

Australian Government

Plant Breeders Rights

Plant Varieties Journal - Optimised for Screen Viewing



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Part 1 of *Plant Varieties Journal* provides the link with the General Information about the Plant Breeder's Rights Scheme, the procedures for objections and revocations, UPOV developments, important changes, official notices etc. The General Information pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 32 Issue 1) are listed below:

- Objections and revocations
- <u>Report on Breeding Issues</u>
- Use of Overseas Data
- <u>PRISMA A New Tool for Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights</u>
- <u>Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties</u>
- <u>UPOV Developments</u>
- <u>Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New</u> <u>Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)</u>
- IP Amendment Act 2018

Objections and Revocations

Objections to Applications and Requests for Revocation of a Grant or of a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived from Another Plant Variety

The Plant Breeder's Rights scheme is administered consistent with the model law of the *International Convention for the Protection of New Plant Varieties 1991* (UPOV 91), that is, applicants are entitled to protection, in the absence of proof to the contrary.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is not required to advocate for the views, assertions, and opinions of persons challenging an application for plant breeder's rights. Those objecting to applications, requesting revocation of a grant, or seeking a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety should provide sufficient probative evidence to enable the Secretary to be satisfied of their validity of their claims. It cannot be stressed too strongly that all available evidence ought to accompany the application for objection/revocation/declaration at the outset.

Occasionally the PBRO receives comments on applications. The PBRO seeks to give effect to the processes set out in the PBR Act. The Act provides for a formal objection process, and comments are not formal objections. Where members of the public genuinely believe their commercial interests would be affected and that PBR for a proposed variety ought not to be granted, they are encouraged to use the Act's processes, eg. lodging an objection. Comments are simply informal information from the public to a governmental decision maker. The PBRO will generally not engage in further communication with the commentator regarding their comment, although the comment may be valuable in alerting the PBRO to an important matter of which it was previously unaware.

Objections to Applications

A person may make objections to applications for PBR if (i) their commercial interests would be affected adversely, and (ii) the application will not fulfil all the conditions required by the Plant Breeder's Rights Act.

Objections to applications must be lodged with the Registrar no later than six months after the date the description of the variety is published in this journal. The objector must provide evidence of adverse affect on their commercial interests and that the application should not be granted.

The Registrar of the Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) is required to give a copy of the objection to the applicant. The objection is also available to the general public on request. The applicant has the opportunity to respond to the evidence presented. The Registrar then decides whether or not the objection will be upheld and, subsequently, whether the application will be granted. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further dialogue regarding an objection or to communicate r e a s o n s why an objection is not upheld. If an objection is upheld it will be notified in this journal.

A payment of \$100 is required on lodgement of the objection. Additional costs of \$75 per hour for work undertaken in relation to the objection will be billed to the objector.

Requests for Revocation, (where an individual's interests are affected) of:

• a Grant

• a Declaration that a Plant Variety is Essentially Derived

A person may, when their interests are affected adversely, apply for the revocation of:

- a grant of PBR; or
- a declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant variety.

The person requesting revocation is required to lodge a revocation payment fee of \$500. The person seeking revocation of a grant or declaration that a plant variety is essentially derived from another plant, must provide conclusive evidence of adverse effect on their interests and that the grant should be revoked.

The PBRO also accepts information regarding revocation of grants and declarations of essentially derived plant varieties. Such information must demonstrate conclusively that a grant or declaration should not have been made. All written information will be acknowledged. The PBRO is under no obligation to enter into further communication regarding information provided.

Report on Breeding Issues

A report providing greater clarification of certain 'difficult' and sometimes controversial plant breeding issues has been finalised by a panel of experts. The report defines 'discovery', 'selective propagation' and 'eligible breeding' methodologies as well as canvassing questions and answers to a range of situations. The principal areas covered are the source population and associated issues relating to ownership, location, homogeneity, parentage, boundaries, and selection from variable material. The issue of essentially derived varieties and the relationship between the first and the second breeder(s) is also explored. The <u>Report of the expert panel is available now</u>.

Use of Overseas Data

The <u>section 38</u> of the PBR Act allows DUS data produced by test growing of plant varieties outside Australia (referred as **overseas test report**) be used in lieu of conducting a test growing in Australia, provided that certain conditions are met; relating to the breeding location, filing of applications, sufficiency of the data and the likelihood that the candidate variety will express the distinctive characteristic(s) in the same way when grown locally.

The overseas test report could be considered where following basic criteria set out in section 38(1) of the PBR Act are met:

- a. If a plant variety:
- i. was bred outside Australia; or
 - ii. was bred in Australia but, before an application for PBR was made in Australia, an application for PBR was made in a contracting party other than Australia; and
 - b. an application under this Act for PBR in the variety has been accepted;

In addition to these basic criteria, one of the criteria set out in following sections 38(2), 38(3), 38(4) or 38(5) of the PBR Act are met:

- 1. <u>Section 38(2)</u> allows accepting data from an overseas country when there is also a trial for the same variety grown here in Australia.
- 2. <u>Section 38(3)</u> allows accepting data from an overseas country under a bi-lateral agreement between Australia and that country.
- 3. <u>Section 38(4)</u> of the PBR Act requires that the overseas test growing is "equivalent" to a test growing of the variety in Australia. An overseas test growing is equivalent to a test growing in Australia when it meets one of the following criteria:

a. Test growing conducted by a UPOV member state using UPOV technical guidelines for DUS testing ; or

b. Test growing conducted by a UPOV member state using their harmonised national technical protocols for DUS testing; or

c. Test growing conducted by a non-UPOV member state using test protocols which are harmonised with standard UPOV technical guidelines for DUS testing ; or

d. Test growing conducted by the breeder in overseas using UPOV technical guidelines for DUS testing which is supervised and certified by a PBR accredited QP; or

e. Test growing conducted by a competent overseas authority using internationally recognised protocols (particularly under controlled conditions) and certified by a PBR accredited QP.

4. <u>Section 38(5)</u> allows some more flexibility to accept overseas data. This flexibility applies when the test growing requires longer than two years. In such cases the following conditions should be met:

a. test growing of the variety carried out outside Australia has demonstrated that the variety has the particular characteristic; and

b. any test growing of the variety carried out in Australia would probably demonstrate that the variety has that characteristic; and

c. if a test growing of the variety in Australia sufficient to demonstrate whether the variety has that characteristic were to be carried out, it would take longer than 2 years

Obtaining overseas test report

PBR office coordinates with various overseas testing authorities to obtain their test reports on behalf of the applicants or their agents. A PBR examiner is designated for this purpose as the Test Report Coordinator.

When the overseas test report is available, the Test Report Coordinator prepares an <u>Overseas Test Report Request form</u> for the relevant overseas testing authority.

The PBR office does not bear the cost of the test report charged by the overseas testing authorities. The applicant or their agents must undertake the responsibility for payment. Therefore, the official request form is sent to the applicant or their agents (or sometimes to the QP) for signing the undertaking for payment in accordance with the official request form.

The official request form is returned to the Test Report Coordinator, once the undertaking for payment is signed off.

The Test Report Coordinator then forwards the official request form to the relevant overseas testing authority.

The overseas testing authority sends an invoice directly to the applicant or their agent for the cost of the report. Any invoice sent to the PBR office should be forwarded to the applicant or their agent for payment.

Once the payment is made, the overseas testing authority sends the official copy of the test report to the Test Report Coordinator.

The Test Report Coordinator reviews the test report supplied by the overseas testing

authority. When the test report satisfies the criteria outlined in the <u>section 38</u> of the PBR Act, the Test Report Coordinator sends a copy of the overseas test report to the QP.

Use of overseas test report

The most important consideration for the use of overseas test report is either, the most similar varieties of common knowledge (including those in Australia) have been included in the overseas DUS trial; or the new overseas variety is so clearly distinct from all Australian varieties of common knowledge that further DUS test growing is not warranted.

Sufficient data and descriptive information should be available to publish a detailed description of the variety in an accepted format in the Plant Varieties Journal to satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act. Overseas data can be supplemented with other information, for example from an Australian verification trial.

The applicant/agent and Qualified Person should use the overseas test report to complete Part 2 of the application, making a decision on how to proceed in view of the completeness of the information, the comparators (if any) used in the overseas DUS trial and their knowledge of similar Australian varieties that may not have been included in the overseas test report.

When a description is based on an overseas test report, the Australian PBR will not be granted until after the decision to grant PBR in the country producing the overseas data is made. The final decision on the acceptability of overseas test report rests with the PBR office as the examiner needs to be satisfied that the resultant description and Part 2 application satisfy the requirements of the PBR Act.

Taxa that must be trialled in Australia

It is the policy of PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full PBR trial must be conducted in Australia:

• Solanum tuberosum (Potato)

PRISMA – A New Tool for Applying for Plant Breeder's Rights

<u>PRISMA</u> is a new tool created by UPOV that allows breeders to submit their PBR applications to any participating PBR authority in a format and language recognised by that authority.

Australian PBR applicants have access to <u>PRISMA</u> to file their applications in Australia or in other participating overseas authorities.

<u>PRISMA</u> has a number of advantages for applicants. Including the ability to assign user roles, re-use information for subsequent applications and facilitate filing in other authorities. More details on the advantages of using <u>PRISMA</u> are outlined in the UPOV release notice attached and includes details on how to access <u>PRISMA</u> as well as a link to further information.

For applicants filing a PBR in Australia, please note the following:

- The application fee still applies (\$345 online)
- An eServices account is still required to pay the Application fee. There is now a specific option for making the payment of application by the UPOV: Electronic Application Form (now called <u>PRISMA</u>) on the eServices page.
- Submitting an application through <u>PRISMA</u> replaces the Part 1 Form. The Qualified Person Form, Authorisation of Agent (if required) and photo still need to be provided and can be attached through <u>PRISMA</u>.
- When making the payment please ensure the International Reference Number provided by <u>PRISMA</u> is included. The reference begins with "XU_" and is followed by a 14 digit number .
- After submitting an application through <u>PRISMA</u> the usual confirmation of filing will be sent, normally within two working days.
- Once the application is file through <u>PRISMA</u> then it progresses normally with applications filed by other means.
- If you do not wish to use <u>PRISMA</u> at this time it is still currently possible to submit PBR applications in Australia in the usual manner through eServices.

If you have any further queries on <u>PRISMA</u> contact <u>prisma@upov.int</u> or alternatively, specifically for Australian PBR applications, contact <u>pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</u>.

Requirement to Supply Comparative Varieties

Once an application has been accepted by the PBR office, it is covered by provisional protection. Also it immediately becomes a 'variety of common knowledge' and thus may be required by others as a comparator for their applications with a higher application number.

Applicants are reminded that they are required to release propagative material for comparative testing provided that the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trial is complete. The expenses incurred in the provision of material for comparative trials are borne by those conducting the trials.

As the variety is already under provisional protection, any use outside the conditions outlined above would qualify as an infringement and would be dealt with under section 53 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

Applicants having difficulties procuring varieties for use in comparative trials are urged to contact the PBR office immediately

UPOV Developments

The purpose of UPOV is to provide and promote an effective system of plant variety protection, with the aim of encouraging the development of new varieties of plants, for the benefit of society.

The list of UPOV members is available online: http://www.upov.int/members/en/

Further Information on UPOV and its activities is available on the website located at <u>http://www.upov.int</u>

The adopted UPOV Technical Guidelines (TG) for testing different plant species are now available for this website at http://www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.html

Obligation under the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants 1991 (UPOV91)

Consistent with Australia's membership of UPOV 1991, the criteria for the granting of protection under the <u>Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994</u> (PBRA) is that the variety: has a breeder; is new, distinct, uniform and stable; has an acceptable name; and that application formalities are completed and relevant fees payed.

Applicants for protection need to be aware of the existence of any other Australian legislation, which could impact on their intended use of the registered variety. Administrators of other Australian legislation may have an interest in applications for registration notified in this journal.

It is feasible for a new variety to be registered under the PBRA, but, as the PBRA coexists with other laws of the land, the exercise of the breeder's right may be restricted by such legislation. For example, current legislation may prohibit the use of that variety in food, or, the growing of that variety as a noxious weed.

The Plant Breeder's Rights Office (PBRO) advises that it is the responsibility of the applicant and of administrators of legislation to take these matters up directly between the responsible parties and not with the PBRO.

IP Amendment Act 2018

The Intellectual Property Laws Amendment (Productivity Commission Response Part 1 and Other Measures) Act 2018 (IP Amendment Act) moved a number of filing and fee paying requirements in the Plant Breeder's Rights Act to non-legislative instruments, the contents of which are determined by the Registrar. These instruments will commence on 24 February 2019, at the same time as the corresponding parts of the IP Amendment Act (Parts 3 and 14 of Schedule 2). Moving these requirements to instruments provides flexibility to adopt more efficient processes as they become available.

IP Australia has published these instruments in the Plant Varieties Journal in preparation for commencement. They set out the requirements in relation to:

- the means of paying fees and means and form of lodging and giving documents to the Registrar, in accordance with Part 3 of Schedule 2; and
- the approved forms for PBR, in accordance with Part 14 of Schedule 2.



Plant Breeder's Rights (Approved Means of Paying a Fee) Determination 2018

I, Frances Roden, Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights, make the following determination.

Dated ')*if* **201***f*?

Frances Roden

Frances Roden Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights

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1 Name

This determination is the *Plant Breeder 's Rights (Approved Means of Paying a Fee) Determination 2018.*

2 Commencement

This determination commences on 24 February 2019.

3 Authority

This determination is made under subsection 80A(1) of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*.

4 Definitions

In this determination:

Act means the Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994.

Application Programming Intelface (AP/) system means any transactional interface, application, mobile application, website or the like that utilises an application programming interface provided by IP Australia.

A/tentative Lodgement Service (ALS) means the backu p function accessible from IP Australia's website that can be invoked during outages of the digital lodgement systems.

Digital lodgement systems means any website, mobile application or other similar system provided by IP Australia to lodge transactions.

Note: As at the date of the instru1nent, the only digital lodgement system is the \vebsite kno\vn as eServi ces.

Emergency Facsimile Service (EFS) means the facsimile service that is provided by IP Australia when digital lodgement systems and ALS are unavailable due to planned or unplanned outage.

IP Lodgement Counter means the facility provided by IP Australia for the processing of transactions in person.

Note: The only IP Lodgement Counter is at the Canberra Office of IP Australia, 47 Bo\ves Street, Phillip, ACT.

Regulations means the Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations 1994.

5 Approved means of paying a fee

For the purposes of subsection 80A(1) of the Act, the means for paying a fee are by:

- (a) Credit Card; or
- (b) Cash, cheque or money order; or

Plant Breeder 's Rights (Approved lvfeans of ?(lying a Fee) Deter Inination 2018

- (c) Electronic Funds Transfer at Point of Sale (EFTPOS); or
- (d) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT); or
- (e) Direct Debit, as provided in the following notes.

Note 1: Credit Card payn1ent is only available for requests filed via digital lodgement systems, ALS, by post or by EFS. A 1ninimum li1nit of \$10 applies. A declined credit card does not constitute payn1ent. Visa and MasterCard are the only cards accepted.

Note 2: EFTPOS is only available at the IP Lodge1nent Counter. A minimu1n limit of \$10 applies to such payments.

Note 3: EFT requires use of the EFT fonn available on the IP Australia \vebsite (\VW\v.ipaustralia.gov.au). The form can also be obtained by contacting IP Australia.

Note 4: Payment for API system transactions can be 1 nade by credit card or direct debit, depending on the transaction and the system utilised:

6 Preferred means for paying a fee

For the purposes of subsection 80A(4) of the Act, the preferred means for paying a fee are by:

(a) Credit Card.



Plant Breeder's Rights (Means of Lodging or Giving Documents) Determination 2018

I, Frances Roden, Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights, make the following determination.

Dated 24 November 2018

Frances Roden

Frances Roden Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights

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1 Name

This determination is the *Plant Breeder 's Rights (Means of Lodging or Giving Documents) Determination 2018.*

2 Commencement

This determination commences on 24 February 2019.

3 Authority

This determination is made under section 728 and subsection 72C(I) of the *Plant Breeder 's Rights Act 1994*.

4 Definitions

In this determination:

Act means the Plant Breeder 's Rights Act 1994.

Application Programming !11terjace (AP) system means any transactional interface, application, mobile application, website or the like that utilises an application programming interface provided by IP Australia.

Alternative Lodgement Service (ALS) means the backup function accessible from IP Australia's website that can be invoked during outages of the digital lodgement systems.

Digital lodgement systems means any website, mobile application or other similar system provided by IP Australia to lodge transactions.

Note: As at the date of the instrument, the only Digital lodgen1ent systen1 is the \VCbsite kno\vn as eServices.

Emergency Facsimile Service (EFS) means the facsimile service that is provided by IP Australia when digital lodgement systems and ALS are unavailable due to planned or unplanned outage.

IP Lodgement Counter means a facility provided by IP Australia for the processing of transactions in person.

Note: The only IP Lodgement Counter is at 47 Bowes Street, Phillip, ACT.

PRISMA means the electronic PBR application tool maintained by the International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV).

Regulations means the Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations 1994.

5 Approved means of lodging or giving documents

- For the purposes of subsection 72C(2) of the Act, the electronic means for lodging a document with, or giving a document to, the Registrar are by using:
 - (a) Digital lodgement services; or
 - (b) ALS; or
 - (c) PRJSMA; or
 - (d) an API system; or
 - (e) EFS.

Note: EFS must not be used to lodge or give a document \Vhen a person has access to the digital lodgement services or ALS, and that lodging means is available.

- (2) For the purpose of subsection 72C(2) of the Act, the other means for lodging a document with, or giving a document to, the Registrar are by:
 - (a) Post;
 - (b) By providing in person to the IP Lodgement Counter.

Note: The postal address of the Registrar is PO Box 200, Woden, ACT, 2606.

6 Preferred means of lodging or giving documents

- (1)) For the purposes of subsection 72C(4) of the Act, the preferred means for lodging a document with, or giving a document to, the Registrar are by using:
 - (a) Digital lodgement services; or
 - (b) an API system; or
 - (c) PRISMA.
- (2) If the digital lodgement services is unavailable due to maintenance, the preferred means of lodging a document with, or giving a document to, the Registrar is by ALS.
- (3) If the d igital lodgement services and ALS are unavailable due to a planned or unplanned outage, the preferred means of lodging or giving a document is by EFS.
- (4) Where subsection (3) applies, the person must complete and file a Declaration for use of Emergency Fax form.

Note I: The Declaration for use of Emergency Fax form is available on IP Australia's website.

Note 2: Under the regulations, reduced fees may be payable for filing a document by preferred 1neans.



Plant Breeder's Rights (Approved Form) Approval 2018

1, Frances Roden, Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights, under subsection 3(!) and subsection 3(1B) of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*, approve the following attached forms:

- (1) "Application for Plant Breeder's Rights (Pait I)" for the purpose of an application made under section 26.
- (2) Applications submitted using the "International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) PRISMA PBR Application Tool" (accessed via http://www.upov.int/upovprisma/en/index.html, as updated from time to time) are deemed to be in the approved form for the purposes of an application made under section 26.
- (3) "Nomination of a Qualified Person" for the purposes of an application made under section 26.
- (4) "Supplementary Pages to the Part I Application" for the purposes of an application made under section 26.
- (5) "Application for Plant Breeder's Rights (Pait 2)" for the purposes of a detailed description under section 34.
- (6) "Certification by a Qualified Person (QP)" for the purposes of a detailed description under subsection 34(4).
- (7) "Application for a Declaration of Essential Derivation" for the purposes of an application made under section 40 or section 41.
- (8) "Application to Rectify the PBR Register" for the purposes of an application made under subsection 62A(2).

Plant Breeder's Rights (Approved Fonn) Approval 2018

Dated 24 November 2018 Frances Roden

Frances Roden Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights

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Australian Go\'ernment IP Australia Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Section 26 1

Application for Plant Breeder's Rights

GENERAL INFORMATION

Privacy Notice

The personal information collected on this form is collected for the purposes of the Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 and the Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations 1994 (www.ipaustralla.gov.au/about-us/publications/ip-legislation/) and is protected by the *Privacy Act 1988* (www.com/aw.qov.aulserieslc2004a03 712).

All personal information you provide on this form will be handled in accordance with IP Australia's Privacy Policy {'1:!J!:1.Y:L i pa ustralla.gov.au/a bout-us/corporate/privacy-policy/).

The Privacy Policy contains relevant information, including:

- how you may seek access to and correction of the personal information we hold;
- how you may make a complaint about a breach of the Privacy Act and how we will deal with your complaint; and
- IP Australia's Privacy Contact Officer details.

Any personal information you provide will be used for the purposes of processing this form. IP Australia may also contact you, using the contact details you have prov'1ded, to request your feedback on our products and services.

In accordance with the PBR Act, IP Australia may make this completed form available to any person, upon request and payment of a fee.

IP Australia will publish the:

- Applicant name, phone and fax numbers;
- Agent name, phone and fax numbers;
- Town, State and Country of the applicant's address; and
- full address of the Genetic Resource Centre

in the Register of Plant Varieties, the Plant Varieties Journal and the Plant Breeder's Rights Database. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information (including personal information) held in JP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

You should also be aware that under the International Union for Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) (www.upov.int/ portal/jndex.html.enl Convention, IP Australia is required to disclose information regarding plant breeder's rights applications (including the name of the applicant) to the UPOV in Geneva, Switzerland. Once information is provided to UPOV, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure.

If you do not provide the personal information required on the form, IP Australia may not be able to process this form.

IP Australia will not otherwise use or disclose your personal information without your consent, unless authorised or required by or under law.

Consent

By completing this form, in addition you provide your consent to your personal information being handled in accordance with this privacy notice, including being disclosed as provided above.

When you provide your consent to your personal information being disclosed to overseas recipients, including publication onffne, you understand that IP Australia will not be accountable for any subsequent use under the Privacy Act, nor are you able to seek redress under that Act, for the actions of any overseas recipient.



Office Use Only

Application No.

Date:

Information provided by you on this form may be used in facilitating the operation of the Plant Breeder's Rights Program.

Note: There are two parts of the PBR application.

Part 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION: Successful completion of this form is a prerequisite to acceptance into the PBR scheme and qualification of the variety for provisional protection. The authorisation and declaration must be completed.

Part 2 - DESCRIPTION OF NEW VARIETY: After acceptance of the Part 1 the results of the comparative trial are presented - the evidence of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS).

Is this form intended to be attached as part of an eServices / 828 electronic lodgement? $D\, \mbox{No}\, D\, \mbox{Yes}$

Section 1 • Information about the applicant, agent and breeder

1. Name and contact details of the applicant - The name and address of each applicant is required Forjoint applicants use Supplementary Pages to Part 1 Application form (PBR00003) for each additional applicant.

One applicant only	D	More than one applicant	D Supplementary Pages	attached:	No O	Yes O
Name of Applicant						
Address (can be a PO Box)						
			State	Postcod	e	
	Count	ry (f notAustralia)				
ContactName						
Contact Details	۱ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>					
Telephone			Fax			
Mobjle Number						
Email address	1					
ACN/ARBN (if applicable)						

2 Contact details in Australia or New Zealand - If the applicant is not resident in Australia or New Zealand, the applicant must: either appoint an agent resident in Australia or New Zealand to act on the applicant's behalf in the application; or specify an address in Australia or New Zealand for the service of notices on the applicant.

If the applicant is resident in Australia or New Zealand, the applicar	nt may appoint an agent resident in Australia or New Zealand
to make the application on the applicant's behalf.'	
Not applicable, applicant is a resident in Australia or O	
New Zeeland and contact details are provided in question 1	Gotoquestion 3

New Zealand and contact details are provided in question	1	
Postal address for service of notices on the applicant is different to address in question 1	0	Provide details on next page
Agent appointed to act on behalf of the applicant	D	

Name of Agent (if applicable) Address (can be a PO Box)						
				State	Postcode	
	Country (if not Australia)					
Contact Name						
Contact Details	Telephone	()			
	Fax	()			
	MobileNumber			·		
	Email address			······································		
	ACN/ARBN (if applicable)					

3 Name and address of the breeder The breeder of the variety is the applicant, unless ownership has been transferred by assignment, by will or by operation of law. Where the breeder is an employee or member of an organisation and the variety was bred in the course of performing duties as an employee or member of that organisation, then consider the organisation as the breeder.

A statement in relation to each applicant as to whether or not they are the breeder of the variety is required. Where the applicant is not the breeder the particulars of the transfer of ownership must be provided.

For joint applicants, use Supplementary Pages to Part 1 Application form (PBR/00/003) for each additional applicant.

Name of original breeder(s) who conducted or directed the work

Emp!oer					
Address					
			State	Postcode	
	Country (if not Australia)				
Relationship of the breed	er to the Applicant detaile	d in question 1			
Breeder is the applicant	ח				
Breeder is an employee or organisation which is the a	r member of an D applicant	Go to question 4			
Breeder is not the applicar	nt O	How were the owr	nership rights tr	ansferred to the applicant?	
		By assignment	D		
		By will			
		By operation of law/other	0Specify		1
		Copy of the docu	ment attached?		
		No OWhy	not?		
		Yes O			

ABN 38 113 072 755 26 of 388 Section 2 - General information about the variety

4. Botanical name of the variety

5	Common name of the species
0.	Does the species have a common name?
	No O
	Yes DProvide details
6.	Proposed name for the variety - If an application. for this variety has already been lodged overseas then you must propose the same name. Please note that before a name is accepted it must conform with section 27 of the PBR Act. When accepted, the variety name is protected under the PBR Act.
7.	Synonym - A synonym is an alternative name for a variety. Please note that once accepted, the synonym is also protected. A synonym must also conform with section 27 of the PBR Act.
	No O
	Yes O Provide details
8.	Other names - Please list any other names under which the variety has been known in Australia or overseas. Do other names exist? No O Yes D Breeder's code
	Trade name
	Other name
9.	Is the variety an Australian native species?
	No O
	Yes O It is mandatory to submit a herbarium specimen to the Australian Cultivar Registration Authority (ACRA). Please indicate the time of flowering and/or ideal time for a specimen to be collected and sent tci ACRA.
10.	Has this species ever been declared a noxious weed in any Australian state or territory?
	Yes D Provide details
11.	Are you under any obligation to notify the supplier/owner of the original germ plasm about your intention to obtain PBR?
	Not applicable D No obligation D Yes, notified D
12.	Are you required, under any agreement with your current employer/funding agency, to inform them of your intention to acquire rights to this variety?
	Not applicable D No obligation D Yes, notified D

13	Has an application f	or PBR in this variety	been lodged in a	country other than	Australia?
	_				

No	D						
Yes	DProvide details						
	Country filed		Date of odgement dd/mm/yyyy	Application N	No. Current	Status	Variety name
14. Is pric Note: overs applic	prity claimed in respect A claim for priority car seas application with a l cations with a UPOV m	of the ea only be JPOV m ember s	arliest overseas applic e made if the Australia rember state. If this is tate), please indicate '	ation lodged with an application is the first lodgen 'Not applicable'.	h a UPOV meml s lodged within 12 nent of an applica	per state? 2 months of loo ation for this va	dgement of the earliest rriety (i.e. no overseas
Not a	applicable O						
No	D						
Yes	D	Australia					
No	D	Australia	dd/mm/aaw	onsent?			
Yes	O Date of first sale		uu/mm/yyw				
	Under what variety name	<u> </u>					
1 6 Hasth	he variety been sold ove	erseas w	vith the breeder's cons	sent?			
No Yes	D DDate of first sale		dd/mm/yyyy				
	Under what variety name						
	Which country						
Section	n 3 - Information ab	outthe	origin and breedi	ing procedui	re used to orig	inate the va	ariety
17. Origin	and parentage of the v	ariety					
(i) O	Drigin of the variety - the	e variety	arose from:	0			
(Controlled pollination	D	Spontaneous muta sport	tion or U	not restricted to	"source" mate b, selections: f	rial (including, but from within
C	Open pollination	D	Induced mutation of	orsport 0	uncultivated po or unnamed pla	pulations, from ants; or selecte	n landrace varieties ed from
C	Genetic manipulation	D			heterogeneous Resource Centr be sought in qu	material suppl re (GRC)) - fu estion 17(iv).	ied by a Genetic rther information will
C	Other origin	D	Specify				
(ii) B	reeding system of the sp	ecies					
Ν	Not Known D						
S	Self pollination $ D $		Often self pollinate	ed D	Cross pollin	ated 0	Apomixis D
C	Other Ospe	cify					

(iii) Information on parent material

Name of maternal parent or source germplasm/variety

Is the mat		
No \mathbf{D}	ernal parent or source germ	plasm/variety protected by PBR in Australia?
Is the mat	ernal parent or source dermi	plasm/variety protected by PBR in another country?
No 0		
\mathbf{O}	Drovido porticuloro	of registration
ies U	. Frovide particulars	
	Country Filed	
		dd/mm/yyvv
	Date of Lodgement	Application No.
Are there	other parent(s)?	
Yes U	Name of other parent(s)	
	Breeder	
	Is the other parent(s) prote	ected by PBR in Australia?
	No O Yes O	
	Is the other parent(s) prot	ected by PBR in another country?
	No U	
	Yes U. . Provide partic	ulars of registration
	Country Filed	
		dd/mm/yyvv
	Date of Lodge	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No.
	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names?
	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D^{\bullet} rF	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d eta il
	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D● rF	dd/mm/yyvv
	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D • rF –	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d eta il <
Was 'Sele	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D•rF ction from 'source' material'	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d et a il indicated in question 17(i)?
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D• rF ction from 'source' material'	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d eta il Provide d eta il indicated in question 17(i)?
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D• rF ction from 'source' material' • Please complete the follo O Relevant passport dat	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d et a il Provide d et a il indicated in question 17(i)? wing where relevant ta is provided with this application
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D• rF 	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d eta il <
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D•rF 	$\begin{array}{c c} \hline dd/mm/yyvv \\ \hline \\ ement & \\ \hline \\ \text{sold in Australia under other names?} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \ \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \ \\ \text{Provide d eta il } & \\ \hline \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \\ \ \end{array}$
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D• rF 	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d eta il Provide d eta il indicated in question 17(i)? wing where relevant ta is provided with this application D A cultivated/obsolete variety O Collected from the wild D A land variety {one which has been traditionally cultivated by farmers for their own use} O Special genetic stock (e.g. breeding lines) Subject to a Material Transfer Agreement
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D•rF 	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d et a il Provide d et a il indicated in question 17(i)? wing where relevant ta is provided with this application D A cultivated/obsolete variety O Collected from the wild D A land variety {one which has been traditionally cultivated by farmers for their own use} O Special genetic stock (e.g. breeding lines) Subject to a Material Transfer Agreement
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D• rF 	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d eta il Provide d eta il indicated in question 17(i)? wing where relevant ta is provided with this application D A cultivated/obsolete variety O Collected from the wild D A land variety {one which has been traditionally cultivated by farmers for their own use} O Special genetic stock (e.g. breeding lines) Subject to a Material Transfer Agreement Copy enclosed? No
Was 'Sele No D Yes D	Date of Lodge Were any of the parents s No O Yes D•rF 	dd/mm/yyvv ement Application No. sold in Australia under other names? Provide d et a il Provide d et a il indicated in question 17(i)? wing where relevant ta is provided with this application D A cultivated/obsolete variety O Collected from the wild D A land variety {one which has been traditionally cultivated by farmers for their own use} O Special genetic stock (e.g. breeding lines) Subject to a Material Transfer Agreement Copy enclosed? No Yes D

18 Prima fade case for bree'cHng and prima fade case for distinctness - List the characteristics or combination of characteristics which make your variety {the candidate) clearly distinguishable from its parents/ source material and the 'most similar varieties of common knowledge (VCK)' (the comparators). Characteristics must be capable of precise definition to establish a prima facie case. Please attach a photograph of the variety showing its distinguishing features.

Name of comparator	Characteristic(s) in which the	Describe the expression	Describe the expression
	candidate variety differs from	of the characteristic for	of the characteristic for
	the comparator	the comparator	the candidate
Variety X	Flower colour	Red	White

(i) Prima fade case for breeding

Comparison with maternal or source germplasm/variety

Name of maternal parent or source germplasm/variety	Characteristlc{s) in which the candidate variety differs from the maternal parent or source germplasm/variety	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the maternal parent or source germplasm/variety	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the candidate

Comparison with other parent(s). If unsure, list putative pollen parents (attach additional sheets if necessary)

Name of other parent{s)	Characteristic{s) in which the candidate variety differs from the other parent(s)	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the other parent(s)	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the candidate

(ii) Prima fade case for distinctness

Is the candidate variety the first variety of the species/hybrid?

No D Provide details of distinctness

Yes D Go to question 19

Comparison with most similar variety of common knowledge (VCK)

Name of comparator - the most similar VCK	Characteristic{s) in which the candidate variety differs from the comparator	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the comparator	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the candidate

Comparison with other similar varieties of common knowledge (VCK)

Name of comparator - other similar VCK	Characteristic(s) in which the candidate variety differs from the comparator	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the comparator	Describe the expression of the characteristic for the candidate

19 Breeding procedures used to initiate the new variety

Describe the breeding procedures used to initiate the new variety this information will help to asses whether the activities of the breeder qualifies as breeding under section 5(1) of the PBR Act. If required please attach additional sheets. Texts and diagrams are acceptable.

Date{s) when observations were first made

Where observations were first made (property and/or town and country)

Where other work was conducted (if applicable)

Number of cycles of selection

Main selection criteria used to develop the variety

Mode of propagation between generations

The number of generations the variety has been maintained in its present form

The occurrence of any off types

Briefly outline the procedures used in developing the variety (add additional sheets if required)

20 Is the variety a Genetically Modified Organism?

No D

Yes 0... Gene Technology Regulator Licence Number

ddfmmlyyyy

Dated

Section 4 - Information about the Genetic Resources Centre and DUS trial

21 Nominate the name and location of the Genetic Resources Centre (GRC) where propagating material of the variety will be maintained - A Genetic Resource Centre is a place considered to be suitable for the storage and maintenance of germplasm material and may include a part of a nursery set aside for the purpose of maintaining stock plants.

* Must be a street address in Australia or New Zealand

22 Details of the proposed DUS test - Usually applicants conduct comparative growing trials in Australia. However the PBR office has the discretion to accept overseas DUS test reports provided certain conditions are met {details available on the PBR website).

Some taxa must be trialled in Australia - It is the policy of the PBR office to not accept overseas data for the following taxa due to the wide genotype by environment interactions that have been previously experienced. Varietal descriptions from overseas trials have consistently been different from those obtained from trials grown under Australian conditions. Consequently, for the following taxon a full DUS trial must be conducted in Australia: *Solanum tuberosum* (Potato).

The proposed DUS test will be:

- ${f D}$ a comparative trial in Australia, including the candidate variety and the most similar varieties of common knowledge
 - a verification trial in Australia, including the candidate variety
- D only, grown to confirm the states of expression provided in an overseas DUS test report
- **based solely on an overseas DUS test report**

Details on trials grown in Australia

Location	No. of Plants	Date of Commencement dd/mm/yyyy	Growth stage at which the distinguishing characteristics can be observed

Details on overseas DUS test report

Testing Country

	dd/mm/yyyy		dd/mm/yyyy	
Test Date		Estimated date of Availability		

Note: Normally, it is the responsibility of the applicant to procure the overseas DUS test report directly from the relevant testing authority and supply a certified copy of it to the PBR office. If the report is already available to you then include a certified copy with this application. Once supplied, the PBR office will review the data for acceptability. In some cases, where there is a specific agreement, the testing authority will only supply the DUS test report directly to the PBR Office. For more details on these situations consult the ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr website.

23 Nominate the date when you wish the examination to occur - The estimated examination date should be the time when the examiner can verify the distinguishing characteristics claimed in this application. It is mandatory to provide a date. If necessary, it can be changed later in consultation with the PBR office.

dd/mm/yyyy

Estimated date for DUS examination

Section 5 - Authorisation and Declaration

For joint applicants, use Supplementary Pages to Part 1 application Form (PBR/00/003) for each additional appUcant

24 Application for PBR, declaration that all information is true and correct.

l(we)

apply for Plant Breeder's Rights to the variety described in this application, and

• authorise the Plant Breeder's Rights Office, for the purposes of examination, to exchange with the Plant Breeder's Rights Authorities of other countries all necessary information and material related to the variety, provided that the rights of the Applicant are safeguarded, and

agree to the release of propagative material prior to the granting of PBR if required for comparative testing or scientific purposes, providing the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trials are complete, and

declare that the information given in all parts of and attachments to this application is true and correct.

Declaration of Agreement:

(Please print name)	
am the Oapp!icant/agent	or am a signatory thereof and deds:ire that all parties involved have agreed to the terms and conditions outl'Ined above.
Position in Company/	
Department	
(if applicable)	
NameofCompany/	
Department	
ifapplicable)	
	dd/mm/yyyy
Date	

*The penalty under section 75(1) for intentionally or recklessly making a false statement in support of an application is six months imprisonment.

Checklist of Attachments - Part 1Application

Have you included the following?

One completed original Part 1 Application form {PBR/00/001) for Plant Breeder's Rights

 $\mathsf{D}^{\mathsf{A}}_{\mathsf{applicant}}$ is not the original breeder

O Completed Supplementary Pages to Part 1 Application form {PBR/00/003) {if applicable}

0 A completed Authorisation of Agent form (PBR/00/004) if you are applying on behalf of the applicant

O A completed Nomination of a Qualified Person form {PBR/00/005)

 ${f D}$ Photograph or photographs showing the distinguishing characteristics of the new variety

D Application fee if submitting by Post (see <u>www.ipaustralia.gov.au</u> for payment methods and the current fee schedule). Note: the fee when submitting by eServices is less than when submitting by Post.

O Have ALL relevant questions been answered?

If you are submitting this form as an attachment for an eServices lodgement, save this PDF form to your desktop, then attach using IP Australia's eServices



Australian Government IP Australia Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Section 26



Nomination of a Qualified Person

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- how you may seek access to and correction of the personal information we hold;
- · how you may make a complaint about a breach of the Privacy Act and how we will deal with your complaint; and
- IP Australia's Privacy Contact Officer details.

Any personal information you provide will be used for the purposes of processing this form. IIP Australia may also contact you, using the contact details you have provided, to request your feedback on our products and services.

In accordance with the PBR Act, IP Australia may make this completed form available to any person, upon request and payment of a fee.

JP Australia will publish the:

- · Applicant name;
- Agent name;
- Qualified Person name and contact details; and
- Town, State and Country of the applicant's address

in the Register of Plant Varieties, the Plant Varieties Journal, the Plant Breeder's Rights Database and/or on our website. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information {including personal information} held in IP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

If you do not provide the personal information required on the form, IP Australia may not be able to process this form.

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Consent

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AustrJlinn Gu\lernn1ent IP Australia Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Section 26

8808

Nomination of a Qualified Person

This form is to be completed by the applicant or their agent at the time of the initial application and submitted with the Part 1 of the application for PBR.

If accredited as a Qualified Person {OP} for the species. the applicant or agent can nominate themselves. However, if the applicant or agent is not accredited by the PBR Office as a QP there are two options available:

- the applicant or agent can complete this form and simultaneously apply for accreditation, or
- the applicant or agent can select and nominate an accredited consultant qualified person from the list in appendix 3 of Australian *Plant Varieties Journal*. If this option is selected you should contact the selected qualified person as soon as possible and use this form as a guide to come to an understanding with them on what role they will play in the application process.

Name of variety							
ons:							
 review the application documents related to the above variety first filed in another UPOV Yes O No member country and make recommendations to the PBR Office on their suitability for examination without a DUS test growing in Australia, and/or 							
e PBR O ocess.	ffice requires a comparative DUS	Yes	0	No	0		
ons that t	the QP has agreed to perform in relation	n to thi	s applie	cation			
Completion of Part 1of the application form. D Certification of			Certification of the Part 2 application form. 0				
0	Provide observations, data and statistic trial for the applicant to complete Part the application form.	al ana 2 of	ysis of	the DUS	D		
D	Completion of Part 2 of the PBR applic	ation.			0		
D	Verification of the field trial, observation analysis.	ons, da	ta and s	statistical	D		
D	Perform the necessary statistical ana to determine DUS.	lysis of	the me	asuremer	ntsO		
	Provide a detailed description of variet format.	y in the	PBR a	approved	0		
D	Provide a comparative slide or a colou showing distinctness characters.	ır print	of the v	ariety	D		
D	Make observations/take measuremen approved DUS test guidelines.	ts to c	omply w	vith	D		
	Direction of the second	Drive very variety first filed in another UPOV PBR Office on their suitability for and/or PBR Office requires a comparative DUS occess. Ins that the QP has agreed to perform in relation D Certification of the Part 2 application f Provide observations, data and statistic O trial for the applicant to complete Part the application of Part 2 of the PBR applic D Completion of Part 2 of the PBR applic D Verification of the field trial, observation analysis. D D Perform the necessary statistical anal to determine DUS. Provide a detailed description of variety format. D Provide a comparative slide or a colou showing distinctness characters. D Make observations/take measuremen approved DUS test guidelines.	ons: we variety first filed in another UPOV Yes PBR Office on their suitability for and/or Yes PBR Office requires a comparative DUS Yes occess. Yes ns that the QP has agreed to perform in relation to thi D Certification of the Part 2 application form. Provide observations, data and statistical anal 0 trial for the applicant to complete Part 2 of the application form. D Completion of Part 2 of the PBR application. D Verification of the field trial, observations, dat analysis. D Perform the necessary statistical analysis of to determine DUS. Provide a detailed description of variety in the format. D Provide a comparative slide or a colour print showing distinctness characters. D Make observations/take measurements to comparative dudy approved DUS test guidelines.	ons: we variety first filed in another UPOV Yes O PBR Office on their suitability for and/or Yes O PBR Office requires a comparative DUS Yes O occess. Yes O Ins that the QP has agreed to perform in relation to this applied D Certification of the Part 2 application form. Provide observations, data and statistical analysis of formation of the applicant to complete Part 2 of the application form. D Completion of Part 2 of the PBR application. D Verification of the field trial, observations, data and statistical analysis of the analysis. D Perform the necessary statistical analysis of the me to determine DUS. Provide a detailed description of variety in the PBR aformat. D Provide a comparative slide or a colour print of the v showing distinctness characters. D Make observations/take measurements to comply w approved DUS test guidelines.	ons: ve variety first filed in another UPOV Yes No PBR Office on their suitability for and/or No PBR Office requires a comparative DUS Yes No No ocess. No No Ins that the QP has agreed to perform in relation to this application No D Certification of the Part 2 application form. Provide observations, data and statistical analysis of the DUS trial for the applicant to complete Part 2 of the application form. D Completion of Part 2 of the PBR application. D D Completion of the field trial, observations, data and statistical analysis. D Perform the necessary statistical analysis of the measurement to determine DUS. Provide a detailed description of variety in the PBR approved format. D Provide a comparative slide or a colour print of the variety showing distinctness characters. D Make observations/take measurements to comply with approved DUS test guidelines.		

Declaration:

 $\, D\,$ By ticking this box I declare myself to be the person identified *below and the information to be true and correct.

am an authorised signatory for the **O** applicant

(DD/MM/YYYY)

Date:

THE PENALTY UNDER SECTION 75(1) FOR MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION IS SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT.

0 agent

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Supplementary Pages to the Part 1 0808 Application

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- how you may make a complaint about a breach of the Privacy Act and how we will deal with your

complaint; and

• IP Australia's Privacy Contact Officer detalfs.

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JP Australia will publish the:

- Applicant name;
- Agent name;
- Qualified Person name; and
- Town, State and Country of the applicant's address

in the Register of Plant Varieties, the Plant Varieties Journal and the Plant Breeder's Rights Database. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information (including personal information} held in IP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

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Consent

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15 盘 2	Plant Bre	eder's Right	ts Act 1994	4 - Section 2	6		
	Suppleme	entary Pages to the Part				1	0888
Austr.dian Governn1cnt		Appl	icatio	n			
I P Australia		, appi	loutic	,,,,			
Supplementary page	Supplementary pages to the Part 1Application - Questions 1, 3 and 24.						
1. Name and contact deta	ils of the applicant - The nam	ne and addre	ess of eac	h a pplica nt	is required		
Total number of a pplicants: [Note: Please use a separate form for each applicant]			ant)				
Name of applica nt:							
Address (can be a PO Box)							
				State		Postc	ode
	Country (if not Australia)						
Contact Name:							
Contact Details							
	Telephone	())				
	Fax	())				
	Mobile Number:				······		
	Email address:					`	
	ACN/ARBN (if applicable)		****				

3. Name and address of the breeder

Name of original breeder(s) who conducted or directed the work:

Em ployer: (if applicable)				
Address (can be a PO Box)				
		State	Postcode	
	Country (if not Australia)			

By completing this form you consent to your personal information being handled in accordance with the Privacy Notice on page 1 of this form and the IP Australia Privacy Policy.

Relationship of the breeder to the Applicant detailed inquestion 1

Breeder is the applicant

		Go to question	24	
Breeder is an employee or member of an organisation which is the applicant				
Breeder is not the applicant	D	How were the ow	nershi	o rights transferred to the applicant?
		By assignment	D	
		By will	D	
		By operation of law/other	0	Specify
		Copy of the docu	ment a	ttached?
		Yes	D	
		No	D	Why Not?

24. Application for PBR, declaration that all information is true and correct.

I/We the

D Applicant as outlined in question 1

D Agent as outlined in question 2 of the PBROOOOI

- apply for Plant Breeder's Rights to the variety described in this application, and
- authorise the Plant Breeder's Rights Office, for the purposes of examination, to exchange with the Plant Breeder's Rights Authorities of other countries all necessary information and material related to the variety, provided that the rights of the Applicant are safeguarded, and
- agree to the release of propagative material prior to the granting of PBR if required for comparative testing or scientific purposes, providing the material is used for no other purpose and all material relating to the variety is returned when the trials are complete, and
- declare that the information given in all parts of and attachments to this application is true and correct.

Name (please print)	
Position in Company/ Department {if applicable)	
Name of Company/ Department {if applicable)	
Date	(DD/MM/YYYY)

*The penalty under section 75(1) for intentionally or recklessly making a false statement in support of an application is six months imprisonment

² 8888

PART

Australian Government

Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Section 34

Application for Plant Breeder's Rights

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- how you may make a complaint about a breach of the Privacy Act and how we will deal with your

complaint; and

• IP Australia's Privacy Contact Officer details.

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IP Australia will publish the:

- Applicant name;
- Agent name;
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- Town, State and Country of the applicant's address

in the Register of Plant Varieties, the Plant Varieties Journal and the Plant Breeder's Rights Database. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information (including personal information) held in IP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

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Application for Plant Breeder's Rights

Australian Government I P Australia

DESCRIPTION OF NEW VARIETY (the candidate variety)

The purpose of Part 2 is to present the results from the growing trial and/or information arising from a certified overseas test report - and in particular to present evidence of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability.

The evidence of Distinctness will be published on the web in *Plant Varieties Journal* and must be submitted through the online Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS).

The evidence of Uniformity and Stability is generally not for publication and can be presented in the format outlined on the following pages. Where necessary attach additional pages. Uniformity and Stability information can be provided on disk or hard copy. Please read this form before entering information.

Part 2 must be accompanied by completed forms PBR/00/006 - Certification by a Qualified Person and PBR/00/009 - Confirmation of submission of propagating material to a genetic resource centre {GRC}.

1. Application number					
2 Name and synonym of the	he candidate variety as acce	pted by the PBR Office $r =$	ce Australia		
ame		non m			
3. Botanical name					
4. The candidate variety will	be maintained by (Tick)				
O Seed	D Vegetative propag	ation			
If it is also a grafted/budded	d variety, please provide th	e name of the rootstoc	k to which the candidate is grafte	ed/budded	
5. Stress Status of candidate	e variety (Tick)		Stress Status of comparator	varieties (Tick)	
(Tick 'n/a' only for varieties	s subject to post entry quara	ntine)			
D Pathogen/pest free	D Not free	D n/a	D Pathogen/pest free	0 Not free	
D Virus indexed	\mathbf{O} Not indexed	D n/a	D v·1 rus indexed	\mathbf{O} Not indexed	
D Stress free	Not free	D n/a	D Stress free	D Not free	
Important: Jf d isease, pest	or stress observed, provide	a full explanation of th	he factors and effects on a separat	te page.	
DECLARATION BY ACCRED	TED QUALIFIED PERSON				
The information in and atta	ched to this form was obtain	ned from: a) a scientific	cally conducted trial, collated and	d analysed under my	
supervision, and faithfully report obtained from a Inte	represents the expressions or reational Union for the Prot	of the characteristics of ection of New Varieties	these varieties; and/or b) a cert s of Plants (UPOV) member state	tified overseas test	
data presented being used to supplement and verify the overseas test report.					
A list of my functions as agreed with the applica nt/agent is set out in the attached form PBR/00/006. In addition, I certify that this variety is distinct from the most similar varieties of common knowledge and meets the criteria of uniformity and stability					
a ppropriate for propagation	of the variety.				
$D_{be}^{By ticking this box I declare myself to be the person identified in this form and the information supplied to be true and correct.*$					

Name (please print)

Date

 $\{DD/MM/YYYY)$

•THE PENALTY UNDER SECTION 75(1) FOR MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION IS SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT.

Distinctness

Evidence for distinctness is included in the detailed description of the variety and is usually based on a comparative trial grown in Australia. In some cases and subject to conditions''', the detailed description can be drawn from an official overseas test report, obtained from a UPOV member state.

• While preparing a description based on an overseas test report the distinctive characteristics of the variety must be confirmed under Australian conditions and appropriate Australian comparators should be considered and included in the description. Details of how the confirmation was conducted should be included in the 'Conditions' section of the detailed description.

The Qualified Person uses information from the comparative trial (or from the overseas test report) to prepare a Detailed Description of the variety. This detailed description must be submitted through the Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS). The IVDS is a secure system which needs individual username and password for access. All PBR accredited Qualified Persons are provided with their individual username and password. Please contact the PBR office if you do not have a username and password. IVDS can be accessed from PBR website at {www.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbrl.

The IVDS allows Qualified Persons to complete and submit detailed descriptions online by accessing relevant test guidelines and selecting specific characteristics with their various states of expressions from the options provided. The IVDS incorporates all of the approved UPOV test guidelines {and some additional national equivalents where a UPOV test guideline is not available) in interactive forms with easy to use drop-down menus. Qualified Persons can "build" their own additional/special characteristics if suitable options are not available in the guideline. The IVDS also accepts statistical information.

The JVDS emphasises the use of "grouping characteristics" in selecting comparator varieties. It allows Qualified Persons to lodge the completed variety descriptions with minimum typing.

To claim distinctness, the Qualified Person must nominate one or more characteristids} which distinguishes the candidate from the comparator varietylies). Inbuilt check boxes are provided for this puroose.

There are step by step on-screen instructions with examples in each step of NDS, which will assist the Qualified Person to complete the process smoothly. In addition, PBR Office (PBRO) is ready to help Qualified Persons, if they encounter any problems. Please send an email to <u>pbr@ipaustralia.gov.au</u> if there is a problem in completing the description using IVDS.

Requirement to supply a photograph

A photograph must be provided for publication purposes. A good quality digital image depicting one or more distinguishing features of the candidate variety along with the comparators is preferred. The digital image should be well-labelled to avoid any confusion with the variety names. Please upload your digital photograph in the attachments section within eServices (www.ipaustralia.gov.au/getthe-right ip*lese* rvices*D*.

In absence of a digital photograph you can also supply a good quality colour transparency or a colour print. In special cases, composite photographs can be produced by the PBR office.

Briefly describe the subject of your photograph. Indicate the position of the candidate and the comparators.

Indicate the distinct characters of the candidate variety that can be observed in the photograph.

Uniformity

Each candidate variety must be uniform. A variety is taken to be uniform, if subject to the variation that may be expected from the particular features of its propagation, it is uniform in its distinctive characteristics. For many species the level of uniformity required is specified in the relevant UPOV Technical Guideline (UPOV Technical guidelines are available at (www.upov.int/en/publications/tg-rom/index.htm!).

Observed characteristics

For observed characteristics (ie not measured characteristics), uniformity is usually assessed using the <u>off-type method</u>. Qualified Persons should submit information recording the number of offtypes (ie number of plants or samples which have a state of expression different from that claimed for the candidate) for the relevant <u>distinctive</u> characteristics. For example the candidate variety might be distinctively red flowered but occasionally there is a yellow flower (in the example below, one yellow flower in each ten flowers sampled).

*Please contact the PBR office to discuss any detailed requirements

Characteristic	Normal state for candidate	Total number of plants/samples assessed for this characteristic	Total number of off-types for this characteristic	Abnormal expressions observed
Example:	Red	10	1	Yellow
Flower colour				

Requirement to supply uniformity information for each distinct characteristic

Usually off-type or relative variance data must be provided for each distinctive characteristic claimed for the candidate variety. However, where the Qualified Person has not recorded any off-types for distinctive characteristics assessed by observation. then a statement to that effect can be made by checking the box (see under) in lieu of completing the <u>off-type data</u> table. For distinctive characteristics assessed by measurement. relative variance information should always be provided, (see under).

 $D\,$ No off-types have been recorded for any of the distinctive characteristics of the candidate variety assessed by observation.

