd
Lord Howe Wedding Lily (Dietes robinsoniana)	RB1	John R Drinkwater
Spurge (Euphorbia hybrid)	Nothowlee	Notcutts Nurseries
Strawberry (Fragaria x ananassa)	DrisStrawTwo	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc
Fuchsia (Fuchsia hybrid)	Goetzpeg	Wolfram Goetz
Gaura (Gaura hybrid)	REDGAPI	E J Bunker
Grevillea (Grevillea alpina x rosmarinifolia)	Charlie's Angel	Austraflora Pty Ltd

Grevillea (Grevillea rosmarinifolia x alpina)	Entrée	Austraflora Pty Ltd
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Shepherd	The University of Western Australia, Grains Research & Development Corporation
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	youmethree	Ryoji Irie
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	RIE 02	Ryoji Irie
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	RIE 09	Ryoji Irie
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	RIE 01	Ryoji Irie
Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)	youmefour	Ryoji Irie
Persian Walnut (Juglans regia)	Robert Livermore	The Regents of the University of California
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	Nation	Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	KITARE	Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV
<u>Lettuce (Lactuca</u> <u>sativa)</u>	Renoir	Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV
<u>Lettuce (Lactuca</u> <u>sativa)</u>	MURAI	Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV
<u>Lettuce (Lactuca</u> <u>sativa)</u>	SARTRE	Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)	Cosmos	Nunhems B.V.
Hybrid Short- Lived Ryegrass (Lolium hybrid)	Safeguard	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries
Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	Aston	New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd
Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	LM299	New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd
Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	Maximus	Barenbrug USA
Matt Rush (Lomandra confertifolia subsp rubignosa)	Silver Grace	Michael Wood
River Lomandra (Lomandra fluviatilis)	ABU7	Jon Williams
White Cedar (Melia azedarach)	Elite	Metropolitan Tree Growers Pty Ltd
Noni (Morinda citrifolia)	Allright	Aurait Supreme Pty Ltd
Creeping Boobialla (Myoporum parvifolium)	PARV01	Ozbreed Pty Ltd
Fungal Endophyte (Neotyphodium Iolii)	AR37	Grasslanz Technology Limited
Photinia (Photinia glabra)	Ever Bright	RJ Cherry
Photinia (Photinia glabra)	Red Devil	RJ Cherry

Photinia (Photinia glabra)	PARSUB	The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd
Photinia (Photinia glabra)	PARSUR	The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd
White Spurce (Picea glauca)	DECEMBER	Dick Scholten
Pittosporum (Pittosporum tenuifolium)	GREEN SHEEN	Matthew Brooks
Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)	Rivergold	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries
Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)	Riverbrite	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries
Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)	River Ruby	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries
Peach (Prunus persica)	Burpeachthree	The Burchell Nursery, Inc.
Peach (Prunus persica)	Burpeachsix	The Burchell Nursery, Inc.
Peach (Prunus persica)	Burpeachtwo	The Burchell Nursery, Inc.
Peach (Prunus persica)	Burpeachfour	The Burchell Nursery, Inc.
Azalea (Rhododendron hybrid)	Minitastic	Redlands Nursery Pty Ltd
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Grandemufrap	Mr H Schreuders
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Lexativas	Levacy Ltd
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Lexidagam	Levacy Ltd
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Lexteews	Evalesco
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	PEJAMBLU	Peter Joseph James

Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Selmusic	TERRA NIGRA Holding B. V.
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Grandtinifa	Mr H Schreuders
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Grandhonemo	Mr H Schreuders
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	Grandshanla	Mr H Schreuders
Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)	Sevillana	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.
Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)	Pacifica	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.
Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)	DrisRaspOne	Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	Q237	BSES Limited
Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)	KQ236	BSES Limited and CSR Ltd
White Clover (Trifolium repens)	Quest	Grasslanz Technology Limited
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Gascoigne	HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	EGA Stampede	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, The University of Queensland, Grains Research and Development Corporation

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	EGA Bounty	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales and Grains Research and Development
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	ZEBU	Corporation Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Preston	HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Fang	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	Mace	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
Mung Bean (Vigna radiata)	Satin 2	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Grains Research and Development Corporation
Mung Bean (Vigna radiata)	Crystal	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries & Grains Research & Development Corporation
<u>Triticale</u> (xTriticosecale)	Endeavour	University of Sydney
<u>Triticale</u> (xTriticosecale)	Tobruk	University of Sydney

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)

Variety: 'Rivergold'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/030}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Feb-2005

Accepted: 19-Apr-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

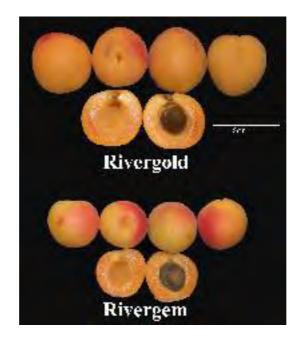
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039616 Fax: 0883039403

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)

Variety: 'Riverbrite'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/028}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Feb-2005

Accepted: 19-Apr-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

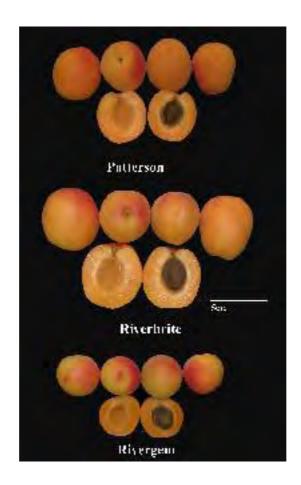
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039616 Fax: 0883039403

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)

'River Ruby' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/029}

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Feb-2005

Accepted: 19-Apr-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

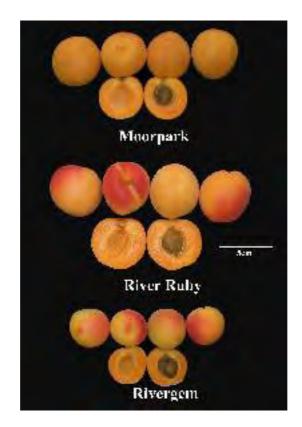
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039616 Fax: 0883039403

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Arguta (Actinidia arguta)

'Hortgem Tahi' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2002/059}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 13-Mar-2002 Accepted: 15-Jul-2002

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

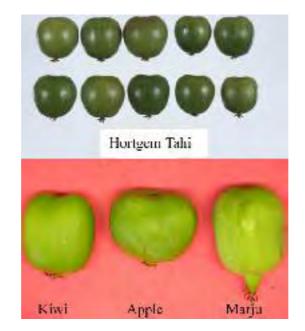
Title Holder: The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of

New Zealand Limited

Agent: A J Park

Telephone: 0262435151 Fax: 0262435153

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Arguta (Actinidia arguta)

'Hortgem Toru' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/024}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

07-Feb-2005

Accepted:

03-Mar-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

.Title Holder: The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of .

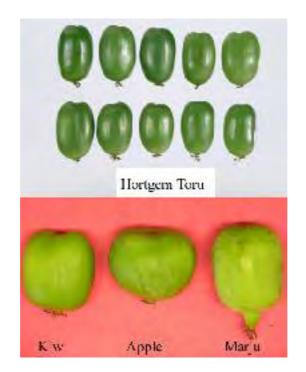
New Zealand Limited

Agent: A J Park

Telephone: 0262435151

Fax: 0262435153

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Arguta (Actinidia arguta)

'Hortgem Wha' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/025}

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 07-Feb-2005

Accepted: 03-Mar-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of

New Zealand Limited

Agent: A J Park

Telephone: 0262435151 Fax: 0262435153

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Arguta (Actinidia arguta)

'Hortgem Rua' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/023}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Feb-2005

Accepted: 22-Apr-2005

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

.Title Holder: The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of

New Zealand Limited

Agent: A J Park

Telephone: 0262435151

Fax: 0262435153

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Azalea (Rhododendron hybrid)

Variety: 'Minitastic'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/009}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Jan-2006

Accepted:

24-Mar-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

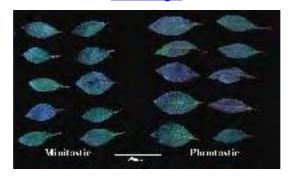
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Redlands Nursery Pty Ltd

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0732067676 Fax: 0732068922



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Barley (Hordeum vulgare)

Variety: 'Shepherd'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/265}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

08-Sep-2008

Received: Accepted:

17-Nov-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

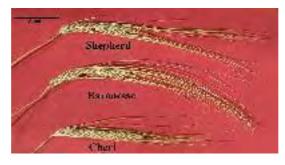
Title Holder: The University of Western Australia, Grains

Research & Development Corporation

State of Queensland through its Department of Agent:

Primary Industries & Fisheries

Telephone: 0746603664 Fax: 0746603600



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Blue Flax-Lily (Dianella caerulea)

'Goddess' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/068}

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

05-Mar-2008

Accepted:

02-Dec-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: F D & O B Hockings

'Agent: Austraflora Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0359652011 Fax: 0359652033

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Bush Lemons (Abelia x grandiflora)

Variety: 'Kaleidoscope'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/060}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

27-Feb-2008

Accepted:

26-Mar-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Panoramic Farms

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

0362692123 Telephone: Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Button Mushroom (Agaricus bisporus)

Variety: 'J9277' Synonym: Velocity

Application _{2006/021}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

10-Feb-2006

Accepted:

24-Mar-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sylvan America

Sylvan Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0245720555 Fax: 0245720055



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)

Variety: 'Sunbelore'

Synonym: Orange Chimes

Application _{2006/190}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

17-Jul-2006

Accepted:

11-Sep-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0247541422 Fax: 0247544260



Sunbelore

Sunbelfire

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)

'Sunbelfire' Variety:

Synonym: Crackling Chimes

Application 2007/066

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 06-Mar-2007 Accepted: 28-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0243826642 Fax: 0247544260

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)

Variety: 'Sunbelflam' Synonym: Pink Chimes

Application _{2007/067}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 06-Mar-2007 Accepted: 16-Mar-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0243826642 Fax: 0247544260

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)

Variety: 'Sunbel-labu'

Synonym: Lavender Chimes

Application 2006/191

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

17-Jul-2006

Received:

Accepted: 11-Sep-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

'Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0247541422 Fax: 0247544260



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa hybrid)

Variety: 'Sunbelsafu' Synonym: Blue Chimes

Application _{2007/068}

no:

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received:

06-Mar-2007

Accepted:

03-May-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

'Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited

Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited Agent:

Telephone: 0243826642 Fax: 0247544260



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Canna (Canna hybrid)

Variety: 'MACtro'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/134}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 17-May-2005

09-Jun-2005 Accepted:

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0397377921 Fax: 0397379899



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Canna (Canna hybrid)

Variety: 'Lon01'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/314

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

11-Dec-2006

Accepted:

22-Dec-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description

.published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Lone Star International, S.A. de C.V.

Agent: Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397379568 Fax: 0397379899



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Carnation (Dianthus caryophyllus)

Variety: 'Floriametrine'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/105}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Apr-2008

Accepted: 27-May-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

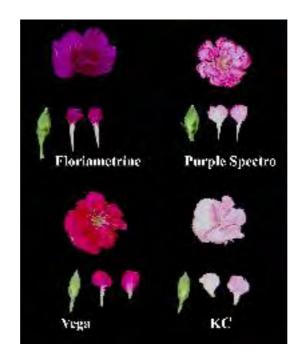
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: International Flower Developments Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0392433825 Fax: 0392433888

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Cordyline (Cordyline australis)

Variety: 'CARDINAL'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/316}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 06-Dec-2007 Accepted: 18-Mar-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

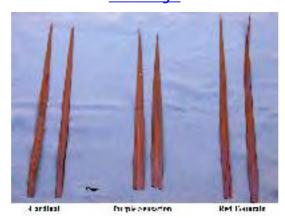
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Liner Plants NZ (1993) Limited

Agent: A J Park

Telephone: 6444983409 Fax: 6444723358



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Creeping Boobialla (Myoporum parvifolium)

Variety: 'PARV01'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2008/356

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

20-Nov-2008

Accepted:

15-Dec-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ozbreed Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0245772977 Fax: 0245877728



Wedlum White Form

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

False Heather (Cuphea hyssopifolia)

'Jocelyn's Pink' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/028}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 21-Feb-2006 Accepted: 24-Mar-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

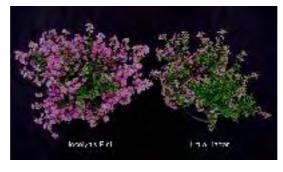
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: TC & JM Keogh

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Flax Lily (Dianella prunina)

Variety: 'DPV308'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/180}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 10-Jun-2008 Accepted: 06-Aug-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

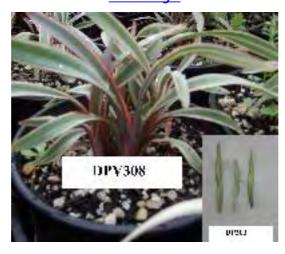
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ozbreed Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0245772977 Fax: 0245877728



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Fuchsia (Fuchsia hybrid)

Variety: 'Goetzpeg'

Synonym: Peggy

Application _{2006/328}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: Accepted: 18-Dec-2006

05-Mar-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Wolfram Goetz

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0732067676 Fax: 0732068922



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Fungal Endophyte (Neotyphodium Iolii)

Variety: 'AR37' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/004

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Jan-2006 Accepted: 24-Mar-2006

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Grasslanz Technology Limited

Agent: **Griffith Hack** Telephone: 0732217200 Fax: 0732211245

View the detailed description of this

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Gaura (Gaura hybrid)

Variety: 'REDGAPI'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/320}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 13-Dec-2007 Accepted: 17-Jan-2008

Granted: N/A

Description

published in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: E J Bunker

Agent: Aussie Winners Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0732067676 Fax: 0732068922



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grevillea (Grevillea alpina x rosmarinifolia)

'Charlie's Angel' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/263}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

05-Sep-2008

Accepted:

23-Sep-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

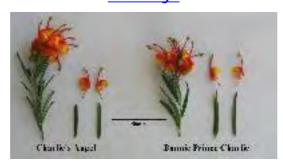
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Austraflora Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0359652011 Fax: 0359652033



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Grevillea (Grevillea rosmarinifolia x alpina)

Variety: 'Entrée'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/123}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

03-May-2007

Accepted:

04-Jun-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description

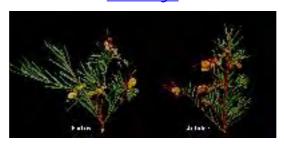
published in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Austraflora Pty Ltd

Agent: Bill Molyneux Telephone: 0359652011 Fax: 0359652033



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hybrid Short-Lived Ryegrass (Lolium hybrid)

'Safeguard' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application 2002/331

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 12-Nov-2002 Accepted: 06-Feb-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries

Valley Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0357976203 0357976307 Fax:

View the detailed description of this

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

'youmethree' Variety:

Synonym: Emotion

Application 2008/064

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

27-Feb-2008

Accepted:

20-May-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ryoji Irie

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

Variety: 'RIE 02' Synonym: Eternity

Application _{2008/063}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

27-Feb-2008

Accepted:

20-May-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ryoji Irie

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

Variety: 'RIE 09' Synonym: Romance

Application _{2008/062}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

27-Feb-2008

Accepted:

20-May-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ryoji Irie

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

Variety: 'RIE 01' Synonym: Forever

Application 2008/066

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

27-Feb-2008

Accepted:

26-May-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ryoji Irie

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Hydrangea (Hydrangea macrophylla)

'youmefour' Variety:

Synonym: Passion

Application _{2008/065}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

27-Feb-2008

Accepted:

05-Sep-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Ryoji Irie

Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)

Variety: 'Calavos'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/130}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

05-May-2008

Accepted:

29-Jul-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

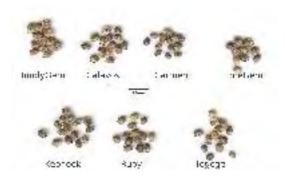
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0741522204 Fax: 0741556656



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)

'Kepnock' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/132}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

29-Jul-2008

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 05-May-2008 Accepted:

Granted: N/A

Description published

·in Plant

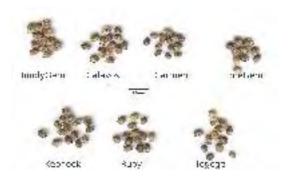
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0741522204 Fax: 0741556656



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)

Variety: 'FibreGem'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/131}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

05-May-2008

Accepted:

29-Jul-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

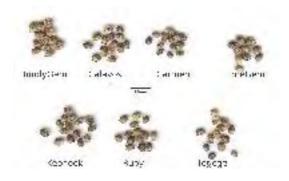
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0741522204 Fax: 0741556656



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Industrial Hemp (Cannabis sativa L.)

'BundyGem' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/129}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 05-May-2008 Accepted: 29-Jul-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

·in Plant

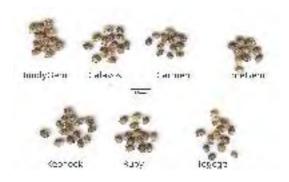
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0741522204 Fax: 0741556656



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)

Variety: 'Aston'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/026}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

04-Feb-2008

Accepted:

Received:

28-Apr-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd

Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260265288 Fax: 0260265268

View the detailed description of this

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)

Variety: 'LM299'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/057}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 25-Feb-2008

Accepted: 29-Jul-2008

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd

Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260265288 Fax: 0260265268

View the detailed description of this

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Italian Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)

Variety: 'Maximus'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/138}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

16-May-2007 Received: Accepted: 21-Jun-2007

N/A **Granted:**

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Barenbrug USA

Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0260265288 Fax: 0260265268

View the detailed description of this

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Nation'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/307}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

19-Sep-2005

Received: Accepted:

20-Dec-2005

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

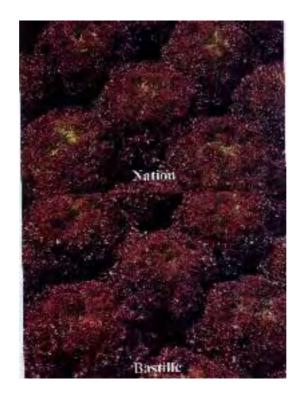
Varieties Journal:

·Title Holder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV

Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0353489003 Fax: 0353485530

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'KITARE'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/301}

no:

Current

status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 24-Nov-2006

Accepted: 22-Dec-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV

Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0353489003 Fax: 0353485530



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Renoir'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/268}

no:

Current

status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

03-Oct-2006

Accepted:

26-Oct-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV

Agent:

Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0353489003

Fax:

0353485530

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'MURAI'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2006/272}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

09-Oct-2006

Accepted:

10-Nov-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV

Agent:

Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0353489003

Fax:

0353485530

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'SARTRE'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/318}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 07-Dec-2007 Accepted: 14-Feb-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

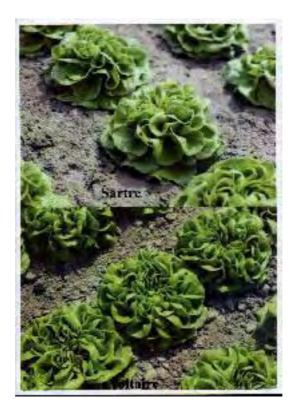
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV

Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0353489003 Fax: 0353485530

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lettuce (Lactuca sativa)

Variety: 'Cosmos'

Synonym: Nun 6027 LT

Application _{2008/244}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

31-Jul-2008

Received: Accepted:

Granted:

11-Sep-2008 N/A

Description

'published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Nunhems B.V.

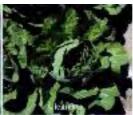
Agent: Shelston IP

Telephone: 0297771111

Fax: 0292414666

View the detailed description of this





Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Lord Howe Wedding Lily (Dietes robinsoniana)

Variety: 'RB1' Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/212}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

16-Jul-2008

Accepted:

28-Aug-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

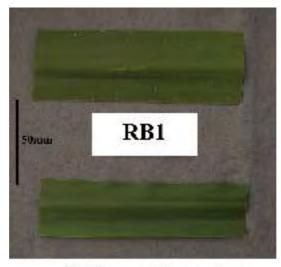
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: John R Drinkwater

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0294578272 Fax: 0294579235

View the detailed description of this



Dietes robinsoniana

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Mandarin hybrid (Citrus reticulata x (Citrus reticulata x Citrus sinensis))

Variety: 'Merbeingold 2350'

N/A Synonym:

Application 2006/278

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

16-Oct-2006

Accepted:

01-Dec-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195 Fax: 0262465062



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Mandarin hybrid (Citrus reticulata x (Citrus reticulata x Citrus sinensis))

Variety: 'Merbeingold 2336'

N/A Synonym:

Application 2006/279

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 16-Oct-2006

Accepted: 01-Dec-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

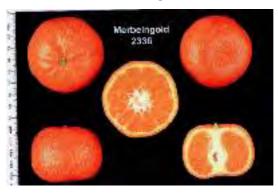
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial

Research Organisation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465195 Fax: 0262465062



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Matt Rush (Lomandra confertifolia subsp rubignosa)

Variety: 'Silver Grace'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/105}

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

no:

Received: 21-Mar-2007 Accepted: 09-May-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Michael Wood

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Mung Bean (Vigna radiata)

Variety: 'Satin 2'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/253}

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 20-Aug-2008 Accepted: 08-Sep-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries and Fisheries, Grains Research and Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 07 4992911 Fax: 0749923468



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Mung Bean (Vigna radiata)

Variety: 'Crystal'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/308}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

21-Nov-2007

Accepted:

10-Jan-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries and Fisheries & Grains

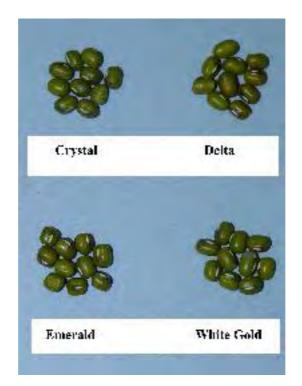
Research & Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0746603609

Fax: 0746603600

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Noni (Morinda citrifolia)

Variety: 'Allright'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2005/352}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no: Received:

19-Dec-2005

Accepted:

25-Jan-2006

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Aurait Supreme Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0740671393

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Oats (Avena sativa)

Variety: 'Mammoth'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/189}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

25-Jun-2008

Accepted:

29-Jul-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research

Limited

Agent: Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0260265288

Fax: 0260265268

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Burpeachthree' Variety:

Burpchthree Synonym:

Application _{2004/307}

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 15-Nov-2004 Accepted: 23-Dec-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Burchell Nursery, Inc.

Jempi Pty Ltd Agent: Telephone: 0395892346 Fax: 0395890818

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Burpeachsix' Variety:

Burpchsix Synonym:

Application _{2004/310}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Nov-2004

Accepted: 23-Dec-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Burchell Nursery, Inc.

.Agent: Jempi Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0395892346 Fax: 0395890818

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Burpeachtwo' Variety:

Burpchtwo Synonym:

Application _{2004/306}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Nov-2004

Accepted: 23-Dec-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

•Title Holder: The Burchell Nursery, Inc.

Jempi Pty Ltd Agent: Telephone: 0395892346 Fax: 0395890818

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Peach (Prunus persica)

'Burpeachfour' Variety:

Burpchtfour Synonym:

Application _{2004/308}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 15-Nov-2004 Accepted: 23-Dec-2004

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Burchell Nursery, Inc.

Jempi Pty Ltd Agent: Telephone: 0395892346 Fax: 0395890818

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Persian Walnut (Juglans regia)

Variety: 'Robert Livermore'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2001/100}

no:

Current status:

ACCEPTED

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

05-Apr-2001

Accepted:

02-May-2001

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

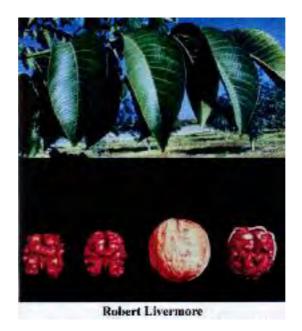
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Regents of the University of California

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: 0396141944 Fax: 0396141867

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Photinia (Photinia glabra)

'Ever Bright' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2002/129}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

20-May-2002

Accepted:

26-Jun-2002

Granted:

N/A

Description .published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: RJ Cherry

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0243761330 Fax: 0243761271



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Photinia (Photinia glabra)

Variety: 'Red Devil'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2002/128}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

20-May-2002

Accepted:

26-Jun-2002

Granted:

N/A

Description

.published in Plant

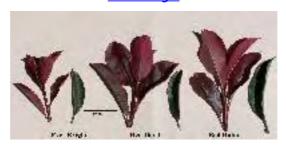
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: RJ Cherry

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0243761330 Fax: 0243761271



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Photinia (Photinia glabra)

Variety: 'PARSUB'

Synonym: SUPER BRONZE

Application _{2007/018}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

15-Jan-2007

Accepted:

16-Mar-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd

R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0243761330 Fax: 0243761271



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Photinia (Photinia glabra)

Variety: 'PARSUR'

Synonym: SUPER RED

Application _{2007/017}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

15-Jan-2007

Accepted:

16-Mar-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd

R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0243761330 Fax: 0243761271



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Pittosporum (Pittosporum tenuifolium)

Variety: 'GREEN SHEEN'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/196}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 02-Aug-2007 Accepted: 05-Sep-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Matthew Brooks

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0397520706

Fax: N/A



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)

Variety: 'Sevillana'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/339}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 12-Nov-2008

Accepted: 15-Dec-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

'Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: 0396222289 Fax: 0396141944



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)

Variety: 'Pacifica'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/338}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

12-Nov-2008

Accepted:

15-Dec-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc.

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick Agent:

Telephone: 0396222289 Fax: 0396141944



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Raspberry (Rubus idaeus)

Variety: 'DrisRaspOne'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/320}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 27-Oct-2008

Accepted: 03-Dec-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick

Telephone: 0396222289

Fax: (03) 9614 1867



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

River Lomandra (Lomandra fluviatilis)

Variety: 'ABU7'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/308}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

20-Oct-2008

Accepted:

19-Nov-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Jon Williams

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0245772977

Fax: 0245877728

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Grandemufrap'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/309}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

22-Nov-2007

Accepted:

12-Dec-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Mr H Schreuders

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 Fax: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Lexativas'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/213}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

17-Aug-2007

Accepted:

11-Sep-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

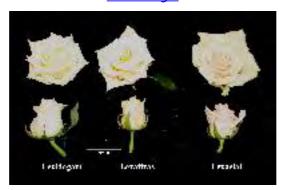
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Levacy Ltd

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 Fax: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Lexidagam'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/212}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

17-Aug-2007

Accepted:

11-Sep-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Levacy Ltd

Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone: 0397822777 Fax: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Lexteews'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/211}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

16-Aug-2007

Accepted:

11-Sep-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Evalesco

Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397822777 Fax: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'PEJAMBLU'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/185}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

19-Jul-2007

Accepted:

14-Aug-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

'Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Peter Joseph James

Australian Roses Agent:

Telephone: 0397379226 Fax: 0397379277



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Selmusic'

Synonym: N/A

Application 2007/187

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

19-Jul-2007

Accepted:

30-Jul-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

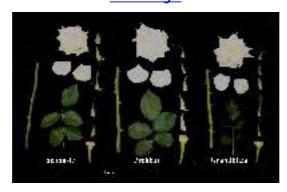
Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: TERRA NIGRA Holding B.V.

Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397822777 Fax: 0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Grandtinifa'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/312}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

22-Nov-2007

Accepted:

12-Dec-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Mr H Schreuders

Agent:

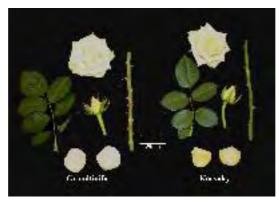
Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0397822777

Fax:

0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Grandhonemo'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/311}

no:

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received:

22-Nov-2007

Accepted:

12-Dec-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

'Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Mr H Schreuders

Agent:

Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0397822777

Fax:

0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'Grandshanla'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/310}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

22-Nov-2007

Accepted:

12-Dec-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Mr H Schreuders

Agent:

Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd

Telephone:

0397822777

Fax:

0397822576



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Spurge (Euphorbia hybrid)

Variety: 'Nothowlee' Synonym: Blackbird

Application _{2008/137}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

14-May-2008

Accepted:

17-Jun-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description

published in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

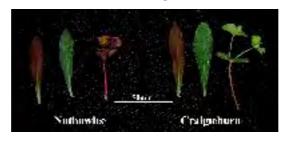
Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: Notcutts Nurseries

Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd. Agent:

Telephone: 0362692123 Fax: 0362692612



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Strawberry (Fragaria x ananassa)

Variety: 'DrisStrawTwo'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/280}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

17-Sep-2008 Received: Accepted: 03-Oct-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

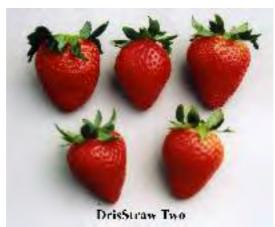
.Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc

Agent: Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick

Telephone: 0396222289

Fax: (03) 9614 1867



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'Q237' Synonym: N/A

Application 2008/196

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

26-Jun-2008

Accepted:

04-Sep-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

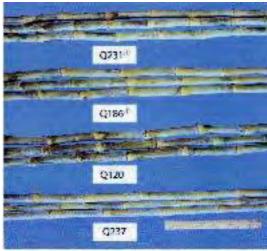
Varieties

'Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0749636805 Fax: 0738710383



153 of 576

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Sugarcane (Saccharum hybrid)

Variety: 'KQ236'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/195}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received:

26-Jun-2008

Accepted:

04-Sep-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

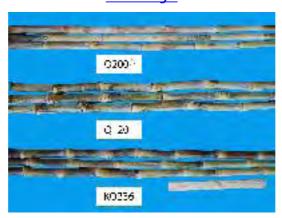
'Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: BSES Limited and CSR Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0749545100 Fax: 0749545167



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Triticale (xTriticosecale)

Variety: 'Endeavour'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/043}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 21-Feb-2008 Accepted: 11-Mar-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: University of Sydney

Agent: N/A

'Telephone: 0293518800

Fax: N/A

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Triticale (xTriticosecale)

Variety: 'Tobruk'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/044}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

21-Feb-2008

Received: Accepted:

11-Mar-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

·Journal:

Title Holder: University of Sydney

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0293518800

Fax: N/A

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Gascoigne'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/325}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 05-Nov-2008

Accepted: 15-Dec-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

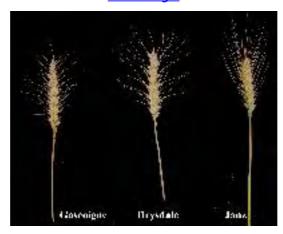
Volume 21, Issue 4

·Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465388 Fax: 62465399



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

'EGA Stampede' Variety:

Synonym: N/A

Application 2007/304

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

09-Nov-2007

Accepted:

21-Dec-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries & Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State

of New South Wales, The University of

Queensland, Grains Research and Development

Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0746398832 Fax: 0746398800

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'EGA Bounty'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/303}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received:

09-Nov-2007

Accepted:

21-Dec-2007

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

Journal:

Title Holder: State of Queensland through its Department of

Primary Industries & Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales and Grains Research and

Development Corporation

N/A Agent:

Telephone: 0746398832 Fax: 0746398800



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'ZEBU' Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/029}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

12-Feb-2008

Accepted:

Received:

20-Jun-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties

·Journal:

Title Holder: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883036861 Fax: 0883036865

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Preston'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/326}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no: Received:

05-Nov-2008

Accepted:

15-Dec-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0262465388

Fax: 62465399



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Fang' Synonym: N/A

Application 2008/199

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 30-Jun-2008

Accepted:

18-Aug-2008

Granted:

N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883036861 Fax: 0883036865

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

Variety: 'Mace' Synonym: N/A

Application _{2008/198}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 30-Jun-2008

Accepted: 20-Aug-2008

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883036861 Fax: 0883036865



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

White Cedar (Melia azedarach)

Variety: 'Elite' Synonym: N/A

Application 2006/105

no:

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

N/A

Received: 10-May-2006

Accepted: 05-Oct-2006

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Metropolitan Tree Growers Pty Ltd

'Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0394999913 Fax: 0394999916

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

White Clover (Trifolium repens)

Variety: 'Quest' Synonym: **GC95**

Application 2006/327

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status: Certificate

N/A

no:

Received: 18-Dec-2006 Accepted: 31-Jan-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

. Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Grasslanz Technology Limited

Seed Technology & Marketing Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0882349333 Fax: 0882215559



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

White Spurce (Picea glauca)

Variety: 'DECEMBER' Synonym: Xmas Star

Application _{2007/180}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 18-Jul-2007

Accepted: 27-Aug-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

Varieties .Journal:

Title Holder: Dick Scholten

Coolwyn Nurseries Pty Ltd Agent:

Telephone: 0397566668 Fax: 0397520266

View the detailed description of this



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details

Yellow Buttons (Chrysocephalum apiculatum)

Variety: 'FLOCHRDEF'

Synonym: N/A

Application _{2007/140}

no:

Current

ACCEPTED

status:

Certificate

no:

N/A

Received: 17-May-2007

Accepted: 17-Jun-2007

Granted: N/A

Description published

·in Plant

Volume 21, Issue 4

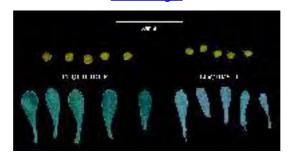
Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Floreta Intellectual Property Pty Ltd as Trustee

for the Chrysocephalum Trust

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0732067676 Fax: 0732068922



Details of Application

Application Number 2005/030 **Variety Name** 'Rivergold'

Genus Species Prunus armeniaca

Common Name Apricot **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 19 Apr 2005

Applicant Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries, Adelaide, SA

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Darren Graetz

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Loxton Research Centre, Loxton, SA (Longitude 140° 39.8

East, Latitude 34° 28.6 South).

Descriptor Apricot (*Prunus armeniaca*) TG/70/4.

Period Jun 2004 – ongoing.

Conditions Trees were grafted onto Myrobalan H29C rootstock in a field

nursery and grown to a year old whip. In Jun 2004 the trees were bare rooted and planted into the trial orchard at tree spacings of 2.5m within rows and 5m between rows and immediately headed at 1.1m. All trees were then trained to Free Standing V with a trunk height of 900mm to cater for a range of harvesting machines/catchers. Irrigation was supplied via under tree micro jet sprinklers at approximately 6ML/Ha annually. All agronomic inputs were as per commercial orchard practices with fertiliser, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design The comparative trial consists of randomised blocks of 8-9

trees of each variety within four, twenty five tree rows. Spacing between trees is 2.5m with 5m between rows. Each tree within a variety block will be treated as a replicate for the purposed of PBR examination. The varieties used in the trial are 'Riverbrite' (9 trees), 'River Ruby' (9 trees), 'Rivergold' (8 trees), 'Rivergem' (8 trees), 'Patterson' (8 trees) and

'Moorpark' (8 trees).

Measurements Flower, petal, tree, shoot, leaf and petiole observations were

made on five trees of each variety. Fruit measurements were made on seven fruit from each of five trees per variety. Measurements taken for each fruit were weight (g), lateral width (mm), ventral width (mm), height (mm), Total soluble solids (Brix) and stone weight (gm). Firmness was also measured as an average kilograms force of the each of the two fruit halves. The ratios of height/ventral width, lateral width/ventral width and weight of fruit/weight of stone were calculated from the data. Data was analysed by one-way analysis of variance and an all-pairwise LSD calculated at the 1% level to determine mean separation and determine

statistical differences.

RHS Chart - edition 1995

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: F₁ between seed parent 'Harcot' x pollen parent 'Rivergem' in a planned breeding program at Loxton, SA. The controlled pollination involved the emasculation of flowers prior to bloom and the addition of stored dried pollen. The resultant seed was collected in Dec 1996, nursery germinated in Jul 1997 and planted into high-density assessment blocks in Jul 1998. Fruit characteristics have been observed for 7 seasons since Dec 2002. The line has been propagated asexually by grafting/budding many times to appropriate rootstocks since that time. Fruit has been observed on grafted trees since Dec 2006. Fruit on grafted trees has not been discernibly different from that on the seedling parent tree, indicating the stability of the line. Seed parent is characterised by large early ripening firm fleshed fruit, free stone, deep apricot skin and flesh colour with medium total soluble solids (TSS) levels. Pollen parent is characterised by heavy cropping habit, early ripening, free stone, pale apricot skin colour, firm medium fruit size with medium to high total soluble solids (TSS) levels. Selection criteria: fruit size and firmness, medium to high soluble solids and suitability for drying. Propagation: clonally by grafting to suitable industry standard rootstocks. After each propagation the variety has been true to type and stable. Breeder-: D. Graetz and F. Gathercole, South Australian Research & Development Institute.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	time of beginning of flowering	medium
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	ground colour of skin	light orange
Fruit	colour of flesh	light orange

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Rivergem'	Recognised drying apricot variety that has firm flesh with light flesh colour and similar time of fruit ripening and flowering.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety I	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Harcot' F	Fruit time of	early	medium	Maternal parent not chosen
	beginning			for the DUS trial as it has a
	of fruit			high chill requirement and
	ripening			barely crops at the trial site.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rivergold'	'Rivergem'
Tree: vigour	medium	medium
Tree: habit	upright to spreading	drooping
Tree: degree of branching	medium	medium

*Tree: distribution of flower buds	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of apex	strong	medium
One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny side	red brown	red brown
One-year old shoot: size of bud support	small	medium
Leaf blade: length	medium	medium
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
Leaf blade: intensity of green colour of upper side	light	light
Leaf blade: shape of base	truncate	obtuse
Leaf blade: angle of apex (excluding tip)	right-angled	moderately obtuse
Leaf blade: length of tip	medium	medium
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	bicrenate	bicrenate
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	weak	weak
Leaf blade: profile in cross section	moderately concave	moderately concave
*Petiole: length	medium	medium
Leaf: ratio length of blade/length of petiole	small	small
Petiole: thickness	medium	medium
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of upper side	medium	medium
*Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	more than three	two or three
Petiole: size of nectaries	medium	medium
*Flower: diameter	medium	medium
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above
Petal: shape (excluding claw)	circular	circular
Petal: colour on lower side	light pink	light pink
*Fruit: size	large	medium
Fruit: shape in lateral view	circular	circular
Fruit: shape in ventral view	oblong	oblong
Fruit: height	medium	medium
Fruit: lateral width	broad	broad
Fruit: ventral width	medium	medium
Fruit: ratio height/ventral width	medium	medium
Fruit: ratio lateral width/ventral width	large	large

		slightly
Fruit: symmetry in ventral view	symmetric	asymmetric
*Fruit: suture	slightly sunken	slightly sunken
*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	shallow
*Fruit: shape of apex	truncate	truncate
Fruit: presence of mucron	absent	absent
Fruit: surface	smooth	smooth
Fruit: pubescence	present	present
*Fruit: ground colour	light orange	light orange
*Fruit: relative area of over colour	medium	medium
Fruit: hue of over colour	pink	pink
Fruit: intensity of over colour	medium	medium
Fruit: pattern of over colour	isolated flecks (spots)	solid flush
*Fruit: colour of flesh	light orange	light orange
Fruit: texture of flesh	fine	fine
Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
Fruit: ratio weight of fruit/weight of stone	medium	small
*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Stone: shape in lateral view	circular	oblong
Kernel: bitterness	medium	medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium
Time or, regimning or nowering	meatum	
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening	early	medium
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	early	
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility		<pre>medium 'Rivergem' very susceptible</pre>
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table	'Rivergold' slightly susceptible	'Rivergem' very susceptible
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	early 'Rivergold' slightly	'Rivergem'
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Rivergold' slightly susceptible	'Rivergem' very susceptible
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: height (mm)	<pre>'Rivergold' slightly susceptible 'Rivergold'</pre>	'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem'
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: height (mm) Mean	'Rivergold' slightly susceptible 'Rivergold' 42.97	'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem' 34.31
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: height (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	'Rivergold' slightly susceptible 'Rivergold' 42.97 1.93	'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem' 34.31 1.49
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: height (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	'Rivergold' slightly susceptible 'Rivergold' 42.97 1.93	'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem' 34.31 1.49
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: height (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Fruit: lateral width (mm)	 'Rivergold' slightly susceptible 'Rivergold' 42.97 1.93 1.09 	'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem' 34.31 1.49 P≤0.01
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Fruit: height (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Fruit: lateral width (mm) Mean	'Rivergold' slightly susceptible 'Rivergold' 42.97 1.93 1.09	'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem' 34.31 1.49 P≤0.01 35.97

Mean	1.10	1.03
Std. Deviation	0.05	0.04
LSD/sig	0.03	0.04 P≤0.01
	0.03	1 <u>\(\)</u> 0.01
Stone: weight (g)		
Mean	3.00	2.13
Std. Deviation	0.23	0.18
LSD/sig	0.13	P≤0.01
Fruit: ventral width (mm)		
Mean	41.34	35.06
Std. Deviation	1.98	1.47
LSD/sig	1.10	P≤0.01
Fruit: weight (g)		
Mean	47.70	26.93
Std. Deviation	5.74	2.28
LSD/sig	2.76	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio weight of fruit/weight of stone		
Mean	15.90	12.70
Std. Deviation	1.51	0.61
LSD/sig	0.72	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio height/ventral width		
Mean	1.04	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.04	0.04
LSD/sig	0.02	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Darren Graetz,} \ SARDI, \ Adelaide, \ SA.$

Details of Application

Application Number 2005/028
Variety Name 'Riverbrite'

Genus Species Prunus armeniaca

Common Name Apricot **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 19 Apr 2005

Applicant Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries, Adelaide, SA

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Darren Graetz

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Loxton Research Centre, Loxton, SA (Longitude 140° 39.8

East, Latitude 34° 28.6 South).

Descriptor TG/70/4.

Period Jun 2004 – ongoing.

Conditions Trees were grafted onto Myrobalan H29C rootstock in a field

nursery and grown to a year old whip. In Jun 2004 the trees were bare rooted and planted into the trial orchard at tree spacings of 2.5m within rows and 5m between rows and immediately headed at 1.1m. All trees were then trained to Free Standing V with a trunk height of 900mm to cater for a range of harvesting machines/catchers. Irrigation was supplied via under tree micro jet sprinklers at approximately 6ML/Ha annually. All agronomic inputs were as per commercial orchard practices with fertiliser, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design The comparative trial is set up in randomised blocks of 8-9

trees of each variety within four twenty-five tree rows. Spacing between trees is 2.5m with 5m between rows. Each tree within a variety block will be treated as replicate for the purposed of PBR examination. The varieties used in the trial are 'Riverbrite' (9 trees), 'River Ruby' (9 trees), 'Rivergold' (8 trees), 'Rivergem' (8 trees), 'Patterson' (8 trees) and

'Moorpark' (8 trees).

Measurements Flower, petal, tree, shoot, leaf and petiole observations were

made on five trees of each variety. Fruit measurements were made on seven fruit from each of five trees per variety. Measurements taken for each fruit were weight (g), lateral width (mm), ventral width (mm), height (mm), Total soluble solids (Brix) and stone weight (gm). Firmness was also measured as an average kilograms force of the each of the two fruit halves. The ratios of height/ventral width, lateral width/ventral width and weight of fruit/weight of stone were calculated from the data. Data was analysed by one-way analysis of variance and an all-pairwise LSD calculated at the 1% level to determine mean separation and determine

statistical differences.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: F₁ between seed parent 'Patterson' x pollen parent 'Rivergem' in a planned breeding program at Loxton, SA. Seed parent is characterised by heavy cropping habit, early ripening, free stone, apricot skin colour, firm medium to large fruit size with low to medium total soluble solids (TSS) levels. Pollen parent is characterised by heavy cropping habit, early ripening, free stone, pale apricot skin colour, firm medium fruit size with medium to high total soluble solids (TSS) levels. Selection criteria: fruit size and firmness, medium to high soluble solids and suitability for drying. Propagation: clonally by grafting to suitable industry standard rootstocks. After each propagation the variety has been true to type and stable. Breeder-: D. Graetz and F. Gathercole, South Australian Research & Development Institute.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	time of beginning of fruit ripening	early or medium
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm or very firm
Fruit	suture	slightly sunken
Fruit	shape in ventral view	oblong

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Rivergem'	Male (pollen) parent.
'Patterson'	Maternal parent.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate Variety	yComparator Variety	
'Story'	Fruit firmness of fruit	firm	soft	'Story' is an early ripening but sometimes unstable bud mutant of the later ripening 'Moorpark'.

\mathbf{C}	rgan/Plant Part: Context	'Riverbrite'	'Patterson'	'Rivergem'
	Tree: vigour	strong	strong	medium
V	Tree: habit	upright to spreading	upright	drooping
	Tree: degree of branching	medium	medium	medium
V	*Tree: distribution of flower buds	predominantly on spurs	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots
	*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium	medium

of apex			
One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny side	red brown	purple brown	red brown
One-year old shoot: size of bud support	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: length	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: width	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: intensity of green colour of upper side	medium	medium	light
Leaf blade: shape of base	truncate	truncate	obtuse
Leaf blade: angle of apex (excluding tip)	right-angled	right-angled	moderately obtuse
Leaf blade: length of tip	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	bicrenate	biserrate	bicrenate
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	weak	weak	weak
Leaf blade: profile in cross section	moderately concave	moderately concave	moderately concave
*Petiole: length	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: ratio length of blade/length of petiole	small	small	small
Petiole: thickness	medium	medium	medium
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of upper side	medium	medium	medium
*Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two or three	two or three	two or three
Petiole: size of nectaries	medium	medium	medium
*Flower: diameter	medium	large	medium
Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	above	above	above
Petal: shape (excluding claw)	circular	circular	circular
Petal: colour on lower side	light pink	light pink	light pink
*Fruit: size	very large	large	medium
Fruit: shape in lateral view	oblong	oblong	circular
Fruit: shape in ventral view	oblong	oblong	oblong
Fruit: height	tall	tall	medium
Fruit: lateral width	medium	medium	broad
Fruit: ventral width	medium	medium	medium

	Fruit: ratio height/ventral width	large	large	medium
	Fruit: ratio lateral width/ventral width	medium	medium	large
	Fruit: symmetry in ventral view	slightly asymmetric	slightly asymmetric	slightly asymmetric
	*Fruit: suture	slightly sunken	slightly sunken	slightly sunken
~	*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	deep	medium	shallow
	*Fruit: shape of apex	truncate	truncate	truncate
	Fruit: presence of mucron	absent	absent	absent
	Fruit: surface	bumpy	bumpy	smooth
	Fruit: pubescence	present	present	present
V	*Fruit: ground colour	light orange	medium orange	light orange
V	*Fruit: relative area of over colour	medium	small	medium
	Fruit: hue of over colour	pink	pink	pink
	Fruit: intensity of over colour	medium	light	medium
	Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	isolated flecks (spots)	solid flush
V	*Fruit: colour of flesh	light orange	medium orange	light orange
	Fruit: texture of flesh	coarse	coarse	fine
	Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	very firm	firm
V	Fruit: ratio weight of fruit/weight of	large	medium	small
sto	ne			
	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
_			•	•
	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh	weak	weak	weak
	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view	weak elliptic	weak oblong	weak oblong
	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening	weak elliptic strong early early	weak oblong strong	weak oblong medium
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG 'Riverbrite'	weak oblong strong medium	weak oblong medium medium
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Description gan/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG	weak oblong strong medium early	weak oblong medium medium medium
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Description pan/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility tistical Table	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG 'Riverbrite' slightly susceptible	weak oblong strong medium early 'Patterson' not susceptible	weak oblong medium medium medium 'Rivergem' very susceptible
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Description and Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG 'Riverbrite' slightly	weak oblong strong medium early 'Patterson'	weak oblong medium medium medium 'Rivergem'
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Description of the Description	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG 'Riverbrite' slightly susceptible	weak oblong strong medium early 'Patterson' not susceptible	weak oblong medium medium medium 'Rivergem' very susceptible
□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Description of the Description	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG 'Riverbrite' slightly susceptible 'Riverbrite'	weak oblong strong medium early 'Patterson' not susceptible 'Patterson' 38.37 3.77	weak oblong medium medium medium 'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem' 26.93 2.28
Ch Or;	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh *Stone: shape in lateral view Kernel: bitterness *Time of: beginning of flowering *Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Descriptan/Plant Part: Context Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Fruit: weight (g) an	weak elliptic strong early early ptor/TG 'Riverbrite' slightly susceptible 'Riverbrite'	weak oblong strong medium early 'Patterson' not susceptible 'Patterson'	weak oblong medium medium 'Rivergem' very susceptible 'Rivergem'

Mean	49.14	43.34	34.31
Std. Deviation	2.88	1.66	1.49
LSD/sig	1.32	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: lateral width (mm)			
Mean	43.37	39.80	35.97
Std. Deviation	2.85	2.01	1.47
LSD/sig	1.37	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: ventral width (mm)			
Mean	40.49	38.31	35.06
Std. Deviation	2.87	1.71	1.47
LSD/sig	1.32	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio height/ventral width			
Mean	1.22	1.13	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.04	0.04
LSD/sig	0.03	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio lateral width/ventral	width		
Mean	1.07	1.04	1.03
Std. Deviation	0.06	0.06	0.04
LSD/sig	0.03	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: total soluble solids (TSS)	content (Brix)		
Mean	15.05	12.37	19.43
Std. Deviation	1.70	0.76	1.73
LSD/sig	0.92	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stone: weight (g)			
Mean	2.90	2.50	2.13
Std. Deviation	0.31	0.25	0.18
LSD/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio weight of fruit/weigh	nt of stone		
Mean	17.36	15.39	12.68
Std. Deviation	1.96	1.10	0.61
LSD/sig	0.84	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
·- · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		=	= _0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Darren Graetz, SARDI, Adelaide, SA.

Application Number 2005/029 **Variety Name** 'River Ruby' **Genus Species** Prunus armeniaca

Common Name Apricot **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 19 Apr 2005

Applicant Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries, Adelaide, SA

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Darren Graetz

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Loxton Research Centre, Loxton, SA (Longitude 140° 39.8

East, Latitude 34° 28.6 South).

Descriptor Apricot (*Prunus armeniaca*) TG/70/4.

Period Jun 2004 – ongoing.

Conditions Trees were grafted onto Myrobalan H29C rootstock in a field

nursery and grown to a year old whip. In Jun 2004 the trees were bare rooted and planted into the trial orchard at tree spacings of 2.5m within rows and 5m between rows and immediately headed at 1.1m. All trees were then trained to Free Standing V with a trunk height of 900mm to cater for a range of harvesting machines/catchers. Irrigation was supplied via under tree micro jet sprinklers at approximately 6ML/Ha annually. All agronomic inputs were as per commercial orchard practices with fertiliser, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design The comparative trial is set up in randomised blocks of 8-9

trees of each variety within four twenty-five tree rows. Spacing between trees is 2.5m with 5m between rows. Each tree within a variety block will be treated as replicate for the purposed of PBR examination. The varieties used in the trial are 'Riverbrite' (9 trees), 'River Ruby' (9 trees), 'Rivergold' (8 trees), 'Rivergem' (8 trees), 'Patterson' (8 trees) and

'Moorpark' (8 trees).

Measurements Flower, petal, tree, shoot, leaf and petiole observations were

made on five trees of each variety. Fruit measurements were made on seven fruit from each of five trees per variety. Measurements taken for each fruit were weight (g), lateral width (mm), ventral width (mm), height (mm), Total soluble solids (Brix) and stone weight (g). Firmness was also measured as an average kilograms force of the each of the two fruit halves. The ratios of height/ventral width, lateral width/ventral width and weight of fruit/weight of stone were calculated from the data. Data was analysed by one-way analysis of variance and an all-pairwise LSD calculated at the 1% level to determine mean separation and determine

statistical differences.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: F1 between seed parent 'Rivergem' x pollen parent 'Rival' in a planned breeding program at Loxton, SA. The controlled pollination involved the emasculation of flowers prior to bloom and the addition of stored dried pollen. The resultant seed was collected in Dec 1996, nursery germinated in Jul 1997 and planted into high-density assessment blocks in Jul 1998. Fruit characteristics have been observed for 9 seasons since Dec 2000. The line has been propagated asexually by grafting/budding many times to appropriate rootstocks since that time. Fruit has been observed on grafted trees since Dec 2002. Fruit on grafted trees has not been discernibly different from that on the seedling parent tree, indicating the stability of the line. Pollen parent is characterised by large early ripening firm fleshed fruit, free stone, deep apricot skin and flesh colour with medium total soluble solids (TSS) levels. Seed parent is characterised by heavy cropping habit, early ripening, free stone, pale apricot skin colour, firm medium fruit size with medium to high total soluble solids (TSS) levels. Selection criteria: fruit size and firmness, medium to high soluble solids and suitability for drying. Propagation: clonally by grafting to suitable industry standard rootstocks. After each propagation the variety has been true to type and stable. Breeder-: D. Graetz and F. Gathercole, South Australian Research & Development Institute.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Anowicage			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Fruit	time of beginning of fruit	medium	
	ripening		
Flower	time of beginning of flowering	medium	
Fruit	suture	slightly sunken	
Fruit	shape in ventral view	oblong	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'Rivergem'	Maternal parent.
'Moorpark'	Closest recognised drying apricot variety by timing of fruit ripening and time of beginning of flowering.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Rival'	Fruit colour of flesh	dark orange	dark orange	Is the pollen parent, not selected for DUS trail as it is high chill in nature and barely produces any fruit at the trial location.

	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
_	gan/Plant Part: Context	'River Ruby'	'Moorpark'	'Rivergem'		
	Tree: vigour	strong	medium	medium		
~	Tree: habit	upright to spreading	spreading	drooping		
	Tree: degree of branching	medium	medium	medium		
	*Tree: distribution of flower buds	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots	equally on spurs and on one-year old shoots		
of a	*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration upex	weak	medium	medium		
side	One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny	red brown	purple brown	red brown		
	One-year old shoot: size of bud support	small	medium	medium		
	Leaf blade: length	medium	medium	medium		
	Leaf blade: width	medium	medium	medium		
	Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium	medium		
▽ upp	Leaf blade: intensity of green colour of per side	medium	dark	light		
V	Leaf blade: shape of base	truncate	cordate	obtuse		
	Leaf blade: angle of apex (excluding tip	moderately obtuse	eright-angled	moderately obtuse		
	Leaf blade: length of tip	medium	medium	medium		
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	bicrenate	bicrenate	bicrenate		
	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	weak	medium	weak		
	Leaf blade: profile in cross section	moderately concave	moderately concave	moderately concave		
	*Petiole: length	medium	medium	medium		
peti	Leaf: ratio length of blade/length of ole	small	small	small		
	Petiole: thickness	medium	medium	medium		
upp	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of er side	medium	medium	medium		
nec	*Petiole: predominant number of taries	more than three	more than three	two or three		
	Petiole: size of nectaries	medium	medium	medium		
	*Flower: diameter	medium	medium	medium		
□ antl	Flower: position of stigma relative to ners	above	above	above		
	Petal: shape (excluding claw)	circular	circular	circular		

	Petal: colour on lower side	light pink	light pink	light pink
~	*Fruit: size	large	large	medium
	Fruit: shape in lateral view	circular	circular	circular
	Fruit: shape in ventral view	oblong	oblong	oblong
	Fruit: height	medium	medium	medium
	Fruit: lateral width	broad	broad	broad
	Fruit: ventral width	medium	medium	medium
	Fruit: ratio height/ventral width	medium	medium	medium
	Fruit: ratio lateral width/ventral width	large	large	large
	Fruit: symmetry in ventral view	slightly asymmetric	slightly asymmetric	slightly asymmetric
	*Fruit: suture	slightly sunken	slightly sunken	slightly sunken
	*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	shallow	shallow
	*Fruit: shape of apex	truncate	truncate	truncate
	Fruit: presence of mucron	absent	absent	absent
	Fruit: surface	smooth	smooth	smooth
	Fruit: pubescence	present	present	present
~	*Fruit: ground colour	medium orange	medium orange	light orange
V	*Fruit: relative area of over colour	medium	small	medium
	Fruit: hue of over colour	pink	red	pink
	Fruit: intensity of over colour	medium	light	medium
	Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	isolated flecks (spots)	solid flush
V	*Fruit: colour of flesh	dark orange	medium orange	light orange
	Fruit: texture of flesh	fine	medium	fine
V	Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	soft	firm
sto	Fruit: ratio weight of fruit/weight of ne	large	large	small
	*Fruit: adherence of stone to flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	*Stone: shape in lateral view	ovate	circular	oblong
	Kernel: bitterness	strong	medium	medium
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium	medium
□ Ch:	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening aracteristics Additional to the Descrip	medium tor/TG	medium	medium
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'River Ruby'	'Moorpark'	'Rivergem'
V	Fruit: rain cracking susceptibility	slightly susceptible	moderately susceptible	very susceptible

Stat	tistic	al T	able

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'River Ruby'	'Moorpark'	'Rivergem'
Fruit: firmness (kg of force)			
Mean	2.32	1.42	2.55
Std. Deviation	0.40	0.48	0.63
LSD/sig	0.32	P≤0.01	ns
Fruit: height (mm)			
Mean	42.97	42.03	34.31
Std. Deviation	3.27	1.84	1.49
LSD/sig	1.46	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: lateral width (mm)			
Mean	46.80	44.51	35.97
Std. Deviation	3.57	1.98	1.47
LSD/sig	1.57	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio lateral width/ventral wid	lth		
Mean	1.08	1.04	1.03
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.03	0.04
LSD/sig	0.03	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Stone: weight (g)			
Mean	2.73	2.43	2.13
Std. Deviation	0.29	0.24	0.18
LSD/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: total soluble solids (TSS) con	itent (Brix)		
Mean	16.83	17.15	19.43
Std. Deviation	2.40	1.35	1.73
LSD/sig	1.17	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: ventral width (mm)			
Mean	43.26	42.80	35.06
Std. Deviation	3.34	1.61	1.47
LSD/sig	1.44	ns	P≤0.01
Fruit: weight (g)			
Mean	52.87	44.71	26.93
Std. Deviation	9.67	4.98	2.28
LSD/sig	4.02	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: ratio weight of fruit/weight of			
Mean	19.28	18.46	12.68
Std. Deviation	2.24	1.39	0.61
LSD/sig	0.98	ns	P≤0.01
_			

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Darren Graetz, SARDI, Adelaide, SA.

Application Number 2002/059

Variety Name 'Hortgem Tahi' Genus Species Actinidia arguta

Common NameArgutaSynonymNil

Accepted Date 15 Jul 2002

Applicant The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand

Limited, Havelock North, New Zealand

Agent A J Park, Canberra, ACT

Qualified Person Russell Lowe

Details of Comparative Trial

Location HortResearch, Te Puke Research Centre, 412 No 1 Road, Te

Puke, NZ.

Descriptor Kiwifruit (*Actinidia*) TG/98/6.

Period 1999-2002.

Conditions Typical for kiwifruit in the Bay of Plenty region of the North

Island, NZ. Block surrounded by casuarina and willow shelter belts. Soils well-drained friable sandy loam, annual rainfall 1700mm. Annual mean temperature is 18.4 deg C in summer

and 9.5 deg C in winter.

Trial Design Single vine, own rooted replicates in randomised plots with

appropriate male pollinators. Vines planted in 1999. Rows

spaced 4.6m x 3m between plants.

Measurements As per Characteristic Table for kiwifruit.

RHS Chart - edition 1987.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent: AA02_01 x pollen parent: AA13_01. The new variety was developed during the course of a plant breeding program, which was initiated during 1987 at HortResearch in Auckland, New Zealand. The cross was made in November 1987. Seeds were sown in autumn (March) 1988 and 129 seedlings from this cross were planted out in the field at Kumeu Research Orchard in spring (October) 1988. The seedlings first fruited in approximately February to March 1991. Twenty promising female seedlings were clonally propagated into a two-site replicated trial in 1995 and 'Hortgem Tahi' (breeding code K2D4) was selected after storage and sensory evaluation in 1998. Propagation: asexually reproduced as cuttings or by grafting or budding on to seedling or cutting-grown rootstocks of A. arguta. Trial plantings as cuttings established in 1995 at Te Puke and Nelson Research Centres and on seedling rootstocks established in 1998 at these sites have shown that the unique combination of characters come true to form and are established and transmitted through succeeding asexual propagation. Breeder(s): Mark McNeilage, Ron A Beatson, Elspeth A MacRae, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	sex	female
Fruit	size	small/very small
Fruit	hairiness of skin	absent
Fruit	colour of outer pericarp	medium green
Fruit	colour of skin	medium green
Fruit	Time of maturity for harvest	early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

MOSt Sillina	varieties of common knowledge identified (vert)
Name	Comments
A A O 1 O 1 (17)	:\

AA01_01 (Kiwi) AA02_01 (Apple)

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Hortgem Tahi'	AA01_01 (Kiwi)	AA02_01 (Apple)
	*Plant: sex	female	female	female
□ vari	Plant: self fruit setting (hermaphrodite eties only)	absent		
	Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
~	Plant: vigour	strong	medium	weak
	*Young shoot: hairiness	present	present	present
	*Young shoot: density of hair	medium	medium	medium
	Young shoot: type of hairiness	tomentose	tomentose	tomentose
of g	*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration growing tip	absent or very weak	medium	absent or very weak
	Stem: thickness	thin	thin	thin
~	*Stem: colour of shoot on sunny side	red brown	light brown	red brown
	Stem: roughness of bark	smooth		
	Stem: hairiness	absent		
	*Stem: size of lenticels	small		
	*Stem: number of lenticels	many	many	many
	*Stem: colour of lenticels	brownish		
	Stem: proximal face of bud support	perpendicular		
	*Stem: size of bud support	medium	large	medium to large
sup	Stem: profile of proximal face of bud port (if sloping)	straight		
	*Stem: presence of bud cover	present		

*Stem: size of hole in bud cover	small		
*Stem: leaf scar	deep	deep	deep
Stem: presence of pith	present		
Stem: type of pith	lamellate		
*Leaf blade: shape	broad ovate	ovate	broad ovate
*Leaf blade: shape of apex	caudate	acuminate	acuminate
Leaf blade: arrangement of basal lobes	far apart	far apart	far apart
Leaf blade: hair on upper side	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
I ask blada, bain on lavvan aida	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Dear blade, packeting blistering on	absent or very weak	weak	weak
*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side	medium	light to medium	medium
*Leaf blade: colour of lower side	light green	light green	light green
Leaf blade: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: spines along main vein on ower side	present	absent	present
Leaf: ratio petiole length/blade length	medium	large	large
Petiole: density of hair	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of apper side	medium	weak	medium
Tiower bud: untilocyaliin colouration of	absent or very weak		
Inflorescence: predominant number of flowers	1	2-5	2-5
*Flower stalk: length	short		
Flower stalk: density of hair	sparse		
Flower stalk: length of hair	short		
Flower: number of sepals	4 or 5		
*Sepal: general colour	reddish brown		reddish brown
Canal, dansity of bain	absent or very sparse		
*Flower: diameter	small	small to medium	medium
1 10 West distantigement of pecus	overlapping	overlapping	overlapping
D 1 1 C	absent or very weakly expressed		

	*Petal: type of colouration	single-coloured		
	*Petal: main colour on adaxial side	greenish white		
☐ (sin	*Petal: different shades of colour gle-coloured varieties only)	absent		
	Filament: colour	white		
	Anther: colour	black	black	black
	Styles: number	few	few	few to medium
	Styles: colour	white		
V	*Styles: attitude	semi-erect	horizontal	horizontal
	*Fruit: size	small	very small	very small to small
V	*Fruit: general shape	spheroid	oblong	ovoid
	*Fruit: shape in cross section	oblate	oblate	oblate
	*Fruit: general shape of stylar end	rounded	flat	rounded
	Fruit: presence of calyx ring	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed
	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk end	squared	squared	squared
V	Fruit: length of stalk	short	medium to long	very short
V	Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length	large	large	small
	Fruit: persistence of sepals	absent	absent	absent
skir	Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels on	inconspicuousness	sinconspicuousness	sinconspicuousness
	*Fruit: colour of skin	medium green	medium green	medium green
	*Fruit: hairiness of skin	absent	absent	absent
□ con	*Fruit: colour of skin at maturity for sumption	medium green	medium green	medium green
□ mat	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh at urity for consumption	medium		
	*Fruit: colour of outer pericarp	medium green	medium green	medium green
	*Fruit: colour of inner pericarp	medium green	medium green	medium green
	*Fruit: diameter of core relative to fruit	medium to large	large	large
	*Fruit: general shape of core	oblate	oblate	oblate
	Fruit: fluting of core	absent	absent	absent
	*Fruit: colour of core	greenish white	greenish white	greenish white
	Fruit: sweetness	very high	medium	very low
	Fruit: acidity	low		

V	*Time of: vegetative bud bust	early	late	medium
~	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	late	medium
	*Time of: maturity for harvest	early	early	early

Prior Applications and S	Sales
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Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Chile	2007	Granted	'Hortgem Tahi'
Japan	2002	Applied	'Hortgem Tahi'
New Zealand	2000	Granted	'Hortgem Tahi'
EU	2003	Applied	'Hortgem Tahi'
USA	2001	Granted	'Hortgem Tahi'
South Africa	2005	Applied	'Hortgem Tahi'

First sold in New Zealand in Mar 2001. First Australian sale Mar 2001.

Description: Phil Martin and Mark McNeilage, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited.

Application Number 2005/024

Variety Name 'Hortgem Toru'
Genus Species Actinidia arguta

Common Name Arguta **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 3 Mar 2005

Applicant The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand

Limited, Havelock North, New Zealand

Agent A J Park, Canberra, ACT

Qualified Person Russell Lowe

Details of Comparative Trial

Location HortResearch, Te Puke Research Centre, 412 No 1 Road, Te

Puke, NZ.

Descriptor Kiwifruit (*Actinidia*) TG/98/6.

Period 2006-2007.

Conditions Typical for Kiwifruit in the Bay of Plenty region of the North

Island, NZ. Block surrounded by casuarina and willow shelter belts. Soils well-drained friable sandy loam, annual rainfall 1700mm. Annual mean temperature is 18.4 deg C in summer

and 9.5 deg C in winter.

Trial Design Single vine, own root replicates in randomised plots with

appropriate male pollinators. Vines planted in 2002. Rows

spaced 4.3m x 2.8m between plants.

Measurements As per Characteristic Table for Kiwifruit.

RHS Chart - edition 1987.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent AA01_01 x pollen parent AA04_01. The new variety was developed during the course of a planned plant-breeding program, which was initiated during 1987 at HortResearch in Auckland, New Zealand. The controlled cross was made in November 1987. Seeds were sown in autumn (March) 1988 and 6 seedlings were selected from this cross and were planted out in the field at HortResearch Kumeu Research Orchard in spring (October) 1988. The seedlings first fruited in February-March 1991. Twenty promising female seedlings were clonally propagated into a two-site replicated trial in 1995 and 'Hortgem Toru' (breeding code C3C3) was selected after storage and sensory evaluation in 1998. Propagation: asexually reproduced as cuttings or by grafting or budding on to seedling or cuttinggrown rootstocks of A. arguta. Trial plantings as cuttings established in 1995 at the HortResearch Te Puke and Nelson Research Centres and on seedling rootstocks established in 1998 at these sites have shown that the unique combination of characters come true to form and are established and transmitted through succeeding asexual propagations. Breeder(s): Mark McNeilage, Ron A Beatson, Elspeth A MacRae, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	sex	female
Fruit	size	very small/small
Fruit	hairiness of skin	absent
Fruit	shape in cross section	oblate
Fruit	Time of maturity for harvest	very early/early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viost Similar varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)				
Name	Comments			
AA01_01(Kiwi)				
AA02_01(Apple)				
'Marju'				

Org	an/Plant Part: Context	'Hortgem Toru'	AA01_01 (Kiwi)	AA02_01 (Apple)	'Marju'
	*Plant: sex	female	female	female	
	Plant: ploidy	tetraploid			
V	Plant: vigour	medium		weak	
	*Young shoot: hairiness	present			absent
✓	*Young shoot: density of hair	sparse	medium	medium	
	Young shoot: type of hairiness	tomentose	tomentose	tomentose	
	*Young shoot: anthocyanin uration of growing tip	weak	medium	absent or very weak	strong
	Stem: thickness	thin			
side	*Stem: colour of shoot on sunny	light brown		red brown	
	Stem: roughness of bark	smooth			
	Stem: hairiness	absent			
	*Stem: size of lenticels	small			
	*Stem: number of lenticels	many			
	*Stem: colour of lenticels	brownish			
	Stem: proximal face of bud support	sloping			
V	*Stem: size of bud support	small	large	medium to large	
	Stem: profile of proximal face of support (if sloping)	convex			
	*Stem: presence of bud cover	present			

	*Stem: size of hole in bud cover	very small to small			
	*Stem: leaf scar	deep			
	Stem: presence of pith	present			
	Stem: type of pith	lamellate			
	*Leaf blade: shape	broad ovate	ovate		ovate
V	*Leaf blade: shape of apex	caudate	acuminate	acuminate	
lobe	Leaf blade: arrangement of basal	far apart			
	Leaf blade: hair on upper side	absent or very sparse			
	Leaf blade: hair on lower side	absent or very sparse			
upp	Leaf blade: puckering/blistering on er side	weak			
side	*Leaf blade: green colour of upper	medium	light to medium		
	*Leaf blade: colour of lower side	light green			
	Leaf blade: presence of variegation	absent			
on l	Leaf blade: spines along main vein ower side	absent		present	
□ leng	Leaf: ratio petiole length/blade	large to very large	large	large	
	Petiole: density of hair	absent or very sparse			
upp	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of er side	medium	weak		strong
of p	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration rotruding petal ends	_l absent or very weak			
of f	Inflorescence: predominant number lowers	1			
	*Flower stalk: length	short			
	Flower stalk: density of hair	absent or very sparse			
	Flower stalk: length of hair	short			
	*Sepal: general colour	reddish brown			
	Sepal: density of hair	absent or very sparse	11 .		
	*Flower: diameter	small	small to medium	medium	
	*Flower: arrangement of petals	overlapping			

	Petal: curvature of apex	absent or very weakly expressed			
	*Petal: type of colouration	single- coloured			
	*Petal: main colour on adaxial side	greenish white	;		
(sin	*Petal: different shades of colour gle-coloured varieties only)	absent			
	Filament: colour	light green			
~	Anther: colour	dark purple	black	black	
	Styles: number	few		few to medium	
	Styles: colour	white			
	*Styles: attitude	horizontal			
	*Fruit: size	very small to small	very small	very small to small	
	*Fruit: general shape	oblong		ovoid	
	*Fruit: shape in cross section	oblate	oblate	oblate	
V	*Fruit: general shape of stylar end	slightly pointed protruding	flat	rounded	strongly pointed protruding
			absent or very		
	Fruit: presence of calyx ring	weakly expressed	weakly expressed		
□ ✓ end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk	•	weakly	squared	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk	expressed	weakly expressed	squared very short	
	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk	expressed rounded	weakly expressed squared medium to	•	
	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk	expressed rounded short	weakly expressed squared medium to	very short	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length	expressed rounded short large	weakly expressed squared medium to long	very short	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length Fruit: persistence of sepals Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels	expressed rounded short large absent inconspicuous	weakly expressed squared medium to long	very short	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length Fruit: persistence of sepals Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels skin	expressed rounded short large absent inconspicuous ness	weakly expressed squared medium to long	very short	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length Fruit: persistence of sepals Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels skin *Fruit: colour of skin	expressed rounded short large absent inconspicuous ness medium green absent	weakly expressed squared medium to long absent	very short small	reddish green
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length Fruit: persistence of sepals Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels skin *Fruit: colour of skin *Fruit: hairiness of skin *Fruit: colour of skin at maturity for	expressed rounded short large absent inconspicuous ness medium green absent	weakly expressed squared medium to long absent	very short small	reddish green
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length Fruit: persistence of sepals Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels skin *Fruit: colour of skin *Fruit: hairiness of skin *Fruit: colour of skin at maturity for sumption Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh at	expressed rounded short large absent inconspicuous ness medium green absent medium green	weakly expressed squared medium to long absent	very short small	g
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk Fruit: length of stalk Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length Fruit: persistence of sepals Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels skin *Fruit: colour of skin *Fruit: hairiness of skin *Fruit: dolur of skin at maturity for sumption Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh at urity for consumption	expressed rounded short large absent inconspicuous ness medium green absent medium green	weakly expressed squared medium to long absent medium green	very short small absent	

fruit	Ī						
	*Fruit: general	shape of core	oblate	oblate	oblate		
	Fruit: fluting o	of core	absent	absent			
	*Fruit: colour	of core	greenish whit	te			
V	Fruit: sweetne	ss	high	medium	very low		
	Fruit: acidity		low				
V	*Time of: vege	etative bud bust	early	late	medium		
V	*Time of: begi	inning of flowering	early to medium	late	medium		
	*Time of: mat	urity for harvest	very early	early	early		
Prio	or Application	s and Sales					
	ıntry	Year	Current Stat		me Applied		
Chil	le	2007	Granted	'H	ortgem Toru'		
Japa	ın	2005	Applied	'H	ortgem Toru'		
New	v Zealand	2002	Applied	'H	ortgem Toru'		
EU		2005	Applied	'H	ortgem Toru'		
USA	A	2002	Granted	'H	ortgem Toru'		
Sout	th Africa	2005	Applied		ortgem Toru'		

First sold in New Zealand in Feb 2001. First Australian sale nil.