Measu red characteristics

OFF TYPE METHOD TABLE

When assessing and recording uniformity for measured characteristics (where it is often difficult to dearly identify what is or is not an off-type), Qualified Persons can use the <u>relative variance method</u>. Here, the variance for a measured distinctive characteristic of the candidate is compared with the mean variance of the comparator varieties for the same characteristic.

Using the following table, for each distinctive measured characteristic, calculate the "combined mean variance" by averaging the individual variances of the comparator varieties. Then calculate the "variance ratio" by dividing the variance of the candidate by the combined mean variance of the comparators (see example). All measured characteristics used to show distinctness must be included in this table unless otherwise agreed with the PBRO. The table may need to be expanded for trials with a large number of comparators or where the candidate has many distinctive characteristics.

RELATIVE VARIANCE TABLE

Characteristic	Variance of candidate variety	Variance of comparator variety	Variance of comparator variety	Variance of comparator variety	Variance of comparator variety	Variance of reference variety	Combined mean variances of comparator varieties	Ratio candidate/ mean of comparators
Example: Plant: height (cm}	5.1	6.5	5.5	4.3	5.3	6.2	5.56	0.917

Stability

A variety is taken to be stable if its distinctive characteristics remain unchanged after repeated propagation. There is no need to provide stability data for comparator varieties.

Stability for candidate varieties maintained by seed

Plants grown from a minimum of two seed generations of the candidate variety should be so alike that they could not be declared distinct from each other for any characteristic used to show distinctness of the candidate variety from the comparator or varieties.

'state' refers to the state of expression of a characteristic recorded in words

for observed characteristics {ie not measured characteristics}, leave columns 4 and 5 blank

STABILITY TABLE

Characteristic	Mean or state for Different Generation 1 {0)1	Mean or state	for Difference Generation 2	LSD* (P =< 0.01) between	Same (S) or (measured
			the means	characteristics only)	
Example:					~

Plant: height (cm}	127.1	130.2	3.1	3.5	S

*Least Significant Difference (LSD) test preferred though other appropriate statistical tests can also be used.

Stability - for candidate varieties maintained by vegetative means

Where no instability between generations for distinctive characteristics has been observed, then it is generally sufficient for the Qualified Person to make a statement to that effect by checking the box (see under) in lieu of completing a stability table.

D The distinctive characteristics of the candidate variety are stable (ie have remained unchanged) after repeated propagation.

Where instability of distinctive characteristics is present in a vegetatively propagated candidate variety, the Qualified Person will need to contact the PBRO.

Checklist of Attach ments - Part 2 Application

Have you included the following?

 ${
m D}$ One completed original Part 2 Application form (PBR/00/002) for Plant Breeder's Rights

DA completed Certification by a Qualified Person form (PBR/00/006)

DA completed Confirmation of submission of propagating material to a genetic resource centre form (PBR/00/009)

D Has evidence of disf1nctness been submitted via the online Interactive Variety Description System (IVDS)?

 $\mathbf{0}$ Photograph or photographs showing the distinguishing characteristics of the new variety

D Have ALL questions been answered?

 ${f O}$ Has the Qualified Person completed the declaration on page 1 of this form?

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Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Section 34



Certification by a Qualified Person (QP)

J p Australia

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- how you may make a complaint about a breach of the Privacy Act and how we will deal with your complaint; and
- 9 IPAustralia's Privacy Contact Officer details.

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IP Australia will publish the:

- · Applicant name;
- Agent name;
- Qualified Person name and contact details; and
- Town, State and Country of the applicant's address

in the Register of Plant Varieti'es, the Plant Varieties Journal, the Plant Breeder's Rights Database and/or on our website. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information (including personal information) held in IP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

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Plant Breeder Australian Governn1ent IP Australia	r's Righ A QL	ualified Person (QP)
 To be completed by the applicant or the applican The Qualified Person must be officially accredited This completed form should be attached to, and 	t's ager I for the submit	nt <u>and t</u> he Qualified Person. species, in writing, bythe PBR Office (PBRO). ted with, Part 2 of the application form PBR/00/002.
Name of variety:		
Application "number:		
Applicant's or Agent's name:		
Qualified Person's name:		
Answer all questions by ticking the appropriate box I a m accredited with the Plant Breeders Rights O	office	for this taxon as a:
D consultant Qualified Person		
D non-consultant Qualified Person		
As the Qualified Person I have: reviewed the application documents related to the above the PBRO that they are suitable for examination without Yes D No D performed those functions ticked in the box below as part the application form Yes D No D	variety a comp : of the	v first filed in another UPOV member country and recommend to parative test growing in Australia, and/or application process, the results of which are reported in Part 2 of
Tick only those functions that the QP performed	in rela	ation to this a p plication
Completion of Part 1 of the application form.	D	Certification of the Part 2 application form.
Determine the most similar varieties of common knowledge and the need to include source or parental material in trial.	0	Provide observations, data and statistical analysis of the DUS trial for the applicant to complete Part 2 of the application form.
Planning the test growing trial	D	Completion of Part 2 of the PBR application.
Recommending the most appropriate trial site for the varieties in trial.	D	Verification of the field trial, observations, data and statistical analysis.
Choice of trial site	D	Perform the necessary statistical analysis of the measurements ${f D}$ to determine DUS.
Supervision of the layout and planting of the trial	D	Provide a detailed description of variety in the PBR approved O format.
Care and maintenance of the trial	D	Provide a comparative slide or a colour print of the variety D showing distinctness characters.
Instruction to applicant on the timing and nature of observations/measurements needed.	D	Make observations/take measurements to comply with approved DUS test guidelines.

Declaration by Qualified Person

$D_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm By ticking this box I declare myself to be the Qualified Personance (V_{\rm correct.*}^{\rm B$	on identified in this form and the information supplied to be true and
Name (please print):	Date:
	(OD/MM/YYYY)
The applicant or agent for the applicant should complete the serrespective roles of the applicant/agent and QP in this application	ction below to confirm that there is an agreed understanding on the .
Applica nt/Agent	
D By ticking this box Ideclare myself to be an authorised sign information supplied to be true and correct.*	atory for the Applicant/Agent identified in this form and the
Name (please print):	Date:
	(DO/MM/YVYY)
Name of Company or Department {if applicable}	
For joint applicants where an agent has not been aut required.	thorised, the name of <u>each of</u> the joint applicants is
D By ticking this box I declare myself to be the person identified correct.*	ed below and am authorised to sign. The information is true and
Name (please print):	Date:
	(OD/MM/YYYY)
Name of Company or Department (<i>if applicable</i>)	

•THE PENALTY UNDER SECTION 75(1) FOR MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION ISSIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT.



Australian Government I P Australia Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Sections 4, 40 and 41

Application for a Declaration of Essential Derivation



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IP Australia will publish the:

- Applicant name;
- Agent name; and
- Town, State and Country of the applicant's address

in the Register of Plant Varieties, the Plant Varieties Journal and the Plant Breeder's Rights Database. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information (including personal information) held in IP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

You should also be aware that the Registrar for Plant Breeder's Rights may need to:

- contact the grantee of the Plant Breeders Right for which you are seeking a declaration, regarding your application; and
- · disclose the contents of your application to the grantee of the Plant Breeder's Right.

If you do not provide the personal information required on the form, IP Australia may not be able to process this form.

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Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 - Sections 4, 40 and 41

Application for a Declaration of Essential Derivation

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Sections 1 to 3 to be completed by the Applicant

Note: This application must be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

Section 1: General	information a bout the Applicant a	nd varieties concerned	1	
Name of Applicant:				
	{person making this request for declaration	n of essential derivation}		
Address (can be a PO Box):				
		State	Postcode	
	Country (f not Australia }			
Contact Details				
Contact person: {if di(ferent from				
Telephone		fax		
Mobile Number:				
Email address:				
Initial Variety (deta	ails of your granted PBR variety)			
PBRApplication No.				
PBR Certificate No.				
Variety name:				
Botanical name:				
Hasthe initial variety its	self been declared to be essentially derived	from another variety?		
	D _{Yes}			
	O No			
Second Variety {de	etails of the variety you are claiming	is essentially derived)		
If the second variety is	the subject of an existing PBR then provide	details:		
PBR Application No.				
PBR Certificate No. (If gronted)				

Variety name:

Botanical name:

Second Variety (continued)

If the second variety is not the subject of an existing PBR then provide details:

Variety name:	
Botanical name:	
Breeder:	
Breeder Address:	

The above information must be sufficient to enable the Registrar to notify the breeder of the second variety of the application for essential derivation.

If you are unable to reasonably identify the breeder of the second variety then outline steps you have undertaken to attempt to obtain the information

Note: To further consider the application, the information provided must be sufficient to satisfy the Registrar that reasonable steps have been undertaken in an attempt to identify the breeder of the second variety.

T

Section 2: Reasons for requesting a declaration of essential derivation

Provide all information relevant to establishing a *prima facie* case that the second variety is an essentially derived variety of the initial variety. Without limiting what might be included in this application, each matter raised in Section 4 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994*, must be individually addressed (attach additional pages if required). Note when assessing the application for essential derivation the Registrar may seek further correspondence from either party, order a test growing or consider any o_ther relevant information.

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Section 3: Declaration by the Applicant

As the grantee or an exclusive licensee of the grantee of the initial variety stated in this application, I apply under Section 40 or 41 of the *Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994* for a declaration that the second variety stated in this application is essentially derived from the aforementioned variety.

Byticking this box **O**

I/We:		
	Date:	
		(DD/MM/YYYY)

declare to be authorised to complete this application and that the information given in all parts of and attachments to this form are

true and correct.*

'THE PENALTY UNDER SECTION 75(1) FOR MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION IS SIX MONTHS I MPRISONME NT.

Section 4 to be completed by IP Australia

Section 4: Process for assessing an application for essential derivation Note: Grantee also includes an exclusive licensee of the grantee. Prior declarations affecting initial variety				
Has the initial variety been declared essentially derived from another variety? If yes, then refuse application for essential derivation and notify applicant	Yes	D	No	D
Application must contain prim afacie case of essential derivation				
Has a prima facie case been established?	Yes	D	No	D
If no, has the applicant been notified with reasons for the decision?	Yes	D	No	D
If yes, has notification been sent to grantee of second variety allowing 30 days (or other such period as allowed by the delegate) in which to establish that the second variety is not an essentially derived variety of the initial variety?	Yes	D	No	D
Final Declaration				
After considering all relevant information, is the delegate satisfied that the grantee or breeder of the second variety has rebutted the <i>prima facie</i> case?	Yes	D	No	D

If yes, notify both the applicant and grantee or breeder of the second variety of result; and provide reasons to the applicant.

If no, declare that the second variety is essentially derived from the initial variety; notify both the applicant and grantee or breeder of the second variety, and provide reasons to the grantee or breeder of the second variety.

Reason:

Written notification of the declaration has been provided to the grantee of the initial variety and the grantee or breeder of the second variety

D		D
$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	No	\mathbf{D}

Yes

Delegate of Registrar of Plant Breeder's Rights

Date:

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Plant Breeder's Rights Act 1994 Section 62A



Application to Rectify the PBR Register

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IP Australia will publish the:

- Applicant name, phone and fax numbers;
- Agent name, phone and fax numbers;
- -Town, State and Country of the applicant's address; and
- Details of any amendment to the PBR Register

in the Register of Plant Varieties, the Plant Varieties Journal and the Plant Breeder's Rights Database. Once information is available on the internet, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure. You should be aware that the information (including personal information) held in IP Australia's online IP Rights databases is also available on request, subject to our terms and conditions.

You should also be aware that under the International Union for Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) (www.upov.int/ portal/index.html.en) Convention, IP Australia is required to disclose information regarding plant breeder's rights applications (including the na me of the applicant) to the UPOV in Geneva, Switzerland. Once information is provided to UPOV, IP Australia has no control over its subsequent use and disclosure.

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Australian Golvernn1 cnt Application to Rectify the PBR Register

11Australia

Personal Details of Applicant

(* denotes mandatory fields)

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*Name		ACN/ARBN/	ACN/ARBN/ABN	
*Address				
(can bea PO Box)	Country {if not Australia}	State	Postcode	
*Address for Se Address for Ser	ervice (<i>if different from the above address</i>) ervice of documents in Australia or New Zealand (<i>ce</i>	an be a PO Box)		
Address				

	ountry	State	Postcode		
Agent Details (only complete if you are being represented by an Agent authorised to act on your behalf)					
Name					
Address					
	Country (if not Australia)	State	Postcode		

Optional De	etails:		Mahila	
Telephone		Fax	Number	
Email Address	:0=======	'	:;−c:ustomer Number	;::====================================

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IP Australia publishes address details in our online databases and bulk data products. Please provide a post office box if you do not wan t your residential address to be published.



8888

Application to Rectify the PBR Register

IP Australia

THIS FORM SHOULD BE USED FOR AMENDMENTS TO RECTIFY THE PBR REGISTER UNDER S62A of the PBR Act

Part 1Formality Details

If more room is required than is provided on the following pages you can attach your request to the back of this form

PBR Certificate Number{s)	Variety name

Current proceedings

The Register cannot be rectified while relevant proceedings in relation to the PBR are pending or proceedings in a court or in the AAT, relating to a decision under s21 of the PBR Act to amend or refuse to amend, the Register in relation to the PBR, are pending.

Complete the following:

 ${f D}$ r am not aware of any current proceedings in relation to the PBR varieties identified in this application OR

O I am aware of the following current proceedings in relation to the PBR varieties identified in this application

Details of current proceedings

Part 2 Amendment Details

Tick the appropriate box(s) and provide reasoning.

Type of amendment requested

O omission of an entry from the register

 ${f O}$ an entry made in the Register without sufficient cause

O an entry wrongly existing in the Register

an error or defect in any entry in the Register

Note: If the reason is not sufficient the Registrar may seek further information from any person



 $\begin{array}{c} & O888 \\ \text{Application to Rectify the PBR Register} \end{array}$

I P Australia

Details of the amendment(s) requested and reasoning

Note: If the reason is not sufficient the Registrar may seek further information from any person



8888

Austrnlian co, ernment Application to Rectify the PBR Register

IP Australia

Nature of Amendment:

Type or attach a copy of details in the box as to how you wish the Register to be rectified.

Other details (optional):

All amend ment details have been entered or attached to this form.



This part of the *Plant Varieties Journal* provides public notices on Acceptances, Variety Descriptions, Grants and Variations etc. The Part 2 Public Notices pages of *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. 32 Issue 1) are listed below:

- <u>Home</u>
- <u>Acceptances</u>
- <u>Variety Descriptions</u>
- <u>Grants</u>
- Assignment of Rights
- Change or Nomination of Agent
- Change of Denomination
- Applications Withdrawn
- Transfer of Rights
- Grants Surrendered
- Grants Expired
- Grants Revoked
- <u>Corrigenda</u>

ACCEPTANCE

The following varieties are under provisional protection from the date of acceptance:

Gossypium hirsutum

COTTON

'Sicot 620'

Application No: 2018/316 Accepted: 02 Jan 2019 Applicant: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Cotton Seed Distributors Ltd., Canberra, ACT.

Gossypium hirsutum

COTTON

'Siokra 250'

Application No: 2018/317 Accepted: 02 Jan 2019 Applicant: Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, Cotton Seed Distributors Ltd., Canberra, ACT.

Citrus sinensis

SWEET ORANGE, NAVEL ORANGE

'Carninka'

Application No: 2018/337 Accepted: 04 Jan 2019 Applicant: Citrogold (Pty) Ltd; Daniel Rautenbach Testamentere Trust; Ripple Hill Boerdery Trust. Agent: Variety Access Pty Ltd, Torbanlea, QLD.

Acacia floribunda

'ACF008'

Application No: 2018/368 Accepted: 07 Jan 2019 Applicant: **Bushland Flora Pty Ltd**, Mount Evelyn, VIC.

Digitaria milanjiana (Rendle) Stapf

DIGITARIA

'DMJ-012' Application No: 2018/366 Accepted: 08 Jan 2019 Applicant: GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD.

Prunus dulcis

ALMOND

'Bennett-Hickman' syn Bennett

Application No: 2018/378 Accepted: 08 Jan 2019 Applicant: **James Bennett**. Agent: **Spruson & Ferguson**, Brisbane, QLD.

Doryanthes excelsa

'Ryan's Gold'

Application No: 2018/379 Accepted: 09 Jan 2019 Applicant: **Craig Waldon**; **Ryan Waldon**, Wyee, NSW.

Dactylis glomerata

COCKSFOOT

'Sulivan'

Application No: 2018/357 Accepted: 10 Jan 2019 Applicant: **Grasslands Innovation Limited**, Palmerston North, NZ.

Actinidia chinensis

KIWIFRUIT

'AC1536'

Application No: 2018/369 Accepted: 10 Jan 2019 Applicant: Universita Degli Studi di Udine. Agent: Davies Collison Cave Law Pty Ltd, Melbourne, VIC.

Echeveria hybrid

'MOBEc 69' syn ech 142

Application No: 2018/380 Accepted: 10 Jan 2019 Applicant: Morgan Oates & Brown Pty Ltd. Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Peats Ridge, NSW. Echeveria hybrid

'MOBEc 62'

Application No: 2018/381 Accepted: 10 Jan 2019 Applicant: Morgan Oates & Brown Pty Ltd. Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Peats Ridge, NSW.

Prunus avium

SWEET CHERRY

'Areko' syn Hamid

Application No: 2018/327 Accepted: 11 Jan 2019 Applicant: Julius Kuhn-Institut (JKI), Federal Research Centre for Cultivated Plants. Agent: Australian Nurserymen's Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC) Ltd, Kallangur, QLD.

Pennisetum clandestinum

KIKUYU GRASS

'Fulkerson'

Application No: 2018/361 Accepted: 15 Jan 2019 Applicant: Eykamp Seeds Pty Ltd; Eycorp Pty Ltd, Quirindi, NSW.

Lotus pedunculatus

LOTUS

'LE 306'

Application No: 2018/292 Accepted: 30 Jan 2019 Applicant: Instituto de Investigaciones Agropecuarias (INIA). Agent: PGG Wrightson Seeds Limited, Christchurch, .

Raphanus sativus

RADISH

'NSW1'

Application No: 2018/314 Accepted: 30 Jan 2019 Applicant: **Norwest Seed Ltd**. Agent: **Pasture Genetics Ltd**, Wingfield, SA. Avena sativa

OATS

'Benny'

Application No: 2018/339 Accepted: 30 Jan 2019 Applicant: Nordsaat Saatzucht GmbH. Agent: Australian Grain and Forage Seeds P/L, Smeaton, VIC.

Cucumis sativus

CUCUMBER, GHERKIN

'EQLIPSE'

Application No: 2018/182 Accepted: 06 Feb 2019 Applicant: Nunhems B.V.. Agent: Shelston IP Pty Ltd, Sydney, NSW.

Syzygium australe

LILLY PILLY

'Dazzling Dazza'

Application No: 2019/013 Accepted: 07 Feb 2019 Applicant: **Reline Management Pty Ltd ATF The Cole Unit Trust**, Banjup, WA.

Syzygium australe

LILLY PILLY

'Mighty Dazza'

Application No: 2019/012 Accepted: 07 Feb 2019 Applicant: **Reline Management Pty Ltd ATF The Cole Unit Trust**, Banjup, WA.

Convolvulus cneorum

'Silver Pearl'

Application No: 2019/006 Accepted: 07 Feb 2019 Applicant: Mark Lunghusen; REH Superannuation Fund Pty Ltd. Agent: Australian Horticultural Services Pty Ltd, Wonga Park, VIC. Vigna unguiculata

COWPEA

'Kalahari'

Application No: 2018/363 Accepted: 11 Feb 2019 Applicant: **PGG Wrightson Seeds Limited**, Christchurch, NZ.

Prunus salicina

JAPANESE PLUM

'AJOP20'

Application No: 2019/010 Accepted: 11 Feb 2019 Applicant: Joseph Rullo. Agent: Australian Nurserymens Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC) Ltd, Kallangur, QLD.

Convolvulus cneorum

'Silver Cascade'

Application No: 2019/005 Accepted: 12 Feb 2019 Applicant: Mark Lunghusen; REH Superannuation Fund Pty Ltd. Agent: Australian Horticultural Services Pty Ltd, Wonga Park, VIC.

Cercis canadensis x canadensis var. texensis

EASTERN REDBUD, NORTH AMERICAN EASTERN REDBUD

'Pink Pom Poms'

Application No: 2019/003 Accepted: 15 Feb 2019 Applicant: North Carolina State University. Agent: Australian Horticultural Services Pty Ltd, Wonga Park, VIC.

Rubus subgenus Rubus Watson

BLACKBERRY

'APF-190T'

Application No: 2019/007 Accepted: 18 Feb 2019 Applicant: **The Board of Trustees of the University of Arkansas**. Agent: **Adrian M. Trioli Patent and Trade Mark Attorney**, East Melbourne, VIC. Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

'DS Tull'

Application No: 2018/189 Accepted: 18 Feb 2019 Applicant: **Agrigenetics, Inc.**. Agent: **Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited**, Frenchs Forrest, NSW.

Triticum aestivum

WHEAT

'DS Bennett'

Application No: 2018/188 Accepted: 18 Feb 2019 Applicant: **Agrigenetics, Inc.**. Agent: **Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited**, Frenchs Forrest, NSW.

Fragaria x ananassa

STRAWBERRY

'DrisStrawSixtySeven'

Application No: 2019/017 Accepted: 20 Feb 2019 Applicant: **Driscoll's, Inc.**. Agent: **AJ Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Solanum lycopersicum L.

TOMATO

'NUN 09248 TOF'

Application No: 2019/020 Accepted: 27 Feb 2019 Applicant: Nunhems B.V.. Agent: Shelston IP Pty Ltd, Sydney, NSW.

Pyrus communis

EUROPEAN PEAR

'Cepuna'

Application No: 2019/018 Accepted: 27 Feb 2019 Applicant: **(I.N.R.A.) Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique**. Agent: **Graham's Factree Pty Ltd**, Hoddles Creek, VIC. Solanum lycopersicum

TOMATO

'SOLABOLL'

Application No: 2019/021 Accepted: 27 Feb 2019 Applicant: Nunhems B.V.. Agent: Shelston IP Pty Ltd, Sydney, NSW.

Solanum lycopersicum

TOMATO

'MAREJADA'

Application No: 2019/019 Accepted: 27 Feb 2019 Applicant: Nunhems B.V.. Agent: Shelston IP Pty Ltd, Sydney, NSW.

Goodenia ovata

'GOOD17001'

Application No: 2019/008 Accepted: 04 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Ian Shimmen**, Mount Evelyn, VIC.

Correa glabra

'COR13002'

Application No: 2018/070 Accepted: 05 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Ian Shimmen**, Mount Evelyn, VIC.

Correa pulchella

CORREA

'COR16004'

Application No: 2018/068 Accepted: 05 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Ian Shimmen**, Mount Evelyn, VIC.

x Mangave.

'Pineapple Express'

Application No: 2019/001 Accepted: 06 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Walters Gardens, Inc.** Agent: **Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd**, Peats Ridge, NSW. Cucumis sativus

CUCUMBER, GHERKIN

'SQISITO'

Application No: 2018/358 Accepted: 06 Mar 2019 Applicant: Nunhems B.V.. Agent: Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW.

Sesamum indicum

SESAME

'AGV1013'

Application No: 2018/272 Accepted: 12 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW.

Sesamum indicum

SESAME

'AGV1007'

Application No: 2018/266 Accepted: 12 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW.

Solanum lycopersicum

TOMATO

'PR-7'

Application No: 2018/353 Accepted: 12 Mar 2019 Applicant: **TAKII & COMPANY LIMITED**. Agent: **Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited**, Darling Park, NSW.

Oryza sativa

RICE

'AGV1008'

Application No: 2018/267 Accepted: 13 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW. Oryza sativa

RICE

'AGV1009'

Application No: 2018/268 Accepted: 13 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW.

Vigna angularis

'AGV1012'

Application No: 2018/271 Accepted: 13 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW.

Brassica juncea

INDIAN MUSTARD

'AGV1014'

Application No: 2018/273 Accepted: 13 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW.

Cucumis sativus

MELON

'Equity' Application No: 2018/321 Accepted: 14 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Nunhems B.V.**. Agent: **Shelston IP**, Sydney, NSW.

Vigna radiata

MUNG BEAN

'AGV1011'

Application No: 2018/270 Accepted: 15 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW. Vitis vinifera

GRAPE VINE

'Sheegene 102'

Application No: 2019/025 Accepted: 15 Mar 2019 Applicant: Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emerald, VIC.

Glycine max

SOYBEAN

'AGV1006'

Application No: 2018/265 Accepted: 15 Mar 2019 Applicant: AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd. Agent: Peter Maxwell and Associates, Sydney, NSW.

Glycine max

SOYBEAN

'AGV1005'

Application No: 2018/264 Accepted: 15 Mar 2019 Applicant: **AgriVentis Technologies Pty Ltd**. Agent: **Peter Maxwell and Associates**, Sydney, NSW.

Vitis vinifera

GRAPE VINE

'Sheegene 101'

Application No: 2019/024 Accepted: 15 Mar 2019 Applicant: Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emerald, VIC.

Vitis vinifera

GRAPE VINE

'Sheegene 103'

Application No: 2019/026 Accepted: 18 Mar 2019 Applicant: Sheehan Genetics Australia Pty Ltd, Emerald, VIC. Lilium hybrid

LILY

'Profundo'

Application No: 2018/384 Accepted: 27 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Testcentrum voor Siergewassen B.V.** Agent: **Crop & Nursery Services**, Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

'Maldano'

Application No: 2018/382 Accepted: 27 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Testcentrum voor Siergewassen B.V.** Agent: **Crop & Nursery Services**, Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

'RedDesire'

Application No: 2018/383 Accepted: 28 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Testcentrum voor Siergewassen B.V.** Agent: **Crop & Nursery Services**, Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Vaccinium corymbosum L.

BLUEBERRY

'DrisBlueSeventeen'

Application No: 2019/044 Accepted: 28 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Driscoll's Inc.**. Agent: **AJ Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Vaccinium corymbosum

'DrisBlueSixteen'

Application No: 2019/041 Accepted: 28 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Driscoll's Inc.**. Agent: **AJ Park**, Sydney, NSW.
Solanum tuberosum

ΡΟΤΑΤΟ

'Crop60'

Application No: 2019/042 Accepted: 29 Mar 2019 Applicant: **The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited**. Agent: **AJ Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Persea americana

'GreyStar'

Application No: 2018/375 Accepted: 29 Mar 2019 Applicant: **Avogrey Heritage Trust**. Agent: **Fleming's Nurseries Pty Ltd**, Monbulk, VIC.

Variety Descriptions

Common (Genus Species)	<u>Variety</u>	Title Holder
(Lavandula hybrid)	Ghostly Princess	Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd
Abyssinian Cabbage (Brassica carinata)	Amara	Shamrock Seed Company, Inc. dba Vilmorin North America
Apple (Malus domestica)	Lady In Red	Sunglo Varieties Limited
Apple (Malus domestica)	Ruby Heart	Andrew Egan
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Ohalo2	CSIRO
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Ohalo	CSIRO
<u>Bidens (Bidens</u> <u>ferulifolia)</u>	SUNBIDEVB 4	Suntory Flowers Limited
<u>Bidens (Bidens</u> <u>ferulifolia)</u>	SUNBIDEVB 3	Suntory Flowers Limited
Blueberry (Vaccinium corymbosum)	Ventura	Fall Creek Farm & Nursery Inc.
Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)	Nuabtang	NuFlora International Pty Ltd
Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)	Nuabred	NuFlora International Pty Ltd
Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)	LuckyLanternYellow	NuFlora International Pty Ltd
Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)	Passion	NuFlora International Pty Ltd
Cucumber (Cucumis sativus)	EQLIPSE	Nunhems B.V.
Escallonia (Escallonia laevis)	Lades	Ludovic Ladan
Fanflower (Scaevola aemula)	Bonsca 1203	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited
French bean (Phaseolus vulgaris)	Aldrin	HM.CLAUSE, Inc.
Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)	SUGRATHIRTYSIX	Sun World International LLC

<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	SUGRATHIRTYTWO	Sun World International LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	IFG Six	International Fruit Genetics LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	IFG Fourteen	International Fruit Genetics LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	Sugrathirtynine	Sun World International, LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	IFG Seventeen	International Fruit Genetics, LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	IFG Sixteen	International Fruit Genetics, LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	IFG Three	International Fruit Genetics LLC
<u>Grape vine (Vitis</u> <u>vinifera)</u>	IFG Nine	International Fruit Genetics LLC
Hop Bush (Dodonaea viscosa)	Mr Green Sheen	Stephen Membrey and Gayle Membrey
<u>Japanese Elm</u> <u>(Zelkova serrata)</u>	Goldenflame	Vic John Ciccolella
<u>Kangaroo Paw</u> <u>(Anigozanthos hybrid)</u>	Rambocity	Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd.
<u>Manila Grass (Zoysia</u> <u>matrella)</u>	GZ-006	GeneGro Pty Ltd
<u>Manila Grass (Zoysia</u> <u>matrella)</u>	GZ-022	GeneGro Pty Ltd
<u>Oats (Avena sativa)</u>	koorabup	MINISTER FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT (Acting through the South Australian Research and Development Institute), Grains Research and Development Corporation
Poinsettia <u>(Euphorbia</u> <u>hybrid)</u>	Bonpri 974	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited
Potato <u>(Solanum</u> tuberosum)	ATTX961014-1R/Y	Texas A&M AgriLife Research
Potato <u>(Solanum</u> tuberosum)	Amigo-590.02.7	SIPRE
Prickly Couch (Zoysia macrantha)	ZMW-019	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Prickly Couch (Zoysia macrantha)	ZMM-018	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Rose (Rosa hybrid)	GRAflr	John C. Gray, Sylvia E. Gray

Rose (Rosa hybrid)	GRAosr	John C. Gray, Sylvia E. Gray
<u>Spurges (Euphorbia</u> hybrid)	Bonpoiakani	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited
<u>Strawberry (Fragaria</u> <u>x ananassa)</u>	Grenada	The Regents of the University of California
<u>Strawberry (Fragaria</u> <u>xananassa)</u>	Fronteras	The Regents of the University of California
<u>Sweet Orange (Citrus</u> <u>sinensis)</u>	VILLA11	Frank Mercuri, Domenic Mercuri, Frank Nardi, Michael Nardi, Joe Nardi
<u>Tomato (Solanum</u> Iycopersicum)	Arendell	Nunhems B.V.
<u>Tomato (Solanum</u> Iycopersicum)	Trevine	Nunhems B.V.
<u>Wheat (Triticum</u> <u>aestivum)</u>	DS Darwin	Agrigenetics, Inc.
<u>Wheat (Triticum</u> <u>aestivum)</u>	DS Pascal	Agrigenetics, Inc.
<u>Wheat (Triticum</u> <u>aestivum)</u>	SUNPRIME	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
<u>Wheat (Triticum</u> <u>aestivum)</u>	Illabo	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
<u>Wheat (Triticum</u> <u>aestivum)</u>	DS Bennett	Agrigenetics, Inc.
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	DS Tull	Agrigenetics, Inc.
<u>Wheat (Triticum</u> <u>aestivum)</u>	Razor CL Plus	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd

(Lavandula hybrid)

Variety: 'Ghostly Princess' Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2017/202
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	12-Jul-2017
Accepted:	02-Aug-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd		
Agent:	Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd	
Telephone:	0362659050	
Fax:	0362659919	

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Abyssinian Cabbage (Brassica carinata)

Aby SSIIIan Oc	ibbage (blassica califiata)
Variety:	'Amara'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2017/022
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Feb-2017
Accepted:	21-Apr-2017
Granted:	N/A
Description published in Plant Varieties Journal:	Volume 32, Issue 1

Title Holder:Shamrock Seed Company, Inc. dba Vilmorin North AmericaAgent:Shelston IPTelephone:0297771111Fax:0292414666



Apple (Malus	domestica)	
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Variety: 'Lady In Red' Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2008/108
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	24-Apr-2008
Accepted:	11-Sep-2008
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sunglo Varieties Limited

Agent:Australian Nurserymans Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC)Telephone:0734919905Fax:0734919929

View the detailed description of this variety.



Apple	(Malus	domestica)
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Variety:	'Ruby Heart'
Synonym:	Rubihart

Application no:	2014/300
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	28-Nov-2014
Accepted:	23-Feb-2015
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Andrew Egan
Agent:	Cecilia Egan
Telephone:	0419305242
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Barley (Hord	leum vulgare)
Variety:	'Ohalo2'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2016/310
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	06-Nov-2016
Accepted:	09-Dec-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: CSIRO	
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0262465331
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	
Variety:	'Ohalo'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2016/309
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	06-Nov-2016
Accepted:	03-May-2017

Granted: N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: CSIRO	
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0262465331
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Bidens (Bidens ferulifolia)Variety:'SUNBIDEVB 4'Synonym:N/A

Application no:	2017/318
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Nov-2017
Accepted:	20-Dec-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited		
Agent:	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited	
Telephone:	0247548500	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



Bidens (Bidens ferulifolia)Variety:'SUNBIDEVB 3'Synonym:N/A

Application no:	2017/317
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Nov-2017
Accepted:	20-Dec-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Suntory Flowers Limited		
Agent:	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited	
Telephone:	0247548500	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Blueberry (Vaccinium corymbosum)

Bideberry (V	acciniuni cor yi
Variety:	'Ventura'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2015/353
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	21-Dec-2015
Accepted:	19-Jan-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:Fall Creek Farm & Nursery Inc.Agent:A J ParkTelephone:0444740893Fax:N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)

Variety: 'Nuabtang' Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2015/018
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	22-Jan-2015
Accepted:	24-Feb-2015
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:NuFlora International Pty LtdAgent:Touch of Class Planrs Pty LtdTelephone:0356292443Fax:0356292822

View the detailed description of this variety.



Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)		
Variety:	'Nuabred'	
Synonym:	N/A	
Application		
Application no:	2015/017	
Current status:	ACCEPTED	
Certificate no:	N/A	
Received:	22-Jan-2015	
Accepted:	23-Feb-2015	
Granted:	N/A	
Description published in Plant Varieties	Volume 32, Issue 1	

Journal:

Title Holder:	NuFlora International	Pty	Ltd
Agent:	Touch of Class Planrs	Pty	Ltd
Telephone:	0356292443		
Fax:	0356292822		

View the detailed description of this variety.



Date of effect: 22-May-2019

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)

Variety: 'LuckyLanternYellow' Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2015/016
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	22-Jan-2015
Accepted:	03-Dec-2015
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:NuFlora International Pty LtdAgent:Touch of Class Planrs Pty LtdTelephone:0356292443Fax:0356292822

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Chinese lantern (Abutilon hybrid)

chinese lanto	ern (Abutilon n
Variety:	'Passion'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2015/106
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	15-May-2015
Accepted:	11-Jun-2015
Granted:	N/A

Description	
published in	
Plant	Volume 32, Issue 1
Varieties	
Journal:	

Title Holder:	NuFlora International Pty Ltd
Agent:	Touch of Class Planrs Pty Ltd
Telephone:	0356292443
Fax:	0356292822

View the detailed description of this variety.



Date of effect: 22-May-2019

ucumis sativus)
'EQLIPSE'
N/A
2018/182
ACCEPTED
N/A
25 Jun 2010
25-JUN-2018
06-Feb-2019
N/A

Description		
published in		
Plant	Volume 32, Issue	1
Varieties		
Journal:		

Title Holder: Nur	nhems B.V.
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Telephone: 0297771111

Fax: 0292414666



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Escallonia (Escallonia laevis)

•	
Variety:	'Lades'
Synonym:	Pink Elle

Application no:	2014/065
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	10-Apr-2014
Accepted:	02-Jun-2014
Granted:	N/A

Description			
published in			
Plant	Volume 32,	Issue	1
Varieties			
Journal:			

Title Holder: Ludovic Ladan		
Agent:	Plants Management Pty. Ltd.	
Telephone:	0362659050	
Fax:	0362659919	



'Lades'

		0000.0000
Fanflower (Scaevola	aemula)
Variety:	'Bonsca	1203'
Synonym:	N/A	

Application no:	2017/135
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	02-May-2017
Accepted:	14-Jun-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited		
Agent:	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited	
Telephone:	0246548500	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



French bean	(Phaseolus vulgaris)
Variety:	'Aldrin'
Synonym:	N/A
A	
Application no:	2016/388
Current	ACCEPTED
Certificate	N/A
no:	20 Dec 201/
Received:	30-Dec-2016
Accepted:	09-Jan-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	HM.CLAUSE, Inc.
Agent:	Shelston IP Pty Ltd
Telephone:	0297771111
Fax:	0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



Grape vine (<i>vitis vinifera)</i>		
Variety:	'SUGRATHIRTYSIX	
Synonym:	SUGRA36	

Application no:	2012/111
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	08-Jun-2012
Accepted:	26-Jul-2012
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Sun World International LLC
Agent:	Corrs Chambers Westgarth
Telephone:	0396723148
Fax:	0396723010

View the detailed description of this variety.





Flame Seedless

Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)Variety:'SUGRATHIRTYTWO'Synonym:N/A

Application no:	2008/367
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	05-Dec-2008
Accepted:	12-Jan-2009
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:Sun World International LLCAgent:Corrs Chambers WestgarthTelephone:0396723148Fax:0396723010

View the detailed description of this variety.





Flame Seedless

Grape vine (Vitis vinifera)
Variety:	'IFG Six'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2013/163
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	12-Jul-2013
Accepted:	31-Jul-2013
Granted:	N/A

Description		
published in		
Plant	Volume 32,	Issue 1
Varieties		
Journal:		

Title Holder: International Fruit Genetics LL		
Agent:	Alison MacGregor	
Telephone:	0350217480	
Fax:	0350214455	



Grape vine	(Vitis vinifera)
Variety:	'IFG Fourteen'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2014/010
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	20-Jan-2014
Accepted:	13-Feb-2014
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: International Fruit Genetics LLC		
Agent:	Alison MacGregor	
Telephone:	0350217480	
Fax:	0350214455	



Grape vine	(Vitis vinifera)
Variety:	'Sugrathirtynine'

Synonym: SUGRA39

Application no:	2016/066
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	09-Mar-2016
Accepted:	21-Apr-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Sun World International, LLC		
Agent:	Corrs Chambers Westgarth	
Telephone:	0396723148	
Fax:	0396723010	





Date of effect: 22-May-2019

Grape vine	(Vitis vinifera)
Variety:	'IFG Seventeen'
Synonym:	N/A

Application	2015/334
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Dec-2015
Accepted:	11-Apr-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: International Fruit Genetics, LLC		
Agent:	Jennifer Hashim-Maguire	
Telephone:	N/A	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



Grape vine	(Vitis vinifera)
Variety:	'IFG Sixteen'
Synonym:	N/A

Application	2015/333
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Dec-2015
Accepted:	11-Apr-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	International Fruit Genetics, LLC
Agent:	Jennifer Hashim-Maguire
Telephone:	N/A
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Grape vine	(Vitis	vinifera)
Variety:	'IFG	Three'

Variety: 'IFG The Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2013/029
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	01-Feb-2013
Accepted:	11-Feb-2013
Granted:	N/A

Description	
published in	
Plant	Volume 32, Issue 1
Varieties	
Journal:	

Title Holder	: International Fruit Genetics LLC
Agent:	Alison MacGregor
Telephone:	0350217480
Fax:	0350214455

View the detailed description of this variety.



	-3 Journal - Scar
Grape vine	(Vitis vinifera)
Variety:	'IFG Nine'

Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2013/030
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	01-Feb-2013
Accepted:	11-Feb-2013
Granted:	N/A

Description		
published in		
Plant	Volume 32, Issue 1	
Varieties		
Journal:		

Title Holder	: International Fruit Genetics LLC
Agent:	Alison MacGregor
Telephone:	0350217480
Fax:	0350214455

View the detailed description of this variety.



Hop Bush (Dodonaea viscosa)Variety:'Mr Green Sheen'Synonym:N/A

Application no:	2006/253
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	01-Sep-2006
Accepted:	14-Dec-2006
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:Stephen Membrey and Gayle MembreyAgent:N/ATelephone:0359872200Fax:0359810040

View the detailed description of this variety.



Japanese Elm (Zelkova serrata)		
Variety:	'Goldenflame'	
Synonym:	N/A	

Application no:	2011/247
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	21-Nov-2011
Accepted:	02-Feb-2012
Granted:	N/A

Description	
published in	
Plant	Volume 32, Issue 1
Varieties	
Journal:	

Title Holder:	Vic John Ciccolella
Agent:	Fleming's Nurseries
Telephone:	0397566105
Fax:	0397520005



Date of effect: 22-May-2019

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Kangaroo Paw (Anigozanthos hybrid)

Variety: 'Rambocity'

Synonym: Bush Tenacity

Application no:	2010/132
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	18-Jun-2010
Accepted:	15-Jul-2010
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd.Agent:N/ATelephone:0243512099Fax:0243531875


Manila Grass	(Zoysia matrella)
Variety:	'GZ-006'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2017/087
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	09-Apr-2017
Accepted:	26-Apr-2017
Granted:	N/A
Description published in	Volumo 22 Jacuo 1

Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0738245440
Fax:	0738245445

View the detailed description of this variety.



Manila Grass	(Zoysia matrella)
Variety:	'GZ-022'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2017/088
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	09-Apr-2017
Accepted:	24-Apr-2017
Granted:	N/A
Description	

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0738245440
Fax:	0738245445

View the detailed description of this variety.



Oats (Avena sativa)

Variety:	'koorabup'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2017/338
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	07-Dec-2017
Accepted:	07-May-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in	
Plant	Volume 32, Issue 1
Varieties	
Journal:	

TitleMINISTER FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES AND REGIONALHolder:DEVELOPMENT (Acting through the South Australian Research
and Development Institute), Grains Research and Development
Corporation

Agent: N/A

Telephone: 0883039398

Fax: 0883039403

View the detailed description of this variety.



Poinsettia	(Euphorbia hybrid)
Variety:	'Bonpri 974'
Synonym:	N/A
Application	

no:	2017/134
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	02-May-2017
Accepted:	04-May-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited		
Agent:	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited	
Telephone:	0246548500	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



'Bonpri 974' 'Bonpri 635'

Potato (Solanum tuberosum)	
'ATTX961014-1R/Y'	
N/A	
2015/177	
ACCEPTED	
N/A	
09-Jul-2015	
17-Jul-2015	
N/A	

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Texas A&M AgriLife Research
Agent:	Zerella Holdings Pty Ltd
Telephone:	0883809096
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Potato (Sola	anum tuberosum)
Variety:	'Amigo-590.02.7'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2018/016
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	06-Feb-2018
Accepted:	26-Mar-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	SIPRE
Agent:	McCain Foods (Aust) Pty Ltd
Telephone:	N/A
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details **Prickly Couch** (*Zoysia macrantha*)

J	× 2
Variety:	'ZMW-019'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2016/166
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	28-Jun-2016
Accepted:	28-Jul-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description		
published in		
Plant	Volume 32, Issue	1
Varieties		
Journal:		

Title Holder:	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0738245440
Fax:	0738245445

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details **Prickly Couch** (*Zoysia macrantha*)

	(
Variety:	'ZMM-018'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2016/165
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	28-Jun-2016
Accepted:	28-Jul-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	GeneGro Pty Ltd
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0738245440
Fax:	0738245445

View the detailed description of this variety.



Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety: 'GRAflr' Synonym: N/A

Application no:	2018/056
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Mar-2018
Accepted:	05-Apr-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:John C. Gray, Sylvia E. GrayAgent:N/ATelephone:0746968440Fax:N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Rose (Rosa hybrid)

Variety:'GRAosr'Synonym:N/A

Application no:	2018/055
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	03-Mar-2018
Accepted:	05-Apr-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:John C. Gray, Sylvia E. GrayAgent:N/ATelephone:0746968440Fax:N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Spurges (Eu	ıphorbia hybrid)
Variety:	'Bonpoiakani'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2017/132
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	02-May-2017
Accepted:	27-Jun-2017
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited		
Agent:	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited	
Telephone:	0246548500	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



'Bonpoiakani' 'Prestige Red'

Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Strawberry (Fragaria x ananassa)

Strawberry	(Frayaria x ariaria:
Variety:	'Grenada'
Synonym:	C232
Application no:	2015/222
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	20-Jul-2015
Accepted:	11-Oct-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	The Regents of the University of California
Agent:	Leslie W. Mitchell
Telephone:	0358212021
Fax:	0358311592

View the detailed description of this variety.



Strawberry	(Fragaria xananassa)
Variety:	'Fronteras'
Synonym:	C235
Application	2015/202
Current	
status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate	N/A
no:	
Received:	20-Jul-2015
Accepted:	11-Oct-2016
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	The Regents of the University of California
Agent:	Leslie W. Mitchell
Telephone:	0358212021
Fax:	0358311592

View the detailed description of this variety.



Sweet Orang	e (Citrus sinensis)
Variety:	'VILLA11'
Synonym:	N/A
Application no:	2015/248
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	18-Sep-2015
Accepted:	02-Oct-2015
Granted:	N/A

Description		
published in		
Plant	Volume 32,	Issue 1
Varieties		
Journal:		

Title	Frank Mercuri, Domenic Mercuri, Frank Nardi, Michael Nardi,
Holder:	Joe Nardi
Agent:	Variety Access Pty Ltd
Telephone:	0741294147
Fax:	0741294463

View the detailed description of this variety.



Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum)		
Variety:	'Arendell'	
Synonym:	N/A	
0		
Application no:	2017/194	
Current status:	ACCEPTED	
Certificate no:	N/A	
Received:	22-Jun-2017	
Accepted:	04-Jul-2017	
Granted:	N/A	

Description		
published in		
Plant	Volume 32,	Issue 1
Varieties		
Journal:		

Title Holder:	Nunhems B.V.
Agent:	Shelston IP
Telephone:	0297771111
Fax:	0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum)

Tomato (Solanum Tycopersi	
'Trevine'	
N/A	
2017/282	
ACCEPTED	
N/A	
26-Sep-2017	
24-Oct-2017	
N/A	

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Nunhems B.V.
Agent:	Shelston IP
Telephone:	0297771111
Fax:	0292414666

View the detailed description of this variety.



wheat (Iriticum aestivum)	
'DS Darwin'	
N/A	
2015/242	
2015/242	
ACCEPTED	
N/A	
03-Sep-2015	
02-Oct-2015	
N/A	

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Agent:	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited
Telephone:	N/A
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Wheat (Tritic	cum aestivum)
Variety:	'DS Pascal'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2015/244
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	05-Sep-2015
Accepted:	13-Oct-2015
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title	Holder:	Agrigenetics,	Inc.
		557	

Agent:	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited
Telephone:	N/A
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



wheat (Iriticum aestivum)	
Variety:	'SUNPRIME'
Synonym:	N/A
Application	2018/167
Current	
status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate	N/A
no:	
Received:	12-Jun-2018
Accepted:	09-Jul-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0883136861
Fax:	0883136865

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

wheat (millicum aestivam)		
Variety:	'Illabo'	
Synonym:	N/A	
Application no:	2018/162	
Current status:	ACCEPTED	
Certificate no:	N/A	
Received:	05-Jun-2018	
Accepted:	09-Jul-2018	
Granted:	N/A	

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:Australian Grain Technologies Pty LtdAgent:N/ATelephone:0883136861Fax:0883136865

View the detailed description of this variety.



Wheat (Triticum aestivum)		
Variety:	'DS Bennett'	
Synonym:	N/A	

Application no:	2018/188
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	26-Jun-2018
Accepted:	18-Feb-2019
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder: Agrigenetics, Inc.		
Agent:	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited	
Telephone:	N/A	
Fax:	N/A	

View the detailed description of this variety.



wheat (Inticum aestivum)		
Variety:	'DS Tull'	
Synonym:	N/A	
0		
Application no:	2018/189	
Current status:	ACCEPTED	
Certificate no:	N/A	
Received:	27-Jun-2018	
Accepted:	18-Feb-2019	
Granted:	N/A	

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Agrigenetics, Inc.
Agent:	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited
Telephone:	N/A
Fax:	N/A

View the detailed description of this variety.



Plant Varieties Journal - Search Result Details Wheat (Triticum aestivum)

mileat (mile	ourn acouvann)
Variety:	'Razor CL Plus'
Synonym:	N/A

Application no:	2018/006
Current status:	ACCEPTED
Certificate no:	N/A
Received:	24-Jan-2018
Accepted:	21-Feb-2018
Granted:	N/A

Description published in Plant Volume 32, Issue 1 Varieties Journal:

Title Holder:	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd
Agent:	N/A
Telephone:	0883136861
Fax:	0883136865

View the detailed description of this variety.