Description: Phil Martin and Mark McNeilage, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited.

Application Number 2005/025

Variety Name 'Hortgem Wha'
Genus Species Actinidia arguta

Common Name Arguta **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 03 Mar 2005

Applicant The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand

Limited

Agent A J Park, Canberra, ACT

Qualified Person Russell Lowe

Details of Comparative Trial

Location HortResearch, Te Puke Research Centre, 412 No 1 Road, Te

Puke, NZ.

Descriptor Kiwifruit (*Actinidia*) TG/98/6.

Period 2006-2007.

Conditions Typical for Kiwifruit in the Bay of Plenty region of the North

Island, NZ. Block surrounded by casuarina and willow shelter belts. Soils well-drained friable sandy loam, annual rainfall 1700mm. Annual mean temperature is 18.4 deg C in summer

and 9.5 deg C in winter.

Trial Design Single vine, own rooted replicates in randomised plots with

appropriate male pollinators. Vines planted in 2002. Rows

spaced 4.3m x 2.8m between plants.

Measurements As per Characteristic Table for Kiwifruit.

RHS Chart - edition 1987.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent AA05_01 x pollen parent AA13_01. The new variety was developed during the course of a planned plant-breeding program, which was initiated during 1987 at HortResearch in Auckland, New Zealand. The controlled cross was made in November 1987. Seeds were sown in autumn (March) 1988 and 102 seedlings from this cross were planted out in the field at HortResearch Kumeu Research Orchard in spring (October) 1988. The seedlings first fruited in February-March 1991. Twenty promising female seedlings were clonally propagated into a twosite replicated trial in 1995 and 'Hortgem Wha' (breeding code K2E5) was selected after storage and sensory evaluation in 1998. Propagation: asexually reproduced as cuttings or by grafting or budding on to seedling or cutting-grown rootstocks of A. arguta. Trial plantings as cuttings established in 1995 at TePuke and Nelson Research Centres and on seedling rootstocks established in 1998 at these sites have shown that the unique combination of characters come true to form and are established and transmitted through succeeding asexual propagations Breeder(s): Mark McNeilage, Ron A Beatson, Elspeth A MacRae, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	skin colour	medium green
Plant	sex	female
Fruit	size	very small/small
Fruit	hairiness of skin	absent
Fruit	shape in cross section	oblate
Fruit	Time of maturity for	very early/early
	harvest	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)			
Name	Comments		
AA01_01 (Kiwi)			

'Marju'

AA02_01 (Apple)

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Hortgem Wha'	AA01_01 (Kiwi)	AA02_01 (Apple)	'Marju'
*Plant: sex	female	female	female	
Plant: self fruit setting (hermaphrodite varieties only)	absent			
Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	
Plant: vigour	medium	medium	weak	
*Young shoot: hairiness	present	present	present	absent
*Young shoot: density of hair	sparse	medium	medium	
Young shoot: type of hairiness	tomentose	tomentose	tomentose	
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of growing tip	medium	medium	absent or very weak	strong
Stem: thickness	thin	thin	thin	
*Stem: colour of shoot on sunny side	red brown	light brown	red brown	
Stem: roughness of bark	smooth			
Stem: hairiness	absent			
*Stem: size of lenticels	small			
*Stem: number of lenticels	many	many	many	
*Stem: colour of lenticels	brownish			
Stem: proximal face of bud supp	oort sloping			
*Stem: size of bud support	small	large	medium to	

				large	
□ bud	Stem: profile of proximal face of support (if sloping)	convex			
	*Stem: presence of bud cover	present			
	*Stem: size of hole in bud cover	very small to small			
	*Stem: leaf scar	deep	deep	deep	
	Stem: presence of pith	present			
	Stem: type of pith	lamellate			
	*Leaf blade: shape	ovate	ovate	broad ovate	ovate
V	*Leaf blade: shape of apex	caudate	acuminate	acuminate	
lobe	Leaf blade: arrangement of basal	far apart	far apart	far apart	
	Leaf blade: hair on upper side	sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse	
	Leaf blade: hair on lower side	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
upp	Leaf blade: puckering/blistering on er side	absent or very weak	weak	weak	
□ side	*Leaf blade: green colour of upper	medium	light to medium	medium	
	*Leaf blade: colour of lower side	light green	light green	light green	
	Leaf blade: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent	
	Leaf blade: spines along main vein ower side	absent	absent	present	
□ leng	Leaf: ratio petiole length/blade	large to very large	large	large	
	Petiole: density of hair	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
▽ upp	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of er side	medium	weak	medium	strong
of p	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration or	_l absent or very weak			
of f	Inflorescence: predominant number lowers	1	2-5	2-5	
	*Flower stalk: length	short			
	Flower stalk: density of hair	sparse			
	Flower stalk: length of hair	short			
	Flower: number of sepals	> 5			

	*Sepal: general colour	reddish brown		reddish brown	
	Sepal: density of hair	absent or very sparse			
	*Flower: diameter	medium	small to medium	medium	
	*Flower: arrangement of petals	overlapping	overlapping	overlapping	
	Petal: curvature of apex	absent or very weakly expressed			
	*Petal: type of colouration	single- coloured			
	*Petal: main colour on adaxial side	greenish white	:		
□ (sin	*Petal: different shades of colour gle-coloured varieties only)	absent			
	Filament: colour	white			
~	Anther: colour	dark purple	black	black	
	Styles: number	few to medium	few	few to medium	
	Styles: colour	white			
	*Styles: attitude	both erect and horizontal	horizontal	horizontal	
	*Fruit: size	very small to small	very small	very small to small	
V	*Fruit: general shape	oblong	oblong	ovoid	
	*Fruit: shape in cross section	oblate	oblate	oblate	
V	*Fruit: general shape of stylar end	slightly pointed protruding	flat	rounded	strongly pointed protruding
	Fruit: presence of calyx ring	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk	rounded	squared	squared	
~	Fruit: length of stalk	short	medium to long	very short	
V	Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length	medium	large	small	
	Fruit: persistence of sepals	absent	absent	absent	
on s	Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels kin	inconspicuous ness	inconspicuous ness	inconspicuous ness	
	*Fruit: colour of skin	medium green	medium green	medium green	
	*Fruit: hairiness of skin	absent	absent	absent	
V	*Fruit: colour of skin at maturity for	medium green	medium green	medium green	reddish green

	_					
con	sumption					
mat	Fruit: adherenc urity for consum	e of skin to flesh at nption	strong			
	*Fruit: colour o	medium green	medium green medium green			
~	*Fruit: colour o	of inner pericarp	medium green	n medi	ium green	medium green red purple
□ frui		er of core relative to	large	large	;	large
V	*Fruit: general	shape of core	transverse elliptic	oblat	te	oblate
	Fruit: fluting of	fcore	absent	abse	nt	absent
	*Fruit: colour o	of core	greenish whit	greenish white greenish white		
~	Fruit: sweetnes	S	high	medi	um	very low
	Fruit: acidity		low			
~	*Time of: vege	tative bud bust	early	late		medium
V	*Time of: begin	nning of flowering	early to medium	late		medium
	*Time of: matu	rity for harvest	very early to early	early	,	early
	or Applications					
	ıntry	Year	Current Stat	us	Name A	
Japa		2005	Applied		'Hortger	
	v Zealand	2002	Applied		'Hortger	
EU US	٨	2005 2002	Applied Granted		'Hortger	
	th Africa	2002	Applied		'Hortger	
Sou	an miliou	2003	прриса		Horigon	11 111111111111111111111111111111111111

First sold in New Zealand in Apr 2001. First Australian sale nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Phil Martin} \ and \ \textbf{Mark McNeilage}, The \ Horticulture \ and \ Food \ Research \ Institute \ of \ New \ Zealand \ Limited.$

Application Number2005/023Variety Name'Hortgem Rua'Genus SpeciesActinidia arguta

Common Name Arguta **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 22 Apr 2005

Applicant The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand

Limited, Havelock North, New Zealand

Agent A J Park, Canberra, ACT

Qualified Person Russell Lowe

Details of Comparative Trial

Location HortResearch, Te Puke Research Centre, 412 No 1 Road, Te

Puke, NZ

Descriptor Kiwifruit (*Actinidia*) TG/98/6.

Period 2006-2007

Conditions Typical for Kiwifruit in the Bay of Plenty region of the North

Island, NZ. Block surrounded by casuarina and willow shelter belts. Soils well-drained friable sandy loam, annual rainfall 1700mm. Annual mean temperature is 18.4 deg C in summer

and 9.5 deg C in winter.

Trial Design Single vine, own rooted replicates in randomised plots with

appropriate male pollinators. Vines planted in 2002. Rows

spaced 4.3m x 2.8m between plants.

Measurements As per Characteristic Table for Kiwifruit.

RHS Chart - edition 1987.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent AAME01_01 x pollen parent AAME01_05. The new variety was developed during the course of a planned plant-breeding program, which was initiated during 1987 at HortResearch in Auckland, New Zealand. The controlled cross was made in November 1987. Seeds were sown in autumn (March) 1988 and seedlings were selected from this cross and were planted out in the field at HortResearch Kumeu Research Orchard in spring (October) 1988. The seedlings first fruited in February-March 1991. Promising female seedlings were clonally propagated into a two-site replicated trial in 1995 and 'Hortgem Rua' (breeding code E4I6) was selected after storage and sensory evaluation in 1998. Propagation: asexually reproduced as cuttings or by grafting or budding on to seedling or cutting-grown rootstocks of A. arguta. Trial plantings as cuttings established in 1995 at the HortResearch Te Puke and Nelson Research Centres and on seedling rootstocks established in 1998 at these sites have shown that the unique combination of characters come true to form and are established and transmitted through succeeding asexual propagations. Breeder(s): Mark McNeilage, Ron A Beatson, Elspeth A MacRae, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	sex	female
Fruit	size	very small/small
Fruit	hairiness of skin	absent
Fruit	colour of outer pericarp	medium green
Fruit	shape in cross section	oblate
Fruit	Time of maturity for	very early/early
	harvest	-

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
AA01_01 (Kiwi)	2 0	
AA02_01 (Apple)		
'Marju'		

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Hortgem Rua'	AA01_01 (Kiwi)	AA02_01 (Apple)	'Marju'
	*Plant: sex	female	female	female	
	Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	
V	Plant: vigour	medium	medium	weak	
V	*Young shoot: hairiness	absent	present	present	absent
~	*Young shoot: density of hair	sparse	medium	medium	
	Young shoot: type of hairiness	tomentose	tomentose	tomentose	
colo	*Young shoot: anthocyanin buration of growing tip	strong to very strong	medium	absent or very weak	strong
	Stem: thickness	thin	thin	thin	
▽ side	*Stem: colour of shoot on sunny	red brown	light brown	red brown	
	Stem: roughness of bark	smooth			
	Stem: hairiness	absent			
	*Stem: size of lenticels	small			
	*Stem: number of lenticels	many	many	many	
	*Stem: colour of lenticels	brownish			
	Stem: proximal face of bud support	perpendicular			
V	*Stem: size of bud support	very small to small	large	medium to large	
□ bud	Stem: profile of proximal face of support (if sloping)	convex			

	*Stem: presence of bud cover	present			
	*Stem: size of hole in bud cover	very small to small			
	*Stem: leaf scar	deep	deep	deep	
	Stem: presence of pith	present			
	Stem: type of pith	lamellate			
	*Leaf blade: shape	ovate	ovate	broad ovate	ovate
	*Leaf blade: shape of apex	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	
lobe	Leaf blade: arrangement of basal	far apart	far apart	far apart	
	Leaf blade: hair on upper side	sparse	sparse	absent or very sparse	
	Leaf blade: hair on lower side	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
□ upp	Leaf blade: puckering/blistering on er side	absent or very weak	weak	weak	
□ side	*Leaf blade: green colour of upper	medium to dark	light to medium	medium	
	*Leaf blade: colour of lower side	light green	light green	light green	
	Leaf blade: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent	
on l	Leaf blade: spines along main vein ower side	absent	absent	present	
□ leng	Leaf: ratio petiole length/blade	medium to large	large	large	
_	Petiole: density of hair	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
▽ upp	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration of er side	strong	weak	medium	strong
of p	Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration rotruding petal ends	¹ weak			
of f	Inflorescence: predominant number lowers	1	2-5	2-5	
	*Flower stalk: length	short to medium			
	Flower stalk: density of hair	sparse			
	Flower stalk: length of hair	very short to short			
	Flower: number of sepals	4 or 5			
	*Sepal: general colour	reddish brown		reddish brown	
	Sepal: density of hair	absent or very sparse			

	*Flower: diameter	medium	small to medium	medium	
V	*Flower: arrangement of petals	touching	overlapping	overlapping	
	Petal: curvature of apex	absent or very weakly expressed single-			
	*Petal: type of colouration	coloured			
	*Petal: main colour on adaxial side	greenish white	;		
□ (sin	*Petal: different shades of colour gle-coloured varieties only)	absent			
	Filament: colour	white			
	Anther: colour	black	black	black	
	Styles: number	few	few	few to medium	
	Styles: colour	white			
	*Styles: attitude	both erect and horizontal	horizontal	horizontal	
	*Fruit: size	very small to small	very small	very small to small	
V	*Fruit: general shape	ovoid	oblong	ovoid	
	*Fruit: shape in cross section	oblate	oblate	oblate	
V	*Fruit: general shape of stylar end	slightly pointed protruding	flat	rounded	strongly pointed protruding
	Fruit: presence of calyx ring	weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed	
end	*Fruit: shape of shoulder at stalk	rounded	squared	squared	
~	Fruit: length of stalk	short	medium to long	very short	
V	Fruit: ratio stalk length/fruit length	small	large	small	
	Fruit: persistence of sepals	absent	absent	absent	
on s	Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels	inconspicuous ness	inconspicuous ness	inconspicuous ness	
V	*Fruit: colour of skin	light green	medium green	medium green	
	*Fruit: hairiness of skin	absent	absent	absent	
con	*Fruit: colour of skin at maturity for sumption	reddish green	medium green	medium green	reddish green
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh at curity for consumption	strong			

*Fruit: colo	ur of outer pericarp	medium green medium green			
*Fruit: colo	ur of inner pericarp	red	medium	green medium green red purple	
*Fruit: dian	neter of core relative to	medium to large	large	large	
□ *Fruit: gene	eral shape of core	oblate	oblate	oblate	
Fruit: flutin	g of core	absent	absent	absent	
□ *Fruit: colo	ur of core	greenish white	e greenisł	n white greenish white	
Fruit: sweet	ness	medium to	medium	very low	
Fruit: acidity		medium to high			
*Time of: vegetative bud bust		very early to early	late	medium	
□ *Time of: b	eginning of flowering	early to medium	late	medium	
*Time of: n	naturity for harvest	very early to early	early	early	
Prior Applicati	ions and Sales				
Country	Year	Current Stat	us Na	ame Applied	
Chile	2007	Granted		fortgem Rua'	
Japan	2005	Applied		lortgem Rua'	
New Zealand	2002	Applied		fortgem Rua'	
EU	2005	Applied		lortgem Rua'	
USA	2002	Granted		lortgem Rua'	
South Africa	2005	Applied	'H	lortgem Rua'	

First sold in New Zealand in Feb 2001. First Australian sale Mar 2004.

Description: Phil Martin and Mark McNeilage, The Horticulture and Food Research Institute of New Zealand Limited.

Application Number 2006/009 **Variety Name** 'Minitastic'

Genus Species *Rhododendron* hybrid

Common Name Azalea **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 24 Mar 2006

ApplicantRedlands Nursery Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLDAgentAussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD

Qualified Person Deo Singh

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, 191 Gordon Rd, Redland Bay, QLD

4165.

Descriptor Pot Azalea (new) (*Rhododendron simsii*) TG/140/4.

Period 2006 to 2008.

Conditions Twenty plants of each were grown on a randomised block

design in full sun. Plants were potted into progressively larger pots as they grew bigger. All standard agronomical nursery

practices were observed.

Trial Design Randomised complete block design.

Measurements Measurements were made from five advanced pots.

RHS Chart - edition 2000.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: In 1999, a branch of Azalea 'Plumtastic' was found to have smaller leaves and denser habit. Cuttings have been taken since year 2000; in at least last six generations, no off types were seen. Selection criteria: smaller leaf size, denser growth. Breeder: John Robert Bunker, Redlands Bay, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Young leaf	colour of upper side	red-green
Mature leaf	colour of upper side	dark green
Leaf	shape	elliptic

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Plumtastic'	Parental type is taller version of candidate.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Minitastic'	'Plumtastic'
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright
Young leaf: colour of upper side	red green	red green
*Mature leaf: length	short	medium
*Mature leaf: width	narrow to mediu	m medium
*Mature leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic
*Mature leaf: colour of upper side	dark green	dark green
*Mature leaf: colour of lower side	medium green	light green
Mature leaf: hairiness of upper side	medium	strong
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Minitastic'	'Plumtastic'
Plant: density	dense	medium
Water-shoots: presence	absent	present

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Minitastic'	'Plumtastic'
Mature leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	39.67	50.24
Std. Deviation	3.00	3.64
LSD/sig	3.81	P≤0.01
Mature leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	18.02	19.95
Std. Deviation	2.81	3.79
LSD/sig	3.81	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Deo Singh, Ormiston, QLD.

Application Number2008/265Variety Name'Shepherd'

Genus Species Hordeum vulgare

Common Name Barley **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 17 Nov 2008

Applicant The University of Western Australia, Grains Research &

Development Corporation

Agent State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries & Fisheries

Qualified Person Tony Done

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Leslie Research Centre, Toowoomba, QLD 4350.

Descriptor Barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) TG/19/10.

Period Jul-Nov 2008.

Conditions Well fertilised irrigated soil beds.

Trial Design Randomised block in 6 replications. Each plot consisted of a

single 2m row with approximately 90 plants. Row spacing

was 75cm.

Measurements Metric characters, except plant height, were measured on five

individuals from each plot. Plant height was measured as total height at two positions in each plot. Standard deviation (SD) was the average of the SDs for individual scores within each plot. Statistical analysis for significance tests was done on the

plot mean.

RHS Chart - edition

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Cheri' was crossed to 'Baronesse', the parents being selected for adaptation to Western Australia, good malting quality, and having moderate levels of leaf disease resistance. The F₁s were bulked, and lines from the cross were developed by selection and selfing. Several F₄ lines were distributed to the Australian breeding programs, as part of a nursery released from the UWA/GRDC germplasm introduction and evaluation project. Lines from this nursery were first grown by the DPI&F as part of the GRDC funded Northern Barley Improvement Program in 2000. The line was subsequently evaluated in barley yield trials throughout QLD and northern NSW. The initial tests occurred in Stage 2 trials in 2001 and 2002, with several lines from the cross progressing to Stage 3 trials in 2003. The line identified as 'NRB03470' was identified as having commercial potential based on yield across test sites, disease resistance profile, and malt quality evaluations. Feed quality for specific classes of livestock was estimated using data from 2007 trials. 'NRB03470' was renamed 'Shepherd' in 2008. 'Shepherd' is distinct from 'Baronesse' in having a greater awn length to ear length ratio than 'Baronesse', and from 'Cheri' in having rudimentary lateral spikelets, while those of 'Cheri' are small and sterile. Breeders: Ms Christina Grime, University of Western Australia, Dr David Poulsen and Dr Jerome Franckowiak, State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Lower leaves	hairiness of leaf sheaths	absent
Awns	anthocyanin colouration of tips	present
Ear	number of rows	two
Grain	rachilla hair type	long
Seasonal type		spring

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Baronesse'	Female parent of 'Shepherd'.
'Cheri'	Pollen parent of 'Shepherd'.
'Grout'	Similar agro-ecological range to 'Shepherd'.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	an/Plant Part: Context	'Shepherd'	'Baronesse'	'Cheri'	'Grout'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect	intermediate to semi- prostrate	semi-erect
□ shea	*Lowest leaves: hairiness of leaf ths	absent	absent	absent	absent
of au	*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration uricles	present	present	present	present
colo	*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin uration of auricles	strong	strong	very weak to weak	strong
	Plant: frequency of plants with rved flag leaves	high	high	high	high
	Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	strong	strong	strong
V	*Time of: ear emergence	medium	medium	medium	early
□ tips	*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of	present	present	present	present
	*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin uration of tips	weak	weak	weak	weak
	*Ear: glaucosity	strong	strong	weak	strong
	Ear: attitude	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	horizontal
V	*Plant: length	medium	medium	short	short
	*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two	two
	*Ear: density	medium	medium	medium	medium
	Ear: length	medium	medium	medium	medium
	*Awn: length	long	long	long	long

П	a h aut	a l a a <i>u</i> 4	a l a a <i>u</i> 4	a l a a <i>u</i> t
Rachis: length of first segment	short	short	short	short
Rachis: curvature of first segment	weak	weak	weak	weak
*Sterile spikelet: attitude	parallel	parallel	divergent	divergent
Median spikelet: length of glume and its awn relative to grain	equal	equal	equal	equal
*Grain: rachilla hair type	long	long	long	long
*Grain: husk	present	present	present	present
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent	mixed	absent
Grain: disposition of lodicules	clasping	clasping	clasping	clasping
□ *Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
	/ITP/CI			
Characteristics Additional to the Des		'Baronesse'	'Cheri'	'Grout'
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Shepherd'	Baronesse	small and	small and
Ear: lateral spikelets	rudimentary	rudimentary	sterile	sterile
~				
Statistical Table	(Cl - 1 - 19	(D	(61	60 41
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Shepherd'	'Baronesse'	'Cheri'	'Grout'
Organ/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm)	-			
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean	110	110	99	103
Organ/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	110 1.2	110 2.3	99 1.2	103 1.8
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	110	110	99	103
Organ/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation	110 1.2	110 2.3	99 1.2	103 1.8
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean	110 1.2 4.8	110 2.3 ns	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5	103 1.8 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9	99 1.2 P≤0.01	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	110 1.2 4.8	110 2.3 ns	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5	103 1.8 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm)	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2 4.5	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9 P≤0.01	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3 ns	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2 4.5	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9 P≤0.01	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3 ns	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm)	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2 4.5 143.9 6.1 10.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9 P≤0.01	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3 ns 116.6 7.3	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2 4.5 143.9 6.1 10.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9 P≤0.01	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3 ns 116.6 7.3	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: ratio of awn length to ear length	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2 4.5 143.9 6.1 10.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9 P≤0.01 133.3 7.7 P≤0.01	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3 ns 116.6 7.3 P≤0.01	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3 P≤0.01 124.9 4.7 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Plant: height (cm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Ear: ratio of awn length to ear length Mean	110 1.2 4.8 93.5 4.2 4.5 143.9 6.1 10.2	110 2.3 ns 98.2 5.9 P≤0.01 133.3 7.7 P≤0.01	99 1.2 P≤0.01 91.5 4.3 ns 116.6 7.3 P≤0.01	103 1.8 P≤0.01 87.8 5.3 P≤0.01 124.9 4.7 P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Dr. Tony Done, Leslie Research Centre, Toowoomba, QLD.

Application Number 2008/068 **Variety Name** 'Goddess'

Genus Species Common NameDianella caerulea

Blue Flax-Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 2 Dec 2008

ApplicantF D & O B Hockings, Maleny, QLDAgentAustraflora Pty Ltd, Yarra Glen, VIC

Qualified Person David Hockings.

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Maleny, QLD.

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN.

Period 2008/2009.

Conditions Open field conditions. Plants propagated from division of

rhizomes.

Trial Design 10 plants of each variety planted out at 1 metre spacing in

replicated randomised block design.

Measurements Measurements made from plant parts on each plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: selected from seedlings raised from seed taken from a collection of north QLD *Dianella* species at Hockings property at Maleny in the early 1990s. About 200 of these seedlings were planted around the property and later when the distinct form became obvious, three were selected and propagated by division and planted in part rows. Two of these selected seedlings (Variety # 1 and Variety #2) proved to be excellent for cut foliage and foliage has been exported as well as sold in the domestic market. The third seedling (Variety #3), has taller stems and tighter erect leaves and not considered suitable for cut foliage. It has been selected for landscape use. The selection has been propagated by tissue culture. Breeder: F D Hockings, Maleny, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Plant	growth habit	erect			
Stem	length of internodes	medium to long			
Leaf	attitude	erect to semi-erect			
Leaf	arching	weak to medium			
Leaf	width	wide			
Leaf	glaucosity of upper side	absent or very weak			
Leaf	variegation	absent			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TIZODE DIZIZIONI	, milesies of common 1200 (1000)
Name	Comments
Variety #2	A seedling from the same batch of seedlings as 'Goddess'.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(Cadd)	Variate #2
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Goddess'	Variety #2
Plant: growth habit	erect	erect
Plant: height	very tall	tall
Plant: density of shoots	dense	dense to very dense
Stem: length of internodes	medium to long	medium to long
Leaf: attitude	erect to semi-erec	cterect to semi-erect
Leaf: arching	weak to medium	weak to medium
Leaf: width	wide	wide
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	147A	137A
Leaf: colour of lower side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	147B	147B
Leaf: variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (variegated leaves only) (RHS colour chart)	S N/A	N/A
Leaf: shape of blade	linear	linear
Leaf: shape of apex	acuminate	acuminate
Leaf: cross-section	concave	concave
Leaf: spines on margin	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on margin	medium	medium
Leaf: colour of margin (in winter)	green	green
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	medium	medium
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple	red-purple
Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak	very weak
Inflorescence: height in relation to foliage	above	above
Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	96C	96B
Flower: colour of anther (RHS colour chart)	199D	199A
Fruit: colour of immature fruit (RHS colour chart)	144A	144A
П	89A	89A
Fruit: colour of mature fruit (RHS colour chart)	black	black
Seed: colour	UIACK	UIACK

Statistical Table

Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Goddess'	Variety #2
Stem: length (excluding inflorescence) (mm)		
Mean	1402	858
Std. Deviation	133.4	80.3
LSD/sig	141.7	P≤0.01
Number of leaves per plant		_
Mean	25.4	18.7
Std. Deviation	2.27	2.36
LSD/sig	2.98	2.30 P≤0.01
	2.70	1_0.01
Leaf angle to stem (Lower leaves) (degrees)		
Mean	79.8	66.9
Std. Deviation	3.46	5.61
LSD/sig	6.0	P≤0.01
Leaf length (mm)		
Mean	286.5	270.5
Std. Deviation	70.5	59.6
LSD/sig	28.29	ns
Leaf width (mm)		
Mean	23.2	33.1
Std. Deviation	2.97	4.06
LSD/sig	1.71	P≤0.01
Angle of lower leaf sheaths to stems (degrees)	21,72	1_001
Mean	84.3	82.5
Std. Deviation	1.06	0.71
LSD/sig	1.16	P≤0.01
	1.10	1_0.01
Lear sneam: length (mm)	4.70	1000
Mean	153.9	133.0
Std. Deviation	14.43	15.61 P. 60.01
LSD/sig	9.09	P≤0.01
Angle of leaf blade fold (degrees)		
Mean	147.3	123.7
Std. Deviation	24.49	27.48
LSD/sig	16.15	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length (mm)		
Mean	825	882
Std. Deviation	98.3	49.3
LSD/sig	100.1	ns
Inflorescence: number of nodes		
Mean	12.7	15.1
Std. Deviation	2.41	1.37
LSD/sig	2.52	P≤0.01
<i>6</i>	· = •	

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior application nil. First sold in Australia on 4th May 2007.

Description: F D Hockings, Maleny, QLD.

Application Number 2008/060
Variety Name 'Kaleidoscope'
Genus Species Abelia x grandiflora

Common Name Bush Lemons

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 26 Mar 2008

Applicant Panoramic Farms, Marshville, NC, USA

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN-DES.

Period Jun 2008 to Dec 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in the open, plants propagated and grown in

50mm tubes during Apr to Jul 2008. In Aug the tubes were potted and grown on in 140mm containers. Containers filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease treatments were

applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: occurred on Panoramic Farms, 3110 Tarlton Mill Road, USA in 1997 on a single branch of a plant grown within a crop of *Abelia* 'Little Richard'. This plant was initially isolated and allowed to grow further before the mutation was then propagated via cuttings to establish trial plants. The mutation was isolated for its colourful variegated foliage. When the trial plants had matured the plant was finally selected for with the following selection criteria: Leaf: variegation present, Plant: habit bushy and Plant: density dense. Propagation: via cuttings. This initial and numerous subsequent generations have all been found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Panoramic Farms, 3110 Tarlton Mill Road, USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	growth habit	bushy		
Leaf	presence of variegation	present		
Leaf	type of variegation	marginal		
Leaf	marginal colour mature leaf	yellow		
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				

Name Comments

'Sunny' Also known as Sunrise

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu Charact	0		State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Mardi Gras'	Leaf	marginal colour mature leaf	yellow	green-white	
'Snow Shower'	Leaf	marginal colour mature leaf	yellow	white	
'Little Richard'	Leaf	presence of vareigation	present	absent	Parental variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Kaleidoscope'	'Sunny'
	Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new growth	present	present
	Leaf: shape	ovate	ovate
	Leaf: shape of apex	acuminate	acuminate
	Leaf: incision of margin	present	present
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	strong	very strong
	Leaf: presence of variegation	present	present
	Leaf: type of variegation	marginal	marginal
V	Leaf: degree of variegation	high	low to medium
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
		/TT 1 1 1 1	/ C
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Kaleidoscope'	'Sunny'
_	gan/Plant Part: Context Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface	'Kaleidoscope' very weak to weak	'Sunny'
		very weak to	'Sunny'
	Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface Plant: density	very weak to weak	·
	Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface	very weak to weak dense	·
	Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface Plant: density Stem: degree of anthocyanin colouration in new growth	very weak to weak dense strong yellow-green	medium yellow-green
	Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface Plant: density Stem: degree of anthocyanin colouration in new growth Leaf: central colour mature leaf (RHS)	very weak to weak dense strong yellow-green 146A	medium yellow-green 146A
	Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface Plant: density Stem: degree of anthocyanin colouration in new growth Leaf: central colour mature leaf (RHS) Leaf: marginal colour mature leaf (RHS)	very weak to weak dense strong yellow-green 146A yellow 6D yellow-orange	medium yellow-green 146A yellow 6C
	Leaf: degree of undulation of the surface Plant: density Stem: degree of anthocyanin colouration in new growth Leaf: central colour mature leaf (RHS) Leaf: marginal colour mature leaf (RHS) Leaf: marginal colour new leaf (RHS)	very weak to weak dense strong yellow-green 146A yellow 6D yellow-orange 15B greyed-purple	medium yellow-green 146A yellow 6C yellow 12A greyed-purple

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Japan	2006	Applied	'Kaleidoscope'
EÜ	2006	Applied	'Kaleidoscope'
USA	2005	Granted	'Kaleidoscope'

First sold in USA in Jan 2005. First Australian sale Jan 2008.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2006/021 **Variety Name** 'J9277'

Genus Species Common NameAgaricus bisporus
Button Mushroom

Synonym Velocity **Accepted Date** 24 Mar 2006

Applicant Sylvan America, Kittanning, PA, USA

Agent Sylvan Australia Pty Ltd, Londonderry, NSW.

Qualified Person Marion Lawson

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Londonderry, NSW.

Descriptor Aguricus Mushroom (*Agaricus bisporus/A. bitorquis/A.*

arvensis) TG/MUSHROOM (proj. 1).

Period Nov 2006 – Jan 2007.

Conditions Grown in atmosphere controlled sandwich panelled rooms.

The air temperature, compost temperature, relative humidity and carbon dioxide and air speed were all monitored and

controlled within the growing room

Trial Design The Agaricus bisporus strain 'Sylvan A15' was used as a

comparator in the 'J9277' Comparative Trial. 'Sylvan A15' is currently the most commonly use strain of *Agaricus bisporus* in the world. The trial was designed to verify the characteristics of experimental strain 'J9277'. All raw materials used in growing the experimental crop 'J9277' and comparator 'Sylvan A15' were the same. These included: compost analysis; spawning rates; casing material; casing moisture; casing inoculum and chemicals used. Twenty mushrooms from each of the 'J9277' and 'Sylvan A15' crops were randomly selected and measured. Measurement criteria: 1. Cap width 2. Cap thickness 3. Cap height 4. Cap roundness 5. Stem length 6. Proportional stem length. A t-test was used to assess the statistical significance of the observed

differences.

Measurements Based on the technical descriptor.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

'J9277' is a fourth-generation hybrid descended from the tetrasporic brown wild parent strain 'JB137', which belongs to the taxonomic variety *Agaricus bisporus* var. *burnettii*, and the commercial white parent strain 'U1', which belongs to *Agaricus bisporus* var. *bisporus*. Contemporaneously, another first generation hybrid was produced from crosses between wild bisporic parent strain 'RWK 1643' and the white commercial parent strain known as 'White Queen 101'. Several hybrid offspring of these crosses were screened, and hybrid strain 'B5069' was selected for further development. Further crosses were carried out and the product of the successful cross was designated 'J9277'. Crops of 'J9277' were produced and a culture of 'J9277' was re-isolated from tissue explants from mushrooms obtained from these crops. A deposit of a culture of hybrid strain 'J9277' as disclosed herein has been made with the

American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, VA 20110. The date of deposit was May 3, 2005. The culture deposited was taken from the same culture maintained by Sylvan Inc., Kittanning, PA, the assignee of record. The ATCC Accession No. is PTA-6692. J9277 carries distinctive genetic markers not found in the Horst U1/U3 lineage group. For example the new hybrid variety J9277 has a novel DNA sequence in the ITS1+2 region of the nuclear rRNA gene complex.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Cap	colour	white
Stipe	diameter	medium
Cap	shape in longitudinal section	transverse elliptic
Open cap	margin	partly frayed

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'A15'	Most common strain grown commercially.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'J9277'	'A15'
~	*Basidium: number of spores	four	two
~	Stipe: length	medium to long	medium
	Stipe: diameter	medium	medium
	Stipe: ratio length/diameter	medium to large	medium
	*Stipe: shape in longitudinal section	rectangular	rectangular
	Stipe: swollen base in longitudinal section	present	present
	Stipe: distance from base to veil remnant ring	long	medium
	Cap: height	medium	medium
	Cap: diameter	small	medium
~	Cap: ratio height/diameter	large	medium
	*Cap: shape in longitudinal section	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
	Cap: thickness in longitudinal section	medium	medium
	Cap: amount of scales	absent or very lov	vabsent or very low
	*Cap: colour	white	white
	Gills: colour at time of breaking of the veil	pink	pink
	Open cap: diameter	medium	large
~	Open cap: thickness	medium	thick
	*Open cap: margin	partly frayed	partly frayed

*Open cap: central part of upper side	depressed	flat		
Discolouration of: cutting surface	weak	medium		
*Flushing pattern: earliness of first flush	early	medium		
Flushing pattern: duration of first flush	short	medium		
*Flushing pattern: earliness of second flush	early	medium		
Flushing pattern: duration of second flush	short	medium		
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'J9277'	'A15'		
Flushing pattern: uniformity of rhythm	present	absent		
Cap: colour (RHS)	155D	155B		
Antagonism: heterokaryon strains Horst U1/U3	present	absent		
Statistical Table				
Statistical Table				
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'J9277'	'A15'		
	'J9277'	'A15'		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'J9277' 0.32	'A15' 0.28		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio)				
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean	0.32	0.28		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation	0.32 0.02	0.28 0.03		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.32 0.02	0.28 0.03		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Cap: roundness (ratio)	0.32 0.02 0.034	0.28 0.03 P≤0.01		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Cap: roundness (ratio) Mean	0.32 0.02 0.034 0.59	0.28 0.03 P≤0.01		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Cap: roundness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation	0.32 0.02 0.034 0.59 0.02	0.28 0.03 P≤0.01 0.54 0.03		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Cap: roundness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	0.32 0.02 0.034 0.59 0.02	0.28 0.03 P≤0.01 0.54 0.03		
Organ/Plant Part: Context Cap: fleshiness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Cap: roundness (ratio) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Stipe: proportional stem length (ratio)	0.32 0.02 0.034 0.59 0.02 0.057	0.28 0.03 P≤0.01 0.54 0.03 ns		

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in the USA in Jun 2004. First Australian sale Feb 2005.

Description: Marion Lawson, Sylvan Australia Pty Ltd, Londonderry, NSW.

Application Number 2006/190 **Variety Name** 'Sunbelore'

Genus Species Calibrachoa hybrid

Common NameCalibrachoaSynonymOrange ChimesAccepted Date11 Sep 2006

Applicant Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan

Agent Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Glenorie, NSW.

Descriptor Calibrachoa (*Calibrachoa*) TG/207/1.

Period Feb to Apr 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted open beds, rooted cuttings planted into

140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random. One sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '9013' x pollen parent '9019'. The seed parent is characterised by a red flower colour and a spreading growth habit. The pollen parent is characterised by an orange-red flower colour and an upright growth habit. 'Sunbelore' was selected due to its orange flower colour combined with strong floriferous growth and a mounding growth habit. Propagation: vegetative cuttings and micropropagation were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Takeshi Kanaya, Shiga, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	medium
Shoot	length	short to medium
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Corolla lobe	number of colours of upper side	two
Corolla lobe	main colour of upper side	greyed-orange/yellow
Corolla lobe	secondary colour of upper side	orange/red
Corolla lobe Flower	main colour of inner sid	leyellow/yellow-orange single

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

of upper side

Name		Comments	
'Sunbelfire	,		
Varieties o	of Common Knowledge ide	entified and subs	equently excluded
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristic	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comments Comparator Variety
'Sunbelki'	Corolla lobe main colour of upper side		yellow
'Sunbelkist	'Corolla lobe main colour	greyed-orange	yellow

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}\text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sunbelore'	'Sunbelfire'
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Plant: height	medium	medium
*Shoot: length	short to medium	short to medium
*Leaf blade: length	medium	short to medium
*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium
Leaf blade: shape of apex	narrow acute	narrow acute
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side (non-variegated varieties only)	medium to dark	medium to dark
Petiole: length	absent or very short	absent or very short
Pedicel: length	medium to long	medium
*Sepal: length	medium	short to medium
*Sepal: width	medium	narrow to medium
Sepal: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Flower: type	single	single
*Flower: diameter	small	small
Flower: degree of lobing	medium	weak
*Corolla lobe: number of colours of upper side	two	two
*Corolla lobe: main colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	N172A to 168A	9A
*Corolla lobe: secondary colour of upper side (bi- and multi-coloured varieties only) (RHS colour chart)	29A	43A

*Corolla lobe	*Corolla lobe: conspicuousness of veins on upper side			absent or very weak
Corolla lobe:	Corolla lobe: shape of apex			cuspidate
Corolla tube:	maximum ler	ngth	medium	medium
*Corolla tube: main colour of inner side (RHS colour chart)			ca 12A	14A
Corolla tube: conspicuousness of veins on inner side			medium	weak
Prior Application	ns and Sales			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
Canada	2005	Granted	'Sunbelore'	
Norway	2006	Applied	'Sunbelore'	
New Zealand	2006	Applied	'Sunbelore'	
EU	2006	Granted	'Sunbel Orange'	
USA	2005	Granted	'Sunbelore'	

First sold in Canada in Apr 2005. First Australian sale Sep 2005.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/066
Variety Name 2007/066
'Sunbelfire'

Genus Species Calibrachoa hybrid

Common NameCalibrachoaSynonymCrackling ChimesAccepted Date28 Mar 2007

Applicant Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan

Agent Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Glenorie, NSW

Descriptor Calibrachoa (*Calibrachoa*) TG/207/1.

Period Feb to Apr 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, rooted cuttings planted into

140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random. One sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'R13' x pollen parent 'E20'. The seed parent is characterised by a red flower colour and a tall plant height. The pollen parent is characterised by a red flower colour and rounded corolla lobes. 'Sunbelfire' was selected due to its attractive flower colour combined with a uniform growth habit. Propagation: vegetative cuttings and micropropagation were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Takeshi Kanaya, Shiga, Japan.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	medium
Shoot	length	short to medium
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Corolla lobe	number of colours of upper side	two
Corolla lobe	main colour of upper side	yellow
Corolla lobe	secondary colour of upper side	red/red-purple
Corolla lobe	main colour of inner sid	eyellow-orange/yellow
Flower	type	single

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Sunbelkist'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sunbelfire'	'Sunbelkist'
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Plant: height	medium	medium
*Shoot: length	short to medium	short to medium
*Leaf blade: length	short to medium	short
*Leaf blade: width	medium	narrow to medium
Leaf blade: shape of apex	narrow acute	broad acute
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side (non-variegated varieties only)	medium to dark	medium to dark
Petiole: length	absent or very short	absent or very short
Pedicel: length	medium	medium
*Sepal: length	medium	medium
*Sepal: width	narrow to mediur	nnarrow to medium
Sepal: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
*Flower: type	single	single
*Flower: diameter	small	small
Flower: degree of lobing	weak	weak
*Corolla lobe: number of colours of upper side	two	two
*Corolla lobe: main colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	9A	9B-C
*Corolla lobe: secondary colour of upper side (bi- and multi-coloured varieties only) (RHS colour chart)	43A	59A-66A
*Corolla lobe: conspicuousness of veins on upper side	absent or very weak	strong
Corolla lobe: shape of apex	cuspidate	rounded
Corolla tube: maximum length	medium	medium
*Corolla tube: main colour of inner side (RHS colour chart)	14A	9B-C
Corolla tube: conspicuousness of veins on inner side Prior Applications and Sales	weak	strong

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2004	Rejected	'Sunbelfire'
Japan	2006	Applied	'Sunbelfire'
Norway	2005	Applied	'Sunbelfire'
EU	2006	Granted	'Sunbelfire'
USA	2005	Granted	'Sunbelfire'

First sold in USA in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Jul 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/067 **Variety Name** 'Sunbelflam'

Genus Species Calibrachoa hybrid

Common Name Calibrachoa **Synonym** Pink Chimes **Accepted Date** 16 Mar 2007

Applicant Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan

Agent Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Glenorie, NSW.

Descriptor Calibrachoa (*Calibrachoa*) TG/207/1.

Period Feb to Apr 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, rooted cuttings planted into

140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random. One sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '9P6' x pollen parent '9L2'. The seed parent is characterised by a red purple flower colour and a small flower diameter. The pollen parent is characterised by a purple flower colour and a small flower diameter. 'Sunbelflam' was selected due to its attractive flower colour combined with a uniform growth habit. Propagation: vegetative cuttings and micropropagation were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Takeshi Kanaya, Shiga, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf blade	width	narrow to medium
Leaf blade	length	short to medium
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Corolla lobe	number of colours of	one
	upper side	
Corolla lobe	main colour of upper	red-purple
	side	
Corolla lobe	main colour of lower	red-purple
	side	
Corolla lobe	main colour of inner sic	leyellow
Flower	type	single

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)
Name Comments 'Sunbelchipi'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression i	n State of Expression in
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Toluca'	Corolla lobe colour	N74B-C	74A
'Toluca'	Flower diameter	medium to large	small to medium

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Sunbelflam'	'Sunbelchipi'
V	Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	upright
	*Plant: height	short to medium	medium
	*Shoot: length	short to medium	medium
	*Leaf blade: length	short to medium	short to medium
	*Leaf blade: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
	Leaf blade: shape of apex	narrow acute	narrow acute
	*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
vari	*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side (non-variegated eties only)	medium	medium to dark
	Petiole: length	absent or very short	absent or very short
	Pedicel: length	short to medium	short to medium
	*Sepal: length	medium	medium
	*Sepal: width	medium	medium
	Sepal: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Flower: type	single	single
	*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium to large
V	Flower: degree of lobing	weak	medium
	*Corolla lobe: number of colours of upper side	one	one
cha	*Corolla lobe: main colour of upper side (RHS colour rt)	N74B-C	57A
	*Corolla lobe: conspicuousness of veins on upper side	weak to medium	medium
V	Corolla lobe: main colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	N74C	64A
	Corolla lobe: shape of apex	rounded	rounded
	Corolla tube: maximum length	medium	medium

*Corolla tube: main colour of inner side (RHS colour chart)			ca 13B	13A
Corolla 1	tube: conspicuousnes	s of veins on inner side	weak to medium	weak to medium
Prior Appli	cations and Sales			
Country	Year	Current Status	Nama Applied	
Country	i ear	Current Status	Name Applied	
Canada	2005	Granted Granted	'Sunbelflam'	
•				
Canada	2005	Granted	'Sunbelflam'	

First sold in USA in Apr 2005. First Australian sale Jul 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number2006/191Variety Name'Sunbel-labu'Genus SpeciesCalibrachoa hybrid

Common NameCalibrachoaSynonymLavender ChimesAccepted Date11 Sep 2006

Applicant Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan

Agent Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Glenorie, NSW.

Descriptor Calibrachoa (*Calibrachoa*) TG/207/1.

Period Feb to Apr 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, rooted cuttings planted into

140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random. One sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '9LB6' x pollen parent '9LB1'. The seed parent is characterised by a small, purple violet flower. The pollen parent is characterised by a medium to tall plant height and a purple violet flower colour. 'Sunbel-labu' was selected due to its light purple flower colour combined with a spreading growth habit and small flower size. Propagation: vegetative cuttings and micropropagation were found to be uniform and stable. Breeders: Takeshi Kanaya and Yasuyuki Murakami, Shiga, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	short to medium/short
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Corolla lobe	number of colours of upper side	two
Corolla lobe	main colour of upper side	violet/purple violet
Corolla lobe	secondary colour of upper side	purple violet/purple
Corolla lobe	main colour of inner sid	legreyed-yellow/yellow
Flower	type	single

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	nore of the comparators are marked with a tick.	'Sunbel-labu'	'Wescaice'
V	gan/Plant Part: Context		
	Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	creeping
	*Plant: height	short to medium	short
	*Shoot: length	short to medium	very short
V	*Leaf blade: length	short	medium
V	*Leaf blade: width	narrow	broad
	Leaf blade: shape of apex	broad acute	broad acute
	*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
□ vari	*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side (non-variegated leties only)	medium	medium
	Petiole: length	absent or very short	absent or very short
	Pedicel: length	short to medium	short to medium
V	*Sepal: length	short to medium	medium to long
	*Sepal: width	narrow to medium	medium
	Sepal: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Flower: type	single	single
~	*Flower: diameter	small	medium to large
	Flower: degree of lobing	very weak to weak	weak
	*Corolla lobe: number of colours of upper side	two	two
cha:	*Corolla lobe: main colour of upper side (RHS colour rt)	N87D	81C
▽ mul	*Corolla lobe: secondary colour of upper side (bi- and ti-coloured varieties only) (RHS colour chart)	N82B	76A
	*Corolla lobe: conspicuousness of veins on upper side	weak	weak
~	Corolla lobe: main colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	76A	76C
V	Corolla lobe: shape of apex	emarginate	rounded
	Corolla tube: maximum length	short to medium	medium
▽ cha	*Corolla tube: main colour of inner side (RHS colour	ca 162A	9B-C
	Corolla tube: conspicuousness of veins on inner side	weak	weak

^{&#}x27;Wescaice'

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2004	Granted	'Sunbel-labu'
Japan	2004	Granted	'Sunbel-labu'
USA	2004	Granted	'Sunbel-labu'
EU	2005	Granted	'Sunbellabu'

First sold in USA in Apr 2003. First Australian sale Sep 2005.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/068 **Variety Name** 'Sunbelsafu'

Genus Species Calibrachoa hybrid

Common NameCalibrachoaSynonymBlue ChimesAccepted Date03 May 2007

Applicant Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan

Agent Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Glenorie, NSW.

Descriptor Calibrachoa (*Calibrachoa*) TG/207/1.

Period Feb to Apr 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted open beds, rooted cuttings planted into

140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release fertilisers, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random. One sample per plant.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent 'V14' x pollen parent 'P30'. The seed parent is characterised by a violet flower colour and a spreading growth habit. The pollen parent is characterised by a purple flower colour, medium flower diameter and deep corolla lobe incisions. 'Sunbelsafu' was selected due to its attractive flower colour combined with a uniform growth habit. Propagation: vegetative cuttings and micropropagation were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Takeshi Kanaya, Shiga, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	semi-upright
Leaf blade	width	narrow to medium
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Corolla lobe	number of colours of upper side	one
Corolla lobe	main colour of upper side	purple-violet
Corolla lobe	main colour of lower side	purple-violet
Corolla lobe	main colour of inner sid	eyellow
Flower	type	single

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'USCAL151'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression	onState of
		in Candidate Variety	Expression in Comparator Variety
'Sunbelkubu'	Plant growth habit	semi-upright	creeping
'USCALI4'	Corolla lobe main colour of upper side	1 0	N82A
'KLEC99R14'	Corolla lobe main colour of upper side	N81A	82A
'KLEC00070'	Corolla lobe main colour of upper side	N81A	82A
'KLEC00069'	Corolla lobe main colour of upper side	N81A	82A
'Liricashower Blue'	Corolla lobe main colour of upper side	N81A	82A

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sunbelsafu'	'USCAL151'
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
*Plant: height	medium	tall
*Shoot: length	short to medium	medium
*Leaf blade: length	medium	medium to long
*Leaf blade: width	narrow to mediur	nnarrow to medium
Leaf blade: shape of apex	narrow acute	broad acute
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: green colour of upper side (non-variegated varieties only)	medium	medium
Petiole: length	absent or very short	very short to short
Pedicel: length	short	very short to short
*Sepal: length	short to medium	medium
*Sepal: width	narrow to mediur	n narrow
Sepal: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
*Flower: type	single	single
*Flower: diameter	medium	large
Flower: degree of lobing	medium	medium
*Corolla lobe: number of colours of upper side	one	one
*Corolla lobe: main colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	N81A	N82A-B

□ *Corolla	lobe: conspicuousne	ess of veins on upper side	medium to strong	medium
_	•	ower side (RHS colour ch	art) N80C	N81C
=			rounded	cuspidate
Corolla t	ube: maximum lengt	h	short to medium	medium
*Corolla	tube: main colour of	inner side (RHS colour	ca 11B	10-12B
chart)			vu 11B	10 125
Corolla t	ube: conspicuousnes	s of veins on inner side	weak	weak to medium
Prior Applic	ations and Sales			
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
Canada	2006	Applied	'Sunbelsafu'	
Japan	2006	Granted	'Sunbelsafu'	
USA	2006	Granted	'Sunbelsafu'	

First sold in Japan in Apr 2006. First Australian sale Jul 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number2005/134Variety Name'MACtro'Genus SpeciesCanna hybrid

Common NameCannaSynonymNil

Accepted Date 9 Jun 2005

Applicant Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk Road, Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°50'8.08 South,

elevation 285m).

Descriptor Canna (DRAFT) (Canna) TG/CANNA (proj.2).

Period 1 Flowering cycle from dormancy in the winter 2008 to

flowering in the summer (Jan 2009). Rhizomes have been in

the ground for a minimum of three years.

Conditions Plants of both 'MACtro' and 'Pretoria' were planted as part

of a trial garden plot for Canna varieties at the property of Anthony Tesselaar Plants in Silvan. The trial had been under a modicum of stress due to drought conditions and are possibly not at their optimum. Also a possible virus was detected in both candidate and comparator although in the opinion of QP, not enough to disregard planted trial for

description.

Trial Design Randomised block plantings of between 12 to 20 plants.

Measurements Taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Canna 'MACtro' was the result of a spontaneous mutation of Canna 'Phasion' maintained at the nursery in Manurewa, NZ. The resultant plant was selected out and vegetatively propagated. It has been grown for several years and shown to be stable. Several subsequent generations have been propagated vegetatively and have also shown to be stable. All breeding was carried out by, or under the supervision of Neil MacCormick All rights to this variety in Australia have been signed over to Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd by assignment.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowleage					
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Plant	total height at flowering	medium			
Plant	growth habit	upright			
Plant	number of shots (from basal eyes)	very few			
Leaf	relief of veins	conspicuous			
Leaf blade	main colour	green			
Leaf blade	variegation	present			
Leaf blade	variegation colour	yellow			
Flower	main colour group	orange			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)
Name Comments 'Pretoria'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteristics	in Candidate	Comparator Variety	
		Variety		
'Bengal	Leaf anthocyania	nabsent	present	Looked to be identical to
Tiger'	bladecolouration	l		'Pretoria'.
'Phasion'	Leaf colour	green with yellow variegation	reddish purple	Parent.

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'MACtro'	'Pretoria'
	*Plant: total height at flowering	medium	medium
	Plant: growth habit	upright	upright
	Plant: number of shoots	very few	very few
	*Plant: anthocyanin colouration of stem	absent	present
	Leaf: width	medium	medium
	Leaf: ratio height/width	longer than broad	longer than broad
	*Leaf: relief of veins	conspicuous	conspicuous
	Leaf: degree of conspiciousness of veins	strong	medium to strong
	*Leaf blade: main colour	green	green
	*Leaf blade: variegation	present	present
	*Leaf blade: variegation colour	yellow	yellow
~	*Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration	absent	present
antl	Leaf blade: intensity of colour for varieties without nocyanin	medium	
	Leaf: intensity of variegation	strong	medium to strong
	Inflorescence: length of floral part of stalk end	medium	medium
	Plant: position of the floral part in relation with the foliage	above	above
	Inflorescence: number of flowers	medium	medium
	Flower: size	medium	medium
~	*Flower: number of colours	two	one
~	*Flower: main colour (RHS Colour Chart)	23A	N25B
	Flower: intensity of colour	strong	strong
~	*Flower: secondary colour	present	absent

*Flower: hue of the secondary colour	yellow	
*Flower: secondary colour pattern	bordered	
Petals: position (open flower)	spreading	spreading
Petals: overlapping	present	present
Flower: width of edging on petals	medium	medium
Time of: flowering	medium	medium
Fruit: colour (before maturity)	green	reddish green
Fruit: size	medium	small
Fruit: presence of seeds	present	present
Fruit: number of seeds	many	many
Prior Applications and Sales		

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2004	Applied	'MACtro'
New Zealand	2003	Granted	'MACtro'
EU	2005	Granted	'MACtro'
USA	2001	Granted	'MACtro'
South Africa	2006	Applied	'MACtro'

First sold in the USA in Apr 2003.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2006/314 **Variety Name** 'Lon01' **Genus Species** Canna hybrid

Common Name Canna **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 22 Dec 2006

Applicant Lone Star International, S.A. de C.V., Jalosco, Mexico

Agent Anthony Tesselaar Plants Pty Ltd, Silvan, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk Road, Silvan, VIC (Latitude 37°50'8.08 South,

elevation 285m).

Descriptor Canna (DRAFT) (*Canna*)

Period 1 Flowering cycle from dormancy in the winter 2008 to

flowering in the Summer (Jan 2009). Rhizomes have been in

the ground for a minimum of three years.

Conditions Plants of both 'Lon01' and 'Wyoming' were planted as part

of a drought tolerant trial garden plot for many species at the property of Anthony Tesselaar Plants in Silvan. The trial looked in good vigour and could clearly demonstrate

characteristics of both candidate and comparator.

Trial Design Random blocks of between 10-20 plants of both 'Lon01' and

'Wyoming' throughout 5 trial areas.

Measurements Taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

'Lon01' was a chance seedling from a population of seeds that were randomly collected from a group of Cannas. The variety was a natural cross therefore the breeder is uncertain as to the exact parentage, however the following varieties were present and flowering at the time of pollination: 'Yellow King Humbert', 'Northstar Landscape Red', 'Crimson Beauty', 'Rose Futurity', 'President', 'Angle Pink Beauty'. The seedling 'Lon01' showed excellent horticultural characteristics. It was initially multiplied by division and found to be consistent and stable and has been subsequently multiplied by division to develop commercial numbers. The selection was made by Mr Greg Goff at his property at Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	number of shoots (from basal eyes) very few			
Plant	anthocyanin colouration	present		
Leaf	relief of veins	conspicuous		
Leaf blade	variegation	absent		
Leaf blade	intensity of anthocyanin	strong		
	colouration			
Flower	number of colours	one		
Flower	colour group	red-orange		
Plant	Growth habit	upright		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)
Name Comments

'Wyoming'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting Charac	uishing teristics	-	State of Expression in tyComparator Variety	Commets
'Phision'	Leaf blade	variegatio	onabsent	present	synonym Tropicanna
'Rose Faturity'	Flower	colour group	red-orange	fuschia pink	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Lon01'	'Wyoming'
~	*Plant: total height at flowering	medium to tall	tall to very tall
	Plant: growth habit	upright	upright
	Plant: number of shoots	very few	very few
	*Plant: anthocyanin colouration of stem	present	present
~	Plant: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of stem	strong to very strong	medium to strong
	Leaf: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
	Leaf: ratio height/width	longer than broad	longer than broad
	*Leaf: relief of veins	conspicuous	conspicuous
	Leaf: degree of conspiciousness of veins	weak	weak
V	*Leaf blade: main colour	purple	green
	*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent
	*Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong
	*Leaf blade: anthocyanin colouration pattern	diffuse	diffuse
	Inflorescence: length of floral part of stalk end	medium	medium
	Plant: position of the floral part in relation with the foliage	strongly above	strongly above
V	Inflorescence: number of flowers	many	medium
	Flower: size	medium	medium
	*Flower: number of colours	one	one
~	*Flower: main colour (RHS Colour Chart)	33A	23A
	Flower: intensity of colour	strong	strong
	*Flower: secondary colour	absent	absent
	Petals: position (open flower)	spreading	spreading

Petals: overlapping	present	present
Flower: width of edging on petals	medium	medium
Time of: flowering	medium	medium
Fruit: colour (before maturity)	green	red
Fruit: size	medium	medium
Fruit: presence of seeds	present	present
Fruit: number of seeds	many	many

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'Lon01' **Current Status** 2006 Applied USA

First sold in the USA in Apr 2006.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2008/105 **Variety Name** 'Floriametrine'

Genus Species Dianthus caryophyllus

Common Name Carnation

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 27 May 2008

Applicant International Flower Developments Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Michael Senior

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 1 Park Drive, Bundoora, 3083, VIC. **Descriptor** Carnation (*Dianthus*) TG/25/8.

Period Trial data collected from 10 May 08 to 22 Aug 08.

Conditions Plants were grown in a polycarbonate house in 150mm pots

on raised benches. Media used was Perlite/Peat, ratio 3:1. An automated fertigation system was used to irrigate and fertilise the plants. An automated system was also used to control

bench heating, evaporative cooling and shade screens.

Trial Design The trial was set up in five blocks with 17 to 20 plants per

variety. Comparator varieties were placed next to the

candidate variety in each block.

Measurements Were taken for all plants that flowered during

the trial. Statistical analysis was completed for 17 plants each

of the candidate and comparator varieties.

RHS Chart - edition Fifth edition, 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Genetic modification: The candidate variety was bred using genetic modification for flower colour from carnation variety 'KC'. The parental variety has pink flower colour and modified new variety has red-purple flower colour. Vegetative propagation has been used to maintain the variety in its present form over 3 generations. Breeder: International Flower Developments Pty Ltd, Bundoora, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	arrangement of individual flowers	one-flowered
Leaf	shape	elliptic
Flower	colour	red-purple
Flower	type	double
Flower	profile of upper part of corolla	flat convex
Flower	profile of lower part of corolla	flat convex
Petal	predominant shape	type3
Calyx	shape	cylindrical

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Vega'

'Purple Spectro'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with gan/Plant Part: Context	a tick. 'Floriametrine'	'Purple Spectro'	'Vega'
flov	Stem: laterals without flower buds or	present	present	present
-	Stem: number of internodes between ealyx and lowest node with laterals with ver buds or flowers	four	four	four
flov	Plant: laterals with flower buds or vers of second order	present	present	present
	Stem: arrangement of totality of flowers rieties with laterals with flower buds or vers only)	domed	domed	domed
	Plant: arrangement of individual flowers	one-flowered	one-flowered	one-flowered
		medium	medium	medium
	Stem: cross section	circular	circular	circular
	Stem: hollowness	absent	absent	absent
	*Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	elliptic
	Leaf: longitudinal axis	recurved	rolled	recurved
	Leaf: cross section	concave	concave	weakly concave
	Leaf: colour	green	green	green
	Leaf: waxy layer	weak	weak	weak
	Leaf: spiny ciliation of margin	absent	absent	absent
	*Bud: shape	ellipsoid	ellipsoid	ellipsoid
	Bud: extrusion of styles	absent	absent	absent
	*Flower: profile of upper part of corolla	flat convex	flat convex	flat convex
	*Flower: profile of lower part of corolla	flat convex	flat convex	flat convex
	Flower: fragrance	absent	absent	absent
□ rela	Epicalyx: position of outer leaves in tion to calyx	adpressed	adpressed	adpressed
	*Epicalyx: apex of outer lobes	acute	acute	acute
	*Epicalyx: apex of inner lobes	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate
	*Calyx: shape	cylindrical	cylindrical	cylindrical

	Calyx: longitudinal axis of lobes	flat	flat	flat
	Calyx: anthocyanin colouration of lobes	absent	absent	absent
	Calyx: shape of lobe	short acuminate	short acuminate	short acuminate
	*Flower: type	double	double	double
	Petal: predominant shape	type 3	type 3	type 3
V	Petal: surface of blade	flat	flat	undulating
V	*Petal: margin of blade	crenate-dentate	crenate	crenate-dentate
	Petal: depth of incisions of blade	very shallow	very shallow	very shallow
V	*Petal: number of colours of blade	one	two	one
~	*Petal: colour distribution of blade	striated	picotee-speckled	flushed
>	*Petal: main colour (RHS colour chart)	N78a	73A with N74A margin and speckles	64B
~	*Petal: main secondary colour of blade	purple	white or near white	white or near white
	Petal: macule	absent	absent	absent
	*Ovary: shape	obovoid	obovoid	obovoid
	Ovary: main colour of lower part	green	green	green
	Ovary: surface	smooth	smooth	smooth
	Styles: number	only two		
	Style: shoulder	absent	absent	absent
V	Stigma: colour	white or cream	white or cream	white with purple flush
	<u>tistical Table</u>			
_	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Floriametrine'	'Purple Spectro'	'Vega'
V	Plant: height at flowering (mm)			
Me		896.60	1051.76	961.47
	. Deviation	39.50	82.95 P<0.01	59.68
	D/sig	56.51	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	Stem: length at 7th node (mm)	200.10	207.70	40.5.00
Me	an . Deviation	399.10	395.58	405.00
	D/sig	20.20 28.08	36.13 ns	40.00 ns
	_	20.00	115	115
Me	Stem: thickness of 5th node (mm)	5.94	6.00	6.00
		0.90	0.61	0.70
Std. Deviation LSD/sig		0.66	ns	ns
LS	2/ D15			
LS	5/11/5			
LS	Stem: length of 5th internode (mm)			

Std. Deviation	6.42	8.25	11.54
LSD/sig	7.46	ns	ns
Lear. length (Sta from top) (film)			
Mean	40.47	44.47	54.35
Std. Deviation	4.26	5.38	5.76
LSD/sig	4.54	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (3rd from top) (mm)			
	7.05	5.64	<i>c</i> 0 <i>5</i>
Mean	7.05	5.64	6.05
Std. Deviation	0.74	0.86	0.74
LSD/sig	0.77	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flower: diameter (mm)			
Mean	49.00	52.47	45.23
Std. Deviation	2.59	3.64	3.05
LSD/sig	3.00	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flower: height of corolla (mm)			
Mean	22.47	27.64	24.76
Std. Deviation	3.51	6.00	3.94
LSD/sig	4.15	P≤0.01	
=	4.13	r <u>></u> 0.01	ns
Epicalyx: length of outer lobe (mm)			
Mean	4.94	4.94	6.11
Std. Deviation	0.24	0.24	0.69
LSD/sig	0.42	ns	P≤0.01
=	V <u>-</u>		1_0.01
Epicaryx. length of filler love (fill)			
Mean	4.35	4.41	5.35
Std. Deviation	0.49	0.50	0.60
LSD/sig	0.48	ns	P≤0.01
▼ C.1. 1. (1.()			
Calyx: length (mm)	22.40	21.25	22.04
Mean	32.40	31.25	32.94
Std. Deviation	0.71	0.66	1.02
LSD/sig	0.74	P≤0.01	ns
Calyx : length of lobe (mm)			
Mean	5.94	5.94	6.17
Std. Deviation	0.96	0.65	0.72
LSD/sig	0.68	ns	ns
Flower: petal number (mm)			
Mean	26.94	49.82	37.58
Std. Deviation	1.85	4.53	3.60
LSD/sig	3.52	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	3.32	1_0.01	1 _0.01
Flower: petal length (mm)			
Mean	47.40	45.11	43.41
Std. Deviation	1.58	1.49	1.93
LSD/sig	1.59	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flower: petal width (mm)	21.00	22.50	20.2=
Mean	21.88	22.70	20.35
Std. Deviation	1.83	2.59	3.04

LSD/sig	2.23	ns	ns
Style: length (mm)			
Mean	26.05	22.11	23.52
Std. Deviation	1.47	3.53	4.17
LSD/sig	3.35	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Michael Senior, Florigene Pty. Ltd., Bundoora, VIC.

Application Number 2007/316 **Variety Name** 'CARDINAL' **Genus Species** Cordyline australis

Common Name Cordyline

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 18 Mar 2008

Applicant Liner Plants NZ (1993) Limited, Whenuapai, New Zealand

Agent A J Park, Canberra, ACT

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Cordyline (*Cordyline* spp.) PBR CORD.

Period Spring 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 200mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination followed by seedling selection: seed parent *C. australis* 'Purpurea'. The seed parent is characterised by a purple leaf colour. Selection took place in Hobsonville, Auckland, New Zealand in 2004. Selection criteria: desirable foliage colour. Propagation: vegetative micropropagation is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Paul Turner, Hobsonville, Auckland, New Zealand. All work was carried out at Liner Plants NZ, Hobsonville, Auckland, New Zealand.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	height of foliage	medium	
Leaf	main colour	red-purple	
Leaf	attitude of top half of leaf semi-weeping		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of common knowledge identified (very)		
Name	Comments		

'Purple Sensation'

'Red Fountain'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distingui Characte	O	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Purpurea' 'Albertii' 'Purple Tower'	Leaf Leaf Leaf	main colour main colour main colour	red-purple	purple variegated cream/green purple	parental variety
'Red Star'	Leaf	attitude of top half of leaf	semi-weeping	semi-erect	

 $\underline{\textbf{Variety Description and Distinctness}} \textbf{-} \textbf{Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CARDINAL'	'Purple Sensation'	'Red Fountain'
Plant: height of foliage	medium	medium	medium
Stem: branching	absent	present	present
Leaf: length	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: width at broadest part	medium	broad	narrow to medium
Leaf: number of colours on upper side	two	two	two
Leaf: main colour of upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	200A-B	200B	N186A
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (RHS Colour Chart)	200D	178A	187A
Leaf: distribution of secondary colour on upper side	middle zone	middle zone	middle zone
Leaf: attitude of top half of leaf	semi-weeping	semi-weeping	semi-weeping
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium	medium to strong
Leaf: attitude lower third	upwards	upwards	45 degrees
Leaf: attitude mid third	45 degrees	45 degrees	horizontal
Leaf: attitude upper third	horizontal	45 degrees	horizontal
Characteristics Additional to the De Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CARDINAL'	'Purple Sensation'	'Red Fountain'
Leaf: basal colour	yellow green	orange red	purple red
Leaf: main colour of lower side (RHS)	N200A-B	200A	200A

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'CARDINAL'	'Purple Sensati	on' 'Red Fountain'
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	80.40	88.30	72.60
Std. Deviation	14.10	6.50	11.30
LSD/sig	13.7	ns	ns
Leaf: width (mm)			
Mean	20.10	26.40	17.10
Std. Deviation	1.50	1.40	2.20
LSD/sig	2.17	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2005	Applied	'CARDINAL'
EU	2005	Granted	'CARDINAL'

First sold in Germany on 1 July 2005. First Australian sale 25 January 2007*.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW.

^{*}Editor's note: while earlier sales may have occurred, the evidence provided indicates unauthorised distribution and subsequent sales were without the breeder's consent.

Application Number 2008/356 Variety Name 'PARV01'

Genus Species Myoporum parvifolium Common NameCreeping Boobialla

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2008

Applicant Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Clarendon, NSW.

Descriptor Philotheca (*Philotheca*) PBR PHIL.

Period Aug 2008 – Nov 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination followed by seedling selection over 2 generations: seed parent *Myoporum parvifolium*. The seed parent is characterised by a medium plant width, medium rate of spread and medium longevity. Selection took place in Clarendon, NSW in 2004. Selection criteria: slower spreading and greater longevity combined with a compact growth habit and a tidier appearance than common forms. Propagation: vegetative, cuttings are found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Todd Layt, Clarendon, NSW. All work was carried out at Clarendon, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	spreading
Plant	height	short to medium
Flower	colour	white

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Medium white form	common form used in trade

Varieties Variety	of Common K Distinguishi Characterist	ng	e identified and subse State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State	of Expression in	Comments
'Broad Pink'	Flower	colour	white	pink		
			tness - Characteristics	s whic	h distinguish the	candidate from on
	ant Part: Cont		marked with a tick.		'PARV01'	Medium white form
Plant:	growth habit				spreading	spreading
Plant:	height				short to medium	short to medium
Plant:	width				narrow to medium	nmedium
Plant:	density				dense	medium
Stem:	length of intern	node			short	medium
Leaf:	length				short to medium	medium
Leaf:	width at broade	est part			narrow to medium	nmedium
Leaf:	variegation				absent	absent
Leaf:	main colour of	upper sic	de (RHS Colour Chart)		N137B	137B
Leaf:	shape				oblanceolate	oblanceolate
Leaf:	shape of apex				acute	acute
Leaf:	shape of base				cuneate	cuneate
Leaf:	shape in cross s	section			concave	concave
Leaf:	undulation of n	nargin			absent or weak	absent or weak
Pedice	el: length				medium	medium
Pedice	el: colour (RHS	Colour	Chart)		144B	144B
Characte	ristics Additio	nal to th	e Descriptor/TG			
	ant Part: Cont				'PARV01'	Medium white form
Leaf:	colour of lower	side (RI	HS)		147B	147B
Corol	la lobe: main co	olour			white	white
Leaf:	profile of marg	in			obscurely toothed	obscurely toothed
Flowe	er: distribution of	of spots			throat only	throat and corolla lobes
Statistica	l Table					
Organ/Pl	ant Part: Cont	ext			'PARV01'	Medium white form
Plant:	height (cm)					

Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	12.50 1.90 3.94	11.30 3.90 ns
Plant: width Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	39.20 58.00 10.76	58.90 10.30 P≤0.01
Stem: length of internode (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	5.93 1.20 2.95	12.70 3.00 P≤0.01
Stem: diameter of internode (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	3.13 0.30 0.46	3.22 0.40 ns
Leaf blade: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	27.90 2.90 6.11	45.70 6.10 P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	4.90 0.40 0.57	5.60 0.50 P≤0.01
Flower: diameter (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	8.95 0.60 0.93	13.60 0.80 P≤0.01
Pedicel: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	12.80 0.80 3.12	12.40 3.30 ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/028

Variety Name 'Jocelyn's Pink' Genus Species Cuphea hyssopifolia

Common Name False Heather

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 24 Mar 2006

Applicant TC & JM Keogh, Victoria Point, QLD

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Wonga Park, VIC

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

Period Jul 2008 to Dec 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in non heated poly house conditions, plants

propagated and grown in 50mm tubes from Jul-Sep 2008. On the 19 Sep 2008 the tubes were potted and grown on in 140mm containers. Containers filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest

and disease treatments were applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: occurred at Victoria Point, QLD in 2002 where the maternal parent *Cuphea hyssopifolia* 'Mad Hatter' was open pollinated. 1000 seeds were collected and sown. 300 seedlings germinated and were raised and grown to flowering maturity. Initial selections were made on the basis of flowers colour, shape and plant density. These seedlings were further grown until a final selection was made with the following selection criteria: Plant: density dense, habit bushy and Flower: colour starting as a deep pink and fading to a pale pink/violet (RHS Red-Purple Group). Propagation: via cuttings. This initial and numerous subsequent generations have all been found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: TC. & JM. Keogh, Victoria Point, OLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	density	dense
Flower	colour	red-purple to purple
Plant	height	very short to short

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Little Hatter'

Varieties of	Common	Knowledg	e identified	and subsec	quently excluded
various or	Common	IXIIUWICUE	c iuciiuiicu	anu subsci	fucility cacinaca

v ar retre	varieties of Common knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distingu	iishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments	
	Charact	teristics	in Candidate Variety	yComparator Variety		
'Mad	plant	height	very short to short	medium	Parental variety.	
Hatter'						
'Rob's	plant	density	dense	medium		
Mauve'						

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Jocelyn's Pink'	'Little Hatter'
Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
Plant: height	very short to short	t very short to short
Stem: presence of hairs	present	present
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium to strong	strong to very strong
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Jocelyn's Pink'	'Little Hatter'
Plant: density	dense	dense
Petal venation: colour	pink	violet
Petal: undulation of margin	strong	medium to strong
Leaf: upper surface colour - mature (RHS colour chart)	green 137A	green 137A
Leaf: shape	elliptic to ovate	elliptic to ovate
Flower: colour at first opening (RHS colour chart)	red-purple 74A	purple 78A
Flower: colour after pollen dehissence (RHS colour chart)	red-purple 74C	purple 78C
Flower: colour at full expansion (RHS colour chart)	red-purple 74B	purple 78B

Statistical Table

2 000 012 012 012 012 012 012 012 012 01		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Jocelyn's Pink'	'Little Hatter'
Flower: number fully expanded on last 10cm of terminal b	oranch	
Mean	28.20	14.30
Std. Deviation	6.63	2.75
LSD/sig	6.65	P<0.01

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in Apr 2005.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/180 **Variety Name** 'DPV308'

Genus Species Dianella prunina

Common Name Flax Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 06 Aug 2008

Applicant Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Clarendon, NSW

Descriptor Dianella (*Dianella*) PBR DIAN.

Period Sep 2008-Dec 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: parent 'DP303'. The parent is characterised by an absence of leaf variegation. Selection took place in Tumbi Umbi, NSW in 2006. Selection criteria: presence of leaf variegation. Propagation: vegetative, micropropagation and division are found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Greg Lowe, Tumbi Umbi, NSW. Final trial and evaluation was carried out at Clarendon, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	short
Plant	growth habit	erect
Leaf	presence of variegation	present
Leaf	width	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'DP303'	parent variety with similar growth habit

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick

or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DPV308'	'DP303'
Plant: growth habit	erect	erect
Plant: height	short	short
Plant: density of shoots	medium	dense
Stem: length of internodes	very short	very short
Leaf: attitude	erect to semi-ere	cterect to semi-erect
Leaf: width	medium	medium
Leaf: glaucosity of upper side	strong	strong
Leaf: colour of upper side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	147A	147A
Leaf: colour of lower side (waxiness removed) (RHS colour chart)	147A	147A
Leaf: variegation	present	absent
Leaf: secondary colour of upper side (variegated leaves only) (RHS colour chart)	155A to 11B	
Leaf: shape of blade	ligulate	ligulate
Leaf: shape of apex	apiculate	apiculate
Leaf: cross-section	concave	concave
Leaf: spines on lower side of midrib	present	present
Leaf: prominence of spines on lower side of midrib	weak	weak
Basal leaf sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)	red-purple	red-purple
Basal leaf sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DPV308'	'DP303'
Rasal sheath: presence of variegation	present	absent

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DPV308'	'DP303'
Basal sheath: presence of variegation	present	absent

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DPV308'	'DP303'
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	15.40	17.50
Std. Deviation	1.50	2.00
LSD/sig	2.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number2006/328Variety Name'Goetzpeg'Genus SpeciesFuchsia hybrid

Common NameFuchsiaSynonymPeggyAccepted Date5 Mar 2008

ApplicantWolfram Goetz, Hebrechtingen, GermanyAgentAussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Descriptor Fuchsia (*Fuchsia*) CPVO-TP/FUCHSIA/1

Period Spring to summer 2006.

Conditions Trial conducted in a shadehouse, plants propagated from

cutting, rooted cuttings planted into 140mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, capillary mat irrigation supplemented by overhead watering as required, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: seed parent '104/98' x pollen parent '327/97'. The seed parent is characterised by a weak salmon pink petal colour and a late flowering season and the pollen parent is characterised a medium floriferousness. Selection took place in Hebrechtingen, Germany in 1997. Selection criteria: earliness, compactness, suitability for patio & bedding use. Propagation: vegetative cuttings were found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Wolfram Goetz, Hebrechtingen, Germany.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Sepal	colour	white
Petal	colour	pink
Plant	Time of beginning of flowerin	g medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Nome	Commonta	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Melba White/Lilac'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
_	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Goetzpeg'	'Melba White/Lilac'		
	Plant: attitude of shoots	erect	erect to semi-erect		
	Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent			
V	Leaf blade: length	medium to long	short to medium		
V	Leaf blade: width	broad	narrow to medium		
	Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent		
	Leaf blade: colour of upper side	medium green	medium green		
	Leaf blade: blistering	weak	weak		
	Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	medium	medium		
	Flower bud: length	short to medium	short to medium		
	Flower bud: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium		
	Flower: type	single	single		
	Ovary: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent		
	Hypanthium: shape	ventricose	ventricose		
	Hypanthium: colour (RHS Colour Chart)	157D	157D		
	Sepal: attitude	horizontal to semi- drooping	horizontal to semi- drooping		
	Sepal: attitude of cusp	incurving	incurving		
▽ Cha	Sepal: main colour of outer side (RHS Colour art)	157D with pink tinge and green apex	ca 155D		
▽ Cha	Sepal: main colour of inner side (RHS Colour art)	157D with pink tinge and green apex	ca 155D		
	Flower: width	medium	medium		
▽ Cha	Petal: main colour of outer side (RHS Colour art)	54A	ca 82C		
V	Petal: main colour of inner side (RHS Colour art)	54A	ca 82C		
	Filament: colour	pink	pink		
	Style: colour	white	white		
□ Dri	Time of: beginning of flowering or Applications and Sales	medium	medium		

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2002	Granted	'Goetzpeg'
USA	2003	Granted	'Goetzpeg'
South Africa	2004	Granted	'Goetzpeg'

First sold in EU in Jul 2003. First Australian sale in Jul 2006.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/004 **Variety Name** 'AR37'

Genus SpeciesNeotyphodium loliiCommon NameFungal Endophyte

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 24-Mar-2006

Applicant Grasslanz Technology Limited, Palmerston North, New

Zealand

Agent Griffith Hack, Brisbane, QLD

Qualified Person Jennifer Ngaire James

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office

Authority

Overseas Data FEN007 (Grant No. 2715)

Reference Number

Location New Zealand Fungal Herbarium (PDD), Landcare Research,

Auckland New Zealand

Descriptor Neotyphodium lolii (*Neotyphodium lolii*) PBR NEOT.

Period 2007-2008

Conditions Axenic cultures of 'AR37' and comparators 'AR1', 'NEA2',

'AR5', 'AR6' and standard 'wild type' Neotyphodium endophytes were grown on potato dextrose agar (PDA) at

20°C in darkness (Christensen et al. 1993).

Trial DesignFive replicates of each culture were grown for four weeks. **Measurements**Rate of growth Sporulation Sectoring Colour Shape Margin

Texture Aerial mycelium Affect of benomyl on growth.

RHS Chart - edition NIL

Origin and Breeding

Strain selection: The endophyte was characterised in a seed collection lacking detectable levels of lolitrems, ergovaline, or peramine in its original host plant. It was isolated into culture on potato dextrose agar and used to inoculate otherwise endophyte-free seedlings by established methods. It was shown that in these novel hosts it performed in similar fashion to the original host lacking lolitrems, ergovaline or peramine at levels which would be of bioactive significance. It has recently been indicated that it may produce trace levels of peramine well below that of other endophytes (e.g. 'AR1', 'AR542', or 'AR501') known to produce peramine. 'AR37' may be introduced into a range of perennial and hybrid ryegrasses by established procedures for inoculation of endophytes. It is transmitted through the seed and can maintain good viability when good seed storage practices for endophytes in general are applied. 'AR37' is maintained at AgResearch, Palmerston North both in cultures and seed/plant material. A reference sample is held and maintained at the Australian National Measurement Institute as part of patent application requirements under the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purpose of Patent Procedure. 'AR37' culture deposit NM03/35819 lodged with the Australian National Measurement Institute on 2nd Oct 2002.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Variety of Common F		4	Q	CE	······································	- P T 7
Organ/Plant Part	Cont			_	sion in Group	of Varieties
Genus	speci	es	Neoty	yphodium lo	lll	
Most Similar Variet	ies of Comm	on Knowled	lge identifie	d (VCK)		
Name			ments	<u> </u>		
'NEA2'						
'AR6'						
'AR5'						
'AR1'						
Ryegrass wild type						
Varieties of Commo	n Knowledg	e identified :	and subsequ	ently exclud	hef	
Variety Distinguish						
•	stics in Cand	-		-		
'AR542' Genus speci			N. coenoph		Endophyte of	
'AR584' Genus speci	ies <i>N. lolii</i>		N. coenoph	iialum	Endophyte of	f festuca sp.
T 7	15:4:4	CI.		1 1 1 1 4	• 1 41 1	
Variety Description more of the compara				nich disting	guish the cand	iaate irom on
Organ/Plant Part:						Ryegrass
Context	'AR37'	'AR1'	'AR5'	'AR6'	'NEA2'	wild type
Colony: rate of						, ,
growth	medium					
Colony:	absent					
sporulation Colony sectoring	-14					
Colony: sectoring	absent					present
Colony: colour	brown					
(upper surface)	oro wn					
Colony: shape	convolute	brain-like		raised		
Colony: immersion of margin	immersed					
in agar	11111101500					
	dry					
Colony: texture	dry					
Aerial mycelium:	medium				sparse	
density					~ F	
Aerial mycelium:	foltad					
type	Tetted					
Colony: affect of	medium to					
benomyl on growth	strong					
	J					
Metabolite:	absent					
peramine	_					
Metabolite:	absent					

lolitrem B

Metabolite:

absent

ergovaline

Metabolite: Epoxyjanthitrems

present absent

absent

absent

absent

absent

Prior Applications and Sales

Country
New Zealand

Year 2005 **Current Status**Granted

Name Applied 'AR37'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Jeff E. Miller, , Palmerston North, New Zealand.

Application Number 2007/320 **Variety Name** 'REDGAPI' **Genus Species** *Gaura* hybrid

Common Name Gaura **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 17 Jan 2008

Applicant E J Bunker, Redland Bay, QLD

Agent Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, Redland Bay, QLD

Qualified Person Deo Singh

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Aussie Winners Pty Ltd, 191 Gordon Rd, Redland Bay, QLD

4165.

Descriptor Gaura (*Gaura* spp.) PBR GAUR

Period Jan – Dec 08.

Conditions Twenty 140mm pots of each were grown under a hail-netting

using the standard nursery practices.

Trial Design Randomized complete bloock design.

Measurements From five pots at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2000.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Blushing Butterflies' (maternal parent) x *G. coccinea* (pollen parent) at Redland Bay, QLD, in spring 2004. Has gone through at least three generations without off types. Selection criteria: growth stability, clear flower colour and long flowering period. Propagation: by cuttings. Breeder: E J Bunker, Redland Bay, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Plant	height of foliage only	medium
Leaf blade	length	medium
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Inflorescence	branching	absent
Petal	main colour	pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Widst Silling Varieties of Coll	mon knowicage identifica (v Cik)	
Name	Comments	
'Blushing Butterflies'	A tall and sparse variety compared to the candidate.	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

T COLLEGE OF COMMISSION	THE PERSON OF COMMISSION FOR THE PERSON OF T				
Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expr		
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Vari	ety Comparator Variety	
G. coccinea species	Flower	colour	pink	white	

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}\text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

OI I	of more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'REDGAPI'	'Blushing Butterflies'			
	Plant: growth habit	upright	upright			
	Plant: height of foliage only	medium	medium			
~	Plant: height including flowers	short	tall			
V	Plant: density	dense	sparse			
	Leaf blade: length	medium	medium			
	Leaf blade: width at broadest part	medium	medium			
(exe	Leaf blade: presence of anthocyanin colouration cluding spots)	present	present			
~	Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	strong			
	Leaf blade: main location of anthocyanin colouration	covering entire blade	covering entire blade			
	Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent			
antl	Leaf blade: main colour of upper side (including nocyanin colouration) (RHS colour chart)	146A	146B			
antl	Leaf blade: secondary colour of upper side (including nocyanin colouration) (RHS colour chart)	187A	187C			
	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	strong	absent or weak to medium			
	Inflorescence: presence of anthocyanin colouration of stem	present	present			
~	Inflorescence: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of stem	strong	weak			
	Inflorescence: branching	absent	absent			
~	Inflorescence: change in flower colour over time	absent	present			
	Flower bud: presence of anthocyanin colouration	present	present			
cole	Flower bud: colour of anthocyanin colouration (RHS our chart)	187D	187D			
	Flower bud: distribution of anthocyanin colouration	greater than two thirds of length of bud	greater than two thirds of length of bud			
	Petal: length	short to medium	medium to long			
	Petal: width	narrow	medium to broad			
	Petal: main colour	pink	pink			
	Petal: presence of pinkish colouration	present	present			
	Petal: intensity of pinkish colouration	very strong	medium			
	Petal: distribution of pinkish colouration	greater than 2/3 of length of petal	Egreater than 2/3 of length of petal			

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'REDGAPI'	'Blushing Butterflies'
Petal: main colour (RHS)	63A	63C-D
Root: anthocyanin colouration	strong	absent or very weak
Root: thickness	thick	thin

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Japan	2006	Applied	'REDGAPI'
New Zealand	2008	Applied	'REDGAPI'
EU	2006	Applied	'REDGAPI'

First sold in UK in 2005. First Australian sale Nov 2007.

Description: Deo Singh, Ormiston, QLD.

Application Number 2008/263

Variety Name 'Charlie's Angel'

Genus Species Grevillea alpina x Grevillea rosmarinifolia

Common Name Grevillea **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 23 Sep 2008

Applicant Austraflora Pty Ltd, Dixons Creek, VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Bill Molyneux

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Cranbourne, VIC.

Descriptor Grevillea (*Grevillea*) PBR GREV.

Period 2006 – Sep 2008.

Conditions Local conditions: open nursery situation. Plants watered by

standard nursery stock methods. All plants were vegetatively propagated and 50mm tubes were potted into 150 mm pots in spring 2007, using a pine bark based 'Protea Mix' with controlled release low P fertiliser and with additional K being

applied in liquid form in Nov 2007.

aligned in a randomised pattern.

Measurements Measurements from ten plants of each variety, with leaf

samples being taken at the same point on stems with every

plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: ten plants of Grevillea 'Bonnie Prince Charlie' were isolated in a well ventilated Polyhouse in 1999 when buds were in early development stage. At anthesis pollen was removed and applied to the stigmas of other plants which were then bagged. Seed was collected and was sown in Spring 2000. Seedlings were tubed into a pine bark based tubing mix which included low levels of a low P controlled release fertiliser. Tubes were potted in spring 2001. In winter 2004 several plants were initially selected for further trialling, the candidate was one of these, and has been trialled at Faceys Nursery Cranbourne, VIC up until the lodgement of the PBR Part one application. Breeder: Bill Molyneux, Dixons Creek, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	height	short
Flowering branch	position of inflorescen	ce terminal only
Inflorescence	length	short
Inflorescence	form	cylindrical
Perianth	colour	red
Inflorescence	predominant colour	red

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Bonnie Prince Charlie' Selected as comparator as it was the breeding and maternal parent.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expressi	State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Character	ristics	Candidate Varie	ety Comparator Variety		
'Jubilee'	Perianth	colour	42A/B	41A		
'Entree'	Perianth	colour	42A/B	29B		
'McDonald Park'	Plant	height	short	medium		
'Gold Rush'	Perianth	colour	42A/B	17C		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Charlie's Angel'	'Bonnie Prince Charlie'	
V	Plant: growth habit	prostrate	upright	
V	Plant: attitude of branches	semi-erect to prostrate	erect to semi-erect	
	Plant: height	short (< 1m)	short (< 1m)	
flov	Plant: density (assessment of foliage at wering)	dense	dense	
V	Young stem: colour	brown	greyed-orange	
~	Stem: colour	brown	greyed-orange	
	Stem: hairiness	very weak	weak	
	Petiole: length	very short	very short	
	Leaf: length	very short (< 5cm)	very short (<5cm)	
	Leaf: width at widest point	very narrow (< 5mm)	very narrow (< 5mm)	
	Leaf: attitude to stem	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect	
	Leaf: curvature of margin	flat or slightly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid-vein wholly exposed	flat or slightly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid-vein wholly exposed	
V	Leaf: colour of upper side (including hairs)	dark green	light green	
	Leaf: colour of lower side (including hairs)	light green	light green	
	Leaf: degree of hairiness on upper side	very weak	weak	
	Leaf: degree of hairiness on lower side	medium	medium	
	Leaf: colour of hairiness on lower side	white	white	
	Leaf: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	weak to medium	
	Leaf: division of blade	all leaves on plant entire	all leaves on plant entire	
div	Leaf: shape of apex outline (varieties with ision of blade absent only)	mucronate	mucronate	

_		
Flowering branch: position of inflorescence	terminal only	terminal only
Inflorescence: length	very short to short	very short
Inflorescence: width	narrow to medium	medium
Inflorescence: predominant colour	red	red
☐ Inflorescence: density of florets	very dense	dense
Inflorescence: number of flowers	many	medium to many
Inflorescence: attitude	horizontal	horizontal to semi- drooping
Inflorescence: form	cylindrical	cylindrical
Inflorescence: branching	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Inflorescence: sequence of opening of the flowers	centrifugal	centrifugal
Rachis: length	short	short
Bud: colour of perianth	green	green
Bud: colour of limb	green	green
Bud: attitude of limb in relation to longitudinal axis of bud (late bud prior to anthesis)	drooping	drooping
Flower: attitude of pedicel in relation to rachis	perpendicular	leaning towards inflorescence
Flower: length of pedicel	medium	medium
Perianth: colour	red	red
Perianth: degree of hairiness (outside of perianth including limb)	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Perianth: coherence of tepals on dorsal side	less than one third	one third to two thirds
Perianth: coherence of tepals on ventral side		greater than two thirds
Tepal: flanging at margin	weak	weak
Nectary: colour	yellow	white
Ovary: colour	white	white
Ovary: hairiness	very strong	very strong
Style: colour	pink	yellow
Style: curvature (after anthesis before dehiscence of perianth)	gently curved	gently curved
Style: position of curve	top half	top half
Style: hairiness	medium	medium
Style: position of hairs	evenly distributed along length	evenly distributed along length

_		
Pistil: length	short to medium	medium
Pistil: length in relation to length of periar	thmuch longer	much longer
Stigma: colour	orange	green
Pollen presenter: attitude to style	oblique	lateral
Pollen presenter: colour	orange	green
Pollen presenter: concurrence with style	present	absent
	flat	flat
Pollen presenter: shape	yellow	yellow
Pollen: colour	yenow	yenow
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor	<u>:/TG</u>	
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Charlie's Angel'	'Bonnie Prince Charlie'
Leaf: colour of upper side (RHS)	139A	137A
Leaf: colour of lower side(RHS)	138B	138B
Style: colour (RHS)	46A	45A
Perianth: colour (RHS)	42A-B	42A
Stem: length of internode	medium	short
C		
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Parts Contact	(Charlie's Angel	(Dannia Duinaa Chaulia)
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Charlie's Angel'	'Bonnie Prince Charlie'
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm)	<u> </u>	
Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean	33.63	43.42
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm)	<u> </u>	
Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	33.63 2.70	43.42 3.50
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm)	33.63 2.70 4.03	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	33.63 2.70	43.42 3.50
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean	33.63 2.70 4.03	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83
Organ/Plant Part: Context Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm)	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm)	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns 5.86 0.43
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns 5.86 0.43
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Pistil: length (mm)	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57 6.68 0.58 0.65	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns 5.86 0.43 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Pistil: length (mm) Mean	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57 6.68 0.58 0.65	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns 5.86 0.43 P≤0.01
Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Leaf: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Leaf: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Perianth: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Pistil: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	33.63 2.70 4.03 4.59 0.24 0.57 6.68 0.58 0.65 21.16 3.55	43.42 3.50 P≤0.01 4.83 0.58 ns 5.86 0.43 P≤0.01

Description: Bill Molyneux, Dixons Creek, VIC.

Application Number 2007/123 **Variety Name** 'Entrée'

Genus Species Grevillea rosmarinifolia x Grevillea alpina

Common Name Grevillea **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 4 Jun 2007

ApplicantAustraflora Pty Ltd, Dixons Creek, VICAgentBill Molyneux, Dixons Creek, VIC

Qualified Person Bill Molyneux

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Cranbourne, VIC.

Descriptor Grevillea (*Grevillea*) PBR GREV.

Period Spring 2007-Jul 2008.

Conditions Local conditions: open nursery situation. Plants watered by

standard nursery stock methods. All plants were vegetatively propagated and 50mm tube stock was potted into 150 mm pots in late spring 2007, using a pine bark based 'protea mix'

with controlled release low P fertiliser.

Trial Design Twelve pots each of the candidate and the comparator were

aligned in a randomised pattern.

Measurements Measurements were made of ten samples taken from the same

point on stems from every plant.

RHS Chart - edition 1986.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: Four plants of Grevillea 'Jubilee' were isolated in a ventilated glass house in winter 2002 and following flowering in late winter-spring seed was collected from all plants and sown in summer 2002. Six seedlings which resulted were potted in autumn 2003. Flowering occurred in winter-spring 2005 and the candidate was the first selection for trialling. It has been grown by vegetative propagation for five generations. Breeder: Bill Molyneux, Dixons Creek, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Plant	height	short
Flowering branch	position of inflorescence	e terminal only
Inflorescence	length	short
Inflorescence	form	cylindrical
Perianth	colour	orange
Inflorescence	predominant colour	yellow
Style	colour	orange

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Jubilee'	parental variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Entrée'	'Jubilee'
	Plant: growth habit	upright	upright
	Plant: attitude of branches	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
	Plant: height	short (< 1m)	short (< 1m)
	Plant: density (assessment of foliage at flowering)	dense	medium to dense
	Young stem: colour	greyed green	greyed green
	Stem: colour	greyed green	greyed green
	Stem: hairiness	weak	
	Petiole: length	very short	very short
	Leaf: length	very short (< 5cm)	very short (< 5cm)
	Leaf: width at widest point	very narrow (< 5mm)	very narrow (< 5mm)
	Leaf: attitude to stem	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
	Leaf: curvature of margin	smoothly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid- vein partly exposed	smoothly recurved, under surface on either side of the mid- vein partly exposed
	Leaf: colour of upper side (including hairs)	dark green	dark green
	Leaf: colour of lower side (including hairs)	dark green	medium green
	Leaf: degree of hairiness on upper side	medium	very weak
	Leaf: degree of hairiness on lower side	medium	very weak
	Leaf: colour of hairiness on lower side	white	white
	Leaf: undulation of margin	strong	Weak
	Leaf: division of blade	all leaves on plant entire	all leaves on plant entire
of t	Leaf: shape of blade outline (varieties with division blade absent only)	linear	linear
	Flowering branch: position of inflorescence	terminal only	terminal only
	Inflorescence: length	short	short
	Inflorescence: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
	Inflorescence: predominant colour	yellow	yellow
	Inflorescence: density of florets	dense	dense
	Inflorescence: number of flowers	medium to many	medium to many
	Inflorescence: attitude	drooping	drooping
	Inflorescence: form	cylindrical	cylindrical
	Inflorescence: branching	weak	weak

Inflorescence: sequence of opening of the flowers	centrifugal	centrifugal
Rachis: length	short	short
Bud: colour of perianth	orange	orange
Bud: colour of limb	yellow	orange
Bud: attitude of limb in relation to longitudinal axi of bud (late bud prior to anthesis)	^S drooping	drooping
Flower: attitude of pedicel in relation to rachis	leaning away from inflorescence peduncle	leaning away from inflorescence peduncle
Flower: length of pedicel	medium	medium
Perianth: colour	orange	orange
Perianth: degree of hairiness (outside of perianth including limb)	medium	absent or very weak
Perianth: colour of hairs	white	white
Perianth: length	medium	medium
Perianth: width	broad	broad
Perianth: ratio length/width	medium	medium
Perianth: coherence of tepals on dorsal side	less than one third	less than one third
Perianth: coherence of tepals on ventral side	less than one third	less than one third
Tepal: flanging at margin	weak	weak
Nectary: colour	white	white
Ovary: colour	green	green
Ovary: hairiness	medium	weak
Style: colour	orange	orange
Style: curvature (after anthesis before dehiscence operianth)	of gently curved	gently curved
Style: position of curve	top half	top half
Style: hairiness	medium	weak
Style: position of hairs	evenly distributed along length	concentrated towards ovary end
Pistil: length	medium	medium
Pistil: length in relation to length of perianth	much longer	much longer
Stigma: colour	green	orange
Pollen presenter: attitude to style	lateral	lateral
Pollen presenter: colour	orange	orange
Pollen presenter: concurrence with style	absent	absent
Pollen presenter: shape	flat	flat
•		

Pollen: colour	yellow	yellow
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Entrée'	'Jubilee'
Leaf: glossiness	dull	glossy
Juvenile bud: texture	sericeous, dull	glabrous, glossy
Leaf: colour of upper side (RHS)	137C	137B
Leaf: colour of lower side(RHS)	138B	138C
Style: colour (RHS)	48A	47A
Perianth: colour (RHS)	29B	41A
Bud: colour of mid rib (RHS)	12B	33A

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Entrée'	'Jubilee'
Leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	36.84	23.76
Std. Deviation	1.69	3.02
LSD/sig	3.15	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	3.13	3.45
Std. Deviation	0.32	0.78
LSD/sig	0.77	ns

Prior Applications and Sales
Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in May 2006.

Description: Bill Molyneux, Dixons Creek, VIC.

Application Number 2002/331 **Variety Name** 'Safeguard' **Genus Species** *Lolium* hybrid

Common Name Hybrid Short-Lived Ryegrass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 6 Feb 2004

Applicant Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries, Adelaide, SA

Agent Valley Seeds Pty Ltd, Alexandra, VIC

Qualified Person Anthony Leddin

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Yambuk, VIC

Descriptor Ryegrass (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/7.

Period 20 Mar 08-15 Dec 08.

Conditions Trial conducted under normal field conditions.

Trial Design Randomised block.

Measurements Days to flowering from sowing; Flag leaf: length, width;

Plant: height at flowering. Sixty measurements per variety

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The first crosses between 'Guard' and 'Progrow' were made in 1990. In 1993, selected vigorous plants from this cross and 'Guard' were crossed with an early flowering ecotype from Wongan Hills, WA (WA 656). Two thousand plants were established from these crosses, and the 20 most vigorous plants, which had no nematode galls and reached head emergence 3 to 4 weeks before 'Guard', were selected. Eleven came from 'Guard' x WA early flowering crosses, and nine from 'Guard' x 'Progrow' x WA early flowering. The 20 plants selected in 1994 were crossed to produce seed which was used to establish 800 plants in January 1995; from these 349 early flowering plants were selected. The selected plants were cloned and crossed with Annual Ryegrass Toxicity (ARGT) susceptible early flowering plants from WA, 280 produced sufficient seed for genetic studies to determine if they were homozygous for both ARGT nematode resistance genes. The 280 clones were also maintained in growth rooms for controlled crossing when the homozygous ARGT nematode resistant plants had been identified. During the winter of 1995, 20 seedlings per cross were established from 226 clones, 15 from an additional 20 crosses and 10 from another 13 crosses. Seed from some crosses could not be germinated due to dormancy. Gall production on the progeny was assessed in spring and this enabled 15 homozygous clones to be identified. These were screened against CCN. Eleven resistant plants were identified and grouped for crossing by heading date and plant morphology to produce 9 lines. From these lines, line 3 performed well in the growth room and in the field at Valley Seeds in 1997. Line 3 was derived from crosses between 'Guard', 'Progrow' and early flowering rye grass from WA. This line was later released as 'Safeguard'. Selection criteria: early heading date, ARGT resistance. Propagation: seed. Breeder: Dr. Alan McKay.

ecotype from WA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context **State of Expression in Group of Varieties**

Plant ploidy dipolid tendency to form inflorescence in very strong Plant

year of sowing

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name **Comments** 'Guard' Parent 'Progrow' Parent

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Distinguishing Characteristic State of Variety State of **Comments Expression in Expression in** Candidate Comparator Variety Variety WA 656 susceptible Early flowering

Plant Annual Ryegrass resistant

Toxicity (ARGT)

resistance

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Safeguard'	'Guard'	'Progrow'
	*Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid	diploid
	Plant: growth habit in autumn	medium to semi- prostrate	medium	semi-erect to medium
yea	Plant: tendency to form inflorescence in r of sowing	very strong	very strong	very strong
in y	*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence ear of sowing	very early	early to medium	medium to late
	*Leaf: colour	medium green to dark green	medium green to dark green	light green to medium green
	Plant: growth habit in spring	medium to semi- prostrate	medium	semi-erect to medium
~	Plant: natural height in spring	short	medium	tall
▽ eme	Plant: natural height at inflorescence ergence	low	medium	tall
	*Flag leaf: length	short	medium	long
	*Flag leaf: width	very narrow to narrow	narrow to medium	medium to broad
~	*Stem: length of longest stem	short	medium	long
V	Inflorescence: length	short	short to medium	long
~	Inflorescence: number of spikelets	few to medium	medium	medium to many

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Safeguard'	'Guard'	'Progrow'
Plant: Annual Ryegrass Toxicity (ARGT) resistance	resistant	resistant	susceptible

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Safeguard'	'Guard'	'Progrow'				
Plant: time of inflorescence emergence	in year of sowing	(50% flowering t	from days of				
sowing)	,	`	•				
Mean	135.20	154.20	172.00				
Std. Deviation	4.24	2.94	3.02				
LSD/sig	6.75	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Plant: natural height at inflorescence emergence (mm)							
Mean	624.00	774.00	1114.00				
Std. Deviation	151.07	140.02	111.5				
LSD/sig	80.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Flag leaf: length (mm)							
Mean	167.30	174.20	228.70				
Std. Deviation	43.90	37.14	49.88				
LSD/sig	18.1	ns	P≤0.01				
Flag leaf: width (mm)							
Mean	8.61	9.24	9.48				
Std. Deviation	1.69	1.59	1.76				
LSD/sig	0.809	ns	P≤0.01				

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in May 2001.

Description: Anthony Leddin, Valley Seeds, Port Fairy, VIC.

Application Number 2008/064 **Variety Name** 'youmethree'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common NameHydrangeaSynonymEmotionAccepted Date20 May 2008

Applicant Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor Hydrangea. **Period** 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in non heated shade house. Plants propagated

from cuttings, grown on and transplanted to final 200mm container size throughout 2008 until flowering maturity in December. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers and a pH of 5.1. Appropriate pest

and disease treatments were applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: between May 1990 and May 1993 the breeder began a program with the aims of breeding a range of double-flowered Hydrangeas, having two or more whorls of sepals per flower in Kyoto, Japan. *Hydrangea macrophylla* 'Yamaajisai', 'Otafuka' and 'Fijinishiritaki' (non protected varieties) were pollinated with each other. A generation from these crosses was then raised. One plant was selected as the female parent to be crossed with the pollen parent *H. macrophylla* 'Sumidanohanabi' in 1993. From this pollination 35 plants were raised and in 1994. A selection was made on the basis of average number of sepals more than seven, inflorescence density of flowers with small calyx dense and large caylx diameter large to very large. 'Youmethree' has remained uniform and stable through all subsequent generations. Propagation is via cuttings. Breeder: Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	i Kilowieuge	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Inflorescence	conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	conspicuous
Inflorescence	shape	flattened
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present
Large calyx	degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong
Large calyx	number of sepals	more than 7

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name
'RIE01'
'RIE02'
'RIE09'
'youmefour'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	g Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sumidanohanabi	'inflorescence	density of flowers with small calyx	dense	sparse	Parental variety.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part:

•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'youmethree'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'
	*Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright	upright
(no:	Plant: natural height n-climbing varieties y)	medium to tall	medium	short to medium	medium	medium
~	Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium	short	medium	short to medium
colo	*Leaf blade: main our	green	green	green	green	green
of r	Leaf blade: intensity nain colour	medium	dark	dark	dark	medium to dark
vari	*Leaf blade: legation	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: ssiness of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
~	*Leaf blade: shape	ovate	circular	circular	ovate	ovate
ape	*Leaf blade: shape of x	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate
▽ base	Leaf blade: shape of	acute	obtuse	obtuse	acute	obtuse
	Leaf blade: lobing	present	present	present	present	present
inci	Leaf blade: type of sions	fine to medium	medium to coarse	medium	fine to medium	medium
▽ dia	*Inflorescence: neter	large	large to very large	medium	medium	large to very large

*Inflorescence: conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous
Inflorescence: arrangement of flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	sin one circle	irregular	irregular	irregular	irregular
*Inflorescence: shape	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened
*Large calyx: diameter	large to very large	large	large	medium	medium
*Large calyx: colouration	weak to medium	medium	medium to strong	medium	strong
*Large calyx: colour (RHS colour chart)	blue 100D	blue 106 C+D	blue 100C+D	violet-blue 97A + Purple 76A	violet-blue 97B
*Large calyx: overlapping of sepals	present	present	present	present	present
*Large calyx: degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Large calyx: incisions of margin of sepals	present on some sepals	present on some sepals	present on some sepals	absent on all sepals	absent on all sepals
Large calyx: shape of incisions of margin of sepals	f serrate	serrate	serrate		
Small calyx: intensity of colouration (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	strong	strong	strong	weak	strong
Flower with small calyx: intensity of colouration of anthers (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	weak	weak	weak	weak	weak
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'youmethree	e''RIE01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'
Large calyx: shape of apex of sepals	obtuse	acute	obtuse	acute	acute
Large calyx: number of sepals	of more than 7	more than 7	more than 7	more than 7	more than 7
Inflorescence: density of flowers with small caly				dense	

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'youmethree	e''RIE01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	
Inflorescence: numbe	r of sepals					
Mean	16.80	13.90	14.70	13.90	15.50	
Std. Deviation	0.92	1.20	0.94	1.10	1.35	
LSD/sig	1.19	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Inflorescence: width of calyx (largest flower) (mm)						
Mean	80.30	60.50	64.80	55.00	51.90	
Std. Deviation	3.90	5.60	4.10	4.60	5.40	
LSD/sig	4.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2005	Applied	'youmethree'
EU	2003	Granted	'youmethree'
USA	2004	Granted	'RIE03'

First sold in The Netherlands in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Nov 2007.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/063 **Variety Name** 2008/063 'RIE 02'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common NameHydrangeaSynonymEternityAccepted Date20 May 2008

Applicant Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor Hydrangea (*Hydrangea*) TG/133/3.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in non heated shade house. Plants propagated

from cuttings, grown on and transplanted to final 200mm container size throughout 2008 until flowering maturity in Dec. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers and a pH of 5.1. Appropriate pest and disease treatments were applied as required Twelve pots

of each variety in a completely randomised design.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: between May 1990 and May 1993 the breeder began a program with the aims of breeding a range of double-flowered Hydrangeas, having two or more whorls of sepals per flower in Kyoto, Japan. *Hydrangea macrophylla* 'Yamaajisai', 'Otafuka' and 'Fijinishiritaki' (non protected varieties) were pollinated with each other. A generation from these crosses was then raised. One plant was selected as the female parent to be crossed with the pollen parent *H. macrophylla* 'Sumidanohanabi' in 1993. From this pollination 35 plants were raised and in 1994. A selection was made on the basis of average number of sepals more than seven, sepal shape of apex obtuse and inflorescence diameter medium. 'RIE02' has remained uniform and stable through all subsequent generations. Propagation: via cuttings. Breeder: Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Inflorescence	conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	conspicuous
Inflorescence	shape	flattened
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present
Large calyx	degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong
Large calyx	number of sepals	more than 7

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety D	Distinguishing	g Characteristics	State of	State of	Comments
			Expression in Candidate Variety	Expression in Comparator Variety	
'Sumidanohanabi' ir		arrangement of flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers with smal calyx only		in one circle	parental variety

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 02'	'RIE01'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
*Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright	upright
Plant: natural height (non-climbing varieties only)	short to medium	medium	medium	medium	medium to tall
Leaf blade: length	short	medium	medium	short to medium	medium to long
*Leaf blade: main colour	green	green	green	green	green
Leaf blade: intensity of main colour	dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	medium
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: shape	circular	circular	ovate	ovate	ovate
*Leaf blade: shape of apex	f acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate
Leaf blade: shape of base	obtuse	obtuse	acute	obtuse	acute
Leaf blade: lobing	present	present	present	present	present
Leaf blade: type of incisions	medium	medium to coarse	fine to medium	medium	fine to medium

^{&#}x27;RIE01'

^{&#}x27;youmefour'

^{&#}x27;youmethree'

^{&#}x27;RIE09'

*Inflorescence: diameter	medium	large to very large	medium	large to very large	large
*Inflorescence: conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous
Inflorescence: arrangement of flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	_s irregular	irregular	irregular	irregular	in one circle
*Inflorescence: shape	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened
*Large calyx: diameter	large	large	medium	medium	large to very large
*Large calyx: colouration	medium to strong	medium	medium	strong	weak to medium
*Large calyx: colour (RHS colour chart)	Blue 100C + D	Blue 106 C+D	Violet-Blue 97A + Purple 76A	Violet-Blue 97B	Blue 100D
*Large calyx: overlapping of sepals	present	present	present	present	present
*Large calyx: degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Large calyx: incisions of margin of sepals	present on some sepals	present on some sepals	absent on all sepals	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals
Large calyx: shape of incisions of margin of sepals	serrate	serrate			serrate
Small calyx: intensity of colouration (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	strong	strong	weak	strong	strong
Flower with small calyx: intensity of colouration of anthers (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	weak	weak	weak	weak	weak
*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 02'	'RIE01'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
Large calyx: shape o apex of sepals	f obtuse	acute	acute	acute	obtuse
Large calyx: number of sepals	more than 7				

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 02'	'RIE01'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
Inflorescence: numb	per of sepals				
Mean	14.70	13.90	13.90	15.50	16.80
Std. Deviation	0.94	1.20	1.10	1.35	0.92
LSD/sig	1.19	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: width	n of calyx (large	est flower) (mn	n)		
Mean	64.80	60.50	55.00	51.90	80.30
Std. Deviation	4.10	5.60	4.60	5.40	3.90
LSD/sig	4.5	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2007	Granted	'RIE 02'
USA	2004	Granted	'RIE 02'
Canada	2005	Applied	'Youmetwo'

First sold in The Netherlands in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Nov 2007.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/062 **Variety Name** 'RIE 09'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common NameHydrangeaSynonymRomanceAccepted Date20 May 2008

Applicant Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC

Descriptor Hydrangea (*Hydrangea*) TG/133/3.

Period 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in non heated shade house. Plants propagated

from cuttings, grown on and transplanted to final 200mm container size throughout 2008 until flowering maturity in Dec. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers and a pH of 5.1. Appropriate pest

and disease treatments were applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled Pollination: between May 1990 and May 1993 the breeder began a program with the aims of breeding a range of double-flowered Hydrangeas, having two or more whorls of sepals per flower in Kyoto, Japan. *Hydrangea macrophylla* 'Yamaajisai', 'Otafuka' and 'Fijinishiritaki' (non protected varieties) were pollinated with each other. A generation from these crosses was then raised. One plant was selected as the female parent to be crossed with the pollen parent *H. macrophylla* 'Sumidanohanabi' in 1993. From this pollination 35 plants were raised and in 1994 a selection was made on the basis of average number of sepals more than seven, sepal shape of apex acute and inflorescence diameter medium. 'RIE09' has remained uniform and stable through all subsequent generations. Propagation is via cuttings. Breeder: Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Inflorescence	conspicuousness of flowers with small caly	x conspicuous
Inflorescence	shape	flattened
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present
Large calyx	degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong
Large calyx	number of sepals	more than 7

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'RIE01'	
'RIE02'	
'youmefour'	
'youmethree'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety I	Distinguishin	g Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sumidanohanabi' I	Inflorescence	arrangement of flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers with smal calyx only)		in one circle	Parental variety.

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}\text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 09'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
*Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright	upright
Plant: natural height (non-climbing varieties only)	medium	medium	short to medium	medium	medium to tall
Leaf blade: length	medium	medium	short	short to medium	medium to long
*Leaf blade: main colour	green	green	green	green	green
Leaf blade: intensity of main colour	dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	medium
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: shape	ovate	circular	circular	ovate	ovate
*Leaf blade: shape of apex	f acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate
Leaf blade: shape of base	acute	obtuse	obtuse	obtuse	acute
Leaf blade: lobing	present	present	present	present	present
Leaf blade: type of	fine to	medium to	medium	medium	fine to

incisions	medium	coarse			medium
*Inflorescence: diameter	medium	large to very large	medium	large to very large	large
*Inflorescence: conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous
Inflorescence: arrangement of flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)		irregular	irregular	irregular	in one circle
*Inflorescence: shape	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened
*Large calyx: diameter	medium	large	large	medium	large to very large
*Large calyx: colouration	medium	medium	medium to strong	strong	weak to medium
*Large calyx: colour (RHS colour chart)	Violet-Blue 97A + Purple 76A	Blue 106 C+D	Blue 100C+D	Violet-Blue 97B	Blue 100D
*Large calyx: overlapping of sepals	present	present	present	present	present
*Large calyx: degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
*Large calyx: incisions of margin of sepals	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals	present on some sepals	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals
Small calyx: intensity of colouration (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only)	strong	strong	strong	strong	strong
Flower with small calyx: intensity of colouration of anthers (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calvy only)	weak	weak	weak	weak	weak
small calyx only) *Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 09'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
Large calyx: shape of apex of sepals	f acute	acute	obtuse	acute	obtuse
Large calyx: number of sepals	more than 7				

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 09'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
Inflorescence: width	of calyx (large	est flower) (mm)		
Mean	55.00	60.50	64.80	51.90	80.30
Std. Deviation	4.60	5.60	4.10	5.40	3.90
LSD/sig	4.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: numb	er of sepals				
Mean	13.90	13.90	14.70	15.50	16.80
Std. Deviation	1.10	1.20	0.94	1.35	0.92
LSD/sig	1.19	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2007	Granted	'RIE 09'
USA	2004	Granted	'RIE 09'
New Zealand	2008	Applied	'RIE 09'
Canada	2005	Applied	'Youmenine'

First sold in The Netherlands in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Nov 2007.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/066 **Variety Name** 'RIE 01'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common NameHydrangeaSynonymForeverAccepted Date26 May 2008

Applicant Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor Hydrangea (*Hydrangea*) TG/133/3.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in non heated shade house. Plants propagated

from cuttings, grown on and transplanted to final 200mm container size throughout 2008 until flowering maturity in Dec. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers and a pH of 5.1. Appropriate pest

and disease treatments were applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: between May 1990 and May 1993 the breeder began a program with the aims of breeding a range of double-flowered Hydrangeas, having two or more whorls of sepals per flower in Kyoto, Japan. *Hydrangea macrophylla* 'Yamaajisai', 'Otafuka' and 'Fijinishiritaki' (non protected varieties) were pollinated with each other. A generation from these crosses was then raised. One plant was selected as the female parent to be crossed with the pollen parent *H. macrophylla* 'Sumidanohanabi' in 1993. From this pollination 35 plants were raised and in 1994 a selection was made on the basis of average number of sepals more than seven, sepal shape of apex acute and inflorescence diameter large to very large. 'RIE01' has remained uniform and stable through all subsequent generations. Propagation is via cuttings. Breeder: Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Collins	ion imowiedge		
Organ/Plant Pa	rtContext	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	growth habit	upright	
Leaf blade	variegation	absent	
Inflorescence	Inflorescence conspicuousness of flowers with small calyx conspicuous		
Inflorescence	shape	flattened	
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present	
Large calyx	degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong	
Large calyx	number of sepals	more than 7	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	g Characteristics	State of	State of	Comments
			Expression in	Expression in	1
			Candidate	Comparator	
			Variety	Variety	
'Sumidanohanab	i'Inflorescence	flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers	irregular	in one circle	Parental variety.
		with small calyx only	7)		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
*Plant: growth habi	t upright	upright	upright	upright	upright
Plant: natural heigh (non-climbing varieties only)	t medium	short to medium	medium	medium	medium to tall
Leaf blade: length	medium	short	medium	short to medium	medium to long
*Leaf blade: main colour	green	green	green	green	green
Leaf blade: intensity of main colour	^y dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	medium
*Leaf blade: variegation	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf blade: shape	circular	circular	ovate	ovate	ovate
*Leaf blade: shape apex	of acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate
Leaf blade: shape of base	f obtuse	obtuse	acute	obtuse	acute
Leaf blade: lobing	present	present	present	present	present
Leaf blade: type of incisions	medium to coarse	medium	fine to medium	medium	fine to medium

^{&#}x27;RIE02'

^{&#}x27;youmefour'

^{&#}x27;youmethree'

^{&#}x27;RIE09'

▽ diar	*Inflorescence:	large to very large	medium	medium	large to very large	large
	*Inflorescence: spicuousness of vers with small calyx	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous
with with	Inflorescence: ngement of flowers large calyx (varieties conspicuous flowers small calyx only)	irregular	irregular	irregular	irregular	in one circle
	*Inflorescence: shape	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened
▽ diar	*Large calyx:	large	large	medium	medium	large to very large
▽ colo	*Large calyx: ouration	medium	medium to strong	medium	strong	weak to medium
(RF	*Large calyx: colour IS colour chart)	Blue 106 C + D	Blue 100 C + D	Violet-Blue 97A + Purple 76A	Violet-Blue 97 B	Blue 100 D
ove	*Large calyx: rlapping of sepals	present	present	present	present	present
of o	*Large calyx: degree verlapping of sepals	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
inci sepa	*Large calyx: sions of margin of als	present on some sepals	present on some sepals	absent on all sepals	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals
	Large calyx: shape of sions of margin of als	serrate	serrate			serrate
with	Small calyx: intensity olouration (varieties a conspicuous flowers a small calyx only)	strong	strong	weak	strong	strong
colo (var con	Flower with small ex: intensity of ouration of anthers rieties with spicuous flowers with all calyx only)	weak	weak	weak	weak	weak
of f	*Time of: beginning lowering	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
Large calyx: shape of apex of sepals	f acute	obtuse	acute	acute	obtuse
Large calyx: number of sepals	more than 7				

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RIE 01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmefour'	'youmethree'
Inflorescence: number	er of sepals				
Mean	13.90	14.70	13.90	15.50	16.80
Std. Deviation	1.20	0.94	1.10	1.35	0.92
LSD/sig	1.19	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: width	of calyx (large	st flower) (mm)		
Mean	60.50	64.80	55.00	51.90	80.30
Std. Deviation	5.60	4.10	4.60	5.40	3.90
SD/sig	4.5	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2007	Granted	'RIE 01'
USA	2004	Granted	'RIE 01'
Canada	2005	Applied	'Youmeone'

First sold in The Netherlands in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Nov 2007.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/065 **Variety Name** 'youmefour'

Genus Species Hydrangea macrophylla

Common NameHydrangeaSynonymPassionAccepted Date05 Sep 2008

Applicant Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC

Descriptor Hydrangea (*Hydrangea*) TG/133/3.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in non heated shade house. Plants propagated

from cuttings, grown on and transplanted to final 200mm container size throughout 2008 until flowering maturity in December. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers and a pH of 5.1. Appropriate pest

and disease treatments were applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected

RHS Chart - edition 1995

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: between May 1990 and May 1993 the breeder began a program with the aims of breeding a range of double-flowered Hydrangeas, having two or more whorls of sepals per flower in Kyoto, Japan. *Hydrangea macrophylla* 'Yamaajisai', 'Otafuka' and 'Fijinishiritaki' (non-protected varieties) were pollinated with each other. A generation from these crosses was then raised. One plant was selected as the female parent to be crossed with *H. macrophylla* 'Sumidanohanabi' the pollen parent in 1993. From this pollination 35 plants were raised and in 1994. A selection was made on the basis of average number of sepals more than seven, sepal shape of apex acute and inflorescence diameter large to very large. 'Youmefour' has remained uniform and stable through all subsequent generations. Propagation is via cuttings. Breeder: Ryoji Irie, Kyoto, Japan.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common	1 Ithio wieage	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Leaf blade	variegation	absent
Inflorescence	conspicuousness of flowers with	conspicuous
	small calyx	
Inflorescence	shape	flattened
Large calyx	overlapping of sepals	present
Large calyx	degree of overlapping of sepals	very strong
Large calyx	number of sepals	more than 7

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'RIE01'	
'RIE02'	
'RIE09'	
'youmethree'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishin	g Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sumidanohanabi'	Inflorescence	arrangement of flowers with large calyx (varieties with conspicuous flowers with small calyx only	irregular	in one circle	Parental variety.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'youmefour'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmethree'
	*Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright	upright
(no onl	Plant: natural height n-climbing varieties	medium	medium	short to medium	medium	medium to tall
V	Leaf blade: length	short to medium	medium	short	medium	medium to long
cole	*Leaf blade: main our	green	green	green	green	green
of r	Leaf blade: intensity nain colour	medium to dark	dark	dark	dark	medium
var	*Leaf blade: legation	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
glo	Leaf blade: ssiness of upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
V	*Leaf blade: shape	ovate	circular	circular	ovate	ovate
ape	*Leaf blade: shape of x	f acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate	acuminate
▽ bas	Leaf blade: shape of	obtuse	obtuse	obtuse	acute	acute
	Leaf blade: lobing	present	present	present	present	present
inci	Leaf blade: type of sions	medium	medium to coarse	medium	fine to medium	fine to medium

▽ dia	*Inflorescence:	large to very large	large to very large	medium	medium	large
flov	*Inflorescence: spicuousness of vers with small calyx	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous	conspicuous
witl witl	Inflorescence: Ingement of flowers In large calyx (varieties In conspicuous flowers In small calyx only)	irregular	irregular	irregular	irregular	in one circle
	*Inflorescence: shape	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened
▼ dia	*Large calyx:	medium	large	large	medium	large to very large
▽ colo	*Large calyx:	strong	medium	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium
V	*Large calyx: colour IS colour chart)	violet-blue 97B	blue 106 C+D	blue 100C+D	violet-blue 97A + purple 76A	blue 100D
ove	*Large calyx: rlapping of sepals	present	present	present	present	present
of o	*Large calyx: degree overlapping of sepals	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong	very strong
inci sep	*Large calyx: sions of margin of als	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals	present on some sepals	absent on all sepals	present on some sepals
witl	Small calyx: intensity colouration (varieties a conspicuous flowers a small calyx only)	strong	strong	strong	weak	strong
cole (var	Flower with small vx: intensity of ouration of anthers rieties with spicuous flowers with all calyx only)	weak	weak	weak	weak	weak
of f	*Time of: beginning lowering	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'youmefour'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmethree'
Large calyx: shape o apex of sepals	f acute	acute	obtuse	acute	obtuse
Large calyx: number of sepals	more than 7				

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'youmefour'	'RIE01'	'RIE02'	'RIE09'	'youmethree'
Inflorescence: width	of calyx (large	st flower) (mm)		
Mean	51.90	13.90	64.80	55.00	80.30
Std. Deviation	5.40	1.20	4.10	4.60	3.90
LSD/sig	4.5	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: numb	er of sepals				
Mean	15.50	13.90	14.70	13.90	16.80
Std. Deviation	1.35	1.20	0.94	1.10	0.92
LSD/sig	1.19	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Canada	2005	Applied	'youmefour'
EU	2003	Rejected	'youmefour'
USA	2004	Granted	'RIE 04'

First sold in The Netherlands in Mar 2004. First Australian sale Nov 2007.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/130 **Variety Name** 'Calavos'

Genus Species Cannabis sativa
Common Name Industrial Hemp

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2008

Applicant Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person David Gillespie

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Langbeckers Road, Calavos via Bundaberg. **Descriptor** Hemp (*Cannabis sativa*) TG/Hemp (DRAFT).

Period 3 Oct 2008 to 12 Dec 2008.

Conditions The trial was sown in a grey light sandy clay loam on 3 Oct

2008. Irrigation and fertiliser application were by trickle irrigation. Plants were never stressed for water or nutrients. Insecticides were applied as necessary before any damage to the crop took place. There was no disease in the crop so no

fungicides were applied.

Trial Design Randomised block design with eleven treatments and two

replications. Two generations were sown of each of 4 candidate varieties along with 3 varieties of common knowledge from the same breeding program. Each end of the plot was buffered by two metres of 'Carmen' and on each side of the experimental area was also buffered by a row of

'Carmen' one of the common knowledge varieties.

Measurements 10 samples for various attributes were taken from each plot.

RHS Chart - edition 5th edition.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the pollination was controlled to the extent that male plants were removed before anthesis from the maternal parent while several paternal parents of unknown origin to the applicant pollinated the maternal parent. The source F1 hybrid seed coded 'Guelph 3-74' was imported through quarantine under licence from Mr Peter P. Dragla (now deceased), University of Guelph, Ridge Town College, Ontario, Canada in Dec 2003. The breeding line 'Guelph 3-74' was from very late maturing parents under Canadian conditions (matured in 165 days from sowing). The F1 source seed and subsequent generations were then grown in isolation until final selections took at F5 generation. This variety was selected for grain qualities and kernels tasted very nice. It is a short variety for easy mechanical harvest of seed. Plants were very seed productive. Open pollination from individual plants selected for low THC content was carried out in the first three generations from the F1 source seed. Male plants were screened before anthesis, small males discarded and female plants screened for low THC content at half seed fill using an in-house colorimetric test. The Government analyst also monitored populations with a random 30 plant sample.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of flowering	early
Leaves and inflorescences	THC content	low/very low to low
Plant	sex expression	dioecious

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'BundyGem'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'FibreGem'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Carmen'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Ruby'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Kepnock'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Tegege'	Originated from the same breeding program.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part:

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Calavos'	'BundyGem'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'
Seedling: shape of cotyledon	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	narrow elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	dark	dark	medium to dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	dark
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present	present	present	present	present
Seedling: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Time of: beginning of flowering (50% of plants with at least one male flower) (seed-propagated varieties only)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
*Plant: sex expression	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious
Plant: number of primary branches	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few
Stem: length of internode	short to medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
Stem: thickness	medium	thin to	thin	medium to	thin to	medium	medium to

			medium		thick	medium		thick
▽ ribs	Stem: number of		many	medium to many	medium	medium to many	many	medium to many
	*Leaf: size	medium to large	large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	large
	Leaf: maximum nber of leaflets on petiole	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	many	many
□ leng	Central leaflet:	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium to long
wid	Central leaflet:	medium	medium to broad	medium	medium	medium to broad	meaium	medium to broad
gree	Leaf: intensity of en color	medium	medium	dark	medium	medium	medium to dark	dark
	*Leaf: nocyanin puration	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
	*Petiole: nocyanin puration	very weak to weak	•	absent or very weak	•	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
colo	Inflorescence: nocyanin ouration of male wers	•	•	absent or very weak	•	-	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
incl	Plant: height wering plant uding orescence)	short	medium	short	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium
	*Stem: colour	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green
plaı	*Time of: curity (50% of nts with at least hard, dry seed)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
V	Seed: size	medium to large	medium to large	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
test	Seed: colour of a	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown
~	Seed: reticulation	medium	medium to strong	weak to medium	weak	medium to strong	weak to medium	medium
late	Seed: shape in ral view	semi broad elliptic	broad ovate	narrow elliptic	broad ovate	semi broad elliptic	broad ovate	broad ovate

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Calavos'	'BundyGem'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'
Stem: RHS colour	137C	137C	137C	137C	137C	137D	137C
Leaf: RHS colour	137B	137C	137C	137B	137C	137C	137B
Seed testa: Black mosaic pattern	medium to strong	weak	medium	weak	medium to strong	medium	medium
Young leaf: anthocyanin colouration at early flowering	absent	present	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf and inflorescence: THC content	low	low	low	low to very low	low	low	low
Stem: bast fibre content	high	medium to high	medium	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high
Cotyledon: RHS colour	N137A	137B	137A	N137B	N137A	137A	137B

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Calavos'	'BundyGem	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'
Plant: height (cm)						
Mean	102.47	140.93	113.50	126.50	120.35	132.45	131.60
Std. Deviation	10.09	14.48	11.63	13.08	15.72	11.51	17.85
LSD/sig	18.13	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaves and inflor	escence: TI	HC content	% (g/g*100))			
Mean	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.13	0.21
Std. Deviation	0.02	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.17
Seed: size weight	/1000 seed	(g)					
Mean	20.57	22.98	16.04	21.19	22.20	21.06	21.54
Std. Deviation	0.59	0.72	0.77	0.79	0.76	0.83	0.40
LSD/sig	0.845	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
☐ Stem: bast fibre c	ontent % (g	g/g*100)					
Mean	26.12	24.07	17.47	23.56	24.81	25.22	25.23
Std. Deviation	4.17	1.65	0.89	1.29	0.80	1.73	1.09
LSD/sig	6.02	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Gillespie, Crop Tech Research Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD.

Application Number 2008/132
Variety Name 'Kepnock'
Genus Species Cannabis sativa
Common Name Industrial Hemp

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2008

Applicant Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person David Gillespie

Details of Comparative Trial

LocationLangbeckers Road, Calavos via Bundaberg.DescriptorHemp (Cannabis sativa) TG/Hemp (DRAFT).

Period 3 Oct 2008 to 12 Dec 2008.

Conditions The trial was sown in a grey light sandy clay loam on 3 Oct

2008. Irrigation and fertiliser application were by trickle irrigation. Plants were never stressed for water or nutrients. Insecticides were applied as necessary before any damage to the crop took place. There was no disease in the crop so no

fungicides were applied.

Trial Design Randomised block design with eleven treatments and two

replications. Two generations were sown of each of 4 candidate varieties along with 3 varieties of common knowledge from the same breeding program. Each end of the plot was buffered by two metres of 'Carmen' and on each side of the experimental area was also buffered by a row of

'Carmen' one of the common knowledge varieties.

Measurements 10 measurements were taken of various attributes from each

plot.

RHS Chart - edition 5^{th} edition.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the pollination was controlled to the extent that male plants were removed before anthesis from the maternal parent while several paternal parents of unknown origin to the applicant pollinated the maternal parent. The source F1 hybrid seed coded 'Guelph 3-31' was imported through quarantine under licence from Mr Peter P. Dragla (now deceased), University of Guelph, Ridge Town College, Ontario, Canada in Dec 2003. The breeding line 'Guelph 3-31' was from very late maturing parents under Canadian conditions (matured in 160 days from sowing). The F1 source seed and subsequent generations were then grown in isolation until final selections took at the F4 generation. This variety is possibly a dual-purpose variety having good bast fibre characteristics and excellent tasting kernels. Plants were very seed productive. Open pollination from individual plants selected for low THC content was carried out in the first three generations from the F1 source seed. Male plants were screened before anthesis, small males discarded and female plants screened for low THC content at half seed fill using an in-house colorimetric test. The Government analyst also monitored populations with a random 30 plant sample.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	THC content	low/veryl ow to low
Inflorescence	sex expression	dioecious
Plant	flowering	early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'BundyGem'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Calavos'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Carmen'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'FibreGem'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Ruby'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Tegege'	Originated from the same breeding program.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part:

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kepnock	''BundyGem	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	''Ruby'	'Tegege'
Seedling: shape of cotyledon	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	narrow elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	dark	medium to dark	dark
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present	present	present	present	present
Seedling: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Time of: beginning of flowering (50% of plants with at least one male flower) (seed-propagated varieties only)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
*Plant: sex expression	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious
Plant: number of primary branches	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few
Stem: length of internode	medium	medium	short to medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
Stem: thickness	thin to	thin to	medium	thin	medium to	medium	medium to

			medium			thick		thick
□ ribs			many	medium to many	medium to many	medium	many	medium to many
	*Leaf: size	medium to large	large		medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	large
	petiole			medium	medium	medium	many	many
leng	gth	•	iong		medium	medium	medium	medium to long
□ wid	Central leaflet: th	medium to broad	medium to broad	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium to broad
	Leaf: intensity of en color	medium	medium	medium	dark	medium	medium to dark	dark
	*Leaf: nocyanin puration	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
	*Petiole: nocyanin puration	•	•	•	absent or very weak	•	•	very weak to weak
colo	Inflorescence: nocyanin ouration of male wers	•	•	•	absent or very weak	•	•	very weak to weak
(flo incl	Plant: height wering plant uding orescence)	short to medium	medium	short	short	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium
	*Stem: colour	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green
plar	*Time of: urity (50% of nts with at least hard, dry seed)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
~	Seed: size	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
test	Seed: colour of	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown
V	Seed: reticulation	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium	weak	weak to medium	medium
late	Seed: shape in ral view	semi broad elliptic	broad ovate	semi broad elliptic	narrow elliptic	broad ovate	broad ovate	broad ovate

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kepnock	''BundyGem'	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	'Ruby'	'Tegege'
Stem: bast fibre content	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high	medium	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high
leaf and inflorescence: THC content	low	low	low	low	very low to low	low	low
Stem: RHS colour	137C	137C	137C	137C	137C	137D	137C
leaf: RHS colour	137C	137C	137B	137C	137B	137C	137B
Seed testa: Black mosaic pattern	medium to strong	weak	medium to strong	medium	weak	medium	medium
Young leaf: anthocyanin colouration at early flowering	absent	present	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
□ cotyledon: RHS colour	N137A	137B	N137A	137A	N137B	137A	137B

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Kepnock	''BundyGem	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	''Ruby'	'Tegege'	
Seed: size weight	1000 seed	(g)						
Mean	22.20	22.98	20.57	16.04	21.19	21.06	21.54	
Std. Deviation	0.76	0.72	0.59	0.77	0.79	0.83	0.47	
LSD/sig	0.845	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	
Stem: Bast fibre of	content % (g/g*100)						
Mean	24.81	24.07	26.12	17.47	23.56	25.22	25.23	
Std. Deviation	0.80	1.65	4.17	0.89	1.29	1.73	1.09	
Plant: height (cm))							
Mean	120.35	140.93	102.47	113.50	126.50	132.45	131.60	
Std. Deviation	15.72	14.48	10.09	11.63	13.08	11.51	17.85	
LSD/sig	18.13	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	
Leaves and inflorescence: THC content % (g/g*100)								
Mean	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.05	0.13	0.21	
Std. Deviation	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.17	

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Gillespie, Crop Tech Research Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD.

Application Number 2008/131
Variety Name 'FibreGem'
Genus Species Cannabis sativa
Common Name Industrial Hemp

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2008

Applicant Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person David Gillespie

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Crop Tech site Langbeckers Road, Calavos via Bundaberg.

Descriptor Hemp (*Cannabis sativa*) TG/Hemp (DRAFT).

Period 3 Oct 2008 to 12 Dec 2008.

Conditions Soil type grey sandy clay loam, free draining. All lines

germinated well, plants were never stressed for water with trickle irrigation applied throughout the trial. Fertiliser was applied through the trickle irrigation and plants were not stressed for nutrients. Plants were sprayed as necessary for insect control, no diseases were evident throughout. Weeding was done by hand at a very small size and plants did not have

to compete with weeds.

Trial Design Randomised block design consisting of eleven treatments and

two replications. Two generations of the four candidate varieties were grown and three varieties of common knowledge were included in the trial. Buffer rows were grown at each end of the trial and the two outside rows were buffered with Carmen. Plots consisted of approximately 50

plants.

Measurements 10 samples were taken from each plot for assessment of

various characteristics.