Details of Application		
Application Number	2017/202	
Variety Name	'Ghostly Princess'	
Genus Species	<i>Lavandula</i> hybrid	
Common Name	Lavender	
Accepted Date	02 Aug 2017	
Applicant	Plant Growers Australia Pty Ltd, Wonga park, VIC	
Agent	Plants Management Australia Pty Ltd, Dodges Ferry, TAS	
Qualified Person	Steve Eggleton	
Details of Comparative	e Trial	
Location	Wonga Park, VIC	
Descriptor	TG/194/1 Lavandula (Lavandula)	
Period	April 2018 to October 2018	
Conditions	Trial conducted in the open with overhead irrigation, plants	
	propagated via cuttings and transferred to 210mm pots in	
	April 2018. Pots filled with soilless, pinebark based mix with	
	controlled release fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease	
	treatments were applied as required	
Trial Design	Twelve plants of each variety in a randomised design	
Measurements	From ten plants randomly selected	
RHS Chart - edition	Fifth Edition	

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: Crossing took place in Wonga Park, VIC in Nov 2012 between Lavandula IB910-2 (maternal parent) and the breeders own (non-commercial) variety IB210-4s (paternal parent). This has been part of an ongoing, 15 year Lavandula breeding program designed to develop plants with shorter flowering stem length and larger infertile bracts in a range of flower colours and foliage forms. From this cross seedlings were raised in Feb 2013 and grown to flowering maturity in 140mm containers in Sep 2013. Several Silver foliage selections were grown on for a further year but only one finally selected in October 2014 for exhibiting the characteristics of silver foliage, light pink infertile bracts and a medium plant density. All plants have remained uniform and stable. Propagation is via cuttings. Breeder: Plant Growers Australia

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Time of	beginning of flowering	medium
Spike	main colour of fertile bracts	red purple
Spike	presence of infertile bracts	present
		•

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)		
Name	Comments	
'The Princess'		

'Sugarberry Ruffles'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'With Love'	Time of	beginning	medium	very early	
		of			
		flowering			
'Bella Pink'	Plant	size	small to medium	very small to small	
'Bellaros'	Plant	size	small to medium	very small to small	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ghostly Princess'	'Sugarberry Ruffles'	'The Princess'
	*Plant: growth habit	bushy	bushy	bushy
~	*Plant: size	small to medium	small to medium	medium to large
⊡ fo1	Plant: intensity of green colour of iage	very light	medium	medium to dark
~	Plant: intensity of grey tinge of foliage	very strong	weak	medium
	*Plant: attitude of outer flowering stems	erect	erect	erect
>	*Plant: density	medium	dense	medium
	*Leaf: incisions of margin	absent	absent	absent
~	Flowering stem: length	short to medium	very short to short	short to medium
□ thi	Flowering stem: thickness at middle rd	thin	very thin to thin	thin
[co]	*Flowering stem: intensity of green our	very light	medium	medium
□ (St	Flowering stem: intensity of pubescence oechas and Pterostoechas sections only)	weak to medium	very weak to weak	medium
	*Flowering stem: lateral branching	absent	absent	absent
	*Spike: maximum width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
	*Spike: total length	medium	very short to short	medium
	*Spike: shape	cylindrical	cylindrical	cylindrical
	Spike: number of flowers	medium	medium	medium
>	Spike: width of fertile bracts	medium	medium	broad
□ (St	*Spike: main colour of fertile bracts oechas and Pterostoechas sections only)	red purple	red purple	red purple
	*Spike: presence of infertile bracts	present	present	present
☑ (St	*Spike: length of infertile bracts oechas section only)	medium to long	medium to long	long to very long

 *Spike: shape of infertile bracts (Stoechas section only) 	oblong	oblong	oblong
*Spike: main colour of infertile bracts (Stoechas section only) (RHS colour chart)	65C	73C	74B+C
Spike: undulation of margin of infertile bracts (Stoechas section only)	strong	medium to strong	strong to very strong
✓ *Flower: colour of calyx	greyish	greenish	greenish
Flower: pubescence of calyx	strong	medium	weak to medium
*Corolla: colour	pink	pink	violet
Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	early to medium	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ghostly Princess'	'Sugarberry Ruffles'	'The Princess'
Leaf: length	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	medium
Flower: length of pubescence	short	medium	long

Prior Applications and Sales:

First sold in Australia, August 2016

Description: Amelia Pegg, Wonga Park, VIC

Details of Applica	tion	
Application Numb	ber	2017/022
Variety Name 'Amara'		'Amara'
Genus Species		Brassica carinata
Common Name		Abyssinian Cabbage
Synonym		
Accepted Date		21 Apr 2017
Applicant		Shamrock Seed Company, Inc. dba Vilmorin North America, Salinas, CA 93901, USA
Agent		Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person		Calixto Dilag
Details of Compar	rative T	<u>[rial</u>
Location	Templestowe, Victoria	
Descriptor	Brassica juncea_proj.1 Brown Mustard	
Period	April	to August 2018
Conditions	Trial was sown on week 21. The bed was with black plastic mulch and drip irrigation was used as required. Cold part of Autumn and Winter making plants grow slow. Sparing rain, decreasing light levels, decreasing temperature but not quite overcast sky.	
Trial Design	Two generations of the candidate variety were compared in a side by side trial with the comparator varieties. Each plots contained approximately 550 plants each.	
Measurements	As per	r UPOV guidelines
RHS Chart - edition		

Origin and Breeding

Self-pollination. 'Amara' was developed using single plant selection, bulking plants from the sixth generation of selection. Breeding Stages: S1, B-711-14-1. Seed of selected plant was sown at the Shamrock Seed Company, Inc greenhouse facilities in Gilroy, California, in December 2007. Three single-plant selections were made, resulting in three individually-harvested S1 populations. S2, B-817-46-1. Seed of these selections was sown at the Gilroy facility in April 2008. Two single-plant selections were made from the first of the S1 populations, resulting in two individually-harvested S2 populations. S3, B-917-1-1. Seed of these selections was sown at the Gilroy facility in June 2009. Three single-plant selections were made from the first of the S2 populations, resulting in three individually-harvested S3 populations. S4, B-924-1-2. Seed of these selections was sown at the Gilroy facility in November 2009. Two single-plant selections were made from the first of the S3 populations, resulting in two individually-harvested S4 populations. S5, B-1023-2-1 Seed of these selections was sown at the Gilroy facility in June 2010. Two single-plant selections were made from the second of the S4 populations, resulting in two individually-harvested S5 populations. S6, B-1038-2-1 Seed of these selections was sown at the Gilroy facility in November 2010. One single-plant selection was made from the S5 populations, resulting in one individually-harvested S6 population. Multiplication Stages: Breeding increase, B-1123-2-1. Seed of the S6 population was sown at the Gilroy facility in April 2012. This population having shown uniformity for leaf color, leaf shape, leaf texture, leaf smoothness, plant form, and retarded bolting, it was decided to bulk it. When this seed was harvested it was designated SSC 3125 for trailing. Pilot increase, B-1207-15-1. Seed of the breeding increase B-1123-2-1 was sown at the Gilroy facility in April 2012. The population continued to show intra- and inter-generational uniformity for the traits listed above, so the decision was made to continue its development with a pilot increase. Commercial Increases: two commercial increases were produced in 2013: 47220-13099 in California, harvested in March 2013; and 47220-8694 in Arizona, also harvested in March 2013. The objective of the selection program was to develop a variety of Ethiopian mustard suitable for baby leaf production, with a rosette plant habit, smooth, glossy leaves, retarded bolting, and an attractive dark green color. Breeder: Michael Courtney, Shamrock Seed Company, Inc. dba Vilmorin North America, Salinas, CA 93901, USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

variety of common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	colour		green
Plant	height		short
Seed	colour		brown
Most Similar Varie	ties of Cor	nmon Knowled	lge identified (VCK)
Name		Comments	
'Highland'			
'Texsel Greens'			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Amara'	'Highland'	'Texsel Greens'
seed: colour	brown	brown	brown
Hypocotyl: anthocyanin coloration	medium	medium	medium
Cotyledon: length	medium	medium	medium
Cotyledon: width	medium	medium	medium
Cotyledon: anthocyanin coloration	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: type	type 1	type 1	type 1
Leaf: shape	broad elliptic	broad elliptic	broad elliptic
Leaf: attitude	semi erect	semi erect	semi erect
Leaf: length (blade and petiole)	short	long	medium to long
Leaf: width (widest point)	narrow	broad	medium

Leaf: length of petiole	short	long	medium
Leaf: thickness of petiole at widest point	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: intensity of green color	dark	light	medium
leaf blade: size of terminal lobe (only variety with leaf type 1 or type2)	small	large	medium
leaf blade: intensity of lateral lobe (only variety with leaf type 1 or type2)	sparse	sparse	sparse
leaf blade: pubescence	absent or few	absent or few	absent or few
leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (Variety with anthocyanin coloration present only)	absent	absent	absent
leaf blade: undulation of margin	weak to medium	weak to medium	weak to medium
leaf blade: density of incision of margin	very shallow to shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
leaf blade: depth of incision of margin	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow	absent or very shallow
leaf blade: blistering	weak	weak	weak
leaf blade: width of midrib at widest point	narrow	broad	medium
leaf blade: anthocyanin coloration of midrib	adsent	adsent	adsent
flower: Time	late	medium to late	medium
Siliqua: length(between peduncle and beak) (not for vegetable mustard)	long	medium	medium
Plant: total length (after flowering, side branches included) (not for vegetable mustard)	short	medium	tall
Siliqua: length of beak (not for vegetable mustard)	short	medium	long
Siliqua: length of peduncle (not for vegetable mustard)	medium	medium	medium

Prior Applications and Sales:

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2013	pending	'AMARA'

First sold in USA on 19th Feb 2013 and in Australia on 2nd Feb 2016

Description: Calixto Dilag, Templestowe, Victoria

Details of Application	
Application Number	2008/108
Variety Name	'Lady In Red'
Genus Species	Malus domestica
Common Name	Apple
Accepted Date	11 Sep 2008
Applicant	Sunglo Varieties Limited, Hastings, New Zealand
Agent	Australian Nurserymans Fruit Improvement Company
	(ANFIC), Kallangur QLD
Qualified Person	Dr Gavin Porter
Details of Comparative	<u>e Trial</u>
Location	Shepparton, VIC
Descriptor	TG 14/9
Period	2017-2018
Conditions	Typical harvest season conditions in both 2017 and 2018. Weather was fine and dry on 19 April, 2018 in Shepparton, Victoria.
Trial Design	Verification trial using 'Lady in Red' trees on 'M26' rootstock, 4 year old trees vs Rosy Glow trees on 'M26' rootstock, 8 year old trees.
Measurements	As per UPOV guidelines
RHS Chart - edition	5 th edition

Origin and Breeding

The original limb mutation arose on a tree of 'Cripps Pink' on 'M26' rootstock planted in the Basil Mawley's orchard in Te Mata-Mangateretere Road, Hawkes Bay, New Zealand. Observations were first made in 1996. The initial limb mutation was marked and dormant one year old wood collected adjacent to the spurs on which the best coloured fruit had been observed. From this wood six trees were produced by grafting on to virus certified 'M26' rootstocks. These initial six first generation trees were planted and grown on to produce fruit. The fruit of the first generation trees was carefully observed over two seasons to check the consistency of fruit between trees and uniformity on each tree. In particular the fruit were observed to determine timing of fruit over-colour development, the percentage of the fruit surface covered, and the hue, and intensity of the over-colour. Fruit maturation was also monitored by measuring fruit flesh firmness using a penetrometer and the sugar content (brix) of the juice using a hand held refractometer. In addition the trees were observed to see if there were any differences between them in flowers, vegetative growth, fruiting habit, and overall plant health. The first generation trees were observed to be very consistent and plant material was selected from these for the propagation of 68 second generation trees, budded on to clonal rootstocks. The second generation trees have been fruited and observed as above for the first generation trees. Consistency of the bright pink-red skin colouration was the main selection criteria for the 'Lady in Red' variety.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Time for	harvest	late to very late
Fruit	hue of over colour with	pink red
	bloom removed	
Most Similar Varieties of C	Common Knowledge ide	ntified (VCK)
Name	Comments	
'Rosy glow'		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lady In Red'	'Rosy Glow'
Tree: vigour	medium to strong	medium
Tree: type	ramified	ramified
*Tree: habit (varieties with ramified tree type only)	upright	upright
Tree: type of bearing	on spurs and long shoots	on spurs and long shoots
One-year-old shoot: thickness	medium to thick	medium to thick
*One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium	medium
One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny side	medium brown	greenish brown
One-year-old shoot: pubescence	medium to strong	medium to strong
*One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	medium to many	few to medium
*Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	outwards	outwards
*Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long
*Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
*Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium to large	medium to large
Leaf blade: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	medium to dark
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	serrate type 1	serrate type 1
Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Petiole: length	medium	medium
Petiole: extent of anthocyanin colouration from base	medium to large	medium to large
*Flower: predominant colour at balloon stage	dark pink	dark pink
*Flower: diameter with petals pressed into horizontal position	large	medium
*Flower: arrangement of petals	intermediate	free
Flower: position of stigmas relative to anthers	below	same level
Voung fruit: extent of anthocyanin over colour	absent or very small	very small to small
*Fruit: size	large	medium
*Fruit: height	tall	medium

	*Fruit: diameter	medium	small to medium
	*Fruit: ratio height/diameter	large	medium
	*Fruit: general shape	cylindrical	cylindrical
	Fruit: ribbing	moderate	moderate
	Fruit: crowning at calyx end	moderate	moderate
	*Fruit: size of eye	medium to large	medium
	Fruit: length of sepal	long	long
	*Fruit: bloom of skin	moderate	moderate
	Fruit: greasiness of skin	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Fruit: ground colour	yellow green	yellow green
	*Fruit: relative area of over colour	large	large
	*Fruit: hue of over colour – with bloom removed	pink red	pink red
	*Fruit: intensity of over colour	medium to dark	medium to dark
>	*Fruit: pattern of over colour	solid flush with weakly defined stripes	flushed, striped and mottled
	*Fruit: width of stripes	very narrow	narrow
	*Fruit: area of russet around stalk attachment	absent or small	absent or small
	Fruit: area of russet on cheeks	absent or small	absent or small
	*Fruit: area of russet around eye basin	absent or small	absent or small
	Fruit: number of lenticels	many	many
	Fruit: size of lenticels	medium	medium to large
	*Fruit: length of stalk	short to medium	short to medium
	*Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium
	*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium to deep	deep
	*Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium	medium
	*Fruit: depth of eye basin	medium to deep	medium to deep
	*Fruit: width of eye basin	medium	medium
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	firm	firm to very firm
	*Fruit: colour of flesh	cream	cream
	*Fruit: aperture of locules	moderately open	moderately open
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	early
	Time for: harvest	late to very late	late to very late
	*Time of: eating maturity	late to very late	very late

Prior Applications and Sales:

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	1998	Granted	'Lady in Red'
USA	2006	Granted	'Lady in Red'

First sold in New Zealand, August 2007

Description: Dr Gaivin Porter, Kallangur QLD

Details of Application				
Application Number	2014/300			
Variety Name	'Ruby Heart'			
Genus Species	Malus domestica			
Common Name	Apple			
Synonym	Rubihart			
Accepted Date	23 Feb 2015			
Applicant	Andrew Egan, Brighton East, VIC			
Agent	Cecilia Egan, Brighton East, VIC			
Qualified Person	Leslie Mitchell			
Details of Comparative	e Trial			
Location	Shoreham Victoria, Australia			
Descriptor	Apple (Malus domestica)TG/14/9			
Period	2015-2019			
Conditions	10 trees each of 'Ruby heart' and 'Thompsons Red Crab', grafted onto M26 rootstocks, were planted in adjacent rows in August 2014. The trees were planted on a 2 metre X 5 metre spacing in an area of the property protected by hail/bird netting (30 shading). Trees were maintained following good agricultural practice, but left unpruned and unthinned during the 2018/19 season, to allow the trees to exhibit their true form.			
Trial Design	Large block unreplicated			
Measurements	All measurements completed following TG/14/9			
RHS Chart - edition	N/A			

Origin and Breeding

Open pollination: In March of 2002 a small container of apples labelled as 'Minjon' were purchased by the breeder from Petty's Orchard in Templestowe Victoria. Seeds were collected and planted in the winter of that year at Shoreham Victoria. Trees did not fruit well until 2009, with one seedling exhibiting characteristics of firm red stained flesh and good eating qualities. Cuttings were taken and grafted onto MM 102 rootstocks and planted at the same location. The resultant fruit harvested from these trees in 2013 and 2014 exhibited the same qualities and the variety was designated 'Ruby Heart'. Through this and subsequent vegetative propagations the variety has remained uniform and stable in its defining characteristics. Breeder: Andrew Egan, Brighton East, Vic.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	shape	obloid
Fruit	relative area of over- colour	large to very large
Fruit	hue of over-colour	red to purple red
Fruit	colour of flesh	reddish

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)						
Name			(Comments		
'Thompsons Red Crab'						
Varieties of	Commo	n Knowledg	e identifi	ed and subseq	uently excluded	
Variety	Distingu Charact	lishing eristics	State of I Candida	Expression in te Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Airlee Red Flesh'	fruit	shape	obloid		conic	
'Beauty of Bath'	fruit	area of russett on the stalk attachment	medium		absent or small	
'Rosette'	fruit	extent of anthocyanin colouration	medium		large to very large	
'Alaska Pink'	skin	colour	red		yellow	
'Almata'	fruit	shape	obloid		round conical	
'Apricot Apple'	fruit	time of eating maturity	medium		late	
'Bellefleur Rekord'	shape	size	medium		large	
'Bill's Red Flesh'	flesh	appearance	marbled	red	bright red	
'Blush Rosette'	fruit	time of eating maturity	medium		early	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Ruby Heart'	'Thompsons Red Crab'
>	Tree: vigour	medium	weak
	*Tree: type	ramified	ramified
>	*Tree: habit (varieties with ramified tree type only)	upright	drooping
	Tree: type of bearing	on spurs only	on spurs and long shoots
	One-year-old shoot: thickness	medium	medium
	*One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium	medium
	One-year-old shoot: colour on sunny side	reddish brown	reddish brown
	One-year-old shoot: pubescence	weak	weak
	*One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	few	few
	*Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	upwards	outwards
□ *L	Leaf blade: length	medium	medium
------------------	--	------------------------	------------------
■ *L	Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
□ *L	eaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium
🗆 Le	eaf blade: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
🗆 Le	af blade: incisions of margin	crenate	serrate type 2
🗆 Le	af blade: pubescence on lower side	absent or weak	absent or weak
🗆 *P	etiole: length	medium	medium
Pe Pe	tiole: extent of anthocyanin colouration from base	medium	small
□ * _F	Slower: predominant colour at balloon stage	purple	purple
□ * _F	Tower: arrangement of petals	free	free
🗖 Flo	ower: position of stigmas relative to anthers	above	
Yc	oung fruit: extent of anthocyanin overcolour	very large	very large
□ *F	ruit: size	small to medium	small
□ * _F	ruit: height	short	short
□ * _F	ruit: diameter	small	small
□ * _F	Fruit: ratio height/diameter	small	small
□ * _F	Fruit: general shape	obloid	obloid
🗌 Fr	uit: ribbing	absent or weak	absent or weak
🗆 Fr	uit: crowning at calyx end	absent or weak	absent or weak
□ * _F	Fruit: size of eye	medium to large	medium to large
🗆 Fr	uit: length of sepal	long	long
✓ *F	ruit: bloom of skin	strong	absent or weak
🗆 Fr	uit: greasiness of skin	absent or weak	absent or weak
✓ *F	Fruit: ground colour	yellow green	not visible
□ * _F	Fruit: relative area of over colour	large	very large
□ * _F	Fruit: hue of over colour with bloom removed	purple red	red
□ * _F	Fruit: intensity of over colour	dark to very dark	dark
□ * _F	Fruit: pattern of over colour	only solid flush	only solid flush
□ * _F	Fruit: area of russet around stalk attachment	absent or small	absent or small
🔽 Fr	uit: area of russet on cheeks	medium	absent or small
□ * _F	Fruit: area of russet around eye basin	absent or small	absent or small
🗆 Fr	uit: number of lenticels	few	few
🗆 Fr	uit: size of lenticels	very small to small	small
🖾 *F	Fruit: length of stalk	very short to short	medium
□ *F	Fruit: thickness of stalk	medium	medium

-			
>	*Fruit: depth of stalk cavity	medium	deep
>	*Fruit: width of stalk cavity	medium	broad
>	*Fruit: depth of eye basin	shallow	medium
	*Fruit: width of eye basin	narrow to medium	medium to broad
	*Fruit: firmness of flesh	medium to firm	medium
	*Fruit: colour of flesh	reddish	reddish
	*Fruit: aperture of locules	closed or slightly open	closed or slightly open
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	medium	medium
	Time for: harvest	medium	medium
	*Time of: eating maturity	medium	medium

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ruby Heart'	'Thompsons Red Crab'
Leaf: length (mm)		
Mean	78.29	70.42
Std. Deviation	11.36	8.97
LSD/sig	2.00	P≤0.01
Leaf: width (mm)		-
Mean	47.28	43.88
Std. Deviation	6.91	5.78
LSD/sig	1.37	P≤0.01
Leaf: length width ratio		
Mean	1.66	1.60
Std. Deviation	0.27	0.20
LSD/sig	0.79	ns
Petiole: length (mm)		
Mean	24.44	28.85
Std. Deviation	4.33	4.61
LSD/sig	1.55	P≤0.01

Description: Leslie Mitchell, Eurofins Agroscience Services, Shepparton VIC 3630.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2016/310
Variety Name	'Ohalo2'
Genus Species	Hordeum vulgare
Common Name	Barley
Synonym	
Accepted Date	09 Dec 2016
Applicant	CSIRO, Acton, ACT 2601, Australia
Agent	
Qualified Person	Paul Lonergan
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Yanco, N.S.W.
Descriptor	Barley/Hordeum vulgare TG/19/10
Period	August 2016-December 2016
Conditions	Trial was sown after lupin crop, 105 kg/ha Incitec Pivot Croplift® 15 applied with seed at planting.
Trial Design	Plots arranged in completely randomised design, 5m long and 1.8m wide (10 rows) in 3 replicates. Each replicate contained approximately 1100 plants.
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV guide line
RHS Chart - edition	

Controlled pollination (crosses carried out in glasshouses of CSIRO Black Mountain, A.C.T.): a biparental and triparental intercrossing scheme was applied to the previously created ultra-low gluten line ULG3.0. Commercial cultivars 'Sloop', 'Baudin' and 'Yagan' were used as parents with the intention of restoring seed weight, seed size and screenings while retaining a hordein trinull background. The details of the crossing program are described in Tanner et al., 2016 Plant Biotechnology Journal (14) 1139-1150. Three cycles of single-seed descent were followed by 2 years of field selection (Ginninderra Experiment Station, A.C.T.). Breeder: CSIRO, Acton, ACT 2601, Australia

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant Context State of Expression in Group of				
Part		Varieties		
Season	type	spring		
Grain	husk	present		
Ear	number of rows	two		

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)		
Name	Comments	
'Baudin'		
'Hindmarsh'		
'Sloop'		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments	
'Yagan'	time of	ear emergence	late	very early	'Yagan' is 14-20 days earlier than Hindmarsh which itself is considered very early to early	
'Ohalo'	ear	density	lax	medium		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ohalo2'	'Baudin'	'Hindmarsh'	'Sloop'
*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi-erect	erect	erect	erect
*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	present	present	present	present
*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of auricles	medium	strong	medium to strong	weak to medium
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	medium	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
☐ Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	strong	strong	medium to strong
*Time of: ear emergence	late	medium to late	very early to early	early to medium

*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present	present
*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of tips	weak to medium	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak
*Ear: glaucosity	weak to medium	medium	very weak to weak	weak
Ear: attitude	semi-erect	erect	erect to semi- erect	erect to semi- erect
*Plant: length	medium to long	short to medium	short	medium
*Ear: number of rows	two	two	two	two
Ear: shape	tapering	tapering	parallel	parallel
*Ear: density	lax	dense	medium to dense	medium
Ear: length	long to very long	medium to long	medium	medium
*Awn: length	very long	long	short to medium	medium
Rachis: length of first segment	medium	short	short	short
□ Rachis: curvature of first segment	medium to strong	weak	weak	very weak to weak
*Sterile spikelet: attitude	divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	divergent
*Grain: rachilla hair type	short	long	short	short
*Grain: husk	present	present	present	present
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerves of dorsal side of lemma	very weak to weak	strong	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent	absent	absent
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	whitish	whitish	whitish	whitish

*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
D-Hordein composition: allele expression at locus Hor-3	absent	band 34	band 34	band 34
C-Hordein composition: allele expression at locus Hor-1	absent	bands 62+65+68	bands 62+65+68	bands 62+65+68
B-Hordein composition: allele expression at locus Hor-2	absent	bands 79+86+88+100	bands 79+86+88+100	bands 79+86+88+100

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ohalo2'	'Baudin'	'Hindmarsh'	'Sloop'
Plant: height (cm)				
Mean	83.87	64.63	55.50	77.20
Std. Deviation	3.81	2.11	3.19	1.97
Lsd/sig	2.00/t0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)				
Mean	94.10	73.10	64.60	64.90
Std. Deviation	7.37	8.29	3.67	3.99
Lsd/sig	4.58/t0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
				-
Ear: awn length (mm)				
Mean	121.00	94.50	65.00	76.50
Std. Deviation	7.12	5.47	4.55	6.32
Lsd/sig	4.00/t0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Rachis: length of first seg	gment (mm)			
Mean	3.42	2.80	2.83	2.77
Std. Deviation	0.46	0.36	0.36	0.25
Lsd/sig	0.24/t0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
	-	-	-	-

No prior sale and applications.

Description: Paul Lonergan, CSIRO

Details of Application	
Application Number	2016/309
Variety Name	'Ohalo'
Genus Species	Hordeum vulgare
Common Name	Barley
Synonym	
Accepted Date	03 May 2017
Applicant	CSIRO, Acton, ACT 2601, Australia
Agent	
Qualified Person	Paul Lonergan
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>
Location	Yanco, N.S.W.
Descriptor	TG/19/10
Period	August 2016-December 2016
Conditions	Trial was sown after lupin crop, 105 kg/ha Incitec Pivot Croplift® 15
	applied with seed at planting.
Trial Design	Plots arranged in completely randomised design,5m long and 1.8m
	wide (10 rows) in 3 replicates. Each replicate contained
	approximately 1100 plants.
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV
	guide line
RHS Chart - edition	

Controlled pollination (crosses carried out in glasshouses of CSIRO Black Mountain, A.C.T.): the high-lysine barley line Riso 56 (does not accumulate B-hordeins) was crossed to Riso, 1508 (does not accumulate C-hordeins) to produce a line that lacked both B and C-hordeins. This line was given the designation ULG 2.0. An Ethiopian-derived landrace, R118, which lacks D hordeins, was back-crossed with Sloop to create a BC2 line that lacked D hordeins. This line was then crossed with ULG 2.0 to create ULG 3.0. The details of the crossing program are described in Tanner et al., 2016 Plant Biotechnology Journal (14) 1139-1150. Three cycles of single-seed descent were followed by 2 years of field selection (Ginninderra Experiment Station, A.C.T.). Breeder: CSIRO, Acton, ACT 2601, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	Organ/Plant Context State of Expression in Group of Part Varieties				
Season	type	spring			
Grain	husk	present			
Ear	number of rows	two			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Baudin'			
'Hindmarsh'			
'Sloop'			

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from				
of the comparators are ma Organ/Plant Part: Context	rked with a ticl 'Ohalo'	«. 'Baudin'	'Hindmarsh'	'Sloop'
*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi- erect	erect	erect	erect
*Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	present	present	present	present
*Flag leaf: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of auricles	medium	strong	medium to strong	weak to medium
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low to medium	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low
Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	strong	strong	medium to strong
*Time of: ear emergence	late	medium to late	very early to early	early to medium
*Awns: anthocyanin colouration of tips	present	present	present	present
*Awns: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of tips	weak	medium to strong	medium to strong	weak
*Ear: glaucosity	weak to medium	medium	very weak to weak	weak
Ear: attitude	semi-erect	erect	erect to semi- erect	erect to semi- erect
*Plant: length	long	short to medium	short	medium
□ *Ear: number of rows	two	two	two	two
Ear: shape	tapering	tapering	parallel	parallel
*Ear: density	medium	dense	medium to dense	medium
Ear: length	long to very	medium to	medium	medium

	long	long		
*Awn: length	long to very long	long	short to medium	medium
Rachis: length of first segment	short	short	short	short
Rachis: curvature of first segment	weak	weak	weak	very weak to weak
*Sterile spikelet: attitude	divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	parallel to weakly divergent	divergent
*Grain: rachilla hair type	long	long	short	short
*Grain: husk	present	present	present	present
Grain: anthocyanin colouration of nerves of lemma	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Grain: spiculation of inner lateral nerves of dorsal side of lemma	weak to medium	strong	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
*Grain: hairiness of ventral furrow	absent	absent	absent	absent
Kernel: colour of aleurone layer	whitish	whitish	whitish	whitish
*Season: type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type
D-Hordein composition: allele expression at locus Hor-3	absent	band 34	band 34	band 34
C-Hordein composition: allele expression at locus Hor-1	absent	bands 62+65+68	bands 62+65+68	bands 62+65+68
B-Hordein composition: allele expression at locus Hor-2	absent	bands 79+86+88+1 00	bands 79+86+88+100	bands 79+86+88+100

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Ohalo' 'Baudin' 'Hindmarsh' 'Sloop'					
grain: appearance	shrunken	normal	normal	normal	

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ohalo'	'Baudin'	'Hindmarsh'	'Sloop'
Plant: height (cm)				
Mean	91.53	64.63	55.50	77.20
Std. Deviation	3.79	2.11	3.19	1.97
Lsd/sig	1.94/0.01	P≤0.01	P ≤0.01	P ≤0.01
Ear: length (mm)				
Mean	99.80	73.10	64.60	64.90
Std. Deviation	7.59	8.29	3.67	3.99
Lsd/sig	4.36/0.01	P ≤0.01	P ≤0.01	P ≤0.01
Ear: awn length (mm)				
Mean	106.50	94.50	65.00	76.50
Std. Deviation	10.43	5.47	4.55	6.32
Lsd/sig	5.12/0.01	P ≤0.01	P ≤0.01	P ≤0.01
-	-	-		

No prior applications.

First sold in Germany on 24th Feb 2016 as 'ULG3.0'

Description: Paul Lonergan, CSIRO

Details of Application	
Application Number	2017/318
Variety Name	'SUNBIDEVB 4'
Genus Species	Bidens ferulifolia
Common Name	Bidens
Accepted Date	20 Dec 2017
Applicant	Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW
Qualified Person	Tim Angus
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia
Descriptor	PBR Gen Des
Period	July 2018 -October 2018
Conditions	Trial grown in indoor conditions at Yellow Rock with rooted
	cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 125 mm
	standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied
	by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant
	protection sprays applied as required.
Trial Design	Trial grown in indoor conditions at Yellow Rock with rooted
	cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 125 mm
	standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied
	by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant
	protection sprays applied as required.
Measurements	10 plants per variety at random
RHS Chart - edition	2001

The new variety 'SUNBIDEVB 4' developed from a controlled pollination between two unnamed proprietary Bidens selections (the male parent was a seedling from the variety 'Yellow Charm') carried out in December 2008 in Fukaya, Saitama, Japan. The variety was first observed and selected in July 2011, the first propagation (cuttings) also occurred in July 2011; all in Fukaya, Saitama, Japan. Selection was based on growth habit, flower size and flower colour. Since July 2011, many generations of vegetative propagation, more than 10, has shown the new variety to be uniform and stable. Breeder : Kazunori Sato

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	patterned red, yellow and brown tones

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Sunbidevb2'				
'Sunbidevb3'				
'Danyel9'				
'Koibid1346'				

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Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Disting Charac	uishing teristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Danyel9'	Stem	anthocyanin colouration	medium	absent to weak	
'Danyel9'	Leaf	margin	serrate	entire	
'Koibid1346'	Plant	height	medium	tall	
'Koibid1346'	Stem	anthocyanin colouration	medium	very strong	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SUNBIDEVB 4'	'Sunbidevb2'	'Sunbidevb3'
Plant: height	medium	short to medium	medium
Stem: degree of hairiness	absent or low	absent or low	absent or low
Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new growth	present	present	present
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium	very strong	medium
Leaf: leaf type	compound	compound	compound
Leaf: arrangement	opposite and decussate	opposite and decussate	opposite and decussate
Leaf: length of blade	medium to long	medium	medium to long
Leaf: shape of apex	mucronate	mucronate	mucronate
Leaf: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate	attenuate
Leaf: incision of margin	present	present	present
Leaf: depth of incision	deep	deep	deep
Leaf: type of incision	serrate	crenately lobed	crenately lobed
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	dark	dark
Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent	absent
Bract: shape	linear	linear	linear
Bract: degree of reflex	straight or low to medium	medium	medium
Bract: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Bract: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	137A	137A	137A
Bract: secondary colour (RHS colour chart)	tip 165A margin 164A	tip closest to 165A margin 164A	tip 165A margin 164A
Flower: type	single	single	single

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SUNBIDEVB 4'	'Sunbidevb2'	'Sunbidevb3'	
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Upper side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	brighter than 9A with streaks 44A	brighter than 9A	9A with streaks of N34	
Ray floret: Main colour of middle third Upper side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	brighter than 9A with 45A in centre	9A with 45A in centre	9A with N34 in centre	
Ray floret: Main colour of middle third Lower side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	7A with 44B in centre	N172A-B with smaller 9A	9A with N172A-B in centre	
Ray floret: Main colour of upper third Lower side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	7A	N172A-B	9A with N172A-B in centre	
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Upper side fully opened	9A	9A	12A with streaks of N172A-B	
Ray floret: Main colour of middle third Upper side fully opened	9A with 44A in centre	9A with 44A-B in centre	12A with N172A- B in centre	
Ray floret: Main colour of upper third Upper side fully opened	9A with 44A-B in centre and streaks of 44A towards tip	44A-B	12A with N172A- B in centre	
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Lower side fully opened	7A	9A	9A with streaks N172A	
Ray floret: Main colour of upper third Upper side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	brighter than 9A with 45A in centre	45A	9A with N34 in centre	
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Lower side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	7A with streaks 44B	9A with N172A-B	9A with streaks N172A-B	
Ray floret: Main colour middle third Lower side fully opened	7A with N172B tones	9A to N172B-C	9A with N172B-C	
Ray floret: Main colour upper third Lower side fully opened	7A with N172B	N172B-C	9A with N172B-C	

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2015	granted	'SUNBIDEVB 4'
EU	2015	granted	'SUNBIDEVB 4'

First sold in the USA, October 2015

Description: Tim Angus, Lower Hutt, Wellington NZ

Details of Application		
Application Number	2017/317	
Variety Name	'SUNBIDEVB 3'	
Genus Species	Bidens ferulifolia	
Common Name	Bidens	
Accepted Date	20 Dec 2017	
Applicant	Suntory Flowers Limited, Tokyo, Japan	
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW	
Qualified Person	Tim Angus	
Details of Comparative	Trial	
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia	
Descriptor	PBR Gen Des	
Period	July 2018 - October 2018	
Conditions	Trial grown in indoor conditions at Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 125 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.	
Trial Design	Plants grown in separate blocks side by side	
Measurements	10 plants per variety at random	
RHS Chart - edition	2001	

The new variety 'SUNBIDEVB 3' developed from a controlled pollination between two unnamed proprietary Bidens selections (the male parent was a seedling from the variety 'Yellow Charm') carried out in December 2008 in Fukaya, Saitama, Japan. The variety was first observed and selected in July 2011, the first propagation (cuttings) also occurred in July 2011; all in Fukaya, Saitama, Japan. Selection was based on growth habit, flower size and flower colour. Since July 2011, many generations of vegetative propagation, more than 10, has shown the new variety to be uniform and stable. Breeder: Kazunori Sato

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour	patterned red, yellow and brown tones

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Sunbidevb2'			
'Danyel9'			
'Koibid1346'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	iishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Danyel9'	Stem	anthocyanin	medium	absent to weak	

		colouration			
'Danyel9'	Leaf	margin	serrated	entire	
'Koibid1346'	Plant	height	medium	tall	
'Koibid1346'	Stem	anthocyanin	medium	very strong	
		colouration			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	SUNBIDEVB 3'	'Sunbidevb2'
	Plant: height	medium	short to medium
	Stem: degree of hairiness	absent or low	absent or low
	Stem: presence of anthocyanin in new growth	present	present
>	Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	medium	very strong
	Leaf: leaf type	compound	compound
	Leaf: arrangement	opposite and decussate	opposite and decussate
	Leaf: length of blade	medium to long	medium
	Leaf: shape of apex	mucronate	mucronate
	Leaf: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate
	Leaf: incision of margin	present	present
	Leaf: depth of incision	deep	deep
>	Leaf: type of incision	serrate	crenately lobed
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	medium
	Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	dark
	Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
	Bract: shape	linear	linear
	Bract: degree of reflex	straight or low to medium	medium
	Bract: shape of apex	acute	acute
	Bract: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	137A	137A
	Bract: secondary colour (RHS colour chart)	tip 165A margin 164A	tip closest to 165A margin 164A
	Flower: type	single	single

Ch	<u>Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG</u>				
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'SUNBIDEVB 3'	'Sunbidevb2'		
	Plant: growth habit	bushy to spreading			
	Leaf: shape	trifoliate			
>	Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Upper side newly	9A with streaks of N34	brighter than 9A		

opened (florets in outer whorl opened)		
Ray floret: Main colour of middle third Upper side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	9A with N34 in centre	9A with 45A in centre
Ray floret: Main colour of middle third Lower side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	9A with N172A- B in centre	N172A-B with smaller 9A
Ray floret: Main colour of upper third Lower side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	9A with N172A- B in centre	N172A-B
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Upper side fully opened	12A with streaks of N172A-B	9A
Ray floret: Main colour of middle third Upper side fully opened	12A with N172A- B in centre	9A with 44A-B in centre
Ray floret: Main colour of upper third Upper side fully opened	12A with N172A- B in centre	44A-B
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Lower side fully opened	9A with streaks N172A	9A
Ray floret: Main colour of upper third Upper side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	9A with N34 in centre	45A
Ray floret: Main colour of lower third Lower side newly opened (florets in outer whorl opened)	9A with streaks N172A-B	9A with N172A-B
Ray floret: Main colour middle third Lower side fully opened	9A with N172B-C	9A to N172B-C
Ray floret: Main colour upper third Lower side fully opened	9A with N172B-C	N172B-C

Country	Year
USA	2015
Japan	2016

Status granted pending Name Applied 'SUNDBIDVB 3' 'SUNDBIDVB 3'

First sold in the USA, October 2015

Description: Tim Angus, Lower Hutt, Wellington NZ.

Details of Application		
Application Number	2015/353	
Variety Name	'Ventura'	
Genus Species	Vaccinium corymbosum	
Common Name	Blueberry	
Synonym	N/A	
Accepted Date	19 Jan 2016	
Applicant	Fall Creek Farm & Nursery Inc, Oregon, USA	
Agent	A J Park, Canberra, ACT	
Qualified Person	Cath Snelling	
Details of Comparative	e Trial	
Overseas Testing	CPVO	
Authority		
Overseas Data	2012/0855	
Reference Number		
Location	NECE-ESCARPOUPIM, Lisbon, Portugual	
Descriptor	TG/137/4	
Period	2013 - 2016	
Conditions	Grown under outdoor conditions	
Trial Design	Plants of the candidate were observed alongside	
	representative plants of comparator and reference varieties	
Measurements	Observations taken from a minimum of 5 plants or parts taken	
	from each of 5 plants	
RHS Chart - edition	N/A	
Origin and Breeding		
Controlled pollination:	FF-89 was selected from amongst a population of seedlings	
derived from crossing	FL00-60 (seed parent) and FL96-24 (pollen parent) in the	
Northarn Hamisphara a	summer of 2006 at Fall Creak Form & Nurseries in Lowell	

derived from crossing FL00-60 (seed parent) and FL96-24 (pollen parent) in the Northern Hemisphere summer of 2006 at Fall Creek Farm & Nurseries in Lowell, Oregon. Replicated trials were planted in 2007 and the new variety was given the denomination 'Ventura'. Breeder: Fall Creek Farm & Nursery Inc, Oregon, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	skin colour	dark blue
Plant	time of beginning of ripening on one-year-old shoot	early
Plant	fruiting type	one year old and current season's shoots

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Rocio'	
'Southmoon'	
'Springhigh'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments	
	Charact	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'FL92-84'	Plant	Time of beginning of fruit ripening	medium	early		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Ventura'	'Rocio'	'Southmoon'	'Springhigh'
✓ *Plant: vigour	strong	medium	medium	medium
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	upright	upright	
One-year-old shoot: colour	reddish brown			
One-year-old shoot: length of internode	medium			
*Leaf: length	short	very short	medium	
Leaf: width	medium	narrow	narrow	
Leaf: ratio length/width	small			
*Leaf: shape	elliptic			
Leaf: colour of upper side	green			
*Leaf: intensity of green colour on upper side (varieties with green leaf colour only)	medium			
*Leaf: margin	entire			
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak		strong	medium
Inflorescence: length	medium		long	
Flower: shape of corolla	urceolate			
✓ *Flower: size of corolla tube	large	medium	medium	medium
*Flower: anthocyanin colouration of corolla tube	weak			
Flower: ridges on corolla tube	present			
Fruit cluster: density	sparse			
*Unripe fruit: intensity of green colour	light	medium	dark	medium
*Fruit: size	large			
*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	oblate			

	Fruit: attitude of sepals	semi-erect		erect to semi- erect	
	Fruit: type of sepals	incurving			
	Fruit: diameter of calyx basin	large			
>	Fruit: depth of calyx basin	deep	shallow	shallow	shallow
>	*Fruit: intensity of bloom	strong	medium	medium	
	*Fruit: colour of skin	dark blue			
	Fruit: firmness	medium	soft		
	*Fruit: sweetness	medium			
>	*Fruit: acidity	medium	low	low	low
	*Plant: fruiting type	on one-year-old and current season's shoots			
bur	*Time of: vegetative bud	early			
flo [•]	*Time of: beginning of wering on one-year-old shoot	early			
flo ^v shc one sea	*Time of: beginning of wering on current yearâ€ [™] s oot (varieties which fruit on e-year-old and current sonâ€ [™] s shoots only)	early			
□ rip	*Time of: beginning of fruit ening on one-year-old shoot	early			
ripo shc one sea	*Time of: beginning of fruit ening on current yearâ€ TM s oot (varieties which fruit on e-year-old and current sonâ€ TM s shoots)	early			

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2012	Granted	'Ventura'
Peru	2012	Applied	'Ventura'
EU	2012	Granted	'Ventura'
Chile	2012	Granted	'Ventura'
Mexico	2012	Granted	'Ventura'

First sold in Spain in May 2012

Description: Cath Snelling, Christchurch, NZ.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/018
Variety Name	'Nuabtang'
Genus Species	Abutilon hybrid
Common Name	Chinese lantern
Synonym	
Accepted Date	24 Feb 2015
Applicant	NuFlora International Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW 2564,
	Australia
Agent	Touch of Class Planrs Pty Ltd, Tynong, Vic 3813
Qualified Person	Mark Lunghusen
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Tynong Vic
Descriptor	Abutilon PBR
Period	Summer to Winter 2018
Conditions	Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled
	release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip
	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as
	necessary.
Trial Design	10 plants in block design
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system
RHS Chart - edition	Fifth Edition

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: Controlled pollination was done in December 2004 between the male parent, in house breeding variety code named x03.17.5 and the female parent code named x03.17.2 The seed was collected and sown in February 2005. Nuabtang was selected in December 2006 based on plant branching, floriferousness, flower colour and flowering period. Breeder: Graham Brown, Macqaurie Fields NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties				
Flower	colour		orange		
Flowering	habit		flowering: perpetual		
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name Comments					
Abutilon fraseri					

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
VarietyDistinguishingState of ExpressionState ofComments					

	Charact	eristics	in Candidate Variety	Expression in Comparator Variety	
'Bella Apricot'	Flower	colour	orange	apricot	This variety is propagated by seed and is variable
'Cannington Coral'	Plant	height	very short	tall	
'Orange King'	Plant	height	very short	tall	
'Marion'	Plant	height	very short	tall	
'Patrick Synge'	Plant	height	very short	tall	
'Apricot Belle'	Plant	height	very short	medium to tall	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from				
one or more of the comparators are marked w	ith a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nuabtang'	Abutilon fraseri		
Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	upright		
Plant: height	very short to short	medium		
Stem: colour	brownish green	brownish green		
Stem: pubescence	absent or very low	absent or very low		
Leaf: number of lobes	three	three		
✓ Leaf: depth of lobation	shallow	deep		
Leaf: serration	present	present		
Leaf: length	very short	long		
Leaf: width	narrow	medium		
Leaf: thickness	medium	medium		
Leaf: color of upper side	green	green		
Leaf: color of lower side	light green	light green		
Leaf: varigation	absent	absent		
Leaf: glossiness	weak	weak		
Leaf: pubescence of upper side	few	few		
Leaf: pubescence of lower side	few	few		
Petiole : length	short	medium		
Petiole: colour	green	purplish brown		
Flower: diameter	medium	medium		
Flower: spread	medium	medium		

Petal: color of outer side	rhs colour chart	rhs colour chart
Petal: variegation of outer side	absent	absent
Petal: prominence of vein of outer side	prominant	prominant
Petal: color of vein of outer side	rhs colour chart	rhs colour chart
Petal: color of inner side	rhs colour chart	rhs colour chart
Petal: variegation of inner side	absent	absent
Petal: color of vein of inner side	rhs colour chart	rhs colour chart
Petal: prominence of vein of inner side	prominant	prominant
Petal: length	short	medium
Petal: width	narrow	medium
Petal : shape	obovate	obovate
Petal: number	five	five
Calyx: length	short	long
Calyx: colour	yellowish green	yellowish green
Calyx: pubescence of upper side	few	few
Peduncle: length	short	medium
Peduncle: color	green	green
Pistil: length	medium	medium
Pollen: colour	yellowish orange	yellowish orange
Stamen: colour	greenish yellow	red
Stigma: colour	reddish purple	red
Stigma: position against anthers	above	above
Flowering: habit	flowering: perpetual	flowering: perpetual

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nuabtang'	Abutilon 'fraseri'			
\square Petal: colour of vein of outer side	orange-red 34c	orange-red 34b			
Petal: colour of inner side	orange-red 34c	orange-red 32c			
Petal: colour of vein inner side	orange-red 34c	red 46b			
Petal: colour of outer side	orange-red 34c	orange-red 34b			

First sold in USA on 7th March 2011

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2012	pendin	'Nuabtang '
USA	2010	granted	'Nuabtang '

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Australian Horticultural Services, Wonga Park Vic 3115

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/017
Variety Name	'Nuabred'
Genus Species	Abutilon hybrid
Common Name	Chinese lantern
Synonym	
Accepted Date	23 Feb 2015
Applicant	NuFlora International Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW 2564,
	Australia
Agent	Touch of Class Planrs Pty Ltd, Tynong, Vic 3813
Qualified Person	Mark Lunghusen
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Tynong, Vic 3813
Descriptor	Abutilon PBR
Period	Summer to Winter 2018
Conditions	Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled
	release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip
	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as
	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary.
Trial Design	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary. 10 Plants in Block design
Trial Design Measurements	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary. 10 Plants in Block design Measurements were taken in the metric system
Trial Design Measurements RHS Chart - edition	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary. 10 Plants in Block design Measurements were taken in the metric system Fifth Edition

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: Controlled pollination was done in October 2006 between the male parent, in house breeding variety code named x05.1 and the female parent code named x05.5. The seed was collected and sown in January 2007. Nuabred was selected in December 2007 based on plant branching, floriferousness, flower colour and flowering period. Breeder Graham Brown, Macquurie Fields NSW.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar						
Variety of Common	n Knowledg	e				
Organ/Plant	Context		State of Expression in Group of			
Part			Varieties			
Flower	colour		red			
Plant	growth habit		upright			
Flower	diameter		medium			
	· · ·					
Most Similar Vari	eties of Cor	nmon Knowledge id	entified (VCK)			
Name		Comments				
'Passion'						
'Casey red'						
'Rosaeflorum'						

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Distingu Characte	ishing eristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments	
Abutilon 'Nabob'	plant	height	short	very tall		
Abutilon 'Bella red'	plant	propagatio n method	vegetative	seed	Bella red is variable from seed	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nuabred'	'Casey red'	'Passion'	'Rosaeflorum'	
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright	
Plant: height	short	tall	very short	tall	
Stem: colour	green	light green	green	purplish brown	
Stem: pubescence	few	absent or very low	few	absent or very low	
Leaf: number of lobes	three	three	three	three	
Leaf: depth of lobation	shallow	shallow	shallow	deep	
Leaf: serration	present	present	present	present	
Leaf: length	short	long	very short	long	
Leaf: width	narrow	broad	narrow	broad	
Leaf: thickness	medium	medium	medium	medium	
Leaf: color of upper side	green	green	green	green	
☑ Leaf: color of lower side	light green	light yellowish green	green	dark green	
Leaf: varigation	absent	absent	absent	absent	
Leaf: glossiness	weak	weak	weak	weak	
Leaf: pubescence of upper side	few	few	few	few	
Leaf: pubescence of lower side	few	few	few	few	
Petiole : length	short	medium	short	short	
Petiole: colour	purplish brown	light green	purplish brown	purplish brown	
Flower: diameter	medium	medium	medium	medium	
Flower: spread	medium	medium	medium	medium	
Petal: variegation of outer	absent	absent	absent	absent	

side				
Petal: prominence of vein of outer side	prominant	prominant	prominant	prominant
Petal: variegation of inner side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Petal: prominence of vein of inner side	prominant	prominant	prominant	prominant
Petal: length	short	short	short	short
Petal: width	medium	narrow	medium	medium
Petal : shape	obovate	obovate	obovate	obovate
Petal: number	five	five	five	five
Calyx: length	medium	medium	short	medium
Calyx: colour	light green and purple	light green	yellowish green	light green and purple
Calyx: pubescence of upper side	few	few	few	few
Calyx: pubescence of upper sidePeduncle: length	few medium	few medium	few short	few long
 Calyx: pubescence of upper side Peduncle: length Peduncle: color 	few medium green	few medium light green	few short light green	few long brownish green
 Calyx: pubescence of upper side Peduncle: length Peduncle: color Pistil: length 	few medium green medium	few medium light green medium	few short light green medium	few long brownish green medium
 Calyx: pubescence of upper side Peduncle: length Peduncle: color Pistil: length Pollen: colour 	few medium green medium yellowish orange	few medium light green medium orange	few short light green medium yellowish orange	few long brownish green medium yellow
 Calyx: pubescence of upper side Peduncle: length Peduncle: color Pistil: length Pollen: colour Stamen: colour 	few medium green medium yellowish orange reddish yellow	few medium light green medium orange yellow	few short light green medium yellowish orange yellow	few long brownish green medium yellow reddish yellow
 Calyx: pubescence of upper side Peduncle: length Peduncle: color Pistil: length Pollen: colour Stamen: colour Stigma: colour 	few medium green medium yellowish orange reddish yellow red	few medium light green medium orange yellow greenish yellow	few short light green medium yellowish orange yellow greenish yellow	few long brownish green medium yellow reddish yellow reddish purple
 Calyx: pubescence of upper side Peduncle: length Peduncle: color Pistil: length Pollen: colour Stamen: colour Stigma: colour Stigma: position against anthers 	few medium green medium yellowish orange reddish yellow red above	few medium light green medium orange yellow greenish yellow below	few short light green medium yellowish orange yellow greenish yellow above	few long brownish green medium yellow reddish yellow reddish purple above

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Nuabred'	'Casey red'	'Passion'	'Rosaeflorum'		
Petal: colour of vein of outer side	red 46a	red 53a	red 53b	red 52b		
Petal: colour of inner side	red 46a	red 53a	red 53b	red 52b		
Petal: colour of vein inner side	red 46a	red 53a	red 53b	red 53c		
Petal: colour of outer side	red 46a	red 53a	red 53b	red 52b		

First sold in USA on 17th February 2012

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2012	pending	'Nuabred '
USA	2012	pending	'Nuabred '

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Australian Horticultural Services, Wonga Park Vic 3115

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/016
Variety Name	'LuckyLanternYellow'
Genus Species	Abutilon hybrid
Common Name	Chinese lantern
Synonym	
Accepted Date	03 Dec 2015
Applicant	NuFlora International Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW 2564,
	Australia
Agent	Touch of Class Planrs Pty Ltd, Tynong, Vic 3813
Qualified Person	Mark Lunghusen
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>
Location	Tynong Vic
Descriptor	PBR Abutilon
Period	Summer to Winter 2018
Conditions	Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled
	release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip
	irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as
	necessary.
Trial Design	10 Plants in block design
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system.
BHS Chart - edition	
KIIS Chart - Cultion	Fifth Edition

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: Controlled pollination was done in December 2004 between the male parent, in house breeding variety code named x03.23.1 and the female parent code named x03.2.4 The seed was collected and sown in February 2005. Lucky Lantern Yellow was selected in December 2006 based on plant branching, floriferousness, flower colour and flowering period. Breeder: Graham Brown, Macquurie Fields NSW.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar					
Variety of Common K	Inowledg	e			
Organ/Plant Part	Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties				
Flower	colour		yellow		
Plant	height short to medium		short to medium		
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name Comments					
'Sydney Belle'		Compact, yello	bw flowered variety		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator	Comments	

				Variety	
'Canary Bird'	Plant	height	short to medium	medium to tall	
'Cynthia Pyke'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	
'Golden Fleece'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	
'Kentish Belle'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	
'Lemon Queen'	Plant	height	short to medium	tall	
'Bella Yellow'	Plant	Height	Short	Very short	'Bella Yellow' is a seed grown variety that can be variable

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	vith a tick.	'Svdnev Belle'	
Plant: growth habit	upright	semi-upright	
plant: height	short to medium	medium	
Stem: colour	purplish brown	purplish brown	
stem: pubescence	absent or very low	absent or very low	
leaf: number of lobes	three	three	
leaf: depth of lobation	shallow	medium	
Leaf: serration	present	present	
leaf: length	short	long	
leaf: width	narrow	broad	
leaf: thickness	medium	medium	
leaf: color of upper side	green	green	
leaf: color of lower side	light green	light green	
leaf: varigation	absent	absent	
leaf: glossiness	weak	weak	
leaf: pubescence of upper side	few	few	
leaf: pubescence of lower side	few	few	
petiole : length	short	medium	
petiole: colour	purplish brown	purplish brown	
flower: diameter	small	medium	

flower: spread	small	medium
petal: variegation of outer side	absent	absent
Petal: prominence of vein of outer side	Prominant	Prominant
Petal: variegation of inner side	absent	absent
Petal: prominence of vein of inner side	prominant	prominant
petal: length	short	medium
petal: width	narrow	medium
petal : shape	obovate	obovate
petal: number	five	five
Calyx: length	short	long
calyx: colour	yellowish green	light green
calyx: pubescence of upper side	few	few
Peduncle: length	short	medium
Peduncle: color	light green	light green
pistil: length	medium	long
pollen: colour	yellowish orange	yellowish orange
stamen: colour	yellow	yellow
stigma: colour	other	other
Stigma: position against anthers	above	above
flowering: habit	Flowering: perpetual	Flowering: perpetual

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'LuckyLanternYellow'	'Sydney Belle'		
Petal: colour of vein inner side	15D	15D		
Petal: colour of outer side	15D	15D		
Petal: colour of vein of outer side	15D	15D		
Petal: colour of inner side	15D	15D		

First sold in Australia on 17th February 2014 and in USA on 7th March 2011.

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
New Zealand	2012	Applied	'LuckyLanternYellow'

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Australian Horticultural Services, Wonga Park Vic 3115

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/106
Variety Name	'Passion'
Genus Species	Abutilon hybrid
Common Name	Chinese lantern
Synonym	
Accepted Date	11 Jun 2015
Applicant	NuFlora International Pty Ltd, Macquarie Fields, NSW 2564,
	Australia
Agent	Touch of Class Planrs Pty Ltd, Tynong, Vic 3813
Qualified Person	Mark Lunghusen
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Tynong Vic
Location Descriptor	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR
Location Descriptor Period	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR Summer to Winter 2018
Location Descriptor Period Conditions	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR Summer to Winter 2018 Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled
Location Descriptor Period Conditions	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR Summer to Winter 2018 Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip
Location Descriptor Period Conditions	Tynong VicAbutilon PBRSummer to Winter 2018Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as
Location Descriptor Period Conditions	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR Summer to Winter 2018 Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary.
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR Summer to Winter 2018 Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary. 10 plants in block design
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design Measurements	Tynong VicAbutilon PBRSummer to Winter 2018Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary.10 plants in block design Measurements were taken in the metric system
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design Measurements RHS Chart - edition	Tynong Vic Abutilon PBR Summer to Winter 2018 Plants were grown in commercial pinebark media with controlled release fertiliser in 15cm pots grown on wire benches with drip irrigation in a plastic covered house with roll up sides opened as necessary. 10 plants in block design Measurements were taken in the metric system Fifth Edition

Controlled pollination followed by seedling selection: Controlled pollination was done in January 2008 between the male parent, in house breeding variety code named x05.1.2 and the female parent code named x05.1.1 The seed was collected and sown in April 2008. Passion was selected based on plant branching, floriferousness, flower colour and flowering period. Breeder Graham Brown, Macqaurie Fields NSW.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant	Context		State of Expression in Group of	
Part			Varieties	
Flower	colour		red	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name		Comments		
Abutilon 'Rosaeflor	a'			
Abutilon 'Nuabred'				
Abutilon 'Casey red	1'			

Varieties	of Comm	on Knowledg	<u>ge identified and sul</u>	osequently exclud	led
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Bella Apricot'	Flower	Colour	Orange	Light red	Bella Apricot is a seed grown variety that can be variable.