RHS Chart - edition 5th edition.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the pollination was controlled to the extent that male plants were removed before anthesis from the maternal parent while several paternal parents of unknown origin to the applicant pollinated the maternal parent. The source F1 hybrid seed coded 'Guelph 3-73' was imported through quarantine under licence from Mr Peter P. Dragla (now deceased), University of Guelph, Ridge Town College, Ontario, Canada in Dec, 2003. The breeding line 'Guelph 3-73' was from very late maturing parents under Canadian conditions (matured in 170 days from sowing). The F1 source seed and subsequent generations were then grown in isolation until final selection. Open pollination from individual plants selected for low THC content was carried out in the first three generations from the F1 source seed. Male plants were screened before anthesis, small males discarded and female plants screened for low THC content at half seed fill using an in-house colorimetric test. The Government analyst also monitored populations with a random 30 plant sample. The line was selected for uniform thin stems. Seed heads are approximately one third of the plant height. This line decorticated easily by machine producing long very strong fibres. Final selections were made at F5.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaves and inflorescences	THC content	very low to low/low
Inflorescence	sex expression	dioecious
Flowers	days to 50% anthesis	early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOSC SIMILAR	varieties of common timo weage rachtmea (v cit)
Name	Comments
'Carmen'	Bred from same program.
'Ruby'	Bred from same program.
'Tegege'	Bred from same program.
'Kepnock'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Calavos'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'BundyGem'	Originated from the same breeding program.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part:

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FibreGem'	'BundyGem'	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'Kepnock	''Ruby'	'Tegege'
Seedling: shape of cotyledon	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	narrow elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	dark	medium to dark	dark
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present	present	present	present	present
Seedling: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Time of: beginning of flowering (50% of plants with at least one male flower) (seed-propagated varieties only)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
*Plant: sex expression	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious
Plant: number of primary branches	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few
Stem: length of internode	medium to long	medium	short to medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Stem: thickness	medium to	thin to	medium	thin	thin to	medium	medium to

	thick	medium			medium		thick
Stem: number of ribs		many	medium to many	medium to many	medium to many	many	medium to many
*Leaf: size	medium to large	large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	large
Leaf: maximum number of leaflets on one petiole	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	many	many
Central leaflet:	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium to long
Central leaflet: width	medium	medium to broad	medium	medium	medium to broad	medium	medium to broad
Leaf: intensity of green color	medium	medium	medium	dark	medium	medium to dark	dark
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Petiole: anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	•	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	•	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration of male flowers	very weak to weak	•	•	very weak to weak	•	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Plant: height (flowering plant including inflorescence)	short to medium	medium	short	short	short to medium	very short to short	short to medium
*Stem: colour	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green
*Time of: maturity (50% of plants with at least one hard, dry seed)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
Seed: size	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
Seed: colour of testa	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown
Seed: reticulation	weak	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium	medium to strong	weak to medium	medium
Seed: shape in lateral view	broad ovate	broad ovate	semi broad elliptic	lnarrow elliptic	semi broad elliptic	lbroad ovate	broad ovate

	Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FibreGem'	''BundyGem'	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'
(Stem: bast fibre content	medium to high	medium to high	medium to	medium	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high
	Leaf and nflorescence: THC content	very low to low	low	low	low	low	low	low
(Stem: RHS colour	137C	137C	137C	137C	137C	137D	137C
ſ	Leaf: RHS colour	137B	137C	137B	137C	137C	137C	137B
	Seed testa: Black mosaic pattern	weak	weak	medium to strong	medium	medium to strong	medium	medium
colo	Cotyledon: RHS	N137B	137B	N137A	137A	N137A	137A	137B
C	Young leaf: anthocyanin colouration at early lowering	absent	present	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'FibreGem	''BundyGem	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'	
Plant: height (cm)							
Mean	126.50	140.93	102.47	113.50	120.35	132.45	131.60	
Std. Deviation	13.08	14.48	10.09	11.63	15.72	11.51	17.85	
LSD/sig	18.13	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	
Leaves and inflor	escence: TI	HC content	% (g/g*100))				
Mean	0.05	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.13	0.21	
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.01	0.00	0.17	
Seed: weight per	1000 seed ((g)						
Mean	21.19	22.98	20.57	16.04	22.20	21.06	21.54	
Std. Deviation	0.79	0.72	0.59	0.77	0.76	0.83	0.47	
LSD/sig	0.845	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	
Stem: bast fibre content % $(g/g*100)$								
Mean	23.56	24.07	26.12	17.47	24.81	25.22	25.23	
Std. Deviation	1.29	1.65	4.17	0.89	0.80	1.73	1.09	
LSD/sig	6.02	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Gillespie, Crop Tech Research Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD.

Application Number 2008/129
Variety Name 'BundyGem'
Genus Species Cannabis sativa
Common Name Industrial Hemp

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2008

Applicant Agri Fibre Industries Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person David Gillespie

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Langbeckers Road, Calavos via Bundaberg. **Descriptor** Hemp (*Cannabis sativa*) TG/Hemp (DRAFT).

Period 3 Oct 2008 to 12 Dec 2008.

Conditions The trial was sown in a grey light sandy clay loam on 3 Oct

2008. Irrigation and fertiliser application were by trickle irrigation. Plants were never stressed for water or nutrients. Insecticides were applied as necessary before any damage to the crop took place. There was no disease in the crop so no

fungicides were applied.

Trial Design Randomised block design with eleven treatments and two

replications. Two generations were sown of each of 4 candidate varieties along with 3 varieties of common knowledge from the same breeding program. Each end of the plot was buffered by two metres of 'Carmen' and on each side of the experimental area was also buffered by a row of

'Carmen' one of the common knowledge varieties.

Measurements 10 measurements per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 5th edition.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the pollination was controlled to the extent that male plants were removed before anthesis from the maternal parent while several paternal parents of unknown origin to the applicant pollinated the maternal parent. The source F1 hybrid seed coded 'Guelph 3-72' was imported through quarantine under licence from Mr Peter P. Dragla (now deceased), University of Guelph, Ridge Town College, Ontario, Canada in Dec, 2003. The breeding line 'Guelph 3-72' was from very late maturing parents under Canadian conditions (matured in 170 days from sowing). The F1 source seed and subsequent generations were then grown in isolation until final selections took place at F7 generation. This variety was easily decorticated by machine and had long strong bast fibres. Bast recovery was very good. Plants were very seed productive and were taller than other varieties in the DUS trial. Open pollination from individual plants selected for low THC content was carried out in the first three generations from the F1 source seed. Male plants were screened before anthesis, small males discarded and female plants screened for low THC content at half seed fill using an in-house colorimetric test. The Government analyst also monitored populations with a random 30 plant sample.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	THC content	low/very low to low
Inflorescence	sex expression	Dioecious
Plant	flowering	Early

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Carmen'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Ruby'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Tegege'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Calavos'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'FibreGem'	Originated from the same breeding program.
'Kepnock'	Originated from the same breeding program.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part:

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BundyGem	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'
Seedling: shape of cotyledon	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	narrow elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Cotyledon: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	dark	medium to dark	dark	dark	medium to dark	dark
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present	present	present	present	present
Seedling: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Time of: beginning of flowering (50% of plants with at least one male flower) (seed-propagated varieties only)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
*Plant: sex expression	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious	dioecious
Plant: number of primary branches	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few	absent or very few
Stem: length of internode	medium	short to medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
Stem: thickness	thin to medium	medium	thin	medium to thick	thin to medium	medium	medium to thick

Stem: number of ribs	medium to many	medium to many	medium to many	medium	medium to many	many	medium to many
*Leaf: size	large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	large
Leaf: maximum number of leaflets on one petiole	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	many	many
Central leaflet: length	medium to long	medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium	medium to long
Central leaflet: width	medium to broad	medium	medium	medium	medium to broad	medium	medium to broad
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	dark	medium	medium	medium to dark	dark
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Petiole: anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	•	absent or very weak	•	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration of male flowers	very weak to weak			very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Plant: height (flowering plant including inflorescence)	medium	short	short	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium
*Stem: colour	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green	light green
*Time of: maturity (50% of plants with at least one hard, dry seed)	early	early	early	early	early	early	early
Seed: size	medium to large	medium to large	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
Seed: colour of testa	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown	brown
Seed: reticulation	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium	weak	medium to strong	weak to medium	medium
Seed: shape in lateral view	broad ovate	semi broad elliptic	lnarrow elliptic	broad ovate	semi broad elliptic	lbroad ovate	broad ovate

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'BundyGem	'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem'	'Kepnock	"Ruby"	'Tegege'
Leaf and inflorescence: THC content	low	low	low	very low to low	low	low	low
Stem: bast fibre content	medium to	medium	medium	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high	medium to high
Stem: RHS colour	137C	137C	137C	137C	137C	137D	137C
Leaf: RHS colour	. 137C	137B	137C	137B	137C	137C	137B
Seed testa: Black mosaic pattern	weak	medium to strong	medium	weak	medium to strong	medium	medium
Cotyledon: RHS colour	137B	N137A	137A	N137B	N137A	137A	137B
Young leaf: anthocyanin colouration at early flowering	present	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part:	'RundyGem	, 'Calavos'	'Carmen'	'FibreGem	''Kennock	''Ruby'	'Tegege'		
Context	Dunay Gem	Culuvos	Curmen	Tibredem	периоск	Ruby	regege		
Plant: height (cm)									
Mean	140.93	102.47	113.50	126.50	120.35	132.45	131.60		
Std. Deviation	14.48	10.09	11.63	13.08	15.72	11.51	17.85		
LSD/sig	18.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns		
Leaf and inflorescence: THC content (g/g*100)									
Mean	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.05	0.10	0.13	0.21		
Std. Deviation	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.17		
Seed: weight per	1000 seed ((g)							
Mean	22.98	20.57	16.04	21.19	22.20	21.06	21.54		
Std. Deviation	0.72	0.59	0.77	0.79	0.76	0.83	0.47		
LSD/sig	0.845	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stem: Bast fibre content % $(g/g*100)$									
Mean	24.07	26.12	17.47	23.56	24.81	25.22	25.23		
Std. Deviation	1.65	4.17	0.89	1.29	0.80	1.73	1.09		
LSD/sig	6.02	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns		

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: David Gillespie, Crop Tech Research Pty Ltd, Bundaberg, QLD.

Application Number 2008/026 **Variety Name** 'Aston'

Genus SpeciesLolium multiflorumCommon NameItalian Ryegrass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 28 Apr 2008

Applicant New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd, Christchurch, New Zealand

Agent Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Qualified Person David Hawkey

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Christchurch New Zealand. **Descriptor** Ryegrass (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8.

Period Mar 2008 – Jan 2009.

Conditions Seedlings raised in a glasshouse and transplanted into the

field in the autumn after a period of hardening off. Weeds controlled by hand hoeing and overhead irrigation applied as

required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block design with 6 reps and 12 plants,

giving 72 plants per variety

Measurements Measurements from 60 plants per variety.

RHS Chart - edition Nil.

Origin and Breeding

Seeds of 'Tabu' annual ryegrass were treated with colchicine to induce chromosome doubling. Plants were grown from 200 of these treated seeds and planted to an isolation pot. Individual seed heads were harvested from the plants that appeared tetraploid. Seeds from each of these heads were sown in the glasshouse and leaf tissue produced. This leaf tissue was tested for chromosome number. The plants positively identified as tetraploid were transplanted to field isolation plots. Seed from these C2 plots was harvested and rechecked. This seed was used extensively for yield trials and other field tests. The variety is maintained through four generations of controlled pollination. The original seed is stored in gene bank conditions at Agriseeds Research Farm. Breeder: Frances Wilson and Courtney Inch, New Zealand Agriseeds Limited, Christchurch, New Zealand.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	tetraploid
Plant	height	tall
Flag Leaf	length	long

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of common knowledge identified (veri
Name	Comments

'Emmerson'

'Feast II'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded								
Variety Distinguishing Characteristic		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	n Comments				
'Tabu' 'Archie'	Plant Plant	ploidy persistence	tetraploid e high	diploid low	parental variety			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with		(F)	(E) 4 III
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Aston'	'Emmerson'	'Feast II'
	*Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
V	*Leaf: colour	medium green	dark green	medium green
`	*Plant: time of inflorescence emergence er vernalisation)	^e late	late	late
~	Plant: growth habit in spring	medium	erect to semi-erec	tmedium
	Plant: natural height in spring	tall	tall	tall
	*Flag leaf: length	long	long	long
~	*Flag leaf: width	broad	broad	medium
	*Plant: length of longest stem, orescence included	long	long	long
	tistical Table			
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Aston'	'Emmerson'	'Feast II'
	. Deviation	241.00 50.57	237.00 55.53	251.00 38.39
LSI	D/sig	39.4	ns	ns
V	Flag leaf: width (mm)			
Me		10.38	10.00	8.61
	. Deviation	1.31	1.53	1.01
LSI	D/sig	0.9	ns	P≤0.01
~	Flag leaf: ratio length/width			
Me		23.50	24.60	29.50
	. Deviation	5.76	8.94	5.91
LSI	D√sig	2.48	ns	P≤0.01
~	Plant: days to heading (from 1/10/2008))		
Me	an	42.70	46.00	46.20
Std	. Deviation	3.11	3.06	3.45
LSI	D/sig	2.12	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	Stem: length (cm)			
Me	an	135.00	139.90	134.30
Std	. Deviation	17.40	16.24	12.92
LSI	D/sig	17.6	ns	ns
	Stem: internode length (cm)			

Mean	32.50	34.40	31.70
	6.74		
Std. Deviation		6.15	6.12
LSD/sig	9.45	ns	ns
Spike: length (mm)			
Mean	367.00	362.00	353.00
Std. Deviation	54.23	45.72	40.41
LSD/sig	23.7	ns	ns
Spike: number spikelets			
Mean	36.40	35.10	32.40
Std. Deviation	4.05	4.08	3.82
LSD/sig	2.62	ns	P≤0.01
Spike: spikelet density			
Mean	10.17	10.39	10.61
Std. Deviation	1.55	1.35	1.66
LSD/sig	1.25	ns	ns
Spikelet: length (mm)			
Mean	18.93	18.02	18.88
Std. Deviation	2.77	3.22	2.17
LSD/sig	1.7	ns	ns
Glume: length (mm)			
Mean	9.57	8.78	10.22
Std. Deviation	1.06	1.97	1.48
LSD/sig	0.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2008	Applied	'Aston'

First sale nil.

Description: David Hawkey, Heritage Seeds, Howlong, NSW.

Application Number 2008/057 **Variety Name** 'LM299'

Genus SpeciesLolium multiflorumCommon NameItalian Ryegrass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2008

Applicant New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd, Christchurch, New Zealand

Agent Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Qualified Person Philip Rhodes

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Christchurch, New Zealand.

Descriptor Ryegrass (new) (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8.

Period Mar 2008 to Dec 2008.

Conditions Seedlings raised in a glasshouse and transplanted into the

field as spaced plants after a period of hardening off. Weeds were controlled by hand hoeing and overhead irrigation was

applied as required.

Trial Design Trial design was a randomised complete block, 6 replicates of

12 plants giving 72 plants per variety.

Measurements Observations and measurements taken in the field at the

appropriate growth stage. Measurements from 60 plants per

variety.

RHS Chart - edition Nil.

Origin and Breeding

Recurrent Phenotypic Selection: Plants from a 20+ year old dairy pasture in Bay of Plenty, New Zealand, were collected in Aug 1992. The collected plants were multiplied in isolation in 1993. A spaced plant nursery of approximately 1000 plants was drilled in 2000. The nursery was exposed to sheep grazing and selection pressure for improved winter yield, plant density, and rust resistance. Twenty-five plants were chosen at head emergence on type and morphological similarity and moved to cross pollinate in isolation to form LM299 in 2001. The variety has been extensively tested in cutting and grazing trials in New Zealand and Australia since 2002. The variety is maintained through four generations by controlled pollination. The original seed is stored under gene bank storage conditions at Agriseeds research farm. Breeder: Frances Wilson and Courtney Inch, New Zealand Agriseeds Limited, Christchurch, New Zealand.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common	1 Ithio wieage	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of
		Varieties
Plant	ploidy	diploid
Plant	time of inflorescence emergence	late
Plant	length	medium/medium to long
Inflorescence	length	medium/medium to long

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Concord'		
'Crusader'		
'CM209'		
'Hulk'		
Variation of Common Va	and subsequently evalude	J

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguisl Character		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
E144B	Plant	time of inflorescence emergence	late e	early	parental variety

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}\text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'LM299'	'CM209'	'Concord'	'Crusader'	'Hulk'
	*Plant: ploidy	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid
~	Leaf: length	medium to long	short	medium	medium	short
V	Leaf: width	medium	narrow	medium	medium	medium
⊽ gree	Leaf: intensity of en colour	light to medium	light to medium	light to medium	light to medium	medium to dark
~	Plant: width	medium	medium	medium	wide	medium
_	Plant: vegetative wth habit (after nalisation)	semi-erect to medium	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect to medium	erect
	*Plant: time of orescence emergence er vernalisation)	late	late	late	late	late
	Plant: natural height aflorescence ergence	medium	medium	short to medium	short to medium	tall
infl	Plant: width at orescence emergence	medium	medium	wide	wide	medium
V	*Flag leaf: length	short to medium	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
~	*Flag leaf: width	medium	medium	medium	broad	broad
▽ leng	Flag leaf: gth/width ratio	medium	high	medium	high	medium
long	*Plant: length of gest stem,	medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium to long

· M			
ıntl	orescence	1nc	luded

Plant: length of upper medium internode	short	medium	medium	medium
Inflorescence: length medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium
Inflorescence: few to medium	medium to many	few to medium	few to medium	medium to many
Inflorescence: density ^{medium}	dense	dense	medium	dense
Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal medium spikelet	short	short	medium	medium
Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet medium excluding awn	short	medium	medium	medium

Statistical Table

<u>Statistical Table</u>						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LM299'	'CM209'	'Concord'	'Crusader'	'Hulk'	
Flag leaf: length (mm)						
Mean	189.00	219.00	227.00	242.00	228.00	
Std. Deviation	35.95	29.82	32.17	47.08	42.19	
LSD/sig	23.8	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Flag leaf: width (mm	1)					
Mean	7.98	7.94	8.73	9.10	9.58	
Std. Deviation	0.91	0.83	0.95	1.30	1.25	
LSD/sig	1.06	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Flag leaf: length/wid	th ratio					
Mean	23.90	28.00	26.20	27.10	24.10	
Std. Deviation	5.20	5.11	4.64	6.62	4.68	
LSD/sig	2.35	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns	
☐ Inflorescence: time of	of emergence (d	lays from 1st Oo	ct)			
Mean	45.90	46.30	46.50	47.20	45.40	
Std. Deviation	3.72	3.34	3.57	3.63	3.84	
LSD/sig	2.28	ns	ns	ns	ns	
☐ Stem: length (cm)						
Mean	115.10	117.00	119.30	124.10	127.00	
Std. Deviation	13.65	15.32	16.50	19.78	13.38	
LSD/sig	15.21	ns	ns	ns	ns	
Upper internode: len	gth (cm)					
Mean	31.70	25.40	32.70	31.70	29.90	
Std. Deviation	7.07	5.78	7.39	5.14	5.63	
LSD/sig	2.75	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	
Inflorescence: length	ı (mm)					
Mean	302.00	290.00	292.00	323.00	310.00	

Std. Deviation	43.80	41.88	37.47	43.18	42.51
LSD/sig	23.3	ns	ns	ns	ns
Inflorescence: no. or	f spikelets				
Mean	31.10	33.40	32.70	32.50	34.40
Std. Deviation	4.56	3.64	4.08	4.09	5.16
LSD/sig	1.87	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: densi	ty				
Mean	9.87	8.77	9.06	10.02	9.15
Std. Deviation	1.84	1.43	1.65	1.36	1.46
LSD/sig	0.70	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Spikelet: length (mr	n)				
Mean	16.90	14.70	16.10	17.60	17.60
Std. Deviation	2.16	2.42	2.50	2.26	3.06
LSD/sig	1.32	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns
Outer glume: length	(mm)				
Mean	8.40	7.10	7.20	8.00	7.80
Std. Deviation	1.44	1.37	1.25	1.08	1.36
LSD/sig	0.86	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

 $Description: \textbf{Philip Rhodes}, \\ Halswell, \\ Christchurch, \\ New \\ Zealand.$

Application Number 2007/138 **Variety Name** 'Maximus'

Genus SpeciesLolium multiflorumCommon NameItalian Ryegrass

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 21 Jun 2007

ApplicantBarenbrug USA, Tangent, Oregon, USAAgentHeritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Qualified Person Allen Newman

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Christchurch, New Zealand.

Descriptor Ryegrass (new) (*Lolium* spp.) TG/4/8.

Period Mar 2008 – Dec 2008.

Conditions Seedlings raised in a glasshouse and transplanted into the

field as spaced plants after a period of hardening off. Weeds controlled by hand hoeing and overhead irrigation applied as

required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block design with 6 reps of 12 plants,

giving 72 plants per variety.

Measurements Observations and measurements taken in the field at the

appropriate growth stage. Measurements from 60 plants per

variety.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Phenotypic selection: Ten plants were collected from a naturally occurring population near Morelia, Central Mexico in spring 1998. The plants were selected for the aggressive growth habit, erect and upright growth. The seed from the 10 plants was harvested and used to set up a 3000 plant space plant nursery in fall 1998. In spring 1999, the 100 best plants were selected from the nursery based on freedom from stem rust, upright and erect growth, and high seed yields. The harvested seed from 100 best plants was used to setup another 3000 space plant nursery in fall 1999 and reselected for seed production characteristics. Nearly 100 best plants were harvested in summer 2000. In fall 2000 another 3000 plant nursery was established. In summer 2001, the nursery was harvested as bulk breeder seed for experimental variety BB-Mex-1. The seed was used for forage trials. Breeder: Barenbrug, USA, Tangent, Oregon, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, 41100) 01 00111111011 11110 1110		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant cell	ploidy	tetraploid
Plant	vegetative growth habit	semi-erect/ semi-erect to medium
Plant	height in spring	tall
Plant	width in spring	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

'T-Rex'

11000 Similar Varieties of Common Line Wieage Identified (VCII)					
Name	Comments				
'Winterstar II'					
'Andy'					
'Archie'					

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishi Characteris	_	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Tetlia'	Plant	time of inflorescence emergence	medium	late	
Parental material	Inflorescence	e density	dense	medium	
Parental material	Plant	stem rust resistance	resistant	susceptible	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

•	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'Maximus'	'Andy'	'Archie'	'T-Rex'	'Winterstar II'
	*Plant: ploidy	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid	tetraploid
_	Plant: vegetative wth habit (without nalisation)	semi-erect	semi-erect to medium	semi-erect to medium	semi-erect	medium
~	Leaf: length	long	medium	medium	long	medium
V	Leaf: width	broad	medium	broad	broad	narrow
gree	Leaf: intensity of en colour	dark	medium	medium	dark	medium
	Plant: width	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
~	Plant: height	tall to very tall	l very tall	tall to very tal	l very tall	medium to tall
	*Plant: time of orescence emergence er vernalisation)	medium	very late	late to very late	medium to late	elate
~	*Flag leaf: length	long	long to very long	long to very long	long to very long	medium
~	*Flag leaf: width	broad	medium	medium	broad	medium
leng	Flag leaf: gth/width ratio	medium	high to very high	high	medium	medium
	*Plant: length of	long to very	long	long	long to very	long to very

longest stem, inflorescence included	long			long	long	
Dlant: length of uppe		medium to	medium to	medium to		
Plant: length of uppe internode	^r long	long	long	long	medium to long	
Inflorescence: length	long	medium	medium	long	medium to long	
Inflorescence: number of spikelets	many	many	many	many	medium	
Inflorescence: densit	ydense	medium	medium	dense	dense	
Inflorescence: length of outer glume on basal spikelet	medium to long	short to medium	medium to long	long	long	
Inflorescence: length of basal spikelet excluding awn	long	medium	medium	long	medium	
Statistical Table						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Maximus'	'Andy'	'Archie'	'T-Rex'	'Winterstar II'	
Spike: length (mm)						
Mean	402.00	358.00	356.00	398.00	373.00	
Std. Deviation	55.28	50.12	41.40	52.19	60.90	
	29.2					
LSD/sig		P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	
Spike: number of spi						
Mean	35.50	35.20	36.20	35.00	33.00	
Std. Deviation	4.88	3.55	3.39	4.25	3.86	
LSD/sig	2.27	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	
Spike: spikelet densi	ty					
Mean	11.50	10.23	9.89	11.47	11.41	
Std. Deviation	1.97	1.34	1.33	1.62	1.75	
LSD/sig	0.79	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns	
Spikelet: length (mm						
Mean	25.22	19.66	20.01	25.15	20.95	
Std. Deviation	3.50	2.91	3.10	3.86	3.17	
	1.88	2.91 P≤0.01	5.10 P≤0.01		P≤0.01	
LSD/sig		F≥0.01	F≥0.01	ns	F≥0.01	
Glume: length (mm)						
Mean	9.95	8.71	9.59	10.22	10.10	
Std. Deviation	1.40	1.47	1.44	1.56	1.60	
LSD/sig	0.79	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	
Flag leaf: length (mm)						
Mean	243.00	251.00	252.00	250.00	203.00	
Std. Deviation	59.39	45.42	47.46	58.55	39.80	
LSD/sig	36.5	ns	ns	ns	P≤0.01	
Flag leaf: width (mm)						
Mean	12.63	10.25	10.97	12.58	10.41	
Std. Deviation	1.82	1.60	1.59	1.60	1.51	
	· =				· -	

LSD/sig	1.07	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01		
Flag leaf: ratio of length to width							
Mean	19.60	24.90	23.60	20.30	19.90		
Std. Deviation	5.27	5.47	5.69	6.08	5.24		
LSD/sig	2.55	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns		
Plant: days to heading (days from 1 Oct 2008)							
Mean	33.50	46.40	43.90	36.80	39.00		
Std. Deviation	4.81	2.28	2.80	6.93	4.33		
LSD/sig	2.95	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stem: length (cm)							
Mean	141.20	131.10	135.80	139.60	137.60		
Std. Deviation	18.67	18.04	19.90	17.98	16.38		
LSD/sig	11.12	ns	ns	ns	ns		
Stem: internode length (cm)							
Mean	40.00	32.20	33.60	34.20	34.80		
Std. Deviation	6.74	5.77	7.29	6.60	5.71		
LSD/sig	7.97	ns	ns	ns	ns		

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior application nil. First sold in the USA in Aug 2004.

Description: Allen Newman, Heritage Seeds, Howlong, NSW.

Application Number 2005/307
Variety Name 'Nation'
Genus Species Lactuca sativa

Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 20 Dec 2005

Applicant Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV, De Lier, The

Netherlands

Agent Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC

Qualified Person Arie Baelde

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing GEVES /FRANCE

Authority

Overseas Data 1016153

Reference Number

Location GEVES / FRANCE Brion (49) et Cavallion (84).

Descriptor Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9.

Period 2005.

Conditions Grown under field conditions

Trial Design N/A

Measurements As per Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination followed by plant and line selection: First observations were made on the F2-generation in Langeweg (near Fijnaart), the Netherlands in the year 1999. Total selection procedure comprised of six cycles of selection. The obvious mode of propagation between generations for lettuce is self pollination: this was also the mode of propagation used in this case. Slightly more coarsely lobed plants occur in a frequency of about 2 %. This is normal for this type of lettuce. The variety has been maintained for two generations in its present form. Main selection criteria: slow bolting, anthocyanin colouration, *Nasonovia* resistance, and *Bremia* resistance. Breeder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

,		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Seed	colour	white
Seedling	anthocyanin colouration	present
Leaf	hue of green colour of outer leaves	reddish
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	present
Leaf	intensity of colour of outer leaves	dark/very dark
Resistance to	downy mildew (Bremia lactucae)	present
	Isolate Bl 23	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Bastille'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Nation'	'Bastille'
_	*Seed: colour	white	white
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Seedling: size of cotyledon	large	large to very large
	*Plant: diameter	medium to large	medium
	*Plant: head formation	open head	open head
V	Head: density	loose	very loose
only	Head: closing of base (butterhead type varieties in glasshouse y)	medium	strong
V	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	broad elliptic	circular
V	*Leaf: shape	transverse broad elliptic	circular
	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	reddish	reddish
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	dark	dark to very dark
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	strong
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	strong
	*Leaf: blistering	medium to strong	strong
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	strong	strong to very strong
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	present	present
	*Leaf blade: depth of incisions on margin on apical part	shallow	very shallow to shallow
	*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	medium	early to medium
	Plant: height	short to medium	medium
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1 21	absent	absent
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1 18	present	present
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1 17	present	
	*Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1 23	present	present
	•		

	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	22	present	present
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	12	present	
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	15	present	
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	16	present	
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	24	present	present
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	20	present	present
	Resistance to: lettuce mosaic virus Strain Ls 1		absent	absent
Cha	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Nation	ı'	'Bastille'
V	Resistance to : Nasonovia ribisnigri biotype 0	present		absent

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2004	Granted	'Nation'

First Australian sale Oct 2004. Sold in the Netherlands in Jun 2004.

Description: Arie Baelde, Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Application Number2006/301Variety Name'KITARE'Genus SpeciesLactuca sativa

Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 22 Dec 2006

Applicant Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV, De Lier, The

Netherlands

Agent Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC

Qualified Person Arie Baelde

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing GEVES / France

Authority

Overseas Data 1018679

Reference Number

Location GEVES/France Brion (49) et Cavallion (84).

Descriptor Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/9.

Period 2006.

Conditions Grown under field conditions

Trial Design N/A

Measurements As per Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: a modified line and pedigree selection method to select 'Kibou' from a crossing between a 'Kristine' cross and a Rijk Zwaan breeding line. Main selection criteria: *Bremia* resistance, *Nasonovia* resistance, LMV resistance, slow bolting, no tip-burn. Breeder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Seed	colour	black
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Plant	head formation	open head
Plant	diameter	medium/large
Seedling	anthocyanin colouration	absent
Resistance to	downy mildew (Bremia lactucae)	resistant
	Isolate Bl 23	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

'Kipling'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'KITARE'	'Kipling'
	*Seed: colour	black	black
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	Seedling: size of cotyledon	large	
	Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	semi-erect	
	Leaf blade: division	lobed	lobed
	*Plant: diameter	medium to large	large
	*Plant: head formation	open head	open head
	Head: density	loose to medium	
	Head: size	small	
	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	semi-erect to horizontal	horizontal
	*Leaf: shape	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
~	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	light to medium	very light
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
	*Leaf: blistering	medium to strong	strong
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	weak	weak
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	
	*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	early to medium	early to medium
□ 21	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present
□ 18	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present
□ 17	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present
□ B1 2	*Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate 23	present	present
□ 22	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present
□ 16	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present
	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bremia lactucae) Isolate B1	present	present

Resistance to: lettuce mosaic virus Strain Ls 1	present	present
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KITARE'	'Kipling'

Prior Applications and Sales

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedEU2005Granted'KITARE'

First Australian sale Jan 2006. Sold in the New Zealand in Oct 2005.

Description: Arie Baelde, Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Application Number 2006/268 **Variety Name** 'Renoir'

Genus Species Lactuca sativa

Common Name Lettuce **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Oct 2006

Applicant Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV, De Lier, The

Netherlands

Agent Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC

Qualified Person Arie Baelde

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing GEVES / France

Authority

Overseas Data 1018679

Reference Number

Location GEVES / France Brion (49) et Cavallion (84)

Descriptor Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/9

Period 2006

Conditions Grown under field conditions

Trial Design N/A

Measurements As per Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: a modified line and pedigree selection method to select 'Renoir' out of a cross between 'Picasso' and a Rijk Zwaan breeding line with advanced resistance to *Bremia lactucae*. Main selection criteria: *Bremia* resistance, multi-leaf trait, intense red colour, no tip-burn. Breeder: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common	i imowiedge	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Seed	colour	black
Seedling	anthocyanin colouration	present
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	present
Leaf	hue of colour of outer leaves	reddish
Leaf	intensity of colour of outer leave	sdark to very dark
Leaf	intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong to very strong
Leaf	blistering	very weak to weak
Leaf blade	degree of undulation of margin	absent or very weak
Resistance to	downy mildew (Bremia lactucae	e)resistance
	Isolate Bl 23	
Leaf	shape	elliptic

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Picasso'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	with a tick.	'Renoir'	'Picasso'
	*Seed: colour		black	black
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration		present	present
	Seedling: size of cotyledon		small to medium	small
	Seedling: shape of cotyledon		broad elliptic	elliptic to broad elliptic
	*Plant: diameter		small to medium	small
	*Plant: head formation		no head	no head
	*Leaf: shape		elliptic	elliptic
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer le	eaves	dark to very dark	dark to very dark
	*Leaf: hue of colour of outer leaves		reddish	reddish
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration		present	present
	Leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colou	ration	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
	*Leaf: blistering		very weak to weak	weak
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of	f margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side		medium	weak to medium
	*Time of: beginning of bolting under	er long day conditions	late to very late	very late
	Plant: intensity of fasciation		very strong	strong
~	Resistance to: downy mildew (Brem	nia lactucae) Isolate E	31 18 present	absent
V	Resistance to: downy mildew (Brem	nia lactucae) Isolate E	31 17 present	absent
~	Resistance to: downy mildew (Brem	nia lactucae) Isolate E	31 22 present	absent
~	Resistance to: downy mildew (Brem	nia lactucae) Isolate E	31 24 present	absent
V	Resistance to: downy mildew (Brem			absent
_	or Applications and Sales	C	NT Am 11 1	
Cou EU	intry Year 2006	Current Status Granted	Name Applied 'Renoir'	

First Australian sale Oct 2005. Sold in the Netherlands in May 2005.

Description: Arie Baelde, Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Application Number2006/272Variety Name'MURAI'Genus SpeciesLactuca sativa

Common Name Lettuce **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 10 Nov 2006

Applicant Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV, De Lier, The

Netherlands

Agent Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC

Qualified Person Arie Baelde

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing GEVES /FRANCE

Authority

Overseas Data 1017937

Reference Number

Location GEVES/ France Brion (49) et Cavallion (84).

Descriptor Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/9.

Period 2006.

Conditions Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9.

Trial Design 2005.

Measurements Grown under field conditions

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: a modified line and pedigree selection method to select 'Muraï' out of a cross between two Rijk Zwaan breeding lines. Main selection criteria: *Bremia-*, *Nasonovia-* and LMV-resistance, slow bolting, no tipburn, intense red colour .Breeders: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Part		
Seed	colour	black
Plant	diameter	large
Leaf	shape	transverse elliptic
Leaf	hue of green colour of outer leaves	reddish
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	present
Leaf	blistering	strong
Resistance to	downy mildew (Bremia lactucae)	present
	Isolate Bl 23	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of common knowledge identified (very
Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Anikaï'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	with a tick.		'MURAI'	'Anikaï'
	*Seed: colour			black	black
V	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration			absent	present
	Seedling: size of cotyledon			large	large to very large
V	Seedling: shape of cotyledon			elliptic	broad elliptic
	*Plant: diameter			large	large
	Head: density			loose	dense
	Head: size			small	medium
	*Leaf: shape			transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer	leaves		reddish	reddish
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration			present	present
V	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	n		circular	broad elliptic
V	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity			horizontal	semi-erect
	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer le	eaves		dark	dark
	*Leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colo	ouration		strong to very strong	medium to strong
	*Leaf: blistering			strong	strong
	Leaf: size of blisters			medium	small
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of	f margin		absent or very weak to weak	weak
	*Time of: beginning of bolting und	er long day condition	ıs	medium to late	medium
D	Resistance to: downy mildew (Bren	nia lactucae) Isolate l	B1 31	present	present
	or Applications and Sales untry Year	Current Status	Name	Applied	
EU	2005	Granted	'MUR	AĪ'	

First sold in the Netherlands in Jul 2005.

Description: Arie Baelde, Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Application Number 2007/318 **Variety Name** 'SARTRE' **Genus Species** *Lactuca sativa*

Common Name Lettuce Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 14 Feb 2008

Applicant Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel BV, De Lier, The

Netherlands

Agent Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC

Qualified Person Arie Baelde

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Roelofarendsveen/The Netherlands

Authority

Overseas Data SLA 1615 TP/13/2

Reference Number

Location Roelofarendsveen / The Netherlands **Descriptor** Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9

Period 2007

Conditions Grown under field conditions

Trial Design N/A

Measurements As per Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG /13/9

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Sartre' was developed to provide a "multi-leaf" option with a high degree of resistance to Downey mildew, a high yield of small uniform leaves and tolerance to bolting under long day and high temperature conditions. A modified line and pedigree selection method to select 'Sartre' out of a cross between 'Voltaire' and a Rijk Zwaan breeding line with advanced resistance to *Bremia lactucae*. The maternal parent was similar to Rijk Zwaan variety 'Socrates', the first multi leaf variety in the butterhead type. The parental parent derived from cross between 'Socrates' and slow bolting Rijk Zwaan breeding line. DNA analysis using PCR was employed to select Downey mildew resistant individuals amongst plants with desirable phenotype selected in the field. The resistance was confirmed in the higher generations using a conventional downy mildew test which involves the spraying of a spore suspension of the different isolates on young seedlings with almost fully expanded cotyledons. Main selection criteria: Bremia-resistance, multileaf-trait, no tip-burn. Breeders: Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Seed	colour	black			
Seedling	anthocyanin colouration	absent			
Resistance to	downy mildew (Bremia lactucae)	resistant			
	Isolate Bl 23				
Leaf	blistering	absent or very weak			
Plant	head formation	no head			
Plant	"multileaf" habit	present			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'VOLTAIRE'	parent
'SOCRATES'	"Multileaf" green butterhead variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

more of the comparators are marked with Organ/Plant Part: Context	n a tick. 'SARTRE'	'SOCRATES'	'VOLTAIRE'
*Seed: colour	black	black	black
*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	semi-erect to prostrate	erect to semi-erec	t semi-erect
*Plant: head formation	no head	no head	no head
Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
*Leaf: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf: blistering	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak to weak
*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent	absent
Axillary: sprouting	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Time of: harvest maturity	early	early	early to medium
*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	very late	late to very late	late to very late
Plant: intensity of fasciation	very strong	very strong	very strong
Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Isolate B1 21	present	present	present
*Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Isolate B1 23	present	present	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Isolate B1 22	present	absent	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Isolate B1 24	present	absent	present
Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Isolate B1 20	present	absent	present

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SARTRE'	'SOCRATES'	'VOLTAIRE'
Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>), Isolate Bl 25	present	absent	absent
Plant: "multileaf" habit	present	present	present

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
The Netherlands	2006	Granted	'SARTRE'
EU	2007	Applied	'SARTRE'

First Australian sale Dec 2006. Sold in the Netherlands in Jul 2007.

Description: Arie Baelde, Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd, Daylesford, VIC.

Application Number2008/244Variety Name'Cosmos'Genus SpeciesLactuca sativa

Common NameLettuceSynonymNun 6027 LTAccepted Date11 Sep 2008

Applicant Nunhems B.V., Haelen, The Netherlands

Agent Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW

Qualified Person John Oates

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing Community Plant Variety Office (CPVO)

Authority

Overseas Data Decision No: 23283 (Application no: 2007/0021)

Reference Number

Location Raad voor plantenrassen, Ede, NL **Descriptor** Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) TG/13/2

Period 2007

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: after the cross was made between line 71963728 and line 72956835 a number of F₁ seeds were self-pollinated. From the 2nd until the 5th generation pedigree selection was performed based on visual selection of plant characteristics like head shape, head size, grow vigour, leaf colour, time to the beginning of bolting, leaf colour in combination with disease tests against *Bremia lactucae* and *Nasonovia ribisnigri*. From the 6th to the 8th generation line selection was performed. 'Cosmos' has been observed from the 6th till the 8th generation on different locations and during seed increase and is uniform, stable and free of off types. Breeder: Nunhems B.V., lettuce breeding team.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Seed	colour	white
Plant	shape in longitudinal section	elliptical
Leaf blade	anthocyanin colouration	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

'Clemente'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Cosmos'	'Clemente'
	*Seed: colour	white	white
	*Seedling: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
V	Leaf: attitude at 10-12 leaf stage	semi-erect	erect
	Leaf blade: division	entire	entire
V	*Plant: diameter	large to very large	medium
V	*Plant: head formation	closed head	open head
(va	Head: degree of overlapping of upper part of leaves rieties with closed head formation only)	very weak to weak	
	Head: density	loose	loose
V	Head: size	medium	large
V	*Head: shape in longitudinal section	broad elliptic	narrow elliptic
V	Leaf: thickness	thick	medium
	Leaf: attitude at harvest maturity	erect to semi-erec	terect to semi-erect
V	*Leaf: shape	broad elliptic	medium elliptic
	Leaf: shape of tip	rounded	rounded
V	*Leaf: hue of green colour of outer leaves	absent	greyish
V	*Leaf: intensity of colour of outer leaves	dark	medium
	*Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent
~	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium to strong	very weak to weak
	*Leaf: blistering	medium	medium
	Leaf: size of blisters	small to medium	
	*Leaf blade: degree of undulation of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	Leaf blade: incisions of margin on apical part	absent	absent
	Leaf blade: venation	not flabellate	not flabellate
	Axillary: sprouting	weak	weak
V	Time of: harvest maturity	very late	early
V	*Time of: beginning of bolting under long day conditions	very late	medium to late
V	Plant: fasciation	present	absent
	Plant: intensity of fasciation	very weak	
□ Bl:	*Resistance to: downy mildew (<i>Bremia lactucae</i>) Isolate 16	present	

Resistance to: o	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	present		
Bl:18					
	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	present		
B1:20			_		
Resistance to: 6	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	present		
Resistance to: 6	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	absent		
Resistance to: 6	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	present		
Resistance to: 6	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	present		
Resistance to: 6	downy mildew (Brem	ia lactucae) Isolate	present		
Resistance to: lettuce mosaic virus (LMV) Strain Ls 1 absent					
Prior Applications and Sales					
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied		
The Netherlands	2006	Granted	'Cosmos'		
EU	2007	Granted	'Cosmos'		

First sold in Ireland in Dec 2005.

Description: John Oates, VF Solutions, Tuross Head, NSW.

Application Number 2008/212 **Variety Name** 'RB1'

Genus SpeciesDietes robinsonianaCommon NameLord Howe Wedding Lily

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 28 Aug 2008

Applicant John R Drinkwater, Mt Colah, NSW

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Middle Dural, NSW

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN-DES.

Period Spring 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 400mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Ten pots of each variety arranged in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants.

RHS Chart - edition 2007

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: *Dietes robinsoniana* x *Dietes robinsoniana*. The seed and pollen parents are characterised by a medium leaf length and width and medium growth vigour. Selection took place in Middle Dural, NSW in 2008. Selection criteria: long leaf length, broad leaf width, strong plant growth vigour, good commercial traits suited to landscape industry. Propagation: vegetative by division is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: John R Drinkwater, Mt Colah, NSW. All work was carried out at Middle Dural, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Leaf blade presence of variegation absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Dietes robinsoniana common species form

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RB1'	Dietes robinsoniana
Leaf: length of blade	long	medium
Leaf: width of blade	broad to very broad	medium
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	N137A	N137A

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RB1'	Dietes robinsoniana
Peduncle: colour (RHS)	144A	144A
Pedicel: colour (RHS)	144A	144A
Leaf: colour of margin (RHS)	151A	151A
Sepal: colour (RHS)	144A	144A
□ Seed pod: colour (RHS)	144A	144A
Flower: main colour (RHS)	155A	155A
Flower: secondary colour (RHS)	17A	17A

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'RB1'	Dietes robinsoniana
Leaf blade: length (mm)		
Mean	93.3	80.9
Std. Deviation	9.10	6.70
LSD/sig	9.13	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (mm)		
Mean	47.70	34.80
Std. Deviation	5.50	3.40
LSD/sig	5.24	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: length:width ratio		
Mean	1.97	2.35
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.30
LSD/sig	0.29	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2006/278

Variety Name 'Merbeingold 2350'

Genus Species *Citrus reticulata* x (*Citrus reticulata* x *Citrus sinensis*)

Common Name Mandarin hybrid

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 1 Dec 2006

Applicant Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Canberra, ACT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Sykes

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Koorlong, north-west VIC and citrus grower properties in

NSW, VIC and SA.

Descriptor Mandarin (*Citrus*) TG/201/1.

Period 2001-2008.

Conditions Two types of trial were conducted. The first trial type was a

DUS trial established as a randomised block design on CSIRO land at Koorlong NW Victoria. The second trial type was a series of plantings of the candidate and its sibling, Merbeingold 2336. These trials were based on grower properties and were established either as nursery propagated trees or by top working established orchard trees. The grower-based trials were used primarily to collect fruit yield and quality data under a range of conditions. The DUS trial was used to collect these data along with morphological data for comparative purposes. The variety description was based on

trees in both types of trial.

Trial Design Trees of 'Merbeingold 2350' and 4 comparator varieties (viz.

'Clementine Nules', 'Imperial' mandarin, 'Ellendale' tangor, and 'Merbeingold 2336') were propagated by budding to 3 rootstocks (viz. 'Carrizo' citrange, 'Cleopatra' mandarin and 'Symons' sweet orange) in the nursery at CSIRO. The DUS trial was planted during spring 2001. The soil type was classified as being Tiltao sand (Northcote, K.H. 1951. A Pedological Study of the Soils Occurring at Coomealla, New South Wales, Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Melbourne, Australia). The trees were irrigated by overhead sprays and fertilised using a standard citrus N:P:K (12:3:3) formulation. Fertiliser was applied to young trees at 2-monthly intervals and to trees 2 years and older at six-monthly intervals at a rate such that they received 800 kg/ha/year. Trace elements, primarily manganese and zinc were applied as foliar sprays as required. The trial was embedded within a larger trial that compared other selections from CSIRO's citrus breeding program. The trial was laid out as two randomized blocks with a three-tree plot for every scion/rootstock combination within each block. Rootstocks were randomized within plots. Trees were maintained

as two is scion/roo

343 of 576

Measurements

vegetatively for the first three years and allowed to retain fruits from season 2004-05 onwards. Trees for grower-based trials were either nursery propagated trees or top-worked preestablished orchard trees. Nursery propagated trees were produced by budding 'Merbeingold 2350' and 'Merbeingold 2336' into one of three rootstocks, viz. 'Symons' sweet orange, 'Carrizo' citrange or 'Cleopatra' mandarin. The rootstock and interstock of top worked trees varied according to site and availability. Trees were established using whatever planting configuration the participating grower requested.

Variety description was based on descriptors provided by UPOV CPVO-TP/201/1 Protocol for distinctness, uniformity and stability tests. Citrus L. - Group 1 Mandarins (18/11/2004), and IPGRI (1999) Descriptors for Citrus. International Plant Genetic Resources Institute, Rome, Italy (ISBN 92-9043-425-2). Fruit were harvested from the trees according to maturity, which was gauged by sampling fruits and recording juice sugar:acid ratios. Fruit were harvested by snapping them from the tree to assess the need to clip, graded for size, weighed and counted. A sub-sample of six fruits were taken from the three median grades for each tree and analysed for a range of characteristics. These included, rind colour, rind texture, fruit weight/size, shape, rind thickness, ease-of-peeling, rind strength in terms of being able to be snapped from the tree, % juice content on a fresh weight basis, seed numbers, juice sugar in degrees Brix, % citric acid and sugar:acid ratios. Rind colour was measured using the chart of Yamazaki, T. and Suzuki, K. (1980 - Color charts: Useful guide to evaluate the fruit maturation. 1. Colorimetric specifications of color charts for Japanese pear, apple, peach, grape, kaki and citrus fruits. Bull. Fruit Tree Res. Stn. A., 7, 19-44). Comparative data for quantitative fruit characteristics were collected in seasons 2006 and 2007. Spring-flush leaves were sampled from trees during Jan 2007. Lamina width at it widest point, petiole and lamina lengths were recorded for a random sub-set of 30 leaves of each tree. Leaf length and ratios of lamina length:width, leaf length:width, leaf length:petiole length and lamina length:petiole length were calculated. Flowers were sampled from the trees in the DUS trial during Oct 2007. The length of stamens, filaments, pistil and style were measured in a random sample of at least 20 flowers per tree. Ratios of style:filament, style:stamen, pistil:filament and pistil:stamen were calculated.

RHS Chart - edition

Nil

Origin and Breeding

'Merbeingold 2350' was selected from a family of 305 hybrids generated by crossing 'Imperial' mandarin (maternal parent) with 'Ellendale' tangor (pollen parent). The cross was made in 1984 and the resultant seeds were extracted from fruits in 1985 and sown in a standard seed bed under glasshouse conditions. Emergent seedlings were transferred to a standard potting mix in pots and maintained under glasshouse conditions until they were rowed out in the breeding orchard at a planting density of 1.5m within and 6m between rows. Hybrid seedlings were maintained under irrigated orchard conditions thereafter. Standard citrus cultivation techniques were used to maintain the trees including application of fertilisers. When hybrid 2350 started to flower, it was subjected to a range of pollination treatments to assess its potential for producing seedless fruits. Fruits were harvested over 4 years and assessed for fruit quality. Based on the data collected, hybrid 2350 was selected for entry into second phase evaluation trials. It was entered into a comparative trial at CSIRO Plant Industry (NW Victoria) and also into regional test plots with anonymous cooperating growers. Based on its performance in these trials and test plots, hybrid 2350 was named 'Merbeingold 2350'.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, and of common	1 11110 11 10 116	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	ratio length/diameter	small
Fruit	presence of neck	absent
Fruit/seed	fruit develop without fertilisation	parthenocarpic
Seed	embryony	monoembryonic

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Similar vario	eties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
'Ellendale'	Tangor variety. Parent of the candidate; monoembryonic, parthenocarpic and mid-to-late season in fruit maturity.
'Merbeingold 2336'	Sibling of candidate; monembryonic, parthenocarpic and early-to-mid season in maturity.
'Clementine Nules'	There are a number of Clementine mandarins. 'Clementine Nules' was selected as a representative variety of this group.
'Imperial'	Mandarin variety. Parent of the candidate; monembryonic, parthenocarpic and early maturing fruit that hold on the tree and maintain quality.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Chara	acteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Satsuma'	Seed	embryony	monoembryonic	Mandarin variety. Polyembryonic.
'Sunset'	Seed	embryony	monoembryonic	Mandarin variety. Polyembryonic.
'Nova'	Seed	embryony	monoembryonic	Mandarin variety. Polyembryonic.

 $\underline{\textbf{Variety Description and Distinctness}} \textbf{-} \textbf{Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

	more of the compara					(3.5.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'Merbeingold 2350'	'Clementine Nules'	'Ellendale'	'Imperial'	'Merbeingold 2336'
	Ploidy:	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid
~	*Tree: growth habit	spreading	drooping	spreading	upright	spreading
□ spi	Tree: density of nes	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse
	Tree: length of spines	short	short	short	short	very short
	Leaf blade: length	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	medium	narrow	medium to broad
len	Leaf blade: ratio gth/width	medium	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium
cro	Leaf blade: shape in ss section	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
	Leaf blade: twisting	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
□ col	Leaf blade: green our	dark to very dark	dark to very dark	dark to very dark	dark to very dark	dark to very dark
of i	Leaf blade: incisions margin	absent	absent	absent	absent	crenate
ape	Leaf blade: shape of	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute
	Petiole: length	short	short	short	short	short
wii	Petiole: presence of	present	absent	present	present	absent
	ngs (varieties with iole wings present	very narrow to narrow)	narrow	very narrow to narrow	,
V	Anther: colour	light yellow	medium yellow	medium yellow	light yellow	white
	Anther: viable pollen	present	present	present	present	absent
□ len	*Fruit: ratio gth/diameter	small	small	small	small	small
bro	*Fruit: position of adest part	at middle	at middle	at middle	at middle	at middle
trai	Fruit: shape in nsverse section	circular	circular	circular	circular	circular
	*Fruit: general shape	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened

of proximal part					
*Fruit: presence of neck	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: presence of constriction at stalk end	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: number of radial grooves at stalk end	intermediate	intermediate	absent or few	absent or few	intermediate
Fruit: presence of collar	absent	absent	absent	present	absent
*Fruit: general shape of distal part	flattened	flattened	flattened	slightly rounded	flattened
*Fruit: presence of depression at distal end	absent	present	present	present	present
*Fruit: presence of areola	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: diameter of stylar scar	small	small	small	small	small
Fruit: persistence of style	none	none	none	none	none
Fruit: presence of navel opening	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: presence of radial grooves at distal end	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Fruit surface: predominant colours	orange red	medium orange	medium orange	yellow orange	medium orange
*Fruit surface: glossiness	strong	medium	strong	medium	strong
Fruit surface: roughness	smooth to medium	medium	medium	smooth to medium	smooth to medium
Fruit surface: size of oil glands	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size
Fruit surface: presence of pitting and pebbling in oil glands	pitting present pebbling absent	pitting 'present, pebbling absent	pitting present pebbling absent	pitting 'present, pebbling absent	pitting present, pebbling absent
*Fruit rind: thickness	thin	medium	thin to medium	thin to medium	medium
*Fruit rind: adherence to flesh	weak to medium	weak	weak to medium	weak	weak

~	Fruit rind: strength	strong	medium	medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
~	Fruit rind: oiliness	medium	medium	medium	dry	dry
□ alb	Fruit: colour of edo	white	white	white	white	white
alb	Fruit: density of edo	loose	loose	loose	very loose	loose
□ alb	*Fruit: amount of edo adhering to flesh	very small to small	very small to small	very small to small	small to medium	small to medium
□ alb	Fruit: presence of edo strands	absent	absent	absent	present	present
of i	*Fruit: main colour flesh	medium orange	medium orange	medium orange	light orange	medium orange
~	Fruit: filling of core	sparse	medium	sparse	sparse	sparse
cor	Fruit: diameter of	small	medium	medium to large	large	medium
rud	Fruit: presence of limentary segments	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
dev	Fruit: number of well veloped segments	medium	medium	medium	medium	few to medium
▼ adj	Fruit: coherence of acent segment walls	medium	weak	medium	weak	weak
seg	Fruit: strength of ment walls	medium	medium	medium	weak	weak
ves	Fruit: length of juice sicles	long	long	medium	long	medium
▽ juio	Fruit: thickness of ce vesicles	medium	thin	medium	thin	thin
nav	*Fruit: presence of vel (viewed internally)	absent or very rare				
V	Fruit: juiciness	medium	medium	high	low	medium
sol	*Fruit juice: total uble solids	medium	medium	high	medium	medium
V	Fruit juice: acidity	medium	medium	high	medium	medium
▼ fib	Fruit: strength of re	medium	medium	medium	medium	weak
	Fruit: number of ds (controlled manual f-pollination)	few to medium	absent or very few	few	medium	absent or very few

seeds (open pollination)					few
*Seed: polyembryony	yabsent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Seed: length	short				short
Seed: width	narrow				narrow
Seed: surface	smooth				smooth
Seed: external colour	whitish				whitish
Seed: colour of inner seed coat	light brown				light brown
*Time of: maturity of fruit for consumption	f _{medium}	early	medium to late	eearly	early to medium
*Fruit: parthenocarpy	present	present	present	present	present
Plant: self-incompatibility	absent	present	absent	absent	absent
Characteristics Addition					(3.6.1.1.11
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Merbeingold 2350'	Nules'	'Ellendale'	'Imperial'	'Merbeingold 2336'
Tree: density of branches	medium				medium
Tree: branch angle	narrow				narrow
Spine: length on adultree	t<5mm		<5mm		<5mm
Spine: shape	straight		straight		straight
□ Shoot: tip colour	green	green	green	green	green
Shoot: tip surface	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous
Leaf: vegetative life cycle	0.1.0.11.0.11.0.11				
	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen
Leaf: division	simple	simple	evergreen simple	evergreen simple	evergreen simple
	simple	simple	_	simple	simple
Leaf: division Leaf: lamina	simple	simple	simple	simple	simple
Leaf: division Leaf: lamina attachment	simple brevipetiolate	simple brevipetiolate	simple brevipetiolate	simple brevipetiolate	simple brevipetiolate
Leaf: division Leaf: lamina attachment Leaf: lamina shape Leaf: petiole wing	simple brevipetiolate elliptic	simple brevipetiolate	simple brevipetiolate elliptic	simple brevipetiolate lanceolate	simple brevipetiolate
Leaf: division Leaf: lamina attachment Leaf: lamina shape Leaf: petiole wing shape Leaf: junction between petiole and	simple brevipetiolate elliptic obdeltate	simple brevipetiolate lanceolate	simple brevipetiolate elliptic obdeltate	simple brevipetiolate lanceolate obdeltate	simple brevipetiolate elliptic
Leaf: division Leaf: lamina attachment Leaf: lamina shape Leaf: petiole wing shape Leaf: junction between petiole and lamina Flower: length of	simple brevipetiolate elliptic obdeltate articulate shorter	simple brevipetiolate lanceolate articulate shorter	simple brevipetiolate elliptic obdeltate articulate shorter	simple brevipetiolate lanceolate obdeltate articulate shorter	simple brevipetiolate elliptic articulate

Flower: colour of open flower	white	white	white	white	white
Flower: number of stamens	4 per petal			4 per petal	4 per petal
Flower: viable poller	sparse (eg 'Imperial' mandarin)	normal (eg 'Valencia' orange)	normal (eg 'Valencia' orange)	sparse (eg 'Imperial 'mandarin)	pollen sterile
Fruit: shape	obloid	obloid	obloid	obloid	obloid
Fruit: attachment to stalk	medium	medium	medium	strong	medium
Fruit: number of segments	10-14	10-14	10-14	10-14	10-14
Fruit: pulp colour uniformity	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Leaf: colour of leaf upper/lower surface	same	same	same	same	same
Flower: arrangement of flowers	both	both	both	both	both

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part:	'Merbeingold	'Clementine	'Ellendale'	'Imperial'	'Merbeingold
Context	2350'	Nules'	Elicitale	imperiar	2336'
Leaf: lamina length (mm)				
Mean	84.78	100.21	87.89	88.77	90.67
Std. Deviation	8.30	12.57	9.34	10.37	10.54
LSD/sig	3.10	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: leaf length/peti	ole length				
Mean	10.23	10.96	9.20	9.20	10.37
Std. Deviation	2.50	2.36	2.33	1.76	2.53
LSD/sig	0.75	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: lamina length/v	width				
Mean	2.20	2.61	2.12	2.72	2.18
Std. Deviation	0.22	0.28	0.19	0.24	0.27
LSD/sig	0.07	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: leaf length (mn	n)				
Mean	94.33	110.71	99.09	100.03	100.94
Std. Deviation	8.78	13.56	10.16	11.63	11.13
LSD/sig	1.54	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: lamina width (1	mm)				
Mean	38.94	38.87	41.83	32.80	42.16
Std. Deviation	5.09	6.48	5.42	4.04	6.38
LSD/sig	2.87	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf: leaf length/wid	th				

	• 4.4	• 00	• • •	• • •	
Mean	2.44	2.88	2.39	3.06	2.42
Std. Deviation	0.22	0.30	0.21	0.23	0.26
LSD/sig	0.07	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: lamina length/	petiole length				
Mean	9.23	9.96	8.20	8.20	9.37
Std. Deviation	2.50	2.36	2.33	1.76	2.53
LSD/sig	0.75	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
		115	1 _0.01	1 _0.01	113
Flower: filament len	gth (mm)				
Mean	5.85	6.51	8.53	5.66	6.35
Std. Deviation	0.64	0.54	0.52	0.59	0.88
LSD/sig	0.85	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
			_		
Flower: stamen leng					
Mean	7.20	8.31	9.98	6.66	7.42
Std. Deviation	0.76	0.53	0.70	0.59	0.82
LSD/sig	0.89	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Flower: style length	(mm)				
Mean	5.67	7.38	9.22	6.60	6.55
Std. Deviation	0.52	0.92	0.67	0.70	0.82
LSD/sig	0.97	P<0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
_		1 <u>></u> 0.01	1 <u>></u> 0.01	115	118
Flower: pistil length	(mm)				
Mean	7.50	9.13	11.00	8.60	8.27
Std. Deviation	0.52	0.83	0.87	0.84	0.79
LSD/sig	1.03	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	ns
_					
Piower, rand style it					
Mean	0.98	1.14	1.08	1.17	1.04
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.13	0.06	0.11	0.14
LSD/sig	0.11	ns	ns	ns	ns
Flower: ratio style to	o stamen length				
Mean	_	0.89	0.93	0.99	0.89
Std. Deviation	0.11	0.09	0.93	0.99	0.89
LSD/sig	0.12	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Flower: ratio pistal t	o filament leng	th			
Mean	1.29	1.40	1.29	1.53	1.32
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.11	0.09	0.14	0.18
LSD/sig	0.18	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
_		115	115	1_0.01	115
Lear. penoie length					
Mean	9.55	10.50	11.20	11.27	10.27
Std. Deviation	2.52	2.25	2.30	2.49	2.85
LSD/sig	0.69	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: rind colour					
Mean	9.56	8.34	8.72	7.86	8.60
Std. Deviation	0.36	0.83	0.27	0.35	0.50
LSD/sig	0.57	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: equatorial dia	meter (mm)				
Mean	58.77	68.08	69.30	59.72	45.87

Std. Deviation LSD/sig	5.42 5.54	6.59 P≤0.01	4.60 P≤0.01	4.02 ns	3.97 P≤0.01
Fruit: % juice					
Mean	32.61	31.90	48.28	25.98	34.86
Std. Deviation	2.59	4.89	4.62	4.62	4.23
LSD/sig	4.77	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Fruit: rind thickness	(mm)				
Mean	2.82	4.33	3.17	3.62	4.25
Std. Deviation	0.37	0.53	0.24	0.36	0.62
LSD/sig	0.50	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: open-pollinate	d seed number				
Mean	15.77	11.04	15.98	9.74	0.09
Std. Deviation	5.13	9.05	4.35	2.17	0.09
LSD/sig	5.69	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Juice: sugar concentr	ration (Brix)				
Mean	10.87	10.92	12.92	11.43	9.22
Std. Deviation	0.74	0.63	1.35	0.93	0.73
LSD/sig	0.99	ns	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Flower: ratio of pisti	l to stamen leng	gth			
Mean	1.05	1.10	1.10	1.30	1.12
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.09	0.09	0.11	0.14
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Stephen Sykes, CSIRO, Merbein, VIC.

Application Number 2006/279

Variety Name 'Merbeingold 2336'

Genus Species *Citrus reticulata* x (*Citrus reticulata* x *Citrus sinensis*)

Common Name Mandarin hybrid

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 1 Dec 2006

Applicant Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research

Organisation, Canberra, ACT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Stephen Sykes

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Koorlong, north-west VIC and citrus grower properties in

NSW, VIC and SA.

Descriptor Mandarin (*Citrus*) TG/201/1.

Period 2001-2008.

Conditions Two types of trial were conducted. The first trial type was a

DUS trial established as a randomised block design on CSIRO land at Koorlong, north-west VIC. The second trial type was a series of plantings of the candidate and its sibling, 'Merbeingold 2350'. These trials were based on grower properties and were established either as nursery propagated trees or by top working established orchard trees. The grower-based trials were used primarily to collect fruit yield and quality data under a range of conditions. The DUS trial was used to collect these data along with morphological data for comparative purposes. The variety description was based on

trees in both types of trial.

Trial Design Trees of 'Merbeingold 2336' and 4 comparator varieties (viz.

'Clementine Nules', 'Imperial' mandarin, 'Ellendale' tangor, and 'Merbeingold 2350') were propagated by budding to 3 rootstocks (viz. 'Carrizo' citrange, 'Cleopatra' mandarin and 'Symons' sweet orange) in the nursery at CSIRO. The DUS trial was planted during spring 2001. The soil type was classified as being Tiltao sand (Northcote, K.H. 1951. A Pedological Study of the Soils Occurring at Coomealla, New South Wales, Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Melbourne, Australia). The trees were irrigated by overhead sprays and fertilised using a standard citrus N:P:K (12:3:3) formulation. Fertiliser was applied to young trees at 2-monthly intervals and to trees 2 years and older at six-monthly intervals at a rate such that they received 800 kg/ha/year. Trace elements, primarily manganese and zinc were applied as foliar sprays as required. The trial was embedded within a larger trial that compared other selections from CSIRO's citrus breeding program. The trial was laid out as two randomized blocks with a three-tree plot for every scion/rootstock combination within each block. Rootstocks were randomized within plots. Trees were maintained **Measurements**

vegetatively for the first three years and allowed to retain fruits from season 2004-05 onwards. Trees for grower-based trials were either nursery propagated trees or top-worked preestablished orchard trees. Nursery propagated trees were produced by budding 'Merbeingold 2336' and 'Merbeingold 2350' into one of three rootstocks, viz. 'Symons' sweet orange, 'Carrizo' citrange or 'Cleopatra' mandarin. The rootstock and interstock of top worked trees varied according to site and availability. Trees were established using whatever planting configuration the participating grower requested.

Variety description was based on descriptors provided by UPOV CPVO-TP/201/1 Protocol for distinctness, uniformity and stability tests. Citrus L. - Group 1 Mandarins (18/11/2004), and IPGRI (1999) Descriptors for Citrus. International Plant Genetic Resources Institute, Rome, Italy (ISBN 92-9043-425-2). Fruit were harvested from the trees according to maturity, which was gauged by sampling fruits and recording juice sugar:acid ratios. Fruit were harvested by snapping them from the tree to assess the need to clip, graded for size, weighed and counted. A sub-sample of six fruits were taken from the three median grades for each tree and analysed for a range of characteristics. These included rind colour, rind texture, fruit weight/size, shape, rind thickness, ease-of-peeling, rind strength in terms of being able to be snapped from the tree, % juice content on a fresh weight basis, seed numbers, juice sugar in degrees Brix, % citric acid and sugar:acid ratios. Rind colour was measured using the chart of Yamazaki, T. and Suzuki, K. (1980 - Color charts: Useful guide to evaluate the fruit maturation. 1. Colorimetric specifications of color charts for Japanese pear, apple, peach, grape, kaki and citrus fruits. Bull. Fruit Tree Res. Stn. A., 7, 19-44). Comparative data for quantitative fruit characteristics were collected in seasons 2006 and 2007. Spring-flush leaves were sampled from trees during Jan 2007. Lamina width at it widest point, petiole and lamina lengths were recorded for a random sub-set of 30 leaves of each tree. Leaf length and ratios of lamina length:width, leaf length:width, leaf length:petiole length and lamina length:petiole length were calculated. Flowers were sampled from the trees in the DUS trial during Oc 2007. The length of stamens, filaments, pistil and style were measured in a random sample of at least 20 flowers per tree. Ratios of style:filament, style:stamen, pistil:filament and pistil:stamen were calculated.

RHS Chart - edition

Nil

Origin and Breeding

'Merbeingold 2336' was selected from a family of 305 hybrids generated by crossing 'Imperial' mandarin (maternal parent) with 'Ellendale' tangor (pollen parent). The cross was made in 1984 and the resultant seeds were extracted from fruits in 1985 and sown in a standard seed bed under glasshouse conditions. Emergent seedlings were transferred to a standard potting mix in pots and maintained under glasshouse conditions until they were rowed out in the breeding orchard at a planting density of 1.5m within and 6m between rows. Hybrid seedlings were maintained under irrigated orchard conditions thereafter. Standard citrus cultivation techniques were used to maintain the trees including application of fertilisers. When hybrid 2336 started to flower, it was subjected to a range of pollination treatments to assess its potential for producing seedless fruits. Fruits were harvested over 4 years and assessed for fruit quality. Based on the data collected, hybrid 2336 was selected for entry into second phase evaluation trials. It was entered into a comparative trial at CSIRO Plant Industry (north-west VIC) and also into regional test plots with anonymous cooperating growers. Based on its performance in these trials and test plots, hybrid 2336 was named 'Merbeingold 2336'.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common	imowiedge	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	ratio length/diameter	small
Fruit	presence of neck	absent
Fruit/seed	fruit develop without fertilisation	parthenocarpic
Seed	embryony	monoembryonic

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Ellendale'	Tangor variety. Parent of candidate, monoembryonic, parthenocarpic and mid-
	to-late season in fruit maturity.
'Clementine Nules'	Monoembryonic, parthenocarpic, early season maturity. There are a number of
	Clementine mandarins; 'Clementine Nules' was selected as a representative
	variety for this group.
'Imperial'	Mandarin variety. Parent of candidate, monoembryonic, parthenocarpic, early
	season in maturity. Fruit hold on the tree for an extended period and maintain
	quality.

'Merbeingold 2350' Sibling of candidate, monoembryonic, parthenocarpic and early-to-mid season in fruit maturity.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Satsuma'	Seed	embryony	monoembryonic	Mandarin variety. Polyembryonic	
'Sunset'	Seed	embryony	monoembryonic	Mandarin variety. Polyembryonic	
'Nova'	Seed	embryony	monoembryonic	Mandarin variety. Polyembryonic	

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Org	gan/Plant Part: ntext	'Merbeingold 2336'		'Ellendale'	'Imperial'	'Merbeingold 2350'
	Ploidy:	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid	diploid
~	*Tree: growth habit	spreading	drooping	spreading	upright	spreading
□ spir	Tree: density of nes	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse
	Tree: length of spines	very short	short	short	short	short
	Leaf blade: length	medium	medium to long	medium	medium	medium
~	Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	narrow to medium	medium	narrow	narrow to medium
leng	Leaf blade: ratio gth/width	medium	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium
cros	Leaf blade: shape in ss section	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
	Leaf blade: twisting	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
colo	Leaf blade: green our	dark to very dark	dark to very dark	dark to very dark	dark to very dark	dark to very dark
of r	Leaf blade: incisions margin	crenate	absent	absent	absent	absent
ape	Leaf blade: shape of x	acute	acute	acute	acute	acute
	Petiole: length	short	short	short	short	short
win	Petiole: presence of	absent	absent	present	present	present
~	Anther: colour	white	medium yellow	medium yellow	light yellow	light yellow
V	Anther: viable pollen	absent	present	present	present	present
□ leng	*Fruit: ratio gth/diameter	small	small	small	small	small
bro	*Fruit: position of adest part	at middle	at middle	at middle	at middle	at middle
tran	Fruit: shape in asverse section	circular	circular	circular	circular	circular
of p	*Fruit: general shape proximal part	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened	flattened
nec	*Fruit: presence of k	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent

Fruit: presence of constriction at stalk end	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: number of radial grooves at stalk end	intermediate	intermediate	absent or few	absent or few	intermediate
Fruit: presence of collar	absent	absent	absent	present	absent
*Fruit: general shape of distal part	flattened	flattened	flattened	slightly rounded	flattened
*Fruit: presence of depression at distal end	present	present	present	present	absent
*Fruit: presence of areola	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: diameter of stylar scar	small	small	small	small	small
Fruit: persistence of style	none	none	none	none	none
Fruit: presence of navel opening	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: presence of radial grooves at distal end	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Fruit surface: predominant colours	medium orange	medium orange	medium orange	yellow orange	orange red
*Fruit surface: glossiness	strong	medium	strong	medium	strong
Fruit surface: roughness	smooth to medium	medium	medium	smooth to medium	smooth to medium
Fruit surface: size of oil glands	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size
Fruit surface: presence of pitting and pebbling in oil glands	pitting absent, pebbling present	pitting present, pebbling absent	pitting present pebbling absent	pitting 'present, pebbling absent	pitting present pebbling absent
*Fruit rind: thickness	medium	medium	thin to medium	thin to medium	thin
*Fruit rind: adherence to flesh	weak	weak	weak to medium	weak	weak to medium
Fruit rind: strength	weak to medium	medium	medium	weak to medium	strong
Fruit rind: oiliness	dry	medium	medium	dry	medium

Fruit: colour of albedo	white	white	white	white	white
Fruit: density of albedo	loose	loose	loose	very loose	loose
*Fruit: amount of albedo adhering to flesh	small to medium	very small to small	very small to small	small to medium	very small to small
Fruit: presence of albedo strands	present	present	absent	present	absent
*Fruit: main colour of flesh	medium orange	medium orange	medium orange	light orange	medium orange
Fruit: filling of core	sparse	medium	sparse	sparse	sparse
Fruit: diameter of core	medium	medium	medium to large	large	small
Fruit: presence of rudimentary segments	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Fruit: number of well developed segments	few to medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: coherence of adjacent segment walls	weak	weak	medium	weak	medium
Fruit: strength of segment walls	weak	medium	medium	weak	medium
Fruit: length of juice vesicles	medium	long	medium	long	long
Fruit: thickness of juice vesicles	thin	thin	medium	thin	medium
*Fruit: presence of navel (viewed internally)	absent or very rare	absent or very rare	absent or very rare	absent or very rare	absent or very rare
Fruit: juiciness	medium	medium	high	low	medium
*Fruit juice: total soluble solids	medium	medium	high	medium	medium
Fruit juice: acidity	medium	medium	high	medium	medium
Fruit: strength of fibre	weak	medium	medium	medium	medium
Fruit: number of seeds (controlled manual self-pollination)	absent or very few	absent or very few	few	medium	few to medium
Fruit: number of seeds (open pollination)	absent or very few	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Seed: polyembryony	yabsent	absent	absent	absent	absent

Seed: length	short				short
Seed: width	narrow				narrow
Seed: surface	smooth				smooth
Seed: external colour	whitish				whitish
Seed: colour of inner seed coat	light brown				light brown
*Time of: maturity of fruit for consumption	fearly to medium	early	medium to late	eearly	medium
*Fruit: parthenocarpy	present	present	present	present	present
Plant: self-incompatibility	absent	present	absent	absent	absent
Characteristics Addition					(N/L . 1
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Merbeingold 2336'	Nules'	'Ellendale'	'Imperial'	'Merbeingold 2350'
Tree: density of branches	medium				medium
Tree: branch angle	narrow				narrow
Spine: length on adult tree	<5mm				<5mm
Spine: shape	straight				straight
Shoot: tip colour	green	green	green	green	green
Shoot: tip surface	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous	glabrous
Leaf: vegetative life cycle	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen	evergreen
Leaf: division	simple	simple	simple	simple	simple
Leaf: lamina attachment	brevipetiolate	brevipetiolate	brevipetiolate	brevipetiolate	brevipetiolate
Leaf: lamina shape	elliptic	lanceolate	elliptic	lanceolate	elliptic
Leaf: junction between petiole and lamina	articulate	articulate	articulate	articulate	articulate
Flower: length of anthers relative to stigma	shorter	shorter	shorter	shorter	shorter
Flower: type	hermaphrodite	ehermaphrodite	ehermaphrodite	hermaphrodite	ehermaphrodite
Flower: colour of open flower	white	white	white	white	white
Flower: number of stamens	4 per petal			4 per petal	4 per petal

V	Flower: viable pollen	pollen sterile	normal (eg Valencia orange)	normal (eg Valencia orange)	sparse (eg Imperial mandarin)	sparse (eg Imperial mandarin)
	Fruit: shape	obloid	obloid	obloid	obloid	obloid
□ stal	Fruit: attachment to k	medium	strong	medium	strong	medium
segn	Fruit: number of ments	10-14	10-14	10-14	10-14	10-14
□ unif	Fruit: pulp colour formity	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
upp	Leaf: colour of leaf er/lower surface	same	same	same	same	same
of f	Flower: arrangement lowers	both	both	both	both	both

Statistical Table

Statistical Table							
Organ/Plant Part:	'Merbeingolo	d'Clementine	'Ellendale'	'Imperial'	'Merbeingold		
Context	2336'	Nules'	Ellelluale	Imperiai	2350'		
Leaf: petiole length ((mm)						
Mean	10.27	10.50	11.20	11.27	9.55		
Std. Deviation	2.85	2.25	2.30	2.49	2.52		
LSD/sig	0.69	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Leaf: lamina width (1	mm)						
Mean	42.16	38.87	41.83	32.80	38.94		
Std. Deviation	6.38	6.48	5.42	4.04	5.09		
LSD/sig	2.87	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Leaf: lamina length ((mm)						
Mean	90.67	100.21	87.89	88.77	84.78		
Std. Deviation	10.54	12.57	9.34	10.37	8.30		
LSD/sig	3.10	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01		
Leaf: leaf length (mn	n)						
Mean	100.94	110.71	99.09	100.03	94.33		
Std. Deviation	11.13	13.56	10.16	11.63	8.78		
LSD/sig	1.54	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01		
Leaf: lamina length/v	width						
Mean	2.18	2.61	2.12	2.72	2.20		
Std. Deviation	0.27	0.28	0.19	0.24	0.22		
LSD/sig	0.07	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns		
Leaf: leaf length/wid	lth						
Mean	2.42	2.88	2.39	3.06	2.44		
Std. Deviation	0.26	0.30	0.21	0.23	0.22		
LSD/sig	0.07	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01	ns		
Leaf: Leaf length/pet	tiole length						
Mean	10.37	10.96	9.20	9.20	10.23		

G. 1 D	2.52	2.26	2.22	1.76	2.50
Std. Deviation	2.53	2.36	2.33	1.76	2.50
LSD/sig	0.75	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf: lamina length/	petiole length				
Mean	9.37	9.96	8.20	8.20	9.23
Std. Deviation	2.53	2.36	2.33	1.76	2.50
LSD/sig	0.75	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Fruit: equatorial diar	neter (mm)				
Mean	45.87	68.08	69.30	59.72	58.77
Std. Deviation	3.97	6.59	4.60	4.02	5.42
LSD/sig	5.54	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: find colour	9.60	0.24	9.72	7.96	0.56
Mean Std. Deviation	8.60	8.34	8.72	7.86	9.56
	0.50 0.57	0.83	0.27	0.35 P≤0.01	0.36 P≤0.01
LSD/sig	0.57	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: % juice					
Mean	34.86	31.90	48.28	25.98	32.61
Std. Deviation	4.23	4.89	4.62	4.62	2.59
LSD/sig	4.77	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Fruit: rind thickness	(mm)				
Mean	4.25	4.33	3.17	3.62	2.82
Std. Deviation	0.62	0.53	0.24	0.36	0.37
LSD/sig	0.50	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fruit: open-pollinate	d seed number				
Mean	0.09	11.04	15.98	9.74	15.77
Std. Deviation	0.09	9.05	4.35	2.17	5.13
LSD/sig	5.69	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
		1_0.01	1_0.01	1_0.01	1_0.01
Truit. Sugar concenti		10.02	12.02	11.10	40.05
Mean	9.22	10.92	12.92	11.43	10.87
Std. Deviation	0.73	0.63	1.35	0.93	0.74
LSD/sig	0.99	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flower: filament len	gth (mm)				
Mean	6.35	6.51	8.53	5.66	5.85
Std. Deviation	0.88	0.54	0.52	0.59	0.64
LSD/sig	0.85	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Flower: stamen length	th (mm)				
Mean	7.42	8.31	9.98	6.66	7.20
Std. Deviation	0.82	0.53	0.70	0.59	0.76
LSD/sig	0.89	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Flower: style length	(mm)				
Mean	6.55	7.38	9.22	6.60	5.67
Std. Deviation	0.33	0.92	0.67	0.70	0.52
LSD/sig	0.82		0.07 P≤0.01		
		ns	1 _0.01	ns	ns
Flower: pistil length					
Mean	8.27	9.13	11.00	8.60	7.50
Std. Deviation	0.79	0.83	0.87	0.84	0.52

LSD/sig	1.03	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Flower: ratio style to	filament lengt	h			
Mean	1.04	1.14	1.08	1.17	0.98
Std. Deviation	0.14	0.13	0.06	0.11	0.12
LSD/sig	0.11	ns	ns	ns	ns
Flower: ratio style to	stamen length				
Mean	0.89	0.89	0.93	0.99	0.79
Std. Deviation	0.11	0.11	0.06	0.09	0.11
LSD/sig	0.12	ns	ns	ns	ns
Flower: ratio pistal to	o filament leng	th			
Mean	1.32	1.40	1.29	1.53	1.29
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.11	0.09	0.14	0.15
LSD/sig	0.18	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Flower: ratio of pisti	l to stamen leng	gth			
Mean	1.12	1.10	1.10	1.30	1.05
Std. Deviation	0.14	0.09	0.09	0.11	0.13
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Stephen Sykes, CSIRO, Merbein, VIC.

Application Number 2007/105 **Variety Name** 2007/105 'Silver Grace'

Genus Species Lomandra confertifolia subsp rubignosa

Common Name Matt Rush

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 09 May 2007

Applicant Michael Wood, Kalaru, NSW

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor Lomandra (*Lomandra*) PBR LOMA.

Period Oct 2007 to Dec 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in the open, plants potted from 50mm tubes

into 200mm pots during Oct 2007. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease treatments were applied as

required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart – edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: in the breeders trial garden a number of *Lomandra confertifolia* subsp *rubignosa* seedlings were raised in Oct 2002. As these plants matured one was isolated due to its distinctive foliage habit and colour and divided into several plants. These plants were then grown to maturity and in Feb 2003 the plant was finally selected for with the following selection criteria: foliage habit weeping, foliage colour dark silver grey. Propagation: The variety has since been initiated into tissue culture and all subsequent generations have been uniform and stable. Breeder: Michael Wood, Kalaru, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	variegation	absent
Leaf	glaucosity	strong to very strong
Plant	density	medium to dense

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillinai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Seascape'

^{&#}x27;Stormy Seas'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Characte	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'SIR5'	plant	density	dense	sparse	
'Merlom Ruby'	leaf	glaucosity	very strong	medium	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Silver Grace'	'Seascape'	'Stormy Seas'
V	Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	upright	drooping
	Plant: height	medium	medium	medium
V	Plant: density	dense	dense	medium
	Leaf: texture	fine	fine	fine
~	Leaf: glaucosity	very strong	strong	very strong
~	Leaf: rigidity	weak	strong	medium
	Leaf: width of blade	narrow	narrow	medium
	Leaf: cross section	concave	concave	concave
	Leaf: variegation	absent	absent	absent
V	Leaf: colour (RHS colour chart)	greyed green 191A	yellow green 147A	greyed green 191A
V	Basal sheath: colour	dark brown	light brown	dark brown
V	Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short	short	long
V	Inflorescence: length of bract	short	medium	long
□ foli	Inflorescence: position in relation age	below	below	below
cole	Inflorescence: colour of peduncle (RHS our chart)	brown 200A	brown 200B	brown 200A
▽ cha	Flower: colour of calyx (RHS colour rt)	greyed purple 187A	greyed orange 165A	greyed purple 187A
cha Sta	Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour rt) tistical Table	yellow 12C	yellow 12A	yellow 12A
	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Silver Grace'	'Seascape'	'Stormy Seas'
V	Leaf: length (mm)			
Me		591.10	546.20	455.90
	. Deviation D/sig	59.90 113.7	141.70 ns	26.10 P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number2008/253Variety Name'Satin 2'Genus SpeciesVigna radiataCommon NameMung Bean

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 08 Sep 2008

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD and Grains Research

and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** John Rose

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Hermitage Research Station, Warwick, QLD **Descriptor** Cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) PBR COWP

Period 2008

Conditions Trial was sown in the field on 15 Jan 2008 at Hermitage

Research Station. The trial site was a black cracking clay with a full profile of soil moisture. No irrigation was required.

Trial Design Four replicates of each variety were sown in a randomised

block design. Each plot was a single 9m row with 75cm row

spacing, Single plants were spaced 10cm apart.

Measurements Days to flower, plant height, central leaflet length and

breadth, petiole length, peduncle length, pod length, seeds per pod, weight of seed per pod, 100 seed weight, resistance to

powdery mildew, resistance to tan spot.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Satin 2' is derived from the cross 'White Gold' x 'Delta'. 'White Gold' was chosen for its resistance to powdery mildew and large seed size. 'Delta' was a popular commercial variety with medium seed size and moderate resistance to powdery mildew. F₂ plants were space planted at CSIRO Gatton Research Station and selected for yield potential (pod density, size and position), plant height, seed size and appearance, and resistance to powdery mildew and other diseases. Seed from selected F₂ plants were sown in single F₃ rows. Similar selection criteria were employed on F₃, F₄ and F₅ rows. 17 fixed lines from this cross were passed on to the Queensland Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries. Further selection was supervised by Dr Merrill Ryan. In the 2002/03 season 'Satin 2' was tested at 4 spring (dryland and irrigation) sites in QLD and NSW. 13 similar trials were planted in 2003/04 and 7 in 2004/05. Data on yield, resistance to powdery mildew, resistance to tan spot and quality assessments were used to make the final selections. Breeder: the cross was made in Nov 1999 by Dr Chunji Liu, CSIRO Plant Industry.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Plant	growth type	determinate
Plant	twinning tendency	absent
Mature pod	curvature	slightly curved
Mature pod	length	medium
Seed	testa colour	green
Seed	testa lustre	dull

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Triowicage Identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	
'Satin'	dull testa	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteri	O	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Berken'	Plant	anthocyanin	absent	present
'Black Pearl'	Seed	testa colour	green	black
'Celera'	Seed	size	large	small
'Crystal'	Seed	testa lustre	dull	shiny
'Emerald'	Seed	testa lustre	dull	shiny
'Green Diamond'	Seed	size	large	small
'Regur'	Seed	testa colour	green	black
'White Gold' (parent)	Seed	testa lustre	dull	shiny
'Delta' (parent)	Seed	testa lustre	dull	shiny

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Satin 2'	'Satin'
	Plant: growth habit	upright	upright
	Plant: growth type	determinate	determinate
	Plant: twinning tendency	absent	absent
▽ leat	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration at point of attachment of	absent	present
	Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	deltoid	deltoid
V	Terminal leaflet: length	short	long
V	Terminal leaflet: width	medium	broad
	Plant: days to flower	49.7	50.6
V	Peduncle: length	short to medium	long
	Mature pod: curvature	slightly curved	slightly curved
	Mature pod: length	medium	medium

Mature pod: number of seeds	medium	medium
Seed: shape	globose	globose
Seed: weight (100 seed wt.)	medium	low
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	(G A.	(Q A
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Satin 2'	'Satin'
Plant: powdery mildew resistance	moderately resistant	moderately susceptible
Plant: tan spot resistance	moderately resistant	very susceptible
Seed: testa colour	green	green
Seed: testa lustre	dull	dull
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Satin 2'	'Satin'
	2 W - 2	2 W1222
Lear periore: length (mm)		
Mean	103.90	147.20
Std. Deviation	15.75	20.92
LSD/sig	2.11	P≤0.01
Leaf central leaflet: length (mm)		
Mean	83.85	106.80
Std. Deviation	9.31	15.99
LSD/sig	1.62	P≤0.01
Leaf central leaflet: width (mm)		
Mean	86.20	105.20
Std. Deviation	8.12	13.90
LSD/sig	1.51	P≤0.01
	1.01	1_0.01
Peduncie: length (mm)		
Mean	103.30	125.10
Std. Deviation	13.33	22.42
LSD/sig	1.94	P≤0.01
Pod : length (mm)		
Mean	101.18	99.85
Std. Deviation	7.88	6.39
LSD/sig	1.49	ns
Seed: number of seeds per pod	10.07	11.75
Mean	10.95	11.75
Std. Deviation	1.34	1.24
LSD/sig	0.61	P≤0.01
Seed: weight per pod (g)		
Mean	0.83	0.76
Std. Deviation	0.14	0.11
LSD/sig	0.20	ns
Seed: 100 seed weight (g)		

Mean	7.57	6.53
Std. Deviation	0.77	0.80
LSD/sig	0.47	P≤0.01
Plant: days to flower		
Mean	49.73	50.60
Std. Deviation	2.84	2.46
LSD/sig	0.89	ns
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean	31.40	42.58
Std. Deviation	3.50	5.54
LSD/sig	0.99	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: John Rose, Hermitage Research Station, Warwick, QLD.

Application Number2007/308Variety Name'Crystal'Genus SpeciesVigna radiataCommon NameMung Bean

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 10 Jan 2008

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD and Grains Research

& Development Corporation, Barton, ACT

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** John Rose

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Hermitage Research Station, Warwick QLD **Descriptor** Cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) PBR COWP.

Period 2006

Conditions Trial grown in the field at Hermitage Research Station,

Warwick. The trial was sown 24th Jan 2006 on black cracking clay with a full profile of soil moisture. No irrigation

was required.

Trial Design Three replicates of each variety were sown in a randomised

block design Each plot was a single 5m row with 75cm

spacing. Single plants were spaced 10cm apart.

Measurements Days to flower, plant height, central leaflet length and

breadth, petiole length, peduncle length, pod length, seeds per pod, weight of seed per pod, 100 seed weight, resistance to

powdery mildew, resistance to tan spot.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Crystal' was derived from a three-way cross with the pedigree 'White Gold'//CPI10987/'Emerald'. The cross was made by Dr Chunji Liu of CSIRO in 1999. 'Emerald' had moderate yield and good resistance to powdery mildew. CPI10987 was resistant to tan spot. 'White Gold' has large shiny seeds, good yield potential and good resistance to powdery mildew. The three-way F₁ plants were space planted at Gatton Research Station. Selection criteria for selecting individual plants were: resistance to powdery mildew and tan spot, yield potential (pod density, size and position), plant height, seed quality (size and colour). A single 3-way F₂ row was grown from each selected F₁ plant. The same criteria were used to select rows which combined high yield potential with resistance to powdery mildew and tan spot. Further selection was carried out on 3-way F₃ and F₄ rows. 160 fixed lines were passed on to QDPI&F and further selection was supervised by Dr. Merrill Ryan. In the 2002/03 season, 'Crystal' was one of the lines tested at 4 spring (dryland and irrigated) sites and 6 summer (dryland and irrigated) sites in QLD and NSW. 13 similar trials were planted in 2003/04 and 7 in 2004/05. Data on yield, resistance to powdery mildew, resistance to tan spot and quality assessments were used to make the final selections.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Plant	growth type	determinate
Plant	twinning tendency	absent
Plant	anthocyanin	absent
Terminal leaflet	shape of blade	deltoid
Mature pod	curvature	slightly curved
Seed	seed coat lustre	shiny
Seed	shape	globose

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillina	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Emerald'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characte	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Celera'	Seed	size	large	small
'Satin'	Seed	seed coat lustre	shiny	dull
'Black Pearl'	Seed	seed coat colour	green	black
'Green Diamond'	Seed	size	large	small
'Berken'	Plant	anthocyanin	absent	present

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Contact

(Crystal) (Dalta) (Emorald) (White Cold)

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crystal'	'Delta'	'Emerald'	'White Gold'
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright
Plant: growth type	determinate	determinate	determinate	determinate
Plant: twinning tendency	absent	absent	absent	absent
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration at point of attachment of leaf	absent	absent	absent	absent
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration at point of attachment of stem	absent	absent	absent	absent
Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	deltoid	deltoid	deltoid	deltoid
Terminal leaflet: length	medium	medium	medium	medium
Terminal leaflet: width	medium	medium	medium	medium
Plant: days to flower	41	40.7	40.6	41.2
Peduncle: length	medium	medium to long	medium to long	short to medium
Immature pod: anthocyanin colouration	absent	absent	absent	absent

^{&#}x27;Delta'

^{&#}x27;White Gold'

Mature pod: curvature	slightly curve	edslightly curve	edslightly curve	edslightly curved
☐ Mature pod: length	medium	short	medium	medium
☐ Mature pod: number of seeds	medium	medium	medium	medium
Seed: shape	globose	globose	globose	globose
Seed: weight (100 seed wt.)	medium	medium	medium	medium
	• / /mp.c			
Characteristics Additional to the Des Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crystal'	'Delta'	'Emerald'	'White Gold'
	shiny	shiny	shiny	shiny
Seed: testa lustre	·	Sillily	Silliy	•
Plant: tan spot resistance	moderately resistant	susceptible	susceptible	moderately resistant
Plant: powdery mildew resistance	moderately resistant	susceptible	moderately resistant	moderately susceptible
Seed: testa colour	green	green	green	green
C4.4.4.15.11.				
Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Crystal'	'Delta'	'Emerald'	'White Gold'
	Ciystai	Dena	Efficialu	Willie Gold
Plant: days to flower (days)	40.0-	40.50	10. 50	44.00
Mean	40.97	40.70	40.60	41.20
Std. Deviation	1.76	1.85	1.65	1.72
LSD/sig	0.77	ns	ns	ns
Plant: height (cm)				
Mean	49.64	43.10	47.40	46.40
Std. Deviation	3.62	4.42	4.95	4.72
LSD/sig	1.58	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
<u> </u>	-100			
Lear petrole: length (mm)	170.70	126.20	151 20	150.60
Mean	170.70	136.30	151.30	158.60
Std. Deviation	18.26	21.40	20.55	23.00
LSD/sig	11.27	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf central leaflet: length (mm)				
Mean	108.10	96.90	109.90	103.40
Std. Deviation	12.10	13.94	13.92	15.38
LSD/sig	7.47	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Leaf central leaflet: width (mm)				
Mean	101.80	90.30	105.90	97.60
Std. Deviation	12.61	14.10	15.01	14.82
	7.78			
LSD/sig Padva also longeth (mm)	1.10	P≤0.01	ns	ns
Peduncie: length (mm)				
Mean	147.70	153.60	157.50	154.50
Std. Deviation	18.87	17.50	14.74	21.48
LSD/sig	8.24	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Pod: length (mm)				
Mean	106.40	96.10	95.70	113.20

Std. Deviation	7.16	4.15	3.87	6.36
LSD/sig	3.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Seed: seeds per pod				
Mean	12.10	11.03	12.67	11.63
Std. Deviation	1.25	1.22	1.25	1.22
LSD/sig	0.54	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns
Seed: weight per pod (g)				
Mean	0.95	0.81	0.91	1.08
Std. Deviation	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.18
LSD/sig	0.04	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Seed: 100 seed weight (g)				
Mean	7.95	7.37	7.24	9.24
Std. Deviation	0.94	0.69	0.59	1.08
LSD/sig	0.41	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: John Rose, Hermitage Research Station, Warwick QLD.

Application Number 2005/352 **Variety Name** 'Allright'

Genus Species *Morinda citrifolia*

Common Name Noni **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 25 Jan 2006

Applicant Aurait Supreme Pty Ltd, Babinda, QLD

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** Deo Singh

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Aurait Supreme Pty Ltd, Babinda, QLD.

Descriptor Morinda (*Morinda*) PBR-MORI

Period 2006 to 2008.

Conditions At least fifty plants were interplanted within the commercial

field planting of the parental types on Lot3, East Russell, Babinda. The whole plantation was given the standard agronomical farm practices. Cyclone damaged a lot of plants, some had to be replaced in 2006 and some had to be cut back

and propped.

Trial Design Plated at random amongst the parental variety.

Measurements Measurements were taken from branches at random form

three trees.

RHS Chart - edition 2000.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: Morindas are known to have either yellowish white mature fruits as in *M. citrifolia* or on maturity the fruits remain green as in *M. trimera*. In 2001, the breeder identified a couple of trees in isolation in PNG that had pinkish mature fruits. The trees had sparse growth habit and had few small to medium fruits. Seeds were collected and planted, in 2005, one seedling was noted to have dense growth habit and produced plenty of large fruits. It had fewer seeds; fruits were larger than the parental type and had very poor germination rate. It has been vegetatively produced through two generations without off types. Selection criteria: fruit colour, size and number. Breeder: Augustine Wai Ho Lee, Babinda, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	colour	pink

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillar Varieties of	Common Knowicage lacitimes (VCIX)
Name	Comments
M. citrifolia breeding line	The parental breeding line has pinkish mature fruits but they are
	relatively small and few in numbers compared to the candidate variety
	which has many large fruits.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish	ing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteris	stics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
M. trimera	Fruit	colour	pink	green
M. citrifolia (Indian	Mature fruit	colour	pink	yellowish white
Mulbery)			_	-

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

or i	nore of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Allright'	M. citrifolia breeding line
	Interpetiolar stipule: apex shape (on lateral shoot)	short acute	short acute
	Interpetiolar stipule: colour (on lateral shoot)	light green	light green
	Petiole: colour	light green	light green
sho	Leaf: length (mature leaves from third node of lateral ot)	medium to long	medium
	Leaf: width (at widest point)	medium to broad	medium
	Leaf: variegation	absent	absent
	Leaf: green colour of upper side	medium green	medium green
	Leaf: glossiness	weak	weak
	Leaf: apex shape	acute	acute
	Leaf: number of lateral veins	six to eight	six to eight
	Stigma: position in relation to anthers	same level	same level
	Floret: number of anthers	five	five
	Fruit: colour	pink (RHS 49CD)	pink (RHS 49 CD)
	Fruit: colour of floral eye outline	yellowish green	yellowish green
brac	Fruit: floral eye position (relative to bract or rudimentary et)	level	level
	Fruit: skin texture	smooth	smooth
	Fruit: shape	round	round
	Fruit: presence of parthenocarpic florets	absent	absent
~	Fruit: length	long to very long	short to medium
~	Fruit: width	broad to very broad	medium
	Fruit: position of peduncle	conspicuous erect	conspicuous erect
	Fruit: attitude of base around peduncle	depressed	depressed
	Fruit: bunching	absent	absent
	Fruit: branching	absent	absent
	Fruit: segmentation	absent	absent
V	Fruit: firmness	strong to very strong	weak to medium

Seed: length	long to very long	short
Seed: width	medium	medium
Seed: colour Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG	reddish brown	reddish brown
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Allright'	M. citrifolia breeding line
Fruit: bearing ability	heavy	medium
Fruit: size	large	medium
Fruit: shelf-life	long	short
Seed: abundance	few	many
Seed: germination	weak	strong
cold: tolerance	strong	weak
Statistical Table		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Allright'	M. citrifolia breeding line
Leaf: length - mature leaves from third node of lateral show Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Leaf: width - at widest point - (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Fruit: length (mm)	ot - (mm) 237.8 14.18 38.99 174.6 19.11 39.10	230.4 18.45 ns 174.2 13.39 ns
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Fruit: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Seed: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	88.8 11.18 27.79 93.3 9.03 25.8 12.73 0.35	40.8 4.99 P≤0.01 50.3 13.72 P≤0.01 8.76 0.71
Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Fruit: width (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Seed: length (mm) Mean	11.18 27.79 93.3 9.03 25.8	4.99 P≤0.01 50.3 13.72 P≤0.01 8.76

Prior Applications and Sales

Nil.

Description: Deo Singh, Ormiston, QLD.

Application Number 2008/189 **Variety Name** 'Mammoth' **Genus Species** Avena sativa

Common Name Oats **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 29 Jul 2008

Applicant New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited,

Christchurch, New Zealand

Agent Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Qualified Person Allen Newman

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Heritage Seeds Research, Howlong, NSW

Descriptor Oats (*Avena sativa*) TG/20/10

Period 26 May – 1 Dec 2008.

Conditions Trial was sown with a cone seeder into a very good seed bed

with good moisture. The trial was grown under good agronomic field conditions and management with several

irrigations applied as needed during spring.

Trial DesignRandomised block design, 1.2m x 5m plots in 3 replicates. **Measurements**Ten plants randomly selected per replicate from a total of

approximately 1,000 plants.

RHS Chart - edition

Origin and Breeding

1994/95 F2 population selected on 'Aorangi' research site (close to Palmerston North) from Agriculture Canada's (Winnipeg) northern hemisphere winter shuttle nursery programme. Population harvested as a single bulk population. 1995/96 F3 bulk population grown out on CFR field site located near Gore, NZ. Population selected and harvested as a single bulk population, screened for grain size using a 2.4mm sieve; offal screenings discarded from population. 1995/96 F4 bulk population grown out on CFR Lincoln based research farm in Canterbury, NZ. Population selected and harvested as a single bulk population, screened for grain size using a 2.2mm sieve; offal screenings discarded from population 1996/97 F5 bulk population grown out on CFR Lincoln based research farm in Canterbury, NZ. Random sample of panicles harvested, threshed individually, checked for grain appearance, and poor seed samples and off-types discarded. 1998/99 F6 sown as hill plots on CFR Lincoln based research farm in Canterbury. Screened for field appearance, lodging resistance, plant type, height and disease; especially barley yellow dwarf virus. 10 panicles harvested from selected hills. Hill sourced panicles threshed individually and off type groups discarded. Best 5 panicles of each retained group, based on grain type, prepared for resowing. 99/2000 F7: each progeny population of 5 panicles per hill from 97/98 season were sown as individual 1.3 metre rod rows on CFR Lincoln based research farm in Canterbury. All lines screened for field appearance, lodging resistance, plant type, fodder potential, maturity, height and disease, especially barley yellow dwarf virus. Selected rows harvested individually. Post harvest seed lines sieved using a 2.2mm screen, and further selection for sowing based on grain appearance. 2000 F8: a sample of selection number 100 of the several hundred lines tested (NZA1061,100 previously identified as 95CDA4929-100) was shipped to Heritage Seeds and increased in Australia under Australian quarantine protocols. 2001 to 2008 Evaluated by Heritage Seeds for forage potential using a parallel system of small forage plot trials, seed multiplication for on-farm evaluation, and pure seed production. KWA 30/5/08.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Panicle	orientation of branches	equilateral
Panicle	attitude of spikelets	pendulous
Primary grain	hairiness of back of lemma	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
'Graza 50'	
'Graza 51'	
'Graza 68'	
'Graza 80'	
'Galileo'	
'Dawson'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Taipan'	Primary grain	lemma awn panicle emergence	very weak/weak	very strong
'Moola'	Plant		intermediate	Late/very late

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mammoth'	'Dawson'	'Galileo'	'Graza 50'	'Graza 51'	'Graza 68'	'Graza 80'
Plant: growth habit	erect to semi- erect	erect	semi-erect	erect	erect to semi-erect	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect
*Leaf blade: hairiness of margins of leaf below flag leaf	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	medium	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	medium	absent or very low	very high	very low to low	low	low	high
*Time of:	late to very late	medium to late	late to very late	late	very late	late to very late	late to very late
*Stem: hairiness of uppermost node	absent	absent	present	absent	present	absent	present
Panicle: orientation of branches	equilateral	equilateral	equilateral	equilateral	equilateral	equilateral	equilateral
Panicle:	semi-erect to	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect

attitude of branches	horizontal	to horizontal	to horizontal				to horizontal
Panicle: attitude of spikelets	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous
Glumes: glaucosity	weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	strong	strong	medium	weak to medium
Glumes: length	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium to long	medium
*Primary grain: glaucosity of lemma	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Plant: length	medium to long	very long	long to very long	long	long	medium to long	medium to long
Panicle: length	medium	short to medium	long	long	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
*Grain: husk	present	present	present	present	present	present	present
Primary grain: tendency to be awned	very weak to weak			absent or very weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
Primary grain: length of lemma	short	medium to	medium	medium to long	short	medium	short
*Grain: colour of lemma	white	white	white	white	white	yellow	white
Primary grain: hairiness of back of lemma	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent	absent
Primary grain: hairiness of base	medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	very strong	weak	strong to very strong
Primary grain: length of basal hairs	medium			very short to short	long to very long	medium to long	long to very long
Primary grain: length of rachilla Statistical Table	medium	short to medium	medium to long	short to medium	medium to long	medium	short to medium
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mammoth'	'Dawson'	'Galileo'	'Graza 50'	'Graza 51'	'Graza 68'	'Graza 80'
Plant: length (Mean Std. Deviation	98.20 5.06 6.99	118.43 7.51 P≤0.01	112.03 5.03 P≤0.01	108.40 7.59 P≤0.01	104.60 4.77 ns	97.90 4.29 ns	98.87 5.70 ns

Mean	22.68	21.46	24.49	24.14	23.86	23.26	23.44
Std. Deviation	2.40	2.40	1.77	1.89	2.33	2.25	2.43
LSD/sig	1.79	ns	P≤0.01	ns	ns	ns	ns
Glume: leng	gth (mm)						
Mean	21.68	21.82	22.70	23.26	21.21	23.28	22.24
Std. Deviation	1.90	1.71	1.79	1.67	1.97	1.32	1.20
LSD/sig	1.99	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Allen Newman, Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd, Howlong, NSW

Application Number 2004/307

Variety Name 'Burpeachthree' Genus Species Prunus persica

Common Name Peach
Synonym Burpchthree
Accepted Date 23 Dec 2004

Applicant The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA

Agent Jempi Pty Ltd, Beaumaris, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S Patent Office and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data PP 12,507

Reference Number

Location The overseas data was verified in Yellingbo, VIC

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6.

Period

Conditions Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US plant patent data was converted into

standard UPOV characteristics for peach.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The seedling 'Burpeachthree' was originated by the inventors in 1993, and chosen from among a population of seedlings which were initially derived from a controlled cross of the peach tree 'Autumn Lady', (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 4,398), which was used as the seed parent, and the 'Summer Lady' peach tree (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 5,865), which was used as the seed pollen parent. The resulting seed from this controlled cross were planted in the spring of 1994. The new variety was selected from among the seedlings growing in the experimental orchards of the Assignee, which is located near the city of Fowler, Calif., County of Fresno, in the central portion of the San Joaquin Valley of Calif. The 'Burpeachthree' was marked for subsequent observation and noted as having exceptional characteristics. It was subsequently evaluated during the 1995-1999 fruiting seasons. After the 1995 season, 'Burpeachthree' was selected for advanced evaluation and re-propagation. Propagation: Scionwood from the original seedling of the peach tree 'Burpeachthree' was subsequently grafted onto two different and existing 'Nemared' (non-patented) peach rootstocks in 1996 in the evaluation plot on The Burchell Nursery's experimental farm previously described. Fruit from the resulting propagation has been evaluated for the 1997-2000 fruiting seasons. The age at observation was between 2 and 4 years. This evaluation clearly demonstrated that the re-propagated trees are true to the characteristics of the original seedling in all observable aspects. Selection criteria: Selection criteria: fruit size, flavour, time of maturity and colour. Breeder: John K Slaughter and Timothy J Gerdts, The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	size	large
Flower	type	showy
Calyx	colour of inner side	orange
Corolla	predominant colour	light pink
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	size	large
Fruit	over colour	present
Fruit	pattern of over colour	solid flush
Fruit	extent of over colour	large
Fruit	pubescence	present
Stone	adherence to flesh	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

1	Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Sweet Henry'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	2 2		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Burpeachfour'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent
'Fairtime'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent
'Autumn Lady'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent
'Summer Lady'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Burpeachthree'	'Sweet Henry'
	*Tree: size	large	large
	*Tree: habit	upright to semi- upright	upright
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	orange	orange
	*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink	light pink
V	*Petal: shape	broad elliptic	round
V	*Petal: size	medium	very large
	*Petals: number	five	five
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
	*Leaf blade: length	long	medium to long
	*Leaf blade: width	broad	medium to broad

	*Leaf blade: ratio		large	medium to large
	Leaf blade: colour		green	
	Petiole: length		medium	
	*Petiole: nectaries		present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries		reniform	reniform
~	Petiole: predominant number of necta	aries	more than two	two
	*Fruit: size		large	large
~	*Fruit: shape		oblate	round
~	*Fruit: ground colour		yellow	orange yellow
	Fruit: over colour		present	present
V	Fruit: hue of over colour		medium red	dark red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour		solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour		large	large
	*Fruit: pubescence		present	present
~	*Fruit: density of pubescence		sparse	medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin		medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh		medium	
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh		firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh		orange yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration direc	tly under skin	weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of fle	esh	weakly expressed	weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration aroun	nd stone	strongly expressed	dstrongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh		fibrous	fibrous
	*Stone: size compared to fruit		small to medium	large
	*Stone: shape		elliptic	
	Stone: tendency of splitting		absent or very low	7
	*Stone: adherence to flesh		present	present
	*Time of: beginning of flowering		medium	early to medium
	*Time of: maturity		late to very late	late
	aracteristics Additional to the Descr gan/Plant Part: Context	riptor/TG	'Burpeachthree'	'Sweet Henry'
V	Fruit: sub acid flavour		absent	present
ъ.				
	or Applications and Sales untry Year	Current Status	Name Applied	

Chile	2004	Granted	'Burpeachthree'
EU	2004	Withdrawn	'Burpeachthree'
USA	1999	Granted	'Burpeachthree'
South Africa	2004	Granted	'Burpeachthree'

First sold in the USA in Dec 1998.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nurseries, Monbulk, VIC.

Application Number 2004/310
Variety Name 'Burpeachsix'
Genus Species Prunus persica

Common NamePeachSynonymBurpchsixAccepted Date23 Dec 2004

Applicant The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA

Agent Jempi Pty Ltd, Beaumaris, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S Patent Office and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data PP 13,392

Reference Number

Location The overseas data was verified in Yellingbo, VIC

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6.

Period

Conditions Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US plant patent data was converted into

standard UPOV characteristics for peach.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The seedling 'Burpeachsix' was originated by us in 1994, and was chosen from among a population of seedlings which resulted from a controlled cross pollination of the 'Grand Diamond' Nectarine Tree (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 4,095), which was used as the pollen parent, and the 'July Lady' Peach Tree (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 3,023), which was used as the seed parent. The resulting seed from this cross was planted in the spring of 1995. The new variety was selected from among seedlings growing in experimental orchards near the city of Fowler, Calif., County of Fresno, in the Central San Joaquin Valley. The Peach Tree 'Burpeachsix' was subsequently marked and noted as having exceptional characteristics. After the 1996 season, the Peach Tree `Burpeachsix` was selected for advanced evaluation and re-propagation. It has been subsequently evaluated during the 1996-1999 fruiting seasons. Propagation: Scionwood from the original seedling of the Peach Tree, 'Burpeachsix' was collected and grafted in the evaluation plot in the experimental orchard previously described onto two different and existing 'Nemared' (unpatented) rootstocks in February of 1997. The resulting propagation (fruit and scion) have been subsequently evaluated in the 1998 and 1999 seasons. These evaluations clearly demonstrated that the repropagated trees are true to the fruiting and vegetative characteristics of the original seedling in all observable aspects. Selection criteria: fruit size, flavour, time of maturity and colour. Breeder: John K Slaughter and Timothy J Gerdts, The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Calyx	colour of inner side	orange
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	size	large
Fruit	ground colour	yellow
Fruit	over colour	present
Fruit	hue of over colour	medium red
Fruit	pattern of over colour	solid flush
Fruit	extent of over colour	large
Fruit	pubescence	present
Stone	adherence to flesh	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Sierra Rich'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety		guishing acteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Red Top'	Fruit	extent of over colour	large	medium	'Burpeachsix' has a brighter and more extensive over colour than 'Red Top'.
'Red Top'	Fruit	maturity	early to medium	a early	'Burpeachsix' matures approximately 1 week later than 'Red Top'.
'July Lady'	Fruit	extent of over colour	large	medium	seed parent
'Grand Diamond'	Fruit	pubescence	present	absent	pollen parent is a nectarine

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Burpeachsix'	'Sierra Rich'
*Tree: size	medium to large	large
*Tree: habit	upright to semi- upright	upright
*Flower: type	non showy	showy
*Calyx: colour of inner side	orange	orange
*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink	medium pink
*Petal: shape	broad elliptic	round

	*Petal: size	medium to large	large
	*Petals: number	five	five
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
~	*Leaf blade: length	medium	long
~	*Leaf blade: width	medium	broad
~	*Leaf blade: ratio	medium	large
	Petiole: length	medium	
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present
	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	two	two
~	*Fruit: size	medium	large
	*Fruit: shape	round	round
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow	yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	medium red	medium red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large	large
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
	*Fruit: density of pubescence	sparse to medium	medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	medium	
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	orange yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration directly under skin	, I	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expressed	lstrongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	fibrous	fibrous
	*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium to large	large
	*Stone: shape	round	
	Stone: tendency of splitting	absent or very low	7
	*Stone: adherence to flesh	absent	absent
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	early to medium	early to medium

*Time of: maturity	early to medium	medium
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Burpeachsix'	'Sierra Rich'

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Chile	2004	Granted	'Burpeachsix'
EU	2004	Applied	'Burpeachsix'
USA	2000	Granted	'Burpeachsix'
South Africa	2004	Applied	'Burpeachsix'

First sold in the USA in Mar 1999.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nurseries, Monbulk, VIC

Application Number2004/306Variety Name'Burpeachtwo'Genus SpeciesPrunus persica

Common NamePeachSynonymBurpchtwoAccepted Date23 Dec 2004

Applicant The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA

Agent Jempi Pty Ltd, Beaumaris, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S Patent Office and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data PP 12,157

Reference Number

Location The overseas data was verified in Yellingbo, VIC

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6

Period

Conditions Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US plant patent data was converted into

standard UPOV characteristics for peach.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The seedling 'Burpeachtwo' was originated by the breeders in 1993, and chosen from among a population of seedlings which were derived from a controlled cross of the Peach Tree 'Autumn Lady', (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 4,398) which was used as the pollen parent; and the 'Summer Lady' Peach Tree, (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 5,865), which was used as the seed parent. The resulting seeds from this controlled cross were planted in the spring of 1994. The new variety of peach tree was selected from among the seedlings then growing in the experimental orchards of the Assignee of the present application near the city of Fowler, Calif., County of Fresno in the San Joaquin Valley. The Peach Tree 'Burpeachtwo' was subsequently marked for observation and noted at that time as having exceptional characteristics. It has been subsequently and repeatedly evaluated during the 1995-1999 fruiting seasons. After the 1995 season, the Peach Tree 'Burpeachtwo' was selected for advanced evaluation andrepropagation. Propagation: The new variety Peach Tree 'Burpeachtwo' was grafted into two different and existing 'Nemared' (non patented) peach rootstocks in February of 1996. The 'Nemared' rootstocks were planted in 1995. These rootstocks provide the means by which more information regarding the new variety could be derived. Scionwood from the original seedling of the Peach Tree, 'Burpeachtwo' was subsequently collected and grafted in the evaluation plot on the assignees experimental farm previously described. Fruit from the resulting propagation has been evaluated for each of the 1997, 1998 and 1999 fruiting seasons. These subsequent evaluations have clearly demonstrated that the re-propagated trees are true to the characteristics of the original seedling in all observable aspects. Selection criteria: fruit size, flavour, time of maturity and colour. Breeder: John K Slaughter and Timothy J Gerdts, The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	habit	upright
Flower	type	showy
Calyx	colour of inner side	orange
Corolla	predominant colour	light pink
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	size	large
Fruit	ground colour	yellow
Fruit	over colour	present
Fruit	hue of over colour	medium red
Fruit	pattern of over colour	solid flush
Fruit	extent of over colour	large
Fruit	pubescence	present
Fruit	time of maturity	late
Corolla Petiole Petiole Fruit	colour of inner side predominant colour nectaries shape of nectaries firmness of flesh size ground colour over colour hue of over colour pattern of over colour extent of over colour pubescence	light pink present reniform firm large yellow present medium red solid flush large present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

MOSt Sillina	varieties of common knowledge identified (velk)	
Name	Comments	
'Kaweah'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

1 002 200208				9 01 0 11 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1					
Variety	Distingui Characte	U	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments				
'O'Henry'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent					
'Summer Lady'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent					
'Autumn Lady'	Stone	adherence to flesh	present	absent					

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context

(Rurneachtwo', (Kawaah)

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Burpeachtwo'	'Kaweah'
	*Tree: size	medium to large	large
	*Tree: habit	upright	upright
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	orange	orange
	*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink	light pink
	*Petal: shape	broad elliptic	
	*Petal: size	medium to large	
	*Petals: number	five	
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present
	*Petiole: nectaries	present	present

	*Petiole: shape of nectaries	reniform	reniform
	Petiole: predominant number of nectaries	more than two	more than two
	*Fruit: size	large	large
	*Fruit: shape	oblate	round
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow	yellow
	Fruit: over colour	present	present
	Fruit: hue of over colour	medium red	medium red
	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of over colour	large	large
	*Fruit: pubescence	present	present
V	*Fruit: density of pubescence	sparse	medium
	Fruit: thickness of skin	medium to thick	medium
	Fruit: adherence of skin to flesh	medium	medium
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground colour of flesh	yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	weakly expressed	
	*Fruit: anthocyanin colouration around stone	strongly expresse	dstrongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of the flesh	fibrous	fibrous
	*Stone: size compared to fruit	medium	medium
~	*Stone: shape	elliptic	obovate
	Stone: relief of surface	pits and grooves	pits and grooves
	Stone: tendency of splitting	absent or very lov	vabsent or very low
V	*Stone: adherence to flesh	present	absent
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium
V	*Duration of: flowering	medium	short
	*Time of: maturity	late	late

Prior Applications and Sales

	OZZO GUZZOF CO GUZZOS		
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
Chile	2004	Granted	'Burpeachtwo'
EU	2001	Granted	'Burpeachtwo'
USA	1999	Granted	'Burpeachtwo'
South Africa	2004	Applied	'Burpeachtwo'

First sold in the USA in Jan 1999.

Description: Lisa Corcoran, Fleming's Nurseries, Monbulk, VIC

Application Number 2004/308

Variety Name 'Burpeachfour' Genus Species Prunus persica

Common NamePeachSynonymBurpchtfourAccepted Date23 Dec 2004

Applicant The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA

Agent Jempi Pty Ltd, Beaumaris, VIC

Qualified Person Graham Fleming

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S Patent Office and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data PP12,405

Reference Number

Location The overseas data was verified in Yellingbo, VIC

Descriptor Peach/Nectarine (*Prunus persica*) TG/53/6.

Period

Conditions Where possible the overseas data was verified under local

conditions. The US plant patent data was converted into

standard UPOV characteristics for peach.

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The seedling `Burpeachfour` was originated by the breeders in 1994, and selected from among a population of seedlings which were derived from a controlled cross of an unnamed peach seedling used as the pollen parent, and the 'Carnival' peach tree, (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 2,144), which was used as the seed parent. The resulting seed from this cross was planted in the spring of 1995. The new variety was selected from among seedlings growing in the experimental orchards of The Burchell Nursery, Inc. which is located near the city of Fowler, Calif., County of Fresno in the San Joaquin Valley. The seedling 'Burpeachfour' was marked for subsequent observation and noted as having exceptional characteristics. It was subsequently evaluated during the 1996-1999 fruit growing seasons. Propagation: After the 1996 season, the seedling `B2.034` was selected for advanced evaluation and re-propagation. The new variety `Burpeachfour` was grafted onto two different and existing nemared peach rootstocks (unpatented) in February of 1997. Scionwood from the original seedling of the peach tree, 'Burpeachfour' was then collected and grafted onto the two peach rootstocks in the evaluation plot on the Burchell Nursery's experimental farm previously described. Fruit from the resulting propagation has been evaluated for both the 1998 and 1999 fruiting seasons. This subsequent evaluation clearly demonstrated that the re-propagated trees are true to the characteristics of the original seedling in all observable aspects. Selection criteria: fruit size, flavour, time of maturity and colour. Breeder: John K Slaughter and Timothy J Gerdts, The Burchell Nursery, Inc., Oakdale, CA, USA.

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	type	showy
Calyx	colour of inner side	orange
Corolla	predominant colour	light pink
Petiole	nectaries	present
Petiole	shape of nectaries	reniform
Fruit	firmness of flesh	firm
Fruit	ground colour	yellow
Fruit	over colour	present
Fruit	pattern of over colour	solid flush
Fruit	extent of over colour	large
Fruit	pubescence	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TIZODO DIZIZIONI	, with the of Common Time (, CT	<u>,</u>
Name	Comments	
'Sweet Henry'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui Characte	0	-	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Ryans Sun'	Fruit	time of maturity	late to very late	late	'Burpeachfour' ripens approximately7 days later than 'Ryans Sun'
'Carnival'	Fruit	time of maturity	late to very late	very late	'Burpeachfour' ripens approximately 14 days earlier than 'Carnival'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Burpeachfour'	'Sweet Henry'
	*Tree: size	medium to large	large
	Tree: vigour	medium	
	*Tree: habit	upright to semi- upright	upright
	*Flower: type	showy	showy
	*Calyx: colour of inner side	orange	orange
	*Corolla: predominant colour	light pink	light pink
~	*Petal: shape	broad elliptic	round
V	*Petal: size	medium	very large
	*Petals: number	five	five
	*Anthers: pollen	present	present
	*Ovary: pubescence	present	present

~	*Leaf blade: ler	ngth		long	medium to long
✓	*Leaf blade: wi	dth		broad	medium to broad
V	*Leaf blade: rat	tio		large	medium to large
	*Petiole: nectar	ries		present	present
	*Petiole: shape	of nectaries		reniform	reniform
	*Fruit: size			medium to large	large
V	*Fruit: shape			oblate	round
	*Fruit: ground o	colour		yellow	orange yellow
	Fruit: over colo			present	present
	Fruit: hue of ov	er colour		medium red	dark red
	*Fruit: pattern o	of over colour		solid flush	solid flush
	*Fruit: extent of	f over colour		large	large
	*Fruit: pubesce	nce		present	present
V	*Fruit: density of	of pubescence		sparse	medium
	Fruit: thickness	of skin		medium	medium
	Fruit: adherence	e of skin to flesh		medium	medium
	*Fruit: firmness	s of flesh		firm	firm
	*Fruit: ground o	colour of flesh		orange yellow	yellow
	*Fruit: anthocya	anin colouration dir	ectly under skin	weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocya	anin colouration of	flesh	weakly expressed	weakly expressed
	*Fruit: anthocya	anin colouration arc	ound stone	strongly expresse	dstrongly expressed
	Fruit: texture of	f the flesh		fibrous	fibrous
~	*Stone: size con	mpared to fruit		medium	large
	*Stone: shape			elliptic	
V	*Stone: adheren	nce to flesh		absent	present
	*Time of: begin	nning of flowering		medium	early to medium
	*Time of: matu	rity		late to very late	late
	aracteristics Ad gan/Plant Part:	Iditional to the Des	scriptor/TG	'Burpeachfour'	'Sweet Henry'
VI				absent	present
	Fruit: sub acid for Applications			aosen	present
	untry	Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
Chi	le	2004	Granted	'Burpeachfour'	
EU		2004	Applied	'Burpeachfour'	
USA	A ith Africa	1999 2004	Granted	'Burpeachfour'	
SUU	iui Aiilea	400 1	Applied	'Burpeachfour'	

First sold in the USA in Dec 1998.

 $Description: \textbf{Lisa Corcoran,} \ Fleming's \ Nurseries, \ Monbulk, \ VIC.$

Application Number 2001/100

Variety Name'Robert Livermore'Genus SpeciesJuglans regiaCommon NamePersian Walnut

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 2 May 2001

Applicant The Regents of the University of California, Davis, California,

USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Leslie Mitchell

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing U.S Patent Office and Trademark Office

Authority

Overseas Data PP 12,264

Reference Number

Location Davis, California.

Descriptor Walnut (*Juglans regia*) TG/125/6.

Period 1996-1998.

Conditions Observations were taken from walnut trees growing at the

University of California, Davis, California.

Trial Design As per requirements for US plant patents the variety has been

observed and described and subjectively compared to the most

similar varieties of most common knowledge.

Measurements From all trial plants. US Plant Patent data was translated into

UPOV guideline characteristics as per TG/125/6.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: originated from controlled cross of the variety 'Howard' (US PP4,405) and the 'Purpurea' (not patented). Seeds from the cross were collected, planted, and observed. The 'Purpurea' parent used in the cross also identified as 'RX1088' and was obtained from the Walnut collection of E. Germain (Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique, Station de Recherches d'Arboriculture Fruitiere, Bordeaux, France). The Kernels of the 'Howard' parent bear a typical seed coat that is amber or light amber. The kernels of the 'Purpurea' parent possess a reddish-brown seed coat. A single plant of the new variety with a highly distinctive combination of characteristics, initially designated '91-75-15', was selected and propagated by grafting at Davis, California, on 'Paradox' rootstock. The distinctive characteristics of the new variety have been found to be stable and are transmitted from one generation to another following such asexual propagation. The new variety has been named 'Robert Livermore'. Rober Livermore was a supporter of the Walnut Improvement Program at the University of California for many years and is honoured through the naming of this variety. Breeder: Gale McGranahan, Charles Leslie, Herbert A. Phillips, Davis, California, USA

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Tree	vigour	medium
Tree	growth habit	upright
Tree	density of branches	medium
Tree	predominant location of fruit buds	all along the one year old shoot
Nut	size	large

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Rhowleage lachtimea (v	CIX)
Name	Comments	
'Chandler'		

TT 4 .4 A	~		4 7 .404 7		
Variaties of	('amman	K nowlodge	e identified and	d cubcoguontly	7 Aveluded
varieues or	Common	IXIIOWICUE	t luchimicu am	a sanscauchar	CACIUUCU

Variety	Distinguis	0	-	State of Expression in	Comments
	Character	ristic	in Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Howard'	Kernel	pellicle	reddish purple	amber to light amber	seed parent
'Purpurea'	Kernel	pellicle	reddish purple	reddish brown	pollen parent
'Payne'	Plant	time of:	medium	early	20 days earlier
		leaf bud			than 'Robert
		burst			Livermore'

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Robert Livermore'	'Chandler'
	Tree: vigour	medium	medium
	Tree: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright
	Tree: density of branches	medium	medium
	*Tree: predominant location of fruit buds	all along the one- year-old shoot	all along the one- year-old shoot
	One-year-old shoot: colour	green brown	green brown
	Leaf: shape of lateral leaflet	narrow elliptic	narrow elliptic
	*Nut: size	large	large
	*Nut: thickness of shell	thick	
	Nut: adherence of two halves of shell	strong	
	*Kernel: ease of removal	easy	
	Kernel: intensity of ground colour	light	light
□ wei	*Kernel: percentage of weight relative to total ght of nut	high	
	*Time of: maturity	early	early to medium
V	*Time of: leaf bud burst	medium	late

*Time of: male flowering	early to medium
*Time of: female flowering	early to medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Robert Livermore' 'Chandler'

Kernel: pellicle reddish purple amber

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
EU	2000	Granted	'Robert Livermore'
USA	1999	Granted	'Robert Livermore'
South Africa	2001	Applied	'Robert Livermore'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Leslie Mitchell, Agrisearch Services Pty Ltd, Sherparton VIC.

Application Number2002/129Variety Name'Ever Bright'Genus SpeciesPhotinia glabra

Common Name Photinia Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 26 Jun 2002

Applicant RJ Cherry, Kulnura, NSW

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** John Robb

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Kulnura, NSW, Australia.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

Period 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted at Paradise Plants, Kulnura between 2007-

2008 in a commercial nursery setting. Plants raised in 200mm pots in commercial grade, soil-less potting mix in full sun. Plants were grown on their own roots from cuttings and all plants were subjected to the same chemical treatments for

crop protection as required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block.

Measurements Measurements taken from 12 plants of each variety selected

at random from several thousand plants arranged in complete

blocks.

RHS Chart - edition 1966.

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination followed by selection: The new Photinia is a product of a planned selection program conducted in Kulnura, NSW, Australia. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new Photinia cultivars with good vigour, disease resistance, attractive habit and attractive foliage. The new cultivar originated from open pollination with Photinia 'Red Robin' as the female parent with an unknown male parent in 1996. Several thousand seedlings were germinated in 1997 and raised during 1997-1998. The cultivar 'Ever Bright' was discovered and selected in 1998 as a single plant within the progeny. The first asexual reproduction of the new Photinia was in 1998 by terminal cuttings taken at Kulnura, Australia. The unique features of this new Photinia are stable and reproduced true to type throughout more than five successive generations of asexual reproduction. Breeder: RJ Cherry, Kulnura, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	vigour	medium
Plant	type	shrub
Plant	width	medium
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Stem	presence of anthocyanin	present
	in new growth	
Leaf	incision of margin	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TVIOST SIIIII	varieties of common timo weage facilities (v cit)	
Name	Comments	
'Red Devil'	PBR applied for	
'Red Robin'	Industry Standard variety	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

'Ever Bright'	'Red Devil'	'Red Robin'
shrub	shrub	shrub
bushy	bushy	bushy
small to medium	medium	medium to large
short to medium	medium	medium to tall
medium	medium	medium
present	present	present
strong	strong	medium to strong
simple	simple	simple
small	small to medium	medium
erect	semi-erect	erect
alternate	alternate	alternate
short	short to medium	short to medium
narrow to mediun	n narrow to mediun	n medium
short	short	medium
elliptic	oblong	oblanceolate
acute	acute	apiculate
attenuate	attenuate	attenuate
present	present	present
Present	1	1
	shrub bushy small to medium short to medium medium present strong simple small erect alternate short narrow to medium short elliptic acute attenuate	shrub bushy small to medium short to medium medium medium medium present strong simple small small to medium erect alternate short short short elliptic oblong acute attenuate sheri

Leaf: type of incision	toothed	toothed	toothed		
Leaf: undulation of the margin	very weak	weak	very weak to weak		
Leaf: shape of cross-section	concave	concave	flat		
Leaf: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	recurved	straight		
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	weak	weak		
Leaf: green colour	dark	medium	medium		
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent		
Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	green RHS 139A	yellow green RHS 147A	Syellow green RHS 147A		
Flower: type	single	single	single		
Flower: diameter	small	small	small		
Petal: predominant colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	white RHS 155B	white RHS 155B	white RHS 155A		
Petal: reflexing of margin	weak	absent or very weak	weak		
Petal: incision	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak		
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Ever Bright' 'Red Devil' 'Red Robin'					
	nernendicular to				

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/1G				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Red Devil'	'Red Robin'		
Stem: attitude of laterals	perpendicular to semi erect	erect	erect	
Young shoot: colour (RHS colour chart)	greyed purple RHS 183A	greyed purple RHS 185A	greyed purple RHS 183C	
Plant: branching	strong	strong	medium	
Plant: vigour	medium	medium	medium	

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: John Robb, Paradise Plants, Kulnura, NSW.

Application Number2002/128Variety Name'Red Devil'Genus SpeciesPhotinia glabra

Common Name Photinia **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 26 Jun 2002

Applicant RJ Cherry, Kulnura, NSW

Agent N/A **Qualified Person** John Robb

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Kulnura, NSW, Australia

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN-DES.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted at Paradise Plants, Kulnura between 2007-

2008 in a commercial nursery setting. Plants raised in 200mm pots in commercial grade, soil-less potting mix in full sun. Plants were grown on their own roots from cuttings and all plants were subjected to the same chemical treatments for

crop protection as required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block.

Measurements Measurements taken from 12 plants of each variety selected

at random from several thousand plants arranged in complete

blocks.

RHS Chart - edition 1966

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination followed by selection: The new Photinia is a product of a planned selection program conducted in Kulnura, NSW. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new Photinia cultivars with good vigour, disease resistance, attractive habit and attractive foliage. The new cultivar originated from open pollination with Photinia 'Red Robin' as the female parent with an unknown male parent in 1996. Several thousand seedlings were germinated in 1997 and raised during 1997-1998. The cultivar 'Red Devil' was discovered and selected in 1998 as a single plant within the progeny. The first asexual reproduction of the new Photinia was in 1998 by terminal cuttings taken at Kulnura, Australia. The unique features of this new Photinia are stable and reproduced true to type throughout more than five successive generations of asexual reproduction. Breeder: RJ Cherry, Kulnura, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	vigour	medium
Plant	type	shrub
Plant	width	medium
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Stem	presence of anthocyanin in new growthpresent	
Leaf	incision of margin	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

MIOST DIMINAL	varieties of common tenowicage identifica (vert)
Name	Comments
'Red Robin'	Industry Standard variety
'Ever Bright'	PRR applied for

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expressi	on in State of
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Varie	ty Expression in Comparator Variety
'Superhedge'	Leaf	attitude	semi-erect	drooping

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Red Devil'	'Ever Bright'	'Red Robin'
	Plant: type	shrub	shrub	shrub
	Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy	bushy
~	Plant: size	medium	small to medium	medium to large
~	Plant: height	medium	short to medium	medium to tall
	Plant: width	medium	medium	medium
in n	Stem: presence of anthocyanin ew growth	present	present	present
cole	Young shoot: anthocyanin ouration	strong	strong	medium to strong
	Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple	simple
~	Leaf: size	small to medium	small	medium
	Leaf: attitude	semi-erect	erect	erect
	Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate	alternate
	Leaf: length of blade	short to medium	short	short to medium
	Leaf: width of blade	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	medium
	Leaf: length of petiole	short	short	medium

V	Leaf: shape	oblong	elliptic	oblanceolate
	Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute	apiculate
	Leaf: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate	attenuate
	Leaf: incision of margin	present	present	present
	Leaf: depth of incision	shallow	shallow	very shallow
	Leaf: type of incision	toothed	toothed	toothed
~	Leaf: undulation of the margin	weak	very weak	very weak to weak
	Leaf: shape of cross-section	concave	concave	flat
axis	Leaf: curvature of longitudinal	recurved	straight	straight
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	medium	weak
	Leaf: green colour	medium	dark	medium
	Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent
	Leaf: primary colour (RHS our chart)	yellow green RHS 147A	green RHS 139A	yellow green RHS 147A
	Flower: type	single	single	single
	Flower: diameter	small	small	small
	Petal: predominant colour of er side (RHS colour chart)	white RHS 155B	white RHS155B	white RHS 155A
	Petal: reflexing of margin	absent or very weak	weak	weak
	Petal: incision	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak
	racteristics Additional to the an/Plant Part: Context	Descriptor/TG 'Red Devil'	'Ever Bright'	'Red Robin'
V	Stem: attitude of laterals	erect	perpendicular-semi erect	erect
colo	Young shoot: colour (RHS our chart)	greyed purple RHS 185A	greyed purple RHS 183A	greyed purple RHS 183C
~	Plant: branching	strong	strong	medium
	Plant: vigour	medium	medium	medium

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: John Robb, Paradise Plants, Kulnura, NSW.

Application Number2007/018Variety Name'PARSUB'Genus SpeciesPhotinia glabra

Common Name Photinia

Synonym SUPER BRONZE **Accepted Date** 16 Mar 2007

Applicant The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd, Kulnura, NSW

Agent R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd, Kulnura, NSW

Qualified Person John Robb

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Kulnura, NSW, Australia.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

Period 2007-2008.

Conditions Trial conducted at Paradise Plants, Kulnura between 2007-

2008 in a commercial nursery setting. Plants raised in 200mm pots in commercial grade, soil-less potting mix in full sun. Plants were grown on their own roots from cuttings and all plants were subjected to the same chemical treatments for

crop protection as required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block.

Measurements Measurements taken from 12 plants of each variety selected

at random from several thousand plants arranged in complete

blocks.

RHS Chart - edition 1966.

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination followed by selection: This new Photinia is the product of a planned breeding program conducted in Kulnura, NSW, Australia. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new Photinia cultivars with strong vigour, attractive habit and foliage. The new cultivar originated from open pollination with Photinia 'Red Robin' as the female parent with an unknown male parent in 2000. Several hundred seedlings were germinated in 2000 and raised during 2000-2001. The cultivar 'Parsub' was discovered and selected in 2001 as a single plant within the progeny. The first asexual reproduction of the new Photinia was in 2001 by terminal cuttings taken at Kulnura, Australia. The unique features of this new Photinia are stable and reproduced true to type throughout five successive generations of asexual reproduction. Breeder: John Robb, Kulnura, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	vigour	strong
Plant	vigour	medium
Plant	type	shrub
Plant	width	medium
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Stem	presence of anthocyanin	present
	in new growth	
Leaf	incision of margin	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillinai	varieties of Common Amowicage identifica (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'Superhedge'	The most vigorous Photinia currently available.
'Parsub'	Vigorous, bronze-orange new growth.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression	
	Characteri	SUCS	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Red Devil'	Plant	vigour	strong	medium
'Ever Bright'	Plant	vigour	strong	medium

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Parsub	'Superhedge'	'Parsur'
	Plant: type	shrub	shrub	shrub
	Plant: growth habit	erect	erect	erect
	Plant: size	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
	Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall
	Plant: width	medium	medium	medium
gro	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new wth	present	present	present
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium	strong
	Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple	simple
	Leaf: size	medium	small to medium	small to medium
	Leaf: attitude	erect	drooping-semi erect	erect
	Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate	alternate
	Leaf: length of blade	medium	short to medium	short to medium
	Leaf: width of blade	medium	medium	medium
	Leaf: length of petiole	short	medium	short
	Leaf: shape	oblanceolate	elliptic	elliptic

Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf: shape of base	cuneate	cuneate	cuneate
Leaf: incision of margin	present	present	present
Leaf: depth of incision	shallow	shallow	shallow
Leaf: type of incision	toothed	toothed	toothed
Leaf: undulation of the margin	medium to strong	medium	medium to strong
Leaf: shape of cross-section	concave	concave	concave
Leaf: curvature of longitudinal axis	recurved	recurved	recurved
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart	_{t)} 146A	147A	147A
Flower: type	single	single	single
Flower: diameter	small	small	small

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Parsur	'Superhedge'	'Parsub'
	Stem: attitude of laterals	erect	perpendicular – semi erect	erect
	Plant: branching	medium to strong	strong	medium to strong
	Plant: vigour	strong	strong	strong
V	Young shoot: colour (RHS colour chart)	165A	175A	183A

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior application nil. First sold in Australia on 1 Sep 2006.

Description: John Robb, Paradise Plants, Kulnura, NSW.

Application Number 2007/017 **Variety Name** 'PARSUR' **Genus Species** *Photinia glabra*

Common NamePhotiniaSynonymSUPER REDAccepted Date16 Mar 2007

Applicant The Paradise Seed Company Pty Ltd, Kulnura, NSW

Agent R J Cherry Holdings Pty Ltd, Kulnura, NSW

Qualified Person John Robb

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Kulnura, NSW, Australia.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

Period 2007-2008.

Conditions Trial conducted at Paradise Plants, Kulnura between 2007-

2008 in a commercial nursery setting. Plants raised in 200mm pots in commercial grade, soil-less potting mix in full sun. Plants were grown on their own roots from cuttings and all plants were subjected to the same chemical treatments for

crop protection as required.

Trial Design Randomised complete block.

Measurements Measurements taken from 12 plants of each variety selected

at random from several thousand plants arranged in complete

blocks.

RHS Chart - edition 1966.

Origin and Breeding

Open-pollination followed by selection: This new Photinia is the product of a planned breeding program conducted in Kulnura, NSW, Australia. The objective of the breeding program was to develop new Photinia cultivars with strong vigour, attractive habit and foliage. The new cultivar originated from open pollination with Photinia 'Red Robin' as the female parent with an unknown male parent in 2000. Several hundred seedlings were germinated in 2000 and raised during 2000-2001. The cultivar 'Parsur' was discovered and selected in 2001 as a single plant within the progeny. The first asexual reproduction of the new Photinia was in 2001 by terminal cuttings taken at Kulnura, Australia. The unique features of this new Photinia are stable and reproduced true to type throughout five successive generations of asexual reproduction. Breeder: John Robb, Kulnura, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	vigour	strong
Plant	vigour	medium
Plant	type	shrub
Plant	width	medium
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Stem	presence of anthocyanin	present
	in new growth	
Leaf	incision of margin	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiost Sillinai	varieties of Common Amowicage identifica (VCIX)
Name	Comments
'Superhedge'	The most vigorous Photinia currently available.
'Parsub'	Vigorous, bronze-orange new growth.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguish Characteri	O	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Red Devil'	Plant	vigour	strong	medium
'Ever Bright'	Plant	vigour	strong	medium

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}\text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Parsur	'Superhedge'	'Parsub'
	Plant: type	shrub	shrub	shrub
	Plant: growth habit	erect	erect	erect
	Plant: size	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
	Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall
	Plant: width	medium	medium	medium
gro	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new wth	present	present	present
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium	strong
	Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple	simple
	Leaf: size	small to medium	small to medium	nmedium
	Leaf: attitude	erect	drooping-semi erect	erect
	Leaf: arrangement	alternate	alternate	alternate
	Leaf: length of blade	short to medium	short to medium	medium
	Leaf: width of blade	medium	medium	medium
	Leaf: length of petiole	short	medium	short
	Leaf: shape	elliptic	elliptic	oblanceolate

Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf: shape of base	cuneate	cuneate	cuneate
Leaf: incision of margin	present	present	present
Leaf: depth of incision	shallow	shallow	shallow
Leaf: type of incision	toothed	toothed	toothed
Leaf: undulation of the margin	medium to strong	medium	medium to strong
Leaf: shape of cross-section	concave	concave	concave
Leaf: curvature of longitudinal axis	recurved	recurved	recurved
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart	_{t)} 147A	147A	146A
Flower: type	single	single	single
Flower: diameter	small	small	small

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Parsur	'Superhedge'	'Parsub'
	Stem: attitude of laterals	erect	perpendicular – semi erect	erect
	Plant: branching	medium to strong	strong	medium to strong
	Plant: vigour	strong	strong	strong
V	Young shoot: colour (RHS colour chart)	183A	175A	165A

<u>Prior Applications and Sales</u> Prior application nil. First sold in Australia on 1 Sep 2006.

Description: John Robb, Paradise Plants, Kulnura, NSW.

Application Number 2007/196

Variety Name 'GREEN SHEEN'
Genus Species Pittosporum tenuifolium

Common Name Pittosporum

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 5 Sep 2007

Applicant Matthew Brooks, Monbulk, VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Monbulk road, Monbulk, VIC (Latitude 37°52'21.88"S).

Descriptor Pittosporum (*Pittosporum*) PBR PITT.

Period Mar 2007 – Jan 2009.

Conditions Plants of both 'Green Sheen' and 'Sunburst' were planted in

150mm pots of a pine bark mix with slow release fertiliser and kept in optimum conditions including watering regime,

disease control and plant management.

Trial Design 12 plants of both 'Green Sheen' and 'Sunburst' were selected

at random from a larger population in varietal blocks.