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Passion'	Abutilon 'Casey red'	Abutilon 'Nuabred'	Abutilon 'Rosaeflora'
Plant: growth habit	upright	upright	upright	upright
Plant: height	very short	tall	short	tall
Stem: colour	green	light green	green	purplish brown
Stem: pubescence	few	absent or very low	few	absent or very low
Leaf: number of lobes	three	three	three	three
Leaf: depth of lobation	shallow	shallow	shallow	deep
Leaf: serration	present	present	present	present
Leaf: length	very short	long	short	long
Leaf: width	narrow	broad	narrow	broad
Leaf: thickness	medium	medium	medium	medium
Leaf: color of upper side	dark green	green	other	green
Leaf: color of lower side	green	light yellowish green	green	dark green
Leaf: varigation	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: glossiness	weak	weak	weak	weak
Leaf: pubescence of upper side	few	few	few	few
Leaf: pubescence of lower side	few	few	few	few
Petiole : length	short	medium	short	short
Petiole: colour	green	light green	other	purplish brown
Flower: diameter	medium	medium	medium	medium
Flower: spread	medium	medium	medium	medium
Petal: variegation of outer side	absent	absent	absent	absent

Petal: prominence of vein of outer side	prominent	prominent	prominent	prominent
Petal: variegation of inner side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Petal: prominence of vein of inner side	prominent	prominent	prominent	prominent
Petal: length	short	short	short	short
Petal: width	medium	narrow	medium	medium
Petal : shape	obovate	obovate	obovate	obovate
Petal: number	five	five	five	five
Calyx: length	short	medium	medium	medium
Calyx: colour	yellowish green	light green	light green and purple	light green and purple
Calyx: pubescence of upper side	few	few	few	few
Peduncle: length	short	medium	medium	long
Peduncle: color	light green	light green	green	brownish green
Pistil: length	medium	medium	medium	medium
Pollen: colour	yellowish orange	orange	yellowish orange	yellow
Stamen: colour	yellow	yellow	reddish yellow	reddish yellow
Stigma: colour	greenish yellow	greenish yellow	red	reddish purple
Stigma: position against anthers	above	below	above	above
Flowering: habit	flowering: perpetual	flowering: perpetual	flowering: perpetual	flowering: perpetual

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	Passion	Abutilon Casey red	Abutilon Nuabred	Abutilon rosaeflora
Petal: colour of vein of outer side	53B	53A	46A	52B
Petal: colour of inner side	53B	53A	46A	52B
Petal: colour of vein inner side	53B	53A	46A	53C
Petal: colour of outer side	53B	53A	46A	52B

No prior applications.

First sold in Australia on 2nd June 2014

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Australian Horticultural Services, Wonga Park Vic 3115

Details of Application	
Application Number	2018/182
Variety Name	'EQLIPSE'
Genus Species	Cucumis sativus
Common Name	Cucumber
Synonym	N/A
Accepted Date	
Applicant	Nunhems B.V., Nunhems, the Netherlands
Agent	Shelston IP Pty Ltd, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person	John Oates
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>
Location	Virginia, South Australia
Descriptor	TG/61/7 Rev. 2 Corr
Period	Winter 2018
Conditions	In-ground, drip irrigated, under plastic roof
Trial Design	Triple replicated sowings of 20 plants in rows in a commercial
	growing setting
Measurements	As per UPOV Technical Guidelines in metric system
RHS Chart - edition	6th Edition 2015

Controlled pollination: Two double haploid lines were first crossed in 2013 in Antayla, Turkey. The candidate, named 'Eqlipse' was selected after three cycles of selection and is maintained through cross pollination of the two double haploid parental lines 'HW8657' and 'HW7012'.Both parent lines originated from the Nunhems genepool. Selection criteria: Yield, plant form and cold tolerance. Evaluation has taken place under local Turkish conditions for the DHs HW8657 and HW7012. Breeder: Nunhams B.V. Napoleonsweg 152, Nunhem, The Netherlands

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar					
Variety of Common Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Plant	sex expression		gynoecious		
Ovary	colour of vestiture		white		
Parthenocarpy	present/absent		present		
Most Similar Variatios of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Nomo		Commonts			
Magaat ²		Comments			
Iviascot					
'Termessos'					
Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
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Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression	State of Expression	Comment
•	Characteristics		in Candidate	in Comparator	S
			Variety	Variety	
'Termessos'	Fruit	ribs	medium	weak	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from			
one or more of the comparators are marked with Organ/Plant Part: Context	i a tick. 'EOLIPSE'	'Mascot'	
Plant: growth type	indeterminate	indeterminate	
Plant: vigour	strong	medium	
Plant: total length of first 15 internodes	long	medium	
Leaf: size of blade	large	medium to large	
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark	
Leaf: blistering	weak	weak	
Leaf: undulation of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Leaf: length of terminal lobe	long	medium	
Leaf: width of terminal lobe	broad	medium to broad	
Leaf: ratio length/width of terminal lobe	equal to 1	equal to 1	
□ *Plant: sex expression	almost exclusively female flowers	almost exclusively female flowers	
Plant: number of female flowers per node	one to three	one to three	
*Young fruit: type of vestiture	hairs and prickles	hairs and prickles	
☐ Young fruit: density of vestiture	medium to dense	medium	
*Young fruit: colour of vestiture	white	white	
□ Young fruit: size of warts	absent or very small	absent or very small	
*Parthenocarpy:	present	present	
✓ *Fruit: length	medium	short	
Fruit: diameter	medium	medium	
Fruit: ratio length/diameter	large	small to medium	
Fruit: core diameter in relation to diameter of fruit	medium to large	medium to large	
*Fruit: predominant shape of stem end at market stage	necked	acute	
Fruit: length of neck	short to medium		
\square Fruit: shape of calyx end at market stage	obtuse	obtuse	

*Fruit: ground colour of skin at market stage	green	green
Fruit: intensity of ground colour of skin	medium to dark	medium to dark
Fruit: ribs	present	present
Fruit: prominence of ribs	medium	weak
Fruit: colouration of ribs compared to ground colour	equal to darker	equal
Fruit: vestiture	absent or very sparse	sparse
Fruit: warts	absent	absent
Fruit: stripes	present	absent
Fruit: length of stripes	medium	
Fruit: mottling	absent	absent
Fruit: length of peduncle	medium	medium
Fruit: thickness of peduncle	medium	medium
Fruit: ground colour of skin at physiological ripening	green	green
Time of: development of female flowers	early	strongly early
Fruit: bitterness	absent	absent
Resistance to: Cucumis Mosaic Virus (CMV)	present	

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'EQLIPSE'	'Mascot'	
Fruit: creasing	present	absent	
fruit: type of vestiture	prickles only	prickles only	
Leaf blade: attitude	horizontal	horizontal	
Leaf blade: ratio length of terminal lobe/length of blade	medium		
Leaf blade: shape of apex of terminal lobe	right-angled	right-angled	
Plant: sex expression	gynecious	gynecious	
Overy: colour of vestiture	white	white	
Fruit: shape of transverse section	round to angular	round to angular	
Fruit: degree of creasing	medium	very weak	

No prior applications and sale.

Description: John Oates, VF Solutions, Merimbula, NSW 2548

Details of Applica	Details of Application		
Application Numb	ber	2014/065	
Variety Name		'Lades'	
Genus Species		Escallonia laevis	
Common Name		Escallonia	
Synonym		'Pink Elle'	
Accepted Date		02 Jun 2014	
Applicant		Ludovic Ladan, Kernon, Meillars, France 29790	
Agent		Plants Management Pty. Ltd., Dodges Ferry, Tas 7173	
Qualified Person		Steve Eggleton	
Details of Compar	rative [<u>Frial</u>	
Location	Location Wonga Park, VIC		
Descriptor	PBR Escallonia (Esallonia laevis)		
Period	Decen	mber 2015 to January 2017	
Conditions	Trial	conducted in the open with plants received in December 2015 in	
	140mm pots filled with soilless, pinebark-based mix with controlled releas		
	fertilizers. Appropriate pest and disease treatments were applied as required.		
Trial Design	Trial Design Twelve plants of each variety were planted in a randomized design. The tria		
was used to verify the states of express		ised to verify the states of expression in the US test report-Patent USPP	
	23984.		
Measurements Measurements were taken in the metric system.			
RHS Chart -	Fifth	Edition	
edition			

Spontaneous Mutation or sport: The variety was discovered as a whole plant mutation in a cultivated garden in Meillars, France in Summer 2003. Original selection criteria was on the basis of plant habit, foliage colour, flower volume and flower colour. As the selection developed asexual cutting were taken to develop a further generation for eveluation. Final selection criteria was plant habit dense, juevienile foliage colour mid green, mature foliage colour dark green, flower number numerous and flower colour mid pink. All subsequent generations have remained uniform and stable. Breeder: Ludovic Ladan, Kernon, Meillars, France 29790

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Organ/Plant Part Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour		pink group
Plant	habit		upright
Most Similar Varie	ties of Cor	nmon Knowled	lge identified (VCK)
Name		Comments	
'Gold Ellen'			
'Gold Brian'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Jamie'	Plant	habit	upright	prostrate	
'Red Dream'	Flower	colour	pink	red	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lades'	'Gold Brian'	'Gold Ellen'
Delta plant: density of branches	dense	medium	medium
\square Leaf: incision on the margin	present		
Leaf: type of incision on the margin	serrate		
□ Inflorescence: type	panicle		
Inflorescence: number of flowers	many		medium
Corolla lobe: attitude	horizontal		

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Lades'	'Gold Brian'	'Gold Ellen'
□ Young stem: colour (RHS colour chart)	N144D		
Mature stem: colour (RHS colour chart)	199D		
Leaf: shape	elliptic		
□ Leaf: type	simple		
□ Leaf: shape of base	attenuate		
□ Leaf: shape of apex	broadly acute		
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium		
□ Leaf: glossiness of lower side	medium		
☑ Leaf: colour of mature leaf	dark green	yellow	light green
□ Leaf: colour of young leaf	medium green		
□ Leaf: colour of young leaf upper surface (RHS colour chart)	144B		
\Box Leaf: colour of young leaf lower surface	144B		

(RHS colour chart)			
□ Leaf: colour of mature leaf upper surface (RHS colour chart)	N137C		
□ Leaf: colour of mature leaf lower surface (RHS colour chart)	146B		
Flower: colour	light pink	dark pink	dark pink
□ Flower bud: colour (RHS colour chart)	N57C+D		
Petal: shape	narrow obovate		
\square Petal: shape of apex	obtuse		
Petal: shape of base	narrow cuneate		
□ Petal: predominant colour of upper side when opening (RHS colour chart)	N57D		
□ Petal: colour of base of upper surface when opening (RHS colour chart)	62D		
Petal: predominant colour of base of upper surface when fully opened (RHS colour chart)	62D		
□ Petal: predominant colour of lower surface when fully opened (RHS colour chart)	55B		
Petal: predominant colour of upper surface when fully opened (RHS colour chart)	N57D		
Plant: habit	upright	upright	upright

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
EU	2011	Granted	'Lades'
USA	2012	Granted	'Lades'

First sold in France of 15th May 2011 and in Australia on 3rd March 2014

Description: Steve Eggleton , Wonga Park, Vic

Details of Application		
Application Number	2017/135	
Variety Name	'Bonsca 1203'	
Genus Species	Scaevola aemula	
Common Name	Fanflower	
Accepted Date	14 Jun 2017	
Applicant	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW	
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW	
Qualified Person	Tim Angus	
Details of Comparative	e Trial	
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia	
Descriptor	PBR SCAE	
Period	July 2018 -October 2018	
Conditions	Trial grown in indoor conditions at Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 125 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.	
Trial Design	Plants grown in separate blocks side by side	
Measurements	10 plants per variety at random	
RHS Chart - edition	2001	

'Bonsca 1203' was first selected from seedlings from open pollinations of Proprietary *Scaevola aemula* selection 11-26 between February 2011 to April 2011 at Yellow Rock, NSW; the possible pollen parents were all *Scaevola aemula* proprietary selections. It was propagated for the first time, vegetatively, in December 2011. Since this time many generations of vegetative propagation have occurred during DUS testing and production trials with no off-types being observed. Breeders: Dr. Andrew Bernuetz and Mirza Mohammed Shoaib..

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour		pink
Most Similar Varieties	of Common Ki	nowledge ide	ntified (VCK)
Name		Comments	
'Bomy Pinka'			
'Ultra Fanfare'			
'Pink Fanfare'			
'Outback Royal Pink'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishing S Characteristics C		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comments Comparator Variety	
'Ultra Fanfare'	Corolla lobe	main colour	RHS 73B	RHS 80B	
'Ultra Fanfare'	Throat	colour	RHS 155C	RHS 6C	
'Pink Fanfare'	Corolla lobe	colour	RHS 73B	RHS 80C	
'Pink Fanfare'	Throat	colour	RHS 155C	RHS 6C	
'Outback Royal Pink'	Corolla tube	length	longer	shorter	
'Outback Royal Pink'	Corolla lobe	main colour	RHS 73B	RHS 75C	
'Outback Royal Pink'	Throat	colour	RHS 155C	RHS 151C	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bonsca 1203'	'Bomy Pinka'
Plant: height	short to medium	medium
Plant: width	medium	medium to broad
Stem: attitude	semi-erect	semi-erect
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	weak to medium	weak to medium
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	obtuse
Leaf: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate
Leaf: glossiness of upper side	medium	slight to medium
Leaf: glossiness of lower side	slight	very slight to slight
Leaf: degree of hairiness of lower side	medium to strong	weak to medium
Leaf: incision of margin	present	present
Leaf: depth of incision of margin	shallow to medium	very shallow to shallow
Leaf: undulation of margin	weak	weak
Leaf: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)	RHS 137C	RHS 137C
Leaf: colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)	RHS NN137A	RHS 146A
Corolla: diameter (width of fan)	large	large
Corolla: main colour	pink	pink
Corolla: stripes on petals (upper side)	absent	absent
Corolla: stripes on petals (lower side)	absent	absent
Petal: length	medium to long	medium to long
	gan/Plant Part: ContextPlant: heightPlant: widthStem: attitudeStem: anthocyanin colourationLeaf: shape of apexLeaf: shape of baseLeaf: glossiness of upper sideLeaf: glossiness of lower sideLeaf: degree of hairiness of lower sideLeaf: incision of marginLeaf: depth of incision of marginLeaf: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)Leaf: colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)Corolla: diameter (width of fan)Corolla: stripes on petals (upper side)Corolla: stripes on petals (lower side)Petal: length	gan/Plant Part: Context'Bonsca 1203'Plant: heightshort to mediumPlant: widthmediumStem: attitudesemi-erectStem: anthocyanin colourationweak to mediumLeaf: shape of apexacuteLeaf: shape of baseattenuateLeaf: glossiness of upper sidemediumLeaf: glossiness of lower sideslightLeaf: degree of hairiness of lower sidemedium to strongLeaf: depth of incision of marginpresentLeaf: colour of lower side (RHS colour chart)RHS 137CLeaf: colour of upper side (RHS colour chart)RHS NN137ACorolla: diameter (width of fan)largeCorolla: stripes on petals (upper side)absentPetal: lengthmedium to long

Petal: width	medium to broad	medium to broad
Petal: overlapping of bases	slight to medium	absent or very slight
Petal: main colour of middle zone (upper side) (RHS colour chart)	RHS N57D to RHS 186C	RHS N78B
Petal: main colour of margin (upper side) (RHS colour chart)	RHS 186D	RHS 75B
Petal: main colour of middle zone (lower side) (RHS colour chart)	RHS 186A to 178C	RHS 80A
Petal: main colour of margin (lower side) (RHS colour chart)	closest to RHS 186D	RHS 75C
Petal: throat colour	yellow-green	yellow-green
Petal: size of eye on upper side	medium	medium
Petal: colour of eye on upper side	white	white
Indusium: colour	green	green
Indusium: degree of hariness	medium to strong	medium

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bonsca 1203'	'Bomy Pinka'		
Plant: growth habit	semi-erect	semi upright to spreading		
Stem : colour	greenish to reddish	greenish to reddish		
Leaf: shape	spathulate to lanceolate	obovate		

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2015	Applied	'Bonsca 1203'
Japan	2016	Applied	'Bonsca 1203'

First sold in the USA, Oct 2015

Description: Tim Angus, Lower Hutt, Wellington NZ

Details of Application	
Application Number	2016/388
Variety Name	'Aldrin'
Genus Species	Phaseolus vulgaris
Common Name	French bean
Accepted Date	09 Jan 2017
Applicant	HM.CLAUSE, Inc., Davis, CA, USA
Agent	Shelston IP Pty Ltd, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person	Calixto Dilag
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Central Queensland
Descriptor	TG/12/9
Period	2018
Conditions	Trial was sown winter of 2018 at Calavos, Queensland. Irrigation were through drips and was treated the same with crops with regards to fertilization and spraying.
Trial Design	Two generations of the candidate variety were compared in a side by side trial with the comparator varieties
Measurements	As per UPOV test guideline.
RHS Chart - edition	5 th Edition

Controlled pollination: 'Aldrin' was developed from an initial cross between two proprietary lines under stake numbers 86540 (female) and 86529 (male), the F1 generation was harvested in April 2009 in Sun Prairie, Wisconsin, and the F2 selection was made near Coloma, Wisconsin, July 2009. In the second year, the F3 selection was made February 2010, near Los Mochis, Mexico and the F4 in July 2010 near Coloma, Wisconsin. In the third year, the F5 selection was made in October 2010, in Sun Prairie, WI, and the F6 selection was made in March 2011 near Immokalee, Florida. The F7 generation was bulked in August 2011 in Salinas, California. The F8 generation was harvested August 2012 as 100 single plants in August in Salinas, California. The F9 generation was bulked by progeny row in February 2013, near Los Mochis, Mexico, the line was subsequently designated H33122 (Aldrin).The main selection criteria used to develop the variety are upright plant habit, dark pod color, concentrated set of pods and high yield. Breeder: Robert Gehin

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth type	dwarf
Pod	length	medium to long
Pod	colour	green

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Hickok'			

'Wyatt'	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Aldrin'	'Hickok'	'Wyatt'
Plant: anthocyanin colouration of hypocotyl	absent	absent	absent
*Plant: growth type	dwarf	dwarf	dwarf
Plant: type (dwarf beans only)	non-trailing	non-trailing	non-trailing
Plant: height (dwarf beans only)	medium to tall	tall	tall
*Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium to dark	medium
Leaf: rugosity	weak	weak	weak
Terminal leaflet: size	large	medium	medium
Terminal leaflet: shape	triangular to circular	rhombic	triangular to circular
Terminal leaflet: length of tip	medium	medium	medium
Flower: size of bracts	small	medium	small
*Flower: colour of standard	white	white	white
*Flower: colour of wing	white	white	white
*Pod: length (dwarf beans only)	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Pod: width	medium	medium to broad	medium
Pod: thickness	medium	medium	thick
*Pod: shape in cross section	cordate	cordate	cordate
*Pod: ground colour	green	green	green
Pod: intensity of ground colour	dark	medium	light to medium
Pod: presence of secondary colour	absent	absent	absent
*Pod: stringiness of ventral suture	present	absent	present
Pod: degree of curvature	absent or very slight	very slight to weak	absent or very slight
Pod: shape of curvature	concave	concave	concave
Pod: shape of distal part	acute to truncate	acute to truncate	acute to truncate
*Pod: length of beak	long	short	medium
Pod: curvature of beak	weak to medium	weak	weak
Pod: texture of surface	smooth or slightly rough	smooth or slightly rough	smooth or slightly rough
Resistance to: Bean anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum lindemuthianum</i>) Race Lambda	absent	absent	absent
Resistance to: Bean anthracnose (Colletotrichum lindemuthianum) Race	absent	absent	absent

Kappa			
*Type of resistance to: Bean Common Mosaic Virus (BCMV)	mosaic development present, blackroot development absent	mosaic development present, blackroot development absent	mosaic development present, blackroot development absent
Resistance to: Halo Blight (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>phaseo licola</i>) US Race 1	present	absent	present
Resistance to: Halo Blight (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. phaseo lic <i>ola</i>) US Race 2	present	absent	present
Resistance to: Common Blight (Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli), Isolate 422	absent	absent	present

Country	Year
USA	2015

Status pending

Name Applied 'Aldrin'

First sold in Australia, January 2016

Description: Dilag Calixto, Lower Templestowe, VIC

Details of Application	
Application Number	2012/111
Variety Name	'SUGRATHIRTYSIX'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	'SUGRA36'
Accepted Date	26 Jul 2012
Applicant	Sun World International LLC, Bakersfield, CA, USA
Agent	Corrs Chambers Westgarth, Melbourne, Victoria
Qualified Person	Garth Swinburn
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Newton Avenue, Irymple, Victoria, Australia
Descriptor	Vitis TG/50/9
Period	September 2016-June 2019
Conditions	Vines were managed by commercial growers and received full pest and disease control, irrigation, nutrition and pruning programs. There were no signs of any abnormalities in the vines during the evaluation period
Trial Design	A Comparative trial in Australia, including the candidate and comparator variety, were planted in a variety evaluation block, grown to confirm the states of expression provided in an overseas test report (Patent US PP22,078P3).
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV test guideline
RHS Chart - edition	

Controlled pollination: May 2001: Pollen from selection '93018-070-024' was applied by hand to flowers of selection '97001-198-219'. July 2001: Hybridized fruit was harvested and embryos were cultured then grown in greenhouse until Spring 2002. March 2002: Hybrid seedlings were planted in the field and grew there during 2002-2005. July 2005: '01016-126-057' was selected from the progeny. November 2005: '01016-126-057' was propagated by rooting cuttings. March 2006: 55 rooted cuttings were planted in a commercial test block. 2007-2009 '01016-126-057' was tested and determined to be commercial. November 2009:'01016-126-057' was patented and given the name 'Sugrathirtysix'. Breeder: Terry Bacon and Michael J. Striem, Sun World International LLC, Bakersfield, CA, USA

Choice of Comparate Variety of Common K	ors Characteristics used f	or grouping varieties to identify the most similar
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Fruit	veraison	very early
Young leaf	colour of upper side of blade	green

Flower	sexual o	organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
Mature leaf	number of lobes		five
Berry	anthocy colourat	anin tion of flesh	absent or very weak
Berry	formation of seeds		rudimentary
Most Similar Varieti	es of Cor	nmon Knowlea	lge identified (VCK)
Name		Comments	
'Flame Seedless'			

Varieties	of Common	Knowledge i	identified and subsequ	ently excluded	
Variety	Distinguish Characteris	ing stics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sugrath irtytwo'	fruit	berry shape	globose	obtuse ovoid	
'Sugrani neteen'	fruit	berry shape	globose	broad elliptic	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from			
one or more of the comparators are marked w	vith a tick.		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SUGRATHIRTYSIX'	'Flame Seedless'	
☐ *Young shoot: openness of tip	half open	slightly open	
□ *Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	very sparse to sparse	sparse to medium	
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Voung shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
□ *Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	green	green	
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
Voung leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	semi-erect to horizontal	
□ Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	green and red	
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green and red	green and red	
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green and red	green and red	

Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green and red	green and red
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	pentagonal
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	very shallow to shallow	deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	closed	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	wide open	wide open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short to medium	short to medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	low
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	much shorter	moderately shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	very early	very early
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	medium	medium to large
*Bunch: density	lax	lax to medium
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	short to medium	medium
*Berry: size	small to medium	small to medium
*Berry: shape	globose	globose
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	grey red	red
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	moderately easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	moderately firm

*Berry: particular flavour	muscat	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
Mexico	2012	Granted	'SUGRATHIRTYSIX'
USA	2009	Granted	'SUGRATHIRTYSIX'
South Africa	2012	Granted	'SUGRATHIRTYSIX'

No prior sale.

Description: Karen Connolly, Sun World Australasia, Mildura, Vic 3502, Australia

Details of Application	
Application Number	2008/367
Variety Name	'SUGRATHIRTYTWO'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	
Accepted Date	12 Jan 2009
Applicant	Sun World International LLC, Bakersfield, Ca, USA
Agent	Corrs Chambers Westgarth, Melbourne, Victoria
Qualified Person	Garth Swinburn
Details of Comparative	Frial
Location	Mildura, Victoria
Descriptor	Vitis TG/50/9
Period	Sept 2016-June 2019
Conditions	Vines were managed by commercial growers and received full pest and disease control, irrigation, nutrition and pruning programs. There were no signs of any abnormalities in the vines during the evaluation period
Trial Design	A Verification trial in Australia, with the Candidate and comparator variety, grown to confirm the states of expression provided in an overseas test report-Patent USPP19024P3
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV test guideline
RHS Chart - edition	
Origin and Breeding	
Controllad nallinations th	a variate was anoted by hybridization of two landlags around lines.

Controlled pollination: the variety was created by hybridization of two 'seedless' grape lines possessing small abortive vestigial ovules. From the initial population of hybrid ovules, embryo rescue methods were used to produce a population from which the present variety was selected. The new variety was propagated in December 1998 using hardened cuttings. Breeder: David W. Cain and Michael J. Striem, Sun World International LLC, Bakersfield, Ca, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common K	Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties		
Fruit	colour of skin	red hues		
Fruit	veraison	very early		
Mature leaf	number of lobes	five		
Flower	sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium		
Berry:	anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak		

Berry:	formation of seeds		rudimentary
Berry	particular flavour		none
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			lge identified (VCK)
Name		Comments	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from					
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SUGRATHIRTYTWO'	'Flame Seedless'			
*Time of: bud burst	very early	very early			
Young shoot: openness of tip	half open	slightly open			
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	very sparse to sparse	sparse to medium			
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak			
□ Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse			
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	yellow green	green			
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse			
Voung leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse			
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	erect	semi-erect to horizontal			
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green	green and red			
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green and red			
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	green and red			
\square Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	green and red			
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse			
Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium			
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	medium			
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	pentagonal			
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	absent or very weak			

*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	slightly open	wide open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	short to medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides convex	both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	moderately shorter	moderately shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	very early	very early
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	medium to large	medium to large
*Bunch: density	lax to medium	medium
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	long	medium
✓ *Berry: size	medium	small to medium
*Berry: shape	obtuse ovoid	globose
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	grey red	red
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	moderately easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	moderately firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary
Woody shoot: main colour	orange brown	orange brown

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Karen Connolly, Sun World Australasia, Mildura, Vic 3502, Australia

Details of Application			
Application Number	2013/163		
Variety Name	'IFG Six'		
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera		
Common Name	Grape vine		
Synonym	N/A		
Accepted Date	31 Jul 2013		
Applicant	International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA		
Agent	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Vic 3502		
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor		
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>		
Location	Merbein South, Victoria		
Descriptor	Grapevine UPOV TG/50/9		
Period	September 2014 - March 2017		
Conditions	A verification trial was prepared by planting 70 vines of the variety 'IFG Six' in a patch of young vines that included similar varieties, in		
	a commercial table grape vineyard in North West Victoria in 2013.		
	The vines were grafted onto Paulsen rootstock. Plant measurements		
	commenced in January 2014 and were completed in March 2017. The		
	vines were managed according to the weed, nutrition, irrigation and		
	pest management program of the rest of the commercial vineyard.		
Trial Design	Unreplicated		
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against the		
	description in US patent number US PP23,531 P3 (April 2013).		
	Observed characteristics were also compared against UPOV		
	descriptions and field observations of other similar varieties of		
	common knowledge. Observations were made at budburst and		
	bunches and canes. Measurements were taken in the metric system		
PHS Chart adition	RHS Fifth edition reprinted 2007		
KIIS CHART - CURION	KIIS FILL CULION TEPTINECU 2007		
Trial Design Measurements RHS Chart - edition	pest management program of the rest of the commercial vineyard. Unreplicated Observations from the candidate were compared against the description in US patent number US PP23,531 P3 (April 2013). Observed characteristics were also compared against UPOV descriptions and field observations of other similar varieties of common knowledge. Observations were made at budburst and subsequently on new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves, berries, bunches and canes. Measurements were taken in the metric system. RHS Fifth edition reprinted 2007		

Controlled pollination of 'Beita Mouni' as the seed parent x USDA selection 'C22-121' as the pollen parent, in May 2004. The resulting plants were planted into the field in April 2005. The present variety of grapevine was selected as a single plant in July 2006 and was first asexually propagated by hardwood cuttings in December 2006, near Delano, Kern County, Calif. The resulting propagules were planted during April 2007 near Delano, Kern County California. Breeder: David Cain, International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Mature leaf	number of lobes	five	

Berries	colour		black	
Berries	formation of seeds		none or rudimentary (seedless)	
Berries	particula	ur flavour	none	
Most Similar Varieties	s of Comr	mon Knowled	ge identified (VCK)	
Name	(Comments		
'Sugrathirteen'	E	Elongated, seedless black berry maturing earlier than the		
	c	candidate		
'Blagratwo'	S	Seedless, black grape with a berry shape that is distinct from		
	tl	the candidate in being a broad ellipsoid shape		
'Fantasy'	S	Seedless black grape maturing mid season		

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distingui Characte	shing eristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sugrasixteen'	Berries	flavour	none	muscat	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Six'	'Blagratwo'	'Fantasy'	'Sugrathirteen'
■ *Time of: bud burst	early to medium	medium to late	early	early
Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	half open	wide open	wide open
Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	dense			sparse
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
☐ Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		
■ *Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	green with anthocyanin spots	light copper red	green with anthocyanin spots	yellow green
■ *Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
☐ Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of	sparse	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse

blade				
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	drooping	semi-erect to horizontal	erect	semi-erect
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	green and red	green and red	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green and red	green and red	green and red	green and red
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	green		
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green and red	green		
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
□ Shoot: length of tendrils	medium	medium to long	medium	medium
*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	medium to large	medium to large	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	circular	circular	pentagonal	pentagonal
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	medium	medium	deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	half open	half overlapped	half open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short	medium	medium	medium

*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides convex	both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	low	absent or very low	absent or very low
☐ Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	moderately shorter	equal	moderately shorter	much shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	medium	medium	medium	early
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	large	large	medium	medium
*Bunch: density	lax	lax to medium	lax	very lax
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	medium	long	medium	medium
*Berry: size	large	large	large	large
✓ *Berry: shape	cylindrical	broad ellipsoid	obtuse ovoid	obloid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	blue black	blue black	blue black	blue black
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	moderately easy	easy	moderately easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	moderately firm	soft or slightly firm	very firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none

*Berry: formation of seeds	none	rudimentary	rudimentary	none
Woody shoot: main colour	yellowish	reddish	yellowish	yellowish
	brown	brown	brown	brown

Characteristics Additional to				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Six'	'Blagratwo'	'Fantasy'	'Sugrathirteen'
Berry: shape of distal end	dimpled	rounded		rounded

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2011	Granted	'IFG Six'
South Africa	2012	Granted	'IFG Six'
Chile	2012	pending	'IFG Six'

First sold in USA on 6th August 2012 as 'Sweet Sapphire'

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Vic 3502

Details of Application	
Application Number	2014/010
Variety Name	'IFG Fourteen'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	N/A
Accepted Date	13 Feb 2014
Applicant	International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA
Agent	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Vic 3502
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Merbein South, Victoria
Descriptor	Grapevine UPOV TG/50/9
Period	September 2104 to March 2017
Conditions	A verification trial was prepared by planting 24 vines of the variety 'IFG Fourteen' in a patch of young vines that included similar varieties, in a commercial table grape vineyard in North West Victoria in 2013. The vines were grafted into Paulsen rootstock. Plant measurements commenced in September 2014 and were completed in March 2017. The vines were managed according to the weed, nutrition, irrigation and pest management program of the rest of the commercial vineyard.
Trial Design	24 vines of the candidate variety were allocated to 6 plots each of four vines. The plots of the candidate were interspersed between plots of the two comparators and other similar varieties of common knowledge.
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against the description in the US patent number US PP 0101,797 Pl (2014). Observed characteristics were also compared against UPOV descriptions and field observations of other varieties of common knowledge. Observations were made at budburst and subsequently on new shoots, young leaves, mature leaves, berries, bunches and canes. RHS Fifth edition reprinted 2007

Controlled cross pollination of maternal parent IFG 01077-096-221 (unnamed selection from the IFG breeding program) and paternal parent IFG 01054-082-202 (unnamed selection from the IFG breeding program), in May 2004. The abortive seed traces were subsequently embryo cultured. The resulting plant was planted in the field in April 2005. The present variety of grapevine was selected as a single plant in 2006 and was first asexually propagated by hardwood cuttings in December 2006 near Delano, Kern County, Calif. The resulting propagules were planted during April 2007 near Delano, Kern County, Calif. and were found to reproduce true-to-type through at least two generations of asexual reproduction using hardwood cuttings and grafting onto rootstocks. Breeder: David Cain, International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield,

California, USA				
Choice of Compar	<u>ators</u> Chara	acteristics used for gro	uping varieties to identify the most similar	
Variety of Common	n Knowledg	e		
Organ/Plant	Context		State of Expression in Group of	
Part			Varieties	
Flower	sexual orga	ans	fully developed stamens and fully	
			developed gynoecium	
Berry	anthocyani	in colouration of	absent or very weak	
	flesh			
Berry	formation	of seeds	seedless	
Berry	colour of skin (without bloom)		red to crimson group	
Most Similar Vari	eties of Cor	nmon Knowledge ide	entified (VCK)	
Name		Comments		
'Flame Seedless'		very early, red, seedless grape with a round shaped berry		
'Ralli Seedless'		early, red, seedless grape with a broad ellipsoid berry		
'Ruby Seedless'		early to mid-season, grey-red seedless grape with a globose		
		berry		
'Sugrathirtysix'		very early, red musc	at grape with a round berry	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Disting Charac	uishing teristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sugrathirtysix'	berry	maturity for harvest	early	very early	'Sugrathirtysix' matures earlier than 'Flame Seedless'. The candidate matures slightly later than 'Flame Seedless'
'Ralli Seedless'	berry	colour	grey-red towards purple-red	rose	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Fourteen'	'Flame Seedless'	'Ruby Seedless'
*Time of: bud burst	early to medium	very early to early	

*Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	half open	wide open
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	strong
Voung shoot: erect hairs on tip	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	light copper red	light copper red	light copper red
■ *Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Voung leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	horizontal	
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red*	green	green
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green	green
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	green	green
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	green	green
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse		
Shoot: length of tendrils	medium		
Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	medium	medium
Mature leaf: shape of blade	circular	pentagonal	circular
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	weak	very weak to weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five (or seven)	five	five (or three)
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	deep	shallow
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses	strongly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped

(varieties with lobed leaves only)			
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	slightly overlapped	slightly open	half open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short	short to medium	short
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	medium	absent or very low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	equal	moderately shorter	moderately shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	early	very early	medium
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	medium to large	small to medium	medium to large
✓ *Bunch: density	medium	lax to medium	lax
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	short	medium	medium
✓ *Berry: size	medium	small	small to medium
✓ *Berry: shape	globose	globose	broad ellipsoid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	Greyed-red	dark red-violet	Greyed-red
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	difficult	moderately easy
Berry: thickness of skin	thick	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

	Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	moderately firm	moderately firm
Þ	*Berry: particular flavour	muscat	none	none
	*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	none	rudimentary
	Woody shoot: main colour	yellowish brown	dark brown	orange brown

* indicates observations under Australian field conditions that differ from observations described in the USA patent.

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Fourteen'	'Flame Seedless'	'Ruby Seedless'
Berry: colour uniformity	uniform	uniform	uniform
Berry: colour	Grey red 182A	Red purple 59B	Grey red 181A

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Fourteen'	'Flame Seedless'	'Ruby Seedless'
Berry: weight (g)			
Mean	4.4		3.3
Std. Deviation	0.1		0.25
Lsd/sig	0.5		P≤0.01
Leaf: ratio of leaf length to le	eaf width		
Mean	0.66	0.79	0.73
Std. Deviation	0.06	0.08	0.07
Lsd/sig	0.04	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Berry: length (mm)			
Mean	18.75	15.95	
Std. Deviation	1.48	1.75	
Lsd/sig	1.38	P≤0.01	
Bunch weight (g)			
Mean	430	246	406
Std. Deviation	121	129	181
Lsd/sig	172	P≤0.01	ns
Mature Leaf: length of petiol	e compared to length	of middle vein	
Mean	0.95	0.76	0.82

Std. Deviation	0.2	0.17	0.1
Lsd/sig	0.09	P>0.01	P>0.01
Mature leaf: length (mm)			
Mean	105	121	102
Std. Deviation	16	16	13
Lsd/sig	8.66	P≤0.01	ns

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2012	Granted	"IFG Fourteen"

First sold in USA on 1st September 2012

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Vic 3502

Details of Application	
Application Number	2016/066
Variety Name	'Sugrathirtynine'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	'SUGRA39'
Accepted Date	21 Apr 2016
Applicant	Sun World International, LLC, Bakersfield, Ca, USA
Agent	Corrs Chambers Westgarth, Melbourne, Victoria
Qualified Person	Garth Swinburn
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>
Location	Mildura, Victoria
Descriptor	Vitis TG/50/9
Period	September 2016-June 2019
Conditions	Vines were managed by a commercial grower and received full pest and disease control, irrigation, nutrition and pruning programs. There were no signs of any abnormalities in the vines during the evaluation period
Trial Design	100 vines each of the Candidate and Comparator in evaluation block
Measurements	Measurements were taken in metric system following UPOV test guideline
RHS Chart - edition	1986 Reprint

Controlled pollination: May 1989: Pollen collected from pollen parent, 'P100-111' and applied to flowers of maternal parent, 'Flame Seedless'. July 1989: Hybridized fruit collected and embryos processed in Sun World International Embryo Rescue Lab. October 1989: Hybridized plants transplanted from lab to greenhouse. March 1990: Hybridized plants transplanted from greenhouse to field. July 1991: Candidate variety selected from progeny and named '89032-167-143'. November 1991: '89032-167-143' propagated by rooted cuttings and 20 vines grown in greenhouse during winter. March 1992: 20 vines planted into Sun World test block for several years of further evaluation. January 2002: '89032-167-143' plant material sent to South Africa where it was tested over several years as a possible raisin grape variety. June 2011 South African plant breeders rights filed. Breeder: David W. Cain, Sun World International LLC, Bakersfield, Ca, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common K	Inowledge			
Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties				
Fruit	maturity	very early		
Berry colour of skin yellow green				
Fruit time of veraison very early				

Flower:	sexual o	organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	
Mature leaf	number	of lobes	five	
Berry	formatio	on of seeds	rudimentary	
Berry	anthocyanin colouration of flesh		absent or very weak	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	ame Comments			
'Diamond Muscat'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguis Character	shing ristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Sultana'	fruit	time of maturity	very early	early	
'Sun Muscat'	fruit	time of maturity	very early	early	
'Merbein Seedless'	berry	thickness of skin	medium	thin	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from			
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Sugrathirtynine'	'Diamond Muscat'	
□ *Time of: bud burst	very early	very early	
☐ *Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	half open	
☐ *Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	sparse	very sparse to sparse	
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Voung shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
☐ *Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	green	green	
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	sparse	
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	semi-erect	
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	green and red	
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green	

Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green and red	green
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	green
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	circular
☐ Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five
☐ Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	shallow	shallow
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	wide open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short to medium	short to medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides convex	one side concave, one side convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	absent or very low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	sparse	absent or very sparse
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	very early	very early
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	small to medium	small to medium
*Bunch: density	very lax	very lax
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	medium	medium
*Berry: size	small to medium	small to medium
✓ *Berry: shape	broad ellipsoid	obtuse ovoid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	yellow green	yellow green
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	moderately easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	moderately firm

>	*Berry: particular flavour	none	muscat
	*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
South Africa	2011	Granted	'Sugrathirtynine'

No prior sale.

Description: Karen Connolly, Sun World Australasia, Mildura, Vic 3502, Australia

Details of Application			
Application Number	2015/334		
Variety Name	'IFG Seventeen'		
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera		
Common Name	Grape_vine		
Synonym	Nil		
Accepted Date	11 Apr 2017		
Applicant	International Fruit Genetics, LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA		
Agent	Jennifer Hashim-Maguire, Mildura, VIC		
Qualified Person	Jennifer Hashim-Maguire		
Details of Comparative 7			
Overseas Testing	Department of Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries,		
Authority	Genetics Resources, Division of Plant Breeders'		
	Rights, Pretoria, Republic of South Africa		
Overseas Data	ZA 20155924		
Reference Number			
Location	De Vlie De Doorns Hex River, South Africa.		
Descriptor	Grapevine UPOV TG/50/9		
Period	2014-2015		
Trial Design	Based on overseas variety description for the		
	candidate variety. Comparator data were extracted		
	from the published description of 'Blagratwo' (Grant		
	no:4957), 'Summer Roya'l (Grant no: 3511) and 'IFG		
	Sixteen' (PVJ 32.1)		
Measurements	As according UPOV test guidelines		
RHS Chart - edition	n/a		

Controlled pollination: Hand pollinated between Autumn Royal (USDA nonpatented) and bulked pollen derived from several unnamed red seedless selections from the Volcani Institute, hybridized in May 2001. Abortive seed traces embryo cultured and the resulting seedling vines planted in the field in April 2002. Selected as a single plant in September 2004 and asexually propagated via hardwood cuttings in December 2005. Planted in an 18-vine evaluation block in April 2006. Vines evaluated for commercial potential from 2007 to 2012. Breeder: David Cain, International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of
		Varieties
Young leaf	prostrate hairs between main	absent or very sparse
	venis on lower side of blade	
Berry	anthocyanin colouration of	absent or very weak
	flesh	
Berry	formation of seeds	rudimentary
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Berry	Particular flavour	none
Plant	time of beginning of berry ripening	medium
Flower	sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'Blagratwo'	Black, ripening mid-season, rudimentary seed trace, neutral flavour.
'IFG Sixteen'	Reddish black to black, ripening mid-season, rudimentary seed trace, neutral flavour.
'Summer Royal'	Black, ripening mid-season, rudimentary seed trace, neutral flavour.

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Autumn Royal'	Berry	size	small	large	
'Autumn Royal'	Berry	Time of: beginning of berry ripening	medium	medium to late	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Seventeen'	'Blagratwo'	'IFG Sixteen'	'Summer Royal'
Time of: bud burst	late	medium to late	late	early
*Young shoot: openness of tip	half open	half open	half open	fully open
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	sparse		very sparse to sparse	sparse
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Voung shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	
*Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	dark copper red	light copper red	-	yellow green
*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	very sparse to sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse

_					green and
Sh	oot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	red	green	red
*SI interno	hoot: colour of ventral side of odes	green	green and red	green	green
She	oot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green and red		green	
She	oot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green		green	
🗆 She	oot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very	absent or	absent or	absent or
		sparse	very sparse	very sparse	very sparse
- Sh	oot: length of tendrils	fully	fully	fully	fully
*F	lower: sexual organs	developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
* *N	fature leaf: size of blade	medium	large	medium	medium to large
▼ *M	fature leaf: shape of blade	wedge-shaped	circular	wedge- shaped	pentagonal
Ma blade	ature leaf: blistering of upper side of	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak	weak
Ma Sinuses	ature leaf: depth of upper lateral	medium to deep	medium to deep	medium to deep	medium to deep
Ma upper l leaves	ature leaf: arrangement of lobes of lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed only)	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped		strongly overlapped
□ *M	fature leaf: length of teeth	medium	medium	medium	medium
□ *M	fature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	medium	medium	large
*N	fature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	both sides convex
□ * _M on upp coloura	fature leaf: proportion of main veins per side of blade with anthocyanin ation	absent or very low	low	low	low
🗆 Ma	ature leaf: prostrate hairs between main	absent or very	absent or	absent or	absent or
veins c	on lower side of blade	sparse	very sparse	very sparse	very sparse
*M on low	fature leaf: erect hairs on main veins ver side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse
Ma to leng	ature leaf: length of petiole compared of middle vein	equal	equal	equal	moderately shorter
* T	ime of: beginning of berry ripening	medium	medium	medium	medium
■ *B	unch: size (peduncle excluded)	small	medium to	small	large

			large		
*	Bunch: density	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium	lax to medium
E bunc	Bunch: length of peduncle of primary	very short	very long	very short to short	medium to long
*	Berry: size	small	large	small	large
*	Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	blue black	blue black	dark red violet to blue black	blue black
□ F	Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	difficult	moderately easy	moderately easy	difficult
Ē	Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium	medium	medium
*	Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
₽ F	Berry: firmness of flesh	very firm	moderately firm	moderately firm	moderately firm
*	Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none
*	Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Seventeen'	'Blagratwo'	'IFG Sixteen'	'Summer Royal'	
Time of: full flowering (50%)	medium		medium		
Berry: shape	narrow ellipsoid to ovoid	broad ellipsoid to obtuse ovoid	ovoid	globose to broad ellipsoid	
Mature leaf: number of lobes	five to seven lobes	five	five to seven lobes	five	
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	wide open to half open		wide open to half open		
Woody shoot: main colour	medium brown		medium brown		

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
Brazil	2013	Granted	'IFG Seventeen'
Chile	2015	Granted	'IFG Seventeen'
Ecuador	2015	Granted	'IFG Seventeen'
EU	2016	Granted	'IFG Seventeen'
Peru	2015	Applied	'IFG Seventeen'
South Africa	2013	Granted	'IFG Seventeen'
USA	2013	Granted	'IFG Seventeen'

First sold in South Africa in Feb 2015.

Description: Jennifer Hashim-Maguire, Sandringham, VIC.

2015/333
'IFG Sixteen'
Vitis vinifera
Grape vine
Nil
11 Apr 2017
International Fruit Genetics, LLC, Bakersfield, California,
USA
Jennifer Hashim-Maguire, Sandringham, VIC
Jennifer Hashim-Maguire
e Trial
Department of Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries, Genetics
Resources, Division of Plant Breeders' Rights, Pretoria,
Republic of South Africa
ZA 20155923
De Vlie De Doorns Hex River, South Africa
Grapevine UPOV TG/50/9
2014-2015
As according UPOV test guidelines
n/a

Controlled pollination: Hand pollinated between 'Autumn Royal' (USDA nonpatented) and bulked pollen derived from several unnamed red seedless selections from the Volcani Institute, hybridized in May 2001. Abortive seed traces embryo cultured and the resulting seedling vines planted in the field in April 2002. Selected as a single plant in September 2004 and asexually propagated via hardwood cuttings in December 2005. Planted in an 18-vine evaluation block in April 2006. Vines evaluated for commercial potential from 2007 to 2012. Breeder: David Cain, International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Berry	colour of flesh	reddish black to black
Berry	particular flavour	neutral
Berry	presence of seed	rudimentary

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Autumn Royal'	black, ovoid, medium to late ripening			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	ty Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate	State of Expression in Comparator	Comments	
			Variety	Variety		
ʻIFG	Berry	firmness of	moderately firm	very firm		
Seventeen'		flesh	-			

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Sixteen'	'Autumn Royal'
	*Time of: bud burst	late	
	*Young shoot: openness of tip	half open	
	*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	very sparse to sparse	
□ tip	*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on	absent or very weak	
	Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	
□ sid	*Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower e of blade	absent or very sparse	
	Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	
	Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green	
	*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	
	Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green	
	Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	
	Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse	
	Shoot: length of tendrils	medium	
	*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	
	*Mature leaf: size of blade	medium	
	*Mature leaf: shape of blade	wedge-shaped	
	Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	
	Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium to deep	
	*Mature leaf: length of teeth	medium	
	*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	
	*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	medium	
	*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both	

	sides straight and both sides convex	
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	low	
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	equal	
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	medium	medium to late
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	small	
*Bunch: density	medium	
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	very short to short	
*Berry: size	small	
*Berry: shape	ovoid	
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	
Berry: firmness of flesh	moderately firm	
*Berry: particular flavour	none	
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	

Ch	Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Sixteen'	'Autumn Royal'				
	Time of: full flowering (50%)	medium					
	Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	copper red to green with bronze spots					
	Mature leaf: number of lobes	five to seven lobes					
	Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	wide open to half open					
	Berry : colour of skin (without bloom)	dark red violet to blue black					
	Woody shoot: main colour	medium brown					
>	Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses	closed to slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped to strongly overlapped				

Berry: shape		ovoid	broad ellipsoid to ovoid	
Prior Application	ons and Sales: Vear	Status	Name Annlied	
EU	2015	Applied	'IFG Sixteen'	
Chile	2015	Applied	'IFG Sixteen'	
Peru	2015	Granted	'IFG Sixteen'	
South Africa	2013	Granted	'IFG Sixteen'	
USA	2013	Granted	'IFG Sixteen'	

Prior Sale: Nil

Description: Jennifer Hashim-Maguire, Sandringham, VIC.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2013/029
Variety Name	'IFG Three'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	
Accepted Date	11-Feb-2013
Applicant	International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA
Agent	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Vic 3502
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Merbein South, Victoria
Descriptor	Grapevine UPOV TG/50/9
Period	September 2014 to February 2017
Conditions	A comparator trial was prepared by planting 20 vines of the variety
	'IFG Three' in a trial block within a commercial table grape vineyard
	in North West Victoria, in 2013. The vines were grafted onto Paulsen
	rootstock. Plant measurements commenced in January 2014 and were
	completed in March 2017. The vines were managed according to the
	the commonial vineword
Trial Design	Diets of four variations (the condidate and three comparator variations)
Triai Design	were planted out in a random block design with five replicates. Each
	nlot comprised four vines
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against the
	description in US patent number US PP21664 P3. Observed
	characteristics were also compared against UPOV descriptions and
	field observations of other similar varieties of common knowledge.
	Observations were made at budburst and subsequently on new shoots,
	young leaves, mature leaves, berries, bunches and canes.
	Measurements were taken in the metric system.
RHS Chart - edition	RHS Fifth edition reprinted 2007

Controlled pollination: The candidate was produced from seed resulting from hand pollination of 'Red Globe' (maternal parent) by 'Princess' (paternal parent) in May 2001. The resulting seedlings were planted in a vineyard in April 2002. The candidate was selected as a single plant in August 2003 and asexually propagated via hardwood cuttings in December 2003. An evaluation block was planted in April 2004 and vines evaluated for commercial potential between 2005-2008. Breeder: David Cain, International Fruit Genetics LLC, Bakersfield, California, USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar						
Variety of Common Knowledge						
Organ/Plant	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Part						
Flower:	sexual org	ans	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium			
Mature leaf	number of	lobes	five			
Berry	particular	flavour	none			
Berry	Berry colour		greyed-purple			
Berry	formation	of seeds Seedless (rudimentary or none)				
Most Similar Var	ieties of Co	nmon Knowled	lge identified (VCK)			
Name		Comments				
'Flame Seedless'		early maturing, red, seedless variety with round berry shape.				
'Ruby Seedless'		early maturing, red, seedless variety with broad ellipsoid or ovoid berry shape				
'Sheegene 1' ('Kaylee		early to mid season red variety with obtuse ovoid berry shape				
Seedless')						
'Sheegene 20' ('Al	lison')	mid to late season, red, seedless variety with naturally large,				
		broad elliptic berry				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded							
Variety	Distingu Charact	ishing eristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments		
'Crimson Seedless'	Berry	Shape	globose	narrow ellipsoid			
'Red Globe'	Berry	formation of seeds	none or rudimentary seeds	seeded			
'Ralli Seedless'	Berry	colour	greyed-purple	rose or red			
'Sheegene 20' ('Allison')	Berry	Time of maturity	Early to mid season	Mid to late season			

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from the comparators are marked with a tick.					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Three'	'Flame Seedless'	'Ruby Seedless'	'Sheegene 1' ('Kaylee Seedless')	
▼ *Time of: bud burst	early	early		medium	

*Young shoot: openness of tip	half open	wide open	wide open	half open
*Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		medium to dense
*Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
□ Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	sparse
✓ *Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	dark copper red	light copper red	light copper red	green
■ *Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	very sparse to sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	medium
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal		horizontal
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	green and red	green	green	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green	green	green
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	red	green	green	green
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	green	green	green
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse			
□ Shoot: length of tendrils	medium			medium
*Flower: sexual organs	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium	fully developed stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	large	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	wedge- shaped	circular	circular
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side	absent or	weak	absent or	weak to

of blade	very weak		very weak	medium
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	medium	medium	shallow	shallow to medium
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	slightly open	half open	half open	slightly open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short to medium	short	short	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	small to medium	medium	medium to large
✓ *Mature leaf: shape of teeth	both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	low to medium	absent or very low	absent or very low
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse		
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	equal	moderately shorter	moderately shorter	equal
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	early to medium	very early to early	medium	early to medium
*Bunch: size (peduncle excluded)	large	small	small to medium	medium to large
*Bunch: density	lax to medium	lax to medium	lax	lax
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	medium	medium	medium	medium
✓ *Berry: size	medium to large	small to medium	medium	large to very large
*Berry: shape	globose	globose	broad ellipsoid	broad ellipsoid

*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	dark red violet	dark red violet or grey red	dark red violet	dark red violet
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	moderately easy	moderately easy	moderately easy
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	medium	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		absent or very weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	soft or slightly firm	soft or slightly firm	moderately firm	very firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentar y	none
Woody shoot: main colour	orange brown	orange brown	orange brown	orange brown

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Three'	'Flame Seedless'	'Ruby Seedless'	'Sheegene 1' ('Kaylee Seedless')	
Berry: colour	grey- purple 187B or 181A or 183A	grey or red- purple 187 or 185A or 138 or 59	grey purple or grey red 181A or 183 or 184 or 185A	grey- purple 187B or 181A or 183A	
Berry: colour uniformity	uniform	uniform	uniform	uniform	
Berry: maturity (Brix)	26.5	21.5	21.4	19.5	

Statistical Table						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Three'	'Flame Seedless'	'Ruby Seedless'	'Sheegene 1' ('Kaylee Seedless')		
Berry: length (mm)						
Mean	18.30	16.00	18.6	27.30		
Std. Deviation	1.40	1.7	1.8	2.60		
Lsd/sig	1.59	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01		

Berry: Length to width ratio					
Mean	1.06	1.06	1.15	1.26	
Std. Deviation	0.06	0.05	0.07	0.13	
Lsd/sig	0.15	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Leaf: Ratio of leaf leng	gth to leaf width	:			
Mean	0.69	0.79	0.73	0.70	
Std. Deviation	0.04	0.08	0.07	0.08	
Lsd/sig	0.07	P<0.01	ns	ns	
Leaf: ratio petiole length to	o leaf length				
Mean	1.03	0.78	0.82	0.97	
Std. Deviation	0.20	0.16	0.11	0.21	
Lsd/sig	0.17	ns	P≤0.01	ns	

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
EU	2012	granted	'IFG Three'
USA	2009	granted	'IFG Three'
South Africa	2012	granted	'IFG Three'
Peru	2011	granted	'IFG Three'
Chile	2012	granted	'IFG Three'
Mexico	2013	granted	'IFG Three'
Brazil	2011	pending	'IFG Three'

First sold in USA on 10th October 2008

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura

Details of Application	
Application Number	2013/030
Variety Name	'IFG Nine'
Genus Species	Vitis vinifera
Common Name	Grape vine
Synonym	
Accepted Date	11 Feb 2013
Applicant	International Fruit Genetics LLC, CA, United States of America
Agent	Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Victoria, Australia
Qualified Person	Alison MacGregor
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Merbein South, Victoria
Descriptor	Grapevine UPOV TG/50/9
Period	September 2013 to March 2017
Conditions	'IFG Nine' vines were grafted onto Paulsen rootstock in 2013 in a replicated comparator trial in a commercial table grape vineyard in North West Victoria. Plant measurements of the candidate variety and two comparator varieties commenced in January 2014 and were completed by March 2017. The vines were managed according to the weed, nutrition, irrigation and pest management programs of the rest of the commercial vineyard.
Trial Design	Five replicate plots of each variety, each containing six vines, were allocated in a randomised block design within two vine rows. Each plot contained six vines. In total there were thirty vines of the candidate and of each comparator variety.
Measurements	Observations from the candidate were compared against the comparator varieties and were also compared against the description in US patent USPP23744.
RHS Chart - edition	RHS colour chart fifth edition reprinted in 2007
Origin and Breeding	
Controlled pollination: I patented) and 'Red Globe 2001. The seeds were get	Hand pollinated cross of the pollen parent 'Princess' variety (non- e' variety (U.S. Plant Pat. No.4,787 expired) as the seed parent, in May rminated and resulting plants were planted in 2002, from which it was

2001. The seeds were germinated and resulting plants were planted in 2002, noni which it was	as
asexually propagated in 2003. Three further generations of asexual propagation have been true	e-
to-type. Breeder: David Cain, International Fruit Genetics LLC, CA, United States of America	

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common	n Knowledge			
Organ/Plant	Context	State of Expression in Group of		
Part		Varieties		
Berry	colour	red		
Berry	maturity	mid season		

Berry	seededness	5	seedless	
Berry	natural size without GA		ranges from medium to very large	
Berry	particular flavour		none	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			entified (VCK)	
Name		Comments		
'Sheegene 1'		red, seedless, naturally large, obtuse-ovoid berry		
'Sugra-nineteeen' ('Scarlotta')	red, seedless, broad elliptic berry, maturing mid-late season		
'Sheegene 20' ('All	eegene 20' ('Allison') red, seedless, obtuse		ovoid berry, maturing mid-season	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Crimson Seedless'	berry	colour of skin (without bloom)	uniform red or uniform dark red violet	mix of dark red violet, grey red and green (uneven colour development)	colour development is very even in the candidate but very uneven in crimson seedless
'Crimson Seedless'	berry	shape	broader ovoid berry,	narrow ellipsoid,	
'Crimson Seedless'	time of	beginning of berry ripening	two weeks earlier maturing than crimson seedless	maturing two weeks later than the candidate	maturity of the candidate was sufficiently advanced compared to crimson seedless to exclude Crimson seedless as a comparator
'Sheegene 10' "Russells Pride"	time of:	beginning of ripening	mid season	early to mid season	Sheegene 10 matures earlier than the candidate
'Sheegene 10' "Russells Pride"	bunch	density	medium	lax	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Nine'	'Sheegene 1' ('Kaylee seedless')	'Sheegene 20' ('Allison')	'Sugra- nineteeen' ('Scarlotta')
✓ *Time of: bud burst	early	medium	early	medium
■ *Young shoot: openness of tip	wide open	half open	half open	fully open
Young shoot: prostrate hairs on tip	medium	medium to dense	medium	sparse
■ *Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration of prostrate hairs on tip	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak
Young shoot: erect hairs on tip	absent or very sparse	sparse	absent or very sparse	
▼ *Young leaf: colour of upper side of blade	light copper red	green	light copper red	light copper red
□ *Young leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	very sparse to sparse	sparse	absent or very sparse
Young leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	medium	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
Shoot: attitude (before tying)	semi-erect	horizontal		horizontal to semi- drooping
Shoot: colour of dorsal side of internodes	red	green and red	green	green and red
*Shoot: colour of ventral side of internodes	green	green	green	green
□ Shoot: colour of dorsal side of nodes	green and red	green		
Shoot: colour of ventral side of nodes	green	green		
Shoot: erect hairs on internodes	absent or very sparse		absent or very sparse	
Shoot: length of tendrils	long	medium	medium	
□ *Flower: sexual organs	fully developed	fully developed	fully developed	fully developed

	stamens and fully developed gynoecium	stamens and fully developed gynoecium	stamens and fully developed gynoecium	stamens and fully developed gynoecium
*Mature leaf: size of blade	large	medium	medium to large	large
*Mature leaf: shape of blade	pentagonal	circular	circular	pentagonal
Mature leaf: blistering of upper side of blade	absent or very weak	weak to medium	weak	weak
*Mature leaf: number of lobes	five	five	five	five
Mature leaf: depth of upper lateral sinuses	deep to very deep	medium	medium to deep	medium to deep
Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of upper lateral sinuses (varieties with lobed leaves only)	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped	slightly overlapped
*Mature leaf: arrangement of lobes of petiole sinus	half open	slightly open	slightly open	slightly open
*Mature leaf: length of teeth	short	medium	medium	medium
*Mature leaf: ratio length/width of teeth	small	medium to large	small to medium	medium
*Mature leaf: shape of teeth	mixture of both sides straight and both sides convex			
*Mature leaf: proportion of main veins on upper side of blade with anthocyanin colouration	absent or very low	absent or very low	absent or very low	low to medium
Mature leaf: prostrate hairs between main veins on lower side of blade	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse	absent or very sparse
*Mature leaf: erect hairs on main veins on lower side of blade	sparse		sparse	absent or very sparse
Mature leaf: length of petiole compared to length of middle vein	equal	equal	equal	moderately shorter
*Time of: beginning of berry ripening	early to medium	early to medium	medium	late
*Bunch: size (peduncle	large	medium to large	medium to large	large

excluded)				
*Bunch: density	medium	lax	medium	medium
Bunch: length of peduncle of primary bunch	long	medium	short	short
*Berry: size	medium to large	large to very large	medium	large
✓ *Berry: shape	obovoid	broad ellipsoid	obtuse ovoid	broad ellipsoid
*Berry: colour of skin (without bloom)	red, or dark red violet	dark red violet	red	grey red
Berry: ease of detachment from pedicel	moderately easy	moderately easy	moderately easy	difficult
Berry: thickness of skin	medium	thin	medium	medium
*Berry: anthocyanin colouration of flesh	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
Berry: firmness of flesh	very firm	moderately firm	soft or slightly firm	soft or slightly firm
*Berry: particular flavour	none	none	none	none
*Berry: formation of seeds	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary	rudimentary
Woody shoot: main colour	orange brown	orange brown	reddish brown	reddish brown

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'IFG Nine'	'Sheegene 1' (Kaylee seedless')	'Sheegene 20' ('Allison')	'Sugra- nineteeen' ('Scarlotta')	
Mature leaf: length of ma	in vein (mm)				
Mean	115.00	90.00	109.00	115.00	
Std. Deviation	19.00	13.00	16.00	24.00	
Lsd/sig	5.9	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	
Mature leaf:: width (mm)					
Mean	157.00	130.00	145.00	151.00	
Std. Deviation	26.00	17.00	20.00	29.00	
Lsd/sig	7.6	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	
mature leaf: depth upper lateral sinus (mm)					
Mean	26.00	12.00	14.00	18.00	

Std. Deviation	6.00	6.00	6.00	9.00	
Lsd/sig	2.24	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Berry: width (mm)					
Mean	19.00	22.00	20.00	18.00	
Std. Deviation	2.00	1.80	2.50	1.60	
Lsd/sig	1.85	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns	
Bunch: weight (g)					
Mean	853.00	536.00	696.00	849.00	
Std. Deviation	199.00	86.00	102.00	236.00	
Lsd/sig	73	ns	ns	ns	
Berry: length (mm)					
Mean	25.00	27.00	25.00	22.00	
Std. Deviation	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	
Lsd/sig	0.87	ns	ns	ns	
Berry: ratio berry length to width					
Mean	1.30	1.20	1.30	1.20	
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.10	0.20	0.10	
Lsd/sig	0.02	ns	ns	ns	

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
EU	2011	pending	'IFG Nine'
USA	2012	pending	'IFG Nine'

First sold in USA on 14th October 2010

Description: Alison MacGregor, Mildura, Victoria, Australia

Details of Application	
Application Number	2006/253
Variety Name	'Mr Green Sheen'
Genus Species	Dodonaea viscosa
Common Name	Hop Bush
Synonym	
Accepted Date	14 Dec 2006
Applicant	Stephen Membrey and Gayle Membrey, Frankston, Vic 3119
Agent	
Qualified Person	Mark Lunghusen
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Tynong Vic
Descriptor	PBR Dodonaea
Period	Summer to Winter 2018
Conditions	Plants were grown in 20cm pots in commercial pine bark based media
	and controlled release fertiliser. Plants were irrigated with overhead
	watering as required. Plants were grown in a plastic covered
	greenhouse with sides that were opened for ventilation as required.
Trial Design	10 plants in block design
Measurements	Taken from middle third of stem
RHS Chart - edition	Fifth Edition

Selection: A seedling from a roadside planting of *Dodonaea viscosa* was selected as showing the listed characteristics and propagated by cuttings to establish distinctness, uniformity and stability. Breeder Mr Stephen Membrey, Frankston, Vic 3119, Australia.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Leaf	colour		green
Leaf	shape		oblanceolate
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name Comments			
Dodonaea viscosa Typical form			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mr Green Sheen'	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> typical form	
plant : height	short to medium	tall	
plant: width	narrow	broad	
shoot: length of internodes	short	medium to long	

Shoot: length	short	medium to long
Leaf: length	short to medium	medium to long
Leaf: width	narrow	wide
Leaf: length / width	medium	medium
Leaf: shape of apex	acute	acute

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Mr Green Sheen'	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> typical form	
Shoot: colour	166C	172B	
Leaf: colour of upper side in winter	N137A	147A	
Leaf: colour of lower side in winter	N137B	147B	
Leaf: shape	oblanceolate	oblanceolate	
Leaf: shape of base	attenuate	attenuate	
Shoot: angle of lateral shoot to main stem	Acute	acute to right angle	
Leaf: undulation of margin	very weak	weak	

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Mark Lunghusen, Australian Horticultural Services Pty Ltd, Wonga Park VIC 3115

Details of Application				
Application Number	2011/247			
Variety Name	'Goldenflame'			
Genus Species	Zelkova serrata			
Common Name	Japanese Elm			
Accepted Date	02 Feb 2012			
Applicant	Vic John Ciccolella	a, Oakville,	NSW	
Agent	Fleming's Nurserie	es, Monbulk	, VIC	
Qualified Person	Leanne Gillies			
Details of Comparative	e Trial			
Location	Monbulk, Victoria			
Descriptor	PBR ULMU Elm (Ulmus)		
Period	01/01/2012-09/01/2	2019		
Conditions	The candidate and	comparator	s were grown in a nursery field	
	in natural soil. Irrig	gation was p	provided for approximately 2	
	years during the est	tablishment	t phase.	
Trial Design	Random block			
Measurements	In accordance with	in accordance with UPOV guidelines		
RHS Chart - edition	1986			
Origin and Breeding				
Chance seedling: In 200	2, the candidate w	vas selected	l as a seedling based on foliage	
colour attributes. The	candidate was pro	opagated v	via budding and grafting onto	
Zelkova serrata rootstoc	k. Over a number	of generation	ons the candidate 'Goldenflame'	
has proven to be stable a	nd uniform. Breede	er: Vic Johr	n Ciccolella	
Choice of Comparator	<u>s</u> Characteristics us	ed for grou	ping varieties to identify the mos	st similar
Variety of Common Kno	owledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group	of Varieties
Leaves	colour		yellow	
<u>Most Similar Varieties</u>	<u>of Common Knov</u>	wledge ider	ntified (VCK)	
Name	0	Comments		
'Kiwi Sunset'				
Variety Description an	<u>d Distinctness</u> - Cl	haracterist	ics which distinguish the candi	date from one
or more of the compara	ators are marked	with a tick.		
Owner (Dlaws Daws O	1 1			.0 .1

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Goldenflame'	'Kiwi Sunset'
	Plant: type	tree	tree
	Plant: growth habit	spreading	spreading
	Plant: height	short to medium	short to medium
	Plant: width	medium	medium
	Trunk: bark type on main stem	glabrous	glabrous
	Trunk: colour	grey	grey

	Trunk: lenticels	present	present
	Trunk: lenticel shape	linear	linear
	Trunk: lenticel colour	white	grey orange
	Young shoots: presence of hairs	present	present
~	Young shoot: degree of hairiness	medium	low
	Leaf: presence of hairs upper side	present	present
	Leaf: degree of hairiness upper side	low to medium	low to medium
	Leaf: presence of hairs under side	present	present
~	Leaf: degree of hairiness underside	medium	very low to low
	Leaf: shape	ovate	ovate
	Leaf: shape of apex	acuminate	acuminate
	Leaf: shape of base	oblique	oblique
	Leaf: incision of margin	present	present
	Leaf: depth of incision	deep	deep
	Leaf: type of incision	serrate	serrate
	Leaf: undulation of margin	weak	weak
	Leaf: shape in cross section	concave	flat
	Leaf: curvature of longitudinal axis	straight	straight
	Leaf: glossiness of upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	Leaf: presence of variegation	absent	absent
	Leaf: primary colour (RHS colour chart)	137A	137A
	Leaf: secondary colour (RHS colour chart)	162A	162A

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG		
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Goldenflame'	'Kiwi Sunset'
New growth primary colour (RHS 1986): colour	175B	160A

Nil

Description: Leanne Gillies, Monbulk VIC

sDetails of Application	
Application Number	2010/132
Variety Name	'Rambocity'
Genus Species	Anigozanthos hybrid
Common Name	Kangaroo Paw
Synonym	'Bush Tenacity'
Accepted Date	15 Jul 2010
Applicant	Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, 255 Pacific Hwy, Kangy Angy
	2258.
Agent	
Qualified Person	Megan Bartley
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Kangy Angy NSW
Descriptor	Kangaroo Paw (s) TG/175/3
Period	June 2018 - January 2019
Conditions	Tissue cultured plants of the Candidate and comparators were potted
	into 140mm standard black plastic pots. 5g of Osmocote Exact
	standard was added to the surface of the pot at planting. No
	supplementary fertiliser was used. Plants were grown in the open in
	full sun. Potting mix was a general-purpose type based on composted
	No significant past or disease was anountered during the trial
Trial Dosign	15 plants each of the candidate and comparators were arranged in a
I Hai Design	randomised manner
Measurements	Observations were taken from 10 randomly selected plants. In
ivicasur cinents	accordance with the Technical Guideline measurements were taken
	when there were 5 flowers open on the main inflorescence.
RHS Chart - edition	Sixth Edition 2015

Controlled pollination: 'Rambocity' was developed as part of a breeding program for Kangaroo Paws suited to garden and pot use conducted at Ramm Botanicals. Female parent A02-1555 was crossed with Male parent A02-1534 'Bush Opal' in September 1997. The seed was germinated invitro. 'Rambocity' was selected for development on the basis of suitability to tissue culture production, hardiness, vigour, pot presentation and desirable flower colour. Breeder: Angus Stewart, Somersby NSW.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties				
Perianth tube	predominant colour	yellow		
Plant	height	short		

Inflorescence	ramification	present			
Inflorescence	degree of ramification	primary			
Flower	colour group	yellow			
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name	Comments				
'Rambubona'					

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments	
'Cape Aurora'	Ovary	colour of hairs	red	yellow	Cape Aurora	
'Rambotasy'	Plant	number of inflorescences	medium	many	Rambotasy	
'Joey Sprite'	Plant	height	short	shorter	Joey Sprite	
'Joey Sprite'	Inflore scence	ramification	present	absent	Joey Sprite	
'KLEAC112 11'	Plant	height	short	shorter	KLEAC11211	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from						
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Rambocity' 'Rambubona'					
*Plant: height	short	short				
Plant: number of inflorescences	medium	few				
Leaf: length	short to medium	short to medium				
Leaf: width	narrow	medium				
✓ *Leaf: attitude	semi-erect	erect				
Leaf: degree of curvature	strongly curved	strongly curved				
Leaf: colour	green	green				
Leaf: glaucosity	weak	medium				
Leaf: degree of hairiness of margin	weakly expressed	weakly expressed				
*Inflorescence: ramification	present	present				

Inflorescence: degree of ramification	primary	primary
Inflorescence: number of flowers	few to medium	few to medium
Pedicel: colour of hairs (RHS colour chart)	Red N45A	Yellow-Orange 14B
Perianth tube: length	short	short
Perianth tube: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
Perianth tube: profile	broadening evenly	parallel
*Perianth tube: predominant colour	yellow	yellow
Perianth tube: number of colours of hair	one	one
Perianth tube: colour of tip of hairs (RHS colour chart)	Yellow-Orange 15B	Yellow-Orange 14B
Perianth tube: colour of middle third of hairs (RHS colour chart)	Yellow-Orange 15B	Yellow-Orange 14B
Perianth lobe: length of longest	medium to long	medium to long
*Perianth lobes: reflexing	strong	medium
Flower: number of anthers at top of perianth	two	four
✓ Ovary: colour of hairs (RHS colour chart)	Red N45A	Yellow-Orange 14B
Flower: position of stigma in relation to anthers	same level	same level
Time of: beginning of flowering	very early	early to medium

No prior applications.

First sold in Australia on 2nd of July 2009 as 'Bush Tenacity'

Description: Megan bartley, Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, 255 Pacific Hwy, Kangy Angy 2258

Details of Application	
Application Number	2017/087
Variety Name	'GZ-006'
Genus Species	Zoysia matrella
Common Name	Manila Grass
Accepted Date	26 Apr 2017
Applicant	GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD
Qualified Person	Dr Donald S. Loch
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Birkdale, QLD, Australia (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude
	153°14'E, elevation 18 masl)
Descriptor	PBR ZOYS
Period	27 May 2017 – 24 Apr 2018
Conditions	Plugs of vegetative sod (c. 80 x 80 mm) planted into a red
	volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil on 27 May 2017; 662
	kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S = $15.1:4.4:11.5:13.6$)
	applied at planting on 27 May 2017 to give 100 kg N, 29 kg
	P, 76 kg K, and 90 kg S per hectare; weed control by $\frac{1}{100}$
	pendimethalin (Stomp 440) applied before planting on 18
	Way 2017, post-planting broadlear weed control with 2,4-D
	(Reliable 2,4-D Allille 023) as required to control beliving (Inomose plebeig) and other broadleaf weeds: supplementary
	trickle irrigation applied as required to maintain unstressed
	orowth
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 2 <i>Zovsia matrella</i> cultivars ('GZ-006'.
11111 200181	'G-10') arranged in 10 randomised blocks with 3 plants per
	plot in a single row along a single trickle irrigation line; 1.0 m
	between plants, 1.5 m between rows.
Measurements	Observations of flowering behaviour ongoing throughout the
	trial. Maximum spread measured on 1 Feb 2018 (250 days
	after field planting) and plant height measured on 3 Feb 2018
	(252 days after field planting). Stolon characteristics at 4th
	visible node and internode measured on 3-7 Feb 2018.
	Measurements on the 4th fully expanded leaf on vegetative
	tillers made on 3 Mar 2018. Fertile tiller characteristics
	(culms, 2nd tiller internode, flag and 3rd leaves,
	inflorescences) measured 1/-24 Apr 2018. One measurement
	per plant made for all attributes. Analyses of variance
	(ANUVAS) conducted with Gensial Kelease 12, differences
DUS Chart - edition	LSDS. 2007 (5th edition)
KIIS Chart - Eurion	

Clonal selection: 'GZ-006' came from a breeding population of 24 *Zoysia matrella* seedlings generated by the breeder at Sheldon (QLD) in 2003. Individually, the seedlings in this population showed considerable variation in leaf texture, turf colour, rate of lateral spread, inflorescence development, and size and visibility of

inflorescences in the unmown sward. 'GZ-006' was short-listed for further assessment based on its short inconspicuous inflorescences, fine mid-green leaves, and good rate of lateral spread. Following observations at Sheldon and Alexandra Hills (QLD) in pots comparing it with current cultivars and a range of other experimental lines, 'GZ-006' was expanded into field plantings at Rochedale (QLD) in 2009 and Boyland (QLD) in 2011. 'GZ-006' was selected primarily for the low visibility of its short inflorescences which enhances its high turf quality, together with its bright mid-green colour, fine leaf texture, turf density and quality under mowing, and high shade tolerance. Breeder: Dr Donald S. Loch (GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD).

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varie	ties
Leaf length short	
Leaf width narrow	
Leaf colour mid-yellow-green	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'G-10'	Another candidate Zoysia matrella variety (application no.
	2015/158

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	guishing	State of Expression	in State of Expression	on in Comments
•	Chara	cteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Var	iety
'Facet'	Leaf	length	short	very short	U.S. Plant Patent 10636 granted 6 Oct 1998. Australian application no. 2001/200; granted 08 Aug 2001
'G-4'	Leaf	colour	mid-yellow-green	dark green	Another candidate Zoysia matrella variety (application no. 2014/073)
'A-1'	Leaf	length	short	long	Australian application no. 2008/091; granted 16 Dec 2008
'A-1'	Leaf	width	narrow	broad	
'GZ-022'	Leaf	length	short	long	
'GZ-022'	Leaf	width	narrow	broad	Another candidate Zoysia matrella variety (application no. 2017/088)
'Cavalier'	Leaf	length	short	very long	U.S. Plant Patent

					10778 granted 2 Feb 1999. Australian application no. 2001/ 018; granted 16 Mar
					2001
'Cavalier'	Leaf	width	narrow	broad-very broad	

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'GZ-006'	'G-10'
2	Plant: height	medium	short
>	Plant: width	broad	medium
	Plant: density	very dense	very dense
	Stolon: nodes	compound	compound
□ onl	Stolon: number of subtending leaves (compound nodes y)	three	three
	Stolon: number of branches	very many	very many
	Stolon: length of internode	very short	very short
2	Stolon : width of internode	narrow	very narrow
2	Stolon: colour where exposed to the sun (RHS)	183A	N79A
	Stolon: anthocyanin coloration of leaf sheath	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath	very short	very short
	Stolon: hairiness of leaf sheath	absent	absent
	Culm: length	very short to short	very short to short
2	Culm: width	very narrow	very narrow
	Culm: node pubescence	absent	absent
	Culm: stem pubescence	absent	absent
~	Culm: flag leaf sheath length	very short	very short
	Culm: flag leaf blade length	very short	very short to short
	Culm: flag leaf blade width	very narrow	very narrow
	Culm: flag leaf blade shape	linear triangular	linear triangular
	Culm: leaf sheath length (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	very short to short	very short
2	Culm: leaf blade length (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	short	very short

2	Culm: leaf blade width (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	very narrow	narrow
	Culm: leaf sheath length (vgetative tiller)	very short	very short
2	Culm: leaf blade length (vegetative tiller)	short to medium	short to medium
2	Culm: leaf blade width (vegetative tiller)	very narrow	narrow
	Culm: leaf blade shape (vegetative tiller)	linear	linear
	Leaf: leaf blade shape of apex	narrow acute	narrow acute
	Leaf: colour (RHS)	146A	146A
	Leaf: leaf sheath prescence of hairs	absent	absent
	Leaf: leaf blade presence of hairs upper side	absent	absent
	Leaf : leaf blade presence of hairs lower side	absent	absent
	Leaf: leaf blade margin	smooth	smooth
	Leaf: ligule	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs
>	Peduncle: length	very short	very short
	Peduncle: width	very narrow	very narrow
	Inflorescence: spikelet density	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
7	Inflorescence: length	very short	very short
~	Inflorescence: number of spikelets	very few	very few
	Spikelet: stigma colour	white	white
	Spikelet: presence of awn	absent	absent
	Flower: time of flowering	Apr-Oct	Apr-Oct

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GZ-006'	'G-10'			
Leaf: leaf blade vernation	rolled	rolled			
Flower: start of flowering	week beginning April 15	week beginning April 1			
Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GZ-006'	'G-10'			
Plant: maximum height of sward 252 days after planting (n	nm)				
Mean	103.20 mm	87.03 mm			
Std. Deviation	19.06	25.51			
Lsd/sig	15.12	P≤0.01			
Plant: maximum diameter of lateral spread 250 days after planting (cm)					
Mean	119.73 cm	103.26 cm			
Std. Deviation	15.33	15.39			

Lsd/sig	15.42	P≤0.01			
Stolon: total number of branches on nodes 2-6					
Mean	17.47	16.70			
Std. Deviation	4.01	4.46			
Lsd/sig	3.40	ns			
Stolon: length of internode #4 (mm)					
Mean	11.75	11.77			
Std. Deviation	1.37	1.42			
Lsd/sig	1.20	ns			
Stolon: diameter of internode #4 (mm)					
Mean	1.20	1.10			
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.10			
Lsd/sig	0.08	P≤0.01			
\Box Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath at node #4 (mm)					
Mean	8.52	7.98			
Std. Deviation	1.19	1.07			
Lsd/sig	1.03	ns			
Vegetative tiller: length of sheath on 4th leaf (mm)					
Mean	13.37	14.10			
Std. Deviation	2.35	2.73			
Lsd/sig	2.22	ns			
Vegetative tiller: length of blade on 4th leaf (mm)					
Mean	49.45	44.82			
Std. Deviation	9.30	10.39			
Lsd/sig	8.24	ns			
Vegetative tiller: width of blade on 4th leaf (mm)					
Mean	1.11	1.30			
Std. Deviation	0.11	0.14			
Lsd/sig	0.11	P≤0.01			
Vegetative tiller: length: width ratio of blade on 4th leaf					
Mean	45.02	34.76			
Std. Deviation	9.80	8.66			
Lsd/sig	7.76	P≤0.01			
Fertile tiller: length (mm)					
Mean	91.03	91.60			
Std. Deviation	14.02	14.86			
Lsd/sig	8.18	ns			
Fertile tiller: length of internode #2 (mm)					
Mean	13.22	12.37			
Std. Deviation	5.26	5.54			
Lsd/sig	2.78	ns			
Fertile tiller: diameter of internode #2 (mm)					

Mean	0.35	0.37
Std. Deviation	0.04	0.03
Lsd/sig	0.02	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on flag leaf (mm)		
Mean	14.75	17.72
Std. Deviation	1.91	3.51
Lsd/sig	1.99	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length of flag leaf blade (mm)		
Mean	2.33	1.82
Std. Deviation	1.50	1.28
Lsd/sig	0.88	ns
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on 3rd leaf (mm)		
Mean	15.12	13.42
Std. Deviation	3.70	3.22
Lsd/sig	1.94	ns
Fertile tiller: length of blade on 3rd leaf (mm)		
Mean	32.93	28.33
Std. Deviation	5.38	5.38
Lsd/sig	3.05	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: width of blade on 3rdmm leaf (mm)		
Mean	1.28	1.38
Std. Deviation	0.15	0.16
Lsd/sig	0.06	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length:width ratio of blade on 3rd leaf		
Mean	26.00	20.65
Std. Deviation	4.57	5.17
Lsd/sig	2.52	P≤0.01
Peduncle: length (mm)		
Mean	14.89	17.88
Std. Deviation	3.63	4.52
Lsd/sig	2.79	P≤0.01
Peduncle: diameter (mm)		
Mean	0.38	0.37
Std. Deviation	0.05	0.05
Lsd/sig	0.03	ns
✓ Inflorescence: length (mm)		
Mean	11.20	13.17
Std. Deviation	1.15	1.18
Lsd/sig	0.86	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of spikelets		
Mean	10.23	12.00
Std. Deviation	1.41	1.20

Lsd/sig	0.92	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of spikelets per cm		
Mean	9.13	9.14
Std. Deviation	0.76	0.85
Lsd/sig	0.61	ns

Nil

Description: D.S. Loch (Alexandra Hills, QLD) & C.M. Zorin (Birkdale, QLD)

Details of Application	
Application Number	2017/088
Variety Name	'GZ-022'
Genus Species	Zovsia matrella
Common Name	Manila Grass
Accented Date	24 Apr 2017
Annlicant	GeneGro Pty Ltd Alexandra Hills OLD
Oualified Person	Dr Donald S. Loch
Quanneu I erson	
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Birkdale, OLD, Australia (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude
	153°14'E. elevation 18 masl)
Descriptor	PBR ZOYS
Period	7 Feb 2015 – 13 Nov 2015
Conditions	Vegetative plugs established in 95 x 95 mm pots from Dec
Conditions	2014 [•] planted into a red volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil
	on 7 Feb 2015: 662 kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S =
	15.1:4.4:11.5:13.6) applied after planting on 8 Feb 2016 to
	give 100 kg N, 29 kg P, 76 kg K, and 90 kg S per hectare;
	weed control by pendimethalin (Rifle 440) applied at planting
	on 9 Feb 2015; post-planting broadleaf weed control with 2,4-
	D (Kendon 2,4-D Amine 625) on 10 Jul 2015, flazasulfuron
	(Katana) on 31 Jul 2015, and 2,4-D + fluroxypyr (Starane
	Advanced) on 8 Aug 2015; supplementary trickle irrigation
	applied as required to maintain unstressed growth.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 3 Zoysia matrella cultivars ('GZ-022',
	'A-1', 'Cavalier') plus 3 additional Z. matrella cultivars ('G-
	4', 'G-10', 'Facet') and Z. japonica x Z. matrella 'ZT-11'not
	reported arranged in 6 randomised blocks with 5 plants per
	plot in a single row along a single trickle irrigation line; 1.0 m
	between plants, 1.5 m between rows.
Measurements	Maximum spread measured on 6 Oct 2015 (241 days after
	field planting) and plant height measured on 12 Oct 2015
	(247 days after field planting). Measurements on the 4th fully
	expanded leaf on vegetative tillers made on 3-8 Nov 2015.
	Fertile tiller characteristics (culms, flag and 4th leaves, stems,
	inflorescences) measured 3-8 Nov 2015. Stolon
characteristics at 4th visible node and internode measured c	
13 Nov 2015. One measurement per plant made for all	
	attributes. Analyses of variance (ANOVAs) conducted with
	Gensial Release 12; differences significant at the 1% level
DHS Chart all for	quantified using Fisher's protected LSDS.
KHS Unart - edition	2007 (Striedition)

Clonal selection: 'GZ-022' was discovered as a dark green, finer-textured plant growing among 'ZT-11' on the breeder's property at Sheldon (QLD) in 2006. Following observations at Sheldon and Alexandra Hills (QLD) in pots comparing it with current cultivars and a range of other experimental lines, 'GZ-022' was expanded

into field plots at Boyland (QLD) in 2011 and later at Birkdale (QLD) and Sydney (NSW). 'GZ-022' was selected for release based on its dark-green colour, mediumfine leaf texture, and turf quality under mowing over 6 years (2011-16), together with its high shade tolerance as shown by its ability to maintain sward density under greatly reduced light levels. Breeder: Dr Donald S. Loch (GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD).

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	
Leaf	length	long to very long
Leaf	width	broad to very broad

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)

Name	Comments
'A-1'	Australian application no. 2008/091; granted 16 Dec 2008
'Cavalier'	U.S. Plant Patent 10778 granted 2 Feb 1999. Australian application no. 2001/018; granted 16 Mar 2001

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Disting	guishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
· ·	Chara	cteristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Facet'	Leaf	length	long	very short	U.S. Plant Patent 10636 granted 6 Oct 1998. Australian application no. 2001/200; granted 08 Aug 2001
'Facet'	Leaf	width	broad	narrow	
'G-4'	Leaf	length	long	short	Another candidate Zoysia matrella variety (application no. 2014/073)
'G-4'	Leaf	width	broad	very narrow	
'G-10'	Leaf	length	long	short	Another candidate Zoysia matrella variety (application no. 2015/158)
'G-10'	Leaf	width	broad	narrow	

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GZ-022'	'A-1'	'Cavalier'
Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall	very tall

2	Plant: width	medium	medium to broad	very broad
	Plant: density	dense	dense	dense
	Stolon: nodes	compound	compound	compound
(co1	Stolon: number of subtending leaves npound nodes only)	three	three	three
	Stolon: number of branches	medium to many	medium to many	many
	Stolon: length of internode	short to medium	medium	medium to long
	Stolon : width of internode	narrow to medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
s un	Stolon: colour where exposed to the (RHS)	N79A	darker than N79A	N79A
□ shea	Stolon: anthocyanin coloration of leaf ath	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath	medium	medium	short
	Stolon: hairiness of leaf sheath	absent	absent	absent
2	Culm: length	medium	long	very long
	Culm: width	medium	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
	Culm: node pubescence	absent	absent	absent
	Culm: stem pubescence	absent	absent	absent
	Culm: flag leaf sheath length	short to medium	medium	short to medium
	Culm: flag leaf blade length	short	short to medium	very short to short
	Culm: flag leaf blade width	very narrow	very narrow	very narrow
	Culm: flag leaf blade shape	linear triangular	linear triangular	linear triangular
⊽ fert	Culm: leaf sheath length (3rd leaf ile tiller)	medium	short	long to very long
⊽ fert	Culm: leaf blade length (3rd leaf ile tiller)	medium to long	medium	long to very long
□ fert	Culm: leaf blade width (3rd leaf ile tiller)	broad	medium to broad	broad to very broad
⊽ tille	Culm: leaf sheath length (vgetative	medium	short	long to very long
⊽ tille	Culm: leaf blade length (vegetative	medium	medium	long
⊽ tille	Culm: leaf blade width (vegetative or)	medium	medium	broad
[]	Culm: leaf blade shape (vegetative	linear	linear	linear
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	Leaf: leaf blade shape of apex	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute
	Leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	137A	137C
	Leaf: leaf sheath prescence of hairs	absent	absent	absent
П upp	Leaf: leaf blade presence of hairs er side	absent	absent	absent
□ low	Leaf : leaf blade presence of hairs er side	absent	absent	absent
	Leaf: leaf blade margin	smooth	smooth	smooth
	Leaf: ligule	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs
Γ	Peduncle: length	medium	medium	long
	Peduncle: width	narrow to medium	medium	broad
	Inflorescence: spikelet density	sparse to medium	sparse to medium	sparse to medium
	Inflorescence: length	short to medium	short	medium
	Inflorescence: number of spikelets	few to medium	few	medium
	Spikelet: stigma colour	white	white	white
	Spikelet: presence of awn	absent	absent	absent
	Flower: time of flowering	Apr-Oct	Apr-Oct	Apr-Oct

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GZ-022'	'A-1'	'Cavalier'		
Leaf: leaf blade vernation	rolled	rolled	rolled		
Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GZ-022'	'A-1'	'Cavalier'		
Fertile tiller: diameter of interno	de #4 (mm)				
Mean	0.54	0.47	0.48		
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.10	0.12		
Lsd/sig	0.07	ns	ns		
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on	flag leaf (mm)				
Mean	21.57	22.83	21.07		
Std. Deviation	3.28	4.59	4.16		
Lsd/sig	2.49	ns	ns		
Plant: maximum height of sware	l 241 days after plan	ting (mm)			
Mean	171.00	163.03	220.73		

Std. Deviation	20.01	13.20	16.10
Lsd/sig	17.00	ns	P≤0.01
Plant: maximum diameter of lateral sp	oread 247 days aft	er planting (cm)	
Mean	156.38	161.97	192.93
Std. Deviation	18.03	23.23	22.59
Lsd/sig	14.00	ns	P≤0.01
Stolon: total number of branches on n	odes 2-6		
Mean	9.20	10.17	11.53
Std. Deviation	2.62	2.94	2.58
Lsd/sig	3.17	ns	ns
Stolon: length of internode #4 (mm)			
Mean	26.57	27.97	32.33
Std. Deviation	2.94	3.86	5.31
Lsd/sig	4.60	ns	P≤0.01
Stolon: diameter of internode #4 (mm)		
Mean	1.39	1.39	1.36
Std. Deviation	0.13	0.14	0.11
Lsd/sig	0.10	ns	ns
Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath at n	ode #4 (mm)		
Mean	12.07	12.27	10.53
Std. Deviation	1.20	1.41	1.41
Lsd/sig	1.52	ns	P≤0.01
Vegetative tiller: length of sheath on 4	th leaf (mm)		
Mean	15.90	12.66	23.81
Std. Deviation	3.99	3.34	4.14
Lsd/sig	2.13	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Vegetative tiller: length of blade on 4	h leaf (mm)		
Mean	47.28	48.76	70.35
Std. Deviation	8.50	7.30	10.13
Lsd/sig	6.56	ns	P≤0.01
Vegetative tiller: width of blade on 4th	h leaf (mm)		
Mean	1.43	1.44	1.71
Std. Deviation	0.22	0.24	0.34
Lsd/sig	0.21	ns	P≤0.01
Vegetative tiller: length:width ratio of	blade on 4th leaf		
Mean	33.42	34.44	42.29
Std. Deviation	5.91	6.94	8.22
Lsd/sig	6.44	ns	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length (mm)			
Mean	69.50	81.40	106.57
Std. Deviation	8.29	14.58	12.93
Lsd/sig	11.56	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Fertile tiller: length of internode	#4 (mm)		
Mean	8.90	8.03	22.17
Std. Deviation	2.82	3.40	8.02
Lsd/sig	3.40	ns	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length of flag leaf b	blade (mm)		-
Mean	2.70	3.17	2.10
Std. Deviation	1.26	1.37	1.18
Lsd/sig	1.05	ns	ns
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on	4th leaf (mm)		-
Mean	14.77	11.80	23.43
Std. Deviation	3.72	3.31	6.43
Lsd/sig	2.29	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length of blade on 4	th leaf (mm)		
Mean	48.17	45.50	69.10
Std. Deviation	9.02	10.03	9.38
Lsd/sig	5.15	ns	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: width of blade on 4	th leaf (mm)		-
Mean	1.48	1.36	1.67
Std. Deviation	0.27	0.20	0.39
Lsd/sig	0.22	ns	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length:width ratio c	of blade on 4th leat	f	-
Mean	33.60	34.13	42.99
Std. Deviation	8.24	8.22	10.05
Lsd/sig	9.03	ns	P≤0.01
Peduncle: length (mm)			
Mean	44.97	40.93	58.17
Std. Deviation	8.17	10.17	10.94
Lsd/sig	6.95	ns	P≤0.01
Peduncle: diameter (mm)			
Mean	0.33	0.37	0.44
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.08	0.08
Lsd/sig	0.06	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: length (mm)			
Mean	14.87	14.07	15.60
Std. Deviation	1.68	1.82	2.57
Lsd/sig	1.11	ns	ns
Inflorescence: number of spikele	ets		
Mean	13.13	12.60	14.10
Std. Deviation	1.78	2.18	2.88
Lsd/sig	1.22	ns	ns
Inflorescence: number of spikele	ets per cm		
Mean	8.85	8.93	9.01

Std. Deviation	0.81	0.76	0.81
Lsd/sig	0.56	ns	ns

Nil

Description: D.S. Loch (Alexandra Hills, QLD) & C.M. Zorin (Birkdale, QLD)

Details of Application	<u>on</u>	
Application Number	r 2017/338	
Variety Name	'Koorabup'	
Genus Species	Avena sativa	
Common Name	Oats	
Synonym		
Accepted Date	07 May 2018	
Applicant	Minister for Agriculture, Food and Fisheries (through SARDI), Urrbrae, SA 5064 and Grains Research and Development Corporation, Barton, ACT 2600	
Agent		
Qualified Person	Michelle Williams	
	· ·	
Details of Comparat	tive Trial	
Location	Turretfield Research Centre, SA	
Descriptor	Oats TG/20/10	
Period	03/07/2017 to 14/12/2017	
Conditions	A trial was sown on the 3rd of July 2017 at the Turretfield Research Centre on a red brown earth soil with a Mediterranean climate.	
Trial Design	ndomised Complete Block Design. The trial was replicated with 3 reps.	
	ot size was 5 rows x 210mm spacing x 5m length. Plots were sown at	
	1050 plants per replicate.	
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system using UPOV guideline	
RHS Chart edition		
Origin and Breeding	0 7	

Controlled pollination: In 2005 the breeder's line WAOAT2282 was control pollinated with the breeder's line WAOAT2236. F3 seed of the cross was sown as a population at Kingsford Research Centre (near Gawler, SA) in 2007 and single heads selected. 05096-32 was the thirty second head selected from the cross 05096. It was promoted to un-replicated trials in winter 2009 and to replicated trials in 2011. 05096-32 was promoted to stage 4 replicated grain trials in 2012 and stage 4 replicated hay trials in 2014 and has remained in these trials since that time. Breeder: Dr Pamela Zwer and Ms Sue Hoppo, SARDI, SA 5001

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Grain	colour of lemma	brown
Glumes	glaucosity	absent or very weak
Grain	husk	present

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Carrolup'				
'Yallara'				

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Koorabup'	'Carrolup'	'Yallara'
Plant: growth habit	erect to semi- erect	erect	erect to semi- erect
Lowest leaves: hairiness of sheaths	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak
*Leaf blade: hairiness of margins of leaf below flag leaf	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
*Time of: panicle emergence	medium	medium to late	early to medium
*Stem: hairiness of uppermost node	present	absent	present
Stem: intensity of hairiness of uppermost node	medium	very weak	weak
Panicle: orientation of branches	equilateral	unilateral	equilateral
Panicle: attitude of branches	semi-erect	semi-erect	semi-erect
Panicle: attitude of spikelets	pendulous	pendulous	pendulous
Glumes: glaucosity	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Glumes: length	medium	medium	medium
*Primary grain: glaucosity of lemma	absent	absent	absent
*Plant: length	long	short to medium	medium
Panicle: length	medium to long	very short to short	medium
*Grain: husk	present	present	present
Primary grain: tendency to be awned	strong	absent or very weak	weak to medium
Primary grain: length of lemma	short	short to medium	short to medium
*Grain: colour of lemma	brown	brown	brown
Primary grain: hairiness of back of lemma	present	present	present
Primary grain: hairiness of base	very weak to	absent or very	very weak to

	weak	weak	weak
Primary grain: length of basal hairs	long	very short	long
Primary grain: length of rachilla	long	short	medium

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Michelle Williams, SARDI, SA 5001

Details of Application	
Application Number	2017/134
Variety Name	'Bonpri 974'
Genus Species	Euphorbia hybrid
Common Name	Poinsettia
Accepted Date	04 May 2018
Applicant	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW
Qualified Person	Tim Angus
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia
Descriptor	TG/24/6
Period	July 2018 - October 2018
Conditions	Comparative Trial grown in indoor conditions at Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 125 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.
Trial Design	Plants grown in separate blocks side by side
Measurements	10 plants per variety at random
RHS Chart - edition	2001
Origin and Breeding	
Spontaneous mutation:	'Bonnri 974' was first selected as a naturally occurring

Spontaneous mutation: 'Bonpri 974' was first selected as a naturally occurring spontaneous mutation from an unnamed proprietary selection at Yellow Rock in January 2012. Since this time many generations of vegetative propagation have occurred during DUS testing and production trials with no off-types being observed. Following this testing the new variety was first protected in 2015. Breeder: Dr. Andrew Bernuetz

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plan	t Part	Con	text		Sta	ate of Expression in Gr	oup of Varieties
Bract		sing	le colou	r	gro	up 1 white	
Most Simila	r Varieties	of Comm	on Knov	wledge iden	tifie	ed (VCK)	
Name				Comments			
'Bonpri 635'							
'RFPPCC1'							
'Bonpriho'							
Varieties of	Common I	Knowledge	e identifi	ied and sub	sequ	uently excluded	
Variety	Distinguisl	hing	State of	Expression	i in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characteri	istics	Candid	ate Variety		Comparator Variety	
'RFPPCC1'	Bract	colour of	white R	HS 155C		yellow- green to white	
		upper side			,	2D/155A	

'Bonpriho'	Leaf blade	number of	medium	none	
		lobes			
'Bonpriho'	transitional	number of	medium to many	few	
	leaves	partly			
		bract-			
		coloured			
		leaf			
		blades			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Bonpri 974'	'Bonpri 635'
*Plant: branching	present	present
*Plant: number of branches	medium	medium
*Plant: height	very short	very short
Plant: width	narrow	narrow
*Stem: intensity of green colour on middle third	medium to strong	medium to strong
*Stem: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of middle third	absent or very weak	very weak to weak
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration on upper third	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Leaf blade: length	very short	short
*Leaf blade: width	very narrow	very narrow
Leaf blade: shape	lanceolate	lanceolate
Leaf blade: shape of base	rounded	rounded
*Leaf blade: number of colours on upper side	one	one
*Leaf blade: intensity of green colour (varieties with one- coloured leaves only)	strong	strong
Leaf blade: colour of main vein on upper side	only green	only green
Leaf blade: number of lobes	medium	medium
Leaf blade: depth of deepest sinus	shallow	shallow
Leaf blade: curvature of main vein	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Petiole: length	very short	very short
Petiole: intensity of green colour on upper side	weak to medium	weak to medium
Petiole: anthocyanin colouration on upper side	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
*Petiole: anthocyanin coloration on lower side	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Transitional leaves: number of partly bract-colored leaf blades	medium	medium to many
*Transitional leaves: number of fully bract-coloured leaf blades	few	very few to few

	*Transitional leaves: lobing	medium	medium
□ bra	Transitional leaves: curvature along main vein of fully ct-colored leaf blades	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Bract: number	few to medium	few to medium
	*Largest bract: length (including petiole)	very short	very short
	*Largest bract: width (including petiole)	very narrow	very narrow
>	*Largest bract: shape	ovate	elliptic
	*Bract: number of colours of upper side	one	one
⊡ bra	*Bract: colour of upper side (varieties with one colored cts only) (RHS Colour Chart)	White RHS 155C	White RHS N155c
⊡ bra	*Bract: main color of lower side (varieties with marbled cts only) (RHS Colour Chart)	White RHS 155C	White RHS 155A/B
	Bract: folding along the main vein	absent	absent
	Bract: twisting	absent	absent
	Bract: rugosity between veins	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
	*Cyme: width	narrow to medium	medium
	*Cyathium: size of glands	small to medium	small to medium
	*Cyathium: main colour of gland	yellow	yellow
	Cyathium: deformation of glands	absent	absent

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Bonpri 974' 'Bonpri 635'			
Bract: vein colour, upper side	green	red purple	
Bract: spotting of upper side	absent	very weak	

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2015	Applied	'Bonpri 974'
Japan	2016	Applied	'Bonpri 974'
EU	2015	Applied	'Bonpri 974'

First sold in the EU, May 2015

Description: Tim Angus, Lower Hutt, Wellington NZ

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/177
Variety Name	'ATTX961014-1R/Y'
Genus Species	Solanum tuberosum
Common Name	Potato
Synonym	
Accepted Date	17 Jul 2015
Applicant	Texas A&M AgriLife Research, Texas, 77843-3369, USA
Agent	Zerella Holdings Pty Ltd, Virginia, SA 5120
Qualified Person	Stewart McKay
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Agronico P/L, 175 Allport St, East Leith, TAS 7315
Descriptor	TG 23/6
Period	20 Oct 2017 - 2 Feb 2018
Conditions	Potato plants were grown from hardened off in-vitro plantlets and placed into a recirculating hydroponic propagation system in a controlled environment. Standard nutrient fertilization and disease/insect preventative controls were used.
Trial Design	RCBD with two replicates consisting of 30 plants per replicate were used
Measurements	Trial data was collected on 7-Nov-2017 using the standard UPOV descriptors. Lightsprout photos were taken on 5th January 2018 and tuber assessments done on 5th February 2018
RHS Chart - edition	

Controlled pollination: Conventional hybridization breeding techniques were used where the genotype is fixed in the F1 with subsequent propagation by asexual procedures. In 2001, first year seedlings of 'ATTX961014-1R/Y' were produced at College Station from true (botanical) seed provided by the Aberdeen Program. 'ATTX961014-1R/Y' was subsequently selected near Dalhart (NW corner of state) in 2002. In the winter of 2002, it was planted in a nursery in McCook, Texas (Lower Rio Grande Valley) and again performed well. From 2003-05, 'ATT961014-1R/Y' was trialed in both Springlake and Dalhart using Texas seed. In 2006, 'ATTX961014-1R/Y' was entered in the Southwestern Regional Potato Variety Trials (California Texas, Colorado), using Colorado grown seed. In 2007 and 2008 'ATTX961014-1R/Y' was entered in the Western Regional Red/Specialty Potato Trials conducted at nine locations in Texas, Colorado, California, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon. Potato seed is asexually propagated for no more than four to six generations from nuclear seed which are derived from virus-free tissue culture stocks. No genetic variants have been observed. Breeder: J. Creighton Miller, Texas A&M AgriLife Research, TX 77843-2147, USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Lightsprout	proporti colourat	on of blue in anthocyanin ion of base	absent or low
Flower corolla	proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side		absent or low
Lightsprout proport coloura		on of blue in anthocyanin ion of base	absent or low
Tuber skin typ		e	smooth
Most Similar Variati	os of Cor	nmon Knowladga idantifia	
Name	les of Col	Comments	<u>su (VCR)</u>
'Red La Soda'		Comments-	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ATTX961014- 1R/Y'	'Red La Soda'	
Lightsprout: size	small to medium	medium to large	
*Lightsprout: shape	ovoid	ovoid	
*Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	weak	
*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration of base	absent or low	absent or low	
*Lightsprout: pubescence of base	medium	strong	
Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base	small	small to medium	
Lightsprout: habit of tip	closed	closed	
Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	
Lightsprout: pubescence of tip	absent or very weak	very weak to weak	
*Lightsprout: number of root tips	medium	medium	
Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots	very short to short	short	
Plant: foliage structure	intermediate type	stem type	
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	semi-upright	
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	strong	weak	
Leaf: outline size	large	medium	
Leaf: openness	intermediate	intermediate to open	

Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	weak to medium	medium
Leaf: green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	medium to strong	weak to medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	large	medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	medium to broad	narrow to medium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	low	low to medium
Leaflet: waviness of margin	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	shallow to medium	shallow
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull to medium	medium
Leaflet: pubescence of blade at apical rosette	present	present
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	medium	absent or very weak
Plant: height	medium	medium
*Plant: frequency of flowers	low	medium
Inflorescence: size	medium	medium
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak to medium	absent or very weak
Flower corolla: size	medium	medium
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	weak	medium
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or low	absent or low
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	very small to small	medium
*Plant: time of maturity	medium	early
Tuber: shape	long-oval	oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	deep	medium to deep
Tuber: colour of skin	red	purple
Tuber: colour of base of eye	red	red
*Tuber: colour of flesh	medium yellow	white

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ATTX961014-1R/Y'	'Red La Soda'	
tuber: skin type	smooth	smooth	

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
USA	2012	Granted	'ATTX961014-1R/Y'

First sold in the USA on 15th June 2012

Description: Stewart McKay, Leith, Tas 7315

Details of Application	
Application Number	2018/016
Variety Name	'Amigo-590.02.7'
Genus Species	Solanum tuberosum
Common Name	Potato
Synonym	
Accepted Date	26 Mar 2018
Applicant	SIPRE, Rues des Champs Potez, 62217 Achicourt, France
Agent	McCain Foods (Aust) Pty Ltd, Wendouree, Vic 3355
Qualified Person	John Fennell
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>
Location	Waikerie, SA
Descriptor	Potato (Solanum tuberosum) TG/23/6
Period	September 2018 to February 2019
Conditions	Plantlets ex quarantine raised from tissue cultures and planted into potting
	mix in 200mm diameter plastic pots on 28 September 2018. Pots placed on
	benches in a screened polythene clad greenhouse
Trial Design	Block of 60 plants of the candidate variety placed adjacent to 60 plants of
	the comparator.
Measurements	Observations of plant, leaf and flower characteristics made on 20 November
	2018. Tuber records taken on 12 January 2019 and lightsprout data recorded
	on 12 February 2019.
RHS Chart - edition	Waikerie, SA

Controlled pollination: The variety 'Lady Claire' was pollinated by the variety 'Caesar' in the Station de Recherche du Comite Nord Potato Breeding Program at Bretteville-du-Grand-Caux, France in 2000. Subsequently selection trials occurred at several sites in the north of France with the main selection criteria being marketable yield, maturity time, tuber appearance, disease resistances, damage resistance, processing quality and storability. Breeding line 590.02.7 was selected and commercially released as 'Amigo' in 2015. The name 'Amigo-590.02.7' has been selected for PBR in Australia. **Breeder:** Station de Recherche du Comite Nord, 43-45 Rue de Naples, Paris 75008, France

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar					
Variety of Common Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties					
Plant	frequency of flowers	high			
Flower	colour	white			
Tuber	shape	long-oval			
Tuber	skin colour	yellow			
Tuber	flesh colour	light to medium yellow			

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Innovator'			
'Esmeralda'			
'Lady Anna'			
'Lady Claire'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded								
Variety Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	ty Comparator Variety					
'Esmeralda'	Lightsprout	anthocyanin colouring	very strong	medium				
'Lady Anna'	Tuber	shape	long oval	very long				
'Lady Claire'	Tuber	shape	long oval	short oval to oval				
'Lady Claire'	Tuber	flesh colour	medium yellow	light yellow				
'Caesar'	Tuber	shape	long oval	short oval to oval				

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick. **Organ/Plant Part: Context** 'Amigo-590.02.7' 'Innovator' small to medium medium Lightsprout: size *Lightsprout: shape ovoid broad cylindrical *Lightsprout: intensity of anthocyanin colouration very strong weak -*Lightsprout: proportion of blue in anthocyanin high absent or low colouration of base medium medium to strong *Lightsprout: pubescence of base small to medium medium Lightsprout: size of tip in relation to base closed to intermediate closed Lightsprout: habit of tip ~ very strong weak Lightsprout: anthocyanin colouration of tip weak Lightsprout: pubescence of tip weak medium few *Lightsprout: number of root tips very short Lightsprout: length of lateral shoots short intermediate type intermediate type Plant: foliage structure

*Plant: growth habit	upright	semi-upright
*Stem: anthocyanin colouration	medium	absent or very weak
Leaf: outline size	large	medium to large
Leaf: openness	intermediate	open
Leaf: presence of secondary leaflets	strong	weak
Leaf: green colour	medium to dark	light
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration on midrib of upper side	weak	absent or very weak
Second pair of lateral leaflets: size	medium	medium
Second pair of lateral leaflets: width in relation to length	narrow to medium	medium
Terminal and lateral leaflets: frequency of coalescence	absent or very low	low to medium
Leaflet: waviness of margin	weak	weak
Leaflet: depth of veins	deep	medium
Leaflet: glossiness of the upperside	dull	medium
Flower bud: anthocyanin colouration	weak	absent or very weak
Plant: height	medium	medium to tall
*Plant: frequency of flowers	high	high
Inflorescence: size	medium	large
Inflorescence: anthocyanin colouration on peduncle	weak to medium	absent or very weak
Flower corolla: size	medium to large	large
*Flower corolla: intensity of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
*Flower corolla: proportion of blue in anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or low	absent or low
*Flower corolla: extent of anthocyanin colouration on inner side	absent or very small	absent or very small
*Plant: time of maturity	medium	early to medium
Tuber: shape	long-oval	long-oval
Tuber: depth of eyes	very shallow to shallow	medium
*Tuber: colour of skin	yellow	yellow
*Tuber: colour of base of eye	yellow	yellow
Tuber: colour of flesh	medium yellow	light yellow
Tuber: anthogyanin colouration of skin in reaction	absent or very weak	absent or very weak

to light (light beige and yellow skinned varieties only)	

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Amigo-590.02.7'	'Innovator'		
Stem: Thickness	thick	medium		
Tuber: skin smoothness	medium	rough		
tuber: eyebrows	medium	prominent		
stem: wings	large	small		

No prior applications.