Measurements Taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: 'Green Sheen' was first observerd as a mutation on a branch on *Pittosporum tenuifolium* 'Sunburst' at 25 Haige Avenue, Monbulk, VIC by Matthew Brooks in Jul 2002. Branch cuttings were taken from the parent and were found to be stable over 4 generations with no off-types observed. Breeder: Matthew Brooks, Monbulk, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

rancej of common timowr	0450	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	type	shrub
Plant	height	medium
Plant	width	medium
Plant	density	sparse
Leaf blade	shape	ovate
Leaf blade	shape of apex	acute

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TYTOSC STITITE	, arrettes of common time wreage racinimea	(/ 011
Name	Comments	

'Sunburst'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in
	Characteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Green Pillar'	Leaf blade shape	ovate	linear

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

or more of the or Organ/Plant Pa	comparators are marked with a tick. rt: Context	'GREEN SHEEN'	'Sunburst'
Plant: type		shrub	shrub
Plant: height	i	medium	medium
Plant: width		medium	medium
Plant: densit	у	sparse	sparse
Plant: attitud	le of distal part of branches	semi erect	semi erect
New shoot:	colour of stem	brownish	brownish
New shoot:	main colour of leaves (RHS Colour Chart)	144A	144C
New shoot:	main colour of midrib on leaves	greenish	greenish
Stem: colour	(RHS Colour Chart)	(new shoot) 187A	(new shoot) 187A
Stem: length	of internode	medium to long	medium to long
Petiole: leng	th	medium	medium
Leaf blade: l	ength	medium	medium
Leaf blade:	width of broadest part	medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf blade:	shape	ovate	ovate
Leaf blade:	shape of apex	acute	acute
Leaf blade:	shape of base	rounded	rounded
Leaf blade: 1	andulation of margin	strong	strong
Leaf blade:	shape of margin	entire	entire
Leaf blade:	shape in cross section	concave	concave
Leaf blade: of	curvature of longitudinal axis	weak	weak
Leaf blade: t	wisting around longitudinal axis	weak	weak
Leaf blade: 1	number of colours on upper side	one	two
Leaf blade: 1 Chart)	main colour on upper side (RHS Colour	darker than 144A	N144A
Leaf blade: 1 Chart)	main colour of lower side (RHS Colour	145B	N144A
Leaf blade: §	glossiness	medium	medium
Leaf blade: a	anthocyanin colouration	absent of very weak	absent of very weak
Leaf blade: l	nairiness on lower side ons and Sales	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Nil.

Application Number2008/339Variety Name'Sevillana'Genus SpeciesRubus idaeusCommon NameRaspberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2008

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc., Watsonville, CA, USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing US Patent & Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP18659 (March 2008)

Reference Number

Location Oxnard and Watsonville, California USA and verified at Woori

Yallock, VIC, Australia.

Descriptor Raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*) TG/43/7.

Period 1999-2006.

Conditions Traditional cultural practices employ rooted cuttings planted into

raised ridges of soil in winter. The plants are trellised and primocane harvest commences approximately 7 months later in summer and autumn. Plants are then pruned and the floricane harvest commences in the following spring. Test plots of 'Sevillana' and 'Cardinal' were planted for verification in late

winter 2007 at Woori Yallock and verified in late 2008.

Trial Design After asexual propagation by in vitro, shoot tip culture was used

to produce root cuttings of 'Sevillana' and the universal standard variety 'Heritage' which were then planted for comparison in side by side plots under standard commercial Raspberry production conditions at Watsonville, California USA between

2001 and 2002.

Measurements were taken of plant, flower and fruit

characteristics approximately 7 months after planting for primocane production and approximately 17 months after planting for floricane production. All measurements were made in accordance with UPOV technical guidelines and colours are described and most similar colour designations are provided

from Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour Charts.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

The new variety 'Sevillana' was developed from a single seedling selected from the cross pollination of 'Isabel' (US PP 9340) as maternal parent and 'Cardinal' (US PP 14903) as the pollen parent. The parents were crossed in 1998, whereafter fruit and seed were collected to produce seedlings for field planting in Oxnard, California USA in 1999. The new variety 'Sevillana' was selected from these seedlings in 1999 for its large firm fruit. The new variety 'Sevillana' has since been asexually propagated by in vitro shoot tip culture, root sucker division and root cuttings over several generations and has been shown to maintain the desired and distinguishing characteristics. Breeders: Carlos Fear and Rick Harrison both employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc., Watsonville, California, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Leaves	colour of upper surface	dark green
Fruit	colour	medium red
Fruit	shape	circular
Fruit	main bearing type	both previous year's cane in summer & current year's
		cane in autumn
Spines	presence	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Heritage'	'Heritage' is an unpatented variety grown throughout the world and used as a
	standard comparator.
'Cardinal'	US PP 14903 is the pollen parent of 'Sevillana'.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui Characte		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Royalty'	Fruit	colour	medium red	dark purple	
'Glen Moy'	Spine	presence	absent	present	
'Ontario'	Fruit	shape	circular	broad conical	
'Gelbe Antweper'	Young shoot	anthocyanin colouration of apex	present	absent	
'Rubaca'	Plant	number of current season's cane	many	few	
'Mailing Leo'	Dormant cane	colour	purplish brown	brownish grey	
'Mailing Promise'	Fruit	main bearing type	both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn	only in previous years cane in summer	
'Baronne de Wavre'	Plant	Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on current year's cane		very late	
Isabel	Plant	vigour	strong	medium	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

rgan/Plant Part: Context	'Sevillana'	'Cardinal'	'Heritage'
Plant: habit	upright	upright	upright
*Plant: number of current season's canes	smany	many	medium
*Very young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	present	present	present
*Very young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of apex during rapid growth	medium	very weak	medium
Current season's cane: bloom	weak	absent or very weak	weak
Current season's cane: length of internode	medium		long
*Dormant cane: colour (varieties which fruit on previous season's cane in summer)	purplish brown	purplish brown	brownish purple
*Spines: presence	absent	absent	absent
*Leaf: green colour of upper side	dark	dark	dark
*Leaf: rugosity	medium	very weak	medium
Leaf: relative position of lateral leaflets	free	touching	free
Terminal leaflet: length	short	medium	long
Terminal leaflet: width	medium to broad	narrow	narrow to medium
Flower: size	medium	small to medium	small to medium
*Fruit: length	long	medium to long	short to medium
*Fruit: width	broad	medium to broad	narrow to mediun
*Fruit: general shape in lateral view	circular	circular	circular
Fruit: size of single drupe	large to very large	large	small
*Fruit: colour	medium red	medium red	medium red
Fruit: glossiness	medium	weak	medium
*Fruit: firmness	medium to firm	firm	firm
Fruit: adherence to plug	medium	medium	medium
*Fruit: main bearing type	both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn	both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn	both previous year's cone in summer & curren year's cone in autumn
*Plant: time of vegetative bud burst (varieties which fruit on previous year's cane in summer)	early to medium	early to medium	medium to late
▼ *T:	early		medium to late

which fruit on current year's cane in autumn)

*Time of: beginning of flowering on previous year's cane (varieties which fruit on early to medium previous year's cane in summer)	medium to late	medium
*Time of: beginning of flowering on current season's cane (varieties which fruit on current year's cane in autumn)	early to medium	early to medium
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on previous year's cane (varieties which fruit of early previous year's cane in summer)	early	medium
*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on current year's cane (varieties which fruit on early to medium current year's cane in autumn)	early	early to medium
Length of: fruiting period on previous year's cane (varieties which fruit on previous medium to long year's cane in summer)	medium to long	short to medium
Length of: fruiting period on current year's cane (varieties which fruit on current year's cane in autumn)	long	long to very long

Prior Applications and Sales

I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ono una bares		
Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2006	Granted	'Driscoll Sevillana'
EU	2008	Applied	'Driscoll Sevillana'
Mexico	2006	Applied	'Driscoll Sevillana'
Morocco	2006	Granted	'Driscoll Sevillana'
South Africa	2008	Applied	'Driscoll Sevillana'

First sold in Mexico in Dec 2005.

Description: Margaret Zorin 167 Collingwood Road Birkdale Q4159

Application Number 2008/338
Variety Name 'Pacifica'
Genus Species Rubus idaeus
Common Name Raspberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2008

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc., Watsonville, CA, USA

Agent Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC

Qualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing US Patent & Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP 18658 (March 2008)

Reference Number

Location Watsonville, California USA and verified Woori Yallock

VIC, Australia.

Descriptor Raspberry (*Rubus idaeus* L.) TG/43/7.

Period 1999-2005.

Conditions Traditional commercial raspberry production criteria were

used including rooted cuttings planted in raised ridges of soil in winter. The plants are trellised and primocane harvest commences approximately 7 months later in summer and autumn. Plants are then pruned and new canes trellised and produce the floricane crop approximately 17 months after planting. The verification plots were planted in late winter

2007 at Woori Yallock and examined in 2008.

Trial Design Asexual propagation of plants by in vitro culture shoot tip

culture, root sucker division and root cuttings at the Cassin Ranch in Santa Cruz County, California USA for both 'Pacifica' and 'Heritage' were made prior to field planting. Plants of both varieties were grown in side by side beds at Watsonville, California USA in 2003 to 2005 under

commercial raspberry field production conditions.

Measurements Measurements of plant, flower and fruit characteristics were

taken using UPOV technical guidelines and colours are described and most similar colour designations are provided

from Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour Charts.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

The new variety 'Pacifica' was developed from the hybridization of the selection 'N234.1' (an unpatented line) as the seed parent and the selection 'Q471.6' (an unpatented line) as the pollen parent in 1996. The seed from this crossing was then planted in Carpentaria, California USA in 1997 and the final seedling was selected for its large, firm and good flavoured fruit. The new variety 'Pacifica' has been asexually propagated over several generations and has been shown to maintain the desired distinguishing characteristics throughout. Breeders: Carlos Fear and Rick Harrison of Aptos, California USA and both are employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates Inc. Watsonville, California USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	habit	upright
Plant	very young shoot anthocyanin	present
Plant	very young shoot anthocyanin intensity	medium
Leaves	colour of upper surface	dark green
Fruit	colour	medium red
Fruit	shape	circular
Fruit	main bearing type	both previous year's cane in summer and current year's cane in autumn

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Heritage'	'Heritage' is an unpatented variety grown throughout the
	world as a standard.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingui Characte		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Royalty'	Fruit	colour	medium red	dark purple	
'Glen Moy'	Spine	presence	absent	present	
'Ontario'	Fruit	shape	circular	broad conical	
'Gelbe Antweper'	Young shoot	anthocyanin colouration of apex	present	absent	
'Rubaca'	Plant	number of current season's cane	many	few	
'Vene'	Plant	Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on previous year's cane		very early	
'Mailing	Fruit	main bearing	both previous year's	only in previous	
Promise'		type	cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn	years cane in summer	
'Watson'	Plant	Time of: beginning of fruit ripening on current year's cane		medium	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

\sim	more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Pacifica'	'Heritage'		
	Plant: habit	upright	upright		
<u> </u>	*Plant: number of current season's canes	many	medium		
ape	*Very young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of x during rapid growth	present	present		
colo	*Very young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration of apex during rapid growth	medium	medium		
V	Current season's cane: bloom	absent or very weak	weak		
prev	*Dormant cane: colour (varieties which fruit on vious season's cane in summer)	purplish brown	brownish purple		
	*Spines: presence	absent	absent		
	*Leaf: green colour of upper side	dark	dark		
V	*Leaf: predominant number of leaflets	three	equally three and five		
	*Leaf: rugosity	medium	medium		
~	Leaf: relative position of lateral leaflets	overlapping	free		
~	Terminal leaflet: length	medium	long		
~	Terminal leaflet: width	medium to broad	narrow to medium		
	Flower: size	small	small to medium		
	1 to well blace				
~	*Fruit: length	long to very long	short to medium		
>		long to very long broad	short to medium narrow to medium		
	*Fruit: length				
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width	broad	narrow to medium		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view	broad circular	narrow to medium circular		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view Fruit: size of single drupe	broad circular large to very large	narrow to medium circular small		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view Fruit: size of single drupe *Fruit: colour	broad circular large to very large medium red	narrow to medium circular small medium red		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view Fruit: size of single drupe *Fruit: colour Fruit: glossiness	broad circular large to very large medium red weak	narrow to medium circular small medium red weak to medium		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view Fruit: size of single drupe *Fruit: colour Fruit: glossiness *Fruit: firmness	broad circular large to very large medium red weak medium to firm medium both previous year's cone in summer &	narrow to medium circular small medium red weak to medium firm		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view Fruit: size of single drupe *Fruit: colour Fruit: glossiness *Fruit: firmness Fruit: adherence to plug	broad circular large to very large medium red weak medium to firm medium both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in	narrow to medium circular small medium red weak to medium firm weak to medium both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in		
	*Fruit: length *Fruit: width *Fruit: general shape in lateral view Fruit: size of single drupe *Fruit: colour Fruit: glossiness *Fruit: firmness Fruit: adherence to plug *Fruit: main bearing type *Plant: time of vegetative bud burst (varieties	broad circular large to very large medium red weak medium to firm medium both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn early	narrow to medium circular small medium red weak to medium firm weak to medium both previous year's cone in summer & current year's cone in autumn		

year's cane (variet cane in summer)	ies which fruit on pre	evious year's			
C	season's cane (varieties which trait on earreit year's		early		early to medium
C	inning of fruit ripening ies which fruit of pre-	U 1	early		early to medium
	inning of fruit ripening ies which fruit on cur		early		early to medium
<u> </u>	iting period on previous year's	•	medi	um	short to medium
C	iting period on curren uit on current year's on as and Sales	•	medi	um	long to very long
Country	Year	Current Stat	us	Name Applied	
USA	2006	Granted		'Driscoll Pacific	
EU	2008	Applied		'Driscoll Pacific	ca

First sold in Mexico in Dec 2005.

Description: Margaret Zorin 167 Collingwood Road Birkdale Q 4159.

Application Number 2008/320 **Variety Name** 'DrisRaspOne' **Genus Species** Rubus idaeus **Common Name** Raspberry

Nil **Synonym**

Accepted Date 3 Dec 2008

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc., Watsonville, CA, USA

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC Agent

Oualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing United States Patent & Trademark Office (USPTO)

Authority

Overseas Data PP19656 (January 2009)

Reference Number

Location Santa Cruz, California USA and verified Woori Yallock

Victoria Australia.

Descriptor Raspberry (Rubus idaeus) TG/43/7.

Period 2003-2007.

Conditions Traditional commercial raspberry production criteria were

used including rooted cuttings planted in raised ridges of soil in winter. The plants were trellised and primocane harvest commences approximately 7 months later. After pruning new canes are trellised and floricance harvest commences approximately 17 months after planting. The verification plots were planted in late winter at Woori Yallock and examined

2008-2009.

Trial Design Asexual propagation of plants of 'DrisRaspOne', 'Heritage'

and 'Maravilla' were produced by in vitro shoot tip culture followed by root sucker division and rooted cuttings produced at Cassin Ranch in Santa Cruz County California USA. Plants of the 3 varieties were then planted in the field in side by side beds under standard commercial raspberry production criteria.

Measurements of plant, flower and fruit characteristics were Measurements

taken using UPOV technical guidelines and colours are described and most similar colour designations are provided from Royal Horticultural Society (RHS) Colour Charts.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

The new variety 'DrisRaspOne' originated from controlled pollination of female parent 'T186.1' (an unpatented variety) and the male parent 'Maravilla' (US PP 14804) and was discovered as a seedling in Sep 2002 in Santa Cruz, California USA. The seedling was asexually propagated and tested in Santa Cruz, California USA from 2003 to 2007. The new variety 'DrisRaspOne' has been asexually propagated over several generations and has been shown to maintain the desired traits and characteristics. Breeders: Brian K. Hamilton, Miguel H. Ahumada, Peter A. Martini and Richard E. Harrison all employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associated Inc. Watsonville, California USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	number of current season canes	medium
Plant	current season's cane bloom	weak
Leaf	green colour of upper side	dark
Fruit	colour	medium red
Fruit	main bearing type	both previous year's cane in summer and current year's cane colour in autumn
Fruiting period	length of fruit period on current year's cane	long

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITODE DITTIE	varieties of common time wieage facilities (v cit)		
Name	Comments		
'Heritage'	Unpatented variety grown throughout the World and used as a standard		
	reference.		
'Maravilla'	US PP 14804 used as the pollen parent.		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety

Distinguishing
Characteristic
Candidate Variety
Expression in
Comparator
Variety

'Driscoll
Plant height tall
Small to medium

Cardinal'

upright

'Driscoll Madonna' Plant

habit

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

semi-upright

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'DrisRaspOne'	'Heritage'	'Maravilla'
V	Plant: habit	upright	upright	semi-upright
Can	*Plant: number of current season's	medium	medium	medium
can	*Very young shoot: anthocyanin	absent	present	present
	ouration of apex during rapid growth	absent	present	present
	Current season's cane: bloom	weak	weak	weak
▽ frui	*Dormant cane: colour (varieties which t on previous season's cane in summer)	brown	brownish purple	brownish purple
	*Leaf: green colour of upper side	dark	dark	dark
~	*Leaf: predominant number of leaflets	five	equally three and five	five
~	*Leaf: rugosity	strong to very strong	medium	weak to medium
V	Leaf: relative position of lateral leaflets	overlapping	free	overlapping
V	Terminal leaflet: length	short	long	short to medium

~	Terminal leaflet: width	narrow	narrow to mediun	nmedium to broad
~	Flower: size	medium	small	small
~	*Fruit: length	long to very long	short to medium	long
~	*Fruit: width	broad to very broad	narrow to mediun	broad to very broad
~	*Fruit: general shape in lateral view	broad conical	circular	broad conical
~	Fruit: size of single drupe	medium	small	large
	*Fruit: colour	medium red	medium red	medium red
~	Fruit: glossiness	strong	medium	medium
~	*Fruit: firmness	medium	medium	firm
~	Fruit: adherence to plug	weak	weak to medium	medium
	*Fruit: main bearing type	both previous year's cane in summer & currer year's cane in autumn	both previous year's cane in nt summer & curren year's cane in autumn	both previous year's cane in t summer & current year's cane in autumn
	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening vious year's cane (varieties which frui vious year's cane in summer)	on	medium	medium to late
curi	*Time of: beginning of fruit ripening rent year's cane (varieties which fruit rent year's cane in autumn)	on on late to very late	medium	medium to late
•	Length of: fruiting period on previour's cane (varieties which fruit on vious year's cane in summer)	s medium	medium	long
yea	Length of: fruiting period on current r's cane (varieties which fruit on currer's cane in autumn)	_{ent} long	long	long
	or Applications and Sales untry Year	Current Status	Name Applied	
US	A 2008	Granted	'DrisRaspOne'	
Car EU		Applied Applied	'DrisRaspOne' 'DrisRaspOne'	
LU	2000	1 ipplied	Distaspone	

First sold in the USA in Dec 2006.

Description: Margaret Zorin 167 Collingwood Road Birkdale Q4159 Australia

Application Number 2008/308 **Variety Name** 'ABU7'

Genus Species Lomandra fluviatilis
Common Name River Lomandra

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 19 Nov 2008

Applicant Jon Williams, Dural, NSW

Agent Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Clarendon, NSW

Qualified Person Ian Paananen

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Clarendon, NSW.

Descriptor Lomandra (*Lomandra*) PBR LOMA.

Period Autumn – spring 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in open beds, plants propagated from

cuttings, planted into 200mm pots filled with soilless potting mix, nutrition maintained with slow release and liquid fertilisers, irrigation by overhead watering, pest and disease

treatments not required.

Trial Design Fifteen pots of each variety arranged in a completely

randomised design.

Measurements From ten plants at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Seedling selection: seed parent *Lomandra fluviatilis*. The seed parent is characterised by a medium inflorescence count, strong leaf glaucosity and a medium shoot density. Approximately 300 seedlings were grown in 1997 and a single seedling was selected as having the best commercial potential. From 1998 the plant was propagated by division and further tested for DUS and landscape performance. Selection took place in Dural, NSW. Selection criteria: prolific flowering, bluish foliar appearance and dense growth which out-competes weed growth in the landscape. Propagation: vegetative by division is found to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Jon Williams, Dural, NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Inflorescence	sex expression	male
Plant	growth habit	semi-upright
Leaf	texture	fine

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
Lomandra fluviatilis	Parent from. There are no previous varieties.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'ABU7'	L. fluviatilis	
	Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright	
~	Plant: height	short	medium	
~	Plant: density	medium to dense	medium	
	Leaf: texture	fine	fine	
V	Leaf: glaucosity	strong	medium	
	Leaf: rigidity	weak to medium	medium	
V	Leaf: length of blade	short	medium	
V	Leaf: width of blade	narrow	medium	
	Leaf: cross section	concave	concave	
	Leaf: expression of middle apex	very weak	very weak	
	Leaf: variegation	absent	absent	
	Leaf: colour (RHS colour chart)	147A	147A	
	Basal sheath: margin shredding	very weak	very weak	
	Basal sheath: colour	medium brown	medium brown	
	Inflorescence: degree of branching	medium	medium	
V	Inflorescence: length of floral axis	short	medium	
V	Inflorescence: length of peduncle	short	medium	
	Inflorescence: length of bract	medium	medium	
	Inflorescence: position in relation foliage	below	below	
~	Inflorescence: colour of peduncle (RHS colour chart)	144A	147AA plus N187A at junction of spike	
	Flower: colour of calyx (RHS colour chart)	light green 144A with light greyed purple 187B	144A with 187A	
	Flower: colour of perianth (RHS colour chart)	10B	10A	
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'ABU7'	L. fluviatilis	
	Inflorescence: sex expression	male	male	
~	Plant: number of inflorescences	high	medium	
V	Plant: time of beginning of flowering	early	medium	

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Parts Contact	'ABU7'	I flaniatilia
Organ/Plant Part: Context	ABUT	L. fluviatilis
Leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	373.40	468.10
Std. Deviation	47.10	71.20
LSD/sig	68.89	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		
Mean	1.71	2.19
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.30
LSD/sig	0.28	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length of floral axis (mm)		
Mean	69.70	102.50
Std. Deviation	12.00	30.30
LSD/sig	26.31	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length of peduncle (mm)		
Mean	199.90	277.70
Std. Deviation	45.00	39.40
LSD/sig	48.27	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length of bract (mm)		
Mean	21.10	16.80
Std. Deviation	5.50	9.10
LSD/sig	8.54	ns
Plant: height of foliage (mm)		
Mean	38.30	45.20
Std. Deviation	3.40	4.30
LSD/sig	4.42	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Ian Paananen, Crop & Nursery Services, Central Coast, NSW

Application Number 2007/309

Variety Name 'Grandemufrap' Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2007

Applicant Mr H Schreuders, Skye, VIC

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm pots of co-co coir (3 plants per pot), nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design 1 bed of 52 pots of 'Lexteews' and 1 bed of 52

'Grandemufrap' on benches.

Measurements Taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Grandemufrap' was the resultant seedling from the cross of two unnamed seedlings (GF 93Y and GF 04 15) bred by Mr H Schreuders between Aug and Nov 2004. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Grandemufrap' was bred by Mr H Schreuders in Skye, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant Part		Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
	Plant	growth habit	upright	
	Plant	plant type	bed	
	Flower	type	double	
	Flower	number of petals	medium to many	
	Flower	colour group	pink	
	Flower	diameter	large	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments	wiost Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)	
	Name	Comments	

'Lexteews'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in State of Expression in		
	Characte	ristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Prebian Candy'	Flower	diameter	large	medium	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandemufrap'	'Lexteews'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
□ clir	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
V	Plant: height	tall	medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	strong
	Stem: number of prickles	very few to few	few
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	large	large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	light to medium	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	weak to medium
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
~	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	rounded	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
V	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few	very few
▽ wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	few	very few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	many	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	pink	pink
	Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
	Flower: density of petals	dense	medium to dense
	*Flower: diameter	large	large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
V	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flattened convex

_			
~	Flower: fragrance	strong	absent or weak
~	*Sepal: extensions	strong	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	rounded	rounded
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	medium
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak
	*Petal: size	large	large
	*Petal: length	long	long
	*Petal: width	broad	broad
_			
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	two
V	*Petal: number of colours on inner side *Petal: intensity of colour	one even	two lighter towards the base
ママ			lighter towards the
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	lighter towards the base
	*Petal: intensity of colour *Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	even N155B	lighter towards the base 65D
	*Petal: intensity of colour *Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart) *Petal: basal spot on the inner side	even N155B present	lighter towards the base 65D present
	*Petal: intensity of colour *Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart) *Petal: basal spot on the inner side *Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	even N155B present small	lighter towards the base 65D present small to medium
	*Petal: intensity of colour *Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart) *Petal: basal spot on the inner side *Petal: size of basal spot on inner side *Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	even N155B present small light yellow	lighter towards the base 65D present small to medium white
	*Petal: intensity of colour *Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart) *Petal: basal spot on the inner side *Petal: size of basal spot on inner side *Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side *Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	even N155B present small light yellow 62D	lighter towards the base 65D present small to medium white 65C

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number2007/213Variety Name'Lexativas'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 11 Sep 2007

Applicant Levacy Ltd, Nicosia, Cyprus

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm pots of co-co coir (3 plants per pot) or into 7 hole grow bags of 100mm high x 150mm wide x 1100mm long (1 variety per bag), nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic

system, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 7 plants of 'Lexativas' and 7 plants of 'Lexidagam' were

planted in the grow bags. The bags were placed on double channel benches. These plants were planted on 30 May 2008. The 160 plants of 'Lexaelat' were planted in the 330mm pots and placed on a bench. These plants were planted in 2007.

Measurements Measurements taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Lexativas' was a mutation found at the property of Lex Voorn Rozenveredling, Hoofdweg, Kudelstaart, the Netherlands by Alexander Jozef Voorn from a population of 'Lexaelet' in Jun 2005. 3 generations were propagated from the original mutation and been found to be stable and consistently different from the parent.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

	6 -	
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	type	double
Flower	number of petals	medium to many
Flower	colour group	white blend
Flower	diameter	medium to large
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

organ/Plant Part: Context 'Lexativas' 'Lexaelat' 'Lexidagam'					
		bed	bed	bed	
	*Plant: growth type	bed	beu	beu	
var	*Plant: growth habit (excluding ieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright	upright	
	Plant: height	medium	medium	medium	
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present	
col	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration	weak	weak	weak	
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium to many	medium	
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish	reddish	
	Leaf: size	large	large	large	
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	medium to dark	medium to dark	
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present	
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak	weak	
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak	weak	
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate	ovate	
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded	rounded	
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	acute	
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	present	
late	Flowering shoot: number of flowering trals	very few	few	few	
late onl	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per eral (varieties with flowering laterals y)	very few	very few	very few	
sec	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal tion	broad ovate	broad ovate	broad ovate	
	*Flower: type	double	double	double	
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium to many	medium to many	
	*Flower: colour group	white blend	white blend	white blend	
V	Flower: colour of the centre	orange	pink	yellow	
		medium	medium	medium	
	*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	

^{&#}x27;Lexidagam'

^{&#}x27;Lexaelat'

	•		Name Applied Lexativas'	
☐ D	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped
	Seed vessel: size	small	small	small
fila	Outer stamen: predominant colour of ment	light yellow	light yellow	light yellow
(RH	*Petal: main colour on the outer side IS Colour Chart)	10D	N155C	155A
~	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner si	degreenish	greenish	light yellow
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side		very small	very small
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present	present
	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties wit or more colours on inner side of petal v) (RHS Colour Chart)	h 157C		
(RH	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (S Colour Chart)	12B	155A	155A
	*Petal: intensity of colour	C		elighter towards the top
V	*Petal: width *Petal: number of colours on inner sid		one	one
	*Petal: length	broad	medium to broad	_
	*Petal: size	large medium to long	medium to large medium	large medium to long
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak	weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	medium	medium
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present	present
	*Sepal: extensions	strong to very strong	strong	very strong
~	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	medium	medium
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex	flattened convex
V	Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flattened convex	
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded

First sold in The Netherlands in Oct 2006

 $Description: \textbf{Christopher Prescott,} \ Clyde, \ VIC.$

Application Number2007/212Variety Name'Lexidagam'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 11 Sep 2007

Applicant Levacy Ltd, Nicosia, Cyprus

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm pots of co-co coir (3 plants per pot) or into 7 hole grow bags of 100mm high x 150mm wide x 1100mm long (1 variety per bag), nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic

system, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 7 plants of 'Lexidagam' and 7 plants of 'Lexativas' were

planted in the grow bags. The bags were placed on double channel benches. These plants were planted on 30 May 2008. The 160 plants of 'Lexaelat' were planted in the 330mm pots and placed on a bench. These plants were planted in 2007.

Measurements Measurements were taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Lexidagam' was a mutation found at the property of Lex Voorn Rozenveredling, Hoofdweg, Kudelstaart, the Netherlands by Alexander Jozef Voorn from a population of 'Lexaelat' in Feb 2005. 3 generations were propagated from the original mutation and been found to be stable and consistently different from the parent.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	growth type	bed		
Plant	growth habit	upright		
Flower	type	double		
Flower	number of petals	medium to many		
Flower	colour group	white blend		
Flower	diameter	medium to large		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

'Lexativas'

	re of the comparators are marked with gan/Plant Part: Context	'Lexidagam'	'Lexaelat'	'Lexativas'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed	bed
□ var	*Plant: growth habit (excluding ieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright	upright
	Plant: height	medium	medium	medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
cole	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration	weak	weak	weak
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium to many	medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	large	large	large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	medium to dark	medium to dark
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak	weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak	weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	present
late	Flowering shoot: number of flowering trals	few	few	very few
late	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per eral (varieties with flowering laterals y)	very few	very few	very few
sec	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal tion	broad ovate	broad ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium to many	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	white blend	white blend	white blend
V	Flower: colour of the centre	yellow	pink	orange

^{&#}x27;Lexaelat'

	Flower: density of petals	medium	medium	medium
	*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
V	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex	flat
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex	flattened convex
~	Flower: fragrance	medium	medium	absent or weak
~	*Sepal: extensions	very strong	strong	strong to very strong
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present	present
	*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
	Petal: incisions	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	medium	medium
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak	weak
	*Petal: size	large	medium to large	large
	*Petal: length	medium to long	medium	medium to long
	*Petal: width	broad	medium to broad	broad
~	*Petal: number of colours on inner sid	de one	one	two
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the top	nelighter towards the top	elighter towards the top
▼ (RF	*Petal: main colour on the inner side IS Colour Chart)	155A	155A	12B
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	e very small	very small	very small
~	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner s	idelight yellow	greenish	greenish
▼ (RF	*Petal: main colour on the outer side IS Colour Chart)	155A	N155C	10D
□ fila:	Outer stamen: predominant colour of ment	light yellow	light yellow	light yellow
	Seed vessel: size	small	small	small
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped
	or Applications and Sales untry Year (Name Applied 'Lexidagam'	

First sold in Kenya in Mar 2006

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2007/211 **Variety Name** 'Lexteews' **Genus Species** Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 11 Sep 2007

ApplicantEvalesco, Kudelstaart, The NetherlandsAgentGrandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm pots of co-co coir (3 plants per pot), nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments

applied as required.

Trial Design 1 bed of 52 pots of 'Lexteews' and 1 bed of 52

'Grandemufrap' on benches.

Measurements Taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Lexteews' was a mutation observed at the property of Lex Voorn Rozenveredling, Hoofdweg, Kudelstaart, the Netherlands by Alexander Jozef Voorn (Lex) from a population of 'Lexani' in Nov 2005. 3 generations were propagated from the original mutation and been found to be stable and consistently different from the parent.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	upright
Flower	type	double
Flower	number of petals	medium to many
Flower	colour group	pink
Flower	diameter	large

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viost Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK		
Name	Comments	

'Grandemufrap'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression i	n State of Expression in
	Characteristics		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety
'Prebian Candy'	Flower	diameter	large	medium

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Lexteews'	'Grandemufrap'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
□ clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
~	Plant: height	medium	tall
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium to strong
	Stem: number of prickles	few	very few to few
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
	Leaf: size	large	large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	light to medium	light to medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	weak to medium
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
V	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	rounded
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
V	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	few
witl	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	very few	few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	many
	*Flower: colour group	pink	pink
	Flower: colour of the centre	pink	pink
	Flower: density of petals	medium to dense	dense
	*Flower: diameter	large	large
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded

	Flower: profile of upper part		flattened convex	flattened convex	
~	*Flower: profile of lower part		flattened convex	flat	
~	Flower: fragrance		absent or weak	strong	
~	*Sepal: extensions		medium	strong	
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-on	ie	present	present	
	*Petal: shape		rounded	rounded	
	Petal: incisions		absent or very weak	very weak to weak	
	Petal: reflexing of margin		medium	medium	
	Petal: undulation		weak	weak	
	*Petal: size		large	large	
	*Petal: length		long	long	
	*Petal: width		broad	broad	
~	*Petal: number of colours on inner s	side	two	one	
~	*Petal: intensity of colour		lighter towards the base	e even	
~	*Petal: main colour on the inner side	e (RHS Colour Chart)	65D	N155B	
col	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties volums on inner side of petal only) (RHS)		N155B		
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side		present	present	
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner si	de	small to medium	small	
~	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner	side	white	light yellow	
~	*Petal: main colour on the outer side	e (RHS Colour Chart)	65C	62D	
	Outer stamen: predominant colour o	f filament	light yellow	light yellow	
	Seed vessel: size		small	very small to small	
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section		funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped	
Ch	aracteristics Additional to the Desc	eriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Lexteews' 'Grandemufrap'					
	Young shoot: hue of anthocyanin co	louration	reddish	bronze	
	or Applications and Sales untry Year 2006	Current Status Applied	Name Applied 'Lexteews'		
First sold in The Netherlands in Apr 2006.					
Desc	ription: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.				

Application Number2007/185Variety Name'PEJAMBLU'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 14 Aug 2007

Applicant Peter Joseph James, West Midlands, UK

Agent Australian Roses, Silvan, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*)TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 210mm (1 plant per pot) and 330mm (3 plants per pot) pots filled with co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic

system, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 8 x 210mm pots of 'Pejamblu' and 2 x 330mm pots of

Frantasia set in rows of two plant beds on benches, randomly

placed within the CTC greenhouse.

Measurements Measurements taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'PEJAMBLU' was the resultant seedling from the cross between 'ROGSCRIV' syn. Natural Beauty (seed parent) and an unnamed seedling (pollen parent) in 2001. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next five years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial garden rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'PEJAMBLU' was bred by Mr Peter Joseph James 324 City Road, Tividale Oldbury West Midlands, UK.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	semi upright
Flowering shoot	number of flowering laterals	many
Flower	type	double
Flower	number of petals	very few
Flower	colour group	violet blend
Flower	density of petals	loose
Flower	diameter	medium
Flower	colour of the centre	white
Flower	shape	round
Flower	profile of upper part	flat
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Wiest Shinter Varieties of Common InfoWedge facilities (VCII)		
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Frantasia'

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'PEJAMBLU'	'Frantasia'
V	*Plant: growth type	shrub	climber
□ wit	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties h growth type climber)	semi upright	semi upright
V	Plant: height	medium	very tall
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
col	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin ouration	very weak	very weak
	Stem: number of prickles	medium	medium
	Prickles: predominant colour	yellowish	yellowish
	Leaf: size	large	large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	medium to dark
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	absent or very weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak to medium	very weak to weak
V	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	medium elliptic
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
□ late	Flowering shoot: number of flowering erals	many	many

Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	many	many
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	medium ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	very few	very few
*Flower: colour group	violet blend	violet blend
Flower: density of petals	loose	loose
*Flower: diameter	medium	medium
*Flower: shape	round	round
Flower: profile of upper part	flat	flat
*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance	strong	medium
*Sepal: extensions	medium	medium
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	absent	absent
*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic
Petal: incisions	weak to medium	weak to medium
Petal: reflexing of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Petal: undulation	medium	weak
*Petal: size	medium	medium
*Petal: length	medium	medium
*Petal: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	77A	darker than 77A (colour is distinguishable even though same on RHS chart. [see image]
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium	small to medium
*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	white	white
*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	77C	77B
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
Seed vessel: size	very small to small	very small to small
Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Pl 'PEJAMBLU' 'Frantasia'

Flower: colour of centre white white

Prior Applications and Sales

Name Applied Country Year **Current Status** EU 2006 Applied 'PEJAMBLU'

First sold in UK in Jul 2006.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number2007/187Variety Name'Selmusic'Genus SpeciesRosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 30 Jul 2007

Applicant TERRA NIGRA Holding B.V., Kunelstaart, The Netherlands

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into grow bags of co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic

system, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 7 plants of 'Selmusic', 'Grandbliza' and 'Prebian' planted

into 7 hole grow bags of 100mm high x 150mm wide x 1100mm long (1 variety per bag)the bags were placed on double channel benches. all plants were planted on 30 May

2008.

Measurements Measurements were taken at random on 25 Nov 2008.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Selmusic' was the resultant seedling from the cross between unnamed seedling 682 (seed parent) and 'Selpigeon' (pollen parent) in Apr 2000. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Selmusic' was bred by Mr P. E. Boerlage of Terra Nigre Holdings B.V Kudelstaart, the Netherlands.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

· willer of commission		
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Flowering shoot	number of flowering laterals	very few to few
Flower	type	double
Flower	number of petals	medium to many
Flower	colour group	white
Flower	density of petals	dense
Plant	height	medium to tall

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

	re of the comparators are marked with		(0 11 11 1	(D. 1.)
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Selmusic'	'Grandbliza'	'Prebian'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed	bed
□ vari	*Plant: growth habit (excluding eties with growth type climber)	upright	upright	semi upright
	Plant: height	medium to tall	medium	medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
colo	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin puration	weak	medium	weak to medium
	Stem: number of prickles	medium to many	many	many
	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish	reddish
~	Leaf: size	medium to large	small to medium	large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	light to medium	light	medium
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak to medium	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	weak	absent or very weak
V	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	circular	ovate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	present
late	Flowering shoot: number of flowering rals	very few to few	few	few
later only	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per ral (varieties with flowering laterals y)	very few	very few	very few
sect	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal ion	broad ovate	broad ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	many	medium to many	medium to many
	*Flower: colour group	white or near white	white or near white	white or near white

^{&#}x27;Grandbliza'

^{&#}x27;Prebian'

	Flower: density of petals	dense	dense	medium to dense
	*Flower: diameter	medium	small to medium	medium
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex	flattened convex
V	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flat	flat
V	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	medium	medium
~	*Sepal: extensions	strong	medium	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present	present
~	*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	transverse elliptic	obovate
	Petal: incisions	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium to strong	strong	medium to strong
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak	very weak to weak
	*Petal: size	medium	medium	medium
	*Petal: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even	even
(RH	*Petal: main colour on the inner side IS Colour Chart)	155C	155A	155A
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	absent	absent	absent
(RH	*Petal: main colour on the outer side IS Colour Chart)	155C	155C	155C
□ fila	Outer stamen: predominant colour of ment	light yellow	light yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size	small	small	small
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped	funnel-shaped
	aracteristics Additional to the Descript		(0 1111	(D. 1)
_	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Selmusic'	'Grandbliza'	'Prebian'
V	Flower: colour of centre	white	yellow	yellow

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Selmusic'	'Grandbliza'	'Prebian'
Petal: number			
Mean	67.83	55.33	56.83
Std. Deviation	31.83	6.09	14.51
LSD/sig	30.369	ns	ns
Means Separation			
Terminal leaflet: length (mm)			
Mean	84.29	55.53	74.80
Std. Deviation	9.52	7.58	6.95
LSD/sig	6.125	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation			
Terminal leaflet: width (mm)			
Mean	54.89	41.54	48.10
Std. Deviation	4.97	5.89	4.32
LSD/sig	3.610	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Means Separation			
Terminal leaflet: ratio length/width			
Mean	1.53	1.34	1.56
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.12	0.07
LSD/sig	0.072	P≤0.01	ns
Means Separation			

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2007/312 **Variety Name** 'Grandtinifa' **Genus Species** Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2007

Applicant Mr H Schreuders, Skye, VIC

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*)TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into grow bags of co-co coir, nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic

system, pest and disease treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 7 plants of 'Grandtiniffa' and 'Korvaky' planted into 7 hole

grow bags of 100mm high x 150mm wide x 1100mm long (1 variety per bag)the bags were placed on double channel

benches. all plants were planted on 30 May 2008.

Measurements Measurements were taken at random on 25 Nov 2008.

RHS Chart - edition 2001

Origin and Breeding

'Grandtiniff'a was the resultant seedling from the cross of two unnamed seedlings (GF 95Y and GF 04 15) bred by Mr H Schreuders between Aug and Nov 2004 The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Grandtiniffa' was bred by Mr H Schreuders in Skye, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common this wieage			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	growth type	bed	
Plant	growth habit	upright	
Flower	type	double	
Flower	colour group	light yellow	
Flower	colour of the centre	yellow	
Flower	diameter	medium to large	
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

'Korvaky'

more of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(6 14 16 1	(77
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Grandtinifa'	'Korvaky'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	upright	upright
Plant: height	medium to tall	medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak
Stem: number of prickles	many	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	reddish
Leaf: size	large	medium to large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	absent or very weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	weak
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	circular	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	rounded
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	very few
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	few	very few
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate
*Flower: type	double	double
*Flower: number of petals	medium	many
_	yellow	yellow
_	yellow	yellow
Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	medium to dense
*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium to large
□ are	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded

La Elevery profile of upper port		Cl - 44 1
Thower, profile of upper part		flattened convex
*Flower: profile of lower part flatte	tened convex	flattened convex
Flower: fragrance med	lium	absent or weak
*Sepal: extensions stron	ng	strong
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one pres	sent	present
*Petal: shape trans	sverse elliptic	rounded
Petal: incisions very weal	•	absent or very weak
Petal: reflexing of margin weal	k to medium	medium
Petal: undulation med	lium	weak to medium
*Petal: size med	lium	large
*Petal: length med	lium	long
*Petal: width med	lium	broad
*Petal: number of colours on inner side one		one
*Petal: intensity of colour ever	n	even
*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart) 4D		6D
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side pres	sent	absent
*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart) 4D		5D
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament light	t yellow	light yellow
Seed vessel: size small	ıll	small
Hip: shape in longitudinal section funn	nel-shaped	funnel-shaped

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

 $Description: \textbf{Christopher Prescott,} \ Clyde, \ VIC.$

Application Number 2007/311

Variety Name 'Grandhonemo' Genus Species Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2007

Applicant Mr H Schreuders, Skye, VIC

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm pots of co-co coir (3 plants per pot) and 210mm pots of co-co coir (1 plant per pot), nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease treatments applied as

required.

Trial Design 1 row of 52 x 330mm pots of Grandhonemo and 8 x 210mm

pots of Korweineu on benches in rows 2 plants wide.

Measurements Measurements taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

'Grandhonemo' was the resultant seedling from the cross of two unnamed seedlings (GF 86Y and GF 04 15) bred by Mr H Schreuders between Aug and Nov 2004. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Grandhonemo' was bred by Mr H Schreuders in Skye, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

, which of common this with age				
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	growth type	bed		
Plant	growth habit	upright		
Flower	type	double		
Flower	colour group	brown blend		
Flower	colour of the centre	brown		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Most Sillillai	varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)	
Name	Comments	

^{&#}x27;Korweineu'

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick. gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandhonemo'	'Korweineu'
		bed	bed
	*Plant: growth type		ueu
clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	upright	upright
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium	medium to strong
V	Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	absent or very few
V	Prickles: predominant colour	yellowish	reddish
V	Leaf: size	large	small
~	Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	dark
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
V	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	medium
~	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	weak to medium
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
V	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	rounded	cordate
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few	few
□ witl	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties a flowering laterals only)	very few	very few to few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium	medium
	*Flower: colour group	brown blend	brown blend
	Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	loose to medium
V	*Flower: diameter	large to very large	small to medium
~	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	round
V	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flat
V	*Flower: profile of lower part	concave	flat
	Flower: fragrance	strong	strong
	*Sepal: extensions	medium	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present

V	*Petal: shape	transverse elliptic	rounded
V	Petal: incisions	weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	weak to medium	weak
	Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
V	*Petal: size	large	medium
V	*Petal: length	long	medium
V	*Petal: width	broad	medium
V	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	two
~	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	lighter towards the top
	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	159B	159D
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small to medium	small
V	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	medium yellow	orange yellow
	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	160D	160D
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size	small to medium	medium
~	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	funnel-shaped	pitcher-shaped
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandhonemo'	'Korweineu'
	Flower: colour of centre	brown	brown

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

 ${\bf Description:}\ {\bf Christopher\ Prescott,\ Clyde,\ VIC.}$

Application Number 2007/310 **Variety Name** 'Grandshanla' **Genus Species** Rosa hybrid

Common Name Rose **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 12 Dec 2007

Applicant Mr H Schreuders, Skye, VIC

Agent Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 145 Moores Road, Clyde, VIC (Latitude 38°09' South,

elevation 16m).

Descriptor Rose (new) (*Rosa*) TG/11/8.

Period 2008 (examination took place on 25 Nov 2008).

Conditions Trial conducted in a controlled environment polyhouse with

shade, temperature ranged between 15 and 32 degrees Celsius within the 6 weeks prior to examination (1 growth cycle) with plants on their own roots planted into 330mm pots of co-co coir (3 plants per pot) and into 210mm pots of co-co coir (1 plant per pot)(1 variety per bag), nutrition was maintained as part of a commercial hydroponic system, pest and disease

treatments applied as required.

Trial Design 160 plants of 'Grandshanla' were planted in the 330mm pots

and placed on a bench. 6 plants of 'Grandlavda' were planted

in the 210mm pots and placed side by side on a bench.

Measurements Measurements taken at random

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

'Grandshanla' was the resultant seedling from the cross of two unnamed seedlings ('GF 5' and 'GF 97-37-13') bred by Mr H Schreuders between Aug and Nov 2003. The seedling was first selected from a population of seedlings later that year based on flower colour. Additional selections were made over the next few years to determine the variety's suitability as a commercial cut rose. With each selection a new generation of plants were taken as cuttings from the previous generation, increasing the quantity of plants with each trial. 'Grandshanla' was bred by Mr H Schreuders in Skye, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	bed
Plant	growth habit	semi upright
Plant	height	short to medium
Flower	type	double
Flower	colour group	purple
Flower	colour of the centre	purple
Petal	number of colours on inner side	one

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK) Name Comments

	re of the comparators are marked with a tick.	(0 11 11	(C 11 1 1
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Grandshanla'	'Grandlavda'
	*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
□ clin	*Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type nber)	semi upright	semi upright
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium
	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	Young shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium to strong
	Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	few to medium
~	Prickles: predominant colour	reddish	yellowish
~	Leaf: size	very large	medium to large
	Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	medium to dark
	Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present
	*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	weak
	*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak	very weak to weak
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
~	Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	cordate	rounded
	Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
	Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
	Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	very few	very few
□ wit	Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties h flowering laterals only)	very few	very few
	Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate
	*Flower: type	double	double
	*Flower: number of petals	medium to many	medium
	*Flower: colour group	purple	purple
	Flower: colour of the centre	purple	purple
	Flower: density of petals	loose to medium	loose to medium
	*Flower: diameter	medium to large	medium
	*Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex

^{&#}x27;Grandlavda'

*Flower and Glood lower next	flot	£1°4
Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flat
Flower: fragrance	medium	medium
*Sepal: extensions	medium	strong to very strong
Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
*Petal: shape	rounded	transverse elliptic
Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	weak
Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	weak to medium
Petal: undulation	absent or very weak	weak
*Petal: size	large	large
*Petal: length	long	long
*Petal: width	broad	medium to broad
*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	75C	76C
*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	very small to small	very small
*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	light yellow	greenish
*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	65B	75B
Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	light yellow	orange
Seed vessel: size	large	medium
Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	funnel-shaped
Statistical Table	(8	(G
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Grandshanla'	'Grandlavda'
Petal: number Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	47.67 10.03 11.67	38.00 2.53 ns
Staminal Bundle: diameter (from fully open flower showing Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	ng stamins (mm) 22.45 2.40 8.97	37.05 6.07 P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Application Number 2008/137
Variety Name 'Nothowlee'
Genus Species Euphorbia hybrid

Common NameSpurgeSynonymBlackbirdAccepted Date17 Jun 2008

Applicant Notcutts Nurseries, Woodbridge Suffolk, UK

Agent Plants Management Australia Pty. Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS

Qualified Person Steve Eggleton

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Wonga Park, VIC.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN-DES.

Period Feb 2008 to Nov 2008.

Conditions Trial conducted in the open, plants propagated and grown in

50mm tubes during Feb to Apr 2008. In late April the tubes were potted and grown on in 140mm containers filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease treatments were

applied as required.

Trial Design Twelve pots of each variety in a completely randomised

design.

Measurements From ten plants randomly selected.

RHS Chart - edition 1995.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation or sport: was first discovered in April 2002 in Woodbridge, Suffolk, England as a whole plant mutation in a production batch of *Euphorbia* 'Charam'. This plant was isolated due to its foliage characteristics and grown on to a mature flowering plant. At this point it was finally selected for with the following selection criteria: leaf colour deep purple and inflorescence colour bronze. Propagation first occurred in Jun 2002 via cuttings. This and all subsequent generations have remained uniform and stable. Breeder: Notcutts Nurseries, Woodbridge Suffolk, UK

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of (Common	Knowl	edge
Owen /Dla	m4 Dam4	Contor	-4

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	bushy
Leaf	variegation	absent
Leaf	degree of anthocyanin colouration in new growth	medium to strong
Leaf	shape	oblanceolate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

N T	α.		
Name	CO	mments	
1 (41111)			

^{&#}x27;Craigieburn'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Dist	inguishing	State of Expression	State of Expression in	Comments
	Cha	racteristics	in Candidate Variet	yComparator Variety	
'Charam'	leaf	degree of anthocyanic colouration in new growth	nstrong	weak	Parental variety.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Parts Contact

(Notherwise) (Creigischurn)

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nothowlee'	'Craigieburn'
Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy
Leaf: shape	oblanceolate	oblanceolate
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute
Leaf: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate
Leaf: undulation of the margin	very weak to weak	weak to medium
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nothowlee'	'Craigieburn'
Leaf: degree of anthocyanin colouration in new growth	strong	medium
Leaf: upper surface colour - first new fully expanded (RHS colour chart)	brown 200A (close to)	brown 200B - close to
Leaf: lower surface colour - first new fully expanded (RHS colour chart)	greyed-purple 187A	greyed-purple 187C
Leaf: upper surface colour - mature (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 147A	yellow-green 147A
Leaf: lower surface colour - mature (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 147B	yellow-green 147A and greyed- purple 184A
Inflorescence: density of cyme	medium to dense	sparse
Inflorescence: pedicel colour (RHS colour chart)	greyed-purple 187A	greyed-purple 183B
Inflorescence: bract colour upper surface (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 147A	yellow-green 144C
Inflorescence: bract colour lower surface (RHS colour chart)	greyed-purple 187A	yellow-green 144B
Inflorescence: cyathium colour (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 144B	yellow-green 144B

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nothowlee'	'Craigieburn'
Leaf: length of blade (mm)		
Mean	75.70	77.80
Std. Deviation	5.54	7.01
LSD/sig	7.53	ns
Leaf: width of blade (mm)		
Mean	15.20	19.00
Std. Deviation	1.14	1.41
LSD/sig	1.25	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2007	Applied	'Nothowlee'
EU	2004	Granted	'Nothowlee'
USA	2005	Granted	'Nothowlee'

First sold in UK in Mar 2005.

Description: Steve Eggleton, Wonga Park, VIC.

Application Number 2008/280

Variety Name 'DrisStrawTwo' **Genus Species** Fragaria xananassa

Common Name Strawberry

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 3 Oct 2008

Applicant Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc., Watsonville, CA, USA

Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick, Melbourne, VIC Agent

Oualified Person Margaret Zorin

Details of Comparative Trial

US Patent & Trademark Office (USPTO) **Overseas Testing**

Authority

Overseas Data PP18878 (Granted June 2008)

Reference Number

Location Monterey County California USA and verified Cleveland,

OLD Australia 2008.

Strawberry (Fragaria) TG/22/9. **Descriptor**

Period 2002-2006

Conditions Grown under standard full sunlight commercial strawberry

production conditions in Monterey County, California USA.

Trial Design Plants were asexually propagated by stolons in a plant nursery

in Shasta County, California USA. Plants of 'DrisStrawTwo', 'Driscoll Camarillo' and 'Driscoll Lanai' were planted in raised beds side by side for comparison in Monterey County, California USA and observations and measurements were

made in 2006 harvest season.

Measurements Observations and measurements were taken in accordance

> with UPOV Guidelines. This description is in accordance with UPOV terminology. Colour terminology follows the

Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, London (RHS).

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

The new and distinct strawberry variety 'DrisStrawTwo' originated from a controlled cross pollination between 'Driscoll Camarillo' (US PP14771) as seed parent and 'Driscoll Marin' (US PP15375) as the pollen parent. 'DrisStrawTwo' was asexually propagated and underwent further testing for four years to confirm retention of traits and distinctive characteristics. Breeders: Bruce D. Mowrey, Michael Ferguson, JoAnne Coss, Martin P Madesko and Amado Q Amorao who were and remain employees of Driscoll Strawberry Associates Inc. Watsonville, California USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	vigour	medium
Petiole	attitude of hairs	strongly outwards
Flower	size of calyx	larger
Fruit	colour of flesh	orange red
Terminal leaflet	shape of base	rounded
Primary flower	relative position of petals	overlapping
Fruiting truss	attitude at first picking	prostrate
Fruit	evenness of colour	even
Fruit	glossiness	strong
Fruit	size of calyx in relation to fru	itsmaller

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

112000 211111101 011101102 01 00111	111011 11110 (1 0 1 1)
Name	Comments
'Driscoll Camarillo'	US PP14771 seed parent
'Driscoll Lanai'	US PP15145 variety commonly grown in California
	USA

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		haracteristics Expression in Comparator Va Candidate		
			Variety		
'Driscoll Marin'	Plant	habit	flat globose	flat	Pollen parent not in comparator trial
'Driscoll Marin'	Plant	vigour	medium	weak	US Plant Patent PP15375 is the pollen parent of 'DrisStrawTwo'
'Driscoll Baeza'	Fruit	band without achenes	medium	narrow	
'Driscoll Baeza'	Fruit	sweetness	medium	strong	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DrisStrawTwo'	'Driscoll Camarillo'	'Driscoll Lanai'
Plant: habit	flat globose	globose	flat
Plant: density	medium to dense		open
Plant: vigour	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: colour of upper side	dark green	dark green	medium green
Leaf: shape in cross section	flat	strongly concave to slightly concave	slightly concave to flat

V	*Leaf: blistering	strong	strong to very strong	medium
V	*Leaf: glossiness	medium	medium to strong	weak
V	*Terminal leaflet: length/width ratio	as long as broad	as long as broad	longer than broad
	*Terminal leaflet: shape of base	rounded	rounded	rounded
V	Terminal leaflet: shape of incisions of	serrate		crenate
mai	rgin			
	Petiole: attitude of hairs		strongly outwards	strongly outwards
_	*Stolons: number	medium	medium	many
V	Stolon: anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium	strong
~	Stolon: pubescence	very weak to weak	medium	strong to very strong
▼ foli	*Inflorescence: position relative to age	above	level with	level with
V	Flower: size	medium	medium	large
	*Flower: size of calyx	larger	larger	larger
peta	*Primary flower: relative position of	overlapping	overlapping	overlapping
V	Petal: length/width ratio	as long as broad	longer than broad	broader than long
V	*Fruit: ratio of length/width	much longer than broad	slightly longer than broad	much longer than broad
	Fruit: size	large	medium to large	large
V	*Fruit: predominant shape	conical	cordiform	conical
▽ prii	Fruit: difference in shapes between mary and secondary fruits	moderate	slight	slight
V	Fruit: band without achenes	medium	absent or very narrow	narrow to medium
V	Fruit: unevenness of surface	absent or very weak	weak	weak
V	*Fruit: colour	red	red	orange red
	Fruit: evenness of colour	even	even	even
	Fruit: glossiness	strong	strong	strong
V	*Fruit: insertion of achenes	level with surface	below surface	level with surface
V	Fruit: insertion of calyx	above fruit	with fruit level	with fruit level
V	Fruit: attitude of the calyx segments	spreading	reflexed	spreading
□ dia	Fruit: size of calyx in relation to fruit meter	slightly smaller	slightly smaller	slightly smaller
~	Fruit: adherence of calyx	medium	strong	strong

V	Fruit: firmness	firm	firm	medium
	Fruit: colour of flesh	orange red	orange red	orange red
V	Fruit: hollow centre	absent or very weakly expressed	absent or very weakly expressed	weakly expressed
~	Fruit: distribution of red colour of flesh	marginal and central	only marginal	marginal and central
V	Time of: ripening	medium	early to medium	medium to late
~	*Type of: bearing	day neutral	day neutral	partially remontant
<u>Ch</u>	aracteristics Additional to the Descript	tor/TG		
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	DrisStrawTwo	'Driscoll Camarillo'	'Driscoll Lanai'
	Fruiting truss: attitude at first picking	prostrate	prostrate	prostrate
	Fruiting truss: length	long	medium	short

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
USA	2006	Granted	'DrisStrawTwo'
EU	2007	Applied	'DrisStrawTwo'

First sold in USA in Nov 2005.

Description: Margaret Zorin 167 Collingwood Road Birkdale Q415.

Application Number 2008/196 **Variety Name** 'Q237'

Genus Species Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 4 Sep 2008

Applicant BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD

Agent n/A

Qualified Person George Piperidis

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mackay BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2.

Period Planted 20 Aug 2007; descriptions 24-26 May 2008.

Conditions Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced twice, cross ripped and rotary-hoed. Planting material was generally good. Soil tilth and moisture were good at planting. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation and rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60ml per hectare at planting. The herbicides VelparK4(3L/ha) and Grammoxone (1.2kg/ha) were applied 17-19 Dec 2007 to control weeds. The insecticide Talstar (375mL/ha) was applied to control wireworms. Fertilisers: GF351 (185 kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients: Nitrogen 21 kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha; Potassium 33 kg/ha, Sulphur 2kg/ha. Topdressed with 400kg/ha GF505. Total nutrients: Nitrogen

26kg/ha, Potassium 18.5 kg/ha.

Trial Design Randomised Complete Block Design with three replicates.

Plots were single row by 10m, with 1.6m between rows.

Measurements Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

The variety is the progeny of a controlled biparental cross made by BSES Limited between the seed parent 'Q120' and the pollen parent 'CP57-614'. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescences and stored for germination in 1997. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by BSES in yield trials on the Meringa Sugar Experiment Station and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Northern region. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Node	shape of bud	ovate/rhomboid/oval
Internode	unexposed colour	yellow-green

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Widdt Dillilla	Wide Summer varieties of Common this weage technica (VCII)					
Name	Comments					
'Q120'	'Q120' is also the female parent					
'Q186'						
'Q231'						

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Q237'	'Q120'	'Q186'	'Q231'
OIŞ	gan/i iant i art. Context	erect to semi-	Q120	Q100	
	Plant: stool growth habit	erect	semi-erect	semi-erect	intermediate
	*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	medium to strong	medium	weak to medium	medium to strong
	Plant: tillering	medium	weak	medium	strong
	Plant: number of suckers	very few	very few	very few	very few
	Plant: leaf canopy	sparse to medium	sparse to medium	medium	medium
	*Internode: shape	bobbin-shaped	bobbin-shaped	bobbin-shaped	bobbin-shaped
	Internode: cross-section	circular	ovate	ovate	ovate
sun	*Internode: colour where exposed to (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 152A-B and greyed-orange 174A-D	yellow-green 152B-D and greyed-orange 174A, 177A	greyed-orange 176D	yellow-green 146B-C and greyed-red 178A
□ exp	*Internode: colour where not osed to sun (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green N144A, 151A-B, 152C-D	yellow-green N144A, 146D, 151A	yellow-green ,144A, 146D, 151A	yellow-green N144A and 153A-B
	Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
▼ alig	*Internode: expression of zigzag	weak	strong	moderate	strong
	Internode: waxiness	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium	medium to strong
	Node: wax ring	medium	medium	medium	medium
	*Node: shape of bud	ovate	rhomboid	oval	ovate
	Node: bud prominence	weak to medium	strong	weak	medium to strong
	Node: depth of bud groove	shallow	absent or very shallow	shallow	absent or very shallow
	Node: length of bud groove	short		short	

ring	Node: bud tip in relation to growth	intermediate	clearly below	intermediate	clearly below
	Node: bud cushion	narrow	absent or very narrow	absent or very narrow	narrow to medium
	Node: width of bud wing	medium to wide	medium	medium	narrow
	Leaf sheath: number of hairs	few to medium	few	few	absent or very few
	Leaf sheath: length of hairs	medium	short to medium	short	
	Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal	
	Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	crescent- shaped	crescent- shaped	deltoid	crescent- shaped
	Leaf sheath: ligule width	wide	medium	wide	medium
	Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	medium	medium	short	short
	Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	medium	sparse to medium	sparse	sparse
▽ aur	Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping icle	lanceolate	lanceolate	falcate	lanceolate
aur	Leaf sheath: size of underlapping icle	small to medium	medium to large	small	large
▽ aur	Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping icle	deltoid	transitional	deltoid	lanceolate
aur	Leaf sheath: size of overlapping icle	small		small	small
	Leaf blade: curvature	curved tips	curved tips	curved tips	arched
	Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	=	absent or very sparse	=	
Sto	Leaf blade: serration of margin tistical Table	present	present	present	present
	gan/Plant Part: Context	' Q237'	'Q120'	'Q186'	'Q231'
	Culm: height (cm)				
Me		222.00	232.50	226.41	234.74
	. Deviation	24.33	23.39	17.08	21.92
	D/sig	51.91	ns	ns	ns
V	Internode: length (cm)	31.71			
Me	C \ , ,	17.40	17.69	16.99	13.80
	. Deviation	0.90	1.52	1.47	0.97
	D/sig	1.4	ns	ns	P≤0.01
	Internode: diameter (mm)	1.1	110	110	1_0.01
Me	an	25.64	25.48	25.31	24.35
	. Deviation	2.04	2.24	1.97	1.83
LS	D/sig	2.52	ns	ns	ns

Leaf blade: length (cm)				
Mean	105.67	122.14	101.67	126.26
Std. Deviation	17.01	12.84	9.42	12.07
LSD/sig	25.67	ns	ns	ns
Leaf blade: width (mm)				
Mean	42.28	38.24	40.31	31.04
Std. Deviation	3.42	1.84	3.66	1.76
LSD/sig	5.27	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf: midrib width (mm)				
Mean	2.57	3.08	3.87	3.49
Std. Deviation	0.58	0.49	0.71	0.66
LSD/sig	1.04	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Leaf sheath: length (mm)				
Mean	280.00	267.14	264.67	323.68
Std. Deviation	10.00	17.82	22.09	27.33
LSD/sig	40.2	ns	ns	ns
☐ Leaf: ratio leaf blade/midrib width				
Mean	16.90	12.69	10.67	9.18
Std. Deviation	3.01	1.72	1.70	1.63
LSD/sig	4.38	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Node: width of bud (mm)				
Mean	7.66	9.34	6.32	8.88
Std. Deviation	0.86	1.07	0.88	0.91
LSD/sig	0.81	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Node: width of root band (mm)				
Mean	7.84	10.41	8.83	9.90
Std. Deviation	0.55	1.03	0.75	0.84
LSD/sig	1.00	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, McKay, QLD

Application Number 2008/195 **Variety Name** 'KQ236'

Genus Species Saccharum hybrid

Common Name Sugarcane

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 04 Sep 2008

Applicant BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD and CSR Ltd,

Townsville, QLD

Agent N/A

Qualified Person George Piperidis

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Mackay BSES Limited, Mackay, QLD. **Descriptor** Sugarcane (*Saccharum*) TG/186/2.

Period Planted 20 Aug 2007; descriptions 24-26 May 2008.

Conditions Clones were propagated from vegetative cuttings and grown

under field conditions. Trial site was disced twice cross ripped and rotary-hoed. Planting material was generally good. Soil tilth and moisture were good at planting. Soil type: alluvial. Watering regime: flood irrigation and rainfed. Chemicals: the fungicide Tilt was applied at 60ml per hectare at planting. The herbicides VelparK4(3L/ha) and Grammoxone(1.2kg/ha) were applied 17-19 Dec 2007 to control weeds. The insecticide Talstar (375mL/ha) was applied to control wireworms. Fertilisers: GF351 (185 kg/ha) was applied at planting. Total nutrients: Nitrogen 21 kg/ha; Phosphorus 24 kg/ha; Potassium 33 kg/ha, Sulphur 2kg/ha. Topdressed with 400kg/ha GF505. Total nutrients: Nitrogen

26kg/ha, Potassium 18.5 kg/ha.

Trial Design Randomised Complete Block Design with three replicates.

Plots were single row by 10m, with 1.6m between rows.

Measurements Taken from up to 10 stalks sampled randomly per plot.

RHS Chart - edition 2001.

Origin and Breeding

The variety is the progeny of a polycross made by CSR Ltd at Macknade (Ingham), QLD, using 'Q96' as the seed parent. Seed was collected from the pollinated female inflorescence and stored for germination in 1991. The variety has since been evaluated and selected by CSR Ltd in yield trials on the Kalamia Mill field station and sites within the sugarcane growing area in the Burdekin and Herbert regions. Standard commercial varieties were also included in the trials for comparative purposes. Disease resistance screening was conducted at the BSES pathology farm (Woodford), in the Tully glasshouse, and in field trials in Indonesia. After an initial seedling stage (using seed from the cross), all subsequent stages have involved vegetative propagation. The variety has been grown through three stages of selection and was found to be uniform and stable.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties

Node shape of bud obovate/oval/ovate
Internode colour where not exposed to sun yellow-green

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wost Similar varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)						
Name	Comments					
'Q120'						
'Q200'						

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'KQ236'	'Q120'	'Q200'
	Plant: stool growth habit	semi-prostrate	semi-erect	semi-erect to intermediate
	*Plant: adherence of leaf sheath	medium to strong	medium	weak
	Plant: tillering	medium	weak	strong
	Plant: number of suckers	very few	very few	very few
	Plant: leaf canopy	sparse to medium	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
~	*Internode: shape	conoidal	bobbin-shaped	cylindrical
	Internode: cross-section	ovate	ovate	circular
CRH	*Internode: colour where exposed to sur IS colour chart)	yellow-green 152A-B; greyed- lorange 173A, 174A-C; greyed- purple 183A-D	yellow-green 152B-D; greyed- orange 174A & 177A	greyed-orange 177B-C; greyed- purple 183A-D; greyed-brown 199A, N199A-B
sun	*Internode: colour where not exposed to (RHS colour chart)	yellow-green 151A, 152D, 153A-C	yellow-green N144A, 146D, 151A	yellow-green 144A, 151A, 152D, 153B
	Internode: depth of growth crack	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
□ alig	*Internode: expression of zigzag nment	weak	strong	weak to moderate
	Internode: waxiness	weak	medium to strong	medium to strong
	Node: wax ring	medium	medium	medium to wide
	*Node: shape of bud	oval	obovate	ovate
	Node: bud prominence	medium	strong	medium
	Node: depth of bud groove	shallow to medium	absent or very shallow	shallow
~	Node: length of bud groove	medium to long		medium to long
~	Node: bud tip in relation to growth ring	intermediate	clearly below	clearly below
	Node: bud cushion	absent or very narrow	absent or very narrow	absent or very narrow

	Node: width of bud wing	narrow to medium	medium	narrow to medium
	Leaf sheath: number of hairs	absent or very few	few	medium
	Leaf sheath: length of hairs	short	short to medium	short to medium
	Leaf sheath: distribution of hairs	only dorsal	only dorsal	only dorsal
V	Leaf sheath: shape of ligule	deltoid	crescent-shaped	deltoid
	Leaf sheath: ligule width	medium	medium	wide
	Leaf sheath: length of ligule hairs	medium	medium	short
	Leaf sheath: density of ligule hairs	sparse to medium	sparse to medium	sparse
▽ auri	Leaf sheath: shape of underlapping icle	transitional	lanceolate	deltoid
	Leaf sheath: size of underlapping auricle	not applicable	medium to large	small
□ auri	Leaf sheath: shape of overlapping	transitional	transitional	transitional
	Leaf sheath: size of overlapping auricle	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable
	Leaf blade: curvature	curved tips	curved tips	curved tips
	Leaf blade: pubescence on margin	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
	Leaf blade: serration of margin	present	present	present

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'KQ236'	'Q120'	'Q200'
Internode: length (cm)		•	
Mean	14.60	17.69	17.75
Std. Deviation	1.32	1.52	1.43
LSD/sig	1.4	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
☐ Internode: diameter (mm)			
Mean	24.97	25.48	22.91
Std. Deviation	3.09	2.24	2.56
LSD/sig	2.52	ns	ns
Node: width of bud (mm)			
Mean	7.70	9.34	6.92
Std. Deviation	0.75	1.07	0.67
LSD/sig	0.81	P≤0.01	ns
Node: width of root band (mm)			
Mean	8.37	10.41	9.47
Std. Deviation	1.19	1.03	0.71
LSD/sig	1.00	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: George Piperidis, BSES Limited, McKay, QLD

Application Number 2008/043
Variety Name 'Endeavour'
Genus Species xTriticosecale
Common Name Triticale

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 11 Mar 2008

Applicant University of Sydney

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Jeremy Roake

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Plant Breeding Institute, Cobbitty, NSW **Descriptor** Triticale (x*Triticosecale*) TG/121/3

Period Winter – spring 2008.

Conditions The trial was grown at Cobbitty, NSW, under irrigation. It

was sown the first week of May in 2008. Granulock 15 was applied at sowing at 120 kg/ha. Urea was applied by hand to

the plots at GS41.

Trial Design 3 replicates, 5 m x 5 rows per plot.

Measurements were taken on plant height, spike length,

length and width of the flag leaf, and on the head colour at GS

71.