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
EU	2012	Granted	'Amigo'

First sold in France on 15th April 2016 as 'Amigo'

Description: John Fennell, Littlehampton SA 5250

Details of Application	
Application Number	2016/166
Variety Name	'ZMW-019'
Genus Species	Zoysia macrantha
Common Name	Prickly Couch
Accepted Date	28 Jul 2016
Applicant	GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD
Qualified Person	Dr Donald S. Loch
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Birkdale, QLD, Australia (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude
	153°14'E, elevation 18 masl)
Descriptor	PBR ZOYS
Period	16 Dec 2016 – 19 May 2017
Conditions	Vegetative plugs established in 95 x 95 mm pots from Aug
	2016; planted into a red volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil
	on 16 Dec 2016; 662 kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S =
	15.1:4.4:11.5:13.6) applied at planting on 16 Dec 2016 to
	give 100 kg N, 29 kg P, 76 kg K, and 90 kg S per hectare;
	weed control by pendimethalin (Stomp 440) applied at
	planting on 16 Dec 2016; supplementary trickle irrigation
	applied as required to maintain unstressed growth.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 4 Zoysia macrantha cultivars ('ZMW-
8	019', 'ZMM-018', 'MAC03', 'LSA01') plus 2 additional
	Zovsia japonica cultivars not reported arranged in 6
	randomised blocks with 5 plants per plot in a single row
	along a single trickle irrigation line; 1.0 m between plants, 1.5
	m between rows.
Measurements	Observations of flowering behaviour ongoing throughout the
	trial. Maximum spread measured on 3 Apr 2017 (108 days
	after field planting) and plant height measured on 10 Apr
	2017 (115 days after field planting). Stolon characteristics at
	4th visible node and internode measured on 7-8 Apr 2017.
	Measurements on the 4th fully expanded leaf on vegetative
	tillers made on 19 May 2017. Fertile tiller characteristics
	(culms, flag and 4th leaves, stems, inflorescences) measured
	19 May 2017. One measurement per plant made for all
	attributes. Analyses of variance (ANOVAs) conducted with
	Genstat Release 12: differences significant at the 1% level
	auantified using Fisher's protected LSDs.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)
KIIS Chart - cultion	

Clonal selection: 'ZMW-019' was selected from a breeding population of c. 130 *Zoysia macrantha* subsp. *walshii* seedling plants assembled from 45 collection sites from South Australia, Victoria and Tasmania in 2002-05. The original plants were vegetatively propagated and evaluated first in pots. Four promising genotypes at the finer-textured end of the range and showing good turf density were identified, originating from sites in South Australia and Tasmania. These were short-listed for

further study under mowing at Cleveland (QLD), and later at Sheldon, Alexandra Hills and Gleneagle (QLD), which confirmed their low mowing requirements when evaluated with a range of *Zoysia japonica* and *Z. matrella* cultivars and experimental lines and compared against *Cynodon* spp., *Digitaria didactyla* and other warm-season turfgrass standards. 'ZMW-019' was selected for release on the basis of its bright mid-to dark-green turf colour, its fine to medium-fine turf texture, and its high turf quality and density under mowing as shown consistently throughout the 10-year trial period. 'ZMW-019' differs from other *Z. macrantha* subsp. *walshii* genotypes in terms of their variable leaf colour (usually paler green), medium-fine to coarse turf texture, lower tiller density, and often shorter stiffer leaves. Breeder: Dr Donald S. Loch (GeneGro Pty Ltd, Alexandra Hills, QLD).

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	leaf blade presence of	absent
	hairs upper side	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'MAC03'	application no. 2007/275; granted 16 Dec 2008		
'LSA01' application no. 2015/311; granted 29 Oct 2018			
'ZMM-018'	another candidate <i>Zoysia macrantha</i> variety (application no. 2016/165)		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Org	gan/Plant Part: Context	'ZMW-019'	'LSA01'	'MAC03'	'ZMM-018'
	Plant: height	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall	very tall
	Plant: width	medium	broad	broad	very broad
	Plant: density	very dense	dense	dense	dense
	Stolon: nodes	compound	compound	compound	compound
□ leav	Stolon: number of subtending ves (compound nodes only)	three	three	three	three
2	Stolon: number of branches	very many	medium	many	medium
~	Stolon: length of internode	short	long to very long	medium to long	long to very long
Y	Stolon : width of internode	narrow	broad to very broad	broad to very broad	medium
□ the	Stolon: colour where exposed to sun (RHS)	59A	59A	59A	59B(-C)
C leaf	Stolon: anthocyanin coloration of sheath	weak	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak
V	Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath	short to	long	long	medium

	medium			
Stolon: hairiness of leaf sheath	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: length	short	long to very long	medium to long	long
Culm: width	narrow to	broad to very	broad to very	broad to very
	abaant	broad	broad	broad
Culm: node pubescence	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: stem pubescence	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: flag leaf sheath length	short	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Culm: flag leaf blade length	very short to short	medium	short to medium	medium
Culm: flag leaf blade width	very narrow	very narrow	very narrow	very narrow
Culm: flag leaf blade shape	linear triangular	linear triangular	linear triangular	linear triangular
Culm: leaf sheath length (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	short	medium to long	medium	medium
Culm: leaf blade length (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	short	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Culm: leaf blade width (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	narrow	broad	medium to broad	medium to broad
Culm: leaf sheath length (vgetative tiller)	short	medium to long	short	medium to long
Culm: leaf blade length (vegetative tiller)	short	long	medium	very long
Culm: leaf blade width (vegetative tiller)	narrow	broad	medium	medium
Culm: leaf blade shape (vegetative tiller)	linear	linear	linear	linear
Leaf: leaf blade shape of apex	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute
Leaf: colour (RHS)	137A	138A	137B	137B
Leaf: leaf sheath prescence of hairs	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: leaf blade presence of hairs upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf : leaf blade presence of hairs lower side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: leaf blade margin	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth
Leaf: ligule	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs

	Leaf: density of ligule hairs	medium	medium	medium	medium
	Leaf: length of ligule hairs	long	medium	medium	long
Y	Peduncle: length	short	long to very long	medium to long	very long
Y	Peduncle: width	narrow	medium	medium to broad	medium
>	Inflorescence: spikelet density	dense	sparse	medium	sparse to medium
Y	Inflorescence: length	short	very long	long to very long	long
⊽ spil	Inflorescence: number of celets	few	many	very many	many
	Spikelet: stigma colour	white	white	white	white
	Spikelet: presence of awn	absent	absent	absent	absent
	Flower: time of flowering	Apr-Oct	Oct-Apr	Oct-Apr	Oct-Apr

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG								
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ZMW-019'	'LSA01'	'MAC03'	'ZMM-018'				
Leaf: leaf blade vernation	rolled	rolled	rolled	rolled				
Statistical Table								
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ZMW-019'	'LSA01'	'MAC03'	'ZMM-018'				
Plant: maximum height of sward	Plant: maximum height of sward 115 days after planting (mm)							
Mean	203.67	205.00	180.67	300.95				
Std. Deviation	23.11	49.53	51.26	47.00				
Lsd/sig	54.70	ns	ns	P≤0.01				
Plant: maximum diameter of later	al spread 108 da	ays after planting	g (cm)					
Mean	143.43	168.63	169.47	208.33				
Std. Deviation	15.73	25.61	33.97	31.47				
Lsd/sig	27.60	ns	ns	P≤0.01				
Stolon: total number of branches	on nodes 2-6							
Mean	12.37	10.03	7.97	8.10				
Std. Deviation	2.28	1.69	1.79	1.73				
Lsd/sig	1.30	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Stolon: length of internode #4 (m	m)							
Mean	30.93	55.63	46.20	57.90				
Std. Deviation	3.60	6.31	5.09	5.37				
Lsd/sig	3.93	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Stolon: diameter of internode #4 (mm)								
Mean	1.30	1.99	2.00	1.55				
Std. Deviation	0.08	0.17	0.33	0.17				

Lsd/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath	n at node #4 (mm	1)				
Mean	11.93	14.30	14.00	12.77		
Std. Deviation	1.14	1.86	2.05	1.55		
Lsd/sig	1.40	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns		
Vegetative tiller: length of sheath	on 4th leaf (mm					
Mean	31.27	40.37	30.87	42.43		
Std. Deviation	6.36	5.70	5.21	6.94		
Lsd/sig	7.00	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01		
Vegetative tiller: length of blade of	on 4th leaf (mm)					
Mean	85.83	145.50	119.77	175.33		
Std. Deviation	14.99	30.12	19.79	18.86		
Lsd/sig	20.00	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Vegetative tiller: width of blade o	on 4th leaf (mm)					
Mean	1.80	3.75	3.36	3.38		
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.47	0.45	0.34		
Lsd/sig	0.29	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Vegetative tiller: length:width rat	io of blade on 4t	h leaf				
Mean	48.20	39.54	36.32	52.50		
Std. Deviation	10.11	10.12	8.47	9.04		
Lsd/sig	6.73	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Fertile tiller: length (mm)						
Mean	169.83	252.70	201.07	220.00		
Std. Deviation	24.36	28.59	21.86	32.70		
Lsd/sig	29.80	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Fertile tiller: length of internode #	#2 (mm)					
Mean	16.90	45.80	30.83	25.10		
Std. Deviation	2.38	16.85	7.73	7.16		
Lsd/sig	12.90	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns		
Fertile tiller: diameter of internod	e #2 (mm)					
Mean	0.58	1.00	0.93	0.58		
Std. Deviation	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.12		
Lsd/sig	0.11	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on f	lag leaf (mm)					
Mean	28.87	69.17	61.37	58.97		
Std. Deviation	3.47	11.30	4.78	6.78		
Lsd/sig	7.10	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Fertile tiller: length of flag leaf bl	ade (mm)					
Mean	3.07	14.07	10.17	13.37		
Std. Deviation	1.62	7.74	6.15	9.20		
Lsd/sig	5.30	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on 3rd leaf (mm)						

Mean	22.23	31.77	29.50	29.87				
Std. Deviation	3.19	5.01	5.14	4.53				
Lsd/sig	4.00	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Fertile tiller: length of blade on 3rd leaf (mm)								
Mean	43.63	64.47	66.67	69.63				
Std. Deviation	8.95	15.82	13.09	15.14				
Lsd/sig	13.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Fertile tiller: width of blade on 3r	d leaf (mm)							
Mean	1.73	3.54	3.41	3.39				
Std. Deviation	0.21	0.41	0.37	0.39				
Lsd/sig	0.26	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Fertile tiller: length:width ratio of	f blade on 3rd lea	af						
Mean	25.56	18.35	19.70	20.71				
Std. Deviation	5.67	4.67	4.23	4.64				
Lsd/sig	4.20	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Peduncle: length (mm)								
Mean	63.40	163.07	122.17	176.90				
Std. Deviation	10.86	26.46	14.53	26.66				
Lsd/sig	16.40	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Peduncle: diameter (mm)								
Mean	0.59	0.80	0.83	0.78				
Std. Deviation	0.07	0.10	0.09	0.08				
Lsd/sig	0.18	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				
Inflorescence: length (mm)								
Mean	19.67	47.37	46.20	44.07				
Std. Deviation	1.75	4.28	2.85	3.60				
Lsd/sig	3.40	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01				

Nil

Description: D.S. Loch (Alexandra Hills, QLD) & C.M. Zorin (Birkdale, QLD)

Details of Application	
Application Number	2016/165
Variety Name	'ZMM-018'
Genus Species	Zovsia macrantha
Common Name	Prickly Couch
Accepted Date	28 Jul 2016
Applicant	GeneGro Pty Ltd. Alexandra Hills, OLD
Oualified Person	Dr Donald S. Loch
<u>(</u>	
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Birkdale, QLD, Australia (Latitude 27°30'S, longitude
	153°14'E, elevation 18 masl)
Descriptor	PBR ZOYS
Period	16 Dec 2016 – 19 May 2017
Conditions	Vegetative plugs established in 95 x 95 mm pots from Aug
	2016; planted into a red volcanic (krasnozem or ferrosol) soil
	on 16 Dec 2016; 662 kg/ha of blended fertiliser (N:P:K:S =
	15.1:4.4:11.5:13.6) applied at planting on 16 Dec 2016 to
	give 100 kg N, 29 kg P, 76 kg K, and 90 kg S per hectare;
	weed control by pendimethalin (Stomp 440) applied at
	planting on 16 Dec 2016; supplementary trickle irrigation
	applied as required to maintain unstressed growth.
Trial Design	30 plants of each of 4 Zoysia macrantha cultivars ('ZMM-
	018', 'ZMW-019', 'MAC03', 'LSA01') plus 2 additional
	Zoysia japonica cultivars not reported arranged in 6
	randomised blocks with 5 plants per plot in a single row
	along a single trickle irrigation line; 1.0 m between plants, 1.5
	m between rows.
Measurements	Observations of flowering behaviour ongoing throughout the
	trial. Maximum spread measured on 3 Apr 2017 (108 days
	after field planting) and plant height measured on 10 Apr
	2017 (115 days after field planting). Stolon characteristics at
	4th visible node and internode measured on 7-8 Apr 2017.
	Measurements on the 4th fully expanded leaf on vegetative
	tillers made on 19 May 2017. Fertile tiller characteristics
	(culms, flag and 4th leaves, stems, inflorescences) measured
	19 May 2017. One measurement per plant made for all
	attributes. Analyses of variance (ANOVAs) conducted with
	Genstat Release 12; differences significant at the 1% level
	quantified using Fisher's protected LSDs.
RHS Chart - edition	2007 (5th edition)

'ZMM-018' was selected from a breeding population of c. 100 Zoysia macrantha subsp. macrantha seedling plants assembled from 36 collection sites from central Queensland through to Melbourne (VIC) in 2002-05. The original plants were vegetatively propagated and evaluated first in pots. Promising medium-fine textured genotypes were identified, originating from a site in northern NSW and additional plants from that general area added to the breeding collection. From this, 'ZMM-018'

was selected based on its turf quality and density together with low thatch development, its medium- textured turf with long, soft leaves, and its attractive blue green colour. Field plantings at Sheldon and Cleveland (QLD) confirmed its low mowing requirements when evaluated with a range of exotic *Zoysia japonica* and *Z. matrella* cultivars and experimental lines and compared against *Cynodon* spp., *Digitaria didactyla* and other warm-season turfgrass standards. 'ZMM-018' was selected for release on the basis of its attractive blue-green turf colour, its soft leaves, its low thatch development, and its turf quality and density under mowing together with its low mowing requirement as shown consistently throughout the 10-year trial period. Its drought tolerance and recovery relative to exotic *Zoysia* spp. at Alexandra Hills (QLD) has also been outstanding. 'ZMM-018' differs from other *Z. macrantha* subsp. *macrantha* genotypes in terms of their variable leaf colour (usually paler blue-green), medium to coarse turf texture, lower tiller density, and their stiffer, less pliable leaves. Breeder: Dr Donald S. Loch

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Leaf	leaf blade presence of hairs upper side	absent

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name Comments					
'MAC03'	application no. 2007/275; granted 16 Dec 2008				
'LSA01' application no. 2015/311; granted 29 Oct 2018					
'ZMW-019' another candidate Zoysia macrantha variety (applicati					
no. 2016/166)					

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ZMM-018'	'LSA01'	'MAC03'	'ZMW-019'
Plant: height	very tall	medium to tall	medium to tall	medium to tall
Plant: width	very broad	broad	broad	medium
Plant: density	dense	dense	dense	very dense
Stolon: nodes	compound	compound	compound	compound
Stolon: number of subtending leaves (compound nodes only)	three	three	three	three
Stolon: number of branches	medium	medium	many	very many
Stolon: length of internode	long to very long	long to very long	medium to long	short
Stolon : width of internode	medium	broad to very broad	broad to very broad	narrow
Stolon: colour where exposed to the sun (RHS)	59B(-C)	59A	59A	59A

Stolon: anthocyanin coloration of leaf sheath	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	weak	weak
Stolon: length of outer leaf sheath	medium	long	long	short to medium
Stolon: hairiness of leaf sheath	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: length	long	long to very long	medium to long	short
Culm: width	broad to very broad	broad to very broad	broad to very broad	narrow to medium
Culm: node pubescence	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: stem pubescence	absent	absent	absent	absent
Culm: flag leaf sheath length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long	short
Culm: flag leaf blade length	medium	medium	short to medium	very short to short
Culm: flag leaf blade width	very narrow	very narrow	very narrow	very narrow
Culm: flag leaf blade shape	linear triangular	linear triangular	linear triangular	linear triangular
Culm: leaf sheath length (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	medium	medium to long	medium	short
Culm: leaf blade length (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long	short
Culm: leaf blade width (3rd leaf fertile tiller)	medium to broad	broad	medium to broad	narrow
Culm: leaf sheath length (vgetative tiller)	medium to long	medium to long	short	short
Culm: leaf blade length (vegetative tiller)	very long	long	medium	short
Culm: leaf blade width (vegetative tiller)	medium	broad	medium	narrow
Culm: leaf blade shape (vegetative tiller)	linear	linear	linear	linear
Leaf: leaf blade shape of apex	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute	narrow acute
Leaf: colour (RHS)	137B	138A	137B	137A
Leaf: leaf sheath prescence of hairs	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: leaf blade presence of hairs upper side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf : leaf blade presence of hairs lower side	absent	absent	absent	absent
Leaf: leaf blade margin	smooth	smooth	smooth	smooth
Leaf: ligule	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs	fringe of hairs

	Leaf: density of ligule hairs	medium	medium	medium	medium
	Leaf: length of ligule hairs	long	medium	medium	long
>	Peduncle: length	very long	long to very long	medium to long	short
>	Peduncle: width	medium	medium	medium to broad	narrow
>	Inflorescence: spikelet density	sparse to medium	sparse	medium	dense
~	Inflorescence: length	long	very long	long to very long	short
>	Inflorescence: number of spikelets	many	many	very many	few
	Spikelet: stigma colour	white	white	white	white
	Spikelet: presence of awn	absent	absent	absent	absent
•	Flower: time of flowering	Oct-Apr	Oct-Apr	Oct-Apr	Apr-Oct

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG						
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'ZMM-018'	'LSA01'	'MAC03'	'ZMW-019'		
Leaf: leaf blade vernation	rolled	rolled	rolled	rolled		
Statistical Tabla						
Statistical Table	(7MM 010)			17MW 0101		
Organ/Plant Part: Context		LSAUI	MACUS	ZIVI VV-019		
Plant: maximum height of sward	l 115 days after p	lanting (mm)				
Mean	300.95	205.00	180.67	203.67		
Std. Deviation	47.00	49.53	51.26	23.11		
Lsd/sig	54.70	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Plant: maximum diameter of lateral spread 108 days after planting (cm)						
Mean	208.33	168.63	169.47	143.43		
Std. Deviation	31.47	25.61	33.97	15.73		
Lsd/sig	27.60	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stolon: total number of branches	s on nodes 2-6	-	-			
Mean	8.10	10.03	7.97	12.37		
Std. Deviation	1.73	1.69	1.79	2.28		
Lsd/sig	1.30	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01		
Stolon: length of internode #4 (r	nm)		•			
Mean	57.90	55.63	46.20	30.93		
Std. Deviation	5.37	6.31	5.09	3.60		
Lsd/sig	3.93	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stolon: diameter of internode #4(mm)						
Mean	1.55	1.99	2.00	1.30		
Std. Deviation	0.17	0.17	0.33	0.08		
Lsd/sig	0.15	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
Stolon: length of outer leaf sheat	h at node #4 (mr	n)				
Mean	12.77	14.30	14.00	11.93		

Std. Deviation	1.55	1.86	2.05	1.55			
Lsd/sig	1.40	P≤0.01	ns	ns			
Vegetative tiller: length of sheath on 4th leaf (mm)							
Mean	42.43	40.37	30.87	31.27			
Std. Deviation	6.94	5.70	5.21	6.36			
Lsd/sig	7.00	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Vegetative tiller: length of blade o	n 4th leaf (mm)						
Mean	175.33	145.50	119.77	85.83			
Std. Deviation	18.86	30.12	19.79	14.99			
Lsd/sig	20.00	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Vegetative tiller: width of blade or	n 4th leaf (mm)						
Mean	3.38	3.75	3.36	1.80			
Std. Deviation	0.34	0.47	0.45	0.21			
Lsd/sig	0.29	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01			
Vegetative tiller: length:width ratio	o of blade on 4th	leaf					
Mean	52.50	39.54	36.32	48.20			
Std. Deviation	9.04	10.12	8.47	10.11			
Lsd/sig	6.73	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	ns			
Fertile tiller: length (mm)							
Mean	220.00	252.70	201.07	169.83			
Std. Deviation	32.70	28.59	21.86	24.36			
Lsd/sig	29.80	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01			
Fertile tiller: length of internode #	2 (mm)						
Mean	25.10	45.80	30.83	16.90			
Std. Deviation	7.16	16.85	7.73	2.38			
Lsd/sig	12.90	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01			
Fertile tiller: diameter of internode	e #2 (mm)						
Mean	0.97	1.00	0.93	0.58			
Std. Deviation	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.09			
Lsd/sig	0.11	ns	ns	P≤0.01			
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on fl	ag leaf (mm)						
Mean	58.97	69.17	61.37	28.87			
Std. Deviation	6.78	11.30	4.78	3.47			
Lsd/sig	7.10	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	P≤0.01			
Fertile tiller: length of flag leaf bla	de (mm)						
Mean	13.37	14.07	10.17	3.07			
Std. Deviation	9.20	7.74	6.15	1.62			
Lsd/sig	5.30	ns	ns	P <u>≤0.01</u>			
Fertile tiller: length of sheath on 3rd leaf (mm)							
Mean	29.87	31.77	29.50	22.23			
Std. Deviation	4.53	5.01	5.14	3.19			
Lsd/sig	4.00	ns	ns	P ≤ 0.01			
Fertile tiller: length of blade on 3rd leaf (mm)							

Mean	69.63	64.47	66.67	43.63
Std. Deviation	15.14	15.82	13.09	8.95
Lsd/sig	13.20	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: width of blade on 31	d leaf (mm)			
Mean	3.39	3.54	3.41	1.73
Std. Deviation	0.39	0.41	0.37	0.21
Lsd/sig	0.26	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Fertile tiller: length:width ratio o	f blade on 3rd lea	af		
Mean	20.71	18.35	19.70	25.56
Std. Deviation	4.64	4.67	4.23	5.67
Lsd/sig	4.20	ns	ns	P≤0.01
Peduncle: length (mm)				
Mean	176.90	163.07	122.17	63.40
Std. Deviation	26.66	26.46	14.53	10.86
Lsd/sig	16.40	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01
Peduncle: diameter (mm)				
Mean	0.78	0.80	0.83	0.59
Std. Deviation	0.08	0.10	0.09	0.07
Lsd/sig	0.18	ns	ns	P≤0.01
✓ Inflorescence: length (mm)				
Mean	44.07	47.37	46.20	19.67
Std. Deviation	3.60	4.28	2.85	1.75
Lsd/sig	3.40	P≤0.01	ns	P≤0.01
Inflorescence: number of spikelet	S			
Mean	40.40	41.02	45.50	26.30
Std. Deviation	4.40	4.63	2.96	2.31
Lsd/sig	3.40	ns	P≤0.01	P≤0.01

Nil

Description: D.S. Loch (Alexandra Hills, QLD) & C.M. Zorin (Birkdale, QLD)

Details of Application	
Application Number	2018/056
Variety Name	'GRAflr'
Genus Species	<i>Rosa</i> hybrid
Common Name	Rose
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	05 Apr 2018
Applicant	John C. Gray, Sylvia E. Gray, Highfields, QLD
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	John Gray
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD
Location Descriptor	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.)
Location Descriptor Period	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019
Location Descriptor Period Conditions	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019 Trial was grown in 20cm pots under full sunlight. Industry standard plant husbandry techniques including watering, fertilising, pruning and fungal pathogen control were carried out for the duration of the trial, such that healthy plants were produced which expressed their phenotypic traits fully.
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019 Trial was grown in 20cm pots under full sunlight. Industry standard plant husbandry techniques including watering, fertilising, pruning and fungal pathogen control were carried out for the duration of the trial, such that healthy plants were produced which expressed their phenotypic traits fully. Six pots of Candidate and Comparator variety grown side by side.
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design Measurements	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019 Trial was grown in 20cm pots under full sunlight. Industry standard plant husbandry techniques including watering, fertilising, pruning and fungal pathogen control were carried out for the duration of the trial, such that healthy plants were produced which expressed their phenotypic traits fully. Six pots of Candidate and Comparator variety grown side by side. In accordance with UPOV TG

Controlled pollination: In August 2015, seed was sown from a directed cross between two breeding lines. In December these seedlings flowered for the first timeand the variety was selected on the basis of flower colour and fragrance. Cuttings were taken (Gen 1) to test propagation potential and further test horticultural traits. Four more generations of cuttings were taken between April 2016 and March 2017 and the variety has been uniform and stable for the traits it was selected. Breeder: John C. Gray, Sylvia E. Gray, Highfields, QLD.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour group	yellow
Flower	number of colours on inner side	two
Flower	type	double
Flower	diameter	small to medium
Plant	growth type	bed

<u>Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)</u>			
Name	Comments		
'Golden Tiger'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments	
	Characteristics		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'Flower	plant	growth	bed	ground cover	excluded from	
Carpet		habit			side by side	
Coral'					comparison	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GRAflr'	'Golden Tiger'
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed
Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	semi upright	intermediate
Plant: height	medium	short to medium
Young shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
Voung shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	weak	-
Stem: number of prickles	many	medium
Prickles: predominant colour	yellowish	greenish
Leaf: size	small to medium	medium
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium to dark	light
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	absent
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	strong	weak
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	weak to medium	medium
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	ovate	ovate
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	obtuse	acute
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	medium	many
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	medium	many
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	medium ovate	broad ovate
Flower: type	double	double
✓ *Flower: number of petals	few to medium	medium to many
Flower: colour group	yellow blend	yellow blend
Flower: colour of the centre	yellow	yellow
Flower: density of petals	loose	loose to medium
Flower: diameter	small to medium	medium
Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded

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	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	*Flower: profile of lower part	flat	flat
	Flower: fragrance	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Sepal: extensions	absent or very weak	medium
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	medium
>	Petal: undulation	weak	medium
	*Petal: size	small to medium	medium
	*Petal: length	short to medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	two	two
	*Petal: intensity of colour	even	even
>	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	12A	9A
[col	*Petal: secondary colour (varieties with two or more lours on inner side of petal only) (RHS Colour Chart)	45B	36A
 ✓ (va 	*Petal: distribution of secondary colour on inner side rieties with two or more colours on inner side of petal)	at marginal zone	as segments or stripes
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	medium to large	medium to large
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	orange yellow	medium yellow
>	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	14B	16D
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow
	Seed vessel: size	small to medium	medium
	Hip: shape in longitudinal section	pitcher-shaped	pitcher-shaped
	Hip: colour	green	green

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG					
Organ/Plant Part: Contex	'GRAflr'	'Golden Tiger'			
Black Spot Disease (Disease)	plocarpon roseae): field resistance	very strong	strong		
powderry mildew: field	resistance	very strong	very strong		
plant: vigour		very strong	very strong		

First sold in Australia in April 2017.

Description: John Gray, Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD

Details of Application	
Application Number	2018/055
Variety Name	'GRAosr'
Genus Species	<i>Rosa</i> hybrid
Common Name	Rose
Synonym	Nil
Accepted Date	05 Apr 2018
Applicant	John C. Gray, Sylvia E. Gray, Highfields, QLD.
Agent	N/A
Qualified Person	John Gray
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD
Location Descriptor	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.)
Location Descriptor Period	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019
Location Descriptor Period Conditions	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019 Trial was grown in 20cm pots under full sunlight. Industry standard plant husbandry techniques including watering, fertilising, pruning and fungal pathogen control were carried out for the duration of the trial, such that healthy plants were produced which expressed their phenotypic traits fully.
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019 Trial was grown in 20cm pots under full sunlight. Industry standard plant husbandry techniques including watering, fertilising, pruning and fungal pathogen control were carried out for the duration of the trial, such that healthy plants were produced which expressed their phenotypic traits fully. Six pots of Candidate and Comparator variety grown side by side.
Location Descriptor Period Conditions Trial Design Measurements	Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD Rose (UPOV TG/11/8 Rev.) Apr 2018 -Feb 2019 Trial was grown in 20cm pots under full sunlight. Industry standard plant husbandry techniques including watering, fertilising, pruning and fungal pathogen control were carried out for the duration of the trial, such that healthy plants were produced which expressed their phenotypic traits fully. Six pots of Candidate and Comparator variety grown side by side. In accordance with UPOV TG

Controlled pollination: In August 2015, seed was sown from a directed cross between two breeding lines. In December these seedlings flowered for the first timeand the variety was selected on the basis of flower colour and fragrance. Cuttings were taken (Gen 1) to test propagation potential and further test horticultural traits. Four more generations of cuttings were taken between April 2016 and March 2017 and the variety has been uniform and stable for the traits it was selected. Breeder: John C. Gray, Sylvia E. Gray, Highfields, QLD.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Flower	colour group	red
Flower	type	double
Flower	diameter	medium
Flower	number of colours on inner side	one
Plant	growth type	bed

<u>Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)</u>			
Name	Comments		
'Camp David'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	ty Distinguishing		State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments	
	Characteristics		Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety		
'Flower	plant	growth	bed	ground cover	excluded from	
Carpet Red'		habit			side by side	
					comparison	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'GRAosr'	'Camp David'	
*Plant: growth type	bed	bed	
✓ *Plant: growth habit (excluding varieties with growth type climber)	semi upright	upright	
Plant: height	medium	medium to tall	
Voung shoot: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	
Voung shoot: intensity of anthocyanin colouration	medium to strong	medium to strong	
Stem: number of prickles	few to medium	medium	
Prickles: predominant colour	yellowish	yellowish	
Leaf: size	medium	medium to large	
Leaf: intensity of green colour	dark	medium	
Leaf: anthocyanin colouration	present	present	
*Leaf: glossiness of upper side	weak	weak to medium	
*Leaflet: undulation of margin	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	
*Terminal leaflet: shape of blade	medium elliptic	ovate	
Terminal leaflet: shape of base of blade	acute	rounded	
Terminal leaflet: shape of apex of blade	acute	acute	
Flowering shoot: flowering laterals	present	present	
Flowering shoot: number of flowering laterals	few	few	
Flowering shoot: number of flowers per lateral (varieties with flowering laterals only)	few	few	
Flower bud: shape in longitudinal section	broad ovate	broad ovate	
*Flower: type	double	double	
✓ *Flower: number of petals	medium	many	
*Flower: colour group	red	red	
Flower: colour of the centre	red	red	
Flower: density of petals	medium	medium to dense	
*Flower: diameter	medium	medium to large	
Flower: shape	irregularly rounded	irregularly rounded	
	Flower: profile of upper part	flattened convex	flattened convex
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	*Flower: profile of lower part	flattened convex	flattened convex
	Flower: fragrance	strong	strong
	*Sepal: extensions	weak	weak
	Petals: reflexing of petals one-by-one	present	present
	*Petal: shape	obovate	obovate
	Petal: incisions	weak	weak to medium
	Petal: reflexing of margin	medium	medium
	Petal: undulation	weak	weak to medium
	*Petal: size	small to medium	medium
	*Petal: length	short to medium	medium
	*Petal: width	medium	medium to broad
	*Petal: number of colours on inner side	one	one
	*Petal: intensity of colour	lighter towards the top	even
>	*Petal: main colour on the inner side (RHS Colour Chart)	42A	45B
	*Petal: basal spot on the inner side	present	present
>	*Petal: size of basal spot on inner side	small to medium	very small to small
	*Petal: colour of basal spot on inner side	medium yellow	medium yellow
~	*Petal: main colour on the outer side (RHS Colour Chart)	36D	45B
	Outer stamen: predominant colour of filament	medium yellow	medium yellow

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'GRAosr' 'Camp David'				
Black spot disease (<i>diplocarpon roseae</i>): field resistance	medium	very weak		
Powderry mildew: field resistance	strong	strong		
Plant: vigour	medium	medium		

First sold in Australia in April 2017.

Description: John Gray, Brindabella Gardens Nursery, Highfields, QLD

Details of Application	
Application Number	2017/132
Variety Name	'Bonpoiakani'
Genus Species	Euphorbia pulcherrima
Common Name	Poinsettia
Accepted Date	27 Jun 2017
Applicant	Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW
Agent	Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Yellow Rock, NSW
Qualified Person	Tim Angus
Details of Comparative	e Trial
Location	Yellow Rock, NSW, Australia
Descriptor	TG/24/6
Period	July 2018 -October 2018
Conditions	Comparative Trial grown in indoor conditions at Yellow Rock with rooted cuttings propagated at Yellow Rock and potted into 125 mm standard pots in commercial potting mix; nutrients supplied by slow release and liquid feed fertiliser application; plant protection sprays applied as required.
Trial Design	Plants grown in separate blocks side by side
Measurements	As per UPOV guidelines
RHS Chart - edition	2001

Controlled pollination: 'Bonpoiakani' was first selected from seedlings from the controlled pollination between *Euphorbia pulcherrima* proprietary selection 524 (female parent) and *Euphorbia pulcherrima* proprietary selection 397 (pollen parent) on 10th November. It was propagated for the first time, vegetatively, in November 2009. Since this time many generations of vegetative propagation have occurred during DUS testing and production trials with no off-types being observed. Breeder: Dr. Andrew Bernuetz.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Bract	single colour		group 5 red
Most Similar Varieties of C	ommon Kno	wledge iden	tified (VCK)
Name		Comments	
'Prestige Red'			
'Eckalix'			
'Freedom Red'			
'Diva Red'			
'Eckada'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	n Comments	
'Eckalix'	Leaf blade	length	short to medium	very short to short	
'Eckalix'	Leaf blade	width	medium	narrow	
'Freedom Red'	Plant	width	narrow	medium	
'Diva red'	stem	intensity of anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	medium	
'Eckada'	plant	height	very short to short	medium	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Or	gan/Plant Part: Context	'Bonpoiakani'	'Prestige Red'
	*Plant: branching	present	present
	*Plant: number of branches	very few	very few to few
	*Plant: height	very short	short
>	Plant: width	narrow	medium
	*Stem: intensity of green colour on middle third	strong	strong
	*Stem: intensity of anthocyanin colouration of middle third	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
	*Stem: anthocyanin colouration on upper third	absent or weak	absent or weak
	*Leaf blade: length	short to medium	short to medium
	*Leaf blade: width	medium	medium
	Leaf blade: shape	ovate	ovate
	*Leaf blade: number of colours on upper side	one	one
Col	*Leaf blade: intensity of green colour (varieties with one- oured leaves only)	strong to very strong	strong to very strong
	Leaf blade: colour of main vein on upper side	green and red	green and red
	Leaf blade: number of lobes	none or few	none or few
	Leaf blade: depth of deepest sinus	very shallow	very shallow to shallow
	Leaf blade: curvature of main vein	absent or weak	absent or weak
>	*Petiole: length	very short to short	short to medium
	Petiole: intensity of green colour on upper side	very weak	very weak
	Petiole: anthocyanin colouration on upper side	medium to strong	medium to strong
	*Petiole: anthocyanin coloration on lower side	medium	medium
	*Transitional leaves: number of partly bract-colored leaf	very few	very few

blades		
*Transitional leaves: number of fully bract-coloured leaf blades	few to medium	few to medium
*Transitional leaves: lobing	absent or weak	absent or weak
Transitional leaves: curvature along main vein of fully bract-colored leaf blades	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Bract: number	medium	few to medium
*Largest bract: length (including petiole)	short	short
*Largest bract: width (including petiole)	very narrow	very narrow to narrow
*Bract: number of colours of upper side	one	one
✓ *Bract: colour of upper side (varieties with one colored bracts only) (RHS Colour Chart)	Red, new, near RHS 45B; mature between RHS 46A and 46B	Red, new deeper than RHS 53A; mature RHS 53A to 53B
Bract: spotting of upper side	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
✓ *Bract: colour of lower side (varieties with one colored bracts only) (RHS Colour Chart)	Red, new, near RHS 47B; mature near RHS 47B	Red, new, near 53A to 53B; mature RHS 53A to 53B
Bract: folding along the main vein	absent	absent
Bract: twisting	absent	absent
Bract: rugosity between veins	absent or very weak	absent or very weak
Cyme: width	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
*Cyathium: size of glands	small	small
*Cyathium: main colour of gland	yellow	yellow
Cyathium: deformation of glands	absent	absent

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG				
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'Bonpoiakani' 'Prestige Red'				
Largest bract: shape	ovate to elliptic	obovate		
Leaf blade: shape of base	wedge shaped to rounded	wedge shaped to rounded		

Nil

Description: Tim Angus, Lower Hutt, Wellington NZ

Details of Application		
Application Number	2015/222	
Variety Name	'Grenada'	
Genus Species	Fragaria × ananassa	
Common Name	Strawberry	
Synonym	C232	
Accepted Date	11 Oct 2016	
Applicant	The Regents of the University of California, California, USA	
Agent	Leslie W. Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC	
Qualified Person	Leslie Mitchell	
Details of Comparativ	<u>e Trial</u>	
Overseas Testing	CPVO	
Authority		
Overseas Data	2014/3082	
Reference Number		
Location DGAV-DVS Portugal		
Descriptor TG/22/10		
Period 2016/2017		
Measurements	As per TG/22/10	

Controlled pollination: 'Grenada' was the result of a cross performed in 2008 between two unreleased germplasm accessions 'Cal 4.41-6' and 'Cal 5.109-2'. Accession 'Cal 4.41-6' was chosen as a parent due to its high seasonal productivity, high fruit quality and moderate plant vigour. Accession 'Cal 5.109-2' was chosen as a parent due to its very high early productivity and its large and flavourful fruit. 'Grenada' was first fruited at the University of California Wolfskill Experimental Orchard, near Winters CA in 2009, where it was selected and designated 'Cal 8.55-2'. Runners were propagated for further evaluations and selection and designated as 'C322'. After several years of further testing at Watsonville CA, the variety was designated as 'Grenada' for the purpose of introduction into commerce and for international registration and recognition. Throughout the years of testing at Watsonville CA, and to a limited extent in grower fields, the new variety has remained uniform and stable in its essential characteristics. Breeders: Douglas. V. Shaw and Kirk. D. Larsen, The Regents of the University of California, California, USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of	
		Varieties	
Plant	growth habit	semi upright	
Petal	colour of upper side	white	
Fruit	size	medium	
Fruit	shape	conical	
Fruit	colour	medium red	
Plant	type of bearing	not remontant	

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name	Comments			
'Benicia'				
'Palomar'				

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Grenada'	'Benicia'	'Palomar'
*Plant: growth habit	semi-upright	upright	
Plant: density of foliage	dense	medium	
Plant: vigour	strong	medium	
*Plant: position of inflorescence in relation to foliage	above	same level	
*Plant: number of stolons	medium		
Stolon: anthocyanin colouration	strong	medium	weak
Stolon: density of pubescence	medium		
Leaf: size	medium		
Leaf: colour of upper side	medium green		
*Leaf: blistering	strong		
*Leaf: glossiness	medium		
Leaf: variegation	absent		
*Terminal leaflet:: length in relation to width	moderately longer		
*Terminal leaflet: shape of base	acute		obtuse
Terminal leaflet: margin	crenate		
Terminal leaflet: shape in cross section	straight		
Petiole: length	medium		
Petiole: attitude of hairs	horizontal		
Stipule: anthocyanin colouration	strong		
Inflorescence: number of flowers	few		
Pedicel: attitude of hairs	slightly outwards		
Flower: diameter	medium	large	
*Flower: arrangement of petals	overlapping		
✓ *Flower: size of calyx in relation to corolla	same size	larger	
Flower: stamen	present		
Petal: length in relation to width	moderately shorter		

*Petal: colour of upper side	white		
*Fruit: length in relation to width	moderately longer		equal
▼ *Fruit: size	medium	large	
*Fruit: shape	conical		
Fruit: difference in shape of terminal and other fruits	none or very slight		
*Fruit: colour	medium red		
Fruit: evenness of colour	even or very slightly uneven		
Fruit: glossiness	medium		
Fruit: evenness of surface	slightly uneven		even or very slightly uneven
Fruit: width of band without achenes	absent or very narrow	narrow	
□ *Fruit: position of achenes	below surface		
Fruit: position of calyx attachment	level with fruit		
Fruit: attitude of sepals	upwards		
Fruit: diameter of calyx in relation to diameter of fruit	slightly larger	much larger	same size
Fruit: adherence of calyx	strong		
Fruit: firmness	medium		
Fruit: colour of flesh (excluding core)	light red		
Fruit: colour of core	medium red		
Fruit: cavity	absent or small		
*Time of: beginning of flowering	early		
Time of: beginning of fruit ripening	early		
*Type of: bearing	not remontant		

Country	Year
USA	2014
EU	2014

Status Granted Granted **Name Applied** 'Grenada' 'Grenada'

First sold in USA in Feb 2014

Description: Leslie W. Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC.

Details of Application			
Application Number	2015/202		
Variety Name	'Fronteras'		
Genus Species	Fragaria × ananassa		
Common Name	Strawberry		
Synonym	C235		
Accepted Date	11 Oct 2016		
Applicant	The Regents of the University of California, California, USA		
Agent	Leslie W. Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC		
Qualified Person	Leslie Mitchell		
Details of Comparativ	<u>ve Trial</u>		
Overseas Testing	CPVO		
Authority			
Overseas Data	2014/3084		
Reference Number			
Location	DGAV-DVS Portugal		
Descriptor	TG/22/10		
Period	2016 - 2017		
Measurements	As per TG/22/10		

Controlled pollination: 'Fronteras' is the result of a cross, completed in 2008, between two unreleased germplasm accessions; 'Cal 4.18-4' and 'Cal 5.165-1'. Accession 'Cal 4.18-4' was chosen as a parent due to its very high early productivity, large and high quality fruit and moderate plant vigour. Accession 'Cal 5.165-1' was chosen as a parent due to its vigorous but open plant habit, large and flavourful fruit and extended productivity. 'Fronteras' was first fruited at the University of California South Coast Research and Extension Centre near Irvine in California in 2008, where it was selected and designated 'Cal 8.132.608'.It was then propagated asexually by runners for further evaluation. Following selection and during testing it was designated 'C235'. Asexual propagules from this original source have been tested in California at the Watsonville Strawberry Research Facility, the South Coast Research and Extension facility and to a limited extent in grower fields from 2010. The cultivar is stable and reproduces true to type in successive generations of asexual production. Breeders: Douglas. V. Shaw and Kirk. D. Larsen, The Regents of the University of California, California, USA

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Plant	growth habit	upright
Petal	colour of the upper side	white
Fruit	size	large
Fruit	shape	conical
Fruit	colour	orange red
Plant	type of bearing	not remontant

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Palomar'			
'Benicia'			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Fronteras'	'Benicia'	'Palomar'
✓ *Plant: growth habit	upright		semi-upright
Plant: density of foliage	dense	medium	
Plant: vigour	strong	medium	
*Plant: position of inflorescence in relation to foliage	above	same level	
✓ *Plant: number of stolons	absent or very few	medium	
Stolon: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak		weak
Stolon: density of pubescence	sparse		
Leaf: size	medium		
Leaf: colour of upper side	light green	medium green	
✓ *Leaf: blistering	medium	strong	
*Leaf: glossiness	medium		
Leaf: variegation	absent		
*Terminal leaflet:: length in relation to width	moderately longer		
*Terminal leaflet: shape of base	acute		obtuse
Terminal leaflet: margin	crenate		
Terminal leaflet: shape in cross section	straight	concave	
Petiole: length	long		
Petiole: attitude of hairs	horizontal		
Stipule: anthocyanin colouration	very strong	absent or very weak	
Inflorescence: number of flowers	many	medium	
Pedicel: attitude of hairs	horizontal		
Flower: diameter	large		medium
*Flower: arrangement of petals	overlapping		
Flower: size of calyx in relation to corolla	same size		
*Flower: stamen	present		
Petal: length in relation to width	equal		

	*Petal: colour of upper side	white		
~	*Fruit: length in relation to width	moderately longer		equal
	*Fruit: size	large		
	*Fruit: shape	conical		
and	Fruit: difference in shape of terminal other fruits	none or very slight		
	*Fruit: colour	orange red		
	Fruit: evenness of colour	even or very slightly uneven		
	Fruit: glossiness	strong		
	Fruit: evenness of surface	even or very slightly uneven		
>	Fruit: width of band without achenes	absent or very narrow	narrow	
	*Fruit: position of achenes	below surface		
	Fruit: position of calyx attachment	inserted		
	Fruit: attitude of sepals	upwards		
✓ dia:	Fruit: diameter of calyx in relation to meter of fruit	slightly larger	much larger	same size
	Fruit: adherence of calyx	strong		
	Fruit: firmness	very firm		
	Fruit: colour of flesh (excluding core)	medium red		
	Fruit: colour of core	light red		
	Fruit: cavity	large		
	*Time of: beginning of flowering	very early		
	Time of: beginning of fruit ripening	very early		
	*Type of: bearing	not remontant		

Country	Year
USA	2014
EU	2014

Status Granted Granted Name Applied 'Fronteras' 'Fronteras'

First sold in USA in Feb 2014

Description: Leslie W. Mitchell, Shepparton, VIC.

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/248
Variety Name	'VILLA11'
Genus Species	Citrus sinensis
Common Name	Sweet Orange
Synonym	
Accepted Date	02 Oct 2015
Applicant	Frank Mercuri, Domenic Mercuri, Frank Nardi, Michael Nardi, Joe Nardi; Leeton, NSW 2705, Australia
Agent	Variety Access Pty Ltd, Torbanlea, QLD 4662
Qualified Person	Susan Chislett
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	NSW Department of Primary Industries, Dareton, NSW
Descriptor	Oranges TG/202/1
Period	2017/18
Conditions	NSW Department of Primary Industries evaluation site at Dareton in the Sunraysia region. Established blocks of 'Kirkwood Red' and 'Cara Cara' are planted nearby under the same irrigation and management system. Trees are planted on deep undulating sandy loam soil with a north facing aspect which traditionally is not advantageous to holding fruit late in the season.
Trial Design	Trees of several generations were planted side by side within the same row. All tree and fruit characteristics were consistent across all generations.
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV guide line
RHS Chart - edition	Sixth Edition (2015)

Spontaneous mutation or sport: 'Villa 11' was first discovered as a whole tree mutation of 'Cara Cara' (not protected) in a cultivated commercial orchard at Leeton, New South Wales, Australia in 2015. It was observed that the fruit on the parent tree coloured approximately six weeks later than any other fruit on other trees in the block. Subsequently, daughter trees were grafted onto Trifoliata rootstock at the NSW Department of Primary Industries, Dareton, NSW. Breeders: Frank Mercuri, Domenic Mercuri, Frank Nardi, Michael Nardi, Joe Nardi, Leeton, NSW 2705, Australia

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar			
Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Fruit	type	navel	
Fruit	main colour of flesh	orange red	

Fruit	length		short to medium	
Fruit	diameter		small to medium	
Fruit surface	predomin	ant colour	medium orange	
Fruit	presence	of navel	always present	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name		Comments		
'Cara Cara'	Seedless, red fl		Seedless, red flesh, earliest red flesh navel	
'Kirkwood Red'	Seedless, red flesh, 4 weeks later maturing than 'Cara Cara'			

Variety Description and Distinctness -	Characteristics wh	nich distinguish the	candidate from	
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'VILLA11'	'Cara Cara'	'Kirkwood Red'
Ploidy:	diploid	diploid	diploid
*Tree: growth habit	drooping	drooping	drooping
Tree: density of spines	absent or sparse	absent or sparse	absent or sparse
Tree: length of spines	very short	very short	very short
Leaf blade: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long
Leaf blade: width	medium to broad	medium to broad	medium to broad
Leaf blade: ratio length/width	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: shape in cross section	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
Leaf blade: twisting	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: blistering	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: green colour	medium	medium	medium
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Leaf blade: incisions of margin	absent	absent	absent
Leaf blade: shape of apex	acute	acute	acute
Leaf blade: emargination at tip	absent	absent	absent
Petiole: length	very short to short	very short to short	very short to short
Petiole: presence of wings	present	present	present
Petiole: width of wings (varieties with petiole wings present only)	very narrow	very narrow	very narrow

*Fruit: length	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium
*Fruit: diameter	small to medium	small to medium	small to medium
*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	medium	medium	medium
*Fruit: position of broadest part	at middle	at middle	at middle
Fruit: general shape of proximal part	slightly rounded	slightly rounded	slightly rounded
*Fruit: presence of depression at stalk end (varieties without fruit neck only)	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: depth of depression at stalk end (varieties without fruit neck only)	shallow	shallow	shallow
Fruit: number of radial grooves at stalk end	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate
Fruit: length of radial grooves at stalk end	short to medium	short to medium	short to medium
Fruit: presence of collar	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: general shape of distal part	flattened	flattened	flattened
*Fruit: presence of depression at distal end	absent	absent	absent
*Fruit: presence of areola	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: presence of navel opening	always present	always present	always present
Fruit: diameter of navel opening	very small	very small	very small
Fruit: bulging of navel	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
Fruit: presence of radial grooves at distal end	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: colour variegation	absent	absent	absent
*Fruit surface: predominant colour(s)	medium orange	medium orange	medium orange
Fruit surface: roughness	smooth to medium	smooth to medium	smooth to medium
Fruit surface: size of oil glands	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size	all more or less the same size
Fruit surface: size of larger oil glands	small to medium	small to medium	small to medium

Fruit surface: conspicuousness of larger oil glands	very weak	very weak	very weak
*Fruit rind: thickness	thin to medium	thin to medium	thin to medium
Fruit rind: strength	medium to strong	medium to strong	medium to strong
Fruit: colour of albedo	light yellow	light yellow	light yellow
Fruit: differently coloured specks in flesh	absent	absent	absent
Fruit: bicoloured segments	absent	absent	absent
*Fruit: main colour of flesh	orange red	orange red	orange red
*Fruit: presence of navel (viewed internally)	always present	always present	always present
Fruit: juiciness	high	medium to high	high
*Seed: polyembryony	absent	absent	absent
*Time of: maturity of fruit for consumption	late	medium	medium to late
*Fruit: parthenocarpy	present	present	present

Statistical Table			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'VILLA11'	'Cara Cara'	'Kirkwood Red'
Juice: Acid/sugar ratio			
Mean	12.03	47.09	50.64
Std. Deviation	3.48	3.70	2.66
Lsd/sig			
Juice: % juice			
Mean	50.38 %	47.09 %	50.64 %
Std. Deviation	3.45	3.70	2.66
Lsd/sig			
Juice: ^o Brix			
Mean	11.45	12.40	11.40
Std. Deviation	0.99	0.66	1.17
Lsd/sig			
Juice: Acid (%)			

Mean	1.06	1.09	50.64
Std. Deviation	0.26	0.27	2.66
Lsd/sig			

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Susan Chislett, Kenley VIC 3597 s

Dotails of Application	
Details of Application	2017/104
Application Number	201//194
Variety Name	'Arendell'
Genus Species	Solanum lycopersicum
Common Name	Tomato
Synonym	
Accepted Date	04 Jul 2017
Applicant	Nunhems B.V., Napoleonsweg 152, Nunhem, 6083AB, The
	Netherlands.
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW
Qualified Person	John Oates
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Andersons Road, Lyra, Queensland
Descriptor	TG/44/11 Rev.
Period	December 2018 - February 2019
Conditions	Nil rainfall, trickle irrigation when necessary, plastic mulch, .
Trial Dasign	
I Hai Design	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and
That Design	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows
Measurements	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows As per UPOV Technical guidelines
Measurements RHS Chart - edition	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows As per UPOV Technical guidelines
Measurements RHS Chart - edition	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows As per UPOV Technical guidelines
Measurements RHS Chart - edition	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows As per UPOV Technical guidelines
Measurements RHS Chart - edition Origin and Breeding Controlled pollination: tl	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows As per UPOV Technical guidelines he two parents were hybridized in 2011 and selection made over 8
Measurements RHS Chart - edition Origin and Breeding Controlled pollination: tl generations to selection or	trellised plants to 4 wires height, 300 plus plants per generation and control in commercial rows As per UPOV Technical guidelines he two parents were hybridized in 2011 and selection made over 8 of a true breeding line with breeders code: NUN 04511 TOF. Selection

The variety has remained stable over 12 generations. Breeder: Nunhems B.V., Napoleonsweg 152, Nunhem, 6083AB, The Netherlands.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar			
Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Plant	growth type	indeterminate	
Leaf	type of blade	bipinnate	
Peduncle	oblate	present	
Fruit	size	medium	
Fruit	shape in longitudinal	oblate	
	section		
Fruit	colour	red	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Thunder'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguish Characteris	ing stics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'ParonSet'	resistance	Meloidogyne incognita	resistant	susceptible	
'Alambra'	resistance	TSWV-Race 0	resistant	susceptible	

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Arendell'	'Thunder'	
Plant: growth type	indeterminate	indeterminate	
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Stem: length of internode (varieties with plant growth type indeterminate only)	medium	short to medium	
*Leaf: attitude	semi-erect to horizontal	semi-erect to horizontal	
Leaf: length	medium to long	medium to long	
Leaf: width	medium to broad	medium to broad	
*Leaf: type of blade	bipinnate	bipinnate	
Leaf: size of leaflets	medium	medium	
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium	
Leaf: glossiness	very weak to weak	very weak to weak	
Leaf: blistering	weak to medium	weak to medium	
Leaf: attitude of petiole of leaflet in relation to main axis	semi-erect	semi-erect	
Inflorescence: type	mainly uniparous	mainly uniparous	
*Flower: colour	yellow	yellow	
Flower: pubescence of style	present	present	
*Peduncle: abscission layer	present	present	
*Pedicel: length (varieties with peduncle abscission layer present only)	short to medium	medium	
*Fruit: green shoulder (before maturity)	absent	present	
*Fruit: intensity of green colour excluding shoulder (before maturity)	light to medium	light to medium	
Fruit: green stripes (before maturity)	absent	absent	

Fruit: size	medium	medium
*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	moderately compressed	moderately compressed
*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	oblate	oblate
*Fruit: ribbing at peduncle end	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Fruit: depression at peduncle end	medium	weak to medium
Fruit: size of peduncle scar	medium to large	medium to large
Fruit: size of blossom scar	very small	very small
Fruit: shape at blossom end	indented to flat	indented to flat
Fruit: diameter of core in cross section in relation to total diameter	medium	medium to large
Fruit: thickness of pericarp	medium to thick	thick to very thick
*Fruit: colour (at maturity)	red	red
*Fruit: colour of flesh (at maturity)	red	red
Fruit: glossiness of skin	medium	medium
Fruit: colour of epidermis	yellow	yellow
*Fruit: firmness	medium to firm	medium to firm
Fruit: shelf-life	medium	short to medium
Fruit: size	medium	medium
*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	moderately compressed	moderately compressed

Characteristics Additional to the Descriptor/TG			
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Arendell'	'Thunder'	
Fruit: number of locules	3-6	2-5	
Fruit: sepal size	short-medium	long	

First sold in Brazil on 10th April 2015

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
Chile	2016	pending	'Arendell'

Description: John Oates, VF solutions

Details of Application		
Application Number	2017/282	
Variety Name	'Trevine'	
Genus Species	Solanum lycopersicum	
Common Name	Tomato	
Synonym	Nil	
Accepted Date	24 Oct 2017	
Applicant	Nunhems B.V., Napoleonsweg 152, Nunhem, The Netherlands	
Agent	Shelston IP, Sydney, NSW	
Qualified Person	Ean Blackwell	
Details of Comparative	Trial	
Overseas Testing	Naktuinbouw, The Netherlands	
Authority		
Overseas Data	TMT3159	
Reference Number		
Location	Naktuinbouw, ROELOFARENDSVEEN, The Netherlands	
Descriptor	UPOV TG/44/11 & TP/44/4	
Period	2017	
Measurements	In accordance with UPOV Technical Guidelines	
RHS Chart - edition		

Controlled pollination: Via parent line development from other varieties and crossings between varieties. Subsequent selflings for several generations followed by final hybrid cross. Nunhems B.V., Napoleonsweg 152, Nunhem, The Netherlands.

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Fruit	number of locules	two and three	
Fruit	colour at maturity	red	
Plant	Resistance to Meloidogyne incognita	susceptible	
Plant	Resistance to <i>Verticilium</i> sp. (Va and Vd) fysio 0	present	
Plant	Resistance to <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> , race 0 (ex 1)	present	
Plant	resistance <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> , race 1 (ex 2)	present	
Plant	resistance to <i>Tomato Mosaic Virus</i> (ToMV), strain 0	present	
Plant	resistance <i>Tomato Spotted Wilt Virus</i> (TSWV), race 0	absent	
Plant	growth type	indeterminate	
Peduncle	abscission layer	absent	

Fruit	green shoulder (before maturity)	absent
Fruit	green stripes (before maturity)	absent
Fruit	size	medium to large
Fruit	shape in longitudinal section	oblate
	-	-

Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name	Comments		
'Xandor'			

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded

Variety	Distingu	ishing	State of Expression in	State of Expression in	Comments
	Characte	eristics	Candidate Variety	Comparator Variety	
'Komeet'	Peduncle	abscission	absent	present	
		layer			
'Merlice'	Leaf	blistering	medium to strong	weak to medium	
'Progression'	Peduncle	abscission	absent	present	
		layer			

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Trevine'	'Xandor'
Seedling: anthocyanin colouration of hypocotyl (seed- propagated varieties only)	present	present
*Plant: growth type	indeterminate	indeterminate
Stem: anthocyanin colouration	very weak to weak	very weak to weak
Stem: length of internode (varieties with plant growth type indeterminate only)	long	long to very long
Plant: height (varieties with plant growth type indeterminate only)	long	long to very long
Leaf: attitude	horizontal to semi-drooping	horizontal to semi-drooping
Leaf: length	medium	long
Leaf: width	medium	medium to broad
*Leaf: type of blade	bipinnate	bipinnate
Leaf: size of leaflets	large	large
Leaf: intensity of green colour	medium	medium
Leaf: glossiness	medium	weak to medium
Leaf: blistering	medium to strong	medium
Leaf: attitude of petiole of leaflet in relation to main axis	erect to semi- erect	semi-erect
Inflorescence: type	mainly uniparous	mainly uniparous

	*Flower: colour	yellow	yellow
	Flower: pubescence of style	present	present
	*Peduncle: abscission layer	absent	absent
	*Fruit: green shoulder (before maturity)	absent	absent
	Fruit: green stripes (before maturity)	absent	
	*Fruit: size	medium to large	medium to large
	*Fruit: ratio length/diameter	moderately compressed to medium	moderately compressed
	*Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	oblate	
	*Fruit: ribbing at peduncle end	weak	very weak to weak
>	Fruit: depression at peduncle end	medium	weak
	Fruit: size of peduncle scar	medium to large	medium
	Fruit: size of blossom scar	small	very small to small
	Fruit: shape at blossom end	flat	flat
🗖 diai	Fruit: diameter of core in cross section in relation to total neter	medium to large	large
	Fruit: thickness of pericarp	medium to thick	medium to thick
	*Fruit: number of locules	two and three	two and three
	*Fruit: colour (at maturity)	red	red
	*Fruit: colour of flesh (at maturity)	red	red
	Fruit: glossiness of skin	strong	strong
	*Fruit: firmness	firm to very firm	firm to very firm
	Time of: flowering	medium to late	medium
	*Time of: maturity	late	late
	*Resistance to: Meloidogyne incognita (Mi)	susceptible	susceptible
	*Resistance to: <i>Verticillium</i> sp. (Va and Vd) Race 0	present	present
□ Rac	Resistance to: <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> (Fol) e 0 (ex 1)	present	present
□ (ex	Resistance to: <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> Race 1 2)	present	present
□ Rac	Resistance to: <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>lycopersici</i> (Fol) e 2 (ex 3)	absent	
□ (Fo	Resistance to: <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>radicis lycopersici</i> rl)	present	present

Resistance to: <i>Fulvia fulva</i> (Ff) (ex <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i>) Race 0	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Fulvia fulva</i> (Ff) (ex <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i>) Group A	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Fulvia fulva</i> (Ff) (ex <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i>) Group B	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Fulvia fulva</i> (Ff) (ex <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i>) Group C	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Fulvia fulva</i> (Ff) (ex <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i>) Group D	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Fulvia fulva</i> (Ff) (ex <i>Cladosporium fulvum</i>) Group E	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Tomato Mosaic Tobamovirus</i> (ToMV) Strain 0	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Tomato Mosaic Tobamovirus</i> (ToMV) Strain 1	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Tomato Mosaic Tobamovirus</i> (ToMV) Strain 2	present	present
Resistance to: <i>Phytophthora infestans</i> (Pi)	absent	
Resistance to: <i>Tomato Yellow Leaf Curl Begomovirus</i> (TYLCV)	absent	absent
Resistance to: <i>Tomato Spotted Wilt Tospovirus</i> (TSWV) - Race 0	absent	absent
Resistance to: <i>Oidium neolycopersici</i> (On) (ex <i>Oidium lycopersicum (Ol)</i>)	present	present

Country	Year	Status	Name Applied
EU	2016	Granted	'Trevine'
Russia	2018	Applied	'Trevine'
The Netherlands	2016	Granted	'Trevine'

Prior Sales: Nil

Description: Ean Blackwell, ShelstonIP, Sydney, NSW.

Details of Application		
Application Number	2015/242	
Variety Name	'DS Darwin'	
Genus Species	Triticum aestivum	
Common Name	Wheat	
Synonym		
Accepted Date	02 Oct 2015	
Applicant	Agrigenetics, Inc., Indianapolis, Indiana, USA	
Agent	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited, Frenchs Forrest, NSW 2086	
Qualified Person	Ross Downes	
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>	
Location	Greenethorpe, via Young, NSW	
Descriptor	UPOV TG/3/12	
Period	winter-spring 2018	
Conditions	dryland, drought conditions	
Trial Design	randomised block, two replications, more than a thousand plants,	
	unirrigated, in rows in open field.	
Measurements	Measurements were taken in metric system following UPOV guide	
	line	
RHS Chart - edition		

Controlled pollination: Initial controlled cross pollination between CFR00-18 and Rubric was undertaken at NZ PFR Lincoln. F1 seed was selfed to produce F2 seed which was sown in the field to allow selection for ideotype. Selfed seed from selected plants was retained, bulked and the process repeated in the F3 and F4 generations. F5 seed was planted and a single spike selected with F6 seed imported into quarantine at CSIRO, Canberra. Extensive field testing of the fixed line for ideotype, grain yield and quality was undertaken from 2010 to2017. Breeder: Advantage Wheats Pty Ltd (formerly HRZ Wheats Pty Ltd) (R&D alliance of New Zealand Institute of Plant and Food Research Ltd (NZ PFR) (formerly New Zealand Institute of Crop and Food Research LTD (NZ CFR) and Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO).

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar			
Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant	Context State of Expression in Group of		
Part		Varieties	
Lower glume	hairiness on external surface	absent	
Flag leaf	glaucosity	weak to strong	
Ear	glaucosity	medium to strong	
Seasonal	type	spring	

Ear	scurs or awns		awns present
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			
Name		Comments	
'Lincoln'			
'Derrimut'			
'Scout'			

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate					
from one or more of the comparat	tors are marked	with a tick.	'L incoln'	'Scout!	
Organ/Plant Part: Context	DS Darwin	Derrimut			
Seed: colour	white	white	white	white	
*Plant: growth habit	semi erect	semi erect	intermediate	semi erect	
Flag leaf: anthocyanin	absent or	absent or	absent or	absent or	
colouration of auricles	weak	weak	weak	weak	
▼ *Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	early to medium	early to medium	early	
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	medium	medium to strong	medium	
Flag leaf: glaucosity of blade	medium	medium	medium to strong	medium	
*Ear: glaucosity	medium	medium	medium	medium	
Culm: glaucosity of neck	weak	medium	strong	medium	
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent	absent	absent	
▼ *Plant: length	short	medium	medium	medium	
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	medium	thin	
✓ *Ear: density	medium	dense	medium	medium	
Ear: length	medium to long	medium	medium to long	medium	
*Ear: scurs or awns	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present	
■ *Ear: length of scurs or awns	medium	medium	medium	medium	
□ *Ear: colour	white	white	white	white	
Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering	fusiform	
Apical rachis segment: area of	absent or very	absent or	absent or	absent or	

hairiness on convex surface	small	very small	very small	very small
Lower glume: shoulder width	absent or very narrow	narrow	narrow to medium	medium
☑ Lower glume: shoulder shape	strongly sloping	strongly sloping	slightly sloping	horizontal
☑ Lower glume: length of beak	short to medium	medium to long	long	short to medium
*Lower glume: shape of beak	straight	straight	straight	straight to slightly curved
Lower glume: area of hairiness on internal surface	very small	very small	very small	very small
*Seasonal : type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type

Statistical Table							
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'DS Darwin' 'Derrimut' 'Lincoln' 'Scout'							
Ear: length (mm)							
Mean	80.90	58.10	76.60	79.10			
Std. Deviation	1.90	1.80	2.10	2.40			
Lsd/sig	7.4	P≤0.01	ns	ns			

No prior sale and applications.

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW

Details of Application	
Application Number	2015/244
Variety Name	'DS Pascal'
Genus Species	Triticum aestivum
Common Name	Wheat
Synonym	
Accepted Date	13 Oct 2015
Applicant	Agrigenetics, Inc., Indianapolis, USA
Agent	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited, Frenchs Forrest, NSW 2086
Qualified Person	Ross Downes
Details of Comparative	<u>Frial</u>
Location	Greenethorpe, via Young, NSW
Descriptor	UPOV TG/3/12
Period	winter-spring 2018
Conditions	dryland, drought
Trial Design	randomised block, two replications, more than a thousand plants in unirrigated open field.
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV guideline
RHS Chart - edition	

Controlled pollination: Initial cross pollination between parents FAWWON10 and CFR00-687-55 was undertaken at Lincoln NZ. F1seed was selfed to produce F2 seed which was sown in the field to enable selection for ideotype. Selfed seed from selected plants was retained, bulked and the process was repeated in the F3 and F4 generations. F5 seed was sown and a single spike was selected, with F6 grain imported into quarantine at CSIRO, Canberra. Extensive field testing was undertaken for ideotype, grain yield and quality from 2010 until 2017. Breeder: Advantage Wheats Pty Ltd (formerly HRZ Wheats Pty Ltd).

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	ContextState of Expression in Group of Varieties				
Ear	emergence	medium, medium late			
Flag leaf	glaucosity	strong, medium			
Ears	scurs or awns	awns present			
Lower glume	hairiness on external surface	absent			
Ear	colour white				
Seasonal	type	spring type			
Ear	shape in profile	parallel sided			

Seed	colour		white	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name		Comments		
'Bolac'				
'Yipti'				
'Lancer'				

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DS Pascal'	'Bolac'	'Lancer'	'Yipti'
Seed: colour	white	white	white	white
*Plant: growth habit	semi erect	erect to semi erect	intermediate to semi prostrate	semi erect
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
*Time of: ear emergence	medium to late	medium to late	late	medium
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	weak	very weak to weak	medium to strong
Flag leaf: glaucosity of blade	medium	weak	weak	strong
*Ear: glaucosity	absent or very weak	weak	absent or very weak	medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	weak	absent or very weak	weak to medium
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent	absent	absent
*Plant: length	medium	medium	short	short to medium
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	thin	medium	thin
*Ear: density	lax to medium	medium	medium	medium
Ear: length	medium to long	short	very short	short
*Ear: scurs or awns	awns present	awns present	awns present	awns present
■ *Ear: length of scurs or awns	medium to long	medium	long to very long	long
*Ear: colour	white	white	white	white

Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided	parallel sided
Apical rachis segment: area of hairiness on convex surface	absent or very small	absent or very small	absent or very small	absent or very small
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium	narrow	absent or very narrow	medium
☑ Lower glume: shoulder shape	horizontal	slightly sloping	strongly sloping to slightly sloping	slightly sloping
Lower glume: length of beak	medium	medium	long	medium to long
✓ *Lower glume: shape of beak	straight to slightly curved	moderately curved	straight to slightly curved	straight
Lower glume: area of hairiness on internal surface	very small	very small	very small	very small
*Seasonal : type	spring type	spring type	spring type	spring type

Statistical Table								
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'DS Pascal' 'Bolac' 'Lancer' 'Yipti'								
ear: length								
Mean	76.30 mm	69.80 mm	65.00 mm	67.60 mm				
Std. Deviation	3.90 mm	2.70 mm	1.30 mm	1.60 mm				
Lsd/sig	9.2	ns	P≤0.01	ns				

No prior sale and applications.

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW

Details of Applica	tion			
Application Numl	ber	2018/167		
Variety Name	ame 'SUNPRIME'			
Genus Species		Triticum aestivum		
Common Name		Wheat		
Synonym				
Accepted Date		09 Jul 2018		
Applicant		Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Roseworthy, SA 5371		
Agent				
Qualified Person		Andrew Cecil		
Details of Compar	rative 7	<u>Frial</u>		
Location	Rosew	vorthy, South Australia		
Descriptor	UPOV	Wheat TG/3/12		
Period	2018			
	A comparative trial was sown on the Roseworthy Campus of the University of Adelaide. In the previous year the trial area carried a Lentil crop which was harvested for grain. Pre-seeding herbicides Sakura (118g/ha), Roundup Ultra (1.5 l/ha), Sharpen (20 g/ha), Avadex (2.0 l/ha) and Hasten (11/100l) together with an insecticide Lemat (120 ml/ha) were applied prior to seeding. The trial was sown on 14th May 2018 and 90kg MAP + 2.5% zinc fertiliser was applied with the seed. The season was generally favourable for growth of the crop and of weeds and disease. The trial was sprayed post emergence on 10th July with LVE Agritone (620mls/ha), Lontrel Advance (50 ml/ha), Axial (300ml/ha), Ally (5g/ha), Adigor (500mls/100L) to control weeds. On the 30th of July 20 units of liquid N fertiliser was applied. The trial was sprayed to control fungal pathogens on 20th of August with Opera (500 ml/ha) + BS1000 (100 ml/100L). The season finished early with			
Trial Design	Randomised block design of 3 blocks and 32 entries consisting of comparators and potential candidates. Sown in 24 ranges of 4 plots wide, block 1 being in ranges 1 to 8 and so on. Plots were 1.25m wide (5 rows) and 3.2m long. There were approximately 1000 plants per plot. Qualitative characters were recorded for every replicate at the appropriate growth stage.			
	replicate, the samples being taken at the appropriate growth stage or after maturity. Statistical analyses were completed using "R" software.			
RHS Chart - edition	Rosew	vorthy, South Australia		
	-			
Origin and Breed	ing			

Controlled pollination: The cross (SUN445C/EGA GREGORY) was made in AGT (then Sunprime) crossing block at Plant Breeding Institute (PBI), Narrabri in 2003. F1 seed was selfed in 2004 and F2 population were grown in the field at PBI Cobbitty in 2005. Single ears were harvested from selected plants based on leaf, stem and stripe rust resistances. All ears then bulk threshed and was grown over the summer of 2005/06 at the PBC Horsham. The F4 population was grown at PBI, Narrabri where single plants were selected based on maturity and plant type in Spring 2006. Selections were evaluated for milling quality, grain yield and disease resistances including three rusts, crown rot and RLN (P.

thornei)from 2007 to 2011. The highest yielding line identified was space planted in 2012 and reselected for plant type and leaf rust. 22 elite individual derivatives including SUN803U entered AGT's agronomic, disease and quality testing network across New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria,South Australia and Western Australia. In 2017 SUN803U entered NVT. Seed purification began in 2016 and this seed is used for commercial seed multiplication. Breeders: Dr Meiqin Lu and Mr Thomas Kapcejevs, Australian Grain Technologies, Roseworthy, SA 5371

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common Knowledge

Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Grain	colour		white	
Ear	colour		white	
Seasonal Type			spring	
Plant	growth ha	bit	erect to semi erect	
Plant	frequency of recurved		low to medium	
	leaves			
Flag Leaf	anthocyan	in colouration	absent to weak	
	of auricles	6		
Most Similar Varie	ties of Con	<u>nmon Knowlee</u>	dge identified (VCK)	
Name		Comments		
'Mustang'				
'Spitfire'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded							
Variety	Disting Charae	guishing cteristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments		
'EGA Gregory'	Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricle	absent or weak	strong			
'Coolah'	Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricle	absent or weak	strong			
'Flanker'	Flag leaf	anthocyanin colouration of auricle	absent or weak	strong			
'Summate'	Flag leaf	Stripe rust (Yr)	R-MR	MR-MS			

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from				
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.				
Organ/Plant Part: Context 'SUNPRIME' 'Mustang' 'Spitfire'				
Seed: colour	white	white	white	
*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi erect	erect to semi erect	erect to semi	

			erect
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low to medium	low to medium	low to medium
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
□ *Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	very weak to weak	weak	weak
*Ear: glaucosity	weak	weak to medium	weak to medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	weak	weak to medium	weak
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent	absent
*Straw: pith in cross section	thick or filled	thin	thin
*Ear: density	medium	dense	lax to medium
*Ear: scurs or awns	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Ear: length of scurs or awns	medium	medium	medium to long
*Ear: colour	white	white	white
Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering
Apical rachis segment: area of hairiness on convex surface	absent or very small	absent or very small	absent or very small
Lower glume: shoulder width	very narrow to narrow	narrow to medium	narrow to medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	horizontal	slightly sloping	strongly sloping to slightly sloping
Lower glume: length of beak	medium	medium to long	medium
✓ *Lower glume: shape of beak	moderately curved	straight	straight
Lower glume: area of hairiness on internal surface	very small	very small	very small
*Seasonal : type	spring type	spring type	spring type

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'SUNPRIME'	'Mustang'	'Spitfire'		
Ear: Length (mm)					
Mean	98.80	80.60	93.95		
Std. Deviation	1.40	3.70	3.30		
Lsd/sig	7.61	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		

Flag leaf: Length (mm)				
Mean	148.40	141.40	136.10	
Std. Deviation	16.50	17.30	1.41	
Lsd/sig	28.47	ns	ns	
Plant: Height (cm)				
Mean	83.00	71.95	75.75	
Std. Deviation	0.85	1.34	5.30	
Lsd/sig	5.75	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	
Plant: ear emergence (Julian Days)				
Mean	242.66	238.66	242.00	
Std. Deviation	1.25	1.15	1.00	
Lsd/sig	2.80	P≤0.01	ns	

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Andrew Cecil, Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Roseworthy, SA 5371

Details of Applica	tion		
Application Numl	cation Number 2018/162		
Variety Name 'Illabo'			
Genus Species	Triticum aestivum		
Common Name	Wheat		
Synonym			
Accepted Date	09 Jul 2018		
Applicant	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Roseworthy, SA 5371		
Agent			
Qualified Person	Andrew Cecil		
Details of Compar	rative Trial		
Location	Roseworthy, South Australia		
Descriptor	UPOV Wheat TG/3/12		
Period	2018		
Conditions	A comparative trial was sown on the Roseworthy Campus of the University		
	of Adelaide. In the previous year the trial area carried a Lentil crop which		
	was harvested for grain. Pre-seeding herbicides Sakura (118g/ha), Roundup		
	Ultra (1.5 I/ha), Sharpen (20 g/ha), Avadex (2.0 I/ha) and Hasten (11/1001)		
	together with an insecticide Lemat (120 ml/ha) were applied prior to $\frac{1}{100}$		
	seeding. The trial was sown on 14th May 2018 and 90kg MAP + 2.5% zinc fortilizer was applied with the good. The seesen was generally forwarely for		
	growth of the grop and of weeds and disease. The trial was sprayed post		
	emergence on 10th July with LVE Agritone (620mls/ha) Lontrel Advance		
	(50 ml/ha) Axial (300ml/ha) Ally (5g/ha) Adigor (500mls/100L) to control		
	weeds On the 30th of July 20 units of liquid N fertiliser was applied The		
	trial was sprayed to control fungal pathogens on 20th of August with Opera		
	(500 ml/ha) + BS1000 (100 ml/100L). The season finished early with		
	limited spring rainfall. The trial was harvested on 10th December 2018		
Trial Design	n Randomised block design of 3 blocks and 32 entries consisting of		
	comparators and potential candidates. Sown in 24 ranges of 4 plots wide,		
	block 1 being in ranges 1 to 8 and so on. Plots were 1.25m wide (5 rows)		
	and 3.2m long. There were approximately 1000 plants per plot. Qualitative		
	characters were recorded for every replicate at the appropriate growth stage.		
Measurements	Its Quantitative characters were measured on 10 randomly sampled plants from		
each replicate, the samples being taken at the appropriate growth stage			
	after maturity. Statistical analyses were completed using R software.		
RHS Chart -	N/A		
edition			
	•		
Origin and Breed	ing		

Controlled pollination: A back-cross was completed between the two parents 'EGAWedgetail' and 'Beaufort' in 2009 resulting in the population coded V09150 with pedigree (EGAWEDGETAIL/Beaufort//EGAWEDGETAIL). The F1 seed of this cross was grown in a glasshouse over summer 2009-2010 at Horsham, Victoria. F1 plants were selected with DNA

markers for a stripe rust resistance gene(Yr4) and height reduction gene (Rht2). The F2 population was grown in winter 2010 at Cobbitty (NSW) with selection for rust resistance, plant height and plant type. The F3 population was grown over winter in 2011 at Horsham (Vic) and heads were selected from elite individuals (based on plant type, maturity and stripe rust resistance). The name V09150-01 was given to one elite individual head selection. In 2012 the F4 seed were sown as individual single plots at Horsham (Vic). In 2013 these lines entered AGT's agronomic, disease and quality testing network across; South Australia, Victoria, and New South Wales. In 2016 V09150-01 entered the National Variety Trials (NVT) in South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales. In 2017 V09150-01 entered the National Variety Trials (NVT) across; Victoria and New South Wales. Seed purification began in 2015 and this seed was used for trials in 2017 and as the source for commercial seed multiplication. Breeders - Dr Russell Eastwood and Dr Britt Kalmeier - Australian Grain Technolgies, Roseworthy, SA 5371

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Seasonal	type		winter	
Grain	colour		white	
Ear	colour		white	
Plant	growth habit		semi prostrate	
Flag Leaf	anthocyanin colouration		absent to weak	
	of auricle	S		
Ear	awn & sc	urs	awns present	
Ear	shape in p	orofile	tapering	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name		Comments		
'Kittyhawk'				
'Wylah'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguishing Characteristics		State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'Lincoln'	Plant	Seasonal type	Winter	Spring	
'Beaufor't	Plant	Seasonal type	Winter	Spring	
'Longsword'	Plant	Growth habit	Semi prostrate	Erect to semi erect	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Illabo'	'Kittyhawk'	'Wylah'
Seed: colour	white	white	white
*Plant: growth habit	semi prostrate	semi prostrate	intermediate to semi prostrate
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	very low to low	very low to low	very low to low
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak
□ *Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	very weak to weak	weak to medium	very weak to weak
□ *Ear: glaucosity	very weak to weak	weak to medium	very weak to weak
Culm: glaucosity of neck	very weak to weak	weak to medium	very weak to weak
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent	absent
*Straw: pith in cross section	medium	thin	thin
*Ear: density	lax to medium	lax to medium	medium
*Ear: scurs or awns	awns present	awns present	awns present
*Ear: length of scurs or awns	medium	medium	short to medium
*Ear: colour	white	white	white
Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering
Apical rachis segment: area of hairiness on convex surface	very small to small	absent or very small	small
Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow	very narrow to narrow	narrow to medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	horizontal	horizontal	horizontal
Lower glume: length of beak	short to medium	short to medium	long
*Lower glume: shape of beak	slightly curved	slightly curved	slightly curved
Lower glume: area of hairiness on internal surface	very small	very small	very small
*Seasonal : type	winter type	winter type	winter type

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Illabo'	'Kittyhawk'	'Wylah'		
Flag leaf: Length (mm)					
Mean	177.20	201.55	172.50		
Std. Deviation	7.20	4.73	19.90		
Lsd/sig	28.47	ns	ns		
Ear: Length (mm)					
Mean	86.57	95.50	82.20		
Std. Deviation	1.44	3.70	0.56		
Lsd/sig	7.61	P≤0.01	ns		
Plant: Height (cm)					
Mean	63.67	71.15	70.00		
Std. Deviation	1.08	3.88	3.39		
Lsd/sig	5.75	P≤0.01	P≤0.01		
· · · · · · ·					
Ear: Emergence (Julian Days)					
Mean	268.33	270.33	268.00		
Std. Deviation	1.25	2.30	2.00		
Lsd/sig	2.80	ns	ns		

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Andrew Cecil, Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Roseworthy, SA 5371
Details of Application	
Application Number	2018/188
Variety Name	'DS Bennett'
Genus Species	Triticum aestivum
Common Name	Wheat
Synonym	
Accepted Date	18 Feb 2019
Applicant	Agrigenetics, Inc.; Indianapolis, USA
Agent	Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited, Frenchs Forrest, NSW
Qualified Person	Ross Downes
Details of Comparative	<u>Trial</u>
Location	Greenethorpe, via Young, NSW
Descriptor	UPOV Wheat TG/3/12
Period	winter-spring 2018, sown 21 May18
Conditions	dryland, drought
Trial Design	randomised block. Two replications. More than a thousand plants
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV
	guideline
RHS Chart - edition	

Origin and Breeding

Controlled cross pollination between 'Drysdale' and F1 K89.67/TC14.2 at CSIRO Canberra. F1 seed was selected to ensure homozygous for Bdv2 and VPM genetic markers. F1 seed was selfed to produce F2 seed which was field sown to select on ideotype. Selfed seed from selections was retained, bulked and the process was repeated in the F3 and F4 generations. F5 seeds were planted and a single spike selected for white grain colour and repeated in the F6. Selected F7 seed was sown at Yanco in 2011 for single plant selection. Breeder: Advantage Wheats Pty Ltd (formerly HRZ Wheats Pty Ltd), Frenchs Forrest, NSW 2086

Choice of Comparators Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar				
Variety of Common Knowledge				
Organ/Plant Part	Context State of Expression in Group of Varieties		State of Expression in Group of Varieties	
Ear	awns or	scurs	scurs present	
Ear	shape in	profile	parallel sided	
Ear	colour		white	
Seasonal	type		winter	
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)				
Name		Comments		
'SQP Revenue'				

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded					
Variety	Distinguis Character	hing •istics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments
'EGA Wedgetail'	Awns or scurs	presence	awns	Scurs	

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from				
one or more of the comparators are marked with Organ/Plant Part: Context	1 a tick. DS Bennett'	'SOP Revenue'		
*Plant: growth habit	semi-prostrate to prostrate	semi-prostrate to prostrate		
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
Time of: ear emergence	late	medium		
*Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	strong	strong		
*Ear: glaucosity	very weak to weak	strong		
Culm: glaucosity of neck	very weak to weak	strong		
*Plant: length	medium to long	medium		
*Straw: pith in cross section	very thin	thin		
*Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided		
*Ear: density	lax to medium	medium		
*Ear: colour	white	white		
Apical rachis segment: hairiness of convex surface	absent or very weak	absent or very weak		
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium	narrow		
Lower glume: shoulder shape	straight	slightly sloping		
Lower glume: beak length	short to medium	short to medium		
Lower glume: beak shape	straight to slightly curved	straight to slightly curved		
Lower glume: extent of internal hair	very weak	very weak		
✓ *Grain: colour	white	red		
*Seasonal type:	winter type	winter type		

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DS Bennett'	'SQP Revenue'		
Ear: length (mm)				
Mean	84.40	76.60		
Std. Deviation	2.10	1.30		
Lsd/sig	6.9	P≤0.01		

Prior Applications and Sales:

No prior sale and applications.

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW

Details of Applica	tion			
Application Num	nber 2018/189			
Variety Name 'DS Tull'				
Genus Species	Genus Species Triticum aestivum			
Common Name		Wheat		
Synonym				
Accepted Date		18 Feb 2019		
Applicant		Agrigenetics, Inc., Indianapolis, USA		
Agent		Dow AgroSciences Australia Limited, Frenchs Forrest, NSW 2086		
Qualified Person	n Ross Downes			
Details of Compar	rative 🛛	<u>Frial</u>		
Location	Greenethorpe, via Young, NSW			
Descriptor	UPOV Wheat TG/3/12			
Period	winte	r-spring 2018		
Conditions	drylar	dryland, drought		
Trial Design	randomised block, two replications each with more than a thousand plants in			
	unirrigated open field condition.			
Measurements	Measurements were taken in the metric system following UPOV guideline			
RHS Chart -	N/A			
edition				

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination between parents CFR01-61 and EGA Wedgetail was undertaken at Lincoln NZ. F1 plants were selfed and the seed was sown in the field to allow selection for plant ideotype. Selfed seed produced from selected plants was bulked and the process was repeated in the F3 and F4 generations. F5 seed was planted and a single spike was selected with F6 grain imported into quarantine at CSIRO Canberra in 2008. The line was grown at CSIRO Canberra and evaluated for uniformity, disease tolerance, plant height and maturity. Seed was increased in 2010. Field testing for grian yield and quality continued until 2016. Breeder: Breeder: Advantage Wheats Pty Ltd (formerly HRZ Wheats Pty Ltd).

Choice of Compara	tors Chara	cteristics used f	for grouping varieties to identify the most similar
Variety of Common Knowledge			
Organ/Plant Part	Context		State of Expression in Group of Varieties
Season	type		spring type
Ears	scurs or a	wns	awns present
Ear	colour		white
Ear	shape in p	orofile	parallel sided
Seed	colour		white
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)			lge identified (VCK)
Name		Comments	
'Spitfire'			

'Sunco'	

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded						
Variety	Distingu Charact	ishing eristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments	
'EGA Wedgetail'	Season	type	winter	spring		

<u>Variety Description and Distinctness</u> - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DS Tull'	'Spitfire'	'Sunco'	
Seed: colour	white	white	white	
*Plant: growth habit	intermediate	intermediate	intermediate	
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or weak	absent or weak	absent or weak	
▼ *Time of: ear emergence	early to medium	early	early	
✓ *Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Flag leaf: glaucosity of blade	strong	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
*Ear: glaucosity	medium to strong	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	absent or very weak	absent or very weak	
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent	absent	
*Plant: length	medium to long	medium to long	medium to long	
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	medium	medium	
*Ear: density	medium to dense	lax to medium	medium	
Ear: length	medium	medium	short to medium	
■ *Ear: scurs or awns	awns present	awns present	awns present	
*Ear: length of scurs or awns	medium	long	medium to long	
*Ear: colour	white	white	white	

Ear: shape in profile	tapering	tapering	tapering
Apical rachis segment: area of hairiness on convex surface	absent or very small	absent or very small	absent or very small
Lower glume: shoulder width	narrow	narrow	broad
Lower glume: shoulder shape	strongly sloping	strongly sloping	slightly sloping
Lower glume: length of beak	long	medium to long	medium to long
✓ *Lower glume: shape of beak	slightly curved	slightly curved	straight
Lower glume: area of hairiness on internal surface	very small	very small	very small
*Seasonal : type	spring type	spring type	spring type

Statistical Table				
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'DS Tull'	'Spitfire'	'Sunco'	
Ear: length				
Mean	267.00	275.70	274.70	
Std. Deviation	0.58	1.15	0.58	
Lsd/sig	3.11	P≤0.01	P≤0.01	

Prior Applications and Sales:

No prior applications and sale.

Description: Ross Downes, Moruya, NSW

Details of Application	
Application Number	2018/006
Variety Name	'Razor CL Plus'
Genus Species	Triticum aestivum
Common Name	Wheat
Synonym	
Accepted Date	21 Feb 2018
Applicant	Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA 5064,
	Australia
Agent	
Qualified Person	Andrew Cecil
Details of Comparative	Trial
Location	Roseworthy South Australia
Descriptor	TG/3/12
Period	2018
Conditions	A comparative trial was sown on the Roseworthy Campus of the
	University of Adelaide. In the previous year the trial area carried a
	Lentil crop which was harvested for grain. Pre-seeding herbicides
	Sakura (118g/ha), Roundup Ultra (1.5 l/ha), Sharpen (20 g/ha),
	Avadex (2.0 l/ha) and Hasten (11/1001) together with an insecticide
	Lemat (120 ml/ha) were applied prior to seeding. The trial was sown
	on 14th May 2018 and 90kg MAP + 2.5% zinc fertiliser was applied
	with the seed. The season was generally favourable for growth of the
	crop and of weeds and disease. The trial was sprayed post emergence
	on 10th July with LVE Agritone (620mis/ha), Lontrel Advance (50 $m1/ha)$. A size (50 $m1/ha)$
	mi/na), Axiai (300mi/na), Aliy (5g/na), Adigor (300mis/100L) to
	control weeds. On the 30th of July 20 units of liquid N fertiliser was
	applied. The that was sprayed to control lungar pathogens on 20th of August with Opera (500 ml/ha) \pm BS1000 (100 ml/1001). The season
	finished early with limited spring rainfall. The trial was harvested on
	10th December 2018
Trial Design	Randomised block design of 3 blocks and 32 entries consisting of
TTIAI Design	comparators and potential candidates. Sown in 24 ranges of 4 plots
	wide block 1 being in ranges 1 to 8 and so on Plots were 1 25m wide
	(5 rows) and 3.2m long. There were approximately 1000 plants per
	plot. Qualitative characters were recorded for every replicate at the
	appropriate growth stage.
Measurements	Quantitative characters were measured on 10 randomly sampled
	plants from each replicate, the samples being taken at the appropriate
	growth stage or after maturity. Statistical analyses were completed
	using R software.
RHS Chart - edition	N/A

Origin and Breeding

Controlled pollination: A backcross was completed between the two parents Mace and RAC1684 in 2009 resulting in the population coded CO9215 with pedigree (RAC1684/2*MACE). The F1 plants were grown during summer 2009/2010 in the glass house at Roseworthy (SA) and screened with molecular markers for the Imidazolinone tolerance genes. In 2010 the F2 heads were individually sown as head hill plots and treated with imidazolinone herbicide, eight elite individuals were identified (based on tolerance to the Imidazolinone herbicide and rust resistance). In 2011 and 2012 these lines were evaluated in AGT's agronomic, disease and quality testing network across; Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales. In 2012 45 individual plant selections were taken from the elite line CO9215-001 treated with imidazolinone herbicide and evaluated in AGT's agronomic, disease and quality testing network across; Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales. In 2015 the elite line CO9215-001-28 was identified. In 2016, CO9215-001-28 entered the National Variety Trials (NVT) across; Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria and New South Wales. Seed purification began in 2015 and this seed was used for trials in 2017 and as the source for commercial seed multiplication. Breeders: Dr James Edwards and Dr Haydn Kuchel, Australian Grain Technologies.

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar					
Variety of Common Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	Contex	t	State of Expression in Group of		
			Varieties		
Plant	toleranc	e to imidazolinone	high to very high		
	herbicic	le @750 ml per hectare			
Plant	toleranc	e to imidazolinone	high to very high		
	herbicic	le @1500 ml per hectare			
Plant	growth	habit	erect to semi erect		
Plant	frequen	cy of recurved leaves	low to medium		
Flag Leaf	anthocy	anin colouration of	absent to weak		
	auricles				
Ear	colour		white		
Grain	colour		white		
Most Similar Varieties of Common Knowledge identified (VCK)					
Name		Comments			
'Grenade CL Plus'					

Varieties of Common Knowledge identified and subsequently excluded							
Variety	Distingu Charact	ishing eristics	State of Expression in Candidate Variety	State of Expression in Comparator Variety	Comments		
'Clearfield WHT JNZ'	Plant	tolerance to imidazolinon e herbicide @750 ml per hectare	high to very high	Medium to high			
'Clearfield WHT JNZ'	Plant	tolerance to imidazolinon e herbicide @ 1500 ml per hectare	high to very high	low			
'Clearfield WHT STL'	Plant	tolerance to imidazolinon e herbicide @750 ml per hectare	high to very high	Medium to high			
'Clearfield WHT STL'	Plant	tolerance to imidazolinon e herbicide @ 1500 ml per hectare	high to very high	low			
'Justica CL Plus'	Lower Glume	Shoulder width	Medium	narrow			
'Justica CL Plus'	Flag leaf	Glaucosity of sheath	Medium	strong			
'Justica CL Plus'	Ear	Glaucosity	Medium	strong			
'Kord CL Plus'	Flag leaf	Glaucosity of sheath	Medium	Strong to very Strong			
'Kord CL Plus'	Ear	Glaucosity	Medium	Strong to very Strong			
'Kord CL Plus'	Culm	Glaucosity of neck	Medium	Strong to very Strong			
'Hatchet CL Plus'	Lower Glume	Beak length	Medium	Long to Very long			
'Elmore CL Plus'	Flag leaf	Glaucosity of sheath	Medium	Very strong			
'Elmore CL	Ear	Glaucosity	Medium	Strong to very			

Plus'				Strong
'Impress	Ear	Glaucosity	Medium	Medium to
CL Plus'				Strong
'Impress	Flag	Glaucosity of	Medium	strong
CL Plus'	leaf	sheath		
'Chief CL	Straw	Pith in Cross	Thin	Thick
Plus'		section		
'Chief CL	Ear	Length of	Short to Medium	Long
Plus'		awns		
'Chief CL	Glume	Beak length	Medium	Long to Very
Plus'				long

Variety Description and Distinctness - Characteristics which distinguish the candidate from
one or more of the comparators are marked with a tick.

Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Razor CL Plus'	'Grenade CL Plus'
Seed: colour	white	white
*Plant: growth habit	erect to semi erect	erect to semi erect
Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves	low to medium	low to medium
Flag leaf: anthocyanin colouration of auricles	absent or weak	absent or weak
✓ *Time of: ear emergence	early	medium
□ *Flag leaf: glaucosity of sheath	medium	weak to medium
*Ear: glaucosity	medium	weak to medium
Culm: glaucosity of neck	medium	weak to medium
*Lower glume: hairiness on external surface	absent	absent
*Straw: pith in cross section	thin	medium
*Ear: density	medium	medium
*Ear: scurs or awns	awns present	awns present
*Ear: length of scurs or awns	short to medium	medium
*Ear: colour	white	white
Ear: shape in profile	parallel sided	parallel sided
Apical rachis segment: area of hairiness on convex surface	absent or very small	small
Lower glume: shoulder width	medium	narrow to medium
Lower glume: shoulder shape	slightly sloping	horizontal
Lower glume: length of beak	medium	medium
*Lower glume: shape of beak	straight	straight

Lower glume: area of hairiness on internal surface	very small	very small
*Seasonal : type	spring type	spring type

Statistical Table					
Organ/Plant Part: Context	'Razor CL Plus'	'Grenade CL Plus'			
Flag leaf: Length (mm)					
Mean	146.60	148.90			
Std. Deviation	3.95	1.97			
Lsd/sig	28.47	ns			
Plant: Height (cm)					
Mean	74.80	80.30			
Std. Deviation	0.75	2.40			
Lsd/sig	5.75	ns			
Ear: Length (mm)					
Mean	89.70	87.75			
Std. Deviation	0.75	4.60			
Lsd/sig	7.61	ns			

Prior Applications and Sales:

No prior sale and applications.

Description: Andrew Cecil, Australian Grain Technologies Pty Ltd, Glen Osmond, SA 5064, Australia

Grants:

Aloe hybrid

ALOE

'ANDora'[¢] syn AL01[¢]

Application No: 2017/327 Applicant: **Charles Andrew de Wet** Certificate No: 6046 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Claredon, NSW.

Aloe hybrid

ALOE

'Safari Rose'[¢] syn Al04[¢]

Application No: 2017/328 Applicant: **Charles Andrew de Wet** Certificate No: 6047 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Claredon, NSW.

Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

Sophie^{*} Application No: 2009/265 Applicant: Wulfinghoff Alstroemeria B.V. Certificate No: 5978 Expiry Date: 17/01/2039. Agent: Crop & Nursery Services, Macmasters Beach, NSW.

Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

'Zapriclair'[¢]

Application No: 2014/171 Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B. V. Certificate No: 5987 Expiry Date: 17/01/2039. Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Kangy Angy, NSW. Alstroemeria hybrid

PERUVIAN LILY

'Zaprikate'[¢]

Application No: 2012/283 Applicant: Van Zanten Plants B. V. Certificate No: 5980 Expiry Date: 17/01/2039. Agent: Ramm Botanicals Holdings Pty Ltd, Kangy Angy, NSW.

Argyranthemum hybrid

MARGUERITE DAISY

'Bonmadrosepi'⁽⁾

Application No: 2013/232 Applicant: **Bonza Botanicals Pty Limited** Certificate No: 5990 Expiry Date: 23/01/2039. Agent: **Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited**, Winmalee, NSW.

Avena sativa

OATS

'Graza 53'[¢]

Application No: 2014/204 Applicant: **Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada** Certificate No: 6071 Expiry Date: 26/03/2039. Agent: **Austgrains Pty Ltd**, Moree, NSW.

Avena sativa

OATS

'Graza 85'[¢]

Application No: 2014/110 Applicant: Her Majesty The Queen in Right of Canada as represented by the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food Certificate No: 6070 Expiry Date: 26/03/2039. Agent: Austgrains Pty Ltd, Moree, NSW. Brassica napus

CANOLA

'ATR Bonito'

Application No: 2012/237 Applicant: **Nuseed Pty. Ltd.** Certificate No: 5996 Expiry Date: 31/01/2039.

Brassica napus

CANOLA

'ATR Mako'[¢]

Application No: 2015/149 Applicant: **Nuseed Pty. Ltd.** Certificate No: 6015 Expiry Date: 28/02/2039.

Brassica napus

CANOLA

'ATR Wahoo'[¢]

Application No: 2012/238 Applicant: **Nuseed Pty. Ltd.** Certificate No: 5997 Expiry Date: 31/01/2039.

Brassica napus

CANOLA

'ATR-GEM'[¢]

Application No: 2011/195 Applicant: **Nuseed Pty. Ltd.** Certificate No: 5995 Expiry Date: 31/01/2039.

Brassica napus

CANOLA

'ATR-STINGRAY'[∅]

Application No: 2011/004 Applicant: **Nuseed Pty. Ltd.** Certificate No: 5994 Expiry Date: 31/01/2039. Brassica rapa var rapa

BULB TURNIP

'HT-BT35'^Ф

Application No: 2015/225 Applicant: **Forage Innovations Limited** Certificate No: 6072 Expiry Date: 26/03/2039. Agent: **A J Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Buddleja hybrid

BUTTERFLY BUSH

'Blue Chip Jr'^{(ϕ}

Application No: 2014/149 Applicant: North Carolina State University Certificate No: 5982 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Buddleja hybrid

BUTTERFLY BUSH

'IceChip[™]

Application No: 2014/148 Applicant: North Carolina State University Certificate No: 5981 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Buddleja hybrid

BUTTERFLY BUSH

'Lilac Chip'⁽⁾

Application No: 2014/151 Applicant: North Carolina State University Certificate No: 5984 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Buddleja hybrid

BUTTERFLY BUSH

'Pink Micro Chip' Application No: 2014/150 Applicant: North Carolina State University Certificate No: 5983 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Buddleja hybrid

BUTTERFLY BUSH

'Purplehaze'^(p)

Application No: 2014/152 Applicant: North Carolina State University Certificate No: 5985 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Calibrachoa hybrid

CALIBRACHOA

'Suncalpink'[¢]

Application No: 2013/218 Applicant: **Suntory Flowers Pty Limited** Certificate No: 5998 Expiry Date: 31/01/2039. Agent: **Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited**, Yellow Rock, NSW.

Cannabis sativa

INDUSTRIAL HEMP

'Farnsfield'^(D)

Application No: 2015/278 Applicant: **Agri Fibre Industries Pty. Ltd.** Certificate No: 6039 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039.

Chenopodium quinoa

QUINOA

'Medusa'⁽⁾

Application No: 2015/141 Applicant: **Australian Grown Superfoods Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6057 Expiry Date: 15/03/2039. Citrus sinensis

SWEET ORANGE, NAVEL ORANGE

'Cambria'⁽⁾

Application No: 2005/032 Applicant: **Stargrow Cultivar Development Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6000 Expiry Date: 14/02/2044. Agent: **Australian Nurserymen's Fruit Improvement Company Limited**, Kallangur, QLD.

Coreopsis hybrid

COREOPSIS

'Autumnblush'⁽⁾

Application No: 2008/083 Applicant: **Terra Nova Nurseries, Inc** Certificate No: 5966 Expiry Date: 16/01/2039. Agent: **Greenhills Propagation Nursery P/L**, Tynong, VIC.

Coreopsis hybrid

COREOPSIS

'Pinwheel'^(D)

Application No: 2008/103 Applicant: **Terra Nova Nurseries, Inc** Certificate No: 5968 Expiry Date: 16/01/2039. Agent: **Greenhills Propagation Nursery P/L**, Tynong, VIC.

Coreopsis hybrid

COREOPSIS

'Snowberry'⁽⁾

Application No: 2008/085 Applicant: **Terra Nova Nurseries, Inc** Certificate No: 5967 Expiry Date: 16/01/2039. Agent: **Greenhills Propagation Nursery P/L**, Tynong, VIC.

Cotyledon orbiculata

'Ace of Spades'⁽⁾

Application No: 2017/171 Applicant: **Morgan Oates & Brown Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 5999 Expiry Date: 12/02/2039. Echeveria gibbiflora

'Blade Runner'[¢]

Application No: 2017/172 Applicant: **Morgan Oates & Brown Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 5974 Expiry Date: 15/01/2039.

Euonymus japonicus

SPINDLE BUSH

'Easy Hedge'[¢]

Application No: 2004/263 Applicant: **Jasalis Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 5976 Expiry Date: 18/01/2039.