RHS Chart - edition 3rd

Origin and Breeding

The population was made from the cross 80469(II76-24) x II79-39E in 1985. In 2001, the population was identified at Cootamundra as having the highest yield in the trial. It was noted at Cobbitty in 2001 that most of the population was segregating for its disease reaction to stem and leaf rust. In 2002, 400 single plant seedlings were screened for leaf rust, from which 100 single plants that were resistant were transplanted into the field. Further selection for resistance to stem rust was carried out in the field, from which 60 plants were selected that were thought to be resistant. In 2003, 13 populations derived from the single plants were selected on the basis of resistance to a new stripe rust pathotype that entered Australia that year. 50 head selections were taken from each population, and were grown as head rows in 2004. Only three populations were selected for the variety based on uniformity for stem rust resistance and agronomic uniformity. 40 head rows from each line were harvested. These were sown as plots at Narrabri in 2005, and were bulked to form the variety. The line has undergone further seed increase in 2006 and 2007. Propagation was by seed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	hexaploid
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak
	of auricles	
Ear	distribution of awns	fully awned
Awns above the tip of ear	length	medium
Lower glume	length of first beak	medium
Lower glume	hairiness on external	absent
	surface	
Straw	pith in cross section	thin

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

^{&#}x27;Tobruk'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguisl	ning Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Jackie'	Flag leaf	stripe rust, Jackie pathotype	resistant	very susceptible
'Forerunner'	Plant	length	medium	tall
'Pacific Falcon'	Ear	emergence	early to medium	very late
'Maiden'	Seedling	stripe rust	resistant	very susceptible
'Hillary'	Seedling	stripe rust	resistant	very susceptible

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Endeavour'	'Breakwell'	'Tobruk'
	*Ploidy:	hexaploid	hexaploid	hexaploid
~	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect to intermediate	intermediate	prostrate
□ flag	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved g leaves	high	high to very high	high
aur	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of icles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
V	*Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	medium to late	early
~	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	weak	medium	absent or very weak
V	Awn: anthocyanin colouration	medium	weak to medium	absent or very weak
	Anthers: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

^{&#}x27;Breakwell'

	Flag leaf: length of blade	long	medium	medium
~	Flag leaf: width of blade	medium	medium	narrow
	Ear: glaucosity	weak	weak to medium	absent or very weak
~	*Stem: density of hairiness of neck	very strong	very strong	weak to medium
~	*Plant: length	medium	medium to long	short to medium
	*Ear: distribution of awns	fully awned	fully awned	fully awned
	*Awns above the tip of ear: length	medium	medium	medium
	*Lower glume: length of first beak	medium	medium	medium
	Lower glume: size of second beak	absent or very small	absent or very small	absent or very small
surf	*Lower glume: hairiness on external face	absent	absent	absent
	Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin
	Ear: density	very dense	dense	very dense
~	Ear: length excluding awns	medium	medium	short to medium
	Ear: width in profile view	medium	medium	medium
	*Grain: colouration with phenol	light	light	light
~	*Seasonal type:	alternative type	alternative type	winter type
Cha	aracteristics Additional to the Descript	cor/TG		
Cha	• •	• •	'Breakwell'	winter type 'Tobruk'
Ch: Org	aracteristics Additional to the Descript	cor/TG		
Cha Ora ▼ E16	aracteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134	or/TG 'Endeavour'	'Breakwell'	'Tobruk'
Charge Ch	aracteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 6A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+	cor/TG 'Endeavour' R	'Breakwell' MS-S	'Tobruk' R
Charge Ch	racteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 6A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+	cor/TG 'Endeavour' R	'Breakwell' MS-S S	'Tobruk' R R
Charles (Jacov V) (Jacov V) (Sta	racteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 6A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ekie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ekie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS	recor/TG 'Endeavour' R R ;cn green 137C	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D
Charles Charle	racteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ekie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ekie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context	recor/TG 'Endeavour' R R R	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+	'Tobruk' R R 3-c
Charles (Jacov) E16 V (Jacov) Sta Or;	aracteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 5A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm)	'Endeavour' R R ;cn green 137C 'Endeavour'	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C 'Breakwell'	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D 'Tobruk'
Charles Charle	Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 6A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) an	'Endeavour' R R ;cn green 137C 'Endeavour'	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C 'Breakwell' 115.20	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D 'Tobruk' 101.80
Charles Charle	Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 5A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) an . Deviation	rendeavour' R R ;cn green 137C 'Endeavour' 116.85 4.91	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C 'Breakwell' 115.20 5.52	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D 'Tobruk' 101.80 5.56
Charles Charle	racteristics Additional to the Descript gan/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ Ekie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ Ekie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) an Deviation D/sig	'Endeavour' R R ;cn green 137C 'Endeavour'	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C 'Breakwell' 115.20	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D 'Tobruk' 101.80
Charles Charle	Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 6A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) an Deviation D/sig Ear: length (cm)	rendeavour' R R ;cn green 137C 'Endeavour' 116.85 4.91 5.27	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C 'Breakwell' 115.20 5.52 ns	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D 'Tobruk' 101.80 5.56 P≤0.01
Chi Or; V E16 V (Jac V (Jac V V Me Std LSI V Me	Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 6A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Seedling leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ ckie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS 71) -RHS tistical Table gan/Plant Part: Context Plant: height (cm) an Deviation D/sig Ear: length (cm)	rendeavour' R R ;cn green 137C 'Endeavour' 116.85 4.91	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ green 133C 'Breakwell' 115.20 5.52	'Tobruk' R R 3-c green 139D 'Tobruk' 101.80 5.56

LSD/sig	0.94	ns	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: length (cm)			
Mean	20.24	16.53	15.56
Std. Deviation	3.06	3.14	3.06
LSD/sig	3.17	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Leaf blade: width (cm)			
Mean	1.45	1.57	1.29
Std. Deviation	0.16	0.20	0.10
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Jeremy Roake, University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Cobbitty, NSW.

Application Number2008/044Variety Name'Tobruk'Genus SpeciesxTriticosecaleCommon NameTriticale

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 11 Mar 2008

Applicant University of Sydney

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Jeremy Roake

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Plant Breeding Institute, Cobbitty, NSW **Descriptor** Triticale (x*Triticosecale*) TG/121/3.

Period Winter – spring 2008.

Conditions The trial was grown at Cobbitty, NSW, under irrigation. It

was sown the first week of May in 2008. Granulock 15 was applied at sowing at 120 kg/ha. Urea was applied by hand to

the plots at GS41.

Trial Design 3 replicates, 5 m x 5 rows per plot.

Measurements Measurements were taken on plant height, spike length,

length and width of the flag leaf, and on the head colour at GS

71.

RHS Chart - edition 3rd

Origin and Breeding

The line was identified from the 8th FWTCL Nursery from CIMMYT in 2000 at PBI, Cobbitty, in which it was resistant to stem, leaf, and stripe rust. Yield testing in a nonreplicated trial at Cowra Agricultural Research Centre in 2001 revealed that it was the top yielding line in the trial. This was further confirmed by yield trials in 2002 to 2006 at Cowra and Cootamundra, and in NSW Department of Primary Industry multi-site mixed cereal trials from 2003-2006, in which it was 20% and 30% higher yielding than 'Breakwell' and 'Jackie', respectively. During this time, selections were made from 50 head rows, from which 8 head rows were selected based on their agronomic appearance. 50 single head selections were made within each line and were grown at PBI, Cobbitty, in 2005. Selected rows from each population were harvested grown at Narrabri in 2006, from which lines that had a high proportion of plants with an erect growth habit and were of a spring seasonal type were culled from the population, and those lines with a low proportion of plants with an erect growth habit and spring seasonal type were rogued. The lines were then bulked to produce the variety, as the winter seasonal type is genetically recessive and therefore will remain true to type. Propagation was by seed.

State of Expression in

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar

Variety of Common Knowledge	е
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Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	ploidy	hexaploid
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak
Ear	distribution of awns	fully awned
Awns above the tip of ea	r length	medium
Lower glume	length of first beak	medium
Lower glume	hairiness on external surface	absent
Straw	pith in cross section	thin

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Sillillai v	arieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)	
Name	Comments	
'Breakwell'		

State of

Variety

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded **Distinguishing Characteristics**

				Expression in Candidate Variety	Compar	ator Variety
'Jac	ckie'	Flag leaf	stripe rust, Jackie pathotype	resistant	very susc	ceptible
'Pa 'Ma	orerunner' cific Falcon' aiden' llary'	Plant Ear Seedling Seedling	length emergence stripe rust stripe rust	medium early to mediu resistant resistant	tall wery late very susc very susc	ceptible
Or	gan/Plant Part: C	Context		'Tobruk'	'Breakwell'	'Endeavour'
	*Ploidy:			hexaploid	hexaploid	hexaploid
V	*Plant: growth ha	ıbit		prostrate	intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate
	Plant: frequency	of plants with	recurved flag leaves	high	high to very high	high
	Flag leaf: anthocy	yanin coloura	tion of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	*Time of: ear em	ergence		early	medium to late	early to medium
~	*Flag leaf: glauco	osity of sheat	h	absent or very weak	medium	weak
~	Awn: anthocyania	n colouration		absent or very weak	weak to medium	medium
	Anthers: anthocya	anin colourat	ion	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	Flag leaf: length	of blade		medium	medium	long

Breakwell

^{&#}x27;Endeavour'

Flag leaf: width of blade	narrow	medium	medium
Ear: glaucosity	absent or very weak	weak to medium	weak
*Stem: density of hairiness of neck	weak to medium	very strong	very strong
*Plant: length	short to medium	medium to long	medium
*Ear: distribution of awns	fully awned	fully awned	fully awned
*Awns above the tip of ear: length	medium	medium	medium
*Lower glume: length of first beak	medium	medium	medium
Lower glume: size of second beak	absent or very small	absent or very small	absent or very small
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent	absent
Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin
Ear: density	very dense	dense	very dense
Ear: length excluding awns	short to medium	medium	medium
Ear: width in profile view	medium	medium	medium
*Grain: colouration with phenol	light	light	light
•			
*Seasonal type:	winter type	alternative type	alternative type
	winter type		
*Seasonal type:	winter type 'Tobruk'	type	
*Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		type	type
*Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Tobruk'	type 'Breakwell'	type ' 'Endeavour'
*Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie	'Tobruk' R	'Breakwell' MS-S	type ' 'Endeavour' R
*Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) Seedling Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie	'Tobruk' R R	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+	type 'Endeavour' R R
*Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) Seedling Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS71)-RHS Statistical Table	'Tobruk' R R 3-c	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn
 ✓ *Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ ✓ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) ✓ Seedling Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) ✓ Ear: colour (at GS71)-RHS Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context 	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C
 ✓ *Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ ✓ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) ✓ Seedling Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) ✓ Ear: colour (at GS71)-RHS Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context 	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C
★Seasonal type: Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) Seedling Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) Ear: colour (at GS71)-RHS Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Flag Leaf Blade: Width	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D 'Tobruk'	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C 'Breakwell'	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C 'Endeavour'
	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D 'Tobruk'	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C 'Breakwell' 1.57	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C 'Endeavour'
	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D 'Tobruk' 1.29 0.10	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C 'Breakwell' 1.57 0.20	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C 'Endeavour' 1.45 0.16
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Flag leaf: Stripe rust - Pathotype 134 E16A+ ✓ Flag Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) ✓ Seedling Leaf: Stripe Rust - 13E16A+J+ (Jackie pathotype) ✓ Ear: colour (at GS71)-RHS Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context ✓ Flag Leaf Blade: Width Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig ✓ Plant: Height	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D 'Tobruk' 1.29 0.10 0.15	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C 'Breakwell' 1.57 0.20 P≤0.01	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C 'Endeavour' 1.45 0.16 P≤0.01
	'Tobruk' R R 3-c Green139D 'Tobruk' 1.29 0.10	'Breakwell' MS-S S 3+ Green 133C 'Breakwell' 1.57 0.20	type 'Endeavour' R R ;cn Green137C 'Endeavour' 1.45 0.16

LSD/sig	5.27	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: Length			
Mean	10.90	13.02	12.91
Std. Deviation	0.69	0.77	1.11
LSD/sig	0.94	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Flag Leaf Blade: Length			
Mean	15.56	16.53	20.24
Std. Deviation	2.98	3.14	3.06
LSD/sig	3.06	ns	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: **Jeremy Roake,** University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute, Cobbitty, NSW.

Application Number 2008/325 Variety Name 'Gascoigne' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2008

Applicant HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd, Black Mountain, ACT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ross Downes

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Ginninderra Research Station, Canberra ACT.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11

Period Aug to Dec 2008.

Conditions Rainfall supplement with irrigation.

Trial Design Randomised block of 5 metre plots, two replications

including 2 generations of 'Gascoigne'.

Measurements Oct to Dec 2008.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Head row selection: selected for white grains from a population segregating for red and white grains. The initial crosses were made in South Africa. This variety was trialled by NZ Crop and Food before it was brought to Australia. Received as an F_4 line from SGI in 2000 and assessed as 2m 2 row plot in Lincoln. Harvested grain segregating for red and white grains. Hand picked out white grain and sown as another 2 row plot in 2001. In 2002 heads taken from plot and seed from each checked for white grains. Whites were bulked and seed sent to Canberra in 2002 as F_6 seed. 5m single row was sown in Canberra in 2002 and harvested in bulk. This material became the source for all subsequent yield and disease testing. Selection criteria: plant type, disease resistance, grain colour. Breeder: HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low
Flag leaf	glaucosity of sheath	medium
Ear	glaucosity	medium
Culm	glaucosity of neck	medium
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Awns of scurs at tip of ear	length	long
Ear	colour	white
Lower glume	shoulder shape	sloping to slightly sloping
Grain	colour	white
Plant	seasonal type	spring type

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments	
'Drysdale'		
'Janz'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristic	-	State of Expression in y Comparator Variety	
'Sunvale'	VPM source of stripe rust <i>Yr17</i>	absent	present	'Sunvale' flowers 1 week after the candidate variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Gascoigne' 'Drysdale' 'Janz'

Orş	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Gascoigne'	'Drysdale'	'Janz'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	erect	semi-erect
▽ auri	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of cles	medium	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
□ flag	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved leaves	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
V	*Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	very early	medium
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	medium	medium
	*Ear: glaucosity	medium	medium	medium
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	medium	medium
~	*Plant: length	medium	long	short
V	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	medium
V	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	semi-clavate	semi-clavate
~	*Ear: density	medium	medium	dense
V	Ear: length	long	long	very short to short
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	long	long	long
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white
con	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of vex surface	weak	weak	weak
V	Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow	medium	narrow
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	sloping to slightly sloping	sloping to slightly sloping	sloping to slightly sloping
V	Lower glume: beak length	long	short to medium	short to medium
V	Lower glume: beak shape	moderately curved	dslightly curved	slightly curved

45.80

3.70

P≤0.01

	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak	weak	weak
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight	straight
	*Grain: colour	white	white	white
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type
▽ at le	Glutenin composition: allele expression ocus Glu-A1	band 2		band 1
▽ at le	Glutenin composition: allele expression ocus Glu-B1	bands 17+18		bands 7+8
▽ at le	Glutenin composition: allele expression ocus Glu-D1	bands 5+10		bands 2+12
	<u>tistical Table</u>			
Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Gascoigne'	'Drysdale'	'Janz'
V	Ear: length (mm)			
Me	an	97.40	96.00	71.60
Std	. Deviation	6.90	7.60	7.90
LSI	D/sig	7.4	ns	P≤0.01

52.10

2.60

3.1

58.60

2.70

P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Plant: length (cm)

Mean

LSD/sig

Std. Deviation

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW.

Application Number 2007/304

Variety Name 'EGA Stampede' Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 21 Dec 2007

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries & Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for

and on behalf of the State of New South Wales, The

University of Queensland, Grains Research and Development

Corporation

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Anthony Done

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Leslie Research Centre, Toowoomba, QLD 4350.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period Jul – Nov 2008.

Conditions Irrigated and fertilised open soil beds.

Trial Design Ramdomised block with six replications. Each plot consisted

of a single 2m row with approximately 60 plants per plot.

Row spacing was 75cm.

Measurements Plant height, including awns, was measured at two places in

each plot in each of three replications. All other metric characters, ear melanism and straw pith thickness were measured on a sample of five ears or flag leaves from each of the six replications. Standard deviation was estimated for each plot separately and the average of these is quoted. Statistical analyses were done on the sample means from each plot. Non-metric characters were estimated on whole plots or individual plants as indicated in the Guidelines. Flag leaf width was measured approximately 4cm from the auricle. Stripe rust was assessed on whole plots, on the basis or 0=absent to 9 = very severe. Ear melanism was also scored on

this scale.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: the ten parental lines (listed as varieties of common knowledge) were crossed in a half diallel in 1995 at Leslie Research Centre, resulting in 45 crosses. These F1s were then randomly mated in 1996 to produce an S₀ generation of approximately 10 thousand plants. Of these S₀ plants, 800 were selected and grown as individual plots in S₁ (1997-97/98). The bulks from the S₁ plots were grown and field tested for yield and other characters in a range of environments in S₂ and S₃ (1998-99). On the basis of the results of field testing, single plants were selected from the S₃ plots at Kingsthorpe. These single plant selections were then transferred to the DPI&F testing program and were grown at Wellcamp Farm as plots in 2000. Bulks derived from the 2000 Wellcamp plots were grown in yield trials at various location in 2002-7. On the basis of the results from the yield trials and the 2005 Disease Progress Nursery of the National Cereal Rust Control program, 'QT11869' was selected as a bulk descended from a single S₃ plant. 'QT11869' was renamed 'EGA Stampede' in 2007. Breeders: Dr Mark Cooper, Dr Martin Fabrizius and Dr Nicole Jensen, University of Queensland, and Mr Wayne Crighton, State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Ear	awns presence	present
Plant	seasonal type	spring
Plant	maturity	early
Plant	height	medium
Leaf	auricle anthocyanin	absent or very weak

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments
Name Comments
- 111

^{&#}x27;11 IBWSN 50'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu Charact	_	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sunpict'	Plant	height	medium	short	There were also differences in flag leaf blade glaucosity, growth habit, ear glaucosity and ear maturity colour.
'Genaro T81'	Flag leaf blade	glaucosity	weak	strong	There were also differences in growth habit, and amount of stripe rust.
'Batavia'	Flag leaf	auricle anthocyanin	absent or very weak	strong	There were also differences in growth habit, growth stage at heading and plant height.
'Hartog'	Flag leaf blade	glaucosity	weak	strong	There were also differences in growth stage at heading and amount of stripe rust.
'SUN290B'	Plant	height	medium	short	There were also differences in flag leaf blade glaucosity, amount of stripe rust and culm glaucosity.
'Janz'	Plant	growth stage at heading	early	late	There were also differences in amount of stripe rust, growth habit, and plant height.
'Sunvale'	Plant	growth stage	early	late	There were also

^{&#}x27;Seri M82'

at heading

Flag leaf glaucosity 'QT4646' weak blade

differences in growth habit and plant height. medium to strong There were also differences in growth stage at heading, growth habit and amount of stripe rust.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Stampede'	'11 IBWSN 50'	'Seri M82'
V	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	intermediate	intermediate
□ auri	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of cles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
□ flag	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved leaves	high	high	high
V	*Time of: ear emergence	early	early	early to medium
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	strong	strong
~	*Ear: glaucosity	weak to medium	weak to medium	strong
~	Culm: glaucosity of neck	weak	strong	medium
	*Plant: length	medium	medium	medium
	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering
	*Ear: density	medium	lax to medium	medium
	Ear: length	medium	medium to long	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium	medium	medium
~	*Ear: colour	white	coloured	white
	*Grain: colour	white		white
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Stampede	e' '11 IBWSN 50'	'Seri M82'
Ear: melanism	medium	weak	absent or very weak
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting	absent	slight	absent
Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting	57	55	54
Flag leaf blade: glaucosity	weak	strong	medium

Statistical Table

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Stamped	le' '11 IBWSN 50'	'Seri M82'
Plant: height (cm)			
Mean	96	98.	93.
Std. Deviation	1.7	1.2	0.7
LSD/sig	3.8	ns	ns
Ear: length (mm)			
Mean	95.0	112.9	105.0
Std. Deviation	4.6	4.7	5.2
LSD/sig	4.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Awn: length at ear tip (mm)			
Mean	49.1	57.0	40.1
Std. Deviation	4.9	4.7	8.1
LSD/sig	5.2	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Lower glume beak: length (mm)			
Mean	5.27	5.44	4.93
Std. Deviation	0.74	0.71	0.87
LSD/sig	0.88	ns	ns
Flag leaf: width of blade (mm)			
Mean	15.6		17.5
Std. Deviation	1.16		0.15
LSD/sig	0.60		P≤0.01
Ear: internode length (mm)			
Mean	4.78	5.78	4.70
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.20	0.15
LSD/sig	0.62	P≤0.01	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Dr. Tony Done, Leslie Research Centre, Toowoomba, QLD.

Application Number 2007/303 **Variety Name** 'EGA Bounty' **Genus Species** *Triticum aestivum*

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 21 Dec 2007

Applicant State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries & Fisheries, Department of Primary Industries for and on behalf of the State of New South Wales and Grains

Research and Development Corporation

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Tony Done

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Leslie Research Centre, Toowoomba, QLD 4350.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period Jul to Nov 2008.

Conditions Irrigated and fertilised open soil beds.

Trial Design Randomised block with six replications. Each plot consisted

of a single 2m row with approximately 60 plants per plot.

Row spacing was 75 cm.

Measurements Plant height, including awns, was measured at two places in

each plot in each of three replications. All other metric characters, and straw pith thickness and melanism, were measured on a sample of five ears from each of the six replications. Standard deviation was estimated for each plot separately and the average of these is quoted. Statistical analyses were done on the sample means from each plot. Non-metric characters were estimated on whole plots or individual plants as indicated in the Guidelines. Stripe rust was assessed on whole plots on the basis or 0=absent to 9 =

very severe.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: 'Batavia' was crossed to 'QT5793' in 1993, and 'QT5793' was crossed to the resulting F₁ in 1994. The F₁ was grown at Leslie Research Centre (LRC, then the Queensland Wheat Research Institute, QWRI) in 1995, and the BC₁F₂ and BC₁F₃ selections were grown at Wellcamp Farm in 1996 and 1998 respectively. Yield trials were grown from the BC₁F₃ selections in various locations in the Northern wheat growing region of Australia in 1999 – 2001. Single plant selections from the BC₁F₃ were grown as BC₁F₄ plots at Wellcamp farm in 1999, and single plant selections from these were grown from these as BC₁F₅ plots in 2001. On the basis of the results from yield trials, various pathology tests conducted by LRC, and the 2005 Disease Progress Nursery of the National Cereal Rust Control program, 'QT12136' was selected as a bulk descended from a single BC₁F₄ plant. 'QT12136' was grown in northern region yield trials in 2001-2007, and was renamed 'EGA Bounty' in 2007. 'EGA Bounty' has better resistance to stripe rust than 'QT5793', and had different time to flowering than either of its parents in the comparative trial, being earlier than 'Batavia' and later than 'QT5793'. Breeder: Dr Phillip Banks, State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries & Fisheries.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Straw	pith in cross-section	thin
Ear	awns presence	present
Plant	seasonal type	spring
Ear	colour	white
Plant	maturity	medium to late
Plant	height	medium
Leaf	auricle anthocyanin	absent or very weak

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TITOSC STITITUTE	varieties of common time vietage facilities (v city
Name	Comments
'Rees'	

^{&#}x27;EGA Burke'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu Charact	ishing	State of Expression in Candidate Variety		Comments
'Ventura'	Plant	time to flowering	medium	early	There were also differences in ear glaucosity and amount of stripe rust.
'Giles'	Plant	height	medium	short	There were also differences in leaf blade glaucosity and amount of stripe rust.
'EGA Wylie'	Plant	height	medium	short	There were also differences in leaf blade glaucosity and amount of stripe rust.
'Batavia'	Auricles	anthocyanin	absent or very weak	strong	There were also differences in time to flowering and leaf blade glaucosity.
'QT5793'	Plant	time to flowering	medium	early	There were also differences in amount of stripe rust.

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Bounty'	'EGA Burke'	'Rees'
*Plant: growth habit	intermediate to semi-prostrate	intermediate	intermediate
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurve	_d high	low to medium	high

flag leaves			
*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	medium to late	medium to late
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	medium to strong	medium
*Ear: glaucosity	medium	medium	medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
*Plant: length	medium	medium	medium
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	thin
*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	parallel sided
*Ear: density	medium	medium	medium
Ear: length	medium	medium	medium
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium	medium	medium
*Ear: colour	white	white	white
*Grain: colour	white	white	white
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional to the Descrip	tom/TC		
Characteristics Additional to the Descrip Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EGA Bounty'	'EGA Burke'	'Rees'
=			
Ear: melanism	weak	weak to medium	weak to medium
Ear: melanism Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting	weak	weak to medium slight	weak to medium slight
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after			
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after	absent	slight	slight
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity	absent 51	slight 50	slight 52
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting	absent 51	slight 50	slight 52
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table	absent 51 strong	slight 50 medium	slight 52 strong
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm)	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm) Mean	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2 105 3.9	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns 108 5.3	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns 107 5.2
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Plant: height (cm)	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2 105 3.9 4.6	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns 108 5.3 ns	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns 107 5.2 ns
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Plant: height (cm) Mean	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2 105 3.9 4.6 102	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns 108 5.3 ns	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns 107 5.2 ns
Leaf: stripe rust, LRC, 98 days after planting Plant: growth stage, 85 days after planting Flag leaf blade: glaucosity Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Awn: length at ear tip (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Ear: length (mm) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Plant: height (cm)	absent 51 strong 'EGA Bounty' 54.0 4.6 5.2 105 3.9 4.6	slight 50 medium 'EGA Burke' 53.7 4.7 ns 108 5.3 ns	slight 52 strong 'Rees' 56.6 3.6 ns 107 5.2 ns

Lower glume beak: length (r	nm)		
Mean	2.50	2.47	2.13
Std. Deviation	0.98	0.61	0.73
LSD/sig	0.88	ns	ns
Ear: internode length (mm)			
Mean	5.02	4.94	5.05
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.16	0.16
LSD/sig	0.18	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales Nil.

Description: Dr. Tony Done, Leslie Research Centre, Toowoomba, QLD

Application Number 2008/029 **Variety Name** 'ZEBU'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 20 Jun 2008

Applicant Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy and Mintaro, South Australia. **Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period 2008.

Conditions The comparative trial at Roseworthy was sown on 23 May

(optimum sowing time) into Clearfield Canola stubble at approximately 80kg seed per hectare and with 90kg/ha of DAP fertilizer. The day before weeds and pests were controlled with 1.3L Glyphosate, 75ml HammerTM, 100ml Dimethoate and 2.5L Boxer GoldTM per hectare. BroadsideTM at 1L/ha was sprayed on the growing plots on 18th Jul to control in-crop weeds and in Aug 9L/ha of lig-nitTM was sprayed on as a foliar nutrient application. Plots grew well with no disease problems and up until just before heading promised above average yields. However in Sep and Oct there was virtually no useful rain so grain fill was impaired, and grain harvested on 19th Dec had low test weights. An identical trial was planted at Mintaro, again on Clearfield canola stubble. Preseeding weed control involved 1L glyphosate and 1.2L Triflualin per hectare. Sowing time, 16th Jun, was later than optimal and emergence and growth was slow due to cold weather, so plots were heading during the drought period of Oct having already existed on little rain in Sep, and head tipping occurred in some plots. Leaf measurements were

made at this site and the trial was then abandoned.

Trial Design Randomised block design of 3 blocks and 60 entries consisting

of comparators and potential candidates. Sown in 12 ranges of 15 plots wide, block 1 being in ranges 1 to 4 and so on. Plots were 1.25m wide (5 rows) and 3.2m long. There were approx. 1000

plants per plot.

Measurements Leaf measurements and observations were recorded on plant

samples taken from the Mintaro trial. At anthesis 5 primary tillers were sampled from each plot in each replicate and flag leaf measurements made. All other measurements, including heading dates, glaucosity and leaf angle were made on plots and plant samples taken from the Roseworthy trial. After maturity plant heights to the top of the awns were recorded at 10 random locations in each replicate. Ten heads were also sampled at random from each plot for head descriptions and measurements. Measurements were performed on 10 intact heads per block. Statistical analyses were completed using GENSTAT software.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: The pedigree is CGS94Y00005S/SUPER KAUZ. The selection history indicates that the cross was designated CM67458 and material was selected as homozygous for the dwarfing gene Rht1 on the basis of plant height and bulked to form KAUZ DWARF. This line was entered by CIMMYT into its International Adaptation trial, a trial planted in many countries of the world, as a line with high yield potential. On the basis of its performance in these trials in NSW it was entered into feed wheat trials on the Lincoln Plains, northern NSW, where it has performed very well since 2003. Permission has been sought and granted from CIMMYT to release this line. Breeder: CIMMYT. Mexico.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	semi-erect/erect to semi-erect
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent (white)
Flag leaf	glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong/medium
Ear	colour	white
Ear	distribution of awns	fully awned
Ear	shape in profile	tapering
Grain	colour	white
Plant	seasonal type	spring type

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'H45'	widely grown where 'Zebu' will be adopted.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Super Kanz'	Plant height	short	tall	Parental variety

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'ZEBU'	'H45'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	erect to semi-erect
	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
~	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	very high	high
~	*Time of: ear emergence	medium	very early
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong	medium
~	*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	weak to medium
~	Culm: glaucosity of neck	strong	weak to medium

*Plant: length	medium to long	long
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin to medium
*Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering
*Ear: density	very dense	lax
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present
*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium	medium
*Ear: colour	white	white
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium	narrow
Lower glume: shoulder shape	elevated to strongly elevated	straight
Lower glume: beak length	medium	very short to short
Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak	very weak to weak
Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight
*Grain: colour	white	white
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ZEBU'	'H45'
Organ/I lant I art. Context	ZEDC	
Awns: angle to rachis	near 90 degrees	variable less than 45 degrees
Awns: angle to rachis Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction	near 90 degrees resistant	
Awns: angle to racms		45 degrees moderately
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction	resistant	45 degrees moderately susceptible
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3	resistant c	45 degrees moderately susceptible c
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1	resistant c b	45 degrees moderately susceptible c
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1	resistant c b d	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3	resistant c b d 1B1R	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3	resistant c b d 1B1R	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table	resistant c b d 1B1R b	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	resistant c b d 1B1R	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context	resistant c b d 1B1R b	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julian days)	resistant c b d 1B1R b c	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julian days) Mean	resistant c b d 1B1R b c	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julian days) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	resistant c b d 1B1R b c *ZEBU* 262.60 0.30	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u 'H45' 254.70 0.58
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julian days) Mean Std. Deviation	resistant c b d 1B1R b c *ZEBU* 262.60 0.30	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u 'H45' 254.70 0.58
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julian days) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flag leaf: blade length (mm)	resistant c b d 1B1R b c 'ZEBU' 262.60 0.30 2.3	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u 'H45' 254.70 0.58 P≤0.01
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3 Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Statistical Table Organ/Plant Part: Context Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julian days) Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig Flag leaf: blade length (mm) Mean	resistant c b d 1B1R b c 'ZEBU' 262.60 0.30 2.3	45 degrees moderately susceptible c a d h c u 'H45' 254.70 0.58 P≤0.01

Flag leaf: blade width (mm)		
Mean	14.30	13.40
Std. Deviation	0.90	1.20
LSD/sig	2.4	ns
Ear: Length without awns (mm)		
Mean	108.70	114.90
Std. Deviation	6.40	7.30
LSD/sig	10.4	ns
Peduncle: length (mm)		
Mean	230.00	313.00
Std. Deviation	28.10	9.60
LSD/sig	35.0	P≤0.01
Ear: spikelet number		
Mean	21.00	18.70
Std. Deviation	0.90	1.00
LSD/sig	1.2	P≤0.01
Ear: density, rachis internode (mm)		
Mean	4.74	5.74
Std. Deviation	0.22	0.24
LSD/sig	0.31	P≤0.01
Plant: height with awns (cm)		
Mean	87.10	96.10
Std. Deviation	3.60	3.30
LSD/sig	4.2	P≤0.01
Flag leaf: sheath length (mm)		
Mean	193.70	177.20
Std. Deviation	12.70	37.50
LSD/sig	26.1	ns

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

Application Number 2008/326 **Variety Name** 'Preston'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 15 Dec 2008

Applicant HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd, Black Mountain, ACT

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Ross Downes

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Ginninderra Research Station, Canberra ACT.

Descriptor Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period Aug to Dec 2008.

Conditions Rainfall supplemented with irrigation.

Trial Design Randomised block of 5 metre plots, two replications

including 2 generations of 'Preston'.

Measurements Oct to Dec 2008.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Brimstone*2/Hartog//3424.11.04.1. This was released in NZ under the name 'Tribute'. The cross was made in 1997, F₁-F₃ grown in glasshouse. F₄-F₆ generations selected in field on disease and plant type. Commenced yield trials in 2002. Heads selected and sent to Australia. Material advanced a further generations and yield tested in Australia for 4 years. Selection criteria: plant type, disease resistance, yield. Breeder: HRZ Wheat Pty Ltd.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	semi-erect
Plant	frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	absent or very low
Ear	glaucosity	strong
Culm	glaucosity of neck	strong
Ear	density	medium
Awns or scurs	presence	awns present
Awns of scurs at tip of ear	length	medium to long
Lowest lemma	beak shape	straight
Ear	colour	white
Grain	colour	white
Plant	seasonal type	spring type

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

T T	~
Name	Comments
1141110	Commicnes

'Yipti'

'EGA Wedgetail'

Varieties of Common	Knowledge identified an	nd subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristic	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Chara'	Ear density	medium	lax	
'Janz'	Ear glaucosity	strong	medium	
'Sunvale'	VPM source of stripe rust <i>Yr17</i>	absent	present	
'Drysdale'	Flowering time	later	earlier	Candidate flowers 1 week after candidate

 $\underline{\text{Variety Description and Distinctness}}\text{ - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.}$

	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Preston'	'EGA Wedgetail	''Yipti'
	*Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
aur	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of icles	absent or very weak	medium	medium
□ flag	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved leaves	absent or very lov	vabsent or very lov	vabsent or very low
~	*Time of: ear emergence	medium	late	early
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	strong	medium
	*Ear: glaucosity	strong	strong	strong
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	strong	strong	strong
V	*Plant: length	short	short to medium	medium to long
	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin to medium	thin
V	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	fusiform	parallel sided
	*Ear: density	medium	medium	medium
	Ear: length	medium to long	medium	medium
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
	*Ear: colour	white	white	white
con	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of vex surface	weak	weak	weak
V	Lower glume: shoulder width	medium	medium	broad
V	Lower glume: shoulder shape	slightly sloping	slightly sloping	straight
V	Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved	moderately curve	dstraight
	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak	weak	weak
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	straight	straight	straight
	*Grain: colour	white	white	white

*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-A1	band 1		band 1
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-B1	bands 6+8		bands 7+8
Glutenin composition: allele expression at locus Glu-D1	bands 2+12		bands 5+10

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Preston'	'EGA Wedgetai	l''Yipti'
Ear: length (mm)			
Mean	89.30	82.10	84.80
Std. Deviation	7.10	10.00	6.70
LSD/sig	8.5	ns	ns
Plant: length (cm)			
Mean	45.60	49.30	55.80
Std. Deviation	4.10	4.70	3.80
LSD/sig	4.3	ns	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2004	Granted	'CRAW128'

Prior sale nil.

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW.

Application Number 2008/199 **Variety Name** 'Fang'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 18 Aug 2008

Applicant Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy and Mintaro, South Australia. **Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period 2008.

Conditions The comparative trial at Roseworthy was sown on 23 May

(optimum sowing time) into Clearfield Canola stubble at approximately 80kg seed per hectare and with 90kg/ha of DAP fertilizer. The day before weeds and pests were controlled with 1.3L Glyphosate, 75ml HammerTM, 100ml Dimethoate and 2.5L Boxer GoldTM per hectare. BroadsideTM at 1L/ha was sprayed on the growing plots on 18th July to control in-crop weeds and in August 9L/ha of lig-nitTM was sprayed on as a foliar nutrient application. Plots grew well with no disease problems and up until just before heading promised above average yields. However in Sep and Oct there was virtually no useful rain so grain fill was impaired, and grain harvested on 19 Dec had low test weights. An identical trial was planted at Mintaro, again on Clearfield canola stubble. Preseeding weed control involved 1L glyphosate and 1.2L Triflualin per hectare. Sowing time, 16th Jun, was later than optimal and emergence and growth was slow due to cold weather, so plots were heading during the drought period of Oct having already existed on little rain in Sep, and head tipping occurred in some plots. Leaf measurements were

made at this site and the trial was then abandoned.

Trial Design Randomised block design of 3 blocks and 60 entries consisting

of comparators and potential candidates. Sown in 12 ranges of 15 plots wide, block 1 being in ranges 1 to 4 and so on. Plots were 1.25m wide (5 rows) and 3.2m long. There were approx. 1000

plants per plot.

Measurements Leaf measurements and observations were recorded on plant

samples taken from the Mintaro trial. At anthesis 5 primary tillers were sampled from each plot in each replicate and flag leaf measurements made. All other measurements, including heading dates, glaucosity and leaf angle were made on plots and plant samples taken from the Roseworthy trial. After maturity plant heights to the top of the awns were recorded at 10 random locations in each replicate. Ten heads were also sampled at random from each plot for head descriptions and measurements. Measurements were performed on 10 intact heads per block. Statistical analyses were completed using GENSTAT software.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: A backcross was completed between the two parents 'Annuello' and 'Stylet' in 2002 resulting in the population coded CO6476 with pedigree ('Annuello'/2*'Stylet'). DHs (242) were made from BC1F1 individuals found to be carrying favourable rust, agronomic and quality genes. Seed of the DH lines were multiplied over summer 2003 and the lines entered into stage 1 testing in 2004 and evaluated for agronomic performance and disease resistance at nurseries located in WA, SA, VIC and NSW. At the end of stage 2 testing in 2005 (for yield, quality and disease resistance), an elite individual (CO6476-100*42) was identified and named RAC1400. RAC1400 was included in the Stage 3 and Stage 4 testing regimes of Australian Grain Technologies in 2006 and 2007 respectively and in the GRDC's NVT system in 2007. RAC1400 underwent yield, disease resistance, abiotic stress tolerance and end-use quality testing at various sites around Australia. RAC1400 is included in AGT's Stage 4 testing system and NVT system in 2008. RAC1400 has undergone quality classification and has been granted an APW quality classification. Breeders: Haydn Kuchel and Steve Jefferies Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	time of ear emergence	medium to late
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent (white)
Flag leaf	glaucosity of sheath	strong/strong to very strong
Ear	colour	white
Ear	distribution of awns	fully awned
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Grain	colour	white
Plant	seasonal type	spring type

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Yitpi'	Closest and widely grown.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Cha	aracteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Annuello	'VPM Chromosome segment	presence	present	absent
'Frame'	Grain	HMW glutenin GluD1	a	d
'Stylet'	Grain	HMW glutenin GluD1	a	d
'Espada'	Grain	HMW glutenin GluD1	a	d

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

or more or the comparators are marine with a tient		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Fang'	'Yitpi'
	semi-erect	intermediate to
*Plant: growth habit	Seilli-Ciect	semi-prostrate

	Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	medium	low to medium
	*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	medium to late
	*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong to very strong	strong
	*Ear: glaucosity	strong to very strong	strong
	Culm: glaucosity of neck	strong	medium to strong
	*Plant: length	short to medium	medium to long
	*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin
	*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided
	*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present
	*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	short to medium	medium
	*Ear: colour	white	white
V	Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	weak	medium to strong
	Lower glume: shoulder width	broad	broad
	Lower glume: shoulder shape	slightly sloping	slightly sloping
	Lower glume: beak length	medium	medium
	Lower glume: beak shape	•	slightly curved to dmoderately curved
	Lower glume: extent of internal hair	medium to strong	weak to medium
	Lowest lemma: beak shape	slightly curved	straight
	*Grain: colour	white	white
	*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type
	aracteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG gan/Plant Part: Context	'Fang'	'Yitpi'
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1	a	a
V	Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD1	a	d
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3	c	c
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3	h	h
	Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD3	c	c
V	·	c	u
V	Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1 Ear: awn length of middle spikelets	short	long
V	Vpm chromosome segment: Presence	present	absent
V	Whole plant post anthesis: Stem rust reaction to pathotype r38	moderately resistant	very susceptible

Stat	tistic	al T	'able

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Fang'	'Yitpi'	
Ear: Time of ear emergence (Julian days)			
Mean	269.70	268.70	
Std. Deviation	1.53	0.60	
LSD/sig	2.3	ns	
Flag leaf: blade length (mm)			
Mean	147.90	167.80	
Std. Deviation	22.30	26.90	
LSD/sig	38.6	ns	
Flag leaf: blade width (mm)			
Mean	13.80	15.10	
Std. Deviation	0.60	1.50	
LSD/sig	2.4	ns	
Ear: length without awns (mm)			
Mean	94.10	92.60	
Std. Deviation	5.30	5.20	
LSD/sig	10.4	ns	
Peduncle: length (mm)			
Mean	260.00	251.00	
Std. Deviation	23.70	32.90	
LSD/sig	35.0	ns	
Ear: spikelet number			
Mean	22.50	21.20	
Std. Deviation	1.02	1.20	
LSD/sig	1.2	ns	
Ear density: rachis internode length (mm)			
Mean	3.78	3.92	
Std. Deviation	0.18	0.20	
LSD/sig	0.31	ns	
Plant: height with awns (mm)			
Mean	83.40	88.70	
Std. Deviation	3.70	4.20	
LSD/sig	4.2	P≤0.01	
Flag leaf: sheath length (mm)			
Mean	201.80	208.50	
Std. Deviation	7.61	10.60	
LSD/sig	26.1	ns	

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

Application Number 2008/198 **Variety Name** 'Mace'

Genus Species Triticum aestivum

Common Name Wheat **Synonym** Nil

Accepted Date 20 Aug 2008

Applicant Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA

Agent N/A

Qualified Person Gil Hollamby

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Roseworthy and Mintaro, South Australia. **Descriptor** Wheat (*Triticum aestivum*) TG/3/11.

Period 2008.

Conditions The comparative trial at Roseworthy was sown on 23 May

(optimum sowing time) into Clearfield Canola stubble at approximately 80kg seed per hectare and with 90kg/ha of DAP fertilizer. The day before weeds and pests were controlled with 1.3L Glyphosate, 75ml HammerTM, 100ml Dimethoate and 2.5L Boxer GoldTM per hectare. BroadsideTM at 1L/ha was sprayed on the growing plots on 18 Jul to control in-crop weeds and in Aug 9L/ha of lig-nitTM was sprayed on as a foliar nutrient application. Plots grew well with no disease problems and up until just before heading promised above average yields. However in Sep and Oct there was virtually no useful rain so grain fill was impaired, and grain harvested on 19 Dec had low test weights. An identical trial was planted at Mintaro, again on Clearfield canola stubble. Preseeding weed control involved 1L glyphosate and 1.2L Triflualin per hectare. Sowing time, 16 Jun, was later than optimal and emergence and growth was slow due to cold weather, so plots were heading during the drought period of Oct having already existed on little rain in Sep, and head tipping occurred in some plots. Leaf measurements were made at this

site and the trial was then abandoned.

Trial Design Randomised block design of 3 blocks and 60 entries consisting

of comparators and potential candidates. Sown in 12 ranges of 15 plots wide, block 1 being in ranges 1 to 4 and so on. Plots were 1.25m wide (5 rows) and 3.2m long. There were approx. 1000

plants per plot.

Measurements Leaf measurements and observations were recorded on plant

samples taken from the Mintaro trial. At anthesis 5 primary tillers were sampled from each plot in each replicate and flag leaf measurements made. All other measurements, including heading dates, glaucosity and leaf angle were made on plots and plant samples taken from the Roseworthy trial. After maturity plant heights to the top of the awns were recorded at 10 random locations in each replicate. Ten heads were also sampled at random from each plot for head descriptions and measurements. Measurements were performed on 10 intact heads per block. Statistical analyses were completed using GENSTAT software.

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: a backcross was completed between the two parents 'Wyalkatchem' and 'Stylet' in 2001 resulting in the population coded CO6320 with pedigree ('Wyalkatchem'/'Stylet'//'Wyalkatchem'). BC1F1 seed was grown over the summer of 2001/02 and seed kept from plants carrying desirable genes. The F2 population was grown over winter 2002 and heads selected from elite individuals (based on height, maturity and plant type) were bulked and then grown as an F3 population over summer 2002/03. 348 Elite plants from the F3 population were identified based on height and stem rust resistance and the seed from each of the plants were then grown as individual rows over winter 2003. 120 selections were progressed based on their stripe rust resistance, maturity, plant height, uniformity, general appearance, flour colour and protein content. From F1 to F4, all evaluation was performed at Roseworthy Campus, Roseworthy. These lines entered stage 1 testing in 2004 and were evaluated for agronomic performance and disease resistance at nurseries located in WA, SA, Vic and NSW. At the end of stage 2 testing in 2005 (for yield, quality and diease resistance), an elite individual (CO6320-109) was identified and named RAC1372. RAC1372 was included in the Stage 3 and Stage 4 testing regimes of Australian Grain Technologies in 2006 and 2007 respectively. RAC1372 underwent yield, disease resistance, abiotic stress tolerance and end-use quality testing at various sites around Australia. RAC1372 is included in AGT's Stage 4 testing system and GRDC's NVT system in 2008. Breeders: Haydn Kuchel and Steve Jefferies, Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	erect to semi-erect
Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent (white)
Flag leaf	glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong/strong
Ear	colour	white
Ear	distribution of awns	fully awned
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided
Grain	colour	white
Plant	seasonal type	spring type

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

wiost Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCIX)			
Name	Comments		
'Wyalkatchem'	Similar height and maturity, most widely grown variety in area of adaptation of 'Mace'.		
'AGT Scythe'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	uishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
'Westonia'	Leaf	stripe rust 134E16A+	moderately resistant	very susceptible
'Stylet'	Leaf	leaf rust reaction 104+Lr37	•	susceptible
'Stylet'	Grain	HMW glutenin GluB1	u	c
'Stylet'	Grain	HMW glutenin GluD1	a	d
'Espada'	Grain	HMW glutenin GluD1	a	d
'Espada'	Grain	LMW glutenin GluA3	c	d
'Axe'	Leaf	width	medium	very wide

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mace'	'AGT Scythe'	'Wyalkatchem'
*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi-erect	terect to semi-erect	terect to semi-erect
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low to medium	low	medium
*Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	early to medium	very early to early
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium to strong	strong	medium to strong
*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	medium	medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak to medium
*Plant: length	short to medium	short to medium	very short to short
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	medium to thick
*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
*Awns or scurs: presence	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Awns of scurs at tip of ear: length	medium	short to medium	long
*Ear: colour	white	white	white
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	strong	weak	strong
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium	medium to broad	narrow to medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight	straight to elevated	straight
Lower glume: beak length	medium	short to medium	medium to long
Lower glume: beak shape	slightly curved to moderately curved	slightly curved	slightly curved to moderately curved
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak
Lowest lemma: beak shape	slightly curved	slightly curved	straight to slightly curved
*Grain: colour	white	white	white
*Seasonal type:	spring type	spring type	spring type
Characteristics Additional to the Descript Organ/Plant Part: Context	tor/TG 'Mace'	'AGT Scythe'	'Wyalkatchem'
Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB1		mixed u&i	mixed u&f
Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA1	a	b	a
Glutenin composition: allele expression	a	a	a

at GluD1			
Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluA3	c	b	c
Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluB3	h	mixed b&h	h
Glutenin composition: allele expression at GluD3	c	a	b
Whole plant post anthesis: stem rust reaction	moderately resistant	moderately resistant	moderately susceptible
Leaves post anthesis: leaf rust reaction (Lr37 virulent race)	resistant	moderately susceptible	resistant
Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mace'	'AGT Scythe'	'Wyalkatchem'
Ear: date of emergence from boot (Julia	n days)		
Mean	261.50	263.00	256.70
Std. Deviation	0.87	1.00	0.58
LSD/sig	2.3	ns	P≤0.01
Ear: length without awns (mm)			
Mean	101.00	97.73	89.60
Std. Deviation	6.34	9.14	10.10
LSD/sig	10.35	ns	P≤0.01
Ear: spikelet number Mean	20.00	22.80	19.40
Std. Deviation	0.70	1.00	1.90
LSD/sig	1.2	P≤0.01	ns
	1.2	1_0.01	113
Flag leaf: blade length (mm)	1.50 .00	1.72.00	124.40
Mean	153.60	153.80	124.40
Std. Deviation	24.00	28.00	18.30
LSD/sig	38.6	ns	ns
☐ Flag leaf: blade width (mm)			
Mean	15.00	15.60	14.20
Std. Deviation	1.29	1.10	1.80
LSD/sig	2.4	ns	ns
Flag leaf (Roseworthy): sheath length (1	mm)		
Mean	200.20	194.10	184.40
Std. Deviation	9.50	17.10	15.30
LSD/sig	26.1	ns	ns
Plant: height including awns (cm)			
Mean	84.70	85.90	80.10
Std. Deviation	3.50	3.20	3.50
LSD/sig	4.2	ns	P≤0.01
			_ - · · ·
Peduncle: length (mm)	250.50	241.00	242.00
Mean	259.50	241.00	242.00

Std. Deviation	23.70	27.00	20.80
LSD/sig	35.0	ns	ns
Ear: density rachis internode (mm)			
Mean	4.57	3.88	4.14
Std. Deviation	0.30	0.34	0.30
LSD/sig	0.31	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

$\frac{\textbf{Prior Applications and Sales}}{Nil.}$

Description: Gil Hollamby, Williamstown, SA.

Details of Application

Application Number 2006/105 **Variety Name** 'Elite'

Genus Species Melia azedarach Common NameWhite Cedar

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 5 Oct 2006

Applicant Metropolitan Tree Growers Pty Ltd, Alphington, VIC

Agent N/A

Qualified Person John Fitzgibbon

Details of Comparative Trial

Location City of Hume, VIC.

Descriptor General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

Period Between 2005 and 2009.

Conditions The cultivar (grafted *Melia* 'Elite') and comparator (seedling

Melia azederach) trees were planted in streets of the City of Hume and maintained with the standard early maintenance practices of that organisation. The growing conditions are

same for the candidate and comparator

Trial Design 25 trees of the cultivar (5 planted Dec 2007, 8 planted Aug

2006 and 12 planted Sept 2007) and 29 trees (14 planted Aug 2006, 15 planted Feb 2005) of the comparator were

compared.

Measurements In Jan 2009 each tree was examined to establish their patterns

of flowering and fruit set. If flowering had occurred, evidence

of fruit set was collected.

RHS Chart - edition N/A

Origin and Breeding

Phenotypic selection: a single tree in large streetscape population in the City of Darebin, VIC exhibited no fruit over an observation period of 7 years. The flowers appear to produce little petal or reproductive structure compared to the species and other streetscape population of *Melia azedarach*. There was no fruit set on this tree. The selection was grafted onto seedling rootstock in 2000 and noted that flowering did not develop fully and there was no fruit set. The observations continued for several years and the non-fruiting character was found to be uniform and stable. Propagation: asexually through grafting. Breeder: Metropolitan Tree Growers Pty Ltd, Alphington, VIC.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	type	tree
Plant	growth habit	spreading
Plant	size	medium to large
Plant	height	medium to tall
Plant	width	medium to broad

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name Comments

Melia azederach The species generally forms fruit after flowering. In the variety 'Elite', flowers abort after flowering.

 $\underline{Variety\ Description\ and\ Distinctness}\ -\ Characteristics\ which\ distinguish\ the\ candidate\ from\ one\ or\ more\ of\ the\ comparators\ are\ marked\ with\ a\ tick.$

Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Elite'	Melia azederach
Plant: type		tree	tree
Plant: growth habit		spreading	spreading
Plant: size		medium to large	medium to large
Plant: height		medium to tall	medium to tall
Plant: width		medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf: leaf type		compound	compound
Leaf: size		large	large
Leaf: attitude		pendulous	pendulous
Leaf: arrangement		alternate	alternate
Leaf: length of blade		long	long
Leaf: length of petiole		medium to long	medium to long
Leaf: shape		bipinnatifid	bipinnatifid
Leaf: green colour		medium to dark	medium to dark
Leaf colour: number of colo	ours	one	one
Characteristics Additional to 	the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context		'Elite'	Melia azederach
Fruit: presence		absent	present

Prior Applications and Sales

Prior applications nil. First sold in Australia in May 2006.

Description: Dr. Peter May.

Details of Application

Application Number 2006/327 **Variety Name** 'Quest'

Genus Species Trifolium repens **Common Name** White Clover

Synonym GC95 **Accepted Date** 31 Jan 2007

Applicant Grasslanz Technology Limited, Palmerston North, New

Zealand

Agent Seed Technology & Marketing Pty Ltd, Adelaide, SA

Qualified Person Jennifer Ngaire James

Details of Comparative Trial

Overseas Testing New Zealand Plant Variety Rights Office.

Authority

Overseas Data CLO037 (Grant No. 2360)

Reference Number

Location Lincoln, Canterbury, New Zealand

Descriptor TG/38/7 **Period** 2002 to 2005

Conditions Centralised trial conducted by the New Zealand Plant Variety

Rights Office. Seedlings raised in glasshouses, removed to outside conditions for hardening off and later transferred to

open field conditions.

Trial Design Two consecutive trials of spaced plants in 10 replicated

randomised plots of 10 plants per plot for each variety

Measurements Observations and measurements from all available plants.

Analysis of data based on plot means

RHS Chart - edition Nil

Origin and Breeding

Bred from 3 cycles of recurrent selection for high forage yield as spaced plants from pair crosses between elite 'Grasslands Huia' genotypes and elite genotypes from 'S100 NoMark' (Lebanon), 'SC-1 Tamar' (Portugal) 'Casas Velhas' (New Hampshire), 'Radi', 'Beta', Belgium A3 & A4, Aigues-Mortes (France), Italy, Israel, Germany & Spain. Original elite genotype selection was also based on yield as spaced plants. Two further cycles of reselection for high yield, persistence and resistance to pests and diseases were done under grazing in a mixed sward. One hundred random progeny of the cycle 5 population were screened for seed yield and consistent flowering pattern and 25 parents were selected and polycrossed to provide the prenucleus seed in 1999/00.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	intermediate

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Grasslands Challenge'	Only significantly distinguishable based on percentage of plants positive for cyanogenesis.			
'Beaumont'				
'NuSiral'				

^{&#}x27;Wanaka'

'Grasslands Sustain'

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Quest'	'Beaumont'	'Grasslands Challenge'	'Grasslands Sustain'	'NuSiral'	'Wanaka'
Plant: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	medium	medium	light to medium	dark
Plant: density of foliage	medium to high	medium	medium	medium	low to medium	low
Plant: proportion of plants with cyanid glucoside	very high	medium to high	low to medium	medium	medium to high	medium to high
*Plant: prominence of white leaf marks	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak to medium	weak to medium	medium	medium to strong
*Plant: time of flowering	medium	late	early to medium	medium	very early to early	late to very late
Plant: growth habit	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	semi-erect to intermediate
Stem: internode length of stolon	medium	medium	medium to long	medium to long	long to very long	medium
Stem: thickness of stolon	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: length of petiole	medium to long	very long	medium	medium	medium	short to medium
Leaf: thickness of petiole	f medium	medium	medium to thick	medium to thick	thin to medium	thin to medium
*Leaf: length of median leaflet	medium to long	medium	medium to long		medium to long	medium to long
*Leaf: width of median leaflet	medium to broad	medium to broad	medium to broad	medium to broad	narrow to medium	medium to broad

*Leaf: size of median leaflet	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	large	medium to large
*Leaf: ratio of length to width of median leaflet	small	small	small	small to medium	small	small to medium
Inflorescence: length of peduncle	medium	very long	medium	medium to long	short	medium
Inflorescence: thickness of peduncle	medium	medium	medium to thick	medium	medium	medium
Inflorescence: diameter Statistical Table	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large	medium to large
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Quest'	'Beaumont	, 'Grassland Challenge'	s 'Grassland Sustain'	s 'NuSiral'	'Wanaka'
			Chancinge	Sustain		
Leaflet: length (n Mean Std. Deviation LSD/sig	36.73 6.57 2.58	34.92 5.88 ns	35.14 6.58 ns	34.85 2.58 ns	22.85 2.58 P≤0.01	33.90 2.58 P≤0.01
Leaflet: width (m	,	20.62	20.12	20.12	26.07	26.71
Mean Std. Deviation	28.81 4.90	28.62 4.72	28.13 5.43	28.13 2.11	26.97 2.11	26.71 2.11
LSD/sig	2.11	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Inflorescence: flo	waring (days	from cowing	r)			
Mean	44.69	50.	41.37	48.73	32.56	52.19
Std. Deviation	9.70	8.24	8.95	4.79	4.79	4.79
LSD/sig	4.79	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Petiole: length (n	nm)					
Mean		174.10	146.15	154.27	128.39	141.24
Std. Deviation	55.71	8.24	53.18	21.96	21.96	21.96
LSD/sig	21.96	P≤0.01	ns	ns	P≤0.01	ns
Petiole: width (m	m)					
Mean	2.00	2.08	2.11	2.07	1.87	1.97
Std. Deviation	0.43	0.34	0.54	0.16	0.16	0.16
LSD/sig	0.16	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Stolon: width (m						
Mean	3.13	3.07	3.24	3.16	3.09	3.23
Std. Deviation	0.49	0.41	0.54	0.18	0.18	0.18
LSD/sig	0.49	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
			113	113	113	113
Storon. Internoue	_		26.61	27.22	41.00	24.44
Mean Std. Davistion	34.77	33.84	36.61	37.32	41.82	34.44
Std. Deviation LSD/sig	10.84 4.24	9.52	10.64	4.24	4.24 P≤0.01	4.24
		ns	ns	ns	1 _0.01	ns
reduncie, lengin		07/4 01	14615	252.05	200.00	220.16
Mean	245.19	276.21	146.15	252.06	208.89	239.16

Std. Deviation LSD/sig	63.92 23.11	57.35 P≤0.01	52.62 ns	23.11 ns	23.11 P≤0.01	23.11 ns
Peduncle: wid	lth (mm)					
Mean	2.33	2.38	2.37	2.29	2.29	2.34
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.29	0.36	0.15	0.15	0.15
LSD/sig	0.15	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Inflorescence:	diameter (mr	n)				
Mean	6.56	6.53	7.01	6.98	7.29	6.96
Std. Deviation	1.22	1.40	1.22	0.74	0.74	0.74
LSD/sig	0.74	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns

Prior Applications and Sales

Country	Year	Current Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2003	Granted	'Quest'

First sold in Australia in Apr 2006.

Description: $\textbf{Jeff E. Miller, ,} \ \text{Palmerston North, New Zealand.}$

Details of Application

Application Number
Variety Name
Genus Species
Common Name
Synonym
Accepted Date

2007/180

'DECEMBER'
Picea glauca
White Spurce
Xmas Star
27 Aug 2007

ApplicantDick Scholten, Boskoop, The NetherlandsAgentCoolwyn Nurseries Pty Ltd, Monbulk, VIC

Qualified Person Christopher Prescott

Details of Comparative Trial

Location 29 Victoria Avenue, Monbulk, VIC (Latitude 37°52'46.07 **Descriptor** General Descriptor (for plant varieties with no descriptor

available) PBR GEN DES.

Period Jul 2007 – Jan 2009.

Conditions Plants of both 'December' and 'Albertiana conica' were

planted in 250mm pots of a pine bark mix with slow release fertiliser and kept at the same premises for the period of the trial in optimum conditions including watering regime,

disease control and plant management.

Trial Design 10 plants of both 'December' and 'Albertiana Conica' were

selected at random from a much larger sample and placed in

varietal blocks.

Measurements Taken at random.

RHS Chart - edition 2007.

Origin and Breeding

Spontaneous mutation: 'December' was observed by Dick Scholton at his property in Boskoop, the Netherlands within a population of 'Albertiana Conica' in 1995. Branch cuttings were made in 1995. From these plants further cuttings were taken each year and demonstrated uniformity with no off-types observed.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	group	dwarf
Plant	growth habit	erect
Leaf	attitude	erect
Leaf	shape	linear
Leaf	green colour	medium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

TIZODE DIZIZIONI	· willest of committee (· cla)
Name	Comments

^{&#}x27;Albertiana Conica'

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded	Varieties of	Common I	Knowledge	identified and	d subsear	uentlv excluded
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Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Express	sion in State of Expression in
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Vari	ety Comparator Variety
Picea glauca	Plant	group	dwarf	tree

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'DECEMBER'	'Albertiana Conica'
	Plant: group	dwarf	dwarf
	Plant: growth habit	erect	erect
	Plant: size	very small to small	very small
V	Plant: height	very short to short	very short
V	Plant: width	narrow	very narrow
	Leaf: leaf type	simple	simple
	Leaf: size	very small	very small
	Leaf: attitude	erect	erect
	Leaf: arrangement	pseudo-whorled	pseudo-whorled
	Leaf: length of blade	very short	very short
	Leaf: width of blade	very narrow	very narrow
	Leaf: shape	linear	linear
	Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
	Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	143A	143A

Statistical Table

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DECEMBER'	'Albertiana Conica'
Plant: width (cm)		
Mean	27.55	18.39
Std. Deviation	2.08	1.96
LSD/sig	2.30	P≤0.01
Plant: height (cm)		
Mean	49.30	27.03
Std. Deviation	2.29	3.05
SD/sig	3.40	P≤0.01

Prior Applications and Sales

CountryYearCurrent StatusName AppliedEU2003Granted'December'

First sold in The Netherlands in Dec 2004.

Description: Christopher Prescott, Clyde, VIC.

Details of Application

Application Number 2007/140

Variety Name 'FLOCHRDEF'

Genus Species Chrysocephalum apiculatum

Common Name Yellow Buttons

Synonym Nil

Accepted Date 17 Jun 2007

Applicant Floreta Intellectual Property Pty Ltd as Trustee for the

Chrysocephalum Trust, Capalaba, QLD

Agent Nil

Qualified Person Kerry Bunker

Details of Comparative Trial

Location Redland Bay, QLD.

Descriptor Chrysocephalum (*apiculatum*) PBR CHRY.

Period

Conditions Single rooted cuttings were grown in 205mm squat pots in

full sun, hail cloth protection, unpinched, no growth regulators applied. Plant measurements taken at 20 weeks

from propagation.

Trial Design Randomised block design with 25 replicates of each variety.

Measurements From all trial plants **RHS Chart - edition** 2007 (5th edition)

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: the new variety arose from the open pollination of proprietary selection 02-47 with proprietary selections 01-11 and 01-13 in Aug 2002. Plants were placed together in isolation, inflorescences were tagged prior to the commencement of anthesis and covered once anthesis of all the florets on the capitulum had occurred. Seed was collected in Sep 2002, dried and subsequently sown. The seedling 'FLOCHRDEF' was selected from these seedlings and the first asexual reproduction of the new variety occurred in Aug 2003. Horticultural examination of controlled flowerings of successive plantings has shown that the unique combination of characteristics of the new cultivar are firmly fixed and are retained through successive generations of asexual reproduction. Breeder: Dr Kerry Bunker, Redlands Bay, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	colour	grey green or silver
Leaf	width	medium
Leaf	pubescence on lower	strong
	side	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

viost Sillillai Valle	ties of Common Knowledge Identified (VCK)
Name	Comments
'FLOCHRYEL'	Also known as Flambe Yellow, and patented in the United States.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety
C. apiculatum from SGAP QLD identified as 06-004		size	medium	large
C. apiculatum from SGAP QLD identified as 06-001		size	medium	large
<i>C. apiculatum</i> from Melbourne identified as 03-104		number of racemes per plant	very many	few

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'FLOCHRDEF'	'FLOCHRYEL'
	Plant: growth habit	upright	upright
	Plant: height (base to tip of flowering shoot)	short	short
	Stem: pubescence	strong	strong
ster	Leaf: length (leaf taken from lower third of flowering m)	medium	medium
	Leaf: width (leaf taken from lower third of flowering stem)	medium	medium
~	Leaf: profile in cross section	concave	flat
~	Leaf: shape (leaf taken from lower third of flowering stem)	spatulate	oblanceolate
V	Leaf: foliage colour (including pubescence)	grey green	silvery green
(RF	Leaf: leaf colour of upper side (including pubescence) HS colour chart)	137A	191A
□ pub	Leaf: mature leaf colour of lower side (including bescence) (RHS colour chart)	194A	194A
~	Leaf blade: pubescence on upper side	medium	strong
	Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	strong	strong
	Flowering stem: number of branches	medium (101- 150)	medium (101- 150)
~	Flowering stem: arrangement of capitula	single loose cluster	multiple loose cluster
V	Flowering stem: number of capitula per cluster	medium (11-20)	many (>20)
V	Cluster: length	long (>8 - 10cm)	short (<5cm)
	Capitulum: diameter (including involucral bracts)	medium	medium
	Capitulum: diameter (excluding involucral bracts)	medium	medium
cole	Capitulum: main colour of disc (at full anthesis) (RHS our chart)	17A	14A

Prior Applications and Sales
Country Year Name Applied 'FLOCHRDEF' **Current Status** EU 2007 Applied

First sold in Germany in Feb 2007.

Description: Kerry Bunker, Redlands bay, QLD.

GRANTS

Ananas comosus Pineapple

'Aus-Carnival'

Application No: 2007/036 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3631 Expiry Date: 21October 2028.

'Aus-Jubilee' syn Jubilee

Application No: 2005/353: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries

and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3633 Expiry Date: 21October 2028.

Anigozanthos hybrid Kangaroo Paw

'Regal Velvet'

Application No: 2006/012 Grantee: **George A Lullfitz**, Certificate No: 3669 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2028. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Richmond, NSW.

Avena sativa

Oats

'Monty'

Application No: 2007/150 Grantee: New Zealand Institute for Crop & Food Research Limited, ,.

Certificate No: 3640 Expiry Date: 19 November, 2028. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd,** Howlong, NSW.

Brassica napus

Canola

'Argyle'

Application No: 2007/058 Grantee: Canola Breeders Western Australia Pty Ltd, Shenton Park,

WA.

Certificate No: 3626 Expiry Date: 8 October, 2028.

Chloris gayana Rhodes Grass

'KP4'

Application No: 2006/189 Grantee: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary

Industries and Fisheries, Brisbane, QLD.

Certificate No: 3661 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Chlorophytum comosum Spider Plant, Ribbon Plant

'Ocean'

Application No: 2007/146 Grantee: **Koning Smit IPR S.A.** Certificate No: 3647 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2028. Agent: **Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd,** Tuggerah, NSW.

Dianella caerulea Blue Flax-Lily

'DC101'

Application No: 2006/182 Grantee: **Craig Waters**. Certificate No: 3682 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2028.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

'DC150'

Application No: 2006/181 Grantee: **Craig Waters.** Certificate No: 3683 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2028.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Dianella tasmanica

Flax lily

'Little Devil'

Application No: 2005/300 Grantee: Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Certificate No: 3650 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'Rainbow'

Application No: 2005/249 Grantee: Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Certificate No: 3658 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'Splice'

Application No: 2005/248 Grantee: Phillip Allen Dowling, Mt Gambier West, SA.

Certificate No: 3651 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'TAS100'

Application No: 2007/021 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3642 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2028.

'TAS300'

Application No: 2007/097 Grantee: Wyeena Nurseries Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3646 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2028.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Euphorbia hybrid Crown of Thorns

'EU4'[⊕]

Application No: 2007/230 Grantee: **Darwin Plant Wholesalers**, Winnellie, NT.

Certificate No: 3653 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Hordeum vulgare

Barley

'Vertess'

Application No: 2005/326 Grantee: University of Tasmania and The Crown in Right of the State of Tasmania through the Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment, Kings

Meadows, TAS.

Certificate No: 3634 Expiry Date: 27 October, 2028.

Lolium multiflorum Italian Ryegrass

'Warrior'

Application No: 2003/110 Grantee: Grasslanz Technology Limited.

Certificate No: 3652 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Agent: Griffith Hack, Brisbane,, QLD.

Lomandra hystrix Spiny Headed Mat Rush

'LHBYF'

Application No: 2006/270 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3644 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2028.

'LHCOM'

Application No: 2006/088 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3643 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2028.

Mangifera indica

Mango

'Minijac'

Application No: 2000/301 Grantee: Herminia and Jacinto Lay, Darwin, NT.

Certificate No: 3625 Expiry Date: 8 October, 2033.

Medicago truncatula x Medicago littoralis

Barrel Medic

'Cheetah'

Application No: 2007/195 Grantee: Pristine Forage Technologies Ptv Ltd, Daw Park ,SA..

Certificate No: 3637 Expiry Date: 27 October, 2028.

'Lvnx'

Application No: 2007/194 Grantee: Pristine Forage Technologies Pty Ltd, Daw Park ,SA..

Certificate No: 3636 Expiry Date: 27 October, 2028.

Mimusops elengi Spanish Cherry

'Street Snow'

Application No: 2001/229 Grantee: Darwin Plant Wholesalers, Winnellie, NT.

Certificate No: 3627 Expiry Date: 14 October, 2033.

Paspalum vaginatum Seashore Paspalum

'SI98' syn Sea Isle Supreme

Application No: 2008/073 Grantee: University of Georgia Research Foundation, Inc.

Certificate No: 3648 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Agent: State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries,

Brisbane, QLD.

'SDX-1'

Application No: 2006/160 Grantee: SFR Holding Company Inc,.

Certificate No: 3660 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Agent: Gai Kapernick, Chatsworth, QLD.

Philotheca myoporoides

Long Leaved Waxflower Eriostemon

'Bournda Gold'

Application No: 2005/072 Grantee: Lystare Pty Ltd trading as Bournda Plants,

Certificate No: 3630 Expiry Date: 15 October, 2028.

Agent: Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Phormium cookianum New Zealand Mountain Flax

'Storm Edition'

Application No: 2007/260 Grantee: Greenhills Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Certificate No: 3635 Expiry Date: 27 October, 2028.

Pisum sativum Field Pea

'Bundi'

Application No: 2006/026 Grantee: Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd Attwood,, VIC and

Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton. ACT.

Certificate No: 3632 Expiry Date: 21 October 2028.

Prunus hybrid Interspecific Plum

'Black Kat'

Application No: 2003/375 Grantee: **Zaiger's Inc. Genetics**. Certificate No: 3641 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2033.

Agent: Fleming's Nurseries & Associates Pty Ltd, MONBULK, VIC.

Prunus salicina Japanese Plum

'Suplumtwentyfour' syn SP24^(b)

Application No: 2006/163 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3671 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2033. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

'Suplumtwentytwo' syn SP22^(b)

Application No: 2006/161 Grantee: Sun World International, LLC.

Certificate No: 3670 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2033. Agent: **Sun World Australasia**, Oberon, NSW.