Festuca arundinacea

TALL FESCUE

'Easton'[¢]

Application No: 2013/197 Applicant: **Grasslands Innovation Limited** Certificate No: 6016 Expiry Date: 1/03/2039.

Festuca arundinacea

TALL FESCUE

'Hummer'⁽⁾

Application No: 2012/084 Applicant: **Grasslands Innovation Ltd.** Certificate No: 5965 Expiry Date: 4/01/2039.

Fragaria xananassa

STRAWBERRY

'Camino Real'[¢]

Application No: 2003/225 Applicant: **The Regents of the University of California** Certificate No: 5975 Expiry Date: 18/01/2039. Agent: **Les Mitchell of Eurofins Agroscience Services**, Shepparton, VIC. Fragaria xananassa

STRAWBERRY

'MYAG-2AD'[¢] syn Seiichi[¢]

Application No: 2017/193 Applicant: **Miyoshi & Co., Ltd.** Certificate No: 6064 Expiry Date: 18/03/2039. Agent: **Berry Sensation Pty Ltd**, Notting Hill, VIC.

Fragaria xananassa

STRAWBERRY

'Ventana'⁽⁾

Application No: 2003/226 Applicant: **The Regents of the University of California** Certificate No: 6085 Expiry Date: 18/01/2039. Agent: **Les Mitchell of Eurofins Agroscience Services**, Shepparton, VIC.

Fuchsia x hybrida

HYBRID FUCHSIA

'Sanifhodepa[']^𝔅

Application No: 2013/253 Applicant: **Suntory Flowers Pty Limited, The Local Government of Nishinomiya City** Certificate No: 5991 Expiry Date: 23/01/2039. Agent: **Oasis Horticulture Pty Ltd**, Winmalee, NSW.

Hebe hybrid

HEBE

'Lemon Frosting'

Application No: 2014/157 Applicant: Lyndale Intellectual Property Ltd Certificate No: 5986 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd, Tynong, VIC.

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis

CHINESE HIBISCUS

'Apollo'^Φ Application No: 2013/038 Applicant: **Poul Graff** Certificate No: 6017 Expiry Date: 4/03/2039. Agent: **Sprint Horticulture**, Erina, NSW.

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis

CHINESE HIBISCUS

'Lalunacus'[¢] syn Laluna[¢]

Application No: 2013/043 Applicant: **Poul Graff** Certificate No: 6018 Expiry Date: 4/03/2039. Agent: **Sprint Horticulture**, Erina, NSW.

Hymenosporum flavum

NATIVE FRANGIPANI

'HF001'[¢]

Application No: 2011/094 Applicant: **Peter Goldup** Certificate No: 6038 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039. Agent: **Bushland Flora**, Mt Evelyn, VIC.

Ipomoea batatas

ORNAMENTAL SWEET POTATO

'SPFR1'^Φ

Application No: 2017/330 Applicant: **The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited** Certificate No: 6021 Expiry Date: 6/03/2039. Agent: **A J Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Kunzea baxteri

SCARLET KUNZEA

'KBMS1'[¢]

Application No: 2010/262 Applicant: Michael Edwards Certificate No: 5971 Expiry Date: 16/01/2039. Agent: Greenhill's Propagation Nursery Pty Ltd, , VIC. Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'Chicarita'[¢]

Application No: 2015/335 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.** Certificate No: 6066 Expiry Date: 22/03/2039. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'Juniper'[¢]

Application No: 2016/023 Applicant: **Nunhems B.V.** Certificate No: 6010 Expiry Date: 21/02/2039. Agent: **Shelston IP**, Sydney, NSW.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'Lotus'[¢]

Application No: 2016/077 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.** Certificate No: 6065 Expiry Date: 21/03/2039. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

Lactuca sativa

LETTUCE

'Ralph'[®]

Application No: 2012/270 Applicant: **Rijk Zwaan Zaadteelt en Zaadhandel B.V.** Certificate No: 6062 Expiry Date: 19/03/2039. Agent: **Rijk Zwaan Australia Pty Ltd**, Daylesford, VIC.

Leucanthemum xsuperbum

SHASTA DAISY

'GFLEUWHMTN'[¢] syn White Mountain[¢]

Application No: 2012/228

Applicant: **NuFlora International Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 5972 Expiry Date: 15/01/2039.

Lilium hybrid

LILY

'Zambesi'[¢]

Application No: 2013/092 Applicant: **Mak Breeding Rights B.V.** Certificate No: 6063 Expiry Date: 19/03/2039. Agent: **AJ Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Lolium multiflorum

ITALIAN RYEGRASS

'Tabu 2'[¢] syn Tempo[¢]

Application No: 2015/250 Applicant: **New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd** Certificate No: 6011 Expiry Date: 22/02/2039. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd.**, Howlong, NSW.

Lolium perenne

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

'Viscount'[¢]

Application No: 2016/003 Applicant: **New Zealand Agriseeds Limited** Certificate No: 6012 Expiry Date: 22/02/2039. Agent: **Heritage Seeds Pty Ltd**, Howlong, NSW.

Lomandra longifolia

SPINY HEADED MAT RUSH

'JB1glow'⁽⁾

Application No: 2006/269 Applicant: James Burgess Certificate No: 5977 Expiry Date: 18/01/2039. Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Erina, NSW. Lomandra longifolia

SPINY HEADED MAT RUSH

'JB2lime' syn Lime Jet

Application No: 2011/113 Applicant: James Burgess Certificate No: 5993 Expiry Date: 30/01/2039. Agent: Sprint Horticulture Pty Ltd, Erina, NSW.

Magnolia hybrid

MAGNOLIA, MICHELIA

'Parcind'^(D)

Application No: 2014/229 Applicant: **The Paradise Seed Company Pty. Limited** Certificate No: 6019 Expiry Date: 5/03/2039.

Malus domestica

APPLE

'Leprechaun'[¢] syn Weefolk Granny Smith[¢]

Application No: 2010/138 Applicant: JFT Nurseries Pty Ltd Certificate No: 5970 Expiry Date: 16/01/2044. Agent: Australian Nurseryman's Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC) Ltd, Kallangur, QLD.

Malus domestica

APPLE

'PE'^Φ

Application No: 2016/189 Applicant: **Fruit Varieties International Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6032 Expiry Date: 8/03/2044.

Malus domestica

APPLE

'RDS'[¢] syn RSD[¢]

Application No: 2017/313 Applicant: **Green and Red Apple Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6045 Expiry Date: 12/03/2044.

Agent: Fruit Varieties International Pty Ltd, Grove, TAS.

Malus domestica

APPLE

'YCP'[¢]

Application No: 2016/190 Applicant: **Maurice Silverstein, Bo Silverstein, Catherine Frederique Silverstein** Certificate No: 6043 Expiry Date: 12/03/2044. Agent: **Fruit Varieties International Pty Ltd**, Grove, TAS.

Mangifera indica

MANGO

'AGAM'[¢]

Application No: 2015/127 Applicant: **The State of Israel Ministry of Agriculture & Rural Development Agricultural Research Organization** Certificate No: 6082 Expiry Date: 29/03/2044. Agent: **Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd**, Homebush, NSW.

Mangifera indica

MANGO

'NOA'[¢]

Application No: 2015/124 Applicant: The State of Israel Ministry of Agriculture & Rural Development Agricultural Research Organization Certificate No: 6081 Expiry Date: 29/03/2044. Agent: Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd, Homebush, NSW.

Mangifera indica

MANGO

'Shelly'

Application No: 2010/137 Applicant: **The State of Israel - Ministry of Agriculture & Rural Development Agricultural Research Organisation, (A.R.O.) The Volcani Center** Certificate No: 6083 Expiry Date: 29/03/2044. Agent: **Crop & Nursery Services**, Macmasters Beach, NSW. Murraya paniculata

ORANGE JASMINE, ORANGE JESSAMINE, SATINWOOD

'Summer Snow'[¢]

Application No: 2009/336 Applicant: **Parker's Place Nursey Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 5979 Expiry Date: 17/01/2039.

Musa hybrid

BANANA

'FLF-1'[¢]

Application No: 2016/277 Applicant: **David Peasley** Certificate No: 6026 Expiry Date: 7/03/2039.

Nerium oleander

OLEANDER

'Sofia'[¢]

Application No: 2014/184 Applicant: **Pilar Jackson, Salvador Espelt Garriga** Certificate No: 5988 Expiry Date: 21/01/2039. Agent: **Touch of Class Plants Pty Ltd**, Tynong, VIC.

Pennisetum clandestinum

KIKUYU GRASS

'KH-946-f2'[¢]

Application No: 2017/001 Applicant: **Hatton Turf Research Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6035 Expiry Date: 8/03/2039.

Pennisetum clandestinum

KIKUYU GRASS

'MI965-60'[¢]

Application No: 2016/036 Applicant: **Hatton Turf Research Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6031 Expiry Date: 8/03/2039. Petunia hybrid

PETUNIA

'Sunsurf Akatora'[¢]

Application No: 2013/215 Applicant: **Suntory Flowers Pty Limited** Certificate No: 5989 Expiry Date: 23/01/2039. Agent: **Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited**, Yellow Rock, NSW.

Petunia x hybrida

PETUNIA

'Keisurfhopises'[¢] syn Pink Ribbon[¢]

Application No: 2014/040 Applicant: Kesei Rose Nurseries Incorporated Certificate No: 5992 Expiry Date: 23/01/2039. Agent: Oasis Horticulture Pty Limited, Winmalee, NSW.

Pittosporum tenuifolium

PITTOSPORUM, KOHUHU, TAWHIWHI

'WonderScreen'[¢]

Application No: 2014/299 Applicant: **Justin Howse** Certificate No: 5973 Expiry Date: 16/01/2044.

Prunus persica var. nucipersica

NECTARINE

'Spring Fire[']

Application No: 2013/111 Applicant: **Zaiger's Inc. Genetics** Certificate No: 6022 Expiry Date: 6/03/2044. Agent: **Graham's Factree Pty Ltd**, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Prunus avium

SWEET CHERRY

'1382101'^Φ Application No: 2014/048 Applicant: Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada as represented by the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food Certificate No: 6009 Expiry Date: 19/02/2044. Agent: Australian Nurserymen's Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC) Ltd, Kallangur, QLD.

Prunus avium

SWEET CHERRY

'Cadet'[∅]

Application No: 2005/110 Applicant: **Bertram Family Trust** Certificate No: 6013 Expiry Date: 27/02/2044. Agent: **Graham's Factree Pty Ltd**, Hoddles Creek, VIC.

Prunus avium

SWEET CHERRY

'SPC103'[¢]

Application No: 2014/047 Applicant: Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada as represented by the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food Certificate No: 6008 Expiry Date: 19/02/2044. Agent: Australian Nurserymen's Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC) Ltd, Kallangur, QLD.

Prunus hybrid

CHERRY

'Gi 2091'[¢]

Application No: 2017/268 Applicant: **Consortium Deutscher Baumschulen GmbH** Certificate No: 6002 Expiry Date: 14/02/2044. Agent: **Allens Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys**, Sydney, NSW.

Rhododendron hybrid

AZALEA

'Robleu'⁽⁾

Application No: 2015/349 Applicant: **Thomas Dennis Meadows, Jr.** Certificate No: 6042 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Richmond, NSW. Rhododendron hybrid

AZALEA

'Roblex'[¢]

Application No: 2015/344 Applicant: **Flint Jerome Johnson** Certificate No: 6040 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Richmond, NSW.

Rhododendron hybrid

AZALEA

'Roblez'[¢]

Application No: 2015/346 Applicant: **Robert Edward Lee** Certificate No: 6041 Expiry Date: 12/03/2039. Agent: **Ozbreed Pty Ltd**, Clarendon,, NSW.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'Ausboxer'⁽⁾

Application No: 2014/078 Applicant: **David Austin Roses Limited** Certificate No: 6051 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'AUSIMPLE'[¢]

Application No: 2010/326 Applicant: **David Austin Roses Limited** Certificate No: 6048 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

AUSWINSTON'^Φ Application No: 2017/073

Applicant: **David Austin Roses Limited** Certificate No: 6056 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

Rosa hybrid

ROSE

'KORpauvio'⁽⁾

Application No: 2011/154 Applicant: **W. Kordes' Sohne Rosenschulen GmbH & Co KG** Certificate No: 6049 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **Treloar Roses Pty Ltd**, PORTLAND, VIC.

Rosa sp

ROSE

'Auschris'[¢]

Application No: 2014/166 Applicant: **David Austin Roses Limited** Certificate No: 6052 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **Siebler Publishing Services**, Hartwell, VIC.

Rubus subgenus Eubatus

HYBRIDBERRY

'Purple Star'[¢]

Application No: 2016/057 Applicant: **The New Zealand Institute for Plant and Food Research Limited** Certificate No: 6025 Expiry Date: 7/03/2039. Agent: **AJ Park**, Sydney, NSW.

Rubus subgenus Rubus

HYBRID BLACKBERRY

'DrisBlackSix'[¢]

Application No: 2014/001 Applicant: **Driscoll's, Inc.** Certificate No: 6050 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **AJPark**, Sydney, NSW. Saccharum hybrid

SUGARCANE

'SRA11'[¢]

Application No: 2016/207 Applicant: **Sugar Research Australia Limited** Certificate No: 6028 Expiry Date: 7/03/2039.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'AB05-79-12'Ф

Application No: 2016/273 Applicant: **Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6029 Expiry Date: 7/03/2039.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'AB07-01-03'Ф

Application No: 2016/274 Applicant: **Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd, Abel Agrico International** Certificate No: 6030 Expiry Date: 7/03/2039.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Agrico-Ambition'[¢]

Application No: 2013/291 Applicant: **Agrico U.A.** Certificate No: 6005 Expiry Date: 15/02/2039. Agent: **Agrico Australia**, Ridgley, TAS.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Arizona'⁽⁾

Application No: 2013/292 Applicant: **Agrico U.A.** Certificate No: 6006 Expiry Date: 15/02/2039. Agent: **Agrico Australia**, Ridgley, TAS.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Crimson Pearl'[¢]

Application No: 2016/201 Applicant: **Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6023 Expiry Date: 6/03/2039.

Solanum tuberosum

ΡΟΤΑΤΟ

'Erika'[¢]

Application No: 2013/308 Applicant: **Agrico U.A.** Certificate No: 6007 Expiry Date: 15/02/2039. Agent: **Agrico Australia**, Ridgley, TAS.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Fandango'[¢]

Application No: 2016/205 Applicant: **IPM Potato Group Ltd** Certificate No: 6054 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **IPM Potato Group Ltd**, Littlehampton, SA.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Gatsby'[¢]

Application No: 2016/304 Applicant: **Cygnet PB Ltd** Certificate No: 6033 Expiry Date: 8/03/2039. Agent: **Elders Limited**, Melbourne, VIC. Solanum tuberosum

ΡΟΤΑΤΟ

'Gourmandine'⁽⁾

Application No: 2010/266 Applicant: **Bretagne-Plants S.C.I.C.A.** Certificate No: 6003 Expiry Date: 14/02/2039. Agent: **Agrico Australia**, Sydney, NSW.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'LA STRADA'[⊅]

Application No: 2016/307 Applicant: **Cygnet PB Ltd** Certificate No: 6055 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039. Agent: **Elders Limited**, Melbourne, VIC.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Midnight Pearl'^{*Φ*}

Application No: 2016/202 Applicant: **Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6024 Expiry Date: 6/03/2039.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Mont Blanc'[¢]

Application No: 2016/035 Applicant: **Binst Breeding & Selection NV** Certificate No: 6001 Expiry Date: 14/02/2039. Agent: **Dowling Agritech**, Mt Gambier East, SA.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Purple Crisp'^Φ Application No: 2016/203 Applicant: **Agriculture Victoria Services Pty Ltd** Certificate No: 6053 Expiry Date: 14/03/2039.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Rudolph'[¢]

Application No: 2013/289 Applicant: **Agrico U.A.** Certificate No: 6004 Expiry Date: 15/02/2039. Agent: **Agrico Australia**, Ridgley, TAS.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Vizelle'⁽⁾

Application No: 2016/305 Applicant: **Cygnet PB Ltd** Certificate No: 6034 Expiry Date: 8/03/2039. Agent: **Elders Limited**, Melbourne, VIC.

Solanum tuberosum

POTATO

'Wizard'[¢]

Application No: 2016/228 Applicant: James Hutton Institute Certificate No: 6027 Expiry Date: 7/03/2039. Agent: Cummaudo Farms Pty Ltd, Mirboo North, VIC.

Spinacia oleracea

SPINACH

'Hydrus'[¢]

Application No: 2016/024 Applicant: **Nunhems B.V.** Certificate No: 6067 Expiry Date: 22/03/2039. Agent: **Shelston IP**, Sydney, NSW.

Assignment of Rights

App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Common Name	Changed From	Changed To
2016/186	Adenanthos	sericeus	LowadenGL	Wooly Bush	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2016/185	Guichenotia	macrantha	LowGuichGL	Large Flowered Guichenotia	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2016/184	RicinpenGL	tuberculatus	RicinpenGL	Wedding Bush	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2016/187	Westringia	dampieri	DamprostGL	Stiff Dampiera	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2005/048	Anigozanthos	hybrid	Gold Velvet	Kangaroo Paw	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2005/047	Anigozanthos	hybrid	Amber Velvet	Kangaroo Paw	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2006/012	Anigozanthos	hybrid	Regal Velvet	Kangaroo Paw	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2004/179	Adenanthos	cuneatus	Coral Carpet	Coastal Jugflower	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2007/250	Calothamnus	quadrifidus	Calgreen1GL	One sided bottlebrush	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2006/052	Calothamnus	quadrifidus	CalflatGL	One sided bottlebrush	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2006/049	Kennedia	coccinea	KencoralGL	Coral Vine	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2007/249	Melaleuca	huegelii	HuegflatGL	Chenille Honeymyrtle	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2006/050	Melaleuca	nesophila	MelpenGL	Mindiyed	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2004/233	Melaleuca	entagona var. latifolia	Little Penta	Melaleuca	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
1999/069	Olearia	axillaris	Little Smokie	Olearia	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2007/252	Ricinocarpos	tuberculatus	RicpenGL	Wedding Bush	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2005/158	Scaevola	crassifolia	Flat Fred	Thick-leaved Fan Flower	George A Lullfitz	David Lullfitz
2010/179	Acacia	spathulifolia	FlatspathGL	Thick-leaved Fan Flower	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2010/183	Aginis	flexuosa	LemLimeGL	Willow Myrtle	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2011/255	Billardiera	heterophylla	Blue Carpet	Bluebell Creeper	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2012/004	Callistemon	phoeniceus	Red Embers	Lesser Bottlebrush	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2011/187	Callistemon	phoeniceus	Scarlet Spires	Lesser Bottlebrush	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2010/194	Calothamnus	quadrifidus	CalpenGL	One sided bottlebrush	Lullfitz Investments Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
2010/178	Chamelaucium	uncinatum	FlatwaxwhiteGL	Waxflower	Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2010/177	Chamelaucium	uncinatum	FlatwayninkGI	Waxflower	Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2010/176	Chamelaucium	uncinatum	FlatwayDarkGI	Waxflower	Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2012/006	Eromonhilo	alabra	Chamalauaium	Ter bush	Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2012/000	Crewillee	giabla		Spidemet Crevilles	Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2012/003	Grouillee	otonoman	Eleteter a CI	Laga Nat Crewiller	Lullfitz Investments	David Lullf
2014/207	Olearia	stenomera	PanailCI		Lullfitz Investments	
2014/263	Olearia	axillaris	PencilGL		Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2016/259	Leptospermum	sericeum	SericlowGL	Silver Tea Tree	Pty Ltd Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2010/192	Leptospermum	sericeum	SericpenGL	SericpenGL	Pty Ltd Lullfitz Investments	David Lullfitz
2012/234	Leptospermum	sericeum	Littlelep	Silver Tea Tree	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz

					Lullfitz Investments	
2015/004	Macropidia	fuliginosa	BlackVelvet	Black Kangaroo Paw	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2011/258	Myoporum	insulare	Coastal Rambler	Boobialla	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2010/193	Myoporum	insulare	FlatinsulGL	Boobialla	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2013/055	Olearia	axillaris	Mini	Coastal Daisy bush	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2011/305	Ricinocarpos	cyanescens	Little Bride	Coastal Wedding Bush	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2015/277	Spyridium	globulosum	Green Globe	Basket Bush	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2014/264	Templetonia	retusa	FlatGL	Cockies Tongue	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz
					Lullfitz Investments	
2014/265	Westringia	dampieri	FlatdampGL	Stiff Westringia	Pty Ltd	David Lullfitz

App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Changed From	Changed To
2018/320	Fragaria	x ananassa	Plared 0822	Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited	Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd
2014/030	Fragaria	x ananassa	Safari	Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited	Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd
2018/318	Fragaria	x ananassa	Plared 0949	Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited	Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd
2018/319	Fragaria	x ananassa	Plared 0955	Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited	Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd
2010/116	Fragaria	x ananassa	Sabrina	Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited	Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd
2007/225	Fragaria	x ananassa	Sabrosa	Spruson & Ferguson Pty Limited	Perfection Fresh Australia Pty Ltd
2000/261	Gazania	hybrid	Sugaja	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	
2000/262	Gazania	hybrid	Sugamo	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	
2008/215	Gazania	hybrid	Sunhara	Ramm Botanicals Pty Ltd	
2013/011	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueFive	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2010/064	Secale	cereale	Vampire		Shelston IP
2015/337	xTritosecale		Cartwheel	The University of Sydney	Shelston IP
2010/241	Triticum	aestivum	Sunguard	Australian Grain Technologies	Shelston IP
2007/175	Triticum	aestivum	Merinda	Australian Grain Technologies	Shelston IP
2008/043	xTriticosecale		Endeavour		Shelston IP
2008/044	xTriticosecale		Tobruk		Shelston IP
2014/001	Rubus	subgenus Rubus	DrisBlackSix	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park

Change/Nomination of Agent
				Phillips Ormonde &	
2003/034	Fragaria	x ananassa	SAN JUAN	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2003/035	Fragaria	x ananassa	EL CAPITAN	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2002/022			CANCADULO	Ormonde &	
2003/033	Fragaria	x ananassa	CAMARILLO	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
• • • • • • • • •				Phillips Ormonde &	
2005/201	Fragaria	x ananassa	AGOURA	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2006/307	Rubus	hybrid	COWLES	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2003/338	Rubus	idaeus	MARAVILLA	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2002/220	Pubuc	.1		Phillips Ormonde &	
2003/339	Kubus	Idaeus	CARDINAL	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2006/076	Fragaria	x ananassa	OSCEOLA	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2005/199	Fragaria	x ananassa	LANAI	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2006/071	Fragaria		ATI ANTIS	Ormonde &	A I D1-
2000/071	Tagana	x ananassa	AILANIIS	Philling	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2006/073	Fragaria	x ananassa	DESTIN	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2006/072	Fragaria	x ananassa	EL DORADO	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2007/160	Fragoria		DONAIDE	Ormonde &	A I D1-
2007/100	Tagana	x ananassa	DONAIRE	Philling	
				Ormonde &	
2006/074	Fragaria	x ananassa	OJAI	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormondo &	
2006/077	Fragaria	x ananassa	SAUSALITO	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2008/338	Rubus	idaeus	PACIFICA	Ormonde & Fitznatrick	A I Park
				Phillips	
0000/000				Ormonde &	
2008/339	Rubus	idaeus	SEVILLANA	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormonde &	
2007/155	Rubus	idaeus	ESTRELLA	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park

				Phillips Ormonde &	
2008/279	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawOne	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2008/280	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwo	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2009/291	Enconio		DrigStrowyTheon	Ormonde &	
2008/281	Flagaria	x ananassa	Drisstraw Three	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2008/317	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawFive	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2008/320	Rubus	idaans	DrisRasnOne	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	A I Dark
2000/320	Rubus	luaeus	Diisikaspone	Phillins	AJFAIK
				Ormonde &	
2008/318	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueOne	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2008/319	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueThree	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	A I Park
2000/012		corymoosum		Phillins	
				Ormonde &	
2008/321	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueTwo	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2009/173	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawSix	Fitzpatrick	A I Park
	5	A ununussu		Phillips	
				Ormonde &	
2009/274	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawEight	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2009/293	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawNine	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
0000/004				Ormonde &	
2009/294	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTen	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2009/295	Fragaria			Phillips	
2007/275	Tagana	x ananassa	DrisStrawEleven	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2000/207	Enconit		DrigStrowyThinter	Ormonde &	
2009/296	rragaria	x ananassa	DiisStraw i nifteen	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormonde &	
2010/067	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwelve	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2010/077	Fragoria		DrigStrowEgystagn	Ormonde &	
2010/077	riagana	x ananassa	Dissuawrouneen	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
			DrisStrawFifteen	Phillips Ormonde &	
2010/078	Fragaria	x ananassa		Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2010/076	Rubus	idaana	DricBasnTwo	Ormonde &	A L Dowle
2010/0/0	Kubus	idaeus	DIISICasp I WU	FILZPATRICK	AJ Park

				Phillips Ormonde &	
2012/062	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawSixteen	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2010/184	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawSeventeen	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2010/307	Rubus	idaeus	DrisRaspFour	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	A I Park
		lauvas	1	Phillips	
2012/127	Pubuc	:4	DricBasnThree	Ormonde &	A I Dl-
2012/12/	Kubus	Idaeus	Diisixaspiiniee	Phillips	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2011/214	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwentyOne	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2011/217	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwenty	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormonde &	
2011/272	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwentyThree	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2011/271	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwentyFour	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	A I Park
		A ununussu		Phillips	
2011/275	Fragoria		DrigStrowTwontySoyon	Ormonde &	
2011/2/3	Flagalla	x ananassa	Dissuawi wentyseven	Phillips	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2011/274	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwentySix	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormonde &	
2011/273	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwentyFive	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2012/162	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawTwentyEight	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2012/212	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawThirtyOne	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	A I Park
	<u> </u>			Phillips	
2013/007	Fragaria		DrieStrawThirtyTwo	Ormonde &	A L Dowly
2013/00/	Tagalla	x ananassa		Phillips	AJ Park
				Ormonde &	
2012/273	Rubus	idaeus	DrisRaspFive	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormonde &	
2013/009	Rubus	idaeus	DrisRaspSeven	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips Ormondo &	
2013/016	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueSeven	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
				Phillips	
2012/274	Rubus	idaeus	DrisRaspSix	Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
L	1		*		

				Phillips Ormonde &	
2013/010	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueSix	Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2013/008	Vaccinium	corymbosum	DrisBlueFour	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2013/154	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawThirtyEight	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2013/180	Fragaria	x ananassa	DrisStrawThirtyNine	Phillips Ormonde & Fitzpatrick	AJ Park
2015/164	Annona	x atemoya	PinksBlush	Australian Nurserymens Fruit Improvement Company (ANFIC) Ltd	
2017/315	Vaccinium	hybrid	EB 9-8		Early Blue
2017/316	Vaccinium	hybrid	EB 12-3		Early Blue
2018/343	Cannabis	sativa	Earlina 8 fc	Hemp it NZ	Hemp it Australia PTY LTD

Application No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Changed From	Changed To
				Heritage	
2017/314	Medicago	sativa	Lucerne	Endurance	PX2
2017/199	Medicago	sativa	Lucerne	Heritage 10	PX1
2017/197	Hordeum	vulgare	Barley	WI4896	LEABROOK
2019/020	Solanum	lycopersicum	Tomato	NUN 09248 TOF	SMARTKISHY

Denomination Changed

Applications Withdrawn

The following varieties are no longer under PBR provisional protection

App. No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety
2011/034	Syzygium	francisii	Giant Water Gum	DBK01
2005/092	Bougainvillea	hybrid	Bougainvillea	Summer
2018/098	Avena	sativa	Oats	Odyssey
2015/059	Glycine	max	Soybean	Jimbour
2015/060	Glycine	max	Soybean	Coochin
2015/035	Olearia	axillaris	Olearia	olaxlul6
2015/037	Olearia	axillaris	Olearia	olaxlul9
2015/036	Olearia	axillaris	Olearia	olaxlui4
2019/022	Anigozanthos	hybrid	Kangaroo Paw	Mini Sunrise
2014/044	Vitis	vinifera	Grape Vine	Sugraforty
2016/142	Solanum	tuberosum	tuberosum	Crop52
2008/104	Leptospermum	petersonii	Lemon-scented Tea Tree	Lemon Midget

Transfer of Rights

App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Common Name	Changed From	Changed To
					John	Jonathon
2006/127	Syzygium	australe	AATS	Lilly Pilly	Crump	Crump

Grants Surrendered

App. No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common Name
2008/322	Hordeum	vulgare	Macquarie		Barley
2010/239	Dianthus	x allwoodii	Bright Eyes		Pinks
2010/238	Dianthus	x allwoodii	Waterloo Sunset		Pinks
2009/023	Salvia	hybrid	Heatwave Glitter		Sage
2009/021	Salvia	hybrid	Heatwave Blast		Sage
2012/086	Rosa	hybrid	GRA61361M2		Rose
1996/126	Sutera	cordata	Blizzard	WHITE FALLS	Bacopa
2000/207	Sutera	cordata	Novasnow		Bacopa
2003/166	Alstroemeria	hybrid	Zalsamay	Mayfair	Peruvian Lily
2012/136	Pisum	sativum	PBA Hayman	Hayman	Field Pea

Grants Expired The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection:

App. No.	Genus	Species	Common Name	Variety
1993/036	Pyrus	communis	European Pear	SOPHIA'S PRIDE
1998/083	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Ausmol
1998/081	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	Aussal
1997/337	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	BRILLIANT PINK
1997/201	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	KORANDERER
1996/232	Gossypium	hirsutum	Cotton	DELTAPEARL
1996/082	Rosa	hybrid	Rose	KORTANKEN

Grants Revoked

The following varieties are no longer under PBR protection:

App No.	Genus	Species	Variety	Synonym	Common Name
1997/025	Lolium	perenne	MERIDIAN		Perennial Ryegrass
2011/128	Phormium	cookianum	Ivory Streak		New Zealand Mountain Flax

Corrigenda

Barley *Hordeum vulgare*

'SakuraStar' Application Number: 2016/171

The claim of distinctness on "Ear: length" have been removed from the statistical table in the variety description in PVJ 30.2 as this measured characteristic does not satisfy the PBR stability criteria.

'Insalgopur' Application No: 2015/236

&

'Insalgosca'

Application No: 2015/237

The photograph incorrectly published along with the description of the above varieties in PVJ 29.4. The correct photograph for 'Insalgopur' and 'Insalgosca' is as below:



Lettuce

Lactuca sativa

'Multired 98'

Application Number: 2015/231

The Choice of Comparators table of the published description (PVJ Vol. 31.1 page-172) of this application should be read as follows:

<u>Choice of Comparators</u> Characteristics used for grouping varieties to identify the most similar Variety of Common					
Knowledge					
Organ/Plant Part	Context	State of Expression in Group of Varieties			
Leaf	anthocyanin colouration	present			
Bolting	time to beginning of bolting under	late to very late			
	long day conditions				
Plant	resistance Isolate BI:16	present			
Plant	type	cutting or gathering lettuce			

Southern Highbush Blueberry

Vaccinium hybrid

'Ridley 4507'

Application Number: 2017/101

The claim of distinctness on "Fruit cluster: density" have been removed from the variety description and distinctness table in the variety description in PVJ 31.2 as this characteristic does not satisfy the PBR distinctness criteria.

Wallflower

Erysimum hybrid

'Inerywipar'

Application Number: 2015/187

The claims of distinctness on both "Leaf: petiole" and "Stigma: colour" characteristics have been removed from the characteristics additional to the descriptor/TG table in the variety description in PVJ 30.4 as these characteristics do not satisfy the PBR distinctness criteria.



Part 3 Appendices

The appendices to *Plant Varieties Journal* (Vol. **32** Issue **1**) are listed below:

- <u>Home</u>
- <u>Appendix 1 Fees</u>
- <u>Appendix 2- Index of Accredited Consultant 'Qualified Persons'</u>
- Appendix <u>3 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant 'Qualified Persons'</u>
- Appendix 4 Addresses of UPOV and Member States
- Appendix 5 Centralised Testing Centres
- Appendix 6 List of Plant Classes for Denomination Purposes
- Appendix 7 Register of Plant Varieties

Appendix -1 – Fees

This page sets out the PBR fees associated with applications, examination, certificates, annual and Qualified Person accreditation fees. <u>Please note upcoming changes to fees</u>. For more information please read our news article on the Fee Review Update.

PBR fees are subject to change. GST does not apply to these statutory fees under Division 81 of the *GST Act 1999*.

New Application

The Application Fee must accompany the Part 1 application at the time of lodgement. It covers an initial 'examination for acceptance', the issue of a letter of acceptance and provisional protection.

Fee Item/Action	from 1 October 2012 Fee		
	Approved Means	By Another Means	
PBR Application	\$345	\$445	

Examination

Applicants have twelve months from the date of acceptance to pay the Lodgement of the Detailed Description Fee (commonly referred to as the "Examination Fee"). The time limit to pay examination fees on imported varieties can be deferred for a maximum of 12 months after the variety has been released from quarantine - contact the PBR Office for further details.

The "Examination Fee" pays for the assessment of the description, the publication of the description and photograph of the new variety in Plant Varieties Journal, the field examination (if any), and any other enquiries necessary to establish eligibility for PBR. examination of the application, including field examination and publication of the description and photograph, will not commence until the Examination Fee has been received.

After the description has been published, successful applicants will be asked to pay the Certificate Fee. This covers the final examination of all details, the production of a certificate and copy of the variety's description in the PBR Register.

Fee Item/Action	from 1 July 2012 Fee
Examination - Single Application	\$1610
Examination - Application based on overseas test data	\$1610

Examination - multiple application rate applicable only to two or more varieties tested at the same site in Australia and when applications and descriptions are lodged simultaneously by the same applicant and QP and examined simultaneously (fee for each variety)	\$1380
Examination - at an authorised Centralised Testing Centre when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously (fee for each variety)	\$920
Certificate	\$345

Annual Fee

An Annual Maintenance Fee (sometimes called the Annual or Renewal Fee) is payable each year on the anniversary of the granting of the right. The Annual Maintenance Fee must be paid to maintain the grant.

Fee Item/Action	from 1 July 2012 Fee			
	Approved Means	By Another Means		
Annual Fee	\$345	\$395		

Qualified Person

Fee Item/Action	from 1 July 2012 Fee
Application for Accreditation as a Qualified Person	\$50
Renewal of Qualified Person Accreditation (each year)	\$50

APPENDIX 2 - INDEX OF ACCREDITED CONSULTANT 'QUALIFIED PERSONS'

The following link $\underline{https://www.ipaustralia.gov.au/tools-resources/qualified-persons-directory}$ is the directory of consultant QPs

Last name First name Samantha Andrews Baker Grant Bartley Megan Berryman Pamela Box Amanda Tony Brindley Brown Emma Brunt Charlotte Bunker Kerry Bunker John Cameron Nick Campbell David Cecil Andrew Chesher Wayne Clayton-Greene Kevin Clingeleffer Peter Cogan Noel Connolly Karen Costin Russell Coventry Stewart Cowling Wallace Culvenor Richard Danzey Jaimee Davey Timothy De Barro James Dewar Matthew Dilag Calixto Downe Graeme Gary Eyles Fitzgibbon John Flattery-O'Brien Jacinta Fleming Rebecca Gaudion Jenny Gillies Leanne Graetz Darren John Gray Gunther Tom Норро Suzanne Howie Jake Humphries Alan Hussein Shafiya Jewell Larry Vladimir Jiranek Jobling Philip Norman Noel Jupp Kaehne lan Katz Mark

Appendix 3 Index of Accredited Non-Consultant Qualified Persor

Kebblewhite	Tony
Lacey	Kevin
Leddin	Anthony
Lee	Jodie
Lee Chang	Kim
Lewis	Hartley
Lewthwaite	Stephen
Lonergan	Paul
Lowe	Russell
March	Timothy
Matic	Rade
Matthews	Michael
Mitchell	Steven
Moisander	Jennifer
Moody	David
Myors	Philip
Newman	Allen
Nichols	Phillip
O'Leary	Finbarr
Pandey	Babu
Parkes	Heidi
Paull	Jeff
Pearce	Bob
Peck	David
Pegg	Amelia
Pidgeon	Mark
Pike	Elise
Pike	David
Porter	Gavin
Pressler	Craig
Rankin	Grant
Rattey	Allan
Rayner	Kenneth
Real	Daniel
Roake	Jeremy
Russell	Dougal
Sanewski	Garth
Schreuders	Harry
Senior	Michael
Shoaib	Mirza
Smith	Chris
Smith	Leigh
Smith	Malcolm
Snell	Peter
Snelling	Cath
Song	Leonard
Sounness	Janine
Stewart	Anthony
Stiller	Warwick
Tabah	David

Thomas	Adam
Todd	Peter
Turpin	Susanna
Turner	Janice
Walker	Carol
Watson	David
Webb	Rachel
Wei	Xianming
Williams	Michelle
Wilson	Stephen
Winter	Bruce
Wirthensohn	Michelle
Wright	Graeme

APPENDIX 4

ADDRESSES OF UPOV AND MEMBER STATES

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV):

International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV) 34, Chemin des Colombettes CH-1211 Geneva 20 SWITZERLAND

Phone: (41-22) 338 9111 Fax: (41-22) 733 0336 Web site: <u>http://www.upov.int</u>

List of Addresses of Plant Variety Protection Offices in UPOV Member States

<u>Status of Ratification</u> in UPOV member States is available from UPOV website.

APPENDIX 5

CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRES

Under Plant Breeder's Rights Regulations introduced in 1996, establishments may be officially authorised by the PBR office to conduct test growings. An authorised establishment will be known as Centralised Test Centre (CTC).

Usually, the implementation of PBR in Australia relies on a 'breeder testing' system in which the applicant, in conjunction with a nominated Qualified Person (QP), establishes, conducts and reports a comparative trial. More often than not, trials by several breeders are being conducted concurrently at different sites. This makes valid comparisons difficult and often results in costly duplication.

While the current system is and will remain satisfactory, other optional testing methods are available which adds flexibility to the PBR process.

Centralised Testing is one such optional system. It is based upon the authorisation of private or public establishments to test one or more genera of plants. Applicants can choose to submit their varieties for testing by a CTC or continue to do the test themselves. Remember, using a CTC to test your variety is voluntary.

The use of CTCs recognises the advantages of testing a larger number of candidate varieties (with a larger number of comparators) in a single comprehensive trial. Not only is there an increase in scientific rigour but also there are substantial economies of scale and commensurate cost savings. A CTC will establish, conduct and report each trial on behalf of the applicant.

The PBR office has amended its fees so that cost savings can be passed to applicants who choose to test their varieties in a CTC. Accordingly, when 5 or more candidate varieties of the same genus are tested simultaneously, each will qualify for the CTC examination fee of \$920. This is a saving of more than 40% over the normal fee of \$1610.

Trials containing less than 5 candidate varieties capable of being examined simultaneously will not be considered as Centralised test trials regardless of the authorisation of the facility. Candidate varieties in non-qualifying small trials will not qualify for CTC reduction of examination fees.

Establishments wishing to be authorised as a CTC may apply in writing to the PBR office outlining their claims against the selection criteria. Initially, only one CTC will be authorised for each genus. Exemptions to this rule can be claimed due to special circumstances, industry needs and quarantine regulations. Authorisations will be reviewed periodically and may be withdrawn at any time if considered no longer suitable, inactive or the listed Qualified Person(s) are no longer accredited. The onus is on the CTC establishment to contact the PBR Office if their authorisation details change. If authorisation is withdrawn then a new application will be necessary if reauthorisation is required.

Authorisation of CTCs is not aimed solely at large research institutions. Smaller establishments with appropriate facilities and experience can also apply for CTC status. There is no cost for authorisation as a CTC.

REQUESTSFOR AUTHORISATION AS A 'CENTRALISED TESTING CENTRE'

Establishments interested in gaining authorisation as a Centralised Testing Centre should apply in

writing addressing each of the Conditions and Selection Criteria outlined below.

Conditions and Selection Criteria

To be authorised as a CTC, the following conditions and criteria will need to be met:

Appropriate facilities

While in part determined by the genera being tested, all establishments must have facilities that allow the conduct and completion of moderate to large-scale scientific experiments without undue environmental influences. Again dependent on genera, a range of complementary testing and propagation facilities (e.g. outdoor, glasshouse, shadehouse, tissue culture stations) is desirable.

Experienced staff

Adequately trained staff, and access to appropriately accredited Qualified Persons, with a history of successful PVR/PBR applications will need to be available for all stages of the trial from planting to the presentation of the

trial the relevant UPOV protocols, technical guideline or national descriptor for the genus should be followed. Where necessary the establishment and conduct of the trial can be discussed with the PBR office.

Industry support

Details of requests for authorisation as a CTC will be published as pending in the Plant Varieties Journal for a period of 3 months. If no adverse comments are received after this period it will be assumed that there are no particular concerns in the industry regarding the authorisation. Evidence of industry support can be supplied in support and may be required if any adverse comments are received.

Long-term storage of genetic material

Applicants nominate where their material is to be maintained prior to grant. However, depending upon the genus, a CTC may be in a position to collect and maintain, at minimal cost, genetic resources of vegetatively propagated species as a source of comparative varieties. Applicants indicating a willingness to act as a national genetic resource centre in perpetuity will be favoured.

Contract testing for 3rd Parties

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office operators of a CTC must be prepared to test varieties submitted by a third party.

Relationship between CTC and 3rd Parties

A formal arrangement between the CTC and any third party including fees for service will need to be prepared and signed before the commencement of the trial. It will include among other things: how the plant material will be delivered (e.g. date, stage of development plant, condition etc); allow the applicant and/or their agent and QP access to the site during normal working hours; and release the use of all trial data to the owners of the varieties included in the trial.

One trial at a time

Unless exempted in writing by the PBR office, all candidates and comparators should be tested in a single trial.

One CTC per genus

Normally only one CTC per state will be authorised to test a genus. Special circumstances may exist (such as environmental factors or quarantine) to allow more than one CTC per genus, though a special case will need to be made to the PBR office.

Authorised Centralised Test Centres (CTCs)

Following publication of requests for accreditation and ensuing public comment, the following organisations/individuals are authorised to act as CTCs. Any special conditions are also listed.

Name	Location	Approved Genera	Facilities	Name of QP	Date of accreditation	Next review date
Bureau of Sugar Experiment Stations	Cairns, Tully, Ingham, Ayr, Mackay, Bundaberg, Brisbane, QLD	Saccharum	Field, glasshouse, tissue culture, pathology	G Piperidis	30/06/1997	1/08/2019
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields , NSW	New Guinea Impatiens including Impatiens hawkeri and its hybrids	Glasshouse	I. Paananen	30/09/1998	1/08/2019
Protected Plant Promotions	Macquarie Fields,NSW	Verbena	Glasshouse	I. Paananen	31/12/1998	1/08/2019
Paradise Plants	Kulnura, NSW	Camellia, Lavandula, Osmanthus, Ceratopetalum	Field, glasshouse, shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	J Robb	31/12/1998	1/08/2019
Prescott Roses	Berwick, VIC	Rosa	Field, controlled environment greenhouses	C Prescott	31/12/1998	1/08/2019
Paradise Plants	Kulnura, NSW	Limonium,	Field, glasshouse,	J. Robb	30/06/2000	1/08/2019

		Raphiolepis Eriostemon Lonicera, Jasminum	shadehouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab			
Turf Australia†	Cleveland, QLD	<i>Cynodon,</i> <i>Zoysia</i> and other selected warm season- season turf and amenity species	Field, glasshouse, irrigation, tissue culture lab	M. Roche	30/09/2000	1/08/2019
Buchanan's Nursery	Hodgsonvale, QLD	Prunus	Outdoor facilities including a collection of 90 varieties of common knowledge.	P. Buchanan	31/12/2004	1/08/2019
Ramm Botanicals	Kangy Angy, NSW	Anigozanthos	Tissue culture, environment controlled greenhouse; extensive outdoor and shadehouse areas.	Megan Bartley	10/02/2012	1/08/2019
Solan Pty Ltd	Waikerie SA	Solanum tuberosum	Tissue culture, plastic covered nursery, refrigerated storage; experience with comparator growing trials	J. Fennell	10/01/2013	1/08/2019
GeneGro Pty and V & CM Zorin	Birkdale, QLD	Desmanthus	Irrigated field trial areas; laboratory and related equipment; access to dryers and heated glasshouse.	D. Loch, M. Zorin	22/07/2014	1/08/2019
Tahune Fields Nursery	Huon Valley Southern Tasmania	Pome Fruit	Comprehensive equipment and facilities for large scalepropagation, growing, conditioning, storage, marketing and transport	G. Brown	12/03/2015	1/08/2019
Agronico TechnologyPty Ltd	Leith, TAS	Solanum tuberosum	Access to tissue culture storage and minituber production facilities (VICSPA accredited), for storing and multiplying varieties in preparation for testing.	Stewart McKay, James Hills	7/4/2016	1/08/2019
G Crumpton & Sons & Co Pty Ltd	Crawford, QLD	Duboisia	Comprehensive growing facilities	D. Loch	13/12/2016	13/12/2019

GeneGro Pty Ltd	Birkdale, QLD	Lablabpurpureus Zoysia spp.	Irrigated field trial areas; laboratory and related equipment; access to dryers and heated glasshouse.	D. Loch, M. Zorin	13/12/2016	13/12/2019
Driscolls Australia Pty Ltd	Palmwoods, QLD	Fragaria spp., Vaccinium spp., Rubus spp.	Irrigated field trial areas, laboratory facilities, glasshouse	M. Zorin	13/12/2016	13/12/2019
Aussie Winners Pty Ltd	Redland Bay, QLD	Fuchsia	Comprehensive growing facilities	I. Paananen	28/02/2017	28/02/2020
GrapeCoPtyLtd	South Merbein, VIC	Vitis vinifera (Table Grape only)	Drip irrigation. Cool rooms are being installed.	A. MacGregor	28/02/2017	28/02/2020
Schreurs Australia Pty Ltd	Leppington, NSW	Rosa	Comprehensive growing facilities	I. Paananen	26/4/2017	26/4/2020
Australian Horticultural Services	Wonga Park, VIC	Lavandula	Indoor growing areas, Outdoor growing areas	M. Lunghusen	19/12/2018	19/12/2010
Chrysco Flowers	Skye, VIC	Chrysanthemum	Controlled environment glasshouse	C. Prescott	Chrysco Flowers	Skye, VIC

The following application(s) are pending:

Name	Location	Genera applied for	Facilities	Name of QP
Haar'sNursery	Somerville, VIC	Erysimum, Impatiens** Nemesia	Propagation greenhouses; indoor and outdoor growing areas	M. Lunghusen

** = Please note that these organisations have been requested to submit a special case based on technical reasons and other grounds to allow an additional CTCs to be accredited for the genera in question. Accordingly, publication of their pending application does not infer that any decision regarding accreditation has been made at this time.

Comments (for or against) either the continued accreditation of a CTC or applications to become a CTC are invited. Written comments are confidential and should be addressed to:

Chief of PBR PlantBreeder's Rights Office IPAustralia PO Box 200 Woden, ACT 2606

Closing date for comment: 3 months from the date of this publication

APPENDIX 6

UPOV Variety Denomination Classes: (UPOV/INF/12/1: ANNEX I)

A Variety Denomination Should not be Used More than Once in the Same Class

For the purposes of providing guidance on the third and fourth sentences of paragraph 2 of Article 20 of the 1991 Act and of Article 13 of the 1978 Act and the 1961 Convention, variety denomination classes have been developed. A variety denomination should not be used more than once in the same class. The classes have been developed such that the botanical taxa within the same class are considered to be closely related and/or liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the identity of the variety.

The variety denomination classes are as follows:

(a) General Rule (one genus / one class): for genera and species not covered by the List of Classes in this Annex, a genus is considered to be a class;

- (b) Exceptions to the General Rule (list of classes):
 - (i) classes within a genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part I;

(ii) classes encompassing more than one genus: List of classes in this Annex: Part II.

LIST OF CLASSES

<u>Part I</u>

Classes within a genus

	Botanical names	UPOV codes
Class 1.1	Brassica oleracea	BRASS_OLE
Class 1.2	Brassica other than Brassica oleracea	other than BRASS_OLE
Class 2.1	Beta vulgaris L. var. alba DC., Beta vulgaris L. var. altissima	BETAA_VUL_GVA; BETAA_VUL_GVS
Class 2.2	Beta vulgaris ssp. vulgaris var. conditiva Alef. (syn.: B. vulgaris L. var. rubra L.), B. vulgaris L. var. cicla L., B. vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. vulgaris	BETAA_VUL_GVC; BETAA_VUL_GVF
Class 2.3	Beta other than classes 2.1 and 2.2.	other than classes 2.1 and 2.2
Class 3.1	Cucumis sativus	CUCUM_SAT
Class 3.2	Cucumis melo	CUCUM_MEL
Class 3.3	Cucumis other than classes 3.1 and 3.2	other than classes 3.1 and 3.2
Class 4.1	Solanum tuberosum L.	SOLAN_TUB
Class 4.2	Solanum other than class 4.1	other than class 4.1

LIST OF CLASSES (Continuation)

<u>Part II</u>

Classes encompassing more than one genus

	Botanical names	UPOV codes
Class 201	Secale, Triticale, Triticum	SECAL; TRITL; TRITI
Class 202	Panicum, Setaria	PANIC; SETAR
Class 203*	Agrostis, Dactylis, Festuca, Festulolium, Lolium, Phalaris, Phleum and Poa	AGROS; DCTLS; FESTU; FESTL; LOLIU; PHALR; PHLEU; POAAA
Class 204*	Lotus, Medicago, Ornithopus, Onobrychis, Trifolium	LOTUS; MEDIC; ORNTP; ONOBR; TRFOL
Class 205	Cichorium, Lactuca	CICHO; LACTU
Class 206	Petunia and Calibrachoa	PETUN; CALIB
Class 207	Chrysanthemum and Ajania	CHRYS; AJANI
Class 208	(Statice) Goniolimon, Limonium, Psylliostachys	GONIO; LIMON; PSYLL_
Class 209	(Waxflower) Chamelaucium, Verticordia	CHMLC; VERTI; VECHM
Class 210	Jamesbrittania and Sutera	JAMES; SUTER
Class 211	Edible Mushrooms Agaricus bisporus Agaricus bisporus Agrocybe cylindracea Auricularia auricura Auricularia polytricha (Mont.) Sscc. Dictyophora indusiata (Ventenat:Persoon) Fischer Flammulina velutipes Ganoderma lucidum (Leyss:Fries) Karsten Grifola frondosa Hericium erinaceum Hypsizigus marmoreus Hypsizigus ulmarius Lentinula edodes Lepista nuda (Bulliard:Fries) Cooke Lepista sordida (Schumacher:Fries) Singer Lyophyllum decastes Lyophyllum shimeji (Kawamura) Hongo Meripilus giganteus (Persoon:Fries) Karten Mycoleptodonoides aitchisonii (Berkeley) Maas Geesteranus Naematoloma sublateritium Panellus serotinus Pholiota adiposa Pholiota nameko Pleurotus cornucopiae var.citrinooileatus Pleurotus cystidiosus Pleurotus cystidiosus Pleurotus eryngii Pleurotus ostreatus Pleurotus pulmonarius Polyporus tuberaster (Jacquin ex Persoon) Fries Sparassis crispa (Wulfen) Fries Tricholoma giganteum Massee	AGARI_BIS AGARI_BLA AGROC_CYL AURIC_AUR AURIC_POL DICTP_IND FLAMM_VEL GANOD_LUC GRIFO_FRO HERIC_ERI HYPSI_ULM LENTI_ELO LEPIS_NUD LEPIS_SOR LYOPH_DEC LYOPH_SHI MERIP_GIG MYCOL_AIT NAEMA_SUB PANEL_SER PHLIO_ADI PHLIO_NAM PLEUR_COR PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_CYS PLEUR_PUL POLYO_TUB SPARA_CRI MACRO_GIG

Classes 203 and 204 are not solely established on the basis of closely related species.

*

APPENDIX 7

REGISTER OF PLANT VARIETIES

Register of Plant Varieties contains the legal description of the varieties granted Plant Breeder's Rights. A person may inspect the Register at any reasonable time. Following are the contact details for Registers (1988-2000) kept in each state and territories*

South Australia

Ms Lisa Halskov AQIS 8 Butler Street PORT ADELAIDE SA 5000 Phone 08 8305 9706

New South Wales

Mr. Alex Jabs General Services AQIS 2 Hayes Road ROSEBERY NSW 2018 Phone 02 9364 7293

Victoria and Tasmania

Mr. Colin Hall AQIS Building D, 2nd Floor World Trade Centre Flinders Street MELBOURNE VIC 3005 Phone 03 9246 6810

Queensland

Mr. Ian Haseler AQIS 2nd Floor 433 Boundary Street SPRING HILL QLD 4000 Phone 07 3246 8755

Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory and Western Australia

ACT and NT Registers are kept in the Library of PBR Office in Canberra Phone (02) 6283 2999

* In accordance with an amendment to section 61 of Plant Breeder's Rights Act, from 2002 the Register of Plant Varieties will be available from the Library of PBR Office in Canberra. The Register is also electronically available from the PBR website at http://pericles.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr_db/



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