Rosa hybrid Rose

'FRYcentury'^(†) syn **Daybreaker**^(†)

Application No: 2007/077 Grantee: **Gareth Fryer**. Certificate No: 3675 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACepirt'

Application No: 2007/074 Grantee: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Certificate No: 3674 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACthain' syn Tuscan Sun

Application No: 2007/070 Grantee: Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Certificate No: 3672 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'JACtourn'

Application No: 2007/072 Jackson & Perkins Wholesale, Inc.

Certificate No: 3673 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'Krilloween'

Application No: 2006/042 Grantee: Lux Riviera S.r.l. Certificate No: 3668 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2028. Agent: Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd, Skye, VIC.

'Lexletacsum'

Application No: 2006/225 Grantee: Lex Voorn Rozenveredeling.

Certificate No: 3667 Expiry Date: 17 December, 2028. Agent: **Grandiflora Nurseries Pty Ltd,** Skye, VIC.

'NOA83100B'

Application No: 2006/125 Grantee: **Reinhard Noack**. Certificate No: 3659 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028. Agent: **Flower Carpet Pty Ltd,** Silvan, VIC.

'WEKbecfoj' syn **Soaring Spirits**

Application No: 2007/079 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Certificate No: 3677 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKhilpurnil' syn Neptune

Application No: 2007/080 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Certificate No: 3678 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKosupalz' syn **About Face**

Application No: 2007/084 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Certificate No: 3680 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKsunvoye'^(↑) syn Sunstruck^(↑)

Application No: 2007/078 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Certificate No: 3676 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

'WEKsproulses' syn **Honey Dijon**

Application No: 2007/081 Grantee: Weeks Wholesale Rose Grower Inc.

Certificate No: 3679 Expiry Date: 18 December, 2028.

Agent: Swane's Nurseries Australia Pty Limited, Dural, NSW.

Rubus idaeus Raspberry

'Cardinal'

Application No: 2003/339 Grantee: Driscoll Strawberry Associates, Inc,

Certificate No: 3629 Expiry Date: 13 October, 2028. Agent: **Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick,** Melbourne, VIC.

Salvia hybrid Sage

'Heatwave Blaze'

Application No: 2007/059 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3639 Expiry Date: 17 November, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

'Heatwave Sizzle'

Application No: 2007/060 Grantee: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd.

Certificate No: 3638 Expiry Date: 17 November, 2028.

Agent: Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS.

Saccharum hybrid Sugarcane

'Q234'^(b)

Application No: 2007/220 Grantee: BSES Limited, Indooroopilly, QLD.

Certificate No: 3681 Expiry Date: 20 December, 2028.

Syzygium smithii Small Leaf Lilly Pilly

'Sunrise'

Application No: 2006/298 Grantee: Wirreanda Nursery, Ingleside, NSW.

Certificate No: 3628 Expiry Date: 14 October, 2028.

Syzygium australe Lilly Pilly

'AATS'®

Application No: 2006/127 Grantee: **John Crump**. Certificate No: 3645 Expiry Date: 2 December, 2033.

Agent: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Vaccinium hybrid

Southern Highbush Blueberry

'C95-12'[⊕]

Application No: 2007/271 Grantee: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd),

Range Rd, NSW.

Certificate No: 3664 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'С95-115'Ф

Application No: 2007/270 Grantee: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd,

NSW.

Certificate No: 3663 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'C00-09'

Application No: 2007/269 Grantee: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd,

NSW.

Certificate No: 3662 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'С01-43'^Ф

Application No: 2007/272 Grantee: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd,

NSW.

Certificate No: 3665 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'C97-41'[⊕]

Application No: 2007/273 Grantee: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd,

NSW.

Certificate No: 3666 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'Springhigh'

Application No: 2007/263 Grantee: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc.

Certificate No: 3656 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd, NSW.

'FL92-84'

Application No: 2007/266 Grantee: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc.

Certificate No: 3657 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd, NSW.

'Sweetcrisp'

Application No: 2007/262 Grantee: Florida Foundation Seed Producers, Inc.

Certificate No: 3655 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Agent: BerryExchange (a division of CostaExchange Ltd), Range Rd, NSW.

Zoysia macrantha

Prickly Couch Coast Couch

'A-1'[⊕]

Application No: 2008/091 Grantee: GeneGro Ptv Ltd, Alexandra Hills, OLD.

Certificate No: 3649 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

'MAC03' syn Nara

Application No: 2007/275 Grantee: Ozbreed Pty Ltd, Richmond, NSW.

Certificate No: 3654 Expiry Date: 16 December, 2028.

Denomination/Synonym Changed								
Application No	Туре	GENUS	SPECIES	VARIETY	SYNONM	Changed From	Changed To	Common name
2007/301	Denomination	Actinotus	helianthi	White Romance		Shooting-Star	White Romance	Flannel Flower
2008/126	Denomination	Lomandra	longifolia	LL164		LI 164	LL164	Spiny Headed Mat Rush
2005/344	Denomination	Medicago	sativa	ALA Pegasis		Pegasis	ALA Pegasis	Lucerne
2007/319	Denomination	Olea	europaea	Sikitita		Chiquitita	Sikitita	Olive
2008/201	Denomination	Petunia	hybrida	Kirimaji Double BlueVelvet		Kirimaji Double Blue Velvet	Kirimaji Double BlueVelvet	Petunia
2004/289	Denomination	Triticum	aestivum	Livingston		SUN389A	Livingston	Wheat
2008/353	Synonym	Aloe	hybrid	LEO 1730	Southern Cross		Southern Cross	Aloe
2008/351	Synonym	Aloe	hybrid	LEO 3676B	Copper Shower		Copper Shower	Aloe
2008/355	Synonym	Aloe	hybrid	LEO 4120	Topaz		Topaz	Aloe
2008/352	Synonym	Aloe	hybrid	LEO 4325	Diana		Diana	Aloe
2008/354	Synonym	Aloe	hybrid	LEO 8547	Gemini		Gemini	Aloe
2008/168	Synonym	Argyranthemum	frutescens	BONMADCINK	Pink Crested	Pink Double	Pink Crested	Marguerite Daisy
2008/170	Synonym	Argyranthemum	frutescens	BONMADCREL	Yellow Crested	Yellow Double	Yellow Crested	Marguerite Daisy

Assignment of Rights

						Common
APPLINUM	Changed From	Changed To	Genus	Species	Variety	Name
	RJ &ML Pty	Turf Management Pty			Riley's Super	
1995/127	Limited	Limited	Cynodon	dactylon	Sport	Couchgrass
	RJ &ML Pty	Turf Management Pty				
1998/053	Limited	Limited	Cynodon	dactylon	Riley's Evergreen	Couchgrass
	Austem Group	Goldsash Corporation				
1998/249	Pty Ltd	Pty Ltd.	Chamelaucium	uncinatum	Dancing Queen	Waxflower
	Austem Group	Goldsash Corporation				
1998/250	Pty Ltd	Pty Ltd.	Chamelaucium	hybrid	My Sweet Sixteen	Waxflower
		Progressive Seeds Pty				
1995/136	CSIRO	Ltd.	Digitaria	milianjiana	Strickland	Digitaria
		Progressive Seeds Pty				
1997/052	CSIRO	Ltd.	Uruchloa	mosambicensis	Saraji	Urochloa
	Value Added					
	Wheat CRC					
2005/342	Limited	University of Sydney	xTriticosecale		Breakwell	Triticale
	Value Added					
	Wheat CRC					
2008/043	Limited	University of Sydney	x Triticosecale		Endeavour	Triticale
	Value Added					
	Wheat CRC					
2008/044	Limited	University of Sydney	x Triticosecale		Tobruk	Triticale
	Value Added					
	Wheat CRC	George Weston Foods				
2004/253	Limited	Limited	Triticum	aestivum	VAW51	Wheat
2004/254	Value Added	George Weston Foods	Triticum	aestivum	VAW59	Wheat

	Wheat CRC	Limited				
	Limited					
	Value Added					
	Wheat CRC	George Weston Foods				
2004/255	Limited	Limited	Triticum	aestivum	VAW64	Wheat
	Value Added	Allied Mills Australia				
	Wheat CRC	Pty Ltd, Arnotts Biscuits				
2001/304	Limited	Ltd.	Triticum	aestivum	QAL2000	Wheat
	Value Added	Allied Mills Australia				
	Wheat CRC	Pty Ltd, Arnotts Biscuits				
2002/181	Limited	Ltd.	Triticum	aestivum	QALBis	Wheat
	Value Added	Allied Mills Australia				
	Wheat CRC	Pty Ltd, Arnotts Biscuits				
2006/291	Limited	Ltd.	Triticum	aestivum	QAL1064	Wheat
	Value Added	Allied Mills Australia				
	Wheat CRC	Pty Ltd, Arnotts Biscuits				
2006/292	Limited	Ltd.	Triticum	aestivum	QAL3362	Wheat
	Value Added	Allied Mills Australia				
	Wheat CRC	Pty Ltd, Arnotts Biscuits				
2008/045	Limited	Ltd.	Triticum	aestivum	QAL51021	Wheat

Change of A	Agent						
Application No.	Variety	Genus	Species	Synonym	Common Name	Changed From	Changed To
2007/337	Konevotio	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
1994/191	ARUBA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
2003/058	Kano	Lolium	multiflorum		Italian Ryegrass	Duncan Cotterill	Cropmark Seeds Australia Pty Limited
2001/206	Matrix	Lolium	hybrid		Hybrid ryegrass	Duncan Cotterill David Nichols - postal address for service	Cropmark Seeds Australia Pty Limited Ball Australia- postal address for
2008/033	Konratus	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2008/116	Early Cripps Pink	Malus	domestica		Apple		W F Montague PTY LTD
2004/009	Kofuji	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2007/336	Konpulse	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2006/084	Konimpa	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2004/124	Konovatio	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
1999/365	Jamaica	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
1996/013	VIENNA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
2004/125	Kogoa	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2002/096	Napoli	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.

2006/080	Konsirak	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2006/081	Konzifer	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2006/082	Koncalga	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2006/083	Konsacram	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2002/097	Fuego	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
2008/032	Konamul	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
1999/367	Kodream	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Inca Dream	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding BV	Ball Australia- postal address for service of notice on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.
1989/091	PALOMA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1994/192	JAVA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1995/198	YELLOW LUNA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1998/031	Amazon	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Inca Spice	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1998/030	Delta	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Inca Salsa	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1993/112	SYDNEY	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV

1998/026	Soleil	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1998/032	Miami	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Carise Miami	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1998/034	Roma	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Pink Roma	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1993/267	ANDES	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1989/089	LA PAZ	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1989/093	SERENA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1989/092	WILHELMINA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1996/006	IBIZA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1996/007	587B	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1996/008	583 JA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1998/194	Komolight	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Inca Moonlight	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1993/268	COBRA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1993/266	MINERVA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV

1998/192	Mini Bell	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Inca Blaze	Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV
1995/062	FRANCIS	Ficus	benjamina	FRANCIS GOLDSTAR	Weeping Fig	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	Futura Promotions Pty Ltd
1991/063	SANGRIA	Alstroemeria	hybrid		Peruvian Lily	David Nichols - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Breeding B.V.	Ball Australia - postal address for the service of notices on the applicant Konst Alstremeria BV

Change of Applicants Name

Changed From	Changed To	Application No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety
International Malting Australia	Malteurop Australia Pty Ltd	2007/159	Hordeum	vulgare	Barley	Fairview
State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, Northern Territory of Australia rep by the Department of Primary Industry, Fisheries and Mines, State of WA through its Department of Agriculture and Food	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, The Northern Territory of Australia through its Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources, Western Australian Agricultural Authority	2005/276	Mangifera	indica	Mango	NMBP4069
State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, Northern Territory of Australia rep by the Department of Primary Industry, Fisheries and Mines, State of WA through its Department of Agriculture and Food	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, The Northern Territory of Australia through its Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources, Western Australian Agricultural Authority	2008/250	Mangifera	indica	Mango	NMBP1201
State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, Northern Territory of Australia rep by the Department of Primary Industry, Fisheries and Mines, State of WA through its Department of Agriculture and Food	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, The Northern Territory of Australia through its Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources, Western Australian Agricultural Authority	2005/271	53 0Mün géfera	indica	Mango	NMBP4055

State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, Northern Territory of Australia rep by the Department of Primary Industry, Fisheries and Mines, State of WA through its Department of Agriculture and Food	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, The Northern Territory of Australia through its Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources, Western Australian Agricultural Authority	2005/273	Mangifera	indica	Mango	NMBP9018
State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, Northern Territory of Australia rep by the Department of Primary Industry, Fisheries and Mines, State of WA through its Department of Agriculture and Food	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, The Northern Territory of Australia through its Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources, Western Australian Agricultural Authority	2005/275	Mangifera	indica	Mango	NMBP1243
State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, Northern Territory of Australia rep by the Department of Primary Industry, Fisheries and Mines, State of WA through its Department of Agriculture and Food	State of Queensland through its Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, CSIRO, The Northern Territory of Australia through its Department of Regional Development, Primary Industry, Fisheries and Resources, Western Australian Agricultural Authority	2005/274	Mangifera	indica	Mango	NMBP1259

Withdrawn

The following varieties are no longer under provisional PBR protection

Application No.	GENUS	SPECIES	Common name	VARIETY	SYNONM
2004/023	Brassica	napus	Canola	44C11	BINONI
2007/255	Correa	reflexa	Native Fuchsia	Multi Bella	
2000/035	Daucus	carota	Carrot	BetaKing	
2007/135	Dianella	longifolia	Smooth Flax-Lily	AU22	
2007/276	Euphorbia	characias	Spurge	Tasmanian Tiger	
2000/231	Malus	domestica	Apple	Snyder	
2005/272	Mangifera	indica	Mango	NMBP4046	
2004/100	Osteospermum	ecklonis	Cape Daisy	Akope	Orania Peach
2004/097	Osteospermum	ecklonis	Cape Daisy	Akream	Orania Cream
2000/308	Osteospermum	ecklonis	Cape Daisy	Aksinto	
2004/098	Osteospermum	ecklonis	Cape Daisy	Akterra	
2000/307	Osteospermum	ecklonis	Cape Daisy	Bamba	
2000/305	Osteospermum	ecklonis	Cape Daisy	Beira	
2005/117	Pelargonium	peltatum	Ivy Pelargonium	KLEP02038	Royal Barolo
2005/118	Pelargonium	zonale	Zonal Pelargonium	KLETARINE	
2007/169	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Crown Princess Mary	Tomroyal
2007/280	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Poulcs010	
2007/279	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Poulcs012	
2007/277	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Poultc004	
2007/278	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Poultw003	
2007/042	Stenotaphrum	secundatum	Buffalo Grass	Aussie-Gold	Strike-of- Gold
1996/202	Vicia	ervilia	Bitter Vetch	CAZAR	
1998/115	Vitis	vinifera	Grape	Ribarits Red Seedless	
2007/306	Brassica	napus	Canola	Statesman TT	
2008/052	Argyranthemum	hybrid		Supa606	Surfer Girl
2007/031	Echinacea	purpurea		Little Giant	

Application Rejected							
Application No.	GENUS	SPECIES	VARIETY	Common name			
				Crispy Birds Nest			
2006/158	Asplenium	australasicum	Name to be advised	Fern			

Grants Surrendered

The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection

Application No.	GENUS	SPECIES	VARIETY	SYNONM	Common name
1997/253	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Stalauli	Laura	Peruvian Lily
1997/061	Anigozanthos	hybrid	Bush Garnet		Kangaroo Paw
2003/141	Anthurium	andraeanum	Tender Love		Flamingo Flower
2001/243	Anthurium	hybrid	Atwenty	SmallTalk Salmon	Flamingo Flower
2003/157	Arctotis	hybrid	Silverdust Glow		African Daisy
2004/106	Argyranthemum	frutescens	OHAR 01241	Monte	Marguerite Daisy
2004/109	Argyranthemum	frutescens	OHAR 01245	Machio	Marguerite Daisy
2004/108	Argyranthemum	frutescens	OHAR 0132	Porto Santo	Marguerite Daisy
1992/167	Boronia	heterophylla	JUST MARGARET		Red Boronia
2004/086	Brassica	napus	Skipton		Canola
1993/164	Cenchrus	ciliaris	BELLA		Buffel Grass
1993/165	Cenchrus	ciliaris	VIVA		Buffel Grass
2004/016	Citrullus	lanatus	SP-1		Watermelon
1989/006	Citrus	sinensis	Powell Summer Navel		Sweet Orange
1989/071	Fragaria	hybrid	OSO GRANDE		Strawberry
1997/256	Fragaria	Xananassa	Maroochy Flame		Strawberry
2003/111	Fragaria	Xananassa	QHI Brighteyes		Strawberry
1988/037	Glycine	max	MANARK		Soybean
2004/050	Impatiens	hawkeri	Kiadime		New Guinea Impatiens
2004/051	Impatiens	hawkeri	Kidomia		New Guinea Impatiens
2004/048	Impatiens	hawkeri	Kiilia		New Guinea Impatiens
2004/052	Impatiens	hawkeri	Kioma		New Guinea Impatiens
2004/049	Impatiens	hawkeri	Kiotoa		New Guinea Impatiens
2004/047	Impatiens	hawkeri	Kiquilla		New Guinea Impatiens
1998/106	Lablab	purpureus	ENDURANCE		Lablab Bean
1997/185	Lavandula	hybrid	BELLA BAMBINA		Italian Lavender
1998/153	Lavandula	stoechas ssp	Tickled Pink		Lavender

		luisieri			
2004/144	Lilium	hybrid	Chili		Lily
2001/283	Lilium	hybrid	Laguna		Lily
2004/148	Lilium	hybrid	Valparaiso		Lily
2003/246	Osteospermum	fruticosum	Kakegawa AU1	White Mist	Cape Daisy
2003/248	Osteospermum	fruticosum	Kakegawa AU3	Purple Mist	Cape Daisy
2000/133	Pelargonium	peltatum	Kleblue	Royal Blue	Ivy Pelargonium
2000/134	Pelargonium	peltatum	Klegatta	Regatta	Ivy Pelargonium
2000/135	Pelargonium	peltatum	Klepacif	Pacifique	Ivy Pelargonium
2001/339	Pelargonium	peltatum	Kleroder	Royal Red	Ivy Pelargonium
2001/338	Pelargonium	peltatum	Kleropur	Royal Purple	Ivy Pelargonium
2000/131	Pelargonium	zonale	Klecona	Arcona 2000	Zonal Pelargonium
2001/340	Pelargonium	zonale	Klejana	Eroica 2000	Zonal Pelargonium
2000/128	Pelargonium	zonale	Klelad	Lady	Zonal Pelargonium
2000/129	Pelargonium	zonale	Klelesmo	Lesmona	Zonal Pelargonium
2000/132	Pelargonium	zonale	Klesail	Sailing	Zonal Pelargonium
2000/130	Pelargonium	zonale	Klesectra	Ecco Extra	Zonal Pelargonium
2003/081	Philotheca	myoporoides	Moon Shadow		Long Leaved Waxflower
1999/227	Pisum	sativum	Cooke		Field Pea
1996/067	Rosa	hybrid	JUMPIN'JACK	JACPAT	Rose
1994/092	Rosa	hybrid	KORBACOL	TEXAS	Rose
1994/093	Rosa	hybrid	KORCILMO	ESCIMO	Rose
1997/206	Rosa	hybrid	KORHOCO	VITAL	Rose
1997/203	Rosa	hybrid	KORSULAS	LIMONA	Rose
2000/204	Rosa	hybrid	Ruiroskee	Sweet Unique	Rose
2002/336	Rosa	hybrid	Seliron	-	Rose
1994/097	Telopea	speciosissima	FIRE AND BRIMSTONE		Waratah
2000/243	Verbena	Xhybrida	Balazdapu		Verbena
2003/128	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Lips		Calla Lily
2003/127	Zantedeschia	hybrid	Hot Salmon		Calla Lily
2005/146	Calibrachoa	hybrid	Balcabpink		Calibrachoa

Expirations of Grant the following variety is no longer under PBR protection:

Application No.	GENUS	SPECIES	VARIETY	SYNONM	Common name
1988/028	Brassica	napus	HOBSON		Canola

Corrigenda

The botanical epithet for the following varieties has been amended from *Lavandula* stoechas to *Lavandula* hybrid due to recent evidence that suggests their putative hybrid origins are from *L. viridis* and *L. stoechas* or *L. pedunculata*.

APPLIC. NO.	VARIETY
2001/320	Bee Bold
1999/259	BEE BRIGHT
1999/260	BEE BRILLIANT
1999/262	BEE COOL
1997/184	BEE DAZZLE
2002/255	Bee Fantastic
1999/261	BEE HAPPY
2002/140	Bee Pretty
2001/321	Bee Sweet
1997/185	Bella Bambina
1999/258	BELLA MAUVE
2002/256	Bella Musk
1999/256	BELLA PINK
1999/257	BELLA PURPLE
1999/255	Bella White
2002/257	Bellaros
2005/311	Bellav
2005/312	Cocdap



Part 3 Appendices

The appendices to *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 21 Issue 4) are listed below:

- Home
- Appendix 1 Fees
- Appendix 2 Plant Breeder's Rights Advisory Committee
- Appendix 3 Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'
- Appendix 5 Addresses of UPOV and Member States
- Appendix 6 Centralised Testing Centres
- Appendix 7 List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes
- Appendix 8 Register of Plant Varieties

APPENDIX 1

FEES

Two fee structures exist as a result of the transition from Plant Variety Rights to Plant Breeders Rights. For new applications (those lodged on or after 11 November 1994) the PBR fees apply. For older applications lodged before 11 November 1994 and not finally disposed of (Granted, Withdrawn, Refused etc.) the PVR fees in force at the time apply.

The Treasurer has determined that all statutory fees under PBR regulations will be exempted from GST.

Payment of Fees

All cheques for fees should be made payable and sent to:

Collector of Public Monies C/-Plant Breeders Rights Office, IP Australia GPO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606

The **application fee** (\$300) must accompany the application at the time of lodgement.

Consequences of not paying fees when due

Application fee

Should an application not be accompanied by the prescribed application fee the application will be deemed to be 'non-valid' and neither assigned an application number nor examined for acceptance pending the payment of the fee.

Examination fee

Non-payment of the examination fee of an application will automatically result, at the end of 12 months from the date of acceptance¹, in a refusal of the application. The consequences of refusal are the same as for applications deemed to be inactive (see 'inactive applications' below).

Consideration of a request for an extension of the period of provisional protection from the initial 12-month period may require the prior payment of the examination fee.

Certificate fee

Following the successful completion of the examination, including the public notice period, the applicant will be required and invoiced to pay the certification fee. Payment of the certification fee is a prerequisite to granting PBR and issuing the official certificate by the PBR office. Failure to pay the fee may result in a refusal to grant PBR.

Annual fee

Should an annual renewal fee not be paid within 30 days after the due date, the grant of PBR will be revoked under Section 50 of the PBR Act. To assist grantees, the PBR office will invoice grantees or their Australian agents for renewal fees.

Inactive applications

An application will be deemed inactive if, after 24 months of provisional protection (or 12 months in the case of non-payment of the examination fee) the PBR Office has not received a completed application or has not been advised to proceed with the examination or an extension of provisional protection has not been requested or not granted or a certificate fee has not been paid. Inactive applications will be examined and, should they not fully comply with Section 44 of the PBR Act 1994, they will be refused. As a result provisional protection will lapse, priority claims on that variety will be

¹ The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine. Contact the PBR Office for further details.

lost and should the variety have been sold, it will be ineligible for plant breeders rights on reapplication. Continued use of labels or any other means to falsely imply that a variety is protected after the application has been refused is an offence under Section 75 of the Act.

FEES				
Basic Fees	Sc	hedule		
	A \$	В	C	D
Application	3 00	300	400	300
Examination - per application	1400	1200	1400	800
Certificate	300	300	250	300
Total Basic Fees	2000	1800	2050	1400
Annual Renewal - all applications	300			

Schedule

- A Single applications and applications based on an official overseas test reports.
- **B** Applicable when two or more Part 2 Applications are lodged simultaneously and the varieties are of the same genus and the examinations can be completed at one location at the same time.
- C Applications lodged under PVR (prior to 10th Nov 1994)
- D Applicable to 5 or more applications examined at an Accredited Centralised Testing Centre

Other Fees		
Variation to application(s) - per hour or part thereof	75	
Change of Assignment - per application	100	
Copy of an application (Part1 and/or Part2), an objection		
or a detailed description	50	
Copy of an entry in the Register	50	
Lodging an objection	100	
Annual subscription to Plant Varieties Journal	40	
Back issues of Plant Varieties Journal	14	
Administration - Other work relevant to PBR		
- per hour or part thereof	75	
Application for declaration of		
essential derivation	800	
Application for		
(a) revocation of a PBR	500	
(b) revocation of a declaration		
of essential derivation	500	
Compulsory licence	500	
Request under subsection 19(11) for exemption from		
public access - varieties with no direct use as a consumer	100	

Plant Breeders Rights Advisory Committee (PBRAC)

(Members of the PBRAC hold office in accordance with Section 85 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act* 1994.)

Committee Members

Member Representing Plant Breeders	Member Representing Plant Breeders
Dr Paul Brennan Rock Valley Post Office via Lismore 1201 Cawongla Rd LARNOOK NSW 2480	Dr Glenn Dale Saltgrow PO Box 575 ASHGROVE QLD 4060
Member Representing Users Vacant	Member Representing Consumers Ms Anne Pye PO Box 1538 MT BARKER SA 5251
Member Representing Conservation Interests Mr Bruce Lloyd Fairley downs 5250 Barmah-Shepparton Road TALLYGAROOPNA VIC 3634	Member Representing Indigenous Interests Mr John Collyer Worn Gundidj Aboriginal Cooperative PO Box 1134 Warrnambool VIC 3280
Member with Appropriate Qualifications Mr Benny Browne Griffith Hack 509 St Kilda Road MELBOURNE VIC 3004	Member with Appropriate Qualifications Professor Brad Sherman TC Beirne School of Law The University of Queensland ST LUCIA QLD 4072
Registrar (Chair) Mr Doug Waterhouse IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden ACT 2606	

APPENDIX 3 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following persons have been accredited by the PBR office based on information provided by these persons. From the information provided by the applicants, the PBR office believes that these people can fulfil the role of 'qualified person' in the application for plant breeder's rights. Neither accreditation nor publication of a name in the list of persons is an implicit recommendation of the person so listed. The PBR office cannot be held liable for damages that may arise from the omission or inclusion of a person's name in the list nor does it assume any responsibility for losses or damages arising from agreements entered into between applicants and any person in the list of accredited persons. Qualified persons charge a fee for services rendered.

A guide to the use of the index of consultants:

- locate in the left column of Table 1 the plant group for which you are applying;
- listed in the right column are the names of accredited qualified persons from which you can choose a consultant;
- in Table 2 find that consultant's name, telephone number and area in which they are willing to consult (they may consult outside the nominated area);
- using the "Nomination of Qualified Person" form as a guide, agree provisionally on the scope and terms of the consultancy; complete the form and attach it to Part 1 of the application form;
- when you are notified that your nomination of a consultant qualified person is acceptable in the letter of acceptance
 of your application for PBR you should again consult the qualified person when planning the rest of the application
 for PBR.

	TABLE 1
PLANT GROUP/SPECIES/FAMILY	CONSULTANT'S NAME (TELEPHONE AND AREA IN TABLE 2)
Actinidia	Lye, Colin
	Paananen, Ian
	Richards, Graeme
Agapanthus	Paananen, Ian
Almonds	Granger, Andrew
	Swinburn, Garth
Alstroemeria	Paananen, Ian
Ajuga	Paananen, Ian
Apple	Buchanan, Peter
	Cramond, Gregory
	Darmody, Liz
	Engel, Richard
	Fleming, Graham
	Langford, Garry
	Mackay, Alastair
	Malone, Michael
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Portman, Anthony
	Scholefield, Peter
	Tancred, Stephen
	Valentine, Bruce

Anigozanthos	Paananen, Ian Kirby, Greg
	Smith, Daniel
Anthurium	Paananen, Ian
Aroid	Harrison, Peter
Avocado	Lye, Colin
	Edwards, Arthur
	MacGregor, Alison
	Owen-Turner, John
	Parr, Wayne
	Swinburn, Garth
	Whiley, Tony
Azalea	Barrett, Mike
	Hempel, Maciej
	Paananen, Ian
Barley (Common)	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
	Khan, Akram
	Platz, Greg
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
Berry Fruit	Darmody, Liz
	Fleming, Graham
	Greer, Neil
	Scholefield, Peter
	Zorin, Margaret
Blackberry (Rubus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Blandfordia	Treverrow, Florence
Blueberry	Paananen, Ian
-	Scalzo, Jessica
	Zorin, Margaret
Bougainvillea	Iredell, Janet Willa
	Prince, John
Brachyscome	Paananen, Ian

Brassica	Bannan, Nathaniel Chequer, Robert Cooper, Kath Downes, Ross Easton, Andrew Fennell, John Gororo, Nelson Johnston, Evan Kadkol, Gururaj Laker, Richard Light, Kate McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Rudolph, Paul Sanders, Milton Saunders, James Scholefield, Peter Mouwen, Heidi Watson, Brigid Zadow, Diane
Brunia	Dunstone, Bob
Buddleia	Robb, John Paananen, Ian
Buffalo Grass	Paananen, Ian
Calibrachoa	Paananen, Ian
Camellia	Paananen, Ian Robb, John
Cannabis	Calabria, Patrick
Carnation/Dianthus	Paananen, Ian

Cereals	Bullen, Kenneth Collins, David Cook, Bruce Cooper, Kath Downes, Ross Fennell, John Hare, Raymond Harrison, Peter Henry, Robert J Johnston, Evan Khan, Akram Mitchell, Leslie Moore, Stephen Oates, John Platz, Greg Porter, Richard Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Roake, Jeremy Rose, John Saunders, James Scattini, Walter John Siedel, John Watson, Brigid Wilson, Frances
Cherry	Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Mackay, Alastair Mitchell, Leslie Pumpa, Lucy Scholefield, Peter
Chickpeas	Downes,Ross Collins, David Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Chrysanthemum	Paananen, Ian
Citrus	Calabria, Patrick Edwards, Arthur Lee, Slade MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Owen-Turner, John Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Sykes, Stephen Topp, Bruce
Clivia	Smith, Kenneth

Clover	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross James, Jennifer Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James Watson, Brigid
Cotton	Khan, Akram Leske, Richard
Cucurbits	Herrington, Mark McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil Scholefield, Peter Sykes, Stephen
Dianella	Paananen, Ian
Dogwood	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham
Echinacea	Paananen, Ian
Eucalyptus	Paananen, Ian
Euphorbia	Paananen, Ian
Feijoa	Parr, Wayne Scholefield, Peter
Fibre Crops	Gillespie, David Khan, Akram
Fig	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Parr, Wayne
Flower Bulbs	Verdegaal, John
Forage Brassicas	Goulden, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Forage Grasses	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Fennell, John Harrison, Peter Johnston, Evan Kirby, Greg Mitchell, Leslie Rhodes, Phil Smith, Kevin Watson, Brigid

Forage Legumes	Downes, Ross
	Fennell, John
	Foster, Kevin
	Harrison, Peter
	Hill, Jeff
	James, Jennifer
	Lake, Andrew
	Miller, Jeff
	Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James Siedel, John
	Siedel, John
Fruit	Cramond, Gregory
	Darmody, Liz
	Delaporte, Kate
	Fleming, Graham
	Gillespie, David
	Granger, Andrew
	Kennedy, Peter
	Lenoir, Roland
	McCarthy, Alec
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Parr, Wayne
	Portman, Sian
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter
Fuchsia	Paananen, Ian
Gerbera	Paananen, Ian
Gerbera Ginger	Paananen, Ian Smith, Mike
	Smith, Mike
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter
Ginger	Smith, Mike Whiley, Tony Burne, Peter Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Farquhar, Wayne Fleming, Graham Lee, Slade Lye, Colin MacGregor, Alison Mitchell, Leslie Paananen, Ian Parr, Wayne Porter, Richard Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel

Grevillea	Dunstone, Bob Herrington, Mark
	Paananen, Ian
Gypsophila	Paananen, Ian
Hardenbergia	Dunstone, Bob
Hops (Humulus sp)	Paananen, Ian
Hydrangea	Hanger, Brian
	Paananen, Ian
Impatiens	Paananen, Ian
Jojoba	Dunstone, Bob
Kalanchoe	Paananen, Ian
Lavender	Paananen, Ian
Legumes	Aberdeen, Ian
	Collins, David
	Cook, Bruce
	Cruickshank, Alan
	Downes, Ross
	Foster, Kevin
	Harrison, Peter
	Imrie, Bruce
	Kirby, Greg
	Khan, Akram
	Knights, Edmund
	Lake, Andrew
	Loch, Don
	Mitchell, Leslie
	Rhodes, Phil
	Rose, John
	Saunders, James
	Siedel, John
Lentils	Collins, David
Lentins	Downes, Ross
	Goulden, David
	Khan, Akram Porter, Richard
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	Saunders, James
Lilium	Paananen, Ian
Liriope	Paananen, Ian
Lomandra	Paananen, Ian

Lucerne	Bannan, Nathaniel Downes, Ross Johnston, Evan Lake, Andrew Mitchell, Leslie Nichols, Phillip Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Lupin	Collins, David Sanders, Milton Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Magnolia	Paananen, Ian
Mandevilla	Paananen, Ian
Mango	Lye, Colin Owen-Turner, John Mitchell, Leslie Parr, Wayne Whiley, Tony
Myrtaceae	Dunstone, Bob
Native grasses	Paananen, Ian Quinn, Patrick
Oat	Collins, David Downes, Ross Khan, Akram Platz, Greg Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Oilseed crops	Downes, Ross Poulsen, David Siedel, John Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James
Olives	Bazzani, Mr Luigi Granger, Andrew
Onions	Bannan, Nathaniel Fennell, John Khan, Akram Laker, Richard McMichael, Prue Scholefield, Peter Rhodes, Phil

Ornamentals - Exotic

Abell, Peter Armitage, Paul Angus, Tim Barth, Gail Collins, Ian Cunneen, Thomas Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Eggleton, Steve Fisk, Anne Marie Fleming, Graham Guy, Gareme Harrison, Dion Harrison, Peter Hempel, Maciej Johnston, Margaret Khan, Akram Kulkarni, Vinod Lamont, Greg Larkman, Clive Lenoir, Roland Lowe, Greg Lunghusen, Mark Marcsik, Doris McMichael, Prue Milne, Carolynn Mitchell, Hamish Mitchell, Leslie Oates, John O'Brien, Shaun Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Prince, John Robb, John Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Singh, Deo Smith, Daniel Stewart, Angus Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne Watkins, Phillip

Watkinson, Andrew

Ornamentals - Indigenou	S

Abell, Peter

Allen, Paul

Angus, Tim

Barrett, Mike

Barth, Gail

Cunneen, Thomas

Delaporte, Kate

Downes, Ross

Eggleton, Steve

Granger, Andrew

Harrison, Dion

Harrison, Peter

Henry, Robert J

Hockings, David

Jack, Brian

Johnston, Margaret

Kirby, Greg

Khan, Akram

Lenoir, Roland

Lowe, Greg

Lullfitz, Robert

Lunghusen, Mark

McMichael, Prue

Milne, Carolynn

Mitchell, Hamish

Molyneux, W M

Oates, John

O'Brien, Shaun

Paananen, Ian

Prince, John

Pumpa, Lucy

Schapel, Amanda

Scholefield, Peter

Singh, Deo

Slater, Tony

Smith, Daniel

Tan, Beng

Watkins, Phillip

Ornithopus

Foster, Kevin Nichols, Phillip

Osmanthus

Paananen, Ian

Robb, John

Osteospermum

Paananen, Ian

Pear Cruickshank, Alan George, Doug Pear Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce Pelargonium Paananen, Ian Persimmon Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Petunia Paananen, Ian Philodendron Paananen, Ian Philotheca Dunstone, Bob Phormium Paananen, Ian Photinia Robb, John	Pastures & Turf	Anderson, Malcolm Avery, Angela Bannan, Nathaniel Cameron, Stephen Cook, Bruce Downes, Ross Harrison, Peter Kemp, Stuart Kirby, Greg James, Jennifer Loch, Don McMaugh, Peter Miller, Jeff Mitchell, Leslie Neylan, John Paananen, Ian Porter, Richard Rhodes, Phil Rose, John Saunders, James Smith, Raymond Scattini, Walter John Smith, Kevin Wilkes, Gregory Wilson, Frances Zorin, Margaret
Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen Valentine, Bruce Pelargonium Paananen, Ian Persimmon Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Petunia Paananen, Ian Philodendron Paananen, Ian Philotheca Dunstone, Bob Phormium Paananen, Ian	Peanut	
Persimmon Parr, Wayne Swinburn, Garth Petunia Paananen, Ian Philodendron Paananen, Ian Philotheca Dunstone, Bob Phormium Paananen, Ian	Pear	Darmody, Liz Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham Langford, Garry Mackay, Alastair Malone, Michael Paananen, Ian Portman, Anthony Scholefield, Peter Tancred, Stephen
Petunia Paananen, Ian Philodendron Paananen, Ian Philotheca Dunstone, Bob Phormium Paananen, Ian	Pelargonium	Paananen, Ian
Philodendron Paananen, Ian Philotheca Dunstone, Bob Phormium Paananen, Ian	Persimmon	
Philotheca Dunstone, Bob Phormium Paananen, Ian	Petunia	Paananen, Ian
Phormium Paananen, Ian	Philodendron	Paananen, Ian
	Philotheca	Dunstone, Bob
Photinia Robb, John	Phormium	Paananen, Ian
	Photinia	Robb, John

Pistacia	Richardson, Clive Sykes, Stephen
Pisum	Downes, Ross Goulden, David
	McMichael, Prue
	Rhodes, Phil
	Sanders, Milton
	Saunders, James
Potatoes	Delaporte, Kate
	Fennell, John
	Friemond, Terry Guertsen, Paul
	Hill, Jim
	Johnston, Evan
	McMichael, Prue
	Pumpa, Lucy
	Rhodes, Phil
	Saunders, James
	Schapel, Amanda
	Scholefield, Peter
	Slater, Tony
	Smith, Daniel
	Wilson, Graeme
Proteaceae	Barth, Gail
	Kirby, Neil
	Paananen, Ian
	Robb, John
	Scholefield, Peter
	Smith, Daniel
Prunus	Buchanan, Peter
	Calabria, Patrick
	Cramond, Gregory
	Darmody, Liz
	Engel, Richard Fleming, Graham
	Granger, Andrew
	Kennedy, Peter
	Mackay, Alastair
	Malone, Michael
	Portman, Anthony
	Richards, Graeme
	Topp, Bruce
	Wilkes, Gregory
	Witherspoon, Jennifer
Pulse Crops	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
	Graetz, Darren
	Oates, John
	Porter, Richard
	D 1 D 11
	Poulsen, David
	Poulsen, David Rhodes, Phil Saunders, James

Raspberry	Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Herrington, Mark Scholefield, Peter Zorin, Margaret		
Rhododendron	Barrett, Mike Paananen, Ian		
Rose	Barrett, Mike Darmody, Liz Delaporte, Kate Fleming, Graham Hanger, Brian Lee, Peter McKirdy, Simon Paananen, Ian Prescott, Chris Pumpa, Lucy Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel Swane, Geoff Syrus, A Kim		
Scaevola	Paananen, Ian		
Sesame	Bennett, Malcolm Harrison, Peter Imrie, Bruce		
Sorghum	Khan, Akram		
Soybean	Harrison, Peter James, Andrew		
Spathiphylum	Paananen, Ian		
Spices and Medicinal Plants	Hoxha, Adriana Khan, Akram		
Stone Fruit	Barrett, Mike Cramond, Gregory Darmody, Liz Fleming, Graham Granger, Andrew Kennedy, Peter MacGregor, Alison Mackay, Alistair Malone, Michael Scholefield, Peter Swinburn, Garth Valentine, Bruce		

Verbena	Westra Van Holthe, Jan Paananen, Ian
	Schapel, Amanda Scholefield, Peter Smith, Daniel
	Pumpa, Lucy Rhodes, Phil
	O'Connor, Lauren Pearson, Craig
	Oates, John
	McMichael, Prue
	MacGregor, Alison
	Laker, Richard Lenoir, Roland
	Khan, Akram Laker, Richard
	Hoxha, Adriana
	Harrison, Peter
	Gillespie, David
	Frkovic, Edward
	Fennell, John
v egetables	Delaporte, Kate
Vegetables	Bannan, Nathaniel
Umbrella Tree	Paananen, Ian
	Scholefield, Peter Whiley, Tony
	Parr, Wayne
	Kulkarni, Vinod
- •	Harrison, Peter
Tropical/Sub-Tropical Crops	Fittler, Michael
	Saunders, James
	Rhodes, Phil
	Cooper, Kath
	Collins, David
	Downes, Ross
Tree Crops	McRae, Tony
	Smith, Daniel
	Scholefield, Peter
	McMichael, Prue Rhodes, Phil
	Laker, Richard
	Khan, Akram
Tomato	Herrington, Mark
Sunflower	George, Doug
	Piperidis, George
Sugarcane	Cox, Mike
	Zorin, Margaret
	Scholefield, Peter
	Morrison, Bruce
Shawberry	Mitchell, Leslie
Strawberry	Herrington, Mark

Walnut	Mitchell, Leslie	
Wheat (Aestivum & Durum Groups)	Collins, David	
-	Downes, Ross	
	Fittler, Michael	
	Hoxha, Adriana	
	Kadkol, Gururaj	
	Khan, Akram	
	Platz, Greg	
	Rhodes, Phil	
	Saunders, James	
	Sanders, Milton	
Zantedeschia	Paananen, Ian	

TABLE 2

NAME	TELEPHONE	AREA OF OPERATION
Abell, Peter	0438 392 837 mobile	Australia
Aberdeen, Ian	03 5782 1029	SE Australia
	03 5782 2073 fax	
Allen, Paul	07 3824 0263 ph/fax	SE QLD, Northern NSW
Anderson, Malcolm	03 5573 0900	Victoria
	03 5571 1523 fax	
	017 870 252 mobile	
Angus, Tim	(64 4) 568 3878 ph/fax	Australia and New Zealand
•	001164211871076 mobile	
	plantatim@zip.co.nz	
Armitage, Paul	03 9756 7233	Victoria
_	03 9756 6948 fax	
Avery, Angela	02 6030 4500	South Eastern Australia
	02 6030 4600 fax	
Bannan, Nathaniel	03 8318 9019	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0429 720 013 mobile	
Barrett, Mike	02 9875 3087	NSW/ACT
	02 9980 1662 fax	
	0407 062 494 mobile	
Barth, Gail	08 8389 7479	SA and Victoria
Bazzani, Luigi	08 9772 1207	Western Australia
, 8	08 9772 1333 fax	
Bennett, Malcolm	08 8973 9733	NT, QLD, NSW, WA
,	08 8973 9777 fax	
Buchanan, Peter	07 4615 2182	Eastern Australia
,	07 4615 2183 fax	
Burne, Peter	08 8582 0338 ph	South Australia
	08 8583 2104 fax	
	0418 834 102 mobile	
Calabria, Patrick	02 6963 6360	Riverina area of NSW
	0438 636 219 mobile	
Chequer, Robert	03 5382 1269	Victoria
•	0419 145 262 mobile	
Collins, David	08 9623 2343 ph/fax	Central Western Wheatbelt of
	0154 42694 mobile	Western Australia
Cooper, Kath	08 8339 3049	South Australia
1 /	0429 191 848 mobile	
Cox, Mike	07 4132 5200	Queensland and NSW
	07 4132 5253 fax	-
Cramond, Gregory	08 8390 0299	Australia
, ,	08 8390 0033 fax	
	0417 842 558 mobile	
Cruickshank, Alan	07 4160 0722	QLD
	07 4162 3238 fax	
Cunneen, Thomas	02 4889 8647	Sydney Region
	02 4889 8657 fax	, , ,
Darmody, Liz	03 9756 6105	Australia
•	03 9752 0005 fax	
Delaporte, Kate	08 8373 2488	South Australia
<u>.</u> ′	08 8373 2442 fax	
	0427 394 240 mobile	
Downes, Ross	02 4474 0456 ph	ACT, South East Australia
•	02 4474 0476 fax	,
	0402472601 mobile	
	•	

Dunstone, Bob	02 6281 1754 ph/fax	South East NSW
Easton, Andrew	07 4690 2666	QLD and NSW
,	07 4630 1063 fax	
Edwards, Arthur	08 8586 1232	SE Australia
Davides, Fillia	08 8595 1394 fax	SE Hastrana
	0409 609 300 mobile	
Eggleton, Steve	03 9876 1097	Melbourne Region
Eggleton, Steve	03 9876 1696 fax	Welbourne Region
Engel, Richard	08 9397 5941	WA
Eliger, Kichard	08 9397 5941 fax	WA
Fennell, John	08 8369 8840	Australia
Tellien, John	08 8389 8899 fax	Australia
	0401 121 891 mobile	
Forgular Wayne		South Australia
Farquhar, Wayne	08 85657000	South Australia
Eitelen Michael	08 85657011 fax	NICWI
Fittler, Michael	02 6773 2522	NSW
	02 6773 3238	4
Fleming, Graham	03 9756 6105	Australia
T. 1 T	03 9752 0005 fax	***
Friemond, Terry	08 9203 6720	Western Australia
	08 9203 6720 fax	
	0438 915 811 mobile	3.5 11
Foster, Kevin	08 9368 3804	Mediterranean areas of Australia
	08 9474 2840 fax	4
Frkovic, Edward	02 6962 7333	Australia
	02 6964 1311 fax	4
George, Doug	07 5460 1308	Australia
	07 5460 1112 fax	W. 1 B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
Gillespie, David	07 4155 6344	Wide Bay Burnett District, QLD
	07 4155 6656 fax	3.5 11
Gororo, Nelson	03 5382 5911	Mediterranean areas of Australia
	03 5382 5755 fax	
~ ~	0428 534 770 mobile	
Goulden, David	64 3 325 6400	New Zealand
	64 3 325 2074 fax	
Graetz, Darren	08 8303 9362	South Australia
	08 8303 9424 fax	
Granger, Andrew	08 8389 8809	South Australia
	08 8389 8899 fax	
Greer, Neil	07 5441 1118	Australia
	07 5476 0098 fax	
	0418 881 755 mobile	
Guertsen, Paul	02 6845 3789	NSW, VIC, SE QLD
	02 6845 3382 fax	
	0407 658 105 mobile	
Hanger, Brian	03 9837 5547 ph/fax	Victoria
	0418 598106 mobile	
Hare, Ray	02 6763 1232	QLD, NSW VIC & SA
	02 6763 1222 fax	
Harrison, Dion	07 5460 1313	south east QLD and northern
	07 5460 1283 fax	NSW
Harrison, Peter	08 8948 1894 ph	Tropical/Sub-tropical Australia,
	08 8948 3894 fax	including NT and NW of WA
	0407 034 083 mobile	and tropical arid areas
Hempel, Maciej	02 4628 0376	NSW, QLD, VIC, SA
	02 4625 2293 fax	
Henry, Robert J	02 6620 3010	Australia
	02 6622 2080 fax	

Herrington, Mark	07 5441 2211 07 5441 2235 fax	Southern Queensland
Hill, Jeff	08 8303 9487	South Australia
Hill, Jim	08 8303 9607 fax 03 6428 2519 03 6428 2049 fax	Australia
	0428 262 765 mobile	
Hockings, David Hoxha, Adriana	07 5494 3385 ph/fax 02 9351 8813	Southern Queensland NSW
Imrie, Bruce	0427 507 621 mobile/fax 02 4474 0951 02 4474 0952	SE Australia
Iredell, Janet Willa	imriecsc@sci.net.au 07 3202 6351 ph/fax	SE Queensland
Jack, Brian	08 9952 5040	South West WA
Vav., 2	08 9952 5053 fax	2 Such in Case 1172
James, Andrew	07 3214 2278 07 3214 2272 fax	Australia
James, Jennifer	+64 6 3518214	Manawatu Region, New Zealand
Johnston, Evan	64 3358 1745	Canterbury, New Zealand
Johnston, Margaret	0214 417 13 mobile 07 5460 1240 07 5460 1455 fax	SE Queensland
Kadkol, Gururaj	03 5382 1269	North Western Victoria
·	03 5381 1210 fax	
Kemp, Stuart	03 8390 8150 0437 278 873 mobile	SE Australia
Kennedy, Peter	02 6382 7600 02 6382 2228 fax	New South Wales
Khan, Akram	02 9351 8821	New South Wales
Kirby, Greg	02 9351 8875 fax 08 8201 2176	South Australia
Kirby, Neil	08 8201 3015 fax 02 4754 2637	New South Wales
	02 4754 2640 fax	
Knights, Edmund	02 6763 1100	North Western NSW
Kulkarni, Vinod	02 6763 1222 fax 08 8945 2942 0412 681 800 mobile	Australia
Lake, Andrew	08 8177 0558	SE Australia
	0418 818 798 mobile	
Laker, Richard	lake@arcom.com.au 08 87258987 08 8723 0142 fax	Australia
	0417 855 592 mobile	
Lamont, Greg	02 8778 5388	Sydney region
Langford, Garry	02 9734 9866 fax 03 6266 4344	Australia
	03 6266 4023 fax	
Ladama Clina	0418 312 910 mobile	XII danis
Larkman, Clive	03 9735 3831 03 9739 6370	Victoria
	larkman@tpgi.com.au	
Lee, Peter	03 6330 1147	SE Australia
	03 6330 1927 fax	
Lee, Slade	02 6620 3410	Queensland/Northern New South
Lenoir, Roland	02 6622 2080 fax 02 6231 9063 ph/fax	Wales Australia
Zenon, Roma	02 0201 7000 ph/tun	- AND MAIN

Light, Kate 03 5362 2175 Victoria 0419 145 7688 mobile 100 07 3286 1488 Queensland 07 3286 3094 fax 02 4389 8750 Sydney, Central Coast NSW 02 4389 4958 fax 0411 327390 mobile 14 1327390 mobile 14 1327390 mobile 14 1327390 mobile 14 1327390 mobile 15 14 1327390 mobile 15 14 1327390 mobile 15 14 1327390 mobile 16 14 1327390 mobile 17 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Leske, Richard	07 4671 3136 07 4671 3113 fax	Cotton growing regions of QLD & NSW
Loch, Don	Light, Kate	03 5362 2175	
Lowe, Greg	Loch, Don	07 3286 1488	Queensland
Lullfiz, Robert 08 9447 6360 South West WA Lunghusen, Mark 03 5998 2089 fax Melbourne & environs 03 5998 2089 fax 0407 050 133 mobile Lye, Colin 07 4671 0066 fax NT, QLD and NSW 0427 786 668 mobile Valley Region MacGregor, Alison 03 5023 4644 Southern Australia – Murray Mackay, Alastair 08 9310 5342 ph/fax Western Australia McMaugh, Peter 02 9872 7853 fax Australia Malone, Michael +64 6 877 8196 New Zealand 46 6 877 4761 fax New Zealand McCarthy, Alec 08 9899 2017 Northern Territory and McSaya 242 fax Queensland McKirdy, Simon 042 163 8229 mobile Australia McKirdy, Simon 042 163 8229 mobile Australia McRae, Tony 08 8373 2488 SE Australia McRae, Tony 08 8723 0668 ax Australia Miller, Jeff 64 6 356 8019 extm 8027 Manawatu region, New Zealand Miller, Leslie 03 593 509 QLD Militchell, Leslie 03 595 203 fax<	Lowe, Greg	02 4389 8750	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
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Malone, Michael		0159 87221 mobile	
Malone, Michael +64 6 877 8196	McMaugh, Peter		Australia
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O'Connor, Lauren 07 3359 3113 Australia		07 5442 3044 fax	-
0418 510 480 mobile	O'Connor, Lauren		Australia
		0418 510 480 mobile	

Owen-Turner, John	07 4129 5217	Burnett region, Central
	07 4129 5511 fax	Queensland region
Paananen, Ian	02 4381 0051	Australia (based in Sydney) and
	02 8569 1896 fax	New Zealand
	0412 826 589 mobile	
Parr, Wayne	07 4129 4147	QLD, Northern NSW
Turi, Wayire	07 4129 4463 fax	QLD, I torthern I to W
Piperidis, George	07 3331 3373	QLD, Northern NSW
riperials, George	07 3871 3373 07 3871 0383 fax	QLD, Normen NSW
N . C		OLD M. 4. NOW
Platz, Greg	07 4639 8817	QLD, Northern NSW
	07 4639 8800 fax	
Porter, Richard	08 8431 5396	Adelaide region, South Australia
	08 8431 5396 fax	
	0413 270 670 mobile	
Portman, Anthony	08 9274 5355	South-west Western Australia
	08 9250 1859 fax	
Portman, Sian	08 9725 0660	Western Australia
,	0421 606 651 mobile	
Poulsen, David	07 4661 2944	SE QLD, Northern NSW
Toursen, Burra	07 4661 5257 fax	SE QED, I (official 1 to v)
Prescott, Chris	03 5998 5100	Victoria
rescon, emis	03 5998 5333	Victoria
D: 11	0417 340 558 mobile	GE OLD
Prince, John	07 5533 0211	SE QLD
	07 5533 0488 fax	
Pumpa, Lucy	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	08 8373 2422 fax	
	0400 041 881 mobile	
Quinn, Patrick	03 5427 0485	SE Australia
Richards, Graeme	02 4570 1358	Australia
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0405 178 211 mobile	
Richardson, Clive	03 51550255	Victoria
Rhodes, Phil	64 3322 5405	New Zealand
Miodes, I iii	0211 862 422 mobile	Tiew Zearand
Dealer Janeau	phil@epr.co.nz	Cardanas Danias
Roake, Jeremy	02 9351 8830	Sydney Region
D 11 7 1	02 9351 8875 fax	
Robb, John	02 4376 1330	Sydney, Central Coast NSW
	02 4376 1271 fax	
	0199 19252 mobile	
Rose, John	07 4661 2944	SE Queensland
	07 4661 5257 fax	
Rudolph, Paul	03 5381 2168	Victoria
	03 5381 1210 fax	
	0438 083 840 mobile	
Saunders, James	03 8318 9016	Australia
	03 8318 9002 fax	
	0408 037 801 mobile	
Sanders, Milton	08 9825 8087	Southern Australia: WA,Vic,
Sanders, winton	08 9387 4388 fax	NSW, SA
		NSW, SA
	0427 031 951 mobile	N 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Scalzo, Jessica	+64 6975 8908	New Zealand and Australia
	2122 689 08 mobile	
Scattini, Walter	07 3356 0863 ph/fax	Tropical and sub-tropical
		Australia
Schapel, Amanda	08 8373 2488	South Australia
	0408 344 843 mobile	

Scholefield, Peter	08 8373 2488 08 8373 2442 fax 018 082022 mobile	SE Australia
Singh, Deo	0418 880787 mobile 07 3207 5998 fax	Brisbane
Slater, Tony	03 9210 9222 03 9800 3521 fax 0408 656 021 mobile	SE Australia
Smith, Daniel	08 8373 2488 08 8373 2442 fax	South Australia
Smith, Kenneth	02 4570 9069	Australia
Smith, Kevin	03 5573 0900	SE Australia
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	03 5571 1523 fax	
Smith, Mike	07 5444 9630	SE Queensland
Smith, Stuart	03 6336 5234	SE Australia
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	03 6334 4961 fax	
Stewart, Angus	02 4385 9788ph/fax	Sydney, Gosford
2.0	0419 632 123 mobile	2, 22222
Swane, Geoff	02 6889 1545	Central western NSW
s want, ston	02 6889 2533 fax	
	0419 841580 mobile	
Swinburn, Garth	03 5023 4644	Murray Valley Region - from
5 vinouin, Gardi	03 5023 5814 fax	Swan Hill (Vic) to Waikere (SA)
Sykes, Stephen	03 5051 3100	Victoria
synos, stephen	03 5051 3111 fax	11000114
Syrus, A Kim	03 8556 2555	Adelaide
~ , ,	03 8556 2955 fax	
Tan, Beng	08 9266 7168	Perth & environs
,	08 9266 2495	
Tancred, Stephen	07 4681 2931	QLD, NSW
	07 4681 4274 fax	<u></u>
	0157 62888 mobile	
Treverrow, Florence	02 6629 3359	Australia
Topp, Bruce	07 4681 1255	SE QLD, Northern NSW
117	07 4681 1769 fax	,
Valentine, Bruce	02 6361 3919	New South Wales
,	02 6361 3573 fax	
Van der Staay, Rosemaree Anne	03 6248 6863	Tasmania
3 /	03 6248 7402 fax	
Verdegaal, John	03 6458 3581	Australia and New Zealand
	03 6458 3581 fax	
Watkins, Phillip	08 9537 1811	Perth Region
•	08 9537 3589 fax	<u> </u>
	0416 191 472 mobile	
Watkinson, Andrew	07 5445 6654	Northern NSW and Southern
	0409 065 266 mobile	QLD
Watson, Brigid	03 5688 1058	Victoria
-	0429 702 277 mobile	
Westra Van Holthe, Jan	03 9706 3033	Australia
	03 9706 3182 fax	
Whiley, Tony	07 5441 5441	QLD
Wilkes, Gregory	02 4570 1358	Sydney region
	02 4570 1314 fax	
	0418 642 359 mobile	
Wilson, Frances	64 3 318 8514	Canterbury, New Zealand
	64 3 318 8549 fax	
Wilson, Graeme	03 5957 1200	SE Australia
	03 5957 1210 fax	

Zadow, Diane 03 5382 1269 Victoria

03 5381 1210 fax 0419 145 763 mobile

Zorin, Margaret 07 3207 4306 Eastern Australia

0418 984 555

Appendix 4 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persons

Name

Armour, David

Baelde, Arie

Baker, Grant

Bally, Ian

Bell, David

Birchall, Craig

Bernuetz, Andrew

Box, Amanda Jane

Brennan, Paul

Brewer, Lester

Brindley, Tony

Bunker, John

Bunker, Kerry

Burton, Wayne

Buselich, David

Cameron, Nick

Chesher, Wayne

Clayton-Greene, Kevin

Constable, Greg

Cook, Esther

Corcoran, Lisa

Coventry, Stewart

Craig, Andrew

Craigie, Gail

Crowhurst, Alan

Culvenor, Richard

De Betue, Remco

de Koning, Carolyn

Done, Anthony

Donnelly, Peter

Downe, Graeme

Eastwood, Russell

Eglinton, Jason

Elliott, Philip

Evans, Pedro

Eykamp, Donald

Eyles, Gary

Fitzgibbon, John

Flett, Peter

Geary, Judith

Gibbons, Philip

Gillies, Leanne

Glover, Russell

Gurciullo, Gaetano

Haire, Chris

Hawkey, David

Hollamby, Gil

Hoppo, Suzanne

Howie, Jake

Hurst, Andrea

Irwin, John

Janhsen, Joanne

Johnson, Peter

Jupp, Noel

Kaehne, Ian

Katelaris, Andrew

Katz, Mark

Kebblewhite, Tony

Kempff, Stefan

Kennedy, Chris

Kobelt, Eric

Lacey, Kevin

Lawson, Marion

Leddin, Anthony

Lee, Kathryn

Leeks, Conrad

Leighton, A

Leonforte, Antonio

Lewis, Hartley

Loi, Angelo

Lowe, Russell

Luckett, David

Mack, Ian

Mackie, Julie

Mansfield, Daniel

Mason, Lloyd

Matic, Rade

Matthews, Michael

McCallum, Lesley

McDonald, David

Menzies, Kim

Miller, Kylie

Moss, Ian

Mullins, Kathleen

Mungall, Neil

Myors, Philip

Neilson, Peter

Newman, Allen

Noone, Brian

Norriss, Michael

O'Brien, Tim

O'Sullivan, Robert

Palmer, Ross

Paull, Jeff

Pearce, Bob

Porter, Gavin

Pressler, Craig Reeve, Christopher

Reid, Peter

Reinke, Russell

Roche, Matthew

Rose, Ian

Russell, Dougal

Sanders, Milton

Sanewski, Garth

Schilg, Karl

Schreuders, Harry

Scott, Ralph

Senior, Michael

Smith, Chris

Smith, Malcolm

Smith, Raymond

Smith, Susan

Snelling, Cath

Snowball, Richard

Stiller, Warwick

Stuart, Peter

Sturgess, Eric Percy

Sutton, John

Taylor, Kerry

Trigg, Pamela

Trimboli, Daniel

Urwin, Nigel

Vater, Daniel

Vaughan, Peter

Venkatanagappa, Shoba

Venn, Neil

Verdegaal, John

Warner, Bradley

Warren, Andrew

Weatherly, Lilia

Wei, Xianming

Williams, Rex

Williams, Shannon

Wilson, Rob

Wilson, Stephen

Winter, Bruce

Wirthensohn, Michelle

Yan, Guijun

Zeppa, Aldo

ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211
Geneva 20
SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336 Web site: http://www.upov.int

List of Addresses of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

Status of Ratification in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are now available which will add flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$800. This is a saving of nearly 40% over the normal fee of \$1400.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

Conditions and Selection Criteria

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

Appropriate facilities

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

Experienced staff

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

analysed data. These staff will require the authority to ensure timely maintenance of the trial. Where provided by the PBR office, the protocol and technical guidelines for the conduct of the trial must be followed.

Substantial industry support

Normally the establishment will be recognised by a state or national industry society or association. This may include/be replaced by a written commitment from major nurseries or other applicants, who have a history of regularly making applications for PBR in Australia, to use the facility.

Capability for long-term storage of genetic material

Depending upon the genus, a CTC must be in a position to make a long-term commitment to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

Contract testing for 3rd Parties

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (environmental factors, quarantine etc) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office. More than one CTC maybe allowed for roses.

One CTC may be authorised to test more than one genus. Authorisations for each genus will be reviewed periodically.

Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)

Following publication of applications for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accredit ation
Agriculture Victoria, National Potato Improvement Centre	Toolangi, VIC	Potato	Outdoor, field, greenhouse, tissue culture laboratory	R Kirkham	31/3/97
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/6/97
Ag-Seed Research	Horsham and other sites	Canola	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, laboratory and biochemical analyses	P Rudolph	30/6/97
Agriculture Western Australia	Northam WA	Wheat	Field, laboratory	D Collins	30/6/97
University of Sydney, Plant Breeding Institute	Camden, NSW	Argyranthemum, Diascia, Mandevilla	Outdoor, field, irrigation, greenhouses with controlled microclimates, controlled environment rooms,	J Oates	30/6/97

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			tissue culture, molecular genetics and cytology		
			lab.		
Boulters Nurseries	Monbulk, VIC	Clematis	Outdoor, shadehouse,	M Lunghusen	30/9/97
Monbulk Pty Ltd Geranium Cottage	Galston,	Pelargonium	greenhouse Field, controlled	I Paananen	30/11/97
Nursery	NSW Hamilton,	Perennial	environment house Field, shadehouse,	M Anderson	30/6/98
Agriculture Victoria	VIC	ryegrass, tall fescue, tall wheat grass, white clover, Persian clover	glasshouse, growth chambers. Irrigation. Pathology and tissue culture. Access to DNA and molecular marker technology. Cold storage.	M Anderson	30/6/98
Koala Blooms	Monbulk, VIC	Bracteantha	Outdoor, irrigation	M Lunghusen	30/6/98
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Aglaonema	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	30/6/98
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields , NSW	New Guinea Impatiens including Impatiens hawkeri and its hybrids	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/9/98
University of Queensland, Gatton College	Lawes, QLD	Some tropical pastures	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, small phytotron, plant nursery & propagation, tissue culture, seed and chemical lab, cool storage	To be advised	30/9/98
Jan and Peter Iredell	Moggill, QLD	Bougainvillea	Outdoor, shadehouse	J Iredell	30/9/98
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Verbena	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/12/98
Avondale Nurseries Ltd	Glenorie, NSW	Agapanthus	Greenhouse, tissue culture with commercial partnership	I Paananen	31/12/98
Paradise Plants	Kulnura, NSW	Camellia, Lavandula, Osmanthus, Ceratopetalum	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	J Robb	31/12/98
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled environment greenhouses	C Prescott	31/12/98
F & I Baguley Flower and Plant Growers	Clayton South, VIC	Euphorbia	Controlled glasshouses, quarantine facilities, tissue culture	G Guy	31/3/99
Paradise Plants	Kulnura, NSW	Limonium, Raphiolepis, Eriostemon, Lonicera Jasminum	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	J Robb	30/6/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Angelonia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	30/6/00
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Cuphea, Anthurium	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	30/6/00
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Redlands Research Station	Cleveland, QLD	Cynodon, Zoysia and other selected warm season- season turf and amenity species	Field, glasshouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	M Roche	30/9/00

T CCD . 1:	77. 1	D	T2: 111 1 :	ID	21/12/00
Luff Partnership	Kulnura, NSW	Bracteantha	Field beds, irrigation, shade house, propagation house, cool rooms,	I Dawson	31/12/00
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Petunia, Calibrachoa	Glasshouse	I Paananen J Oates	31/12/00
NSW Agriculture	Temora	Triticum, Hordeum, Avena	Field, irrigation, glasshouse, climate controlled areas	P Breust	31/3/01
Bywong Nursery	Bungendore NSW	Leptospermum	Field, shadehouse, greenhouse	P Ollerenshaw	31/3/01
S J Saperstein	Mullumbimby NSW	Rhododendron (vireya types)	Field and propagation facilities	S Saperstein	31/12/01
Redlands Nursery	Redland Bay, QLD	Osteospermum, Rhododendron	Outdoor, shadehouse, glasshouse and indoor facilities	K Bunker	31/3/02
Ramm Pty Ltd	Macquarie Fields, NSW	Euphorbia	Glasshouse	I Paananen	31/3/02
Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd	Springwood,	Impatiens, Euphorbia	AQIS accredited quarantine facilities; glasshouse, shadehouse, field, tissue culture	B Sidebottom A Bernuetz M Hunt N Derera T Angus	30/9/02
Carol's Propagation	Alexandra Hills, QLD	Dahlia	Field beds, wide range of comparative varieties	C Milne D Singh	31/12/03
Carol's Propagation	Brookfield, QLD	Anubias	Glasshouse specifically designed for aquatic plants	C Milne D Singh	31/3/04
Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Maroochy Research Station	Nambour, QLD	Ananas	Field, plots, pots, shadehouse, temperature controlled glasshouse and tissue culture lab	G. Sanewski	31/3/04
Abulk Pty Ltd	Clarendon, NSW	Dianella	Normal nursery facilities with access to micro propagation.	I Paananen	31/3/04
Proteaflora Nursery Pty Ltd	Monbulk, VIC	Plectranthus	Fogged propagation house, greenhouses and irrigated outdoor facilities	Paul Armitage	30/6/04
Berrimah Agricultural Research Centre	Darwin	Zingiber	Irrigated shadehouse, outdoor facilities, cool storage, high level post entry quarantine facility, tissue culture lab, pathology and entomology diagnostic services	D Marcsik	30/9/04
Ball Australia	Keysborough, VIC	Impatiens, Verbena	Controlled climate glasshouse and environment rooms, germination chamber, quarantine house, cool storage, irrigation and outdoor facilities.	M Lunghusen	30/9/04
Floreta Pty Ltd	Redland Bay QLD	Bracteantha	Purpose built, secure greenhouse, access to fog house, registered quarantine facility on site.	K Bunker	31/12/04
Boulevarde Nurseries Mildura Pty Ltd	Irymple VIC	Zantedeschia 571 of 57	Glasshouse, shade house, propagation facilities, field areas, irrigation, cool rooms, tissue culture lab, hydroponics,	K Mullins	31/12/04

			quarantine facilities		
Buchanan's	Hodgsonvale,	Prunus	Outdoor facilities	P Buchanan	31/12/04
Nursery	QLD		including a collection of		
Ĭ			90 varieties of common		
			knowledge.		
Ball Australia	Keysborough,	Calibrachoa,	·		30/9/05
	VIC	Osteospermum	glasshouse and	M Lunghusen	
		•	environment rooms,		
			germination chamber,		
			quarantine house, cool		
			storage, irrigation and		
			outdoor facilities.		
Queensland	Mareeba,	Mangifera	Glasshouse, shadehouse,	I Bally	30/09/05
Department of	QLD		laboratory complex		
Primary Industries,			including biotech,		
Southedge			propagation, outdoor		
Research Centre			facilities		
Blueberry Farms of	Corindi	Vaccinium	Extensive irrigated	I Paananen	15/10/07
Australia	Beach NSW		growing beds. Birds, hail		
	and optional		and frost protection. Post		
	sites		harvest facilities		
	Tumbarumba		including cool rooms.		
	NSW and		Access to tissue culture		
	Tasmania		laboratories.		
Ball Australia	Keysborough,	Kalanchoe	Controlled climate	M Lunghusen	3/6/2008
	VIC		glasshouse and		
			environment rooms,		
			germination chamber,		
			quarantine house, cool		
			storage, irrigation and		
			outdoor facilities.		

The following applications are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Yates Botanical Pty Ltd	Somersby and Tuggerah, NSW	Rosa	Tissue culture lab, glasshouse, quarantine and nursery facilities	I Paananen
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I Paananen

Comments (both for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

The Registrar Plant Breeder's Rights Office IP Australia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606 Fax (02) 6283 7999

Closing date for comment: 31 March 2009.

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

- (a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;
 - (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
 - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;
- (ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

LIST OF CLASSES

Part I

Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>	
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE	
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE	
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS	
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF	
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2	
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT	
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL	
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB	
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1	

LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

Part II

Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	<u>UPOV codes</u>	
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI	
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR	
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA	
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL	
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU	
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB	
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI	
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_	
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM	
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER	
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms Agaricus bisporus Agaricus bisporus Agaricus blazei Agrocybe cylindracea Auricularia auricura Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc. Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer Flammulina velutipes Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten Grifola frondosa Hericium erinaceum Hypsizigus marmoreus Hypsizigus ulmarius Lentinula edodes Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer Lyophyllum decastes Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus Naematoloma sublateritium Panellus serotinus Pholiota adiposa Pholiota nameko Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus Pleurotus cystidiosus Pleurotus cystidiosus subsp. Abalonus Pleurotus eryngii Pleurotus pulmonarius Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_MAR HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS_ABA PLEUR_ERY PLEUR_OST PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG	

^{*} Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories*

South Australia

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

New South Wales

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

^{*} In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at http://pbr.ipaustralia.plantbreeders.gov.au/



